450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests

TECHNICAL MANUAL 450DLC Excavator Operation and Test

TM2361 24JUN08 (ENGLISH)

For complete service information also see:

450DLC Excavator Repair	TM2362
Undercarriage Appraisal Manual	SP326
450DLC Operator's ManualON	IT221101
JDLink [™] / ZXLink [™] Machine Monitoring	
System C	TM10006

Worldwide Construction And Forestry Division

Introduction

Foreword

This manual is written for an experienced technician. Essential tools required in performing certain service work are identified in this manual and are recommended for use.

Live with safety: Read the safety messages in the introduction of this manual and the cautions presented throughout the text of the manual.

This is the safety-alert symbol. When you see this symbol on the machine or in this manual, be alert to the potential for personal injury.

Technical manuals are divided in two parts: repair and operation and tests. Repair sections tell how to repair the components. Operation and tests sections help you identify the majority of routine failures quickly. Information is organized in groups for the various components requiring service instruction. At the beginning of each group are summary listings of all applicable essential tools, service equipment and tools, other materials needed to do the job, service parts kits, specifications, wear tolerances, and torque values.

Technical Manuals are concise guides for specific machines. They are on-the-job guides containing only the vital information needed for diagnosis, analysis, testing, and repair.

Fundamental service information is available from other sources covering basic theory of operation, fundamentals of troubleshooting, general maintenance, and basic type of failures and their causes.

DX,TMIFC -19-29SEP98-1/1

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Section 9000 General Information

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Group 01 Safety 9000 **Recognize Safety Information** 01 This is the safety alert symbol. When this symbol is T133555 -UN-28AUG00 noticed on the machine or in this manual, be alert for the potential of personal injury. Follow the precautions and safe operating practices highlighted by this symbol. A signal word — DANGER, WARNING, or CAUTION — is used with the safety alert symbol. DANGER identifies the **A DANGER** most serious hazards. T133588 -19-28AUG00 On the machine, DANGER signs are red in color, WARNING signs are orange, and CAUTION signs are A WARNING yellow. DANGER and WARNING signs are located near specific hazards. General precautions are on CAUTION labels. **A**CAUTION

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TX03679,00016F9 -19-03JAN07-1/1

Follow Safety Instructions

Read the safety messages in this manual and on the machine. Follow these warnings and instructions carefully. Review them frequently.

Be sure all operators of this machine understand every safety message. Replace operator's manual and safety labels immediately if missing or damaged.

Operate Only If Qualified

Do not operate this machine unless the operator's manual has been read carefully, and you have been qualified by supervised training and instruction.

Operator should be familiar with the job site and surroundings before operating. Try all controls and

machine functions with the machine in an open area before starting to work.

Know and observe all safety rules that may apply to every work situation and work site.

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Wear Protective Equipment

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Guard against injury from flying pieces of metal or debris; wear goggles or safety glasses.

Wear close fitting clothing and safety equipment appropriate to the job.

Prolonged exposure to loud noise can cause impairment or loss of hearing. Wear suitable hearing protection such as earmuffs or earplugs to protect against objectionable or uncomfortable loud noises.



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Avoid Unauthorized Machine Modifications

John Deere recommends using only genuine John Deere replacement parts to ensure machine performance. Never substitute genuine John Deere parts with alternate parts not intended for the application as these can create hazardous situations or hazardous performance. Non-John Deere Parts, or any damage or failures resulting from their use are not covered by any John Deere warranty.

Modifications of this machine, or addition of unapproved products or attachments, may affect

machine stability or reliability, and may create a hazard for the operator or others near the machine. The installer of any modification which may affect the electronic controls of this machine is responsible for establishing that the modification does not adversely affect the machine or its performance.

Always contact an authorized dealer before making machine modifications that change the intended use, weight or balance of the machine, or that alter machine controls, performance or reliability.

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Add Cab Guarding for Special Uses

Special work situations or machine attachments may create an environment with falling or flying objects. Working near an overhead bank, doing demolition work, using a hydraulic hammer, or working in a wooded area, for example, may require added guarding to protect the operator.

Additional Level II FOPS (falling object protective structures) and special screens or guarding should be installed when falling or flying objects may enter or damage the machine. Contact your authorized dealer for information on devices intended to provide protection in special work situations.



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Inspect Machine

Inspect machine carefully each day by walking around it before starting.

Keep all guards and shields in good condition and properly installed. Fix damage and replace worn or broken parts immediately. Pay special attention to hydraulic hoses and electrical wiring.



Entanglements in moving parts can cause serious injury.

Stop engine before examining, adjusting or maintaining any part of machine with moving parts.

Keep guards and shields in place. Replace any guard or shield that has been removed for access as soon as service or repair is complete.



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Avoid High-Pressure Oils

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This machine uses a high-pressure hydraulic system. Escaping oil under pressure can penetrate the skin causing serious injury.

Never search for leaks with your hands. Protect hands. Use a piece of cardboard to find location of escaping oil. Stop engine and relieve pressure before disconnecting lines or working on hydraulic system.

If hydraulic oil penetrates your skin, see a doctor immediately. Injected oil must be removed surgically within hours or gangrene may result. Contact a knowledgeable medical source or the Deere & Company Medical Department in Moline, Illinois, U.S.A.



Beware of Exhaust Fumes

Prevent asphyxiation. Engine exhaust fumes can cause sickness or death.

If you must operate in an enclosed space, provide adequate ventilation. Use an exhaust pipe extension to remove the exhaust fumes or open doors and windows to bring outside air into the area.



Prevent Fires

Handle Fuel Safely: Store flammable fluids away from fire hazards. Never refuel machine while smoking or when near sparks or flame.

Clean Machine Regularly: Keep trash, debris, grease and oil from accumulating in engine compartment, around fuel lines, hydraulic lines, exhaust components, and electrical wiring. Never store oily rags or flammable materials inside a machine compartment.

Maintain Hoses and Wiring: Replace hydraulic hoses immediately if they begin to leak, and clean up any oil spills. Examine electrical wiring and connectors frequently for damage.

Keep A Fire Extinguisher Available: Always keep a multipurpose fire extinguisher on or near the machine. Know how to use extinguisher properly.



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Prevent Battery Explosions

Battery gas can explode. Keep sparks, lighted matches, and open flame away from the top of battery.

Never check battery charge by placing a metal object across the posts. Use a voltmeter or hydrometer.

Do not charge a frozen battery; it may explode. Warm battery to $16^{\circ}C$ ($60^{\circ}F$).



11 Handle Chemical Products Safely

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Exposure to hazardous chemicals can cause serious injury. Under certain conditions, lubricants, coolants, paints and adhesives used with this machine may be hazardous.

If uncertain about safe handling or use of these chemical products, contact your authorized dealer for a Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) or go to internet website http://www.jdmsds.com. The MSDS describes physical and health hazards, safe use procedures, and emergency response techniques for chemical substances. Follow MSDS recommendations to handle chemical products safely.



Improper disposal of waste can threaten the environment. Fuel, oils, coolants, filters and batteries used with this machine may be harmful if not disposed of properly.

Never pour waste onto the ground, down a drain, or into any water source.

Air conditioning refrigerants can damage the atmosphere. Government regulations may require using a certified service center to recover and recycle used refrigerants.

If uncertain about the safe disposal of waste, contact your local environmental or recycling center or your authorized dealer for more information.

Prepare for Emergencies

Be prepared if an emergency occurs or a fire starts.

Keep a first aid kit and fire extinguisher handy.

Keep emergency numbers for doctors, ambulance service, hospital, and fire department near your telephone.





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Use Steps and Handholds Correctly

Prevent falls by facing the machine when getting on and off. Maintain 3-point contact with steps and handrails. Never use machine controls as handholds.

Use extra care when mud, snow, or moisture present slippery conditions. Keep steps clean and free of grease or oil. Never jump when exiting machine. Never mount or dismount a moving machine.

Start Only From Operator's Seat

Avoid unexpected machine movement. Before starting engine, sit in operator's seat. Ensure park lock lever is in "lock" position.

Never attempt to start engine from the ground or tracks. Do not attempt to start engine by shorting across the starter solenoid terminals.

Use and Maintain Seat Belt

Use seat belt when operating machine. Remember to fasten seat belt when loading and unloading from trucks and during other uses.

Examine seat belt frequently. Be sure webbing is not cut or torn. Replace seat belt immediately if any part is damaged or does not function properly.

The complete seat belt assembly should be replaced every 3 years, regardless of appearance.



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Prevent Unintended Machine Movement

Be careful not to accidentally actuate control levers when co-workers are present. Pull pilot shutoff lever to locked position during work interruptions. Pull pilot shutoff lever to locked position, and stop engine before allowing anyone to approach machine.

Always lower work equipment to the ground, and pull pilot shutoff lever to locked position before standing up or leaving the operator's seat. Stop engine before exiting.



Avoid Work Site Hazards

Avoid contact with gas lines, buried cables and water lines. Call utility line location services to identify all underground utilities before you dig.

Prepare work site properly. Avoid operating near structures or objects that could fall onto the machine. Clear away debris that could move unexpectedly if run over.

Avoid boom or arm contact with overhead obstacles or overhead electrical lines. Never move any part of machine or load closer than 3 m (10 ft) plus twice the line insulator length to overhead wires.

Keep bystanders clear at all times. Keep bystanders away from raised booms, attachments, and unsupported loads. Avoid swinging or raising booms, attachments, or loads over or near personnel. Use barricades or a signal person to keep vehicles and pedestrians away. Use a signal person if moving machine in congested areas or where visibility is restricted. Always keep signal person in view. Coordinate hand signals before starting machine.

Operate only on solid footing with strength sufficient to support machine. When working close to an excavation, position travel motors away from the hole.

Reduce machine speed when operating with tool on or near ground when obstacles may be hidden (e.g., during snow removal or clearing mud, dirt, etc). At high speeds, hitting obstacles (rocks, uneven concrete or manholes) can cause a sudden stop. Always wear your seat belt.



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Keep Riders Off Machine

Only allow operator on machine.

Riders are subject to injury. They may fall from machine, be caught between machine parts, or be struck by foreign objects.

Riders may obstruct operator's view or impair his ability to operate machine safely.



Avoid Backover Accidents

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> Before moving machine, be sure all persons are clear of both travel and swing paths. Turn around and look directly for best visibility. Use mirrors to assist in checking all around machine. Keep windows and mirrors clean, adjusted, and in good repair.

Be certain travel alarm is working properly.

Use a signal person when backing if view is obstructed or when in close quarters. Keep signal person in view at all times. Use prearranged hand signals to communicate.



Avoid Machine Tip Over

Use seat belt at all times.

Do not jump if the machine tips. You will be unlikely to jump clear and the machine may crush you.

Load and unload from trucks or trailers carefully. Be sure truck is wide enough and on a firm level surface. Use loading ramps. Properly attach ramps to truck bed. Avoid trucks with steel beds because tracks slip more easily on steel.

Be careful on slopes. Use extra care on soft, rocky or frozen ground. Machine may slip sideways in these conditions. When traveling up or down slopes, keep the bucket on uphill side and just above ground level.

Be careful with heavy loads. Using oversize buckets or lifting heavy objects reduces machine stability. Extending a heavy load or swinging it over side of undercarriage may cause machine to tip.

Ensure solid footing. Use extra care when operating near banks or excavations that may cave-in and cause machine to tip or fall.



Use Special Care When Lifting Objects

Never use this machine to lift people.

Never lift a load above another person. Keep bystanders clear of all areas where a load might fall if it breaks free. Do not leave the seat when there is a raised load.

Do not exceed lift capacity limits posted on machine and in this manual. Extending heavy loads too far or swinging over undercarriage side may cause machine to tip over.

Use proper rigging to attach and stabilize loads. Be sure slings or chains have adequate capacity and are in good condition. Use tether lines to guide loads and prearranged hand signals to communicate with co-workers.



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Add and Operate Attachments Safely

Always verify compatibility of attachments by contacting your authorized dealer. Adding unapproved attachments may affect machine stability or reliability, and may create a hazard for others near the machine.

Ensure that a qualified person is involved in attachment installation. Add guards to machine if operator protection is required or recommended. Verify that all connections are secure and attachment responds properly to controls.

Carefully read attachment manual and follow all instructions and warnings. In an area free of bystanders and obstructions, carefully operate attachment to learn its characteristics and range of motion.

Prevent Unintended Detonation of Explosive Devices

Avoid serious injury or death from an explosion hazard. Deactivate all cellular or radio frequency devices on equipment stored or operating in an area, such as a blasting zone, where the use of radio transmitting devices are prohibited.



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Park and Prepare for Service Safely

Warn others of service work. Always park and prepare your machine for service or repair properly.

- Park machine on a level surface and lower equipment to the ground.
- Place pilot control shutoff lever in "lock" position. Stop engine and remove key.
- Attach a "Do Not Operate" tag in an obvious place in the operator's station.

Securely support machine or equipment before working under it.

- Do not support machine with boom, arm, or other hydraulically actuated attachments.
- Do not support machine with cinder blocks or wooden pieces that may crumble or crush.
- Do not support machine with a single jack or other devices that may slip out of place.

Understand service procedures before beginning repairs. Keep service area clean and dry. Use two people whenever the engine must be running for service work.



TX03679,00016E9 -19-24JAN07-1/1

Service Cooling System Safely

Explosive release of fluids from pressurized cooling system can cause serious burns.

Do not service radiator through the radiator cap. Only fill through the surge tank filler cap.

Shut off engine. Only remove surge tank filler cap when cool enough to touch with bare hands. Slowly loosen cap to relieve pressure before removing completely.



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Remove Paint Before Welding or Heating

Hazardous fumes can be generated when paint is heated by welding or using a torch. Dust from sanding or grinding paint can also be hazardous.

Remove paint to at least 76 mm (3 in.) from area to be heated. Wear an approved respirator when sanding or grinding paint. If a solvent or paint stripper is used, wash area with soap and water. Remove solvent or paint stripper containers from work area and allow fumes to disperse at least 15 minutes before welding or heating.

Work outside or in a well-ventilated area. Dispose of waste, paint and solvents properly.



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Make Welding Repairs Safely

IMPORTANT: Disable electrical power before welding. Turn off main battery switch or disconnect positive battery cable. Separate harness connectors to engine and vehicle microprocessors.

Avoid welding or heating near pressurized fluid lines. Flammable spray may result and cause severe burns if pressurized lines fail as a result of heating. Do not let heat go beyond work area to nearby pressurized lines.

Remove paint properly. Do not inhale paint dust or fumes. Use a qualified welding technician for structural repairs. Make sure there is good ventilation. Wear eye protection and protective equipment when welding.



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Drive Metal Pins Safely

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> Always wear protective goggles or safety glasses and other protective equipment before striking hardened parts. Hammering hardened metal parts such as pins and bucket teeth may dislodge chips at high velocity.

> Use a soft hammer or a brass bar between hammer and object to prevent chipping.



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Sensor
Fuel Level Sensor Diagnostics
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Fuel Level Sensor Diagnostics

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Main Controller (MCF) Diagnostic Trouble Codes

The main controller (MCF) diagnostic trouble codes may be viewed on the monitor, by using Dr. ZX, or by using SERVICE ADVISOR™. See the following procedures for viewing the main controller diagnostic trouble codes.

- See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Monitor Display. (Group 9015-20.)
- See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Service ADVISOR[™] Diagnostic Application. (Group 9015-20.)
- See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Dr. ZX. (Group 9015-20.)

SERVICE ADVISOR is a trademark of Deere & Company

11000.02 — Abnormal EEPROM

MS12501,0000046 -19-14JAN06-1/1

-1/1

LD30992,00001CC -19-10DEC05-1/1

Controller Hardware Diagnostics

Code Check	Clear and re-check diagnostic trouble codes. Is DTC 11000.02-Abnormal EEPROM still present?	YES: Code is still present and machine does not operate. Replace main controller (MCF). See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20).
		YES: Code is still present but machine is still operable. Go to Machine Function Check.
		NO: Main controller (MCF) is OK.
		14
		I/I

	Machine Function Check	Is operation of machine normal? See Operational Checkout Procedure. (Group 9005-05).	YES: Machine may be operated but it is recommended that the main controller (MCF) be replaced.
001 10 2			NO: Main controller (MCF) malfunction. Replace. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20).

11001.02 — Abnormal RAM

MS12501,0000047 -19-14JAN06-1/1

Controller Hardware Diagnostics

---1/1

Code Check	Clear and re-check diagnostic trouble codes. Is DTC 11001.02-Abnormal EEPROM still present?	YES: Code is still present and machine does not operate. Replace main controller (MCF). See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20).
		YES: Code is still present but machine is still operable. Go to Machine Function Check.
		NO: Main controller (MCF) is OK.
		1/1

Machine Function Check	Is operation of machine normal? See Operational Checkout Procedure. (Group 9005-05).	YES: Machine may be operated but it is recommended that the main controller (MCF) be replaced.
		NO: Main controller (MCF) malfunction. Replace. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20).
		1/1

11002.02 — Abnormal A/D Conversion

MS12501,0000048 -19-14JAN06-1/1

Controller Hardware Diagnostics

---1/1

Code Check	Clear and re-check diagnostic trouble codes. Is DTC 11002.02-Abnormal EEPROM still present?	YES: Code is still present and machine does not operate. Replace main controller (MCF). See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20).
		YES: Code is still present but machine is still operable. Go to Machine Function Check.
		NO: Main controller (MCF) is OK.
		1/1

	Machine Function Check	Is operation of machine normal? See Operational Checkout Procedure. (Group 9005-05).	YES: Machine may be operated but it is recommended that the main controller (MCF) be replaced.
01 10 4			NO: Main controller (MCF) malfunction. Replace. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20).
			1/1

11003.03 — Abnormal Sensor Voltage

MS12501,0000049 -19-14JAN06-1/1

Harness diagnostics

Other individual sensor or component diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) may also be present within this code. Engine speed dial may not function correctly when this code is present.

---1/1

Diagnostic Trouble Code Check	Clear and re-check DTCs. Is DTC 11003.03-Abnormal Sensor Voltage still present?	YES: Go to Continuity Check. NO: Sensor malfunction. Replace sensor.
Continuity Check	Disconnect all connectors on main controller (MCF) and to sensors corresponding codes displayed. Check for continuity between terminals 1 and 3 of sensor harner connector. Is there continuity between terminals 1 and 3?	g with iss YES: Short circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and sensor. Check harness. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, or see Control Valve Harness (W7) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Main controller (MCF) malfunction. Replace. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install (Group 9015-20).
		very stor Operation and Tests
1 IVIZ301 (Z4JUINU8)	3001-10-4 450DLC EX	ccavator Operation and Tests

11004.02 — CAN Communication Error

MS12501,000004A -19-14JAN06-1/1 900			
Controller Area Network (CAN) Diagnostics			
CAN Harness Check	Check harness connections to controllers and between harnesses. Clear codes and re-check DTCs. Is DTC 11004.02 still present?	YES: Go to Continuity Check MCF and ICF. NO: Main controller (MCF) and harness are OK.	
Continuity Check MCF and ICF	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C4 and information controller (ICF) pin C5. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C15 and information controller (ICF) pin C11. Is there continuity between the connectors?	YES: Go to Continuity Check MCF and ECM. NO: Open circuit in CAN between main controller (MCF) and information controller (ICF). Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)	
Continuity Check MCF and ECM	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C4 and engine control module (ECM) pin 18. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C15 and engine control module (ECM) pin 37. Is there continuity between the connectors?	 YES: Go to Continuity Check MCF and Monitor Unit. NO: Open circuit in CAN between main controller (MCF) and engine control module (ECM). Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) 	

Continuity Check MCF and Monitor Unit	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C4 and monitor controller pin B7. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C15 and monitor controller pin B6. Is there continuity between the connectors?	YES: Go to MCF Short to Ground Check. NO: Open circuit in CAN between main controller (MCF) and monitor controller. Repair or replace harnesses. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Monitor Harness (W3) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
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G MCF Short to Ground Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C4 and main controller (MCF) pins A2, A13, B8, and B18. Check for continuity between MCF pin C15 an MCF pins A2, A13, B8, and B18.	YES: CAN circuit short to ground. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group
	Is there continuity between the CAN circuit and ground circuit?	NO: Go to ECM Short to Ground Check.
		1/1
Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 18 (CAN High wire) and engine control module (ECM) pins 1, 3, 4, 43, and 62 (ground). Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 37 (CAN Low wire) and engine control module (ECM) pins 1, 3, 4, 43, and 62 (ground). Is there continuity between CAN circuit and ground circuit?	YES: CAN circuit short to ground. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to ICF Short to Ground Check.
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0	ICF Short to Ground Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pin C5 and pins C14 and C15. Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pin C11 and pins C14 and C15. Is there continuity between CAN circuit and ground circuit?	YES: CAN circuit short to ground. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to Monitor Controller Short to Ground Check.	900 10 7
			1/1	
8	Monitor Controller Short to Ground Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between monitor controller pin B7 and pin B11. Check for continuity between monitor controller pin B6 and pin B11. Is there continuity between CAN circuit and ground circuit?	YES: CAN circuit short to ground. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)	
			Power Check.	
0	MCF Short to Power Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller.	YES: CAN circuit short to power.	
		Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C4 and pins A1, A12, B7, and B17. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C15 and pins A1, A12, B7, and B17. Is there continuity between CAN circuit and power circuit?	Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to ECM Short to Power Check.	
10	ECM Short to Power Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller.	YES: CAN circuit short to power.	
		Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 18 (CAN High wire) and engine control module (ECM) pins 2 and 5 (power). Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 37 (CAN Low wire) and engine control module (ECM) pins 2 and 5 (power). Is there continuity between CAN circuit and power circuit?	Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)	

NO: Go to ICF Short to Power Check.

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Main Controller (MCF) Diagnostic Trouble Codes

1 0 8	ICF Short to Power Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pin C5 and pins C1 and C2. Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pin C11 and pins C1 and C2. Is there continuity between CAN circuit and power circuit?	YES: CAN circuit short to power. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to Monitor Controller Short to Power Check.	
	Monitor Controller Short to Power Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between monitor controller pin B7 and A16. Check for continuity between monitor controller pin B6 and A16. Is there continuity between CAN circuit and power circuit?	YES: CAN circuit short to power. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Monitor Harness (W3) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to MCF Short to Key Switch Signal Check.	
	MCF Short to Key Switch Signal Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C4 and B16. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C15 and B16. Is there continuity between CAN circuit and key switch signal circuit?	YES: CAN circuit short to key switch signal. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to ECM Short to Key Switch Signal Check.	
	ECM Short to Key Switch Signal Check	 Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 18 (CAN High wire) and engine control module (ECM) pin 24 (key switch signal wire). Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 37 (CAN Low wire) and engine control module (ECM) pin 24 (key switch signal wire). Is there continuity between CAN circuit and key switch signal circuit? 	YES: CAN circuit short to key switch signal. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to ICF Short to Key Switch Signal Check.	
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Ð	ICF Short to Key Switch Signal Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pin C5 and C7. Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pin C11 and C7. Is there continuity between CAN circuit and key switch signal circuit?	YES: CAN circuit short to key switch signal. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to Monitor Controller Short to Key Switch Signal Check.	9001 10 9
1 I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	Monitor Controller Short to Key Switch Signal Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between monitor controller pin B7 and A7. Check for continuity between monitor controller pin B6 and A7. Is there continuity between CAN circuit and key switch signal circuit?	YES: CAN circuit short to key switch signal. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Monitor Harness (W3) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to MCF CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check.	
•	MCF CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pins C4 and C15. Is there continuity between CAN high and low side wires?	YES: CAN wires short circuit. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to ECM CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check.	
B	ECM CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 18 (CAN High and Low wires). Is there continuity between CAN high and low side wires?	YES: CAN wires short circuit. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to ICF CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check.	

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ICF CAN Low Side Check	l High and e Continuity	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pins C5 and C11. Is there continuity between CAN high and low side wires?	YES: CAN wires short circuit. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to Monitor Controller CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check.
Monitor CAN Hig Side Cor Check	Controller h and Low ntinuity	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between monitor controller pins B6 and B7. Is there continuity between CAN high and low side wires?	YES: CAN wires short circuit. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Monitor Harness (W3) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to MCF CAN Resistance Check.
MCF CAL Check	N Resistance	Connect all connectors except main controller (MCF) connector C (X30). Check resistance between pin C4 and C15. Is resistance between 50—70 Ω ?	YES: Go to DTC Check. NO: Go to ICF CAN Resistance Check.
2 DTC Che	eck	Connect connector to main controller (MCF). Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check for DTCs. Is DTC 11004.02-Abnormal CAN Communication still present?	YES: Main controller (MCF) malfunction. Replace. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.) NO: Check harness connection to main controller (MCF).
🐼 ICF CAN Check	Resistance	Connect all connectors except information controller (ICF) connector C (X34). Check resistance between pin C5 and C11. Is resistance between 50—70 Ω .	YES: Go to DTC Check. NO: Go to ECM CAN Resistance Check.

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2	DTC Check	Connect connector to information controller (ICF). Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check for DTCs. Is DTC 11004.02-Abnormal CAN Communication still present?	YES: information controller (ICF) malfunction. Replace. See Information Controller (ICF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.) NO: Check harness connection to information controller (ICF).	9001 10 11
25	ECM CAN Resistance Check	Connect all connectors except engine control module (ECM) connector. Check resistance between pin 18 (CAN High) and pin 37 (CAN Low) wires in connector. Is resistance between 110—130 Ω?	YES: Go to DTC Check. NO: Go to Monitor Controller CAN Resistance Check.	
23	DTC Check	Connect connector to engine control module (ECM). Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check for DTCs. Is DTC 11004.02-Abnormal CAN Communication still present?	YES: Engine control module (ECM) malfunction. Replace. See Engine Control Module (ECM) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.) NO: Check harness connection to engine control module (ECM).	
27	Monitor Controller CAN Resistance Check	Connect all connectors except monitor controller connector B (X20). Check resistance between pins B6 and B7. Is resistance between 110—130 Ω ?	YES: Go to DTC Check. NO: Malfunction in any controller on CAN.	
23	DTC Check	Connect connector to monitor controller. Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check for DTCs. Is DTC 11004.02-Abnormal CAN Communication still present?	YES: Monitor controller malfunction. Replace. See Monitor Controller Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.) NO: Check the connection to monitor controller.	

11101.03 — Engine Speed Dial Sensor Circuit Voltage High Input

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Engine Speed Dial Diagnostics

 • Engine Speed Dial Resistance Check

 Disconnect harness connector from switch panel.
 YES: Go to Engine Speed Dial Voltage Diagnostics Check.

 Is resistance between 4.5—5.5 kΩ?

 NO: Engine speed dial malfunction.

Engine Speed Dial Voltage Check	Connect harness connector to switch par With switch panel connected to harness, Turn the engine speed dial and note volt	nel. measure voltage at pin 2 of connector. age.	YES: Go to Sensor Circuit Voltage Check. NO: Engine speed dial malfunction.
	Is engine speed dial voltage within specif	ications?	
Engine Speed Dial Voltage			
	Specification o	f Engine Speed Dial	
	Slow Idle	0.3—1.0 V	
	Fast Idle	4.0—4.7 V	

Sensor Circuit Voltage Check	Disconnect connector to switch panel. Check voltage between terminals 2 and 3 of harness connector. Is voltage between 4.5—5.5 volts?	YES: Go to Open Circuit Check. NO: Go to Harness Voltage Check.
	NOTE: Key switch: ON	
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4	Open Circuit Check	Disconnect connector to switch panel. Check continuity between main controller (MCF) connector D pin D15 and switch panel connector pin 2. Is there continuity between the pins?	YES: Go to Short Circuit Check. NO: Open circuit in harness. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)	900 10 13
6	Short Circuit Check	Disconnect connector to switch panel. Check continuity between switch panel connector pin 2 and power and ground. Is there continuity to power or ground?	YES: Short circuit in harness. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Main controller (MCF) malfunction. Replace main controller. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20).	
6	Harness Voltage Check	NOTE: Key Switch: ON Disconnect connector to switch panel. Check voltage between switch panel connector pin 1 and machine ground. Is voltage between 4.5—5.5 volts?	YES: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and engine speed dial pin 3. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and engine speed dial pin 1. Repair or replace harness. See Cab	

harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)

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11101.04 — Engine Speed Dial Sensor Circuit Voltage Low Input

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Engine Speed Dial Diagnostics

Image: Speed Dial Resistance CheckDisconnect harness connector from switch panel.YES: Go to Engine Speed Dial Voltage Diagnostics Check.Check resistance between pins 2 and 4.Is resistance between 4.5—5.5 kΩ?NO: Engine speed dial malfunction.

Engine Speed Dial Voltage Check	Connect harness connector to switch pane With switch panel connected to harness, m Turn the engine speed dial and note voltag	el. neasure voltage at pin 2 of connector. ge.	YES: Go to Sensor Circuit Voltage Check. NO: Engine speed dial malfunction.
	Is engine speed dial voltage within specific	cations?	
Engine Speed Dial Voltage			
	Specification of	Engine Speed Dial	
	Slow Idle	0.3—1.0 V	
	Fast Idle	4.0—4.7 V	

Sensor Circuit Voltage Check	Disconnect connector to switch panel. Check voltage between terminals 2 and 3 of harness connector. Is voltage between 4.5—5.5 volts?	YES: Go to Open Circuit Check. NO: Go to Harness Voltage Check.
	NOTE: Key switch: ON	
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Open Circuit Check	Disconnect connector to switch panel. Check continuity between main controller (MCF) connector D pin D15 and switch panel connector pin 2. Is there continuity between the pins?	YES: Go to Short Circuit Check. NO: Open circuit in harness. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
Short Circuit Check	Disconnect connector to switch panel. Check continuity between switch panel connector pin 2 and power and ground. Is there continuity to power or ground?	YES: Short circuit in harness. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Main controller (MCF) malfunction. Replace main controller. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20).
Harness Voltage Check	NOTE: Key Switch: ON Disconnect connector to switch panel. Check voltage between switch panel connector pin 1 and machine ground. Is voltage between 4.5—5.5 volts?	YES: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and engine speed dial pin 3. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and engine speed dial pin 1. Repair or replace harness. See Cab

harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)

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11200.03 — Pump 1 Delivery Pressure Sensor Circuit Voltage High

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MS12501,000004D -19-21FEB06-1/1

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Pump 1 Delivery Pressure Sensor Diagnostics

Pump 1 delivery pressure sensor voltage 4.75 volts or higher.

 Image: ODTC Check
 Switch pump 1 delivery pressure sensor with pump 2 delivery pressure sensor.
 YES: Pump 1 delivery pressure sensor

 Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check DTCs.
 Does DTC follow delivery pressure sensor?
 YES: Pump 1 delivery pressure sensor malfunction. Replace sensor.

 NO: Go to Sensor Circuit Check.
 NO: Go to Sensor Circuit
 NO: Go to Sensor Circuit

Sensor Circuit Check	Disconnect connector to pump 1 delivery pressure sensor. Check voltage between terminals 1 and 3 of harness. Is voltage between 4.5—5.5 volts?	YES: Go to Open Circuit Check. NO: Go to Harness Voltage Check.
	NOTE: Key Switch: ON	
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Open Circuit Check	Disconnect connector to pump 1 delivery pressure sensor. Check continuity between main controller (MCF) connector C pin C3 and pump 1 delivery pressure sensor pin 2.	YES: Go to Short Circuit Check. NO: Open in harness.
	Is there continuity between the pins?	Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Pump Harness (W8) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)

Short Circuit Check	Disconnect connector to pump 1 delivery pressure sensor	YES: Short in harness.
G Short circuit circuit	Check continuity between pump 1 delivery pressure sensor connector pin 2 and power and ground. Is there continuity between pump 1 delivery pressure sensor connector pin 2 and power or ground?	Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Pump Harness (W8) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Main controller (MCF) malfunction. Replace controller. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.)
G Harness Voltage Check	Disconnect pump 1 delivery pressure sensor from harness. Check voltage between pump 1 delivery pressure sensor connector pin 1 and machine ground. Is voltage between 4.5—5.5 volts? <i>NOTE: Key Switch: On</i>	YES: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and pump 1 delivery pressure sensor pin 3. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Pump Harness (W8) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and pump 1 delivery pressure sensor pin 1. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Pump Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Pump Harness (W8) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) 1/1

11200.04 — Pump 1 Delivery Pressure Sensor Voltage Low

Pump 1 Delivery Pressure Sensor Diagnostics

Pump 1 delivery pressure sensor voltage 0.25 volts or less.

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18	DTC Check	Switch pump 1 delivery pressure sensor with pump 2 delivery pressure sensor. Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check DTCs. Does DTC follow delivery pressure sensor?	YES: Pump 1 delivery pressure sensor malfunction. Replace sensor. NO: Go to Sensor Circuit Check.
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Sensor Circuit Check	Disconnect connector to pump 1 delivery pressure sensor.	YES: Go to Open Circuit
	Check voltage between terminals 1 and 3 of harness.	
	Is voltage between 4.5-5.5 volts?	NO: Go to Harness Voltage Check.
	NOTE: Key Switch: ON	
		1/1

Open Circuit Check	Disconnect connector to pump 1 delivery pressure sensor. Check continuity between main controller (MCF) connector C pin C3 and pump 1 delivery pressure sensor pin 2.	YES: Go to Short Circuit Check. NO: Open in harness.
	Is there continuity between the pins?	Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Pump Harness (W8) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)

4	Short Circuit Check	Disconnect connector to pump 1 delivery pressure sensor.	YES: Short in harness.	
		Check continuity between pump 1 delivery pressure sensor connector pin 2 and power and ground. Is there continuity between pump 1 delivery pressure sensor connector pin 2 and power or ground?	Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Pump Harness (W8) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Main controller (MCF) malfunction. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.)	9001 10 19
			1/1	
6	Harness Voltage	Disconnect pump 1 delivery pressure sensor from harness.	YES: Open circuit in	
_	Check	Check voltage between pump 1 delivery pressure sensor connector pin 1 and machine ground.	harness between main controller (MCF) and pump 1 delivery pressure sensor pin 3.	
		NOTE: Key Switch: On	Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Pump Harness (W8) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)	
			NO: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and pump 1 delivery pressure sensor pin 1.	
			Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Pump Harness (W8) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)	
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11202.03 — Pump 2 Delivery Pressure Sensor Circuit Voltage High

MS12501,000004F -19-21FEB06-1/1

Pump 2 Delivery Pressure Sensor Diagnostics

Pump 2 delivery pressure sensor voltage 4.75 volts or higher.

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20	Sensor Check	Switch pump 2 delivery pressure sensor with pump 1 delivery pressure sensor. Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check DTCs. Does DTC follow delivery pressure sensor?	YES: Pump 2 delivery pressure sensor malfunction. Replace sensor. NO: Go to Sensor Circuit Check.
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Sensor Circuit Check	Disconnect connector to pump 2 delivery pressure sensor. Check voltage between terminals 1 and 3 of harness.	YES: Go to Open Circuit Check.
	Is voltage between 4.5-5.5 volts?	NO: Go to Harness Voltage Check.
	NOTE: Key Switch: ON	
		1/1

Open Circuit Check	Disconnect connector to pump 2 delivery pressure sensor. Check continuity between main controller (MCF) connector C pin C12 and pump 2 delivery pressure sensor pin 2.	YES: Go to Short Circuit Check. NO: Open in harness.
	Is there continuity between the pins?	Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Pump Harness (W8) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)

Short Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from main controller (MCF) and pump 2 delivery pressure sensor. Check continuity between pump 2 delivery pressure sensor connector pin 2 and power and ground. Is there continuity between pin 2 and power or ground?	YES: Short circuit in harness. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Pump Harness (W8) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Main controller (MCF) malfunction. Replace controller. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.)
G Harness Voltage Check	Disconnect pump 2 delivery pressure sensor from harness. Check voltage between pump 2 delivery pressure sensor connector pin 1 and machine ground. Is voltage between 4.5—5.5 volts? <i>NOTE: Key Switch: On</i>	YES: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and pump 2 delivery pressure sensor pin 3. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Pump Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and pump 2 delivery pressure sensor pin 1. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring

Sensor Voltage Low

11202.04 — Pump 2 Delivery Pressure

MS12501,0000050 -19-21FEB06-1/1

Diagram, and see Pump Harness (W8) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)

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Pump 2 Delivery Pressure Sensor Diagnostics

Pump 2 delivery pressure sensor voltage 0.25 volts or less.

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22	Sensor Check	Switch pump 2 delivery pressure sensor with pump 1 delivery pressure sensor. Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check DTCs. Does DTC follow delivery pressure sensor?	YES: Pump 2 delivery pressure sensor malfunction. Replace sensor. NO: Go to Sensor Circuit Check.
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Sensor Circuit Check	Disconnect connector to pump 2 delivery pressure sensor. Check voltage between terminals 1 and 3 of harness. Is voltage between 4.5-5.5 volts?	YES: Go to Open Circuit Check. NO: Go to Harness Voltage Check.
	NOTE: Key Switch: ON	
		1/1

Open Circuit Check	Disconnect connector to pump 2 delivery pressure sensor. Check continuity between main controller (MCF) connector C pin C12 and pump 2 delivery pressure sensor pin 2.	YES: Go to Short Circuit Check. NO: Open in harness.
	Is there continuity between the pins?	Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Pump Harness (W8) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
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Short Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from main controller (MCF) and pump 2 delivery pressure sensor. Check continuity between pump 2 delivery pressure sensor connector pin 2 and power and ground. Is there continuity between pin 2 and power or ground?	YES: Short circuit in harness. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Pump Harness (W8) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Main controller (MCF) malfunction. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.)
Harness Voltage Check	Disconnect pump 2 delivery pressure sensor from harness. Check voltage between pump 2 delivery pressure sensor connector pin 1 and machine ground. Is voltage between 4.5—5.5 Volts? <i>NOTE: Key Switch: On</i>	YES: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and pump 2 delivery pressure sensor pin 3. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Pump Harness (W8) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and pump 2 delivery pressure sensor pin 1. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring

Circuit Voltage High

11301.03 — Swing Pilot Pressure Sensor

MS12501,0000051 -19-21FEB06-1/1

Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Pump Harness (W8) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)

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Swing pilot pressure sensor diagnostics

Swing pilot pressure sensor voltage 4.75 volts or higher.

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Sensor Check	Switch swing pilot pressure sensor with another pilot pressure sensor. Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check DTCs. Does DTC follow swing pilot pressure sensor?	YES: Swing pilot pressure sensor malfunction. Replace sensor. NO: Go to Sensor Circuit Check.
	Sensor Check	Sensor Check Switch swing pilot pressure sensor with another pilot pressure sensor. Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check DTCs. Does DTC follow swing pilot pressure sensor?

Sensor Circuit Check	Disconnect connector of swing pilot pressure sensor.	YES: Go to Open Circuit Check.
	Check voltage between terminals 1 and 3 of harness.	NO: Go to Harness
	Is voltage between 4.5-5.5 volts?	Voltage Check.
	NOTE: Key Switch: ON	
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Open Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from swing pilot pressure sensor and main control Check continuity between swing pilot pressure sensor connector pin 2 controller (MCF) connector D pin D16. Is there continuity between the pins?	Iler (MCF). and main NO: Open circuit in harness. Repair or replace harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Control Valve Harness (W7) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
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Short Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from swing pilot pressure sensor and main controller (MCF). Check continuity between swing pilot pressure sensor connector pin 2 and power and ground. Is there continuity to power or ground?	YES: Short circuit in harness. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Control Valve Harness (W7) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Main controller (MCF) malfunction. Replace controller. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.)
Harness Voltage Check	Disconnect swing pilot pressure sensor from harness. Check voltage between swing pilot pressure sensor connector pin 1 and machine ground. Is voltage between 4.5—5.5 volts? <i>NOTE: Key Switch: On</i>	YES: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and swing pilot pressure sensor pin 3. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Control Valve Harness (W7) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and swing pilot pressure sensor pin 1. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Control Valve Harness (W7) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)

11301.04 — Swing Pilot Pressure Sensor Circuit Voltage Low - - -1/1

Swing Pilot Pressure Sensor Diagnostics

Swing pilot pressure sensor voltage 0.25 volts or less.

9001

01 10			1/1
26	Sensor Check	Switch swing pilot pressure sensor with another pilot pressure sensor. Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check DTCs. Does DTC follow swing pilot pressure sensor?	YES: Swing pilot pressure sensor malfunction. NO: Go to Sensor Circuit Check.
	Sensor Circuit Check	Disconnect connector of swing pilot pressure sensor. Check voltage between terminals 1 and 3 of harness. Is voltage between 4.5—5.5 volts? <i>NOTE: Key Switch: ON</i>	YES: Go to Open Circuit Check. NO: Go to Harness Voltage Check.
	Open Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from swing pilot pressure sensor and main controller (MCF). Check continuity between swing pilot pressure sensor connector pin 2 and main controller (MCF) connector D pin D16. Is there continuity between the pins?	YES: Go to Short Circuit Check. NO: Open circuit in harness. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Control Valve Harness (W7) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)

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Short Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from swing pilot pressure sensor and main controller (MCF). Check continuity between swing pilot pressure sensor connector pin 2 and power and ground. Is there continuity to power or ground?	YES: Short circuit in harness. Repair or replace harness. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Control Valve Harness (W7) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Main controller (MCF) malfunction. Replace controller. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.)
		1/1
Harness Voltage Check	Disconnect swing pilot pressure sensor from harness. Check voltage between swing pilot pressure sensor connector pin 1 and machine ground. Is voltage between 4.5—5.5 volts? <i>NOTE: Key Switch: On</i>	 YES: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and swing pilot pressure sensor pin 3. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Control Valve Harness (W7) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and swing pilot pressure sensor pin 1. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, see Machine Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, and see Control Valve Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Control Valve Harness (W7) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)

11302.03 — Boom Raise Pilot Pressure Sensor Circuit Voltage High

MS12501,0000053 -19-21FEB06-1/1

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Boom Up Pilot Pressure Sensor Diagnostics

Boom up pilot pressure sensor voltage 4.75 volts or higher.

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28	Sensor Check	Switch boom up pilot pressure sensor with another pilot pressure sensor. Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check DTCs. Does DTC follow boom up pilot pressure sensor?	YES: Boom up pilot pressure sensor malfunction. Replace sensor. NO: Go to Sensor Circuit Check.
			1/1
		1	

Sensor Circuit Check	Disconnect connector of boom up pilot pressure sensor. Check voltage between terminals 1 and 3 of harness.	YES: Go to Open Circuit Check.
	Is voltage between 4.5-5.5 volts?	NO: Go to Harness Voltage Check.
	NOTE: Key Switch: ON	
		1/1

Open Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from boom up pilot pressure sensor and main controller (MCF).	YES: Go to Short Circuit Check.
	Check continuity between boom up pilot pressure sensor connector pin 2 and main controller (MCF) connector C pin C13.	NO: Open circuit in harness
	Is there continuity between the pins?	
		Repair or replace
		harness. See Cab
		Harness (W1) Wiring
		Machine Harness (W2)
		Wiring Diagram, (Group
		9015-10.)
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Short Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from boom up pilot pressure sensor and main controller (MCF). Check continuity between boom up pilot pressure sensor connector pin 2 and power and ground. Is there continuity to power or ground?	YES: Short circuit in harness. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Main controller (MCF) malfunction. Replace controller. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.)
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		===1/1
G Harness Voltage Check	Disconnect boom up pilot pressure sensor from harness. Check voltage between boom up pilot pressure sensor connector pin 1 and machine ground. Is voltage between 4.5—5.5 volts? <i>NOTE: Key Switch: On</i>	YES: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and boom up pilot pressure sensor pin 3. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
		NO: Open circuit in harness between main

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11302.04 — Boom Raise Pilot Pressure Sensor Circuit Voltage Low

MS12501,0000054 -19-21FEB06-1/1 450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests

controller (MCF) and boom up pilot pressure

sensor pin 1.

9015-10.)

Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group

Boom Up Pilot Pressure Sensor Diagnostics

Boom up pilot pressure sensor voltage 0.25 volts or less.

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30	Sensor Check	Switch boom up pilot pressure sensor with another pilot pressure sensor. Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check DTCs. Does DTC follow boom up pilot pressure sensor?	YES: Boom up pilot pressure sensor malfunction. Replace sensor. NO: Go to Sensor Circuit Check.
		1	
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Sensor Circuit Check	Disconnect connector of boom up pilot pressure sensor. Check voltage between terminals 1 and 3 of harness.	YES: Go to Open Circuit Check.
	Is voltage between 4.5-5.5 volts?	NO: Go to Harness Voltage Check.
	NOTE: Key Switch: ON	
		1/1

Open Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from boom up pilot pressure sensor and main controller (MCF).	YES: Go to Short Circuit Check.
	Check continuity between boom up pilot pressure sensor connector pin 2 and main controller (MCF) connector C pin C13.	NO: Open circuit in
	Is there continuity between the pins?	
		Repair or replace
		harness. See Cab
		Harness (W1) Wiring
		Machine Harness (W2)
		Wiring Diagram. (Group
		9015-10.)
		1/1

Short Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from boom up pilot pressure sensor and main controller (MCF). Check continuity between boom up pilot pressure sensor connector pin 2 and power and ground. Is there continuity to power or ground?	YES: Short circuit in harness. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Main controller (MCF) malfunction. Replace controller. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.)
Harness Voltage Check	Disconnect boom up pilot pressure sensor from harness. Check voltage between boom up pilot pressure sensor connector pin 1 and machine ground. Is voltage between 4.5—5.5 volts? <i>NOTE: Key Switch: On</i>	YES: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and boom up pilot pressure sensor pin 3. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and boom up pilot pressure

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11303.03 — Arm Roll-in Pilot Pressure Sensor Circuit Voltage High

LD30992,00002DA -19-21FEB06-1/1

sensor pin 1.

9015-10.)

Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group

Arm In Pilot Pressure Sensor Diagnostics

Arm in pilot pressure sensor voltage 4.75 volts or higher.

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2 Sensor Check	Switch arm in pilot pressure sensor with another pilot pressure sensor. Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check DTCs. Does DTC follow arm in pilot pressure sensor?	YES: Arm in pilot pressure sensor malfunction. Replace sensor. NO: Go to Sensor Circuit Check.
		1/1

Sensor Circuit Check	Disconnect connector of arm in pilot pressure sensor.	YES: Go to Open Circuit
	Check voltage between terminals 1 and 3 of harness.	NO: Go to Harness
	Is voltage between 4.5-5.5 volts?	Voltage Check.
	NOTE: Key Switch: ON	
		1/1

Open Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from arm in pilot pressure sensor and main controller (MCF).	YES: Go to Short Circuit Check.
	Check continuity between arm in pilot pressure sensor connector pin 2 and main controller (MCF) connector C pin C23.	NO: Open circuit in harness.
	Is there continuity between the pins?	
		Repair or replace
		harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring
		Diagram and see
		Machine Harness (W2)
		Wiring Diagram. (Group
		9015-10.)
		1/1

Short Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from arm in pilot pressure sensor and main controller (MCF). Check continuity between arm in pilot pressure sensor connector pin 2 and power and ground. Is there continuity to power or ground?	YES: Short circuit in harness. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Main controller (MCF) malfunction. Replace controller. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install, (Group 9015-20.)
G Harness Voltage Check	Disconnect arm in pilot pressure sensor from harness. Check voltage between arm in pilot pressure sensor connector pin 1 and machine ground. Is voltage between 4.5—5.5 volts? <i>NOTE: Key Switch: On</i>	YES: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and arm in pilot pressure sensor pin 3. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and arm in pilot pressure sensor pin 1. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)

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11303.04 — Arm Roll-in Pilot Pressure Sensor Circuit Voltage Low

Arm In Pilot Pressure Sensor Diagnostics

Arm in pilot pressure sensor voltage 0.25 volts or less.

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Sensor Check	Switch arm in pilot pressure sensor with another pilot pressure sensor. Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check DTCs. Does DTC follow arm in pilot pressure sensor?	YES: Arm in pilot pressure sensor malfunction. Replace sensor. NO: Go to Sensor Circuit Check.
		1/1

Sensor Circuit Check	Disconnect connector of arm in pilot pressure sensor.	YES: Go to Open Circuit Check.
	Check voltage between terminals 1 and 3 of harness.	NO: Go to Harness
	Is voltage between 4.5-5.5 volts?	Voltage Check.
	NOTE: Key Switch: ON	
		1/1

Open Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from arm in pilot pressure sensor and main controller (MCF).	YES: Go to Short Circuit Check.
	Check continuity between arm in pilot pressure sensor connector pin 2 and main controller (MCF) connector C pin C23.	NO: Open circuit in harness.
	Is there continuity between the pins?	
		Repair or replace
		harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring
		Diagram and see
		Machine Harness (W2)
		Wiring Diagram. (Group
		9015-10.)
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Short Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from arm in pilot pressure sensor and main controller (MCF). Check continuity between arm in pilot pressure sensor connector pin 2 and power and ground. Is there continuity to power or ground?	YES: Short circuit in harness. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Main controller (MCF) malfunction. Replace controller. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.)
G Harness Voltage Check	Disconnect arm in pilot pressure sensor from harness. Check voltage between arm in pilot pressure sensor connector pin 1 and machine ground. Is voltage between 4.5—5.5 volts? <i>NOTE: Key Switch: On</i>	YES: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and arm in pilot pressure sensor pin 3. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and arm in pilot pressure sensor pin 1. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)

11400.03 — Pump 2 (5-Spool) Control Solenoid Valve Feedback Current High

MS12501,0000056 -19-21FEB06-1/1 450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests

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Pump 2 (5-Spool) Control Solenoid Diagnostics

Pump 2 (5-spool) control solenoid current 920 mA or higher.

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Solenoid Resistance Check	Disconnect harness connector from pump 2 (5-spool) control solenoid. Check resistance of solenoid.	YES: Go to Continuity Check.
	Is resistance between 14—21 ohms?	NO: Pump 2 (5-spool) control solenoid malfunction. Replace solenoid.
		1/1

Ocntinuity Check	Disconnect harness connectors from main controller (MCF) and pump 2 (5-spool) control solenoid.	YES: Go to Solenoid Function Check.
	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) connector A pin A30 and pump 2 (5-spool) control solenoid harness connector pin 1.	NO: Open circuit in harness.
	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) connector A pin A19 and pump 2 (5-spool) control solenoid harness connector pin 2. Is there continuity between the pins?	Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Pump Harness (W8) Wiring Diagram. (Group
		9015-10.)
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diagnostic trouble code follow pump 2 (5-spool) control solenoid? ORTANT: Pump learning procedure must be performed after removing o cing pump control solenoids.	r (MCF) malfunction. Replace controller. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install.
	(Group 9015-20.)

11400.04 — Pump 2 (5-Spool) Control Solenoid Valve Feedback Current Low

MS12501,0000057 -19-21FEB06-1/1

Pump 2 (5-Spool) Control Solenoid Diagnostics

Pump 2 (5-spool) control solenoid current 56 mA or less.

Solenoid Resistance Check	Disconnect harness connector from pump 2 (5-spool) control solenoid. Check resistance of solenoid.	YES: Go to Continuity Check.
	Is resistance between 14—21 ohms?	NO: Pump 2 (5-spool) control solenoid malfunction. Replace solenoid.
		1/1

② Continuity Check	Disconnect harness connectors from main controller (MCF) and pump 2 (5-spool) control solenoid. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) connector A pin A30 and pump 2 (5-spool) control solenoid harness connector pin 1.	YES: Go to Solenoid Function Check. NO: Open circuit in harness.
	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) connector A pin A19 and pump 2 (5-spool) control solenoid harness connector pin 2. Is there continuity between the pins?	Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Pump Harness (W8) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
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G 1 0 8	Solenoid Function Check	Switch pump 2 (5-spool) control solenoid with pump 1 (4-spool) control solenoid. Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check for DTC. Does diagnostic trouble code follow pump 2 (5-spool) control solenoid? IMPORTANT: Pump learning procedure must be performed after removing or replacing pump control solenoids.	YES: Pump 2 (5-spool) control solenoid malfunction. Replace solenoid. NO: Main controller (MCF) malfunction. Replace controller. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.)
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11402.03 — Boom Flow Rate Solenoid (SF) Valve Feedback Current High

MS12501,0000058 -19-14JAN06-1/1

Boom Flow Rate Solenoid (SF) Diagnostics

Boom flow rate solenoid (SF) current 920 mA or higher.

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Solenoid Resistance Check	Disconnect harness connector from boom flow rate solenoid (SF). Check resistance of solenoid.	YES: Go to Continuity Check.
	Is resistance between 14.8-22.2 ohms?	NO: Boom flow rate solenoid (SF) malfunction. Replace solenoid.
Ocontinuity Check	Disconnect harness connectors from main controller (MCF) and boom flow rate solenoid (SF).	YES: Go to Solenoid Function Check.
	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) connector A pin A20 and boom flow rate solenoid (SF) harness connector pin 1.	NO: Open circuit in harness.
	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) connector A pin A3 and boom flow rate solenoid (SF) harness connector pin 2.	Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring
	Is there continuity between the pins?	Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Control Valve Harness (W7) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
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TM2361 (24JUN08)	9001-10-38 450DLC Excavat	or Operation and Tests

Solenoid Function Check	Switch boom flow rate solenoid (SF) harness connector with another solenoid valve in solenoid valve manifold.	YES: Boom flow rate solenoid (SF) malfunction. Replace solenoid.
	Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check for DTC.	
		NO: Main controller
	Does diagnostic trouble code stay with boom flow rate solenoid (SF)?	(MCF) malfunction. Replace controller. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.)
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11402.04 — Boom Flow Rate Solenoid (SF) Valve Feedback Current Low

MS12501,0000059 -19-14JAN06-1/1

Diagram, see Machine

Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Control Valve Harness (W7) Wiring Diagram. (Group

9015-10.)

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Boom Flow Rate Solenoid (SF) Diagnostics

Boom flow rate solenoid (SF) current 56 mA or less.

Is there continuity between the pins?

1 Solenoid Resistance Disconnect harness connector from boom flow rate solenoid (SF). Check resistance of YES: Go to Continuity Check solenoid. Check. NO: Boom flow rate Is resistance between 14.8-22.2 ohms? solenoid (SF) malfunction. Replace solenoid. - -1/1 Ontinuity Check Disconnect harness connectors from main controller (MCF) and boom flow rate YES: Go to Solenoid solenoid (SF). Function Check. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) connector A pin A20 and boom NO: Open circuit in flow rate solenoid (SF) harness connector pin 1. harness. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) connector A pin A3 and boom flow Repair or replace rate solenoid (SF) harness connector pin 2. harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring

TM2361 (24JUN08)

Solenoid Function Check	Switch boom flow rate solenoid (SF) harness connector with another solenoid valve in solenoid valve manifold. Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check for DTC. Does diagnostic trouble code stay with boom flow rate solenoid (SF)?	YES: Boom flow rate solenoid (SF) malfunction. Replace solenoid. NO: Main controller (MCF) malfunction. Replace controller. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.)
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11404.03 — Power Dig Solenoid (SG) Valve Feedback Current High

MS12501,000005A -19-14JAN06-1/1

Power Dig Solenoid (SG) Diagnostics

Power dig solenoid (SG) current 920 mA or higher.

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Solenoid Resistance Check	Disconnect harness connector from power dig solenoid (SG). Check resistance of solenoid. Is resistance between 14.8—22.2 ohms?	YES: Go to Continuity Check. NO: Power dig solenoid (SG) malfunction. Replace solenoid.
Continuity Check	Disconnect harness connectors from main controller (MCF) and power dig solenoid (SG). Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) connector A pin A23 and power dig solenoid (SG) harness connector pin 1. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) connector A pin A7 and power dig solenoid (SG) harness connector pin 2. Is there continuity between the pins?	YES: Go to Solenoid Function Check. NO: Open circuit in harness. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Control Valve Harness (W7) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
TM2261 (24 II INIO9)		or Operation and Tests

Solenoid Function Check	Switch power dig solenoid (SG) harness connector with another solenoid valve in solenoid valve manifold.	YES: Power dig solenoid (SG) malfunction. Replace solenoid.
	Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check for DTC.	
		NO: Main controller
	Does diagnostic trouble code stay with power dig solenoid (SG)?	(MCF) malfunction. Replace controller. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.)
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11404.04 — Power Dig Solenoid (SG) Valve Feedback Current Low

MS12501,000005B -19-14JAN06-1/1

Diagram, see Machine

Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Control Valve Harness (W7) Wiring Diagram. (Group

9015-10.)

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Power Dig Solenoid (SG) Diagnostics

Power dig solenoid (SG) current 56 mA or less.

1 Solenoid Resistance Disconnect harness connector from power dig solenoid (SG). Check resistance of YES: Go to Continuity Check solenoid. Check. **NO:** Power dig solenoid Is resistance between 14.8-22.2 ohms? (SG) malfunction. Replace solenoid. - -1/1 Ontinuity Check Disconnect harness connectors from main controller (MCF) and power dig solenoid YES: Go to Solenoid Function Check. (SG). Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) connector A pin A23 and power NO: Open circuit in dig solenoid (SG) harness connector pin 1. harness. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) connector A pin A7 and power dig Repair or replace solenoid (SG) harness connector pin 2. harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring

Is there continuity between the pins?

	Solenoid Function Check	Switch power dig solenoid (SG) harness connector with another solenoid valve in solenoid valve manifold.	YES: Power dig solenoid (SG) malfunction. Replace solenoid.
		Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check for DTC.	-
			NO: Main controller
1 0 2		Does diagnostic trouble code stay with power dig solenoid (SG)?	(MCF) malfunction. Replace controller. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.)

11405.03 — Travel Speed Solenoid (SI) Valve Current Feedback High

MS12501,000005C -19-14JAN06-1/1

Travel Speed Solenoid (SI) Diagnostics

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Travel speed solenoid (SI) current 920 mA or higher.

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Continuity Check Disconnect harness connectors from main controller (MCF) and travel speed solenoid (SI). Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) connector A pin A11 and travel speed solenoid (SI) harness connector pin 1. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) connector A pin A17 and travel speed solenoid (SI) harness connector pin 2. Is there continuity between the pins? See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, and see Control Valve Harness (W7) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)	Solenoid Resistance Check	Disconnect harness connector from travel speed solenoid (SI). Check resistance of solenoid. Is resistance between 14.8—22.2 ohms?	YES: Go to Continuity Check. NO: Travel speed solenoid (SI) malfunction.
Continuity Check Disconnect harness connectors from main controller (MCF) and travel speed solenoid (SI). Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) connector A pin A11 and travel speed solenoid (SI) harness connector pin 1. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) connector A pin A17 and travel speed solenoid (SI) harness connector pin 2. Is there continuity between the pins? Is there continuity between the pins? Repair or replace harness. (W1) Wiring Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Control Valve Harness (W7) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)			Replace solenoid. 1/1
1/1	Continuity Check	Disconnect harness connectors from main controller (MCF) and travel speed solenoid (SI). Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) connector A pin A11 and travel speed solenoid (SI) harness connector pin 1. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) connector A pin A17 and travel speed solenoid (SI) harness connector pin 2. Is there continuity between the pins?	YES: Go to Solenoid Function Check. NO: Open circuit in harness. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Control Valve Harness (W7) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)

Solenoid Function Check	Switch travel speed solenoid (SI) harness connector with another solenoid valve in solenoid valve manifold.	YES: Travel speed solenoid (SI) malfunction. Replace solenoid.
	Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check for DTC.	
		NO: Main controller
	Does diagnostic trouble code stay with travel speed solenoid (SI)?	(MCF) malfunction. Replace controller. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.)
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11405.04 — Travel Speed Solenoid (SI) Valve Current Feedback Low

MS12501,000005D -19-14JAN06-1/1

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Travel Speed Solenoid (SI) Diagnostics

Travel speed solenoid (SI) current 56 mA or less.

1 Solenoid Resistance Disconnect harness connector from travel speed solenoid (SI). Check resistance of YES: Go to Continuity Check solenoid. Check. NO: Travel speed Is resistance between 14.8-22.2 ohms? solenoid (SI) malfunction. Replace solenoid. -1/1 Ontinuity Check Disconnect harness connectors from main controller (MCF) and travel speed solenoid YES: Go to Solenoid Function Check. (SI). Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) connector A pin A11 and travel NO: Open circuit in speed solenoid (SI) harness connector pin 1. harness. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) connector A pin A17 and travel Repair or replace speed solenoid (SI) harness connector pin 2. harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, see Machine Is there continuity between the pins? Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Control Valve Harness (W7) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)

Solenoid Function Check	Switch travel speed solenoid (SI) harness connector with another solenoid valve in solenoid valve manifold. Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check for DTC.	YES: Travel speed solenoid (SI) malfunction. Replace solenoid.
1 D 4	Does diagnostic trouble code stay with travel speed solenoid (SI)?	(MCF) malfunction. Replace controller. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.)
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11410.03 — Pump 1 (4-Spool) Control Solenoid Valve Feedback Current High

MS12501,000005E -19-14JAN06-1/1

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Pump 1 (4-Spool) Control Solenoid Diagnostics

Pump 1 (4-spool) control solenoid current 920 mA or higher.

 Solenoid Resistance Check
 Disconnect harness connector from pump 1 (4-spool) control solenoid. Check
 YES: Go to Continuity Check.

 Is resistance between 14—21 ohms?
 NO: Pump 1 (4-spool) control solenoid malfunction. Replace solenoid.
Continuity Check	Disconnect harness connectors from main controller (MCF) and pump 1 (4-spool) control solenoid. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) connector A pin A22 and pump 1 (4-spool) control solenoid harness connector pin 1. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) connector A pin A16 and pump 1 (4-spool) control solenoid harness connector pin 2. Is there continuity between the pins?	YES: Go to Solenoid Function Check. NO: Open circuit in harness. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Pump Harness (W8) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
Solenoid Function Check	Switch pump 1 (4-spool) control solenoid with pump 2 (5-spool) control solenoid. Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check for DTC. Does diagnostic trouble code follow pump 1 (4-spool) control solenoid?	YES: Pump 1 (4-spool) control solenoid malfunction. Replace solenoid.
	IMPORTANT: Pump learning procedure must be performed after removing or	NO: Main controller (MCF) malfunction.

11410.04 — Pump 1 (4-Spool) Control Solenoid Valve Feedback Current Low

replacing pump control solenoids.

MS12501,000005F -19-14JAN06-1/1

Replace controller. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.)

Pump 1 (4-Spool) Control Solenoid Diagnostics

Pump 1 (4-spool) control solenoid current 56 mA or less.

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Solenoid Resistance Check	Disconnect harness connector from pump 1 (4-spool) control solenoid. Check resistance of solenoid. Is resistance between 14—21 ohms?	YES: Go to Continuity Check. NO: Pump 1 (4-spool) control solenoid malfunction. Replace solenoid.
Continuity Check	Disconnect harness connectors from main controller (MCF) and pump 1 (4-spool) control solenoid. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) connector A pin A22 and pump 1 (4-spool) control solenoid harness connector pin 1. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) connector A pin A16 and pump 1 (4-spool) control solenoid harness connector pin 2. Is there continuity between the pins?	YES: Go to Solenoid Function Check. NO: Open circuit in harness. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Pump Harness (W8) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
Solenoid Function Check	Switch pump 1 (4-spool) control solenoid with pump 2 (5-spool) control solenoid. Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check for DTC. Does diagnostic trouble code follow pump 1 (4-spool) control solenoid? IMPORTANT: Pump learning procedure must be performed after removing or replacing pump control solenoids.	YES: Pump 1 (4-spool) control solenoid malfunction. Replace solenoid. NO: Main controller (MCF) malfunction. Replace controller. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.)

11412.03 — Hydraulic Fan Pump Control Solenoid Valve Feedback Current High

MS12501,0000060 -19-21FEB06-1/1

Hydraulic Fan Pump Control Solenoid Diagnostics

Hydraulic fan pump control solenoid current 920 mA or higher.

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1	Solenoid Resistance Check	Disconnect harness connector from fan pump control solenoid. Check resistance of solenoid.	YES: Go to Continuity Check.
		Is resistance between 14-21 ohms?	NO: Fan pump control solenoid malfunction. Replace solenoid.
0	Continuity Check	Disconnect harness connectors from main controller (MCF) and fan pump control solenoid.	YES: Go to Solenoid Function Check.
		Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) connector A pin A9 and fan pump control solenoid harness connector pin 1.	NO: Open circuit in harness.
		Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) connector A pin A15 and fan pump control solenoid harness connector pin 2.	Repair or replace harness. See Cab
		Is there continuity between the pins?	Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Pump Harness (W8) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
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8	Solenoid Function Check	Switch fan pump control solenoid with pump 2 (5-spool) control solenoid. Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check for DTC.	YES: Fan pump control solenoid malfunction. Replace solenoid.
		Does diagnostic trouble code follow fan pump control solenoid?	NO: Main controller
		IMPORTANT: Pump learning procedure must be performed after removing or replacing pump control solenoids.	(MCF) malfunction. Replace controller. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.)
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11412.04 — Hydraulic Fan Pump Solenoid Valve Feedback Current Low

Hydraulic Fan Pump Control Solenoid Diagnostics

Hydraulic fan pump control solenoid current 56 mA or less.

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3	Solenoid Resistance Check	Disconnect harness connector from fan pump control solenoid. Check resistance of solenoid.	YES: Go to Continuity Check.
		Is resistance between 14-21 ohms?	NO: Fan pump control solenoid malfunction. Replace solenoid.
	Ocontinuity Check	Disconnect harness connectors from main controller (MCF) and fan pump control solenoid.	YES: Go to Solenoid Function Check.

Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) connector A pin A9 and fan pump control solenoid harness connector pin 1.	NO: Open circuit in harness.
Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) connector A pin A15 and fan pump control solenoid harness connector pin 2.	Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring
Is there continuity between the pins?	Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Pump
	Harness (W8) Wiring Diagram. (Group
	301310.)

Solenoid Function Check	Switch fan pump control solenoid with pump 2 (5-spool) control solenoid. Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check for DTC.	YES: Fan pump control solenoid malfunction. Replace solenoid.
	Does diagnostic trouble code follow fan pump control solenoid?	NO: Main controller (MCF) malfunction.
	IMPORTANT: Pump learning procedure must be performed after removing or replacing pump control solenoids.	Replace controller. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.)

11802.03 — Boom Bottom Pressure Sensor Circuit Voltage High

MS12501,0000062 -19-14JAN06-1/1

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Boom Bottom Pressure Sensor Diagnostics

Boom bottom pressure sensor voltage 4.5 volts or higher.

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Sensor Check	Switch boom bottom pressure sensor with pump 2 delivery pressure sensor. Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check DTCs. Does DTC follow delivery pressure sensor?	YES: Boom bottom pressure sensor malfunction. Replace sensor. NO: Go to Sensor Circuit Check.
Sensor Circuit Check	Disconnect connector to boom bottom pressure sensor.	YES: Go to Open Circuit

	Check.
Check voltage between terminals 1 and 3 of harness.	
	NO: Go to Harness
Is voltage between 4.5—5.5 volts?	Voltage Check.
NOTE: Key Switch: ON	
	1/1

Open Circuit Check	Disconnect connector to boom bottom pressure sensor. Check continuity between main controller (MCF) connector C pin C24 and boom bottom pressure sensor pin 2.	YES: Go to Short Circuit Check. NO: Open in harness.
	Is there continuity between the pins?	Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)

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0001 10 50	Short Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from main controller (MCF) and boom bottom pressure sensor. Check continuity between boom bottom pressure sensor connector pin 2 and power and ground. Is there continuity between pin 2 and power or ground?	YES: Short circuit in harness. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Main controller (MCF) malfunction. Replace controller. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.)
			1/1
	Harness Voltage Check	Disconnect boom bottom pressure sensor from harness. Check voltage between boom bottom pressure sensor connector pin 1 and machine ground. Is voltage between 4.5—5.5 volts? <i>NOTE: Key Switch: On</i>	YES: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and boom bottom pressure sensor pin 3. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and boom bottom pressure sensor pin 1. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)

11802.04 — Boom Bottom Pressure Sensor **Circuit Voltage Low**

MS12501,0000063 -19-21FEB06-1/1

Boom Bottom Pressure Sensor Diagnostics

Boom bottom pressure sensor voltage 0.25 volts or less.

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Sensor Check	Switch boom bottom pressure sensor with pump 2 delivery pressure sensor. Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check DTCs. Does DTC follow delivery pressure sensor?	YES: Boom bottom pressure sensor malfunction. Replace sensor. NO: Go to Sensor Circuit Check.
Sensor Circuit Check	Disconnect connector to boom bottom pressure sensor.	YES: Go to Open Circuit Check.

		Check.
	Check voltage between terminals 1 and 3 of harness.	NO: Go to Harness
	Is voltage between 4.5-5.5 volts?	Voltage Check.
	NOTE: Key Switch: ON	

Open Circuit Check	Disconnect connector to boom bottom pressure sensor. Check continuity between main controller (MCF) connector C pin C24 and boom bottom pressure sensor pin 2.	YES: Go to Short Circuit Check. NO: Open in harness.
	Is there continuity between the pins?	Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)

Short Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from main controller (MCF) and boom bottom pressure sensor. Check continuity between boom bottom pressure sensor connector pin 2 and power and ground. Is there continuity between pin 2 and power or ground?	YES: Short circuit in harness. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Main controller (MCF) malfunction. Replace controller. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.)
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Harness Voltage Check	Disconnect boom bottom pressure sensor from harness. Check voltage between boom bottom pressure sensor connector pin 1 and machine ground. Is voltage between 4.5—5.5 volts? NOTE: Key Switch: On	 YES: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and boom bottom pressure sensor pin 3. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and boom bottom pressure sensor pin 1. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness. See Cab Harness. See Cab wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)

11901.03 — Hydraulic Oil Temperature Sensor Circuit Voltage High

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Hydraulic Oil Temperature Sensor Diagnostics

Hydraulic oil temperature sensor 4.10 volts or higher.

Diagnostic trouble code sets when intake air temperature is 21°C (70°F) or higher and sensor voltage is 4.10 volts or higher for more than 30 seconds.

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Connector Check	Check harness connections to hydraulic oil temperature sensor, MCF and between harness.	YES: Go to Hydraulic Oil Temperature Sensor Check.
	Are connectors clean and free from debris?	
		NO: Repair or replace
	Are pins straight and make a good connection?	connector. See Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)

Hydraulic Oil Temperature Sensor Check	Disconnect hydraulic oil temperature sensor from harness. Check resistance of sensor.		YES: Go to Continuity Check.
	Hydraulic Oil Temperature	Resistance	temperature sensor
	-20°C -4°	14.6—17.8 kΩ	malfunction. Replace sensor.
	0°C 32°F	5.88 kΩ	
	20°C 68°F	2.21—2.69 kΩ	
	40°C 104°F	1.14 kΩ	
	60°C 140°F	0.54 kΩ	
	80°C 176°F	0.32 kΩ	
	Is sensor within specifications?		14

Continuity Check	Connect pin 1 and pin 2 of hydraulic oil temperature sensor harness connector. Check continuity between main controller (MCF) connector D pin D2 and pin D6. Is there continuity between main controller (MCF) connector D pin D2 and pin D6?	YES: Go to Open Circuit Check. NO: Open in harness. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
Open Circuit Check	Connect main controller (MCF) connector D pin D6 to machine ground. Check continuity between hydraulic oil temperature sensor harness connector pin 2 and machine ground. Is there continuity between main controller (MCF) connector and hydraulic oil temperature sensor connector?	YES: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) connector D pin D2 and hydraulic oil temperature sensor connector pin 1. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) connector D pin D6 and hydraulic oil temperature sensor connector pin 2. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
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11901.04 — Hydraulic Oil Temperature Sensor Circuit Voltage Low

MS12501,0000065 -19-21FEB06-1/1

Hydraulic Oil Temperature Sensor Diagnostics

Hydraulic oil temperature sensor 0.23 volts or less.

Diagnostic trouble code sets when intake air temperature is 21°C (70°F) or higher and sensor voltage is less than 0.23 volts for more than 30 seconds.

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Connector Check	Check harness connections to hydraulic oil temperature sensor, MCF and between harness.	YES: Go to Hydraulic Oil Temperature Sensor Check.
	Are connectors clean and free from debris?	
		NO: Repair or replace
	Are pins straight and make a good connection?	connector. See Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
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 Hydraulic Oil Temperature Sensor Check 	Disconnect hydraulic oil temperature sensor from harness. Check resistance of sensor.		YES: Go to Continuity Check.
	Hydraulic Oil Temperature	Resistance	temperature sensor
	-20°C -4°	14.6—17.8 kΩ	malfunction. Replace sensor.
	0°C 32°F	5.88 kΩ	
	20°C 68°F	2.21—2.69 kΩ	
	40°C 104°F	1.14 kΩ	
	60°C 140°F	0.54 kΩ	
	80°C 176°F	0.32 kΩ	
	Is sensor within specifications?		

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Continuity Check	Connect pin 1 and pin 2 of hydraulic oil temperature sensor harness connector. Check continuity between main controller (MCF) connector D pin D2 and pin D6. Is there continuity between main controller (MCF) connector D pin D2 and pin D6?	YES: Go to Open Circuit Check. NO: Open in harness. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
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Open Circuit Check	Connect main controller (MCF) connector D pin D6 to machine ground. Check continuity between hydraulic oil temperature sensor harness connector pin 2 and machine ground. Is there continuity between main controller (MCF) connector and hydraulic oil temperature sensor connector?	YES: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) connector D pin D2 and hydraulic oil temperature sensor connector pin 1. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) connector D pin D6 and hydraulic oil temperature sensor connector pin 2. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)

		Repair or replace
		Harness (W1) Wiring
		Diagram and see
		Machine Harness (W2)
		9015-10.)
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Error	by the ECU and sent	
over CAN.		
		MS12501,0000066 -19-21FEB06-1/1
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Controller Area Network (CAN) Diagnostics

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CAN Harness Check	Check harness connections to controllers and between harnesses. Clear codes and re-check DTCs. Is DTC 11910.02 still present?	YES: Go to Continuity Check MCF and ICF. NO: Main controller (MCF) and harness are OK.
		/
Continuity Check MCF and ICF	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C4 and information controller (ICF) pin C5. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C15 and information controller (ICF) pin C11. Is there continuity between the connectors?	YES: Go to Continuity Check MCF and ECM. NO: Open circuit in CAN between main controller (MCF) and information controller (ICF).
		Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
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Continuity Check MCF and ECM	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C4 and engine control module (ECM) pin 18. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C15 and engine control module (ECM) pin 37. Is there continuity between the connectors?	YES: Go to Continuity Check MCF and Monitor Unit. NO: Open circuit in CAN between main controller (MCF) and engine control module (ECM). Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)

Continuity Check MCF and Monitor Unit	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C4 and monitor controller pin B7. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C15 and monitor controller pin B6. Is there continuity between the connectors?	YES: Go to MCF Short to Ground Check. NO: Open circuit in CAN between main controller (MCF) and monitor controller. Repair or replace harnesses. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Monitor Harness (W3) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
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MCF Short to Ground Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C4 and main controller (MCF) pins A2, A13, B8, and B18. Check for continuity between MCF pin C15 an MCF pins A2, A13, B8, and B18.	YES: CAN circuit short to ground. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group
	Is there continuity between the CAN circuit and ground circuit?	9015-10.) NO: Go to ECM Short to Ground Check.
		1/1
ECM Short to Ground Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 18 (CAN High wire) and engine control module (ECM) pins 1, 3, 4, 43, and 62 (ground).	YES: CAN circuit short to ground. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring
	Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 37 (CAN Low wire) and engine control module (ECM) pins 1, 3, 4, 43, and 62 (ground). Is there continuity between CAN circuit and ground circuit?	Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to ICF Short to Ground Check.
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7	ICF Short to Ground Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller.	YES: CAN circuit short to ground.	
		Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pin C5 and pins C14 and C15.	Repair or replace harness. See Cab	
		Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pin C11 and pins C14 and C15.	Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)	900 10 59
		Is there continuity between CAN circuit and ground circuit?	NO: Go to Monitor Controller Short to Ground Check.	
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8	Monitor Controller Short to Ground	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller.	YES: CAN circuit short to ground.	
	Check	Check for continuity between monitor controller pin B7 and pin B11.	Repair or replace	
		Check for continuity between monitor controller pin B6 and pin B11.	Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group	
		Is there continuity between CAN circuit and ground circuit?	9015-10.)	
			NO: Go to MCF Short to Power Check.	
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9	MCF Short to Power Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller.	YES: CAN circuit short to power.	
		Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C4 and pins A1, A12, B7, and B17.	Repair or replace harness. See Cab	
		Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C15 and pins A1, A12, B7, and B17.	Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)	
		Is there continuity between CAN circuit and power circuit?	NO: Go to ECM Short to Power Check.	
			1/1	
10	ECM Short to Power Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller.	YES: CAN circuit short to power.	
		Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 18 (CAN High wire) and engine control module (ECM) pins 2 and 5 (power).	Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring	
		Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 37 (CAN Low wire) and engine control module (ECM) pins 2 and 5 (power).	Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10)	
			NO: Go to ICF Short to	

Power Check.

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ICF Short to Power Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pin C5 and pins C1 and C2. Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pin C11 and pins C1 and C2. Is there continuity between CAN circuit and power circuit?	YES: CAN circuit short to power. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to Monitor Controller Short to Power Check.
Monitor Controller Short to Power Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between monitor controller pin B7 and A16. Check for continuity between monitor controller pin B6 and A16. Is there continuity between CAN circuit and power circuit?	YES: CAN circuit short to power. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Monitor Harness (W3) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
		NO: Go to MCF Short to Key Switch Signal Check.
MCF Short to Key Switch Signal Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C4 and B16. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C15 and B16. Is there continuity between CAN circuit and key switch signal circuit?	YES: CAN circuit short to key switch signal. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to ECM Short to Key Switch Signal Check.
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ECM Short to Key Switch Signal Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 18 (CAN High wire) and engine control module (ECM) pin 24 (key switch signal wire). Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 37 (CAN Low wire) and engine control module (ECM) pin 24 (key switch signal wire). Is there continuity between CAN circuit and key switch signal circuit?	YES: CAN circuit short to key switch signal. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to ICF Short to Key Switch Signal Check.
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Ð	ICF Short to Key Switch Signal Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pin C5 and C7. Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pin C11 and C7. Is there continuity between CAN circuit and key switch signal circuit?	YES: CAN circuit short to key switch signal. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to Monitor Controller Short to Key Switch Signal Check.
Œ	Monitor Controller Short to Key Switch Signal Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between monitor controller pin B7 and A7. Check for continuity between monitor controller pin B6 and A7. Is there continuity between CAN circuit and key switch signal circuit?	YES: CAN circuit short to key switch signal. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Monitor Harness (W3) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to MCF CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check.
Ð	MCF CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pins C4 and C15. Is there continuity between CAN high and low side wires?	YES: CAN wires short circuit. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to ECM CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check.
ß	ECM CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 18 (CAN High and Low wires). Is there continuity between CAN high and low side wires?	YES: CAN wires short circuit. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to ICF CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check.

ICF CAN High at Low Side Contin Check	d nityDisconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller.Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pins C5 and C11.Is there continuity between CAN high and low side wires?	YES: CAN wires short circuit. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to Monitor Controller CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check.
Monitor Controll CAN High and L Side Continuity Check	 Pr Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between monitor controller pins B6 and B7. Is there continuity between CAN high and low side wires? 	YES: CAN wires short circuit. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Monitor Harness (W3) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to MCF CAN Resistance Check.
MCF CAN Resis Check	anceConnect all connectors except main controller (MCF) connector C (X30).Check resistance between pin C4 and C15.Is resistance between 50—70 Ω?	YES: Go to DTC Check. NO: Go to ICF CAN Resistance Check.
DTC Check	Connect connector to main controller (MCF). Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check for DTCs. Is DTC 11910.02-Actual Engine Speed Message Error still present?	YES: Main controller (MCF) malfunction. Replace. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.) NO: Check harness connection to main controller (MCF).
ICF CAN Resista Check	Accession Connect all connectors except information controller (ICF) connector C (X34). Check resistance between pin C5 and C11. Is resistance between 50—70 Ω.	YES: Go to DTC Check. NO: Go to ECM CAN Resistance Check.

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24	DIC CHECK	Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check for DTCs.	controller (ICF) malfunction. Replace.	
		Is DTC 11910.02-Actual Engine Speed Message Error still present?	No: Check harness connection to information controller (ICF) Remove	9001 10 63
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25	ECM CAN Resistance Check	Connect all connectors except engine control module (ECM) connector.	YES: Go to DTC Check.	
		connector. Is resistance between 110—130 Ω ?	Controller CAN Resistance Check.	
28	DTC Check	Connect connector to engine control module (ECM). Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check for DTCs. Is DTC 11910.02-Actual Engine Speed Message Error still present?	YES: Engine control module (ECM) malfunction. Replace. See Engine Control Module (ECM) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.) NO: Check harness connection to engine control module (ECM).	
27	Monitor Controller CAN Resistance Check	Connect all connectors except monitor controller connector B (X20). Check resistance between pins B6 and B7. Is resistance between 110—130 Ω?	YES: Go to DTC Check. NO: Malfunction in any controller on CAN.	
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23	DTC Check	Connect connector to monitor controller. Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check for DTCs. Is DTC 11910.02-Actual Engine Speed Message Error still present?	YES: Monitor controller malfunction. Replace. See Monitor Controller Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.) NO: Check the connection to monitor controller.	
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11911.02 — Security Signal Message Error

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Controller Area Network (CAN) Diagnostics

CAN Harness Check	Check harness connections to controllers and between harnesses. Clear codes and re-check DTCs. Is DTC 11911.02-Security Signal Message Error still present?	YES: Go to Continuity Check MCF and ICF. NO: Main controller (MCF) and harness are OK.

Continuity Check MCF and ICF	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C4 and information controller (ICF) pin C5.	YES: Go to Continuity Check MCF and ECM.
	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C15 and information controller (ICF) pin C11. Is there continuity between the connectors?	NO: Open circuit in CAN between main controller (MCF) and information controller (ICF).
		Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
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			,
			Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
			Machine Harness (W2)
			Diagram and see
			harness. See Cab
			Repair or replace
	Is there continuity between the connectors?		(MCF) and engine control
			between main controller
	module (ECM) pin 37.		NO: Open circuit in CAN
	Check for continuity between main controller (MCE) nin C15 and or	aina control	Unit.
MCF and ECM	(ECM) pin 18.	, 	Check MCF and Monitor
Continuity Check	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C4 and end	gine control module	YES: Go to Continuity

	Continuity Check MCF and Monitor Unit	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C4 and monitor controller pin B7. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C15 and monitor controller pin B6. Is there continuity between the connectors?	YES: Go to MCF Short to Ground Check. NO: Open circuit in CAN between main controller (MCF) and monitor controller. Repair or replace harnesses. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Monitor Harness (W3) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
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6	MCF Short to Ground Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C4 and main controller (MCF) pins A2, A13, B8, and B18. Check for continuity between MCF pin C15 an MCF pins A2, A13, B8, and B18. Is there continuity between the CAN circuit and ground circuit?	YES: CAN circuit short to ground. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to ECM Short to Ground Check.
			1/1
6	ECM Short to Ground Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 18 (CAN High wire) and engine control module (ECM) pins 1, 3, 4, 43, and 62 (ground). Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 37 (CAN Low wire) and engine control module (ECM) pins 1, 3, 4, 43, and 62 (ground).	YES: CAN circuit short to ground. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2)
		Is there continuity between CAN circuit and ground circuit?	Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)

NO: Go to ICF Short to Ground Check.

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7	ICF Short to Ground Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller.	YES: CAN circuit short to ground.
		Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pin C5 and pins C14 and C15. Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pin C11 and pins C14 and C15.	Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
		Is there continuity between CAN circuit and ground circuit?	NO: Go to Monitor Controller Short to Ground Check.

Monitor Controller Short to Ground Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller.	YES: CAN circuit short to ground.
	Check for continuity between monitor controller pin B7 and pin B11.	Repair or replace harness. See Cab
	Check for continuity between monitor controller pin B6 and pin B11.	Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group
	Is there continuity between CAN circuit and ground circuit?	9015-10.)
		NO: Go to MCF Short to Power Check.
		1/1

MCF Short to Power Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller.	YES: CAN circuit short to power.
	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C4 and pins A1, A12, B7, and B17.	Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring
	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C15 and pins A1, A12, B7, and B17.	Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
	Is there continuity between CAN circuit and power circuit?	NO: Go to ECM Short to Power Check.
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ECM Short to Power Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller.	YES: CAN circuit short to power.
	Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 18 (CAN High wire) and engine control module (ECM) pins 2 and 5 (power).	Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring
	Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 37 (CAN Low wire) and engine control module (ECM) pins 2 and 5 (power).	Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group
	Is there continuity between CAN circuit and power circuit?	9015-10.)
		NO: Go to ICF Short to Power Check.
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0	ICF Short to Power Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pin C5 and pins C1 and C2. Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pin C11 and pins C1 and C2. Is there continuity between CAN circuit and power circuit?	YES: CAN circuit short to power. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to Monitor Controller Short to Power Check.	9001 10 67
P	Monitor Controller Short to Power Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between monitor controller pin B7 and A16. Check for continuity between monitor controller pin B6 and A16. Is there continuity between CAN circuit and power circuit?	YES: CAN circuit short to power. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Monitor Harness (W3) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to MCF Short to Key Switch Signal Check.	
3	MCF Short to Key Switch Signal Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C4 and B16. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C15 and B16. Is there continuity between CAN circuit and key switch signal circuit?	YES: CAN circuit short to key switch signal. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to ECM Short to Key Switch Signal Check.	
•	ECM Short to Key Switch Signal Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 18 (CAN High wire) and engine control module (ECM) pin 24 (key switch signal wire). Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 37 (CAN Low wire) and engine control module (ECM) pin 24 (key switch signal wire). Is there continuity between CAN circuit and key switch signal circuit?	YES: CAN circuit short to key switch signal. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to ICF Short to Key Switch Signal Check.	

ICF Short to Key Switch Signal Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pin C5 and C7. Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pin C11 and C7. Is there continuity between CAN circuit and key switch signal circuit?	YES: CAN circuit short to key switch signal. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to Monitor Controller Short to Key Switch Signal Chock
Monitor Controller	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine	YES: CAN circuit short to
Short to Key Switch Signal Check	 control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between monitor controller pin B7 and A7. Check for continuity between monitor controller pin B6 and A7. Is there continuity between CAN circuit and key switch signal circuit? 	key switch signal. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Monitor Harness (W3) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to MCF CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check. 1/1
MCF CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pins C4 and C15. Is there continuity between CAN high and low side wires?	YES: CAN wires short circuit. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to ECM CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check.
ECM CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 18 (CAN High and Low wires). Is there continuity between CAN high and low side wires?	YES: CAN wires short circuit. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to ICF CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check.

Main Controller	(MCF)	Diagnostic	Trouble	Codes
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ICF CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pins C5 and C11. Is there continuity between CAN high and low side wires?	YES: CAN wires short circuit. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to Monitor Controller CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check.
Monitor Controller CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between monitor controller pins B6 and B7. Is there continuity between CAN high and low side wires?	YES: CAN wires short circuit. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Monitor Harness (W3) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to MCF CAN Resistance Check.
MCF CAN Resistance Check	Connect all connectors except main controller (MCF) connector C (X30). Check resistance between pin C4 and C15. Is resistance between 50—70 Ω ?	YES: Go to DTC Check. NO: Go to ICF CAN Resistance Check.
DTC Check	Connect connector to main controller (MCF). Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check for DTCs. Is DTC 11911.02-Security Signal Message Error still present?	YES: Main controller (MCF) malfunction. Replace. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.) NO: Check harness connection to main controller (MCF).
ICF CAN Resistance Check	Connect all connectors except information controller (ICF) connector C (X34). Check resistance between pin C5 and C11. Is resistance between 50–70 Ω .	YES: Go to DTC Check. NO: Go to ECM CAN Resistance Check.

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1 0 0	DTC Check	Connect connector to information controller (ICF). Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check for DTCs. Is DTC 11911.02-Security Signal Message Error still present?	YES: information controller (ICF) malfunction. Replace. See Information Controller (ICF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.) NO: Check harness connection to information controller (ICF).
			1/1
2	ECM CAN Resistance Check	Connect all connectors except engine control module (ECM) connector. Check resistance between pin 18 (CAN High) and pin 37 (CAN Low) wires in connector. Is resistance between 110—130 Ω?	YES: Go to DTC Check. NO: Go to Monitor Controller CAN Resistance Check.
20	DTC Check	Connect connector to engine control module (ECM). Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check for DTCs. Is DTC 11911.02-Security Signal Message Error still present?	YES: Engine control module (ECM) malfunction. Replace. See Engine Control Module (ECM) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.) NO: Check harness connection to engine control module (ECM).
27	Monitor Controller CAN Resistance Check	Connect all connectors except monitor controller connector B (X20). Check resistance between pins B6 and B7. Is resistance between 110—130 Ω ?	YES: Go to DTC Check. NO: Malfunction in any controller on CAN.
2	DTC Check	Connect connector to monitor controller. Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check for DTCs. Is DTC 11911.02-Security Signal Message Error still present?	YES: Monitor controller malfunction. Replace. See Monitor Controller Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.) NO: Check the connection to monitor controller.

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11914.02 — Radiator Water Temperature Message Error

NOTE: Radiator coolant temperature is determined by the engine control module (ECM) and sent over CAN

Controller Area Network (CAN) Diagnostics

CAN Harness Check	Check harness connections to controllers and between harnesses. Clear codes and re-check DTCs. Is DTC 11914.02-Radiator Water Temperature Message Error still present?	YES: Go to Continuity Check MCF and ICF. NO: Main controller (MCF) and harness are OK.
Continuity Check MCF and ICF	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C4 and information controller (ICF) pin C5. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C15 and information controller (ICF) pin C11. Is there continuity between the connectors?	YES: Go to Continuity Check MCF and ECM. NO: Open circuit in CAN between main controller (MCF) and information controller (ICF). Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)

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Continuity Check MCF and ECM	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C4 and engine control module (ECM) pin 18. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C15 and engine control module (ECM) pin 37. Is there continuity between the connectors?	YES: Go to Continuity Check MCF and Monitor Unit. NO: Open circuit in CAN between main controller (MCF) and engine control module (ECM). Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
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Continuity Check MCF and Monitor Unit	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C4 and monitor controller pin B7. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C15 and monitor controller pin B6. Is there continuity between the connectors?	YES: Go to MCF Short to Ground Check. NO: Open circuit in CAN between main controller (MCF) and monitor controller. Repair or replace harnesses. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Monitor Harness (W3) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
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MCF Short to Ground Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C4 and main controller (MCF) pins A2, A13, B8, and B18. Check for continuity between MCF pin C15 an MCF pins A2, A13, B8, and B18. Is there continuity between the CAN circuit and ground circuit?	YES: CAN circuit short to ground. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to ECM Short to Ground Check.
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6	ECM Short to Ground Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 18 (CAN High wire) and engine control module (ECM) pins 1, 3, 4, 43, and 62 (ground). Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 37 (CAN Low wire) and engine control module (ECM) pins 1, 3, 4, 43, and 62 (ground). Is there continuity between CAN circuit and ground circuit?	YES: CAN circuit short to ground. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to ICF Short to Ground Check.	9001 10 73
			1/1	
7	ICF Short to Ground Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pin C5 and pins C14 and	YES: CAN circuit short to ground. Repair or replace	

C15. Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pin C11 and pins C14 and C15.	harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
Is there continuity between CAN circuit and ground circuit?	NO: Go to Monitor Controller Short to Ground Check.
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8 Monitor Controller Short to Ground Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller.	YES: CAN circuit short to ground.
	Check for continuity between monitor controller pin B7 and pin B11.	Repair or replace harness. See Cab
	Check for continuity between monitor controller pin B6 and pin B11.	Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group
	Is there continuity between CAN circuit and ground circuit?	9015-10.)
		NO: Go to MCF Short to Power Check.
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MCF Short to Power Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller.	YES: CAN circuit short to power.
	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C4 and pins A1, A12, B7, and B17.	Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring
	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C15 and pins A1, A12, B7, and B17.	Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
	Is there continuity between CAN circuit and power circuit?	NO: Go to ECM Short to Power Check.
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ECM Shor Check	rt to Power	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 18 (CAN High wire) and engine control module (ECM) pins 2 and 5 (power). Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 37 (CAN Low wire) and engine control module (ECM) pins 2 and 5 (power). Is there continuity between CAN circuit and power circuit?	YES: CAN circuit short to power. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to ICF Short to Power Check.
			1/1
ICF Short Check	t to Power	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller.	YES: CAN circuit short to power.
		Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pin C5 and pins C1 and C2. Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pin C11 and pins C1 and C2. Is there continuity between CAN circuit and power circuit?	Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
			NO: Go to Monitor Controller Short to Power Check.
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Monitor C Short to F Check	controller Power	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller.	YES: CAN circuit short to power.

Check		
C	Check for continuity between monitor controller pin B7 and A16.	Repair or replace harness. See Cab
C	Check for continuity between monitor controller pin B6 and A16.	Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Monitor
Is	s there continuity between CAN circuit and power circuit?	Harness (W3) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
		NO: Go to MCF Short to Key Switch Signal Check.
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MCF Short to Key Switch Signal Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller.	YES: CAN circuit short to key switch signal.
	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C4 and B16.	Repair or replace harness. See Cab
	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C15 and B16.	Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group
	Is there continuity between CAN circuit and key switch signal circuit?	9015-10.)
		NO: Go to ECM Short to Key Switch Signal Check.
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ECM Short to Key Switch Signal Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 18 (CAN High wire) and engine control module (ECM) pin 24 (key switch signal wire). Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 37 (CAN Low wire) and engine control module (ECM) pin 24 (key switch signal wire). Is there continuity between CAN circuit and key switch signal circuit?	YES: CAN circuit short to key switch signal. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to ICF Short to Key Switch Signal Check.	001 0 5
ICF Short to Key Switch Signal Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pin C5 and C7. Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pin C11 and C7. Is there continuity between CAN circuit and key switch signal circuit?	YES: CAN circuit short to key switch signal. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to Monitor Controller Short to Key Switch Signal Check.	
Monitor Controller Short to Key Switch Signal Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between monitor controller pin B7 and A7. Check for continuity between monitor controller pin B6 and A7. Is there continuity between CAN circuit and key switch signal circuit?	YES: CAN circuit short to key switch signal. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Monitor Harness (W3) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to MCF CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check.	
MCF CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pins C4 and C15. Is there continuity between CAN high and low side wires?	YES: CAN wires short circuit. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to ECM CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check.	

ECM CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 18 (CAN High and Low wires). Is there continuity between CAN high and low side wires?	YES: CAN wires short circuit. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to ICF CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check.
ICF CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pins C5 and C11. Is there continuity between CAN high and low side wires?	YES: CAN wires short circuit. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to Monitor Controller CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check.
Monitor Controller CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between monitor controller pins B6 and B7. Is there continuity between CAN high and low side wires?	YES: CAN wires short circuit. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Monitor Harness (W3) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to MCF CAN Resistance Check.
MCF CAN Resistance Check	Connect all connectors except main controller (MCF) connector C (X30). Check resistance between pin C4 and C15. Is resistance between 50—70 Ω?	YES: Go to DTC Check. NO: Go to ICF CAN Resistance Check.

DTC Check	Connect connector to main controller (MCF). Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check for DTCs. Is DTC 11914.02-Radiator Water Temperature Message Error still present?	YES: Main controller (MCF) malfunction. Replace. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.) NO: Check harness connection to main controller (MCF).
ICF CAN Resistance Check	Connect all connectors except information controller (ICF) connector C (X34). Check resistance between pin C5 and C11. Is resistance between 50—70 Ω .	YES: Go to DTC Check. NO: Go to ECM CAN Resistance Check.
DTC Check	Connect connector to information controller (ICF). Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check for DTCs. Is DTC 11914.02-Radiator Water Temperature Message Error still present?	YES: information controller (ICF) malfunction. Replace. See Information Controller (ICF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.) NO: Check harness connection to information controller (ICF).
ECM CAN Resistance Check	Connect all connectors except engine control module (ECM) connector. Check resistance between pin 18 (CAN High) and pin 37 (CAN Low) wires in connector. Is resistance between 110—130 Ω?	YES: Go to DTC Check. NO: Go to Monitor Controller CAN Resistance Check.
DTC Check	Connect connector to engine control module (ECM). Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check for DTCs. Is DTC 11914.02-Radiator Water Temperature Message Error still present?	YES: Engine control module (ECM) malfunction. Replace. See Engine Control Module (ECM) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.) NO: Check harness connection to engine control module (ECM).

Main Controller (MCF) Diagnostic Trouble Codes		
Monitor Controller CAN Resistance Check	Connect all connectors except monitor controller connector B (X20). Check resistance between pins B6 and B7. Is resistance between 110—130 Ω?	YES: Go to DTC Check. NO: Malfunction in any controller on CAN.
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2 DTC Check	Connect connector to monitor controller. Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check for DTCs. Is DTC 11914.02-Radiator Water Temperature Message Error still present?	YES: Monitor controller malfunction. Replace. See Monitor Controller Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.) NO: Check the connection to monitor controller.
	 Monitor Controller CAN Resistance Check DTC Check 	Main Controller (MCF) Diagnostic Trouble Codes Monitor Controller CAN Resistance Check Connect all connectors except monitor controller connector B (X20). Check resistance between pins B6 and B7. Is resistance between 110—130 Ω? DTC Check Connect connector to monitor controller. Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check for DTCs. Is DTC 11914.02-Radiator Water Temperature Message Error still present?

11918.02 — Work Mode Message Error

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Controller Area Network (CAN) Diagnostics

CAN Harness Check	Check harness connections to controllers and between harnesses. Clear codes and re-check DTCs. Is DTC 11918.02-Work Mode Message Error still present?	YES: Go to Continuity Check MCF and ICF. NO: Main controller (MCF) and harness are OK.
Continuity Check MCF and ICF	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C4 and information controller (ICF) pin C5. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C15 and information controller (ICF) pin C11. Is there continuity between the connectors?	YES: Go to Continuity Check MCF and ECM. NO: Open circuit in CAN between main controller (MCF) and information controller (ICF). Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)

Continuity Check MCF and ECM	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C4 and engine control module (ECM) pin 18. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C15 and engine control module (ECM) pin 37. Is there continuity between the connectors?	YES: Go to Continuity Check MCF and Monitor Unit. NO: Open circuit in CAN between main controller (MCF) and engine control module (ECM). Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)	9001 10 79
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Continuity Check MCF and Monitor Unit	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C4 and monitor controller pin B7. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C15 and monitor controller pin B6. Is there continuity between the connectors?	YES: Go to MCF Short to Ground Check. NO: Open circuit in CAN between main controller (MCF) and monitor controller. Repair or replace harnesses. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Monitor Harness (W3) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)	
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MCF Short to Ground Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C4 and main controller (MCF) pins A2, A13, B8, and B18. Check for continuity between MCF pin C15 an MCF pins A2, A13, B8, and B18. Is there continuity between the CAN circuit and ground circuit?	YES: CAN circuit short to ground. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to ECM Short to Ground Check.	

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01 0 30	6 ECM Short to Ground Check	 Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 18 (CAN High wire) and engine control module (ECM) pins 1, 3, 4, 43, and 62 (ground). Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 37 (CAN Low wire) and engine control module (ECM) pins 1, 3, 4, 43, and 62 (ground). Is there continuity between CAN circuit and ground circuit? 	YES: CAN circuit short to ground. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to ICF Short to Ground Check.
	ICF Short to Ground Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pin C5 and pins C14 and C15. Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pin C11 and pins C14 and C15. Is there continuity between CAN circuit and ground circuit?	YES: CAN circuit short to ground. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to Monitor Controller Short to Ground Check.

Ø Monitor Controller Short to Ground Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller.	YES: CAN circuit short to ground.
	Check for continuity between monitor controller pin B7 and pin B11.	Repair or replace harness. See Cab
	Check for continuity between monitor controller pin B6 and pin B11.	Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group
	Is there continuity between CAN circuit and ground circuit?	9015-10.)
		NO: Go to MCF Short to Power Check.
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MCF Short to Power Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller.	YES: CAN circuit short to power.
	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C4 and pins A1, A12, B7, and B17.	Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring
	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C15 and pins A1, A12, B7, and B17.	Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
	Is there continuity between CAN circuit and power circuit?	NO: Go to ECM Short to Power Check.
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10	ECM Short to Power Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller.	YES: CAN circuit short to power.	
		Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 18 (CAN High wire) and engine control module (ECM) pins 2 and 5 (power).	Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and soo	900
		engine control module (ECM) pins 2 and 5 (power). Is there continuity between CAN circuit and power circuit?	Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)	10 81
			NO: Go to ICF Short to Power Check.	
			1/1	
Ð	ICF Short to Power Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller.	YES: CAN circuit short to power.	
		Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pin C5 and pins C1 and C2.	Repair or replace harness. See Cab	
		Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pin C11 and pins C1 and C2.	Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group	
		Is there continuity between CAN circuit and power circuit?	9015-10.)	

Monitor Controller Short to Power Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller.	YES: CAN circuit short to power.
	Check for continuity between monitor controller pin B7 and A16.	Repair or replace harness. See Cab
	Check for continuity between monitor controller pin B6 and A16.	Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Monitor
	Is there continuity between CAN circuit and power circuit?	Harness (W3) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
		NO: Go to MCF Short to Key Switch Signal Check

MCF Short to Key Switch Signal Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller.	YES: CAN circuit short to key switch signal.
	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C4 and B16.	Repair or replace harness. See Cab
	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C15 and B16.	Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group
	Is there continuity between CAN circuit and key switch signal circuit?	9015-10.)
		NO: Go to ECM Short to Key Switch Signal Check.
		1/1

NO: Go to Monitor Controller Short to Power

Check.

9001 10 82	ECM Short to Key Switch Signal Check	 Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 18 (CAN High wire) and engine control module (ECM) pin 24 (key switch signal wire). Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 37 (CAN Low wire) and engine control module (ECM) pin 24 (key switch signal wire). Is there continuity between CAN circuit and key switch signal circuit? 	YES: CAN circuit short to key switch signal. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to ICF Short to Key Switch Signal Check.
	ICF Short to Key Switch Signal Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pin C5 and C7. Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pin C11 and C7. Is there continuity between CAN circuit and key switch signal circuit?	YES: CAN circuit short to key switch signal. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to Monitor Controller Short to Key Switch Signal Check.
	Monitor Controller Short to Key Switch Signal Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between monitor controller pin B7 and A7. Check for continuity between monitor controller pin B6 and A7. Is there continuity between CAN circuit and key switch signal circuit?	YES: CAN circuit short to key switch signal. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Monitor Harness (W3) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to MCF CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check.
	MCF CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pins C4 and C15. Is there continuity between CAN high and low side wires?	YES: CAN wires short circuit. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to ECM CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check.

ECM CAN High a Low Side Contin Check	nd uityDisconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller.Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 18 (CAN High and Low wires).Is there continuity between CAN high and low side wires?	YES: CAN wires short circuit. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to ICF CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check. 1/1
ICF CAN High ar Low Side Contin Check	d Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pins C5 and C11. Is there continuity between CAN high and low side wires?	YES: CAN wires short circuit. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to Monitor Controller CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check.
Monitor Controll CAN High and Lo Side Continuity Check	er Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between monitor controller pins B6 and B7. Is there continuity between CAN high and low side wires?	YES: CAN wires short circuit. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Monitor Harness (W3) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to MCF CAN Resistance Check.
MCF CAN Resist Check	ance Connect all connectors except main controller (MCF) connector C (X30). Check resistance between pin C4 and C15. Is resistance between 50—70 Ω?	YES: Go to DTC Check. NO: Go to ICF CAN Resistance Check.

Main Controller (M	CF) Diagnostic	Trouble Codes
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2 DTC Check	Connect connector to main controller (MCF). Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check for DTCs. Is DTC 11918.02-Work Mode Message Error still present?	YES: Main controller (MCF) malfunction. Replace. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.) NO: Check harness connection to main controller (MCF).
		1/1
ICF CAN Resistance Check	Connect all connectors except information controller (ICF) connector C (X34). Check resistance between pin C5 and C11. Is resistance between 50—70 Ω .	YES: Go to DTC Check. NO: Go to ECM CAN Resistance Check.
		171
DTC Check	Connect connector to information controller (ICF). Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check for DTCs. Is DTC 11918.02-Work Mode Message Error still present?	YES: information controller (ICF) malfunction. Replace. See Information Controller (ICF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.) NO: Check harness connection to information controller (ICF).
		1/1
ECM CAN Resistance Check	Connect all connectors except engine control module (ECM) connector. Check resistance between pin 18 (CAN High) and pin 37 (CAN Low) wires in connector. Is resistance between 110—130 Ω?	YES: Go to DTC Check. NO: Go to Monitor Controller CAN Resistance Check.
DTC Check	Connect connector to engine control module (ECM). Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check for DTCs. Is DTC 11918.02-Work Mode Message Error still present?	YES: Engine control module (ECM) malfunction. Replace. See Engine Control Module (ECM) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.) NO: Check harness connection to engine control module (ECM).
		1/1
TM2361 (24JUN08)	9001-10-84 450DLC Excav	ator Operation and Tests

Monitor Controller CAN Resistance Check	Connect all connectors except monitor controller connector B (X20). Check resistance between pins B6 and B7. Is resistance between 110—130 Ω ?	YES: Go to DTC Check. NO: Malfunction in any controller on CAN. 1/1 9001
DTC Check	Connect connector to monitor controller. Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check for DTCs. Is DTC 11918.02-Work Mode Message Error still present?	YES: Monitor controller malfunction. Replace. See Monitor Controller Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.) NO: Check the connection to monitor controller.

11920.02 — Fuel Flow Rate Message Error

MS12501,000006A -19-17JAN06-1/1

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Controller Area Network (CAN) Diagnostics

CAN Harness Check	Check harness connections to controllers and between harnesses. Clear codes and re-check DTCs. Is DTC 11920.02-Fuel Flow Rate Message Error still present?	YES: Go to Continuity Check MCF and ICF. NO: Main controller (MCF) and harness are OK.
Continuity Check MCF and ICF	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C4 and information controller (ICF) pin C5. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C15 and information controller (ICF) pin C11. Is there continuity between the connectors?	YES: Go to Continuity Check MCF and ECM. NO: Open circuit in CAN between main controller (MCF) and information controller (ICF). Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)

Continuity Check MCF and ECM	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C4 and engine control module (ECM) pin 18. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C15 and engine control module (ECM) pin 37. Is there continuity between the connectors?	YES: Go to Continuity Check MCF and Monitor Unit. NO: Open circuit in CAN between main controller (MCF) and engine control module (ECM). Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
Continuity Check MCF and Monitor Unit	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C4 and monitor controller pin B7. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C15 and monitor controller pin B6. Is there continuity between the connectors?	YES: Go to MCF Short to Ground Check. NO: Open circuit in CAN between main controller (MCF) and monitor controller. Repair or replace harnesses. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Monitor Harness (W3) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
MCF Short to Ground Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C4 and main controller (MCF) pins A2, A13, B8, and B18. Check for continuity between MCF pin C15 an MCF pins A2, A13, B8, and B18. Is there continuity between the CAN circuit and ground circuit?	YES: CAN circuit short to ground. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to ECM Short to Ground Check.

ECM Short to Ground Check	 Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 18 (CAN High wire) and engine control module (ECM) pins 1, 3, 4, 43, and 62 (ground). Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 37 (CAN Low wire) and engine control module (ECM) pins 1, 3, 4, 43, and 62 (ground). Is there continuity between CAN circuit and ground circuit? 	YES: CAN circuit short to ground. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to ICF Short to Ground Check	9001 10 87
ICF Short to Ground Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pin C5 and pins C14 and	YES: CAN circuit short to ground.	

C15. Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pin C11 and pins C14 and C15.	harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
Is there continuity between CAN circuit and ground circuit?	NO: Go to Monitor Controller Short to Ground Check.
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8 Monitor Controller Short to Ground Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller.	YES: CAN circuit short to ground.
	Check for continuity between monitor controller pin B7 and pin B11.	Repair or replace harness. See Cab
	Check for continuity between monitor controller pin B6 and pin B11.	Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group
	Is there continuity between CAN circuit and ground circuit?	9015-10.)
		NO: Go to MCF Short to Power Check.
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MCF Short to Power Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller.	YES: CAN circuit short to power.
	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C4 and pins A1, A12, B7, and B17.	Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring
	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C15 and pins A1, A12, B7, and B17.	Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
	Is there continuity between CAN circuit and power circuit?	NO: Go to ECM Short to Power Check.
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)1 10 38	ECM Short to Power Check	 Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 18 (CAN High wire) and engine control module (ECM) pins 2 and 5 (power). Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 37 (CAN Low wire) and engine control module (ECM) pins 2 and 5 (power). Is there continuity between CAN circuit and power circuit? 	YES: CAN circuit short to power. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to ICF Short to Power Check.
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	ICF Short to Power Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller.	YES: CAN circuit short to power.
		Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pin C5 and pins C1 and C2.	Repair or replace
		Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pin C11 and pins C1 and C2.	narness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group
		Is there continuity between CAN circuit and power circuit?	9015-10.)
			NO: Go to Monitor Controller Short to Power Check.

Monitor Controller Short to Power Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller.	YES: CAN circuit short to power.
CHOCK	Check for continuity between monitor controller pin B7 and A16.	Repair or replace harness. See Cab
	Check for continuity between monitor controller pin B6 and A16.	Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Monitor
	Is there continuity between CAN circuit and power circuit?	Harness (W3) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
		NO: Go to MCF Short to Key Switch Signal Check.
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MCF Short to Key Switch Signal Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller.	YES: CAN circuit short to key switch signal.
	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C4 and B16.	Repair or replace harness. See Cab
	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C15 and B16.	Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group
	Is there continuity between CAN circuit and key switch signal circuit?	9015-10.)
		NO: Go to ECM Short to Key Switch Signal Check.

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ECM Short to Key Switch Signal Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 18 (CAN High wire) and engine control module (ECM) pin 24 (key switch signal wire). Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 37 (CAN Low wire) and engine control module (ECM) pin 24 (key switch signal wire). Is there continuity between CAN circuit and key switch signal circuit?	YES: CAN circuit short to key switch signal. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to ICF Short to Key Switch Signal Check.
ICF Short to Key Switch Signal Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pin C5 and C7. Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pin C11 and C7. Is there continuity between CAN circuit and key switch signal circuit?	YES: CAN circuit short to key switch signal. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to Monitor Controller Short to Key Switch Signal Check.
Monitor Controller Short to Key Switch Signal Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between monitor controller pin B7 and A7. Check for continuity between monitor controller pin B6 and A7. Is there continuity between CAN circuit and key switch signal circuit?	YES: CAN circuit short to key switch signal. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Monitor Harness (W3) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to MCF CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check.
MCF CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pins C4 and C15. Is there continuity between CAN high and low side wires?	YES: CAN wires short circuit. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to ECM CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check.

ECM CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 18 (CAN High and Low wires). Is there continuity between CAN high and low side wires?	YES: CAN wires short circuit. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to ICF CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check.	
ICF CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pins C5 and C11. Is there continuity between CAN high and low side wires?	YES: CAN wires short circuit. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to Monitor Controller CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check.	
Monitor Controller CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between monitor controller pins B6 and B7. Is there continuity between CAN high and low side wires?	YES: CAN wires short circuit. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Monitor Harness (W3) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to MCF CAN Resistance Check.	
MCF CAN Resistance Check	Connect all connectors except main controller (MCF) connector C (X30). Check resistance between pin C4 and C15. Is resistance between 50—70 Ω?	YES: Go to DTC Check. NO: Go to ICF CAN Resistance Check.	

DTC Check	Connect connector to main controller (MCF). Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check for DTCs. Is DTC 11920.02-Fuel Flow Rate Message Error still present?	YES: Main controller (MCF) malfunction. Replace. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.) NO: Check harness connection to main controller (MCF).	9001 10 91
ICF CAN Resistance Check	Connect all connectors except information controller (ICF) connector C (X34). Check resistance between pin C5 and C11.	YES: Go to DTC Check. NO: Go to ECM CAN Resistance Check.	
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2 DTC Check	Connect connector to information controller (ICF). Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check for DTCs. Is DTC 11920.02-Fuel Flow Rate Message Error still present?	YES: information controller (ICF) malfunction. Replace. See Information Controller (ICF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.) NO: Check harness connection to information controller (ICF).	
ECM CAN Resistance Check	Connect all connectors except engine control module (ECM) connector. Check resistance between pin 18 (CAN High) and pin 37 (CAN Low) wires in connector. Is resistance between 110—130 Ω?	YES: Go to DTC Check. NO: Go to Monitor Controller CAN Resistance Check.	
DTC Check	Connect connector to engine control module (ECM). Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check for DTCs. Is DTC 11920.02-Fuel Flow Rate Message Error still present?	YES: Engine control module (ECM) malfunction. Replace. See Engine Control Module (ECM) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.) NO: Check harness connection to engine control module (ECM).	

	Monitor Controller CAN Resistance Check	Connect all connectors except monitor controller connector B (X20). Check resistance between pins B6 and B7. Is resistance between 110—130 Ω?	YES: Go to DTC Check. NO: Malfunction in any controller on CAN.
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92	DTC Check	Connect connector to monitor controller. Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check for DTCs. Is DTC 11920.02-Fuel Flow Rate Message Error still present?	YES: Monitor controller malfunction. Replace. See Monitor Controller Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.) NO: Check the connection to monitor controller.
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11976.03 — Auxiliary Valve 2 Feedback Current High

Diagnostic Trouble Code Not Applicable to This Machine.

MS12501,000006B -19-17JAN06-1/1

11976.04 — Auxiliary Valve 2 Feedback Current Low

Diagnostic Trouble Code Not Applicable to This Machine.

MS12501,000006C -19-17JAN06-1/1

TM2361 (24JUN08)

11977.03 — Auxiliary Valve 1 Feedback Current High

Diagnostic Trouble Code Not Applicable to This Machine.

MS12501,000006D -19-17JAN06-1/1

11977.04 — Auxiliary Valve 1 Feedback Current Low

Diagnostic Trouble Code Not Applicable to This Machine.

MS12501,000006E -19-17JAN06-1/1

11980.03 — ATT Relief Change Valve Feedback Current High

Diagnostic Trouble Code Not Applicable to This Machine.

MS12501,000006F -19-17JAN06-1/1

11980.04 — ATT Relief Change Valve Feedback Current Low

Diagnostic Trouble Code Not Applicable to This Machine.

11981.03 — Fan Reversing Solenoid Valve 2 Feedback Current High

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MS12501,0000071 -19-17JAN06-1/1

Fan Reversing Solenoid 2 Diagnostics

Hydraulic fan reversing solenoid current 920 mA or higher.

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		Is resistance between 40-60 ohms?	NO: Fan reversing solenoid 2 malfunction.
0	Solenoid Resistance Check	Disconnect harness connector from fan reversing solenoid 2. Check resistance of solenoid.	YES: Go to Continuity Check.

Continuity Check	Disconnect harness connectors from main controller (MCF) and fan reversing solenoid 2.	YES: Fan reversing solenoid 2 malfunction.
	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) connector A pin A32 and fan reversing solenoid 2 harness connector pin 1.	NO: Open circuit in harness.
	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) connector A pin A29 and fan reversing solenoid 2 harness connector pin 2.	Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring
	Is there continuity between the pins?	Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
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11981.04 — Fan Reversing Solenoid Valve 2 Feedback Current Low

MS12501,0000072 -19-17JAN06-1/1

Fan Reversing Solenoid 2 Diagnostics

Hydraulic fan reversing solenoid current 56 mA or less.

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	Is resistance between 40-60 ohms?	NO: Fan reversing solenoid 2 malfunction.
Solenoid Resistance Check	Disconnect harness connector from fan reversing solenoid 2. Check resistance of solenoid.	YES: Go to Continuity Check.

Ocontinuity Check	Disconnect harness connectors from main controller (MCF) and fan reversing solenoid 2.	YES: Fan reversing solenoid 2 malfunction.
	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) connector A pin A32 and fan reversing solenoid 2 harness connector pin 1.	NO: Open circuit in harness.
	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) connector A pin A29 and fan reversing solenoid 2 harness connector pin 2. Is there continuity between the pins?	Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
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11982.03 — Fan Reversing Solenoid Valve 1 Feedback Current High

MS12501,0000073 -19-17JAN06-1/1

Fan Reversing Solenoid 1 Diagnostics

Hydraulic fan reversing solenoid current 920 mA or higher.

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0	Solenoid Resistance Check	Disconnect harness connector from fan reversing solenoid 1. Check resistance of solenoid. Is resistance between 40—60 ohms?	YES: Go to Continuity Check. NO: Fan reversing solenoid 1 malfunction.
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0	Continuity Check	Disconnect harness connectors from main controller (MCF) and fan reversing solenoid 1. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) connector A pin A31 and fan reversing solenoid 1 harness connector pin 1. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) connector A pin A5 and fan reversing solenoid 1 harness connector pin 2. Is there continuity between the pins?	YES: Fan reversing solenoid 1 malfunction. NO: Open circuit in harness. Repair or replace harness (We Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Engine Interface Harness (W5) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
TN			w Onewation and Tests

11982.04 — Fan Reversing Solenoid Valve 1 Feedback Current Low

9001 10 96

MS12501,0000074 -19-17JAN06-1/1

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Fan Reversing Solenoid 1 Diagnostics

Hydraulic fan reversing solenoid current 56 mA or less.

	Solenoid Resistance Check	Disconnect harness connector from fan reversing solenoid 1. Check resistance of solenoid.	YES: Go to Continuity Check.
		Is resistance between 40-60 ohms?	NO: Fan reversing solenoid 1 malfunction.
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Continuity Check	Disconnect harness connectors from main controller (MCF) and fan reversing solenoid 1.	YES: Fan reversing solenoid 1 malfunction.
	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) connector A pin A31 and fan reversing solenoid 1 harness connector pin 1.	NO: Open circuit in harness.
	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) connector A pin A5 and fan reversing solenoid 1 harness connector pin 2. Is there continuity between the pins?	Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Engine Interface Harness (W5) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
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11983.02 — Intake Air Temperature Message Error

MS12501,0000075 -19-17JAN06-1/1

Controller Area Network (CAN) Diagnostics

CAN Harness Check	Check harness connections to controllers and between harnesses. Clear codes and re-check DTCs. Is DTC 11983.02-Intake Air Temperature Message Error still present?	YES: Go to Continuity Check MCF and ICF. NO: Main controller (MCF) and harness are OK.
Continuity Check MCF and ICF	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C4 and information controller (ICF) pin C5. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C15 and information controller (ICF) pin C11. Is there continuity between the connectors?	YES: Go to Continuity Check MCF and ECM. NO: Open circuit in CAN between main controller (MCF) and information controller (ICF). Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
Continuity Check MCF and ECM	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C4 and engine control module (ECM) pin 18. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C15 and engine control module (ECM) pin 37. Is there continuity between the connectors?	YES: Go to Continuity Check MCF and Monitor Unit. NO: Open circuit in CAN between main controller (MCF) and engine control module (ECM). Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring

Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group

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9015-10.)

Continuity Check MCF and Monitor Unit	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C4 and monitor controller pin B7. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C15 and monitor controller pin B6. Is there continuity between the connectors?	YES: Go to MCF Short to Ground Check. NO: Open circuit in CAN between main controller (MCF) and monitor controller. Repair or replace harnesses. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Monitor Harness (W3) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
		1/1
MCF Short to Ground Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C4 and main controller (MCF) pins A2, A13, B8, and B18.	YES: CAN circuit short to ground. Repair or replace harness. See Cab
	Check for continuity between MCF pin C15 an MCF pins A2, A13, B8, and B18. Is there continuity between the CAN circuit and ground circuit?	Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to ECM Short to Ground Check.
		1/1
ECM Short to Ground Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller.	YES: CAN circuit short to ground.
	Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 18 (CAN High wire) and engine control module (ECM) pins 1, 3, 4, 43, and 62 (ground). Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 37 (CAN Low wire) and engine control module (ECM) pins 1, 3, 4, 43, and 62 (ground). Is there continuity between CAN circuit and ground circuit?	Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
		NO: Go to ICF Short to Ground Check.
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7	ICF Short to Ground Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller.	YES: CAN circuit short to ground.
		Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pin C5 and pins C14 and C15.	Repair or replace harness. See Cab
		Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pin C11 and pins C14 and C15.	Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
		Is there continuity between CAN circuit and ground circuit?	NO: Go to Monitor Controller Short to Ground Check.
			1/1
8	Monitor Controller Short to Ground	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller.	YES: CAN circuit short to ground.
	Check	Check for continuity between monitor controller pin B7 and pin B11.	Repair or replace
		Check for continuity between monitor controller pin B6 and pin B11.	Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group
		Is there continuity between CAN circuit and ground circuit?	9015-10.)
			NO: Go to MCF Short to Power Check.
			1/1
9	MCF Short to Power Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller.	YES: CAN circuit short to power.
		Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C4 and pins A1, A12, B7, and B17.	Repair or replace harness. See Cab
		Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C15 and pins A1, A12, B7, and B17.	Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
		Is there continuity between CAN circuit and power circuit?	NO: Go to ECM Short to Power Check.
			1/1
D	ECM Short to Power Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller.	YES: CAN circuit short to power.
		Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 18 (CAN High wire) and engine control module (ECM) pins 2 and 5 (power).	Repair or replace harness. See Cab
		Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 37 (CAN Low wire) and engine control module (ECM) pins 2 and 5 (power).	Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group
		Is there continuity between CAN circuit and power circuit?	9015-10.)
			NO: Go to ICF Short to Power Check.

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	ICF Short to Power Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pin C5 and pins C1 and C2. Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pin C11 and pins C1 and C2. Is there continuity between CAN circuit and power circuit?	YES: CAN circuit short to power. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to Monitor Controller Short to Power Check.
1	Monitor Controller Short to Power Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between monitor controller pin B7 and A16. Check for continuity between monitor controller pin B6 and A16. Is there continuity between CAN circuit and power circuit?	YES: CAN circuit short to power. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Monitor Harness (W3) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to MCF Short to Key Switch Signal Check.
			1/1
1	MCF Short to Key Switch Signal Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C4 and B16. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C15 and B16. Is there continuity between CAN circuit and key switch signal circuit?	YES: CAN circuit short to key switch signal. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to ECM Short to Key Switch Signal Check.
			1/1
1	ECM Short to Key Switch Signal Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 18 (CAN High wire) and engine control module (ECM) pin 24 (key switch signal wire). Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 37 (CAN Low wire) and engine control module (ECM) pin 24 (key switch signal wire). Is there continuity between CAN circuit and key switch signal circuit?	YES: CAN circuit short to key switch signal. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to ICF Short to Key Switch Signal Check.

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Ð	ICF Short to Key Switch Signal Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pin C5 and C7. Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pin C11 and C7. Is there continuity between CAN circuit and key switch signal circuit?	YES: CAN circuit short to key switch signal. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to Monitor Controller Short to Key Switch Signal Check.
đ	Monitor Controller Short to Key Switch Signal Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between monitor controller pin B7 and A7. Check for continuity between monitor controller pin B6 and A7. Is there continuity between CAN circuit and key switch signal circuit?	YES: CAN circuit short to key switch signal. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Monitor Harness (W3) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to MCF CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check.
Ð	MCF CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pins C4 and C15. Is there continuity between CAN high and low side wires?	YES: CAN wires short circuit. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to ECM CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check.
æ	ECM CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 18 (CAN High and Low wires). Is there continuity between CAN high and low side wires?	YES: CAN wires short circuit. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to ICF CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check.

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	20	Monitor Controller CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between monitor controller pins B6 and B7. Is there continuity between CAN high and low side wires?	YES: CAN wires short circuit. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Monitor Harness (W3) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to MCF CAN Resistance Check.
	21	MCF CAN Resistance Check	Connect all connectors except main controller (MCF) connector C (X30). Check resistance between pin C4 and C15. Is resistance between 50—70 Ω?	YES: Go to DTC Check. NO: Go to ICF CAN Resistance Check.
	Ð	DTC Check	Connect connector to main controller (MCF). Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check for DTCs. Is DTC 11983.02-Intake Air Temperature Message Error still present?	YES: Main controller (MCF) malfunction. Replace. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.) NO: Check harness connection to main controller (MCF).
	23	ICF CAN Resistance Check	Connect all connectors except information controller (ICF) connector C (X34). Check resistance between pin C5 and C11. Is resistance between 50—70 Ω .	YES: Go to DTC Check. NO: Go to ECM CAN Resistance Check.

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DTC Check	Connect connector to information controller (ICF). Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check for DTCs. Is DTC 11983.02-Intake Air Temperature Message Error still present?	YES: information controller (ICF) malfunction. Replace. See Information Controller (ICF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.) NO: Check harness connection to information controller (ICF).
ECM CAN Resistance Check	Connect all connectors except engine control module (ECM) connector. Check resistance between pin 18 (CAN High) and pin 37 (CAN Low) wires in connector. Is resistance between 110—130 Ω?	YES: Go to DTC Check. NO: Go to Monitor Controller CAN Resistance Check.
DTC Check	Connect connector to engine control module (ECM). Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check for DTCs. Is DTC 11983.02-Intake Air Temperature Message Error still present?	YES: Engine control module (ECM) malfunction. Replace. See Engine Control Module (ECM) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.) NO: Check harness connection to engine control module (ECM).
Monitor Controller CAN Resistance Check	Connect all connectors except monitor controller connector B (X20). Check resistance between pins B6 and B7. Is resistance between 110–130 Ω ?	YES: Go to DTC Check. NO: Malfunction in any controller on CAN.
DTC Check	Connect connector to monitor controller. Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check for DTCs. Is DTC 11983.02-Intake Air Temperature Message Error still present?	YES: Monitor controller malfunction. Replace. See Monitor Controller Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.) NO: Check the connection to monitor controller.

11984.02 — Boost Temperature Message Error

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Controller Area Network (CAN) Diagnostics

 ① CAN Harness Check
 Check harness connections to controllers and between harnesses.
 YES: Go to Continuity Check MCF and ICF.

 Clear codes and re-check DTCs.
 Is DTC 11984.02-Boost Temperature Message Error still present?
 NO: Main controller (MCF) and harness are OK.

Continuity Check MCF and ICF	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C4 and information controller (ICF) pin C5.	YES: Go to Continuity Check MCF and ECM.
	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C15 and information controller (ICF) pin C11. Is there continuity between the connectors?	NO: Open circuit in CAN between main controller (MCF) and information controller (ICF).
		Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)

Is	s there continuity between the connectors?	(MCF) and engine control module (ECM). Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
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4	⁹ Continuity Check MCF and Monitor Unit	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C4 and monitor controller pin B7. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C15 and monitor controller pin B6. Is there continuity between the connectors?	YES: Go to MCF Short to Ground Check. NO: Open circuit in CAN between main controller (MCF) and monitor controller. Repair or replace harnesses. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Monitor Harness (W3) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
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6	MCF Short to Ground Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C4 and main controller (MCF) pins A2, A13, B8, and B18. Check for continuity between MCF pin C15 an MCF pins A2, A13, B8, and B18. Is there continuity between the CAN circuit and ground circuit?	YES: CAN circuit short to ground. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to ECM Short to Ground Check.
6	ECM Short to Ground Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 18 (CAN High wire) and engine control module (ECM) pins 1, 3, 4, 43, and 62 (ground). Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 37 (CAN Low wire) and engine control module (ECM) pins 1, 3, 4, 43, and 62 (ground).	YES: CAN circuit short to ground. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2)
		Is there continuity between CAN circuit and ground circuit?	9015-10.)

NO: Go to ICF Short to Ground Check.

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7	ICF Short to Ground Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller.	YES: CAN circuit short to ground.
1 0 6		Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pin C5 and pins C14 and C15. Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pin C11 and pins C14 and C15. Is there continuity between CAN circuit and ground circuit?	Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to Monitor Controller Short to Ground Check.
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8	Monitor Controller	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine	YES: CAN circuit short to

Monitor Controller Short to Ground Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller.	YES: CAN circuit short to ground.
	Check for continuity between monitor controller pin B7 and pin B11.	Repair or replace harness. See Cab
	Check for continuity between monitor controller pin B6 and pin B11.	Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group
	Is there continuity between CAN circuit and ground circuit?	9015-10.)
		NO: Go to MCF Short to Power Check.

MCF Short to Power Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller.	YES: CAN circuit short to power.
	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C4 and pins A1, A12, B7, and B17.	Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring
	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C15 and pins A1, A12, B7, and B17.	Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
	Is there continuity between CAN circuit and power circuit?	NO: Go to ECM Short to Power Check.
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ECM Short to Power Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller.	YES: CAN circuit short to power.
	Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 18 (CAN High wire) and engine control module (ECM) pins 2 and 5 (power).	Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring
	Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 37 (CAN Low wire) and engine control module (ECM) pins 2 and 5 (power).	Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group
	Is there continuity between CAN circuit and power circuit?	9015-10.)
		NO: Go to ICF Short to Power Check.
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Ð	ICF Short to Power Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pin C5 and pins C1 and C2. Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pin C11 and pins C1 and C2. Is there continuity between CAN circuit and power circuit?	YES: CAN circuit short to power. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to Monitor Controller Short to Power Check.	9001 10 ,107
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Ð	Monitor Controller Short to Power Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between monitor controller pin B7 and A16.	YES: CAN circuit short to power. Repair or replace	
		Check for continuity between monitor controller pin B6 and A16.	Harness (W1) Wiring	
		Is there continuity between CAN circuit and power circuit?	Diagram and see Monitor Harness (W3) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)	
			NO: Go to MCF Short to Key Switch Signal Check.	
			1/1]
B	MCF Short to Key Switch Signal Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C4 and B16. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C15 and B16. Is there continuity between CAN circuit and key switch signal circuit?	YES: CAN circuit short to key switch signal. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)	
			NO: Go to ECM Short to Key Switch Signal Check.	
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14	ECM Short to Key Switch Signal Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller.	YES: CAN circuit short to key switch signal.	
		Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 18 (CAN High wire) and engine control module (ECM) pin 24 (key switch signal wire). Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 37 (CAN Low wire) and engine control module (ECM) pin 24 (key switch signal wire). Is there continuity between CAN circuit and key switch signal circuit?	Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)	
			NO: Go to ICF Short to Key Switch Signal Check.	
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ICF Short to Key Switch Signal Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pin C5 and C7. Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pin C11 and C7. Is there continuity between CAN circuit and key switch signal circuit?	YES: CAN circuit short to key switch signal. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to Monitor Controller Short to Key Switch Signal Check.
Monitor Controller Short to Key Switch Signal Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between monitor controller pin B7 and A7. Check for continuity between monitor controller pin B6 and A7. Is there continuity between CAN circuit and key switch signal circuit?	YES: CAN circuit short to key switch signal. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Monitor Harness (W3) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to MCF CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check.
MCF CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pins C4 and C15. Is there continuity between CAN high and low side wires?	YES: CAN wires short circuit. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to ECM CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check.
ECM CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 18 (CAN High and Low wires). Is there continuity between CAN high and low side wires?	YES: CAN wires short circuit. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to ICF CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check.

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	Main Controller	(MCF)	Diagnostic	Trouble	Codes
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ICF CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pins C5 and C11. Is there continuity between CAN high and low side wires?	YES: CAN wires short circuit. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to Monitor Controller CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check.
Monitor Controller CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between monitor controller pins B6 and B7. Is there continuity between CAN high and low side wires?	YES: CAN wires short circuit. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Monitor Harness (W3) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to MCF CAN Resistance Check.
MCF CAN Resistance Check	Connect all connectors except main controller (MCF) connector C (X30). Check resistance between pin C4 and C15. Is resistance between 50—70 Ω?	YES: Go to DTC Check. NO: Go to ICF CAN Resistance Check.
DTC Check	Connect connector to main controller (MCF). Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check for DTCs. Is DTC 11984.02-Boost Temperature Message Error still present?	YES: Main controller (MCF) malfunction. Replace. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.) NO: Check harness connection to main controller (MCF).
ICF CAN Resistance Check	Connect all connectors except information controller (ICF) connector C (X34). Check resistance between pin C5 and C11. Is resistance between 50—70 Ω .	YES: Go to DTC Check. NO: Go to ECM CAN Resistance Check.

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0 0	2 DTC Check	Connect connector to information controller (ICF). Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check for DTCs. Is DTC 11984.02-Boost Temperature Message Error still present?	YES: information controller (ICF) malfunction. Replace. See Information Controller (ICF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.) NO: Check harness connection to information controller (ICF).
	ECM CAN Resistance Check	Connect all connectors except engine control module (ECM) connector. Check resistance between pin 18 (CAN High) and pin 37 (CAN Low) wires in connector. Is resistance between 110—130 Ω?	YES: Go to DTC Check. NO: Go to Monitor Controller CAN Resistance Check.
	DTC Check	Connect connector to engine control module (ECM). Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check for DTCs. Is DTC 11984.02-Boost Temperature Message Error still present?	YES: Engine control module (ECM) malfunction. Replace. See Engine Control Module (ECM) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.) NO: Check harness connection to engine control module (ECM).
	Monitor Controller CAN Resistance Check	Connect all connectors except monitor controller connector B (X20). Check resistance between pins B6 and B7. Is resistance between 110—130 Ω?	YES: Go to DTC Check. NO: Malfunction in any controller on CAN.
	DTC Check	Connect connector to monitor controller. Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check for DTCs. Is DTC 11984.02-Boost Temperature Message Error still present?	YES: Monitor controller malfunction. Replace. See Monitor Controller Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.) NO: Check the connection to monitor controller.

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11989.03 — Boom Mode Solenoid (SC) Valve Feedback Current High

MS12501,0000077 -19-24JAN06-1/1

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Boom Mode Solenoid (SC) Diagnostics

Boom mode solenoid (SC) current 920 mA or higher.

Solenoid Resistance Check	Disconnect harness connector from boom mode solenoid (SC). Check resistance of solenoid.	YES: Go to Continuity Check.
	Is resistance between 14.8-22.2 ohms?	NO: Boom mode solenoid (SC) malfunction. Replace solenoid.
•		

mode solenoid (SC) harness connector pin 1. harness. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) connector A pin A6 and boom mode solenoid (SC) harness connector pin 2. Is there continuity between the pins? See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Control Valve Harness (W7) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)	Ocontinuity Check	Disconnect harness connectors from main controller (MCF) and boom mode solenoid (SC). Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) connector A pin A10 and boom	YES: Go to Solenoid Function Check.
Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) connector A pin A6 and boom mode solenoid (SC) harness connector pin 2. Is there continuity between the pins? Is there continuity between the pins? Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Control Valve Harness (W7) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)		mode solenoid (SC) harness connector pin 1.	harness.
Is there continuity between the pins? Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Control Valve Harness (W7) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)		Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) connector A pin A6 and boom mode solenoid (SC) harness connector pin 2.	Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring
1/1		Is there continuity between the pins?	Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Control Valve Harness (W7) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
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Solenoid Function Check	Switch boom mode solenoid (SC) harness connector with another solenoid valve in solenoid valve manifold. Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check for DTC.	YES: Boom mode solenoid (SC) malfunction. Replace solenoid.
	Does diagnostic trouble code stay with boom mode solenoid (SC)?	NO: Main controller (MCF) malfunction. Replace controller. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.)
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11989.04 — Boom Mode Solenoid (SC) Valve Feedback Current Low

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Boom Mode Solenoid (SC) Diagnostics

Boom mode solenoid (SC) current 56 mA or less.

Solenoid Resistance Check	Disconnect harness connector from boom mode solenoid (SC). Check resistance of solenoid.	YES: Go to Continuity Check.
	Is resistance between 14.8-22.2 ohms?	NO: Boom mode solenoid (SC) malfunction. Replace solenoid.
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Continuity Check	Disconnect harness connectors from main controller (MCF) and boom mode solenoid (SC).	YES: Go to Solenoid Function Check.
	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) connector A pin A10 and boom mode solenoid (SC) harness connector pin 1.	NO: Open circuit in harness.
	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) connector A pin A6 and boom mode solenoid (SC) harness connector pin 2. Is there continuity between the pins?	Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Control Valve Harness (W7) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)

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	Does diagnostic trouble code stay with boom mode solenoid (SC)?	NO: Main controller (MCF) malfunction. Replace controller. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.)
Solenoid Function Check	Switch boom mode solenoid (SC) harness connector with another sole solenoid valve manifold. Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check for DTC.	noid valve in YES: Boom mode solenoid (SC) malfunction. Replace solenoid.

11991.03 — Travel Right Pilot Pressure Sensor Circuit Voltage High

	MS1	2501,0000079 –19–17JAN06–1/1
Travel Right Pilot Pre	essure Sensor Diagnostics	
Travel right pilot press	ure sensor voltage 4.75 volts or higher.	
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Sensor Check	Switch travel right pilot pressure sensor with another pilot pressure sensor.	YES: Travel right pilot
	Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check DTCs.	malfunction. Replace sensor.
	Does DTC follow travel right pilot pressure sensor?	NO: Go to Sensor Circuit
		Check.
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_		
Sensor Circuit Check	Disconnect connector of travel right pilot pressure sensor.	YES: Go to Open Circuit Check.
	Ls voltage between 4 5-5 5 volts?	NO: Go to Harness
	NOTE: Key Switch: ON	Voltage Oneok.
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Open Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from travel right pilot pressure sensor and main controller (MCF).	YES: Go to Short Circuit
-	Check continuity between travel right pilot pressure sensor connector pin 2 and main	Check.
controller (MCF) connector D pin D9.	NO: Open circuit in harness.	
	is there continuity between the pins?	Repair or replace
		Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see
		Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group
		9010-10. <i>)</i>
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Short Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from travel right pilot pressure sensor and main controller (MCF). Check continuity between travel right pilot pressure sensor connector pin 2 and power and ground. Is there continuity to power or ground?	YES: Short circuit in harness. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Main controller (MCF) malfunction. Replace controller. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.)
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Harness Voltage Check	Disconnect travel right pilot pressure sensor from harness. Check voltage between travel right pilot pressure sensor connector pin 1 and machine ground. Is voltage between 4.5—5.5 volts? <i>NOTE: Key Switch: On</i>	YES: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and travel right pilot pressure sensor pin 3. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and travel right pilot pressure sensor pin 1. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)

11991.04 — Travel Right Pilot Pressure Sensor Circuit Voltage Low

MS12501,000007A -19-17JAN06-1/1

Travel Right Pilot Pressure Sensor Diagnostics

Travel right pilot pressure sensor voltage 0.25 volts or less.

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Sensor Check	Switch travel right pilot pressure sensor with another pilot pressure sensor. Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check DTCs. Does DTC follow travel right pilot pressure sensor?	YES: Travel right pilot pressure sensor malfunction. NO: Go to Sensor Circuit Check.
Sensor Circuit Check	Disconnect connector of travel right pilot pressure sensor. Check voltage between terminals 1 and 3 of harness. Is voltage between 4.5—5.5 volts? <i>NOTE: Key Switch: ON</i>	YES: Go to Open Circuit Check. NO: Go to Harness Voltage Check.
Open Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from travel right pilot pressure sensor and main controller (MCF). Check continuity between travel right pilot pressure sensor connector pin 2 and main controller (MCF) connector D pin D9. Is there continuity between the pins?	YES: Go to Short Circuit Check. NO: Open circuit in harness. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)

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		1
Short Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from travel right pilot pressure sensor and main controller (MCF). Check continuity between travel right pilot pressure sensor connector pin 2 and power and ground. Is there continuity to power or ground?	YES: Short circuit in harness. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Main controller (MCF) malfunction. Replace controller. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.)
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		/
Harness Voltage Check	Disconnect travel right pilot pressure sensor from harness. Check voltage between travel right pilot pressure sensor connector pin 1 and machine ground. Is voltage between 4.5—5.5 volts? <i>NOTE: Key Switch: On</i>	 YES: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and travel right pilot pressure sensor pin 3. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and travel right pilot pressure sensor pin 1. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)

11992.03 — Pump 2 (5-Spool) Control Pressure Sensor Circuit Voltage High

MS12501,000007B -19-17JAN06-1/1
Pump 2 (5-Spool) Control Pressure Sensor Diagnostics

Pump 2 (5-spool) control pressure sensor voltage 4.75 volts or higher.

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Sensor Check	Switch pump 2 (5-spool) control pressure sensor with another pilot pressure sensor. Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check DTCs. Does DTC follow pump 2 (5-spool) control pressure sensor?	YES: Pump 2 (5-spool) control pressure sensor malfunction. Replace sensor. NO: Go to Sensor Circuit Check.
		1/1

Sensor Circuit Check	Disconnect connector of pump 2 (5-spool) control pressure sensor.	YES: Go to Open Circuit Check.
	Check voltage between terminals 1 and 3 of harness.	NO: Go to Harness
	Is voltage between 4.5-5.5 volts?	Voltage Check.
	NOTE: Key Switch: ON	

Open Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from pump 2 (5-spool) control pressure sensor and main controller (MCF).	YES: Go to Short Circuit Check.
	Check continuity between pump 2 (5-spool) control pressure sensor connector pin 2 and main controller (MCF) connector D pin D4.	NO: Open circuit in harness.
	Is there continuity between the pins?	Repair or replace harness. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram , see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Pump Harness (W8) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
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Short Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from pump 2 (5-spool) control pressure sensor and main controller (MCF). Check continuity between pump 2 (5-spool) control pressure sensor connector pin 2 and power and ground. Is there continuity to power or ground?	YES: Short circuit in harness. Repair or replace harness. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram , see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Pump Harness (W8) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Main controller (MCF) malfunction. Replace controller. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.)
Harness Voltage Check	Disconnect pump 2 (5-spool) control pressure sensor from harness. Check voltage between pump 2 (5-spool) control pressure sensor connector pin 1 and machine ground. Is voltage between 4.5—5.5 volts? <i>NOTE: Key Switch: On</i>	YES: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and pump 2 (5-spool) control pressure sensor pin 3. Repair or replace harness. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram , see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Pump Harness (W8) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and pump 2 (5-spool) control pressure sensor pin 1. Repair or replace harness. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram , see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Pump Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)

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11992.04 — Pump 2 (5-Spool) Control Pressure Sensor Circuit Voltage Low

	MS1	12501,000007C -19-17JAN06-1/1
Pump 2 (5-Spool) Co	ntrol Pressure Sensor Diagnostics	
Pump 2 (5-spool) cont	rol pressure sensor voltage 0.25 volts or less.	
		1/1
Sensor Check	Switch pump 2 (5-spool) control pressure sensor with another pilot pressure sensor. Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check DTCs.	YES: Pump 2 (5-spool) control pressure sensor malfunction.
	Does DTC follow pump 2 (5-spool) control pressure sensor?	NO: Go to Sensor Circuit Check.
Sensor Circuit Check	Disconnect connector of pump 2 (5-spool) control pressure sensor. Check voltage between terminals 1 and 3 of harness. Is voltage between 4.5—5.5 volts? <i>NOTE: Key Switch: ON</i>	YES: Go to Open Circuit Check. NO: Go to Harness Voltage Check.
		1/1
Open Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from pump 2 (5-spool) control pressure sensor and main controller (MCF). Check continuity between pump 2 (5-spool) control pressure sensor connector pin 2 and main controller (MCF) connector D pin D4. Is there continuity between the pins?	YES: Go to Short Circuit Check. NO: Open circuit in harness. Repair or replace harness. Repair or replace harness. See Cal Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram , see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Pump Harness (W8) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)

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Short Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from pump 2 (5-spool) control pressure sensor and main controller (MCF). Check continuity between pump 2 (5-spool) control pressure sensor connector pin 2 and power and ground. Is there continuity to power or ground?	YES: Short circuit in harness. Repair or replace harness. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Pump Harness (W8) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Main controller (MCF) malfunction. Replace controller. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.)
G Harness Voltage Check	Disconnect pump 2 (5-spool) control pressure sensor from harness. Check voltage between pump 2 (5-spool) control pressure sensor connector pin 1 and machine ground. Is voltage between 4.5—5.5 volts? NOTE: Key Switch: On	 YES: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and pump 2 (5-spool) control pressure sensor pin 3. Repair or replace harness. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Pump Harness (W8) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and pump 2 (5-spool) control pressure sensor pin 1. Repair or replace harness. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, and see Pump Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Pump Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)

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11993.03 — Travel Left Pilot Pressure Sensor Circuit Voltage High

MS12501,000007D -19-17JAN06-1/1

Travel Left Pilot Pressure Sensor Diagnostics

Travel left pilot pressure sensor voltage 4.75 volts or higher.

Sensor Check	Switch travel left pilot pressure sensor with another pilot pressure sensor. Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check DTCs. Does DTC follow travel left pilot pressure sensor?	YES: Travel left pilot pressure sensor malfunction. Replace sensor. NO: Go to Sensor Circuit Check.
		1/1

Sensor Circuit Check	Disconnect connector of travel left pilot pressure sensor. Check voltage between terminals 1 and 3 of harness. Is voltage between 4.5—5.5 volts?	YES: Go to Open Circuit Check. NO: Go to Harness Voltage Check.
	NOTE: Key Switch: ON	
		1/1

Check.	
Check continuity between travel left pilot pressure sensor connector pin 2 and main controller (MCF) connector D pin D14. NO: Op harness	pen circuit in 8.
Is there continuity between the pins?	
Repair of harness Harness Diagram Machine Wiring I 9015-10	or replace s. See Cab s (W1) Wiring n and see e Harness (W2) Diagram. (Group D.)
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Short Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from travel left pilot pressure sensor and main controller (MCF). Check continuity between travel left pilot pressure sensor connector pin 2 and power and ground. Is there continuity to power or ground?	YES: Short circuit in harness. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Main controller (MCF) malfunction. Replace controller. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.)
		1/1
Harness Voltage Check	Disconnect travel left pilot pressure sensor from harness. Check voltage between travel left pilot pressure sensor connector pin 1 and machine ground. Is voltage between 4.5—5.5 volts? <i>NOTE: Key Switch: On</i>	 YES: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and travel left pilot pressure sensor pin 3. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and travel left pilot pressure sensor pin 1. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)

11993.04 — Left Travel Pilot Pressure Sensor Circuit Low Input

MS12501,000007E -19-17JAN06-1/1

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Travel Left Pilot Pressure Sensor Diagnostics

Travel left pilot pressure sensor voltage 0.25 volts or less.

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Sensor Check	Switch travel left pilot pressure sensor with another pilot pressure sensor. Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check DTCs.	YES: Travel left pilot pressure sensor malfunction. Replace sensor.
	Does DTC follow travel left pilot pressure sensor?	NO: Go to Sensor Circuit Check.
Sensor Circuit Check	Disconnect connector of travel left pilot pressure sensor.	YES: Go to Open Circuit
	Check voltage between terminals 1 and 3 of harness. Is voltage between 4.5—5.5 volts? <i>NOTE: Key Switch: ON</i>	Check. NO: Go to Harness Voltage Check.

Open Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from travel left pilot pressure sensor and main controller (MCF).	YES: Go to Short Circuit Check.
	controller (MCF) connector D pin D14.	NO: Open circuit in harness.
	Is there continuity between the pins?	
		Repair or replace harness. See Cab
		Harness (W1) Wiring
		Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2)
		Wiring Diagram. (Group
		9015-10.)
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Short Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from travel left pilot pressure sensor and main controller (MCF). Check continuity between travel left pilot pressure sensor connector pin 2 and power and ground. Is there continuity to power or ground?	YES: Short circuit in harness. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Main controller (MCF) malfunction. Replace controller. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.)
		1/1
G Harness Voltage Check	Disconnect travel left pilot pressure sensor from harness. Check voltage between travel left pilot pressure sensor connector pin 1 and machine ground. Is voltage between 4.5—5.5 volts? <i>NOTE: Key Switch: On</i>	 YES: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and travel left pilot pressure sensor pin 3. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and travel left pilot pressure sensor pin 1. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)

11994.03 — Pump 1 (4-Spool) Control Pressure Sensor Circuit Voltage High

MS12501,000007F -19-17JAN06-1/1

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450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests 062608 PN=148

Pump 1 (4-Spool) Control Pressure Sensor Diagnostics

Pump 1 (4-spool) control pressure sensor voltage 4.75 volts or higher.

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Sensor Check	Switch pump 1 (4-spool) control pressure sensor with another pilot pressure sensor.	YES: Pump 1 (4-spool) control pressure sensor	,12
	Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check DTCs.	malfunction. Replace	
	Does DTC follow pump 1 (4-spool) control pressure sensor?		
		NO: Go to Sensor Circuit Check.	
		1/1	
Concer Circuit Cheele			

Sensor Circuit Check	Disconnect connector of pump 1 (4-spool) control pressure sensor.	YES: Go to Open Circuit Check.
	Check voltage between terminals 1 and 3 of harness.	NO: Go to Harness
	Is voltage between 4.5-5.5 volts?	Voltage Check.
	NOTE: Key Switch: ON	

Open Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from pump 1 (4-spool) control pressure sensor and main controller (MCF).	YES: Go to Short Circuit Check.
	Check continuity between pump 1 (4-spool) control pressure sensor connector pin 2 and main controller (MCF) connector D pin D11.	NO: Open circuit in harness.
	Is there continuity between the pins?	Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram , see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Pump Harness (W8) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
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TM2361 (24.IUN08)	9001-10-125 450DLC Excavate	or Operation and Tests

1006	Short Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from pump 1 (4-spool) control pressure sensor and main controller (MCF). Check continuity between pump 1 (4-spool) control pressure sensor connector pin 2 and power and ground. Is there continuity to power or ground?	YES: Short circuit in harness. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram , see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Pump Harness (W8) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Main controller (MCF) malfunction. Replace controller. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.)
	Harness Voltage Check	Disconnect pump 1 (4-spool) control pressure sensor from harness. Check voltage between pump 1 (4-spool) control pressure sensor connector pin 1 and machine ground. Is voltage between 4.5—5.5 volts? <i>NOTE: Key Switch: On</i>	 YES: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and pump 1 (4-spool) control pressure sensor pin 3. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Pump Harness (W8) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and pump 1 (4-spool) control pressure sensor pin 1. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Pump Harness (W8) Wiring Diagram, and see Pump Harness (W8) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)

11994.04 — Pump 1 (4-Spool) Control Pressure Sensor Circuit Voltage Low

MS12501,0000080 -19-17JAN06-1/1

Pump 1 (4-Spool) Control Pressure Sensor Diagnostics

Pump 1 (4-spool) control pressure sensor voltage 4.75 volts or higher.

		<u> </u>
Sensor Check	Switch pump 1 (4-spool) control pressure sensor with another pilot pressure sensor. Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check DTCs. Does DTC follow pump 1 (4-spool) control pressure sensor?	YES: Pump 1 (4-spool) control pressure sensor malfunction. Replace sensor. NO: Go to Sensor Circuit Check.
		1/1

Sensor Circuit Check	Disconnect connector of pump 1 (4-spool) control pressure sensor.	YES: Go to Open Circuit Check.
	Check voltage between terminals 1 and 3 of harness.	NO: Co to Harmood
	Is voltage between 4.5-5.5 volts?	Voltage Check.
	NOTE: Key Switch: ON	
		1/1

Open Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from pump 1 (4-spool) control pressure sensor and main controller (MCF). Check continuity between pump 1 (4-spool) control pressure sensor connector pin 2 and main controller (MCF) connector D pin D11. Is there continuity between the pins?	YES: Go to Short Circuit Check. NO: Open circuit in harness. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram , see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Pump Harness (W8) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
TM2361 (24.11 IN08)	9001-10-127 450DLC Excavate	or Operation and Tests

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	Short Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from pump 1 (4-spool) control pressure sensor and main controller (MCF).	YES: Short circuit in harness.
1 0 8		Check continuity between pump 1 (4-spool) control pressure sensor connector pin 2 and power and ground. Is there continuity to power or ground?	Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram , see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Pump Harness (W8) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Main controller (MCF) malfunction. Replace controller. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.)
			1/1
	G Harness Voltage Check	Disconnect pump 1 (4-spool) control pressure sensor from harness. Check voltage between pump 1 (4-spool) control pressure sensor connector pin 1 and machine ground. Is voltage between 4.5—5.5 volts? <i>NOTE: Key Switch: On</i>	YES: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and pump 1 (4-spool) control pressure sensor pin 3. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Pump Harness (W8) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and pump 1 (4-spool) control pressure sensor pin 1. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Pump
			9015-10.)

11995.03 — Arm Roll-Out Pilot Pressure Sensor Circuit Voltage High

MS12501,0000081 -19-17JAN06-1/1

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Arm Out Pilot Pressure Sensor Diagnostics

Arm out pilot pressure sensor voltage 4.75 volts or higher.

		1/1
Sensor Check	Switch arm out pilot pressure sensor with another pilot pressure sensor. Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check DTCs. Does DTC follow arm out pilot pressure sensor?	YES: Arm out pilot pressure sensor malfunction. Replace sensor. NO: Go to Sensor Circuit Check.
		1/1
Sensor Circuit Check	Disconnect connector of arm out pilot pressure sensor. Check voltage between terminals 1 and 3 of harness. Is voltage between 4.5—5.5 volts?	YES: Go to Open Circuit Check. NO: Go to Harness Voltage Check.
	NOTE: Key Switch: ON	

Open Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from arm out pilot pressure sensor and main controller (MCF). Check continuity between arm out pilot pressure sensor connector pin 2 and main controller (MCF) connector D pin D5.	YES: Go to Short Circuit Check. NO: Open circuit in harness.
		Bepair or replace
		harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group
		9015-10.)

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Short Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from arm out pilot pressure sensor and main controller (MCF). Check continuity between arm out pilot pressure sensor connector pin 2 and power and ground. Is there continuity to power or ground?	YES: Short circuit in harness. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Main controller (MCF) malfunction. Replace controller. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.)
		1/1
G Harness Voltage Check	Disconnect arm out pilot pressure sensor from harness. Check voltage between arm out pilot pressure sensor connector pin 1 and machine ground. Is voltage between 4.5—5.5 volts? <i>NOTE: Key Switch: On</i>	YES: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and arm out pilot pressure sensor pin 3. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and arm out pilot pressure sensor pin 1. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)

11995.04 — Arm Roll-Out Pilot Pressure Sensor Circuit Low Input

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MS12501,0000082 -19-17JAN06-1/1

Arm Out Pilot Pressure Sensor Diagnostics

Arm out pilot pressure sensor voltage 0.25 volts or less.

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Sensor Check	Switch arm out pilot pressure sensor with another pilot pressure sensor. Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check DTCs. Does DTC follow arm out pilot pressure sensor?	YES: Arm out pilot pressure sensor malfunction. Replace sensor. NO: Go to Sensor Circuit Check.
		1/1
		1/1
Sensor Circuit Check	Disconnect connector of arm out pilot pressure sensor. Check voltage between terminals 1 and 3 of harness.	YES: Go to Open Circuit Check. NO: Go to Harness
	Is voltage between 4.5-5.5 volts?	Voltage Check.
	NOTE: Key Switch: ON	

Open Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from arm out pilot pressure sensor and main controller (MCF).	YES: Go to Short Circuit Check.
	Check continuity between arm out pilot pressure sensor connector pin 2 and main controller (MCF) connector D pin D5.	NO: Open circuit in harness.
	Is there continuity between the pins?	
		Repair or replace
		harness. See Cab
		Harness (W1) Wiring
		Machine Harness (W2)
		Wiring Diagram. (Group
		9015-10.)
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Short Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from arm out pilot pressure sensor and main controller (MCF). Check continuity between arm out pilot pressure sensor connector pin 2 and power and ground. Is there continuity to power or ground?	YES: Short circuit in harness. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Main controller (MCF) malfunction. Replace controller. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.)
		1/1
G Harness Voltage Check	Disconnect arm out pilot pressure sensor from harness. Check voltage between arm out pilot pressure sensor connector pin 1 and machine ground. Is voltage between 4.5—5.5 volts? <i>NOTE: Key Switch: On</i>	YES: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and arm out pilot pressure sensor pin 3. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and arm out pilot pressure sensor pin 1. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)

11997.03 — Bucket Dump Pilot Pressure Sensor Circuit Voltage High

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MS12501,0000083 -19-17JAN06-1/1

Bucket Dump Pilot Pressure Sensor Diagnostics

Bucket dump pilot pressure sensor voltage 4.75 volts or higher.

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Sensor Check	Switch bucket dump pilot pressure sensor with another pilot pressure sensor. Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check DTCs. Does DTC follow bucket dump pilot pressure sensor?	YES: Bucket dump pilot pressure sensor malfunction. Replace sensor. NO: Go to Sensor Circuit Check.
		1/1
Sensor Circuit Check	Disconnect connector of bucket dump pilot pressure sensor.	YES: Go to Open Circuit Check.
	Check voltage between terminals 1 and 3 of harness.	NO: Go to Harness
	Is voltage between 4.55.5 volts?	Voltage Check.
	NOTE: Key Switch: ON	

Open Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from bucket dump pilot pressure sensor and main controller (MCF).	YES: Go to Short Circuit Check.
	Check continuity between bucket dump pilot pressure sensor connector pin 2 and main controller (MCF) connector C pin C11.	NO: Open circuit in harness.
	Is there continuity between the pins?	Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
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Short Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from bucket dump pilot pressure sensor and main controller (MCF). Check continuity between bucket dump pilot pressure sensor connector pin 2 and power and ground. Is there continuity to power or ground?	YES: Short circuit in harness. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Main controller (MCF) malfunction. Replace controller. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.)
		1/1
Harness Voltage Check	Disconnect bucket dump pilot pressure sensor from harness. Check voltage between bucket dump pilot pressure sensor connector pin 1 and machine ground. Is voltage between 4.5—5.5 volts? <i>NOTE: Key Switch: On</i>	 YES: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and bucket dump pilot pressure sensor pin 3. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and bucket dump pilot pressure sensor pin 1. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)

11997.04 — Bucket Dump Pilot Pressure Sensor Circuit Voltage Low

MS12501,0000084 -19-17JAN06-1/1

Bucket Dump Pilot Pressure Sensor Diagnostics

Bucket dump pilot pressure sensor voltage 0.25 volts or less.

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Sensor Check	Switch bucket dump pilot pressure sensor with another pilot pressure sensor. Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check DTCs. Does DTC follow bucket dump pilot pressure sensor?	YES: Bucket dump pilot pressure sensor malfunction. Replace sensor. NO: Go to Sensor Circuit Check.
		1/1
Sensor Circuit Check	Disconnect connector of bucket dump pilot pressure sensor. Check voltage between terminals 1 and 3 of harness.	YES: Go to Open Circuit Check. NO: Go to Harness
	Is voltage between 4.5—5.5 volts? NOTE: Key Switch: ON	Voltage Check.

Open Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from bucket dump pilot pressure sensor and main controller (MCF).	YES: Go to Short Circuit Check.
	Check continuity between bucket dump pilot pressure sensor connector pin 2 and main controller (MCF) connector C pin C11.	NO: Open circuit in harness.
	Is there continuity between the pins?	Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)

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Short Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from bucket dump pilot pressure sensor and main controller (MCF). Check continuity between bucket dump pilot pressure sensor connector pin 2 and power and ground. Is there continuity to power or ground?	YES: Short circuit in harness. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Main controller (MCF) malfunction. Replace controller. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.)
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Harness Voltage Check	Disconnect bucket dump pilot pressure sensor from harness. Check voltage between bucket dump pilot pressure sensor connector pin 1 and machine ground. Is voltage between 4.5—5.5 volts? <i>NOTE: Key Switch: On</i>	 YES: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and bucket dump pilot pressure sensor pin 3. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and bucket dump pilot pressure sensor pin 1. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness. See Cab Harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)

11998.03 — Boom Down Pilot Pressure Sensor Circuit Voltage High

TM2361 (24JUN08)

MS12501,0000085 -19-21FEB06-1/1

Boom Down Pilot Pressure Sensor Diagnostics

Boom down pilot pressure sensor voltage 4.75 volts or higher.

NOTE: Key Switch: ON

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Sensor Check	Switch boom down pilot pressure sensor with another pilot pressure sensor. Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check DTCs. Does DTC follow boom down pilot pressure sensor?	YES: Boom down pilot pressure sensor malfunction. Replace sensor. NO: Go to Sensor Circuit Check.
Ø Sensor Circuit Check	 Disconnect connector of boom down pilot pressure sensor. Check voltage between terminals 1 and 3 of harness. Is voltage between 4.5–5.5 volts? 	YES: Go to Open Circuit Check. NO: Go to Harness Voltage Check

Open Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from boom down pilot pressure sensor and main controller (MCF). Check continuity between boom down pilot pressure sensor connector pin 2 and main controller (MCF) connector C pin C1. Is there continuity between the pins?	YES: Go to Short Circuit Check. NO: Open circuit in harness. Repair or replace
		harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)

TM2361 (24JUN08)

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Short Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from boom down pilot pressure sensor and main controller (MCF). Check continuity between boom down pilot pressure sensor connector pin 2 and power and ground. Is there continuity to power or ground?	YES: Short circuit in harness. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Main controller (MCF) malfunction. Replace controller. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.)
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Harness Voltage Check	Disconnect boom down pilot pressure sensor from harness. Check voltage between boom down pilot pressure sensor connector pin 1 and machine ground. Is voltage between 4.5—5.5 volts? <i>NOTE: Key Switch: On</i>	 YES: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and boom down pilot pressure sensor pin 3. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and boom down pilot pressure sensor pin 1. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)

11998.04 — Boom Down Pilot Pressure Sensor Circuit Voltage Low

MS12501,0000086 -19-21FEB06-1/1

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Boom Down Pilot Pressure Sensor Diagnostics

Boom down pilot pressure sensor voltage 0.25 volts or less.

		<u> </u>
Sensor Check	Switch boom down pilot pressure sensor with another pilot pressure sensor. Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check DTCs. Does DTC follow boom down pilot pressure sensor?	YES: Boom down pilot pressure sensor malfunction. Replace sensor. NO: Go to Sensor Circuit Check.
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Sensor Circuit Check	Disconnect connector of boom down pilot pressure sensor.	YES: Go to Open Circuit
	Check voltage between terminals 1 and 3 of harness.	Check.
	NOTE: Key Switch: ON	vollage Uneck.

Open Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from boom down pilot pressure sensor and main controller (MCF). Check continuity between boom down pilot pressure sensor connector pin 2 and main controller (MCF) connector C pin C1. Is there continuity between the pins?	YES: Go to Short Circuit Check. NO: Open circuit in harness. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
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Short Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from boom down pilot pressure sensor and main controller (MCF). Check continuity between boom down pilot pressure sensor connector pin 2 and power and ground. Is there continuity to power or ground?	YES: Short circuit in harness. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Main controller (MCF) malfunction. Replace controller. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.)
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G Harness Voltage Check	Disconnect boom down pilot pressure sensor from harness. Check voltage between boom down pilot pressure sensor connector pin 1 and machine ground. Is voltage between 4.5—5.5 volts? <i>NOTE: Key Switch: On</i>	YES: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and boom down pilot pressure sensor pin 3. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and boom down pilot pressure sensor pin 1. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
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11999.03 — Bucket Curl Pilot Pressure

Sensor Circuit Voltage High

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MS12501,0000087 -19-17JAN06-1/1

Bucket Curl Pilot Pressure Sensor Diagnostics

Bucket curl pilot pressure sensor voltage 4.75 volts or higher.

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Sensor Check	Switch bucket curl pilot pressure sensor with another pilot pressure sensor. Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check DTCs. Does DTC follow bucket curl pilot pressure sensor?	YES: Bucket curl pilot pressure sensor malfunction. Replace sensor. NO: Go to Sensor Circuit Check.
Sensor Circuit Check	Disconnect connector of bucket curl pilot pressure sensor.	YES: Go to Open Circuit Check.

Check voltage between terminals 1 and 3 of harness. Is voltage between 4.5—5.5 volts? NOTE: Key Switch: ON	Check. NO: Go to Harness Voltage Check.
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Open Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from bucket curl pilot pressure sensor and main controller (MCF).	YES: Go to Short Circuit Check.
	Check continuity between bucket curl pilot pressure sensor connector pin 2 and main controller (MCF) connector C pin C2.	NO: Open circuit in harness.
	Is there continuity between the pins?	
		Repair or replace
		harness. See Cab
		Hamess (WT) Winng
		Machine Harness (W2)
		Wiring Diagram. (Group
		9015-10.)
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Short Circuit Check Disconnect hamess from bucket curl pilot pressure sensor connector pin 2 and power and ground. Is there continuity to power or ground? Is there continuity to power or ground? Is there continuity to power or ground? No: Main controller (MCF) mailunction. Repaire corticate in More and Issail. (Group gotts=2a) Disconnect bucket curl pilot pressure sensor connector pin 1 and machine ground. Is voltage between 4.5—5.5 volts? NOTE: Kay Switch: On Note that there sore (V1) Wring Diagram, (Group gotts=10) Note that there sore (V2) Wring Diagram, (Group gotts=10) Note: Kain controller (MCF) main.controller (MCF) Manness Disconnect bucket curl pilot pressure sensor connector pin 1 and machine ground. Is voltage between 4.5—5.5 volts? NOTE: Kay Switch: On Note: Controller Note: Kay Switch: On Note: Kay Switch: On Note: Controller Note:			
Image: Check Disconnect bucket curl pilot pressure sensor from harness. Check voltage between bucket curl pilot pressure sensor connector pin 1 and machine ground. YES: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and bucket curl pilot pressure sensor pin 3. Repair or replace harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness. See Cab Harness. See Cab	Short Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from bucket curl pilot pressure sensor and main controller (MCF). Check continuity between bucket curl pilot pressure sensor connector pin 2 and power and ground. Is there continuity to power or ground?	YES: Short circuit in harness. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Main controller (MCF) malfunction. Replace controller. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.)
	Harness Voltage Check	Disconnect bucket curl pilot pressure sensor from harness. Check voltage between bucket curl pilot pressure sensor connector pin 1 and machine ground. Is voltage between 4.5—5.5 volts? <i>NOTE: Key Switch: On</i>	YES: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and bucket curl pilot pressure sensor pin 3. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and bucket curl pilot pressure sensor pin 1. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)

11999.04 — Bucket Curl Pilot Pressure Sensor Circuit Voltage Low

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450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests 062608 PN=166

Bucket Curl Pilot Pressure Sensor Diagnostics

Bucket curl pilot pressure sensor voltage 0.25 volts or less.

NOTE: Key Switch: ON

Sensor Check	Switch bucket curl pilot pressure sensor with another pilot pressure sensor. Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check DTCs. Does DTC follow bucket curl pilot pressure sensor?	YES: Bucket curl pilot pressure sensor malfunction. Replace sensor. NO: Go to Sensor Circuit Check.
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2 Sensor Circuit Check	Disconnect connector of bucket curl pilot pressure sensor.	YES: Go to Open Circuit Check.
	Is voltage between 4.5—5.5 volts?	NO: Go to Harness Voltage Check.

Open Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from bucket curl pilot pressure sensor and main controller (MCF). Check continuity between bucket curl pilot pressure sensor connector pin 2 and main controller (MCF) connector C pin C2. Is there continuity between the pins?	YES: Go to Short Circuit Check. NO: Open circuit in harness. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)

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Short Circuit Check	Sk Disconnect harness from bucket curl pilot pressure sensor and main controller (MCF). Check continuity between bucket curl pilot pressure sensor connector pin 2 and power and ground. Is there continuity to power or ground?	YES: Short circuit in harness. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Main controller (MCF) malfunction. Replace controller. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.)
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		Ţ]
Harness Voltage Check	Disconnect bucket curl pilot pressure sensor from harness. Check voltage between bucket curl pilot pressure sensor connector pin 1 and machine ground. Is voltage between 4.5—5.5 volts? <i>NOTE: Key Switch: On</i>	YES: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and bucket curl pilot pressure sensor pin 3.Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Open circuit in harness between main controller (MCF) and bucket curl pilot pressure sensor pin 1. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)

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Engine Control Module (ECM) Diagnostic Trouble Codes

Engine control module (ECM) diagnostic trouble codes may be viewed on the monitor, by using Dr. ZX, SERVICE ADVISOR[™], or by using Tech2. See the following procedures for viewing the engine control module diagnostic trouble codes.

- See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Monitor Display. (Group 9015-20.)
- See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Service ADVISOR™ Diagnostic Application. (Group 9015-20.)
- See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Dr. ZX. (Group 9015-20.)
- See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Tech2 Diagnostic Scan Tool. (Group 9015-20.)

SERVICE ADVISOR is a trademark of Deere & Company

91.02 — Accelerator Sensor 1-2 Comparison (P1271)

Difference in opening angle between accelerator sensors 1-2 is 45 % or more.

See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P1271 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-465)

JC89288.0000070 –19–14JAN06–1/1

LD30992,000042E -19-21FEB06-1/1

100.03 — Engine Oil Pressure Sensor Voltage Low (P0522)

Voltage less than 0.1 Volts.

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See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P0522 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-365.)

JC89288,0000071 -19-14JAN06-1/1

100.04 — Engine Oil Pressure Sensor Voltage High (P0523)

Voltage more than 4.85 Volts.

See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P0523 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-371.)

JC89288,0000072 -19-18JAN06-1/1

102.03 — Boost Pressure Sensor Voltage Low (P0237)

Voltage less than 0.1 Volts.

See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P0237 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-305.)

JC89288,0000073 -19-18JAN06-1/1

102.04 — Boost Pressure Sensor Voltage High (P0238)

Voltage more than 4.9 Volts.

See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P0238 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-312.)

JC89288,0000074 -19-14JAN06-1/1

105.03 — Boost Temperature Sensor Voltage High (P1113)

Voltage above 4.94 Volts.

See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P1113 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-437.)

JC89288,0000075 -19-14JAN06-1/1

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105.04 — Boost Temperature Sensor Voltage Low (P1112)

Voltage less than 0.1 Volts.

See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P1112 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-429.)

JC89288,0000076 –19–14JAN06–1/1

108.03 — Barometric Pressure Sensor Voltage Low (P0107)

Voltage less than 0.5 Volts.

See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P0107 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-204.)

JC89288,0000077 -19-14JAN06-1/1

108.04 — Barometric Pressure Sensor Voltage High (P0108)

Voltage more than 3.8 Volts.

See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P0108 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-211.)

JC89288,0000078 -19-18JAN06-1/1 450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests

110.03 — Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor Voltage High (P0118)

Voltage more than 4.85 Volts.

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See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P0118 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-238.)

JC89288,0000079 -19-18JAN06-1/1

110.04 — Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor Voltage Low (P0117)

Voltage less than 0.1 Volts.

See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P0117 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-232.)

JC89288,000007A -19-14JAN06-1/1

157.00 — Common Rail Pressure—First Stage (P088)

Rail pressure more than 150 MPa.

See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P088 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-183.)

JC89288,000007B -19-18JAN06-1/1

157.00 — Common Rail Pressure—Second Stage (P088)

Common Rail Pressure in first stage present with rail pressure of 155 MPa or higher.

See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P088 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-183.)

450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests

157.02 — Common Rail Pressure High (P0089)

Actual fuel rail pressure is 10 MPa or higher than target rail pressure for 8 seconds or more, or actual fuel rail pressure is 10 MPa or higher than target rail pressure for 8 seconds or more during indication of no pressure feed.

See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P0089 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-188.)

JC89288,000007D -19-14JAN06-1/1

157.03 — Common Rail Pressure Sensor Voltage High (P0193)

Voltage more than 4.5 Volts.

See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P0193 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-266.)

JC89288,000009E -19-14JAN06-1/1

157.03 — Common Rail Pressure Sensor Voltage Low (P0192)

Voltage Less than 0.7 Volts.

See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P0192 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-260.)

JC89288,000009F -19-18JAN06-1/1

172.03 — Intake Air Temperature Sensor Voltage High (P0113)

Voltage more than 4.95 Volts.

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See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P0113 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-224.)

JC89288,00000A0 -19-18JAN06-1/1

172.04 — Intake Air Temperature Sensor Voltage Low (P0112)

Voltage less than 0.1 Volts.

See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P0112 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-218.)

JC89288,00000A1 -19-18JAN06-1/1

174.03 — Fuel Temperature Sensor Voltage High (P0183)

Voltage more than 4.85 Volts

See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P0183 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-252.)

JC89288,00000A2 -19-18JAN06-1/1

174.04 — Fuel Temperature Sensor Voltage Low (P0182)

Voltage less than 0.1 Volts.

See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P0182 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-246.)

190.00 — Engine Overspeed (P0219)

Engine speed more than 1970 rpm

See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P0219 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-303.)

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JC89288,00000A4 -19-14JAN06-1/1

628.02 — ROM Malfunction (P0601)

ROM is malfunction.

See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P0601 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-379.)

JC89288,00000A5 -19-24JAN06-1/1

633.07 — Pressure Limiter Open (P0601)

Pressure limiter is open.

See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P0601 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-379.)

JC89288,00000A6 -19-24JAN06-1/1

636.02 — Camshaft Position Sensor (G-Sensor) Signal Missing (P0340)

Crankshaft position signal exists but camshaft position (G sensor) signal is missing.

See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P0340 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-331.)

JC89288,00000A7 -19-18JAN06-1/1

636.02 — Camshaft Position Sensor (G-Sensor) Signal Mismatch (P0341)

Camshaft position sensor (G-Sensor) signal is mismatched to crankshaft position sensor.

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See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P0341 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-337.)

JC89288,00000A8 -19-18JAN06-1/1

636.07 — Camshaft Position Sensor (G-Sensor) out of Phase (P1345)

Camshaft position sensor (G-Sensor) is out of phase with crankshaft position sensor.

See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P1345 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-500.)

JC89288,00000A9 -19-18JAN06-1/1

639.02 — CAN Communication Error (U2104)

CAN Communication Error.

See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code U2104 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-529.)

JC89288,00000AA -19-24JAN06-1/1

639.03 — CAN Timeout (U2106)

CAN data instruction does not complete by a set time.

See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code U2106 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-534.)

450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests
651.03 — Open Circuit in Injection Nozzle #1 (P0201)

Injector #1 feedback signal does not exist.

See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P0201 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-273.)

JC89288,00000AC -19-14JAN06-1/1

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652.03 — Open Circuit in Injection Nozzle #2 (P0202)

Injector #2 feedback signal does not exist.

See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P0202 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-278.)

JC89288,00000AD -19-18JAN06-1/1

653.03 — Open Circuit in Injection Nozzle #3 (P0203)

Injector #3 feedback signal does not exist.

See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P0203 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-283.)

JC89288,00000AE -19-18JAN06-1/1

654.03 — Open Circuit in Injection Nozzle #4 (P0204)

Injector #4 feedback signal does not exist.

See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P0204 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-288.)

655.03 — Open Circuit in Injection Nozzle #5 (P0205)

Injector #5 feedback signal does not exist.

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> See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P0205 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-293.)

> > JC89288,00000B0 -19-18JAN06-1/1

656.03 — Open Circuit in Injection Nozzle #6 (P0206)

Injector #6 feedback signal does not exist.

See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P0206 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-298.)

JC89288,00000B1 -19-18JAN06-1/1

723.02 — Crankshaft Position Sensor Signal Missing (P0335)

Camshaft position sensor (G sensor) signal exists but crankshaft position signal is missing.

See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P0335 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-319.)

JC89288,00000B2 -19-24JAN06-1/1

723.02 — Crankshaft Sensor Mismatch (P0336)

Crankshaft position sensor is mismatched to camshaft position sensor (G sensor).

See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P0336 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-325.)

987.03 — Check Engine Lamp Malfunction (P0650)

Check engine indicator lamp malfunction.

See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P0650 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-397.)

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JC89288,00000B3 -19-24JAN06-1/1

1077.02 — CPU Fault Malfunction (P0606)

Controller detects CPU Malfunction.

See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P0606 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-383.)

JC89288,00000B4 -19-24JAN06-1/1

1079.02 — 5 Volt Power Supply #1 Malfunction (P1631)

5 Volt Power Supply #1 more than 5.5 Volts or less 4.5 Volts.

See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P1631 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-514.)

JC89288,00000B5 -19-24JAN06-1/1

1080.02 — 5 Volt Power Supply #2 Malfunction (P1632)

5 Volt Power Supply #2 more than 5.5 Volts or less 4.5 Volts.

See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P1632 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-517.)

JC89288,00000B7 -19-24JAN06-1/1

1239.01 — No Pump Pressure—First Stage (P1094)

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Rail Pressure lower than target rail pressure (10 MPa or greater) and holds for 8 seconds or longer.

See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P1094 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-411.)

JC89288,00000BF -19-18JAN06-1/1

1240.01 — No Pump Pressure Feed—Second Stage (P1093)

Rail Pressure lower than target rail pressure (10 MPa or greater) and holds for 8 seconds or longer.

See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P1093 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-.403.)

JC89288,00000C0 -19-18JAN06-1/1

1347.00 — PCV #1 Open Circuit or Short to Ground (P0092)

PCV #1 feedback signal open circuit or short to ground.

See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P0092 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-199.)

JC89288,00000B8 -19-24JAN06-1/1

1347.04 — PCV #1 Short to Power (P0091)

PCV #1 feedback signal short to power.

See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P0091 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-193.)

JC89288,00000B9 -19-24JAN06-1/1

1348.00 — PCV # 2 Open Circuit or Short to Ground (P1291)

PVC #2 feedback signal open circuit or short to ground.

See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P1291 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-193.)

JC89288,00000BA -19-24JAN06-1/1

1348.04 — PCV #2 Short to Power (P1292)

PCV #2 feedback signal short to power.

See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P1292 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-199.)

JC89288,00000BB -19-18JAN06-1/1

1485.02 — Engine Control Module Relay Malfunction (P1625)

Power is not supplied to engine control module (ECM) when key switch is on or power in not removed from engine control module (ECM) when key switch is off.

See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P1625 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-505.)

JC89288,00000BC -19-24JAN06-1/1

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10001.03 — EGR Position Sensor Malfunction (P0487)

EGR Position output signal is abnormal.

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> See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P0487 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-353.)

> > JC89288,00000BD -19-14JAN06-1/1

10002.02 — EGR Valve Control Malfunction (P0488)

Difference between target valve lift and actual position is more than 20%.

See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P0488 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-359.)

JC89288,00000C1 -19-18JAN06-1/1

10003.02 — Injection Nozzle Common #1 Malfunction (P1261)

No feedback signal for injector #1, #2, and #3.

See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P1261 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-454.)

JC89288,00000C2 -19-24JAN06-1/1

10004.02 — Injection Nozzle Common #2 Malfunction (P1262)

No feedback signal for injector #4, #5, and #6.

See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P1262 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-464.)

JC89288,00000C3 -19-24JAN06-1/1

10005.01 — Charge Circuit Malfunction— Bank 1 (P0611)

Charge circuit (bank 1) voltage inside engine control module (ECM) is low.

See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P0611 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-385.)

10006.01 — Charge Circuit Malfunction— Bank 2 (P0612)

Charge circuit (bank 2) voltage inside engine control module (ECM) is low.

See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P0612 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-388.)

JC89288,00000C5 -19-18JAN06-1/1

JC89288,00000C4 -19-18JAN06-1/1

10007.02 — CPU Monitoring IC Malfunction (P0606)

CPU malfunction in engine control module (ECM).

See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P0606 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-383.)

JC89288,00000C6 -19-24JAN06-1/1

10008.02 — A/D Conversion Malfunction (P1630)

A/D conversion malfunction in engine control module (ECM).

See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P1630 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-512.)

JC89288,00000C7 -19-24JAN06-1/1

10009.02 — 5 Volt Power Supply #3 Malfunction (P1633)

900[.]

5 volt power supply #3 malfunction more than 5.5 volts or less than 4.5 volts.

See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P1633 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-520.)

JC89288,00000C8 -19-18JAN06-1/1

10010.02 — 5 Volt Power Supply #4 Malfunction (P1634)

5 volt power supply #4 malfunction more than 5.5 volts or less than 4.5 volts.

See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P1634 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-523.)

JC89288,00000C9 -19-18JAN06-1/1

10011.02 — 5 Volt Power Supply #5 Malfunction (P1635)

5 volt power supply #5 malfunction more than 5.5 volts or less than 4.5 volts.

See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P1635 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-526.)

JC89288,00000CA -19-18JAN06-1/1

10013.02 — EEPROM Malfunction (P0603)

EEPROM malfunction.

See Tech 2 Diagnostic Trouble Code P0603 in Isuzu Engine Trouble Shooting Manual. (1E-381.)

450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests

Information Controller (ICF) Diagnostic Trouble Codes

The information controller (ICF) diagnostic trouble codes may be viewed on the monitor, by using Dr. ZX, or by using SERVICE ADVISOR[™]. See the following procedures for viewing the information controller diagnostic trouble codes.

- See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Monitor Display. (Group 9015-20.)
- See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Service ADVISOR™ Diagnostic Application. (Group 9015-20.)
- See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Dr. ZX. (Group 9015-20.)

SERVICE ADVISOR is a trademark of Deere & Company

14000.02 — Abnormal CAN Communication

NOT APPLICABLE TO THIS MACHINE

MS12501,0000030 -19-18JAN06-1/1

14001.02 — ICF: Flash Memory: Read/Write Error

NOT APPLICABLE TO THIS MACHINE

LD30992,00001CE -19-21FEB06-1/1

14002.02 — ICF: External RAM: Read/Write Error

NOT APPLICABLE TO THIS MACHINE

9001

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MS12501,0000032 -19-18JAN06-1/1

14003.02 — ICF: EEPROM: Sum Check Error

NOT APPLICABLE TO THIS MACHINE

MS12501,0000033 -19-18JAN06-1/1

14006.02 — ICF: Satellite Communication Terminal: Communication Error

NOT APPLICABLE TO THIS MACHINE

MS12501,0000034 -19-18JAN06-1/1

14008.02 — ICF: Abnormal Internal RAM

NOT APPLICABLE TO THIS MACHINE

14100.02 — Satellite Communication Terminal: Abnormal EEPROM

NOT APPLICABLE TO THIS MACHINE

MS12501,0000036 -19-18JAN06-1/1

14101.02 — Satellite Communication Terminal: Abnormal IB/OB Queue

NOT APPLICABLE TO THIS MACHINE

MS12501,0000037 -19-18JAN06-1/1

14102.02 — Satellite Communication Terminal: Abnormal Local Loop Back

NOT APPLICABLE TO THIS MACHINE

MS12501,0000038 -19-18JAN06-1/1

14103.02 — Satellite Communication Terminal: The satellite is not found.

NOT APPLICABLE TO THIS MACHINE

9001

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14104.02 — Satellite Communication Terminal: Fail 1 of Remote Loop Back

NOT APPLICABLE TO THIS MACHINE

9001

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MS12501,000003A -19-18JAN06-1/1

14105.02 — Satellite Communication Terminal: Fail 2 of Remote Loop Back

NOT APPLICABLE TO THIS MACHINE

MS12501,000003B -19-18JAN06-1/1

14106.02 — Satellite Communication Terminal: Sending and receiving data are mismatched

NOT APPLICABLE TO THIS MACHINE

MS12501,000003C -19-18JAN06-1/1

Air Conditioner Controller (ACF) Diagnostic Trouble Codes

Air conditioner controller (ACF) diagnostic trouble codes are read by accessing the diagnostic menu in the controller. See Air Conditioning Diagnostic Trouble Code Check to access diagnostic trouble codes. (Group 9031-15.)

AH91621,0000166 -19-21FEB06-1/1

E11 — Cab Air Temperature Sensor Open Circuit

Cab air temperature sensor open circuit.

AH91621,0000167 -19-15MAR06-1/1

- -1/1

Harness Diagnostics

Connector Check	Check harness connection to cab air temperature sensor and air conditioner and heater controller. Are connectors clean and free from debris? Are pins straight and do they make a good connection?	YES: Go to Open Circuit Check. NO: Repair or replace connector or pins.
Open Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from cab air temperature sensor and air conditioner and heater controller. Check continuity between pins on controller and cab air temperature sensor connector. Is there continuity on the appropriate pins?	YES: Cab air temperature sensor malfunction. NO: Repair or replace harness. See Air Conditioner Harness (W6) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)

E12 — Cab Air Temperature Sensor Short Circuit

Cab air temperature sensor short circuit.

Harness Diagnostics

9001

40 2

AH91621,0000168 -19-15MAR06-1/1

		1/1
Connector Check	Check harness connection to cab air temperature sensor and air conditioner and heater controller. Are connectors clean and free from debris? Are pins straight and do they make a good connection?	YES: Go to Short Circuit Check. NO: Repair or replace connector or pins.
		1/1
Short Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from cab air temperature sensor and air conditioner and heater controller. Check continuity between appropriate pins on air conditioner and heater controller connector and machine ground. Is there continuity to ground?	YES: Repair or replace harness. See Air Conditioner Harness (W6) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Cab air temperature sensor malfunction.

E13 — Ambient	Air	Temperature	Sensor
Open Circuit			

Ambient air temperature sensor open circuit.

AH91621,0000169 -19-15MAR06-1/1

		1/1
Connector Check	Check harness connection to ambient air temperature sensor and air conditioner and heater controller. Are connectors clean and free from debris? Are pins straight and do they make a good connection?	YES: Go to Open Circuit Check. NO: Repair or replace connector or pins.
Ø Open Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from ambient air temperature sensor and air conditioner and heater controller. Check continuity between pins on controller and ambient air temperature sensor connector. Is there continuity on the appropriate pins?	YES: Ambient air temperature sensor malfunction. NO: Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, see Engine Interface Harness (W5) Wiring Diagram, and See Air Conditioner Harness (W6) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)

Harness Diagnostics

E14 — Ambient Air Temperature Sensor Short Circuit

Ambient air temperature sensor short circuit.

AH91621,000016A -19-15MAR06-1/1

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Harness Diagnostics

9001 40 3

	Air Conditioner Controller (ACF) Diagnostic Trouble Codes					
	Connector Check	Check harness connection to ambient air temperature sensor and air conditioner and heater controller.	YES: Go to Short Circuit Check.			
		Are connectors clean and free from debris? Are pins straight and do they make a good connection?	NO: Repair or replace connector or pins.			
)01			1/1			
40						
4	Short Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from ambient air temperature sensor and air conditioner and heater controller. Check continuity between appropriate pins on air conditioner and heater controller connector and machine ground. Is there continuity to ground?	YES: Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, see Engine Interface Harness (W5) Wiring Diagram, and See Air Conditioner Harness (W6) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Ambient air temperature sensor malfunction.			
			1/1			
	E15 — Coolant Temperature Sensor Open Circuit					

Coolant temperature sensor open circuit.

AH91621,000016B -19-15MAR06-1/1

Harness Diagnostics

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Connector Check	Check harness connection to coolant temperature sensor and air condition heater controller.	er and YES: Go to Open Circuit Check.
	Are connectors clean and free from debris? Are pins straight and do they r connection?	nake a good NO: Repair or replace connector or pins.
		1/1
TM2361 (24JUN08)	9001-40-4 450DL	C Excavator Operation and Tests

Air Conditioner Controller (ACF) Diagnostic Trouble Codes	
	1

Open Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from coolant temperature sensor and air conditioner and heater controller.	YES: Coolant temperature sensor malfunction.	
	Check continuity between pins on controller and coolant temperature sensor connector.		i i
		NO: Repair or replace	ı
	Is there continuity on the appropriate pins?	harness. See Air Conditioner Harness (W6) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)	9001 40 5
		1/1	

E16 — Coolant Temperature Sensor Short Circuit

Coolant temperature sensor short circuit.

AH91621,000016C -19-15MAR06-1/1

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-1/1

Harness Diagnostics

0	Connector Check	Check harness connection to coolant temperature sensor and air conditioner and heater controller.	YES: Go to Short Circuit Check.
		Are connectors clean and free from debris? Are pins straight and do they make a good connection?	NO: Repair or replace connector or pins.
			1/1
0	Short Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from coolant temperature sensor and air conditioner and heater controller. Check continuity between appropriate pins on air conditioner and heater controller connector and machine ground.	YES: Repair or replace harness. See Air Conditioner Harness (W6) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
		Is there continuity to ground?	NO: Coolant temperature sensor malfunction.

E18 — Solar Sensor Abnormal

Solar sensor short circuit.

Harness Diagnostics

9001 40 6

LD30992,00002DB -19-15MAR06-1/1

		1/1
Connector Check	Check harness connection to solar sensor and air conditioner and heater controller. Are connectors clean and free from debris? Are pins straight and do they make a good connection?	YES: Go to Short Circuit Check. NO: Repair or replace connector or pins.
		1/1
Short Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from solar sensor and air conditioner and heater controller. Check continuity between appropriate pins on air conditioner and heater controller connector and machine ground. Is there continuity to ground?	YES: Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, see Monitor Harness (W3) Wiring Diagram, and See Air Conditioner Harness (W6) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to Continuity Check.

Continuity Check	Disconnect harness from solar sensor and air conditioner and heater controller. Check continuity between appropriate pins on air conditioner and heater controller connector and solar sensor. Is there continuity between air conditioner controller and solar sensor?	YES: Air conditioner controller malfunction. NO: Open circuit in harness. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, see Monitor Harness (W3) Wiring Diagram, and See Air Conditioner Harness (W6) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
		1/1

E21 — Freeze Control Switch Open Circuit

Freeze control switch open circuit.

AH91621,000016E -19-15MAR06-1/1

-1/1

Harness Diagnostics

1	Connector Check	Check harness connection to freeze control switch and air conditioner and heater controller.	YES: Go to Open Circuit Check.
		Are connectors clean and free from debris? Are pins straight and do they make a good connection?	NO: Repair or replace connector or pins.
			1/

Air Conditioner Controller (ACF) Diagnostic Trouble Codes

	Open Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from freeze control switch and air conditioner and heater controller.	YES: Freeze control switch malfunction.
01 40 8		Check continuity between pins on controller and freeze control switch connector. Is there continuity on the appropriate pins?	NO: Repair or replace harness. See Air Conditioner Harness (W6) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
			1/1

E22 — Freeze Control Switch Short Circuit

Freeze control switch short circuit.

AH91621,000016F -19-15MAR06-1/1

- - -1/1

-1/1

Harness Diagnostics

Connector Check	Check harness connection to freeze control switch and air conditioner and heater controller. Are connectors clean and free from debris? Are pins straight and do they make a good connection?	YES: Go to Short Circuit Check. NO: Repair or replace connector or pins.
		1/1
Short Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from freeze control switch and air conditioner and heater controller. Check continuity between appropriate pins on air conditioner and heater controller connector and machine ground. Is there continuity to ground?	YES: Repair or replace harness. See Air Conditioner Harness (W6) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Freeze control switch malfunction.

E43 — Abnormal Damper Abnormal air conditioner and heater blower port change 9001 servomotor or air conditioner and heater rear blower port 40 change servomotor. 9 AH91621,0000170 -19-15MAR06-1/1 **Harness Diagnostics** - - -1/1 **1** Connector Check Check harness connection to servomotors and air conditioner and heater controller. YES: Go to Open Circuit Check. Are connectors clean and free from debris? Are pins straight and do they make a good connection? NO: Repair or replace connector or pins. - - -1/1 **2** Open Circuit Check Disconnect harness from servomotors and air conditioner and heater controller. YES: Air conditioner and heater blower port Check continuity between pins on controller and servomotor connector. change servomotor or air conditioner and heater Is there continuity on the appropriate pins? rear blower port change servomotor malfunction. IMPORTANT: Some wires between air conditioner controller and air conditioner servomotor are spliced with other control, power, and ground circuits. Use NO: Repair or replace caution when checking and testing wires. harness. See Air Conditioner Harness (W6) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) _ _1/1 E44 — Abnormal Damper

Abnormal air conditioner and heater mixer servomotor.

Harness Diagnostics

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		1/1
Connector Check	Check harness connection to servomotor and air conditioner and heater controller. Are connectors clean and free from debris? Are pins straight and do they make a good connection?	YES: Go to Open Circuit Check. NO: Repair or replace connector or pins.
Ø Open Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from servomotor and air conditioner and heater controller. Check continuity between pins on controller and servomotor connector.	YES: Air conditioner and heater mixer servomotor malfunction.
	Is there continuity on the appropriate pins? IMPORTANT: Some wires between air conditioner controller and air conditioner servomotor are spliced with other control, power, and ground circuits. Use caution when checking and testing wires.	NO: Repair or replace harness. See Air Conditioner Harness (W6) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)

E45 — Abnormal Damper

Abnormal air conditioner and heater internal and external servomotor.

AH91621,0000172 -19-15MAR06-1/1

Harness Diagnostics

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Connector Check	Check harness connection to servomotor and air conditioner and heater controller. Are connectors clean and free from debris? Are pins straight and do they make a good connection?	YES: Go to Open Circuit Check. NO: Repair or replace connector or pins.
		1/1
TM2361 (24JUN08)	9001-40-10 450DLC Excavate	or Operation and Tests

Ø Open Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from servomotor and air conditioner and heater controller. Check continuity between pins on controller and servomotor connector.	YES: Air conditioner and heater mixer servomotor malfunction.	
	Is there continuity on the appropriate pins? IMPORTANT: Some wires between air conditioner controller and air conditioner servomotor are spliced with other control, power, and ground circuits. Use caution when checking and testing wires.	NO: Repair or replace harness. See Air Conditioner Harness (W6) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)	900 40 11
		1/1	

E51 — Abnormal High/Low Pressure Switch

Abnormal high/low pressure switch.

AH91621,0000173 -19-15MAR06-1/1

- -1/1

Harness Diagnostics

0	Connector Check	Check harness connection to high/low pressure switch and air conditioner and heater controller. Are connectors clean and free from debris? Are pins straight and do they make a good	YES: Go to Open Circuit Check. NO: Repair or replace
		connection?	connector or pins.
2	Open Circuit Check	Disconnect harness from high/low pressure switch and air conditioner and heater controller.	YES: High/low pressure switch malfunction.
		Check continuity between pins on controller and high/low pressure switch connector. Is there continuity on the appropriate pins?	NO: Repair or replace harness. See Air Conditioner Harness (W6) Wiring Diagram. (Group
			9015-10.)
			1/1

Air Conditioner Controller (ACF) Diagnostic Trouble Codes

Monitor Controller (MON) Diagnostic Trouble Codes

The monitor controller (MON) diagnostic trouble codes may be viewed on the monitor, by using Dr. ZX, or by using SERVICE ADVISOR[™]. See the following procedures for viewing the information controller diagnostic trouble codes.

- See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Monitor Display. (Group 9015-20.)
- See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Service ADVISOR[™] Diagnostic Application. (Group 9015-20.)
- See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Dr. ZX. (Group 9015-20.)

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13303.02 — Abnormal Thermister **Temperature**

Monitor Temperature Diagnostics

Temperature in or around monitor controller is above 85°C (185°F).

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LD30992,00004BE -19-23MAR06-1/1

MS12501,000003D -19-26MAY06-1/1

• Temperature Check	Check temperature around monitor controller. Is temperature high?	YES: Go to Screen Check. NO: Monitor controller malfunction. Replace controller. See Monitor Controller Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.)
	0001 50 1	1/1
TMOOC1 (OA II INIOO)	U001-50-1	SODI C Executer Operation and Testa

TM2361 (24JUN08)

Monitor Controller (MON) Diagnostic Trouble Codes

	Screen Check	Cool monitor controller and observe monitor screen.	YES: Monitor and monitor controller are OK.
01 50 2		Does monitor screen return to normal as monitor is cooled?	NO: Monitor controller malfunction. Replace controller. See Monitor Controller Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.)
			1/1

13304.02 — Abnormal REG Input H Level

MS12501,000003E -19-26MAY06-1/1

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Alternator Output Diagnostics

Alternator output above 33.5 volts.

 Alternator Output Check
 Measure alternator output. Is voltage below 33.5 volts?
 YES: Go to Harness Check.

 NO: Alternator malfunction.
 No: Alternator malfunction.

 Repair or replace alternator.

Monitor Controlle	· (MON) Diagnostic	Trouble	Codes
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Ø Harness Check	Disconnect monitor controller connector and check alternator voltage at monitor pin C7. Is voltage below 33.5 volts?	YES: Monitor controller malfunction. Replace controller. See Monitor Controller Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.)
	NOTE. Engine musi be funning for this check.	
		NO: Open circuit in
		namess between
		alternator and monitor
		controller.
		Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Engine Interface Harness (W5) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
		1/1

13306.02 — Abnormal EEPROM

MS12501,000003F -19-26MAY06-1/1

- - -1/1

9001 50

Information Controller Diagnostics

Abnormal EEPROM in monitor controller.

Diagnostic Trouble Code Re-check	Clear codes and check for code again. Is DTC 13306.02-Abnormal EEPROM still present?	YES: Monitor controller malfunction. Replace controller. See Monitor Controller Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.)
		NO: Monitor controller is OK.
		1/1

13308.02 — Abnormal CAN Communication

Controller Area Network (CAN) Diagnostics

9001 50

		1/1
CAN Harness Check	Check harness connections to controllers and between harnesses. Clear codes and re-check DTCs. Is DTC 13308.02-Abnormal CAN Communication still present?	YES: Go to Continuity Check MCF and ICF. NO: Main controller (MCF) and harness are OK.
Continuity Check MCF and ICF	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C4 and information controller (ICF) pin C5. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C15 and information controller (ICF) pin C11. Is there continuity between the connectors?	YES: Go to Continuity Check MCF and ECM. NO: Open circuit in CAN between main controller (MCF) and information controller (ICF). Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
Continuity Check MCF and ECM	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C4 and engine control module (ECM) pin 18. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C15 and engine control module (ECM) pin 37. Is there continuity between the connectors?	YES: Go to Continuity Check MCF and Monitor Unit. NO: Open circuit in CAN between main controller (MCF) and engine control module (ECM). Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)

Continuity Check MCF and Monitor Unit	Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C4 and monitor controller pin B7. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C15 and monitor controller pin B6. Is there continuity between the connectors?	YES: Go to MCF Short to Ground Check. NO: Open circuit in CAN between main controller (MCF) and monitor controller. Repair or replace harnesses. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Monitor Harness (W3) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
		1/1
MCF Short to Ground Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C4 and main controller (MCF) pins A2, A13, B8, and B18. Check for continuity between MCF pin C15 an MCF pins A2, A13, B8, and B18. Is there continuity between the CAN circuit and ground circuit?	YES: CAN circuit short to ground. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to ECM Short to Ground Check.
		1/1
ECM Short to Ground Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 18 (CAN High wire) and engine control module (ECM) pins 1, 3, 4, 43, and 62 (ground). Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 37 (CAN Low wire) and engine control module (ECM) pins 1, 3, 4, 43, and 62 (ground).	YES: CAN circuit short to ground. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 0215 10)
		NO: Go to ICF Short to Ground Check.

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Monitor Controller (MON) Diag	gnostic Trouble Codes
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 ICF Short to Ground Check 1 6 	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pin C5 and pins C14 and C15. Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pin C11 and pins C14 and C15.	YES: CAN circuit short to ground. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
	Is there continuity between CAN circuit and ground circuit?	NO: Go to Monitor Controller Short to Ground Check.
Onitor Controller Short to Ground Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller.	YES: CAN circuit short to ground.
	Check for continuity between monitor controller pin B7 and pin B11.	Repair or replace harness. See Cab
	Check for continuity between monitor controller pin B6 and pin B11.	Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group
	Is there continuity between CAN circuit and ground circuit?	9015-10)

		NO: Go to MCF Short to Power Check.
		/
MCF Short to Power Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller.	YES: CAN circuit short to power.

Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C4 and pins A1, A12, B7, and B17. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C15 and pins A1, A12, B7, and B17.	Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
Is there continuity between CAN circuit and power circuit?	NO: Go to ECM Short to Power Check.
	1/1

ECM Short to Power Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller.	YES: CAN circuit short to power.
	Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 18 (CAN High wire) and engine control module (ECM) pins 2 and 5 (power).	Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring
	Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 37 (CAN Low wire) and engine control module (ECM) pins 2 and 5 (power).	Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, (Group
	Is there continuity between CAN circuit and power circuit?	9015-10.)
		NO: Go to ICF Short to Power Check.

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Monitor Controller (MON) Diagnostic Trouble Codes

0	ICF Short to Power Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pin C5 and pins C1 and C2. Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pin C11 and pins C1 and C2. Is there continuity between CAN circuit and power circuit?	YES: CAN circuit short to power. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to Monitor Controller Short to Power Check.	9001 50 7
Ð	Monitor Controller Short to Power Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between monitor controller pin B7 and A16. Check for continuity between monitor controller pin B6 and A16. Is there continuity between CAN circuit and power circuit?	YES: CAN circuit short to power. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Monitor Harness (W3) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to MCF Short to Key Switch Signal Check.	
Ð	MCF Short to Key Switch Signal Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C4 and B16. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pin C15 and B16. Is there continuity between CAN circuit and key switch signal circuit?	YES: CAN circuit short to key switch signal. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to ECM Short to Key Switch Signal Check.	
12	ECM Short to Key Switch Signal Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 18 (CAN High wire) and engine control module (ECM) pin 24 (key switch signal wire). Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 37 (CAN Low wire) and engine control module (ECM) pin 24 (key switch signal wire). Is there continuity between CAN circuit and key switch signal circuit?	YES: CAN circuit short to key switch signal. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to ICF Short to Key Switch Signal Check.	

Monitor Controller (MON) Diagnostic Trouble Codes

ICF Short to Key Switch Signal Chec	 Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pin C5 and C7. Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pin C11 and C7. Is there continuity between CAN circuit and key switch signal circuit? 	YES: CAN circuit short to key switch signal. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to Monitor Controller Short to Key Switch Signal Check.
		1/1
Monitor Controller Short to Key Switch Signal Check	 Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between monitor controller pin B7 and A7. Check for continuity between monitor controller pin B6 and A7. Is there continuity between CAN circuit and key switch signal circuit? 	YES: CAN circuit short to key switch signal. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Monitor Harness (W3) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to MCF CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check.
MCF CAN High and Low Side Continuit Check	Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between main controller (MCF) pins C4 and C15. Is there continuity between CAN high and low side wires?	YES: CAN wires short circuit. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to ECM CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check.
ECM CAN High and Low Side Continuit Check	 Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine control module (ECM) and monitor controller. Check for continuity between engine control module (ECM) pin 18 (CAN High and Low wires). Is there continuity between CAN high and low side wires? 	YES: CAN wires short circuit. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to ICF CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check.

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Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine ICF CAN High and YES: CAN wires short Low Side Continuity control module (ECM) and monitor controller. circuit. Check Check for continuity between information controller (ICF) pins C5 and C11. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Is there continuity between CAN high and low side wires? 9001 Diagram. (Group 50 9015-10.) 9 NO: Go to Monitor Controller CAN High and Low Side Continuity Check. - - 1/1 20 Monitor Controller Disconnect all connectors to main controller (MCF), information controller (ICF), engine YES: CAN wires short CAN High and Low control module (ECM) and monitor controller. circuit. Side Continuity Check Check for continuity between monitor controller pins B6 and B7. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Is there continuity between CAN high and low side wires? Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram and see Monitor Harness (W3) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to MCF CAN Resistance Check. - - -1/1 MCF CAN Resistance Connect all connectors except main controller (MCF) connector C (X30). YES: Go to DTC Check. Check NO: Go to ICF CAN Check resistance between pin C4 and C15. Resistance Check. Is resistance between 50-70 Ω? - -1/1 2 DTC Check Connect connector to main controller (MCF). **YES:** Main controller (MCF) malfunction. Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check for DTCs. Replace. See Main Controller (MCF) Remove Is DTC 13308.02-Abnormal CAN Communication still present? and Install. (Group 9015-20.) NO: Check harness connection to main controller (MCF).

Monitor Controller (MON) Diagnostic Trouble Codes

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Monitor Controller (MON) Diagnostic Trouble Codes

9001 50 10	DTC Check	Connect connector to information controller (ICF). Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check for DTCs. Is DTC 13308.02-Abnormal CAN Communication still present?	YES: information controller (ICF) malfunction. Replace. See Information Controller (ICF) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.) NO: Check harness connection to information controller (ICF).		
	ECM CAN Resistance Check	Connect all connectors except engine control module (ECM) connector. Check resistance between pin 18 (CAN High) and pin 37 (CAN Low) wires in connector. Is resistance between 110—130 Ω?	YES: Go to DTC Check. NO: Go to Monitor Controller CAN Resistance Check.		
	DTC Check	Connect connector to engine control module (ECM). Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check for DTCs. Is DTC 13308.02-Abnormal CAN Communication still present?	YES: Engine control module (ECM) malfunction. Replace. See Engine Control Module (ECM) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.) NO: Check harness connection to engine control module (ECM).		
			1/1		
	Monitor Controller CAN Resistance Check	Connect all connectors except monitor controller connector B (X20). Check resistance between pins B6 and B7. Is resistance between 110—130 Ω ?	YES: Go to DTC Check. NO: Malfunction in any controller on CAN.		
	DTC Check	Connect connector to monitor controller. Clear diagnostic trouble codes (DTC) and re-check for DTCs. Is DTC 13308.02-Abnormal CAN Communication still present?	YES: Monitor controller malfunction. Replace. See Monitor Controller Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.)		

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13310.02 — Shorted circuit in Coolant **Temperature Sensor**

MS12501,0000041 -19-26MAY06-1/1

Coolant Temperature Sensor Diagnostics

Short circuit in coolant temperature sensor circuit.

			1/1
Coolant Temperature	Disconnect coolant temperature sensor and check resistance.		YES: Go to Harness
Sensor Resistance Check	Engine Coolant Temperature	Resistance (k[OHor])	Check.
	25°C 77°F	7.6	NO: Coolant temperature sensor malfunction.
	40°C 104°F	3.65—4.35	
	50°C 122°F	2.48—2.92	
	80°C 176°F	0.98	
	95°C 203°F	0.60	
	105°C 221°F	0.45	
	120°C 248°F	0.30	
	Is resistance within specification?		
			1/1
Harness Check	Check harness between coolant temp Is there a short to ground or short to	perature sensor and monitor pin C8 for short. power in harness?	YES: Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, see Monitor Harness (W3) Wiring Diagram, and see Engine Harness (W4) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Monitor controller malfunction. Replace controller. See Monitor Controller Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.)
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13311.02 — Shorted circuit in Fuel Level Sensor

9001 50 12

MS12501,0000042 -19-26MAY06-1/1

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Fuel Level Sensor Diagnostics

Fuel Level Sensor Shorted to Ground.

1 Resistance Check Disconnect fuel level sensor and check sensor resistance. YES: Go to Short to Ground Check Is sensor resistance within specifications? NO: Fuel level sensor **Fuel Level Sensor** malfunction. Replace sensor. Float Position Resistance (Ohms) Upper Limit (FULL) 6-10 3/4 26 1/2 33-43 1/4 53 Alarm Level 82-88 Lower Limit (EMPTY) 90-100 - -1/1

Short to Ground Check	Disconnect fuel level sensor and monitor from harness and check for continuity to machine ground. Is there continuity between harness and machine ground?	YES: Short circuit in harness between monitor controller and sensor. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Monitor Harness (W3) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to Continuity Check.
		1/1
Continuity Check Disconnect fuel level sensor and monitor from harnesses. Check continuity between fuel level sensor connector and monitor controller connector pin C2. Is there continuity between fuel level sensor and monitor controller?	YES: Monitor controller malfunction. Replace controller. See Monitor Controller Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.)	
-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	
	NO: Open circuit in harness.	
	Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Monitor Harness (W3) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)	
	1/1	

13311.04 — Open circuit in Fuel Level Sensor

MS12501,0000043 -19-26MAY06-1/1

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Fuel Level Sensor Diagnostics

Fuel Level Sensor Shorted to Ground.

Resistance Check	Disconnect fuel level sensor and check ser Is sensor resistance within specifications?	el Sensor	YES: Go to Short to Ground Check NO: Fuel level sensor malfunction. Replace
	Float Position	Resistance (Ohms)	sensor.
	Upper Limit (FULL)	6-10	
	3 / 4	26	
	1/2	33-43	
	1/4	53	
	Alarm Level	82-88	
	Lower Limit (EMPTY)	90-100	

Short to Ground Check	Disconnect fuel level sensor and monitor from harness and check for continuity to machine ground. Is there continuity between harness and machine ground?	YES: Short circuit in harness between monitor controller and sensor. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Monitor Harness (W3) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Go to Continuity Check.
Continuity Check	Disconnect fuel level sensor and monitor from harnesses. Check continuity between fuel level sensor connector and monitor controller connector pin C2. Is there continuity between fuel level sensor and monitor controller?	YES: Monitor controller malfunction. Replace controller. See Monitor Controller Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.) NO: Open circuit in harness. Repair or replace harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, see Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, and see Monitor Harness (W3) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)

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9005

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Operational Checkout

This procedure is used to check operation of the machine. It is designed so you can do a walk around inspection, check machine operation, and perform specific checks from the operator's seat.

If there is a problem with the machine, diagnostic information in this checkout will help determine the probable cause. This information may allow you to perform a simple adjustment to correct the problem. Use the table of contents to help find adjustment procedures.

A location will be required which is level and has adequate space to complete the checks. No tools are needed to perform the checkout. Complete the usual necessary visual checks (oil levels, oil condition, external leaks, loose hardware, linkage, wiring) prior to doing the checkout. The machine must be at operating temperature for many of the checks.

Read each check completely before performing. If no problem is found, you will be instructed to go to the next check. If a problem is indicated, you will be referred to a procedure for adjustment, repair, or replacement.

The monitor can be used to perform diagnostic and operational checks. The monitor can display engine speed, pressures, and Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTCs).

MD46667,0000057 -19-25APR06-1/1

Diagnostic Trouble Codes Check -1/1**Display and Clear** Always check for diagnostic trouble codes and correct them before performing the YES: Correct all **Trouble Diagnostic** operational checkout. diagnostic trouble codes Codes before proceeding. Diagnostic trouble codes can be displayed by using several methods: See Reading Diagnostic • Monitor Controller **Trouble Codes With** • With Service Advisor Service ADVISOR™ • With Dr. ZX Diagnostic Application (Group 9015-20.) or see LOOK: Are diagnostic trouble codes present? **Reading Diagnostic** Trouble Codes With Monitor Display (Group 9015-20.) or see Reading **Diagnostic Trouble Codes** With Dr. ZX. (Group 9015-20.) NO: Proceed with operational checkout.





Operational Checks—Key Switch On, Engine Off Checks

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9005 10 6	Travel Lever and Pedal Neutral Checks	Image: the travel levers and pedals forward (1), then release. Public travel levers and pedals require equal effort to operate in forward and reverse? Image: the travel levers and pedals require equal effort to operate in forward and reverse? Image: the travel levers and pedals require equal effort to operate in forward and reverse? Image: the travel levers and pedals require equal effort to operate in forward and reverse? Image: the travel levers and pedals require equal effort to operate in forward and reverse? Image: the travel levers and pedals return to neutral at the same time when released?	YES: Go to next check. NO: Inspect, repair or replace travel pilot control valve. See Travel Pilot Control Valve Remove and Install (Group 3360.) and see Travel Pilot Control Valve Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3360.)
			1/1

Light Circuit Checks	6 5	5—Work Light Switch 6—Windshield Wiper and Washer Switch	YES: Go to next check.
	TX1000880 -UN-01DEC05	 Turn work light switch (5) to first position. LOOK: Are monitor panel back lights and drive lights on? Turn light switch to second position. LOOK: Do monitor panel back lights and drive lights remain on and boom work lights come on? 	NO: Check work and drive lights 20 A fuse (F1) (Marked LAMP), Drive Light 20 A Fuse (F29) (Marked LIGHT 1) Drive Light 20 A Fuse (Marked LIGHT 1), and controller key switch signal 5 A fuse (F18) (Marked POW ON). See Fuse and Relay Specifications. (Group
			9015-10.) NO: Check wiring harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram (Group 9015-10.) and see System Functional Schematic. (Group 9015-10.)

	T		T1	
Windshield Wiper Controls Check	TX1000880 -UN-01DEC05	 5—Work Light Switch 6—Windshield Wiper and Washer Switch NOTE: Front window must be fully closed and latched for this check. Turn wiper switch (6) to first INT position. LOOK: Does wiper operate intermittently? Turn wiper switch to second INT position. LOOK: Does wiper operate intermittently, but faster than when in first position? Turn wiper switch to third INT position. LOOK: Does wiper operate intermittently, but faster than when in second position? Turn wiper switch to ON position. LOOK: Does wiper operate continuously? Move wiper switch to OFF position. LOOK: Does wiper arm stop in park position at left side of windshield? 	 YES: Go to next check. NO: Check that front window is fully latched and switch contacts make good contact. NO: Check windshield wiper and washer 10 A fuse (F2) (Marked WIPER). See Fuse and Relay Specifications. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Check Wiring See Cab Harness W1 Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) And See Windshield Wiper and Washer Circuit Theory of Operation. (Group 9015-15.) 	9005 10 7
			1/1	
Windshield Washer and Wiper Circuit Check	IMPORTANT: Washer moto than 20 seconds, or contin NOTE: The wiper cannot op operate with the upper front upper left corner makes good	 ar may be damaged if washer switch is held for more ually operated with no fluid in the washer fluid tank. brate with the upper front window open. The washer can window open. When closing window, check that window d contact with the cab. 5—Work Light Switch 6—Windshield Wiper and Washer Switch NOTE: Front window must be fully closed and latched for this check. Push washer switch (6). LOOK: Is washer fluid supplied to windshield? Turn windshield wiper (6) ON. LISTEN: Does wiper circuit click? LOOK: Does windshield wiper operate? 	 YES: Go to next check. NO: Check washer fluid level. See Windshield Washer Fluid Level. (Operator's Manual.) NO: Check that the window upper left corner is making good contact with the cab. NO: Check windshield wiper and washer 10 A fuse (F2) (Marked WIPER). See Fuse and Relay Specifications. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Check wiring harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Check washer pump. See Windshield Wiper and Washer Circuit Theory of Operation. (Group 9015-15.) 	



Operational Checks—Key Switch On, Engine On Checks

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Pilot Shutoff Circuit Check	TX1000874 -UN-01DEC05 T-Engine Speed Dial	YES: See Pilot Shutoff Switch Harness Check. (Group 9015-20.) YES: Check wiring. See Pilot Shutoff Switch Harness (W11) Wiring Diagram (Group 9015-10.) and see Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
5 0 0	 CAUTION: Machine may move during this check. Make sure area is clear and large enough to operate all machine functions. Turn engine speed dial (1) to L (slow idle) position. Place pilot shutoff lever in LOCKED (rearward) position. Slowly actuate dig and travel functions. LOOK: Do dig and travel functions operate? 	YES: See Diagnose Pilot Circuit Malfunctions (Group 9025-15.) and see Pilot Shutoff Circuit Theory of Operation. (Group 9015-15.) NO: Continue check.
	Place pilot shutoff lever in UNLOCKED (forward) position. Slowly actuate dig and travel functions. LOOK: Do dig and travel functions operate?	YES: Go to next check. NO: Check wiring. See Pilot Shutoff Switch Harness (W11) Wiring Diagram (Group 9015-10.) and see Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) or see Diagnose Pilot Circuit Malfunctions (Group 9025-15.) and see Pilot Shutoff Circuit Theory of Operation. (Group 9015-15.) and

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9005-10-11



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TX1000744 -UN-29NOV05





Travel Alarm Check YES: Go to next check. NO: Check travel alarm 5 A fuse (F5) (Marked OPT. 1). See Fuse and Relay Specifications. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Check wiring. See 3 Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram (Group 9015-10.) and see System Functional 9005 Schematic. (Group 10 9015-10.) 15 TX1005049 -UN-21MAR06 1—Forward 2—Rearward 3—Pilot Shutoff Lever CAUTION: Machine will move during this check. Make sure area is clear and large enough to operate the machine. Place pilot shutoff lever (3) to UNLOCKED (forward) position. Slowly push travel pedals or levers forward (1). LISTEN: Does travel alarm sound? Slowly pull travel levers and pedals rearward (2). LISTEN: Does travel alarm sound? -1/1

TM2361 (24JUN08)







	1	T	7
Swing Power Check	Image: synthesis of the sy	YES: Go to next check. NO: See Swing Motor Crossover Relief Valve Test and Adjustment. (Group 9025-25.) NO: Check swing motor leakage. See Swing Motor Leakage Test. (Group 9025-25.) NO: See Diagnose Swing Circuit Malfunctions. (Group 9025-15.) NO: Check swing spool in control valve. See Control Valve Remove and Install (Group 3360.) and see Control Valve 5 Spool Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3360.)	9000
		1/1	

Dig Function Drift Check		YES: Go to next check.
5		NO: See Load Drifts Down When Control Valve Is In Neutral Position. (Group 9025-15.)
	Fill the bucket with dirt.	
	Position bucket at maximum reach with bucket pivot pin at the same height as boom pivot pin.	
	Retract arm cylinder, then extend about 2 inches	
	Extend bucket cylinder, then retract about 2 inches.	
	Stop engine.	
	Measure amount cylinders extend or retract in 5 minutes.	
	Measure distance from bottom of bucket to ground.	
	Compare measurements to specifications.	
	450DLC—Specification Boom Cylinder—Drift	
	0.6 in. Arm Cylinder—Drift 20 mm	
	0.8 in. Bucket Cylinder—Drift 20 mm	
	0.8 in. Bottom Of Bucket-To-Ground—Drift	
	LOOK: Is cylinder drift within specification?	
		1/1

Swing Priority Circuit Check	CAUTION: Perform check in an open area away from other machinery or personnel.	YES: Go to next check. NO: Check arm 1 flow rate pilot valve. See Diagnose Swing Circuit Malfunctions (Group 9025-15.) and see Pilot Signal Manifold Operation (Group 9025-05.) and see Arm 1 (Swing Priority) Flow Rate Circuit Operation. (Group 9025-05.)
	1—Engine Speed Dial 2—Auto-Idle Switch 3—Power Mode Switch	
	Position machine as shown.	
	Turn engine speed dial (1) to H (fast idle) position.	
	Turn power mode switch (3) to P (power) mode.	
	Operate swing function and record time required for three complete revolutions.	
	Divide that time by three to get an average time for one revolution.	
	Swing Function—Time—One Revolution	
	IMPORTANT: Position machine as shown. Operate swing and arm in slowly a few times before attempting to perform check to ensure bucket does not contact machine or ground.	
	Position machine as shown, arm extended, bucket curled, and upper structure 90 degrees to tracks.	
	Turn engine speed dial (1) to H (fast idle) position.	
	Turn power mode switch (3) to P (power) mode.	
	Raise boom high enough so bucket does not contact the machine or ground during arm in and swing combined operation.	
	Operate swing function and slowly actuate arm in function when upperstructure is in line with tracks. Record time required for one complete revolution.	
	NOTE: Swing speed should not slow when actuating arm in.	
	LOOK: Does swing speed remain unchanged when actuating arm in?	
		1/1



Boom Mode Switch	4	4—Boom Mode Switch	YES: Go to next check.
	OFF ON TX1005670 −UN-29MAR06	With the boom mode switch turned ON.LOOK/FEEL: Can the machine be raised off the ground with the front attachment?With the boom mode switch turned OFF.LOOK/FEEL: Does the machine remain on the ground with the front attachment activated?	NO: See Boom Mode Circuit Operation (Group 9025-05.) and perform Boom Mode Solenoid Valve (port SC) Test and Adjustment. (Group 9025-25.)
Boom Up, Arm In, and Bucket Combined Function Operation Check		1—Engine Speed Dial 2—Auto-Idle Switch 3—Power Mode Switch	YES: Go to next check. NO: If boom speed slows excessively, inspect

n Up, Arm In, and et Combined		1—Engine Speed Dial 2—Auto-Idle Switch	YES: Go to next check.
tion Operation		3—Power Mode Switch	NO: If boom speed slows
n	TX1000170 -UN-10NOV05	Turn engine speed dial (1) to H (fast idle) position.	bucket flow rate control valve. See Control Valve
		Turn power mode switch (3) to P (power) mode.	Remove and Install
		Actuate boom up function, arm in function, and then	Control Valve 4 Spool
		bucket function in combination.	Disassemble and Assemble, (Group 3360.)
		LOOK: Does boom continue to move at approximately the same speed after bucket function is actuated?	
			1/1







TX1000744 -UN-29NOV05

arm is extended?

full actuation and extend the arm.

2)

3

4

surface.

NOTE: Machine will slow down during this test.

Turn engine speed dial (1) to H (fast idle) position.

Turn travel speed switch (4) to fast speed (rabbit) mode. Operate machine at full speed forward on a flat and level

After machine is moving, actuate arm out from neutral to

LOOK: Does machine mistrack excessively when the

NO: Go to next check.





CAUTION: Prevent possible injury from unexpected machine movement. 4 Clear all persons from the area before operating machine.

> 1—Engine Speed Dial 2—Auto-Idle Switch 3—Power Mode Switch

NOTE: Warm hydraulic oil to operating temperature for this check.

Turn engine speed dial (1) to H (fast idle) position. Turn auto-idle switch (2) to A/I OFF. TX1000170 -UN-10NOV05 T7884AE -UN-10NOV92

T6477AQ -UN-19OCT88 Boom

Arm, Bucket, Swing

Move machine to position shown for each test. Record cycle time for each function.

Specification	
end)—Cycle	

Boom Raise (Cylinder Extend)—Cycle
Time (Seconds)
Boom Lower (Cylinder Retract)—Cycle
Time (Seconds)
Arm In (Cylinder Extend)—Cycle Time
(Seconds) 4.2-4.8
Arm Out (Cylinder Retract)—Cycle Time
(Seconds) 2.8-3.4
Bucket Load (Cylinder Extend)—Cycle
Time (Seconds)
Bucket Dump (Cylinder Retract)—Cycle
Time (Seconds)
Swing Left or Right, 3 Revolutions From
a Running Start-Cycle Time (Seconds) 18.5-21.5
Drive 20 m (65 ft) From A Running Start
(Check In Forward And Reverse With
Travel Speed Switch In FAST
Position)—Cycle Time (Seconds)
Drive 20 m (65 ft) From A Running Start
(Check In Forward And Reverse With
Travel Speed Switch In SLOW
Position)—Cycle Time (Seconds)
Track Raised For 3 Revolutions From A
Running Start (Check In Forward And
Reverse With Travel Mode Switch In
FAST Position)—Cycle Time (Seconds)
Track Raised For 3 Revolutions From A
Running Start (Check In Forward And
Reverse With Travel Mode Switch In
SLOW Position)—Cycle Time (Seconds)
LOOK: Does machine perform within specifications?

YES: Go to next check.

NO: See Diagnose Hydraulic System Malfunctions. (Group 9025-15.)

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9005 10 28	Heater and Air Conditioning Circuit Check	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	YES: Check complete. NO: Heater does not operate. Check air conditioner and heater 20 A fuse (F3) (Marked HEATER). See Fuse and Relay Specifications. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Check system operation. See Heating and Air Conditioning Operational Checks. (Group 9031-25.)
		 1—OFF Switch 2—Fan Speed Increase Switch 3—Display 4—Defrost Vent Indicator 5—Rear Vent Indicator 6—Under Seat Vent Indicator 7—Temperature Increase Switch 8—Mode Switch 9—Auto Switch 9—Auto Switch 10—Air Conditioner ON and OFF Switch (A/C) 11—Temperature Decrease Switch 12—Fan Speed Indicator 13—Temperature Setting Indicator 14—Fan Speed Indicator 13—Temperature Setting Indicator 14—Fan Speed Indicator 14—Fan Speed Indicator 15—Fresh Air Switch 16—Recirculating Air Switch NOTE: The air conditioner and heater controller automatically adjusts vent position, fan speed, and intake air source to achieve any temperature set by the operator. Key ON, press heater and air conditioner OFF switch (1). Start engine. Run engine until normal operating temperature is reached. Press temperature increase switch (7) to maximum heat position. <i>FEEL: Does warm air come from the vents</i>? Press temperature decrease switch (11) to maximum cold position. <i>LISTEN: Does air conditioner compressor clutch solenoid "click"</i>? <i>FEEL: Does cool air come from the vents</i>? 	NO: Check wiring harness. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)



	LOOK: Does A/C indicator come ON?	YES: Check complete.	
	Push temperature increase switch (7) a few times.	NO: Heater fan does not blow air. Check air conditioner and heater 20 A fuse (F3) (Marked HEATER). See Fuse and Relay Specifications. (Group 9015-10.)	
	LOOK: Does temperature setting indicator (13) show increasing numbers?		
	FEEL/LISTEN: Does fan speed increase?		
	Push temperature decrease switch (11) a few times.		
	LOOK: Does temperature setting indicator show decreasing numbers?	NO: Check system	
	Does air conditioner come ON automatically?	and Air Conditioning	
	Push mode switch (8) a few times.	(Group 9031-25.)	
	LOOK: Does auto switch (9) indicator go OFF?	NO: Check wiring	
	LOOK: Does a different combination of vent indicators (4), (5), or (6) illuminate?	Harness. Geo Gab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)	
	FEEL/LISTEN: Does air come from vents as shown by indicators (4), (5), or (6)?		
	Air conditioner can be controlled manually by pushing the A/C switch when operating in auto mode.		
	Push A/C switch (10).		
	LOOK: Does A/C switch indicator go OFF?		
	Does air conditioner stop operating? (Fan will continue to run.)		
	Temperature can be displayed in Celsius or Fahrenheit.		
	With air conditioner and heater operating, push temperature increase (7) and temperature decrease (11) switches at the same time for more than 3 seconds.		
	LOOK: Does temperature setting indicator (13) change from Celsius to Fahrenheit or Fahrenheit to Celsius?		
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Isuzu AH-6WG1XYSA-01
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Test).9010-25-19Injector Force Drive Test..9010-25-22EGR Regulating Valve Test.9010-25-24Injector ID Code Registration.9010-25-27Injector ID Code Upload.9010-25-36

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Injector ID Code Download9010-25-40
Group 05 Theory of Operation



Theory of Operation





450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests 062608 PN=252

1—High Pressure Common	
Rail	
2—Fuel Filter (primary and	

3—Electronic Injector (6 used) -Pressure Control Valve (2

5—Fuel Tank 6-Water Separator 7—Fuel Transfer Pump 8—High Pressure Fuel Pump

secondary)

used)

Fuel Supply System Operation

The fuel transfer pump (7), driven by high pressure fuel pump drive shaft, draws fuel from the fuel tank (5) through a water separator (6). The water separator removes water particles from the fuel. When the water level, which can be seen through the clear plastic body, reaches the warning line, the water separator must be drained. A self-venting drain plug is mounted on the bottom of the clear plastic sediment bowl.

After water is removed, the fuel is delivered to the primary and secondary fuel filters (2) for removal of any solid particles that might cause abrasive damage to the injection system. After filtering, clean pressurized fuel is delivered to the high pressure fuel pump (8). An independent priming pump permits manual fuel feed for maintenance activities when engine is not running.

Fuel Injection System Operation

The high pressure fuel pump raises the pressure of the fuel to the required pressure for injection in two pumping chambers. When there is no current to the pump control valves (PCVs) (4), fuel is allowed to fill the pumping chamber. The engine control module (ECM) sends a signal to the PCVs to shut the valve to the pumping chamber. When the fuel pressure exceeds the delivery valve opening pressure, the high pressure fuel is routed to the high pressure common rail (1). The high pressure common rail evenly distributes fuel to all of the electronic injectors (3). If excess fuel pressure develops in the high pressure common rail, a pressure limiter opens and routes the fuel through a fuel return line back to the fuel tank. Excess fuel in the high pressure fuel pump is routed back to the fuel tank through a fuel return line.

The ECM controls the injection amount, the injection timing, injection pressure, and the injection rate for each injector.

The ECM controls injection amount based on both actual engine speed and target engine speed. The ECM receives actual engine speed information from the crankshaft position sensor and camshaft position sensor. The main controller (MCF) supplies target engine speed information to the ECM based on the engine speed dial, pressure sensors, and power mode switches.

The ECM calculates fuel injection timing according to engine speed and fuel injection amount.

Injection pressure is controlled through the fuel pressure in the high pressure common rail. The ECM calculates the appropriate pressure in the high pressure common rail based on engine speed, fuel injection amount, and common rail pressure. Using the timing of the PCVs opening and closing, the ECM can regulate the fuel pressure in the high pressure common rail

The fuel injection system uses an injection rate that helps improve combustion in the cylinders. A small amount of fuel is injected first into the cylinder. After this pilot injection ignites, the main supply of fuel is injected.

Fuel Injection Nozzle Operation

The electronic injectors are located inside the engine's cylinder head and are electrically controlled by the ECM. High pressure fuel is constantly supplied to the electronic injectors by the high pressure common rail. The opening and closing of the two-way valve within each injector by the ECM controls the injection amount, the injection timing, and the injection rate for each electronic injector.

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No Injection

Fuel from the high pressure common rail enters the electronic injector at the fuel inlet (11). When no current is supplied to the two-way valve (10), the valve spring (16) and hydraulic pressure of the fuel in the control chamber (14) cause the hydraulic piston (15) to push down and close the nozzle (17). High pressure fuel is held inside the nozzle until injection.

3—Electronic Injector 10—Two-Way Valve 11—Fuel Inlet 12—Orifice 1 13—Orifice 2 14—Control Chamber 15—Hydraulic Piston 16—Valve Spring 17—Nozzle 18—Fuel Leak-Off



Begin Injection

Injection begins when current is applied from the ECM to open the two-way valve (10). With valve open, fuel from the control chamber (14) flows through orifice 1 (12) out of the injector to the fuel leak-off line (18). The fuel is then routed back to the fuel tank. As the fuel from the control chamber exits the injector, the force is removed from the hydraulic piston (15), allowing fuel through the nozzle (17) to start the injection process.

> 3—Electronic Injector 10—Two-Way Valve 11—Fuel Inlet 12—Orifice 1 13—Orifice 2 14—Control Chamber 15—Hydraulic Piston 16—Valve Spring 17—Nozzle 18—Fuel Leak-Off



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End Injection

Injection ends when the current is removed from the two-way valve (10). The valve closes, causing fuel to fill the control chamber (14) through orifice 2 (13). The valve spring (16) and the hydraulic force from the fuel in the control chamber cause the hydraulic piston (15) to push down and close the nozzle (17). At this time the injection is complete.

3—Electronic Injector 10—Two-Way Valve 11—Fuel Inlet 12—Orifice 1 13—Orifice 2 14—Control Chamber 15—Hydraulic Piston 16—Valve Spring 17—Nozzle 18—Fuel Leak-Off





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The engine lubrication system consists of a positive displacement gear-driven oil pump, full-flow oil filters, water-cooled oil cooler, oil jets and relief valves. The oil pump pulls oil from the oil pan sump through a strainer and a suction line. The pump forces oil through the outlet tube into a vertical drilling in the cylinder block, and up to the oil cooler and to the remote-mounted filters. After flowing through the cooler and filters, oil flows into the right and left oil galleries and some is routed to the turbocharger.

The right-side oil gallery runs the length of the cylinder block and delivers oil to oil passages that feed the cylinder head, cam journal rocker arm shaft, and main bearing bushings. The left-side oil gallery runs the length of the cylinder block as well as providing oil to oil jets, supply pump, air compressor, idle gears, crank journal, crank pin, and connecting rod. From the main bearings, oil flows to the connecting rod bearings through drilled cross-passages in the crankshaft between the main journals and connecting rod journals. Oil from the main bearing also supplies oil to the piston cooling orifices. Oil from the piston cooling orifices sprays on the underside of the piston to keep the piston crown cool. The oil spray also provides splash lubrication for the piston pin and bushing by splashing oil into a hole drilled in the top end of the connecting rod. At the rear of the cylinder block, oil flows from the rear camshaft bushing, up through the cylinder head, and into the rocker arm shaft. Oil flows through the rocker arm shaft and lubricates each of the rocker arms. Oil drips from the rocker arms to lubricate the adjusting screws, push rods, and camshaft followers. At the front of the cylinder block, oil flows from the oil passage into a machined groove in the front face of the block. This groove connects with the upper idler gear shaft to provide oil to the idler gear bushing. The lower idler gear bushing is splash lubricated.

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The turbocharger oil supply line supplies oil to the turbocharger from the filtered side of oil filter adapter.

Oil returns from the turbocharger through the drain line.

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1—Air Filter Housing 2—Intake Manifold 3—Exhaust Manifold 4—Air-to-Air Intercooler

Engine suction draws dust-laden outside air through an

through the air-to-air intercooler (4), and into the intake

recirculated by the EGR system (6) and mixed into the

air inlet stack into the air filter housing (1). Air is

elements in the air filter housing. Clean air travels through the intake air hose to the turbocharger (7),

manifold (2) along with some exhaust gas that is

intake manifold. The rest of the exhaust, as it is

filtered through dry-type primary and final filter

5—Muffler 6—EGR System

7—Turbocharger

expelled out of the exhaust manifold (3), drives the turbocharger turbine (6) which drives the turbocharger (7), causing boost pressure to build inside of the intake tract. This enables the engine to produce more power than in normally aspirated form. The air-to-air intercooler (4) cools the turbocharger compressor discharge air by routing it through a heat exchanger before it enters the engine. The heat exchanger uses air flow produced by the fan to cool the charge air.

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Engine Turbocharger Operation

The turbocharger, which is basically an air pump that is driven by exhaust gases, allows the engine to produce added power without increasing displacement. Turbochargers are specially matched for the power ratio requirements of each specific application.

The turbine wheel is driven by th hot engine exhaust gasses. These gases flowing through the turbine housing act on the turbine wheel, causing the shaft to turn.

Attached to the shaft is the compressor wheel, which brings in filtered air and discharges the compressed air to the intake manifold, where it is delivered to the engine cylinders.

Engine oil under pressure from the engine lubrication system is applied to lubricate and cool the shaft and bearings in the center housing.



Turbocharger Lubrication—Engine oil under pressure from the engine lubrication system is pumped through a passage in the center housing and directed to the bearings, thrust plate, and thrust sleeve. Oil is sealed from the compressor and turbine by a piston at both ends of the center housing.

The turbocharger contains two floating bearings. These bearings have clearance between the bearing OD and the housing bore as well as clearance between the bearing ID and the shaft OD. These clearances are lubricated by the oil supply pressure oil (A) and the bearing are protected by a cushion of oil. Discharge oil drains by gravity from the center housing to the engine crankcase.





- 1—EGR Valve 2—Exhaust Manifold 3—Intake Manifold 4—EGR Cooler
- 5—Lead Valve
- 6—Engine
- 7—Intake Air from Aftercooler

8—From Air Cleaner 9—To Aftercooler 10—Exhaust 11—Engine Coolant In 12—Engine Coolant Out A1—Engine Control Module B1—Crankshaft Position Sensor

EGR recirculates a portion of the engine exhaust gas into the intake manifold to mix with intake air. The recirculation of exhaust gas helps lower the combustion temperature, which limits emissions of nitrogen oxide (NOx).

The amount of EGR is controlled by opening and closing the EGR valve (1), installed between the exhaust manifold (2) and intake manifold (3). The engine control module (ECM) (A1) operates the EGR valve based on engine speed, engine coolant temperature, intake air temperature, fuel injection amount, and barometric pressure. The ECM supplies power to the EGR valve actuator (M3) to open and

- B2—Camshaft Position Sensor B3—Barometric Pressure
- Sensor B4—Engine Coolant
- Temperature Sensor B7—Intake Air Temperature Sensor

B12—Fuel Rail Temperature Sensor B60—EGR Position Sensor M3—EGR Valve Actuator

close the EGR valve. The ECM uses the EGR position sensor (B60) to detect the EGR valve position.

The EGR cooler (4), through which EGR gas passes, cools down high temperature EGR gas. The cooled EGR gas mixes with intake air in the intake manifold to lower the combustion temperature, which limits NOx emissions.

The lead valve (5) in the EGR system is a check valve that stops backward flow of EGR gas and prevents intake air from entering the EGR gas passage. The valve increases the amount of EGR by keeping the EGR gas flowing in the same direction.

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Engine Speed Control System Operation

Engine Speed Specifications

Item	Measurement	Specification
Engine Speeds 450DLC		
Slow Idle	Speed	885 rpm
Fast Idle—HP Mode	Speed	1650 rpm
Fast Idle—P Mode	Speed	1650 rpm
Fast Idle—E Mode	Speed	1630 rpm
Travel HP	Speed	1750 rpm
Auto Idle	Speed	1030 rpm

Continued on next page

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The engine speed is controlled by the following items:

- Engine Speed Dial (R15)
- HP (high power) Mode (S12)
- P (standard) Mode (S12)
- E (economy) Mode (S12)
- Travel HP Mode Control
- Auto-Idle Control (S8)

Engine Speed Dial

The purpose of the engine speed dial is to control the engine rpm via operator input.

The main controller uses these input signals to determine appropriate engine speed:

- Engine Speed Dial (R15)
- Auto/Idle Switch (S8)

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- Boom Up Pressure Sensor (B52)
- Boom Down Pressure Sensor (B53)
- Arm Out Pressure Sensor (B50)
- Arm In Pressure Sensor (B51)
- Bucket Dump Pressure Sensor (B55)
- Bucket Curl Pressure Sensor (B54)
- Swing Pressure Sensor (B33)
- Travel Right Pressure Sensor (B56)
- Travel Left Pressure Sensor (B57)
- Attachment Pressure Sensor (B45)
- Counterweight Removal Pressure Sensor (B46)

The main controller then sends a signal via controller area network (CAN) to the engine control module (ECM), and the ECM then sets engine rpm.

HP (high power) Mode

The purpose of the HP mode is to increase engine speed while performing certain dig functions.

The Main Controller (MC) sends a signal to the ECM via CAN communication to raise engine rpm when the following conditions are met:

- Power mode switch is turned to the HP mode position.
- Engine speed is 1020 rpm or higher.
- Arm in, boom up, or a combination of both functions actuated.
- Pump delivery pressure high.



Switch Panel

R15—Engine Speed Dial S8—Auto Idle Switch S9—Windshield Wiper and Washer Switch S10—Work Light Switch S11—Travel Speed Switch S12—Power Mode Switch

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P (standard) Mode

The function of P mode is to control the engine speed from slow idle to fast idle in response to the position of the engine speed dial.

E (economy) Mode

The purpose of E mode is to lower engine speed to reduce fuel consumption and noise level.

The main controller receives input signals from the engine speed dial, power mode switch, and the pump delivery pressure sensors, then sends a signal via CAN to the ECM to reduce engine rpm when the following conditions are met:

- Engine speed above 1580 rpm.
- Power mode switch in E mode.

Travel HP (high power) Mode Control

The purpose of Travel HP mode is to increase engine speed for faster travel.

The main controller uses these input signals from the travel right, travel left pressure sensors, and engine speed dial to determine appropriate engine speed. The main controller then sends a signal via CAN communication to the ECM to increase engine speed when the following conditions are met:

- Engine speed dial set at 1070 rpm or faster.
- Travel function is operated.

Auto-Idle Control

The purpose of auto-idle control is to lower engine speed to reduce fuel consumption and noise levels while engine is running and no hydraulic function actuated.

The main controller uses these input signals to determine appropriate engine speed:

- Engine Speed Dial (R15)
- Auto/Idle Switch (S8)
- Boom Up Pressure Sensor (B52)
- Boom Down Pressure Sensor (B53)
- Arm Out Pressure Sensor (B50)
- Arm In Pressure Sensor (B51)
- Bucket Dump Pressure Sensor (B55)

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- Bucket Curl Pressure Sensor (B54)
- Swing Pressure Sensor (B33)
- Travel Right Pressure Sensor (B56)
- Travel Left Pressure Sensor (B57)
- Attachment Pressure Sensor (B45)
- Counterweight Removal Pressure Sensor (B46)

Auto-idle is activated when the following conditions are met:

- Auto-idle switch is on.
- No functions activated for approximately 4 seconds.
- Engine speed is above 1030 rpm.

Auto-idle control is deactivated when the following conditions are met:

- 9010 05 22
- Auto-idle control switch turned to OFF.
- A hydraulic function is actuated.
- Power mode switch is turned from E to P or P to E.
- Engine speed dial is turned to change engine speed.

When auto-idle is deactivated, the engine rpm increases to the setting of the engine speed dial.

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Isuzu AH-6WG1XYSA-01

This is an Isuzu 15.7L Tier III four-cycle, liquid cooled, vertical inline, 6 cylinder engine. Isuzu AH-6WG1XYSA-01 is rated at 348 hp. Emissions are controlled by opening and closing the Exhaust Gas Recirculation (EGR) valve installed between the exhaust manifold and intake manifold. The Engine Control Module (ECM) determines the amount of EGR, based on the engine speed and load rate the on engine (fuel injection amount), and operates the EGR valve to control the amount of EGR. The Electronic Injectors (El's) send pressurized fuel through a fuel line to the fuel delivery nozzles, which are located directly over the top of the piston. The El's are electrically controlled by the ECM. The crankshaft position sensor and camshaft position sensor provide information to the ECM for precise fuel delivery by the electronic fuel system.

Diagnose Engine Malfunctions

For more information go to the following:

- 1. See 305-294E 6WG1-Service Manual-6WG1 Industrial Engine.
- 2. See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Monitor Display. (Group 9015-20.)
- 3. See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Dr. ZX. (Group 9015-20.)
- See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Service ADVISOR[™] Diagnostic Application. (Group 9015-20.)
- 5. See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Tech 2 Diagnostic Scan Tool. (Group 9015-20.)

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Engine Cranks But Will Not Start

JC89288,000005C -19-29APR06-1/1

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Engine Cranks But Will Not Start Diagnostic Procedure

NOTE: When the engine is running at low speed (below 60 rpm), the crank sensor Diagnostic Trouble Code (DTC) may not be detected. If problem is intermittent; raise engine speed to fast idle and check for DTCs related to crank sensor.

Preliminary Check	 Check fuel quantity and quality. Check intake and exhaust systems for leaks or obstructions. Check electrical connections. Check battery for proper voltage 	YES: Repair or replace parts as necessary and retest.
	Was the problem found?	NO: Go to Active DTC Check.

2 Active DTC Test	To access active DTCs see the following:	YES: See Engine
	See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Monitor Display. (Group 9015-20.)	(DTCs—SPN.FMI Format) for information on
	See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Tech 2 Diagnostic Scan Tool. (Group 9015-20.)	code (Group 9001-20.)
	Are one of the following DTCs detected?	NO: No active DTCs present. Go to Crank
	P0335, P0336, P0340, P0341, P0601, P1261, and P1262.	Speed Check.

Check to see if crank speed is mo combustion). Is the crank speed above 80 rpm? See Service ADVISOR™ Diagnost	I is more then the necessary speed for the Engine y engine rotation. 0 rpm?	NO: Go to Starting System Check. (Group 9010-15.) YES: Continue Check.
	more than the necessary speed to start the engine (first m? ostic Application. (Group 9015-20.)	YES: Go to Fuel System Test. (Group 9010-15.) NO: Go to Starting System Check.

Starting System Check	 Check the starting system. 1. Check fuses. 2. Battery relay check. 3. Starter (M1) solenoid check. 4. Starter (M1) motor check. 5. Battery voltage check. 6. Starter protection relay check. 7. Glow plug relay check (colder temperatures). For more information on starting system: See Starting and Charging Circuit Theory of Operation. (Group 9015-15.) See Electrical Component Checks. (Group 9015-20.) Is starting system ok? 	YES: Go to Fuel System Test. NO: Repair starting system and retest.
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G Fuel System Test	Check fuel system in the following procedure.	YES: Repair and retest.
	 Check the high pressure line and low pressure line for leaks, kinks, or obstructions. Check in the following order. Fuel filters (water separator and final filters). Fuel tank (pump strainer). Fuel system lines. 	NO: Go to Electrical Interference Check.
	 Check fuel lines, fuel filter, and inside of the fuel tank for freezing or waxing (cold temperatures). 	
	3. Check the supply line inside the fuel tank for debris.	
	Are any fuel system problems present?	

G Electrical Interference Check

 Check the condition of accessory electrical equipment such as radio and lights. Does the engine start when the accessory electrical equipment is powered off?

 YES: Repair electrical equipment. NO: Go to Mechanical Engine Check

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Mechanical Engine Check	 Check the mechanical parts of the engine, and repair if needed. Compression pressure See Engine Compression Pressure Test. (Group 9010-25.) Valves See Check and Adjust Engine Valve Lash (Clearance). (Group 9010-25.) Injector Injector Balance Test (Injector Misfire Test). (Group 9010-25.) Are mechanical parts of engine OK? 	YES: Go to Engine Control Module (ECM) Check. NO: Repair and retest.
Bengine Control Module (ECM) Check	 Check the version of ECM software. Upgrade the software version or replace ECM if necessary. NOTE: EGR valve position learning is required after replacing or rewriting the ECM. See Engine Control Module (ECM) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.) Does the engine start? 	YES: New software repaired ECM.

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Engine Misfires Or Runs Irregularly

JC89288,000005D -19-29APR06-1/1

Engine Misfires Or Runs Irregularly Diagnostic Procedure

Misfiring means that after starting, the engine runs with at least one cylinder functioning improperly. Vibrations, power drop and no smoke are observed. Irregular running means that abnormal vibrations, abnormal running, and black smoke are observed during acceleration at full load conditions and between 1200 to 1500 rpm.

Before using this diagnostic procedure check for any active DTCs using the application error code display system.

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• Possible causes	The following items could cause or be mistaken as miss/rough running: 1. Transmission problems.	YES: Repair or replace parts as needed and retest.
	 Engine accessories such as A/C cycling on and off. Electromagnetic interference (EMI) from improperly installed radios, etc. 	NO: Go to Recreate Conditions.
	 Liceronagnetic interference (Lini) from impropenty instance reales, etc. Intake manifold air leaks. Fuel system problems (presence of air or water). Engine mechanical problems. Check for excessive load applied to machine. Are any major visible signs noticed? 	
Recreate Conditions	Operate engine under conditions where miss or rough running complaint occurs. Could the problem be duplicated?	YES: Go to Active DTC Check. NO: Problem could not be duplicated. Verify complaint and try to reproduce conditions of miss/rough running again.

Active DTC Check	Perform the Active DTC Check to read Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTCs). See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Monitor Display. (Group 9015-20.) Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Service ADVISOR™ Diagnostic Application. (Group 9015-20.) See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Tech 2 Diagnostic Scan Tool. (Group 9015-20.) Are any DTCs detected?	YES: See Engine Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTCs—SPN.FMI Format) for information on code. (Group 9001-20.) NO: No active DTCs present. Go to Electrical Interference Check. (Group 9010-15.)
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)10	Electrical Interference	Check the condition of accessory electrical equipment such as radio and lights.	YES: Repair electrical equipment.
15	Check	Does the engine start when the accessory electrical equipment is powered off?	
6			NO: Go to Fuel System Test.

Fuel System Test	Check fuel system in the following procedure. 1. Check the high pressure line and low pressure line for leaks, kinks, or obstructions.	YES: Repair and replace necessary parts and retest.
	Check in the following order.	NO: Go to Injector Check.
	 Fuel filters (water separator and final filters). Fuel tank (pump strainer). Fuel system lines. 	
	 Check fuel lines, fuel filter, and inside of the fuel tank for freezing or waxing. (cold temperatures). 	
	3. Check the supply line inside the fuel tank for debris.	
	4. Supply fuel from a container other than the fuel tank.	
	a. Start the engine, operate the machine, and check for trouble symptoms.	
	b. Replace the fuel in the fuel tank and lines.	
	c. Bleed air from fuel, and check for trouble symptoms again.	
	Are any fuel system problems present?	
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Injector Check	 Clear the DTC. For information on how to clear DTC, See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Tech 2 Diagnostic Scan Tool (9015-20) or See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Dr. ZX. (9015-20.) 	YES: Replace the injector in the cylinder of which engine sound did not change when it is stopped.
	 Start the engine. Select the Actuator test from the Tech 2 menu. 	NO: Go to Crankshaft Position Sensor Check.
	NOTE: If Tech2 scan tool is not available, See Injector Balance Test (Injector Misfire Test). (Group 9010-25.) or Injector Force Drive Test. (Group 9010-25.)	
	4. Select the Injection Stop at each injector in the common rail system.	
	Press the OFF soft key to stop the fuel injection in the cylinder one by one, and check the change in engine sound.	
	Is there any cylinder of which engine vibration and engine sound did not change when it is stopped?	
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Crankshaft Position Sensor Check	 Check for condition of the crankshaft position sensor. 1. Check to see if the sensor is loose. See Engine Component Location. (Group 9010-05.) 2. Check the signal detection condition of the crankshaft position senor. a. Connect the Tech 2. b. Crank the engine. c. Correct the data list on the Tech 2. 	YES: Go to Camshaft Position Sensor Check. NO: Repair or replace parts as necessary and retest.
	Is the speed displayed?	1/1

Camshaft Position Sensor Check	 Check for condition of the crankshaft position sensor. 1. Check to see if the sensor is loose. See Engine Component Location. (Group 9010-05.) 2. Check the signal detection condition of the camshaft position senor. a. Connect the Tech 2. b. Start the engine. c. Remove the harness from the crankshaft position sensor. (The DTC is detected when this procedure is performed. Be sure to clear the DTC after repairing the machine.) Is the speed displayed? 	YES: Go to EGR Control System Check. NO: Repair or replace parts as necessary and retest.
		1/1
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EGR Control System Check	Perform EGR Control System Check. See EGR Control System Check. (Group 9010-25.) Is the EGR valve free to open and close properly?	YES: Go to Air Intake System Leakage Test. NO: Replace EGR valve and retest.
Air Intake System Leakage Test	Perform Air Intake System Leakage Test See Air Intake System Leakage Test. (Group 9010-25.). Is air system ok?	YES: Go to Engine Compression Pressure Test. NO: Repair or replace parts as necessary and retest.
Engine Compression Pressure Test	Perform Engine Compression Pressure Test. See Engine Compression Pressure Test. (Group 9010-25.) Was cause of low compression found?	YES: Repair or replace parts as necessary and retest. NO: Go to Check and Adjust Engine Valve Lash (Clearance).
Check and Adjust Engine Valve Lash (Clearance)	Check valve lash. See Check and Adjust Engine Valve Lash (Clearance). (Group 9010-25) Was valve clearance on all valves within specification?	YES: Go to Engine Control Module (ECM) Check. NO: Adjust valve clearance and retest.
Engine Control Module (ECM) Check	 Check the version of ECM software. Upgrade the software version or replace ECM if necessary. NOTE: EGR valve position learning is required after replacing or rewriting the ECM. Injector codes need to be input into ECM, when replacing. See Engine Control Module (ECM) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.) Does the engine start? 	YES: New software repaired ECM.

Engine Does Not Develop Full Power

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Engine Does Not Develop Full Power Diagnostic Procedure

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Preliminary Check	Before using this diagnostic procedure, check the following that could cause or be mistaken as low power: 1. Ensure fuel quantity and quality are OK.	YES: Repair or replace parts as necessary and retest.
	2. Check for plugged air or fuel filters.	Check.
	3. Check for transmission problems.	
	4. Check for engine mechanical problems.	
	5. Check for excessive load on the engine.	
	Was the problem found?	
		1/1

Active DTC Check	Perform the Active DTC Check to read Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTCs). See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Tech 2 Diagnostic Scan Tool. (Group 9015-20.) Are any DTCs detected?	YES: See Engine Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTCs—SPN.FMI Format) for information on code. (Group 9001-20.) NO: No active DTCs present. Go to Engine Coolant Temperature Check.
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 Engine Coolant Temperature Check 	 Make sure that the engine coolant temperature does not exceed 108°C (226°F). Examine and repair the cause of overheating. 	YES: Repair or replace parts as necessary and retest.
	3. Lower engine coolant temperature. Make sure ECM has returned the engine back to normal output.	NO: Go to Barometric Pressure Sensor Check.
	Was engine overheating?	
		1/1

Barometric Pressure Sensor Check NOTE: If sensor is not functioning, fuel may be injected at a lower level causing engine to lack power. YES: Gc Emission Check to see if barometric sensor is working. Is barometric sensor functioning? NOT: Rep The sensor is more functioning?		
Image: Series of the sensor functioning? NO: Reg. Is barometric sensor functioning? Operate engine at full load rated speed. Does the engine emit excessive smoke? YES: Th white co See Eng Excessive Smoke E Image: Series of the engine emit excessive smoke? YES: Th white co See Eng Excessive Smoke E YES: Th White co See Eng Excessive See Eng Excessive See Eng Excessive See Eng Excessive Excessive Excessive See Eng Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excessive Excess	Barometric Pressure Sensor Check	YES: Go to Exhaust Emission Check.
Is barometric sensor functioning? • Exhaust Emission Check Operate engine at full load rated speed. Does the engine emit excessive smoke? YES: Th White expression Smoke 2 • So E Engine Does the engine emit excessive smoke? YES: Th White expression Smoke 2 • Fuel System Test Check fuel system in the following procedure. YES: Th Biack or smoke: See Engine excessive Smoke 2 • Fuel System Test Check fuel system in the following procedure. YES: The Recessar retext. • Fuel System Test Check fuel system in the following procedure. YES: The Recessar retext. • Fuel Bigter (water separator and final filters). • Fuel filters (water separator and final filters). • Fuel system Test. • Check fuel ingestainer): • Fuel filters (water separator and final filters). • Fuel system Times. • Check fuel inges, fuel filter, and inside of the fuel tank for freezing or waxing. (cold tomperatures) • Check fuel inges, fuel filter, and inside of the fuel tank. • Supply fuel from a container other than the fuel tank. • Start the engine, operate the machine, and check for trouble symptoms. • Replace the fuel in the fuel ank and lines. <	Ch	NO: Replace and retest.
Image: Solution of the second seco	Is	1/1
Image: Section Check Operate engine at full load rated speed. Does the engine emit excessive smoke? VES: Th white engine emit excessive smoke? Image: Section Check Does the engine emit excessive smoke? VES: Th black or smoke I Procedur 9010-15. Image: Section Check fuel system Test Check fuel system in the following procedure. VES: Th black or smoke Section Check fuel system in the following procedure. Image: Check fuel system Test Check fuel system in the following procedure. VES: Th black or smoke Section Check fuel system in the following procedure. Image: Check fuel system in the following order. Image: Check fuel system in the following order. VES: Th black or system ines. Image: Check fuel system in the following order. Image: Check fuel filters (water separator and final filters). VES: Th necessare system lines. Image: Check fuel lines, fuel filter, spystem lines. Image: Check fuel lines, fuel filter, and inside of the fuel tank for freezing or waxing. (cold temperatures) VES: Th necessare system lines. Image: Check fuel system lines, fuel filter, and inside of the fuel tank for debris. Supply fuel from a container other than the fuel tank. Image: Check fuel integrate the machine, and check for trouble symptoms. Start the engine, operate the machine, and check for trouble symptoms. Image: Check fuel inter fuel in the fuel tank and lines. Start the engine, operate the machine, and check for trouble symptoms.		
YES: Th Black or smoke: See Eng Excessive With the second of the system test Check fuel system in the following procedure. 1. Check the high pressure line and low pressure line for leaks, kinks, or obstructions. Check in the following order. • Fuel filters (water separator and final filters). • Fuel filters (water separator and final filters). • Fuel system lines. 2. Check the supply line inside of the fuel tank for freezing or waxing. (cold tomperatures) 3. Check the supply line inside the fuel tank for debris. 4. Supply fuel from a container other than the fuel tank. a. Start the engine, operate the machine, and check for trouble symptoms. b. Replace the fuel in the fuel tank and lines. c. Bleed air from fuel and check for trouble symptoms anain	Exhaust Emission Op Check Do	YES: There is Heavy white exhaust smoke: See Engine Emits Excessive White Exhaust Smoke Diagnostic Procedure diagnostic procedure. (Group 9010-15.)
 Fuel System Test Check fuel system in the following procedure. Check the high pressure line and low pressure line for leaks, kinks, or obstructions. Check in the following order. Fuel filters (water separator and final filters). Fuel tank (pump strainer). Fuel system lines. Check the supply line inside of the fuel tank for freezing or waxing. (cold temperatures) Check the supply line inside the fuel tank for debris. Supply fuel from a container other than the fuel tank. Start the engine, operate the machine, and check for trouble symptoms. Replace the fuel in the fuel tank and lines. Bleed air from fuel and check for trouble symptoms again 		YES: There is Heavy black or gray exhaust smoke: See Engine Emits Excessive Black or Gray Exhaust Smoke. diagnostic procedure. (Group 9010-15.) NO: Go to Fuel System Test.
 Fuel System Test Check fuel system in the following procedure. Check the high pressure line and low pressure line for leaks, kinks, or obstructions. Check in the following order. Fuel filters (water separator and final filters). Fuel tank (pump strainer). Fuel system lines. Check the supply line inside of the fuel tank for freezing or waxing. (cold temperatures) Check the supply line inside the fuel tank for debris. Supply fuel from a container other than the fuel tank. a. Start the engine, operate the machine, and check for trouble symptoms. Beed air from fuel, and check for trouble symptoms anain 		
 Fuel System Test Check fuel system in the following procedure. Check the high pressure line and low pressure line for leaks, kinks, or obstructions. Check in the following order. Fuel filters (water separator and final filters). Fuel tank (pump strainer). Fuel system lines. Check the lines, fuel filter, and inside of the fuel tank for freezing or waxing. (cold temperatures) Check the supply line inside the fuel tank for debris. Supply fuel from a container other than the fuel tank. a. Start the engine, operate the machine, and check for trouble symptoms. Replace the fuel in the fuel tank and lines. Bleed air from fuel and check for trouble symptoms again 		1/1
Are any fuel system problems present?	Fuel System Test Ch 1. 2. 3. 4.	YES: Repair and replace necessary parts and retest. NO: Go to EGR Control System Check.
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7	EGR Control System Check	Perform EGR Control System Check. See EGR Control System Check. (Group 9010-25.) Is the EGR valve free to open and close properly?	YES: Go to Air Intake System Leakage Test. NO: Replace EGR valve and retest.
8	Air Intake System Leakage Test	Perform Air Intake System Leakage Test See Air Intake System Leakage Test. (Group 9010-25.).	YES: Go to Exhaust System Check.
		Did the air system check good?	NO: Repair or replace parts as necessary and retest.
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
9	Exhaust System Check	Check for crush, breakage, or exhaust leakage in the exhaust pipe. Is exhaust in good condition?	YES: Go to Electrical Interference Check.
			NO: Repair or replace parts as necessary and retest.
10	Electrical Interference Check	Check the condition of accessory electrical equipment such as radio and lights.	YES: Repair electrical equipment.
		Dues the engine start when the accessory electrical equipment is powered on?	NO: Go to Injector Check.
			1/1
đ	Injector Check	 Clear the DTC. For information on how to clear DTC, See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Tech 2 Diagnostic Scan Tool (9015-20) or See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Dr. ZX. (9015-20.) 	YES: Replace the injector in the cylinder of which engine sound did not change when it is stopped.
		 Start the engine. Select the Astructure text from the Texts 2 manual 	NO: Engine Control Module (ECM) Check.
		NOTE: If Tech2 scan tool is not available, See Check and Adjust Fuel Injection Nozzle. (Group 9010-25.)	
		4. Select the Injection Stop at each injector in the common rail system.	
		5. Press the OFF soft key to stop the fuel injection in the cylinder one by one, and check the change in engine sound.	
		Is there any cylinder of which engine vibration and engine sound did not change when it is stopped?	
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Engine Control Module (ECM) Check	 Check the version of ECM software. Upgrade the software version or replace ECM if necessary. NOTE: EGR valve position learning is required after replacing or rewriting the ECM. See Engine Control Module (ECM) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.) Does the engine start? 	YES: New software repaired ECM.
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10 15 12	Mechanical Engine Check	 Check the mechanical parts of the engine, and repair if needed. Compression pressure See Engine Compression Pressure Test. (Group 9010-25.) Valves See Check and Adjust Engine Valve Lash (Clearance). (Group 9010-25.) Injector Injector Balance Test (Injector Misfire Test). (Group 9010-25.) Are mechanical parts of engine OK? 	NO: Repair or replace parts as necessary and retest.
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Engine Overheats

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JC89288,000004F -19-29APR06-1/1

Engine Overheats Diagnostics Procedure

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	 Check radiator screen for being plugged. Check radiator and oil cooler cores for dirt or bent fins. Check for shroud or baffles (foam rubber) missing. Check that fan blade is installed properly. Was the problem found? 	retest. NO: Go to Air filter Check.
Preliminary Checks	Check coolant level.Check that thermostat is not stuck closed or is not missing.Check radiator screen for being plugged.	YES: Repair or replace parts as necessary and retest.

Auto-Idle Does Not Work

JC89288,000002C -19-29APR06-1/1

Auto-Idle Does Not Work Diagnostics Procedure

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Check Engine Speed	Check that engine speed is set higher than 1200 rpm (auto-idle speed).	YES: Engine speed is above Auto-Idle speed: Go to Active DTC Test. NO: Set engine speed above 1200 rpm.
Active DTC Test	Check for Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTCs). See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Monitor Display. (Group 9015-20.) Does monitor display any active DTCs?	NO: No active DTCs present: Go to Travel Pressure Sensor Check.
		YES: Diagnose active DTCs.

		1
Travel Pressure Sensor Check	Check for travel pilot pressure. Using monitor, check travel pressure sensor. See Monitor Data Items Using the Monitor Display. (Group 9015-20.) Does monitor display pressure?	YES: Travel pressure is displayed: Go to Attachment Pressure Sensor Check. (Group 9010-15.) NO: Check travel pressure sensor circuit. See System Functional Schematic. (Group 9015-10.)
Attachment Pressure Sensor Check	Check for attachment control pilot pressure. Using monitor, check front swing/front attachment control pilot pressure. See Monitor Data Items Using the Monitor Display. (Group 9015-20.) Does monitor display attachment control pilot pressure?	YES: Attachment control pilot pressure is displayed: Go to Auto-Idle Switch Check. (Group 9010-15.) NO: Check attachment pressure sensor circuit. See System Functional Schematic. (Group 9015-10.)
Auto-Idle Switch Check	Turn auto-idle switch on. Is auto-idle icon displayed on monitor?	 YES: Auto-idle icon is displayed on monitor: Inspect wire harness between switch (S8) and main controller (A3). See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Auto-idle icon is not displayed on monitor, check switch for continuity. IF OK: Inspect wire harness between switch and main controller and between switch and monitor. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) Also See Monitor Harness (W3) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)

9010 15

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Coolant Temperature Too Low

JC89288,0000053 -19-04APR06-1/1

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Coolant Temperature Too Low Diagnostics Procedure

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9010 15 15

0	Coolant Temperature Check	Measure coolant temperature with a gauge of known accuracy to determine if coolant temperature is below normal.	YES: Go to Thermostat Check.
		Is coolant temperature ok?	NO: Repair or replace parts as necessary and retest. $1/1$
0	Thermostat Check	Make sure thermostat is operating correctly.	NO: Repair and replace parts as necessary and
		Is thermostat operating correctly?	retest.
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Coolant in Oil or Oil in Coolant

JC89288,0000054 -19-21APR06-1/1

Coolant in Oil or Oil in Coolant Diagnostics Procedure

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Head Gasket Check	Look for signs of a head gasket failure. Is head gasket in good condition?	YES: Go to Oil Cooler Check. NO: Replace and repair parts as necessary and retest.
Ø Oil Cooler Check	Remove and inspect engine oil cooler. See Oil Cooler Remove and Install. (Group 0500.) Is oil cooler in good condition?	YES: Go to Cylinder Liner Check. NO: Repair or replace oil cooler.

Diagnostic Information

S Cylinder Liner Check	Remove and inspect cylinder liners. Are cylinder liners ok?	YES: Go to Cracked Cylinder Head or Block. NO: Replace cylinder liners.
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Cracked Cylinder Head or Block	Look for crack on both components. Are either components cracked?	YES: Repair or replace components.

Low Engine Oil Pressure

9010 15 16

JC89288,0000055 –19–21APR06–1/1

Low Engine Oil Pressure Diagnostics Procedure

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Preliminary Checks	 Check to see that correct oil is in engine. Check oil filter (plugged). 	YES: Repair or replace parts as necessary and retest.
	3. Check level of oil. Was problem found?	NO: Go to Oil Pressure Switch/Sensor Check.
 Oil Pressure Switch/Sensor Check 	Measure engine oil pressure with a mechanical gauge to verify pressure is low. See Engine Oil Pressure Test. (9010-25.)	YES: Repair or replace parts as necessary and
	Is oil pressure at desired level?	retest. NO: Go to Oil Cooler Check. 1/1
Oil Cooler Check	If oil temperature is excessive, remove and inspect engine oil cooler. See Oil Cooler Remove and Install. (Group 0500.) Is oil cooler in good condition?	YES: Go to Oil Pressure Regulating Valve Check. NO: Repair or replace

retest.

parts as necessary and

-1/1

G Oil Supply System Check Remove oil pan and check the following components. YES: Repair or replace parts as necessary and retest. • Pump screen (plugging) • Pickup tube (for cracks) • Engine oil supply pump • Piston oiling jets (faulty or missing) • Main or connecting rod bearing clearances Was problem found? 1	Oil Pressure Regulating Valve Check	Remove and inspect engine oil pressure regulating valve. Is oil pressure regulating valve in good operating condition?	YES: Go to Oil Supply System Check. NO: Repair or replace parts as necessary and
G Oil Supply System Check Remove oil pan and check the following components. YES: Repair or replace parts as necessary and retest. • Pump screen (plugging) • Pickup tube (for cracks) • Engine oil supply pump • Piston oiling jets (faulty or missing) • Main or connecting rod bearing clearances Was problem found?			retest.
	Oil Supply System Check	Remove oil pan and check the following components. • Pump screen (plugging) • Pickup tube (for cracks) • Engine oil supply pump • Piston oiling jets (faulty or missing) • Main or connecting rod bearing clearances Was problem found?	YES: Repair or replace parts as necessary and retest.

High Engine Oil Pressure

JC89288,0000056 -19-21APR06-1/1

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9010 15 17

High Engine Oil Pressure Diagnostics Procedure

Preliminary Checks
 Oil viscosity wrong (too thick).
 Pressure regulating valve stuck or misadjusted.
 Piston cooling oil jets plugged.
 Engine oil has antifreeze in it.
 Was Problem found?

Engine Uses Too Much Oil

JC89288,0000057 -19-04APR06-1/1

Engine Uses Too Much Oil Diagnostics

Diagnostic Information

1 Oil Check	Check the following • Oil type • Oil level • For any engine oil leaks Was problem found?	YES: Repair or replace parts as necessary and retest. NO: Go to Air System Check.
Air System Check	 Check air filter (plugged). Check crankcase breather for restriction. Was problem found? 	YES: Repair or replace parts as necessary and retest. NO: Go to Mechanical Engine Check.
Mechanical Engine Check	 Check the mechanical parts of the engine, and repair if needed. Check main or connecting rod bearing clearance Check pistons or liners for scoring Check crankshaft thrust bearings for wear (misaligned piston and rod) Check valve guides or valve stems for wear. Are mechanical parts of engine OK? 	NO: Repair or replace parts as necessary and retest.

Engine Uses Too Much Fuel

JC89288,0000058 -19-04APR06-1/1

Engine Uses Too Much Fuel Diagnostic Procedure

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Diagnostic Information

Fuel System Test	Check fuel system in the following procedure. 1. Check the system for leaks. • Fuel filters. • Fuel tank. • Fuel system lines. 2. Check fuel quality. 3. Check injection nozzles for correct calibration. Are any fuel system problems present?	YES: Repair and retest. NO: Go to Air intake Check.
		1/1
Ø Air intake Check	Check and clean Intake system. Was intake system plugged or dirty?	YES: Clean and check fuel consumption.
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Engine Emits Excessive White Exhaust Smoke

JC89288,000005F -19-13NOV06-1/1

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Engine Emits Excessive White Exhaust Smoke Diagnostic Procedure

NOTE: This procedure should be used if the engine emits excessive white exhaust smoke. This type of smoke causes a burning sensation to the eyes. If engine emits a less heavy, bluish exhaust smoke, See Engine Uses Too Much Oil (Group 9010-15.)

Preliminary Procedure	 Make sure oil is not mixed in intake air. Check for excessive blow-by. 	YES: Repair or replace parts as necessary and retest.
	3. Check for excessive engine oil in blow-by.	NO: Go to Active DTC
	4. Check for a clogged or crushed breather hose.	Check.
	5. Inspect wear of turbocharger seal ring.	
	6. Ensure engine coolant level is not extremely low.	
	Was the problem found?	
		1/1

Active DTC Check	Perform the Active DTC Check to read Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTCs).	YES: See Engine Diagnostic Trouble Codes
	See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Tech 2 Diagnostic Scan Tool. (Group 9015-20.)	(DTCs—SPN.FMI Format) for information on
	Are any DTCs present?	code. (Group 9001-20.)
		present. Go to Injector Check.
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Diagnostic Information

Injector Check	 Clear the DTC. For information on how to clear DTC, See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Tech 2 Diagnostic Scan Tool (9015-20) or See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Dr. ZX. (9015-20.) Start the engine. Select the Actuator test from the Tech 2 menu. <i>NOTE: If Tech2 scan tool is not available, See Check and Adjust Fuel Injection Nozzle. (Group 9010-25.)</i> Select the Injection Stop at each injector in the common rail system. Press the OFF soft key to stop the fuel injection in the cylinder one by one, and check the change in engine sound. Is there any cylinder of which engine vibration and engine sound did not change when it is stopped? 	YES: Replace the injector in the cylinder of which engine sound did not change when it is stopped. NO: Go to Pre-Injection Stop Test. (Group 9010-15.) 901 15 21
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Pre-Injection Stop Test	Select Stop Pre-Injection from the Tech 2 menu to perform the test. Is ther any cylinder that vibrates and engine sound did not change when it is stopped?	YES: Replace the injector in the cylinder of which engine sound did not change when it is stopped. NO: Go to Injection Pump Coupling Check.
•		
Injection Pump Coupling Check	Check the coupling of the supply pump for damage. Is there damage?	YES: Repair. NO: Go to Engine Control Module (ECM) Check.
Engine Control Module (ECM) Check	 Check the version of ECM software. Upgrade the software version or replace ECM if necessary. NOTE: EGR valve position learning is required after replacing or rewriting the ECM. See Engine Control Module (ECM) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.) Does the engine start? 	YES: New software repaired ECM.

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Engine Emits Excessive Black or Gray Exhaust Smoke

JC89288,0000060 -19-26MAY06-1/1

Engine Emits Excessive Black or Gray Exhaust Smoke Diagnostic Procedure

NOTE: This procedure should be used if the engine emits excessive black or gray smoke. If engine emits a less heavy, bluish exhaust smoke, See Engine Uses Too Much Oil. (Group 9010-15.)

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	Preliminary Check	1. Ensure fuel quantity and quality are OK.	YES: Repair and retest
10 15		2. Ensure engine is not excessively loaded.	NO: Go to Active DTC
22		3. Ensure air filter is not restricted or plugged.	
		Was the problem found?	
			1/1

Active DTC Check	Perform the Active DTC Check to read Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTCs). See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Tech 2 Diagnostic Scan Tool. (Group 9015-20.) Are any DTCs detected?	YES: See Engine Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTCs—SPN.FMI Format) for information on code. (Group 9001-20.) NO: No active DTCs present. Go to Air Intake System Leakage Test.
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Air Intake System Leakage Test	Perform Air Intake System Leakage Test See Air Intake System Leakage Test. (Group 9010-15.).	YES: Go to EGR Control System Check.
	Did the air system check good?	NO: Repair or replace parts as necessary and retest.

EGR Control System Check	Perform EGR Control System Check. See EGR Control System Check. (Group 9010-25.)	YES: Go to Reed Valve Check.
	Is the EGR valve free to open and close properly?	NO: Replace EGR valve and retest.
		1/1

Diagnostic Information



Diagnostic Information

Exhaust System Check	Check for crush, breakage, or exhaust leakage in the exhaust pipe. Is exhaust in good condition?	YES: Go to Mechanical Engine Check. (Group 9010-15.) NO: Repair or replace parts as necessary and retest.
Mechanical Engine Check	 Check the mechanical parts of the engine, and repair if needed. Compression pressure See Engine Compression Pressure Test. (Group 9010-25.) Valves See Check and Adjust Engine Valve Lash (Clearance). (Group 9010-25.) Injector Injector Balance Test (Injector Misfire Test). (Group 9010-25.) Are mechanical parts of engine OK? 	YES: Go to Engine Control Module (ECM) Check. NO: Repair or replace parts as necessary and retest.
Engine Control Module (ECM) Check	1. Check the version of ECM software.	YES: New software repaired ECM.

Module (ECM) Check	2. Rewrite the software if version upgrade is necessary.	repaired ECM.
	3. Replace ECM if software is not available.	
	NOTE: EGR valve position learning is required after replacing or rewriting the ECM. See Engine Control Module (ECM) Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.)	
	Does the engine emit less black or gray smoke?	
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Turbocharger Excessively Noisy or Vibrates

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TM2361 (24JUN08)
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Diagnostic Information

Check Bearings	 Check for lubrication of bearings. Check for wear. Was problem found? 	YES: Repair or replace parts as necessary and retest. NO: Go to Intake and Exhaust Check.
Intake and Exhaust Check	Check for leaks in the intake manifold and exhaust manifold. Was a leak detected?	YES: Repair or replace parts as necessary and retest. NO: Go to Turbine Check.
Turbine Check	 Check clearance between turbine wheel and housing. Check for broken blades on turbine. Was problem found? 	YES: Repair or replace parts as necessary and retest.

Oil Dripping From Turbocharger Adapter

JC89288,000019C -19-04APR06-1/1

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Oil Dripping From Turbocharger Adapter Diagnostics Procedure

0	Turbocharger Bearings and Seal Check	Check for worn bearings and seals. Was the problem found?	YES: Repair or replace parts as necessary and retest. NO: Go to Crankcase Pressure Check.
0	Crankcase Pressure Check	Check for excessive crankcase pressure or plugged oil drain line. Was problem found?	YES: Repair or replace parts as necessary and retest.
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Excessive Drag in Turbocharger Rotating Members

• Excessive Drag in Turbocharger Rotating Members Diagnostics Procedure

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	Carbon Deposit Check	Check for carbon build-up behind turbine wheel. Were there carbon deposits found?	YES: Remove deposits and retest. NO: Go to Check Bearings.
0 5 6	Check Bearings	 Check for lubrication of bearings. Check for wear. Was problem found? 	YES: Repair or replace parts as necessary and retest.

Fuel In Oil

JC89288,000019E -19-04APR06-1/1

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() Fuel In Oil Diagnostics Procedure

 Seal Check
 Inspect front seal on high pressure pump.
 YES: Repair or replace parts as necessary and retest.

 Is seal faulty?
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Serpentine	Belt	Tension	Check
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SPECIFICATIONS			
Serpentine Belt Deflection	6-8 mm at 98 N .2432 in. at 22 lb-force		
SERVICE EQUIPM	IENT AND TOOLS		

JDG529 Belt Tension Gauge

MS12501,000002F -19-24APR06-1/2

- Check belt regularly for wear. Replace if necessary.
 Check belt tension with belt deflection gauge at
- midway between tensioner pulley (6) and alternator pulley (3).

Specification

- 3. If deflection is not within specification, loosen alternator lock nut (1) and tensioner pulley lock nut (5).
- 4. Adjust tensioner pulley adjustment bolt (7) and alternator adjustment bolt (2) until belt tension is within specification.
- 5. Tighten alternator lock nut (1) and tensioner pulley lock nut (5).

9010 25 1 3 TX1002487 -UN-10JAN06 4 7 6 1—Lock Nut (alternator) 2—Adjustment Bolt (alternator) 3—Alternator Pulley 4—Bolt (alternator) 5—Lock Nut (tensioner pulley) 6—Tensioner Pulley 7—Adjustment Bolt (tensioner pulley) MS12501,000002F -19-24APR06-2/2

Check and Adjust Injection Pump Timing

- CAUTION: To prevent accidental starting of engine while performing check and adjust injection pump timing always disconnect Negative (-) battery terminal.
- 1. Rotate the crankshaft forward, normal direction, and line up the flywheel carved line with the dynamic pointer so that the number one cylinder reaches the compression top dead center.



MD46667,00000A7 -19-08JUN06-1/4

2. Check that the pointer and coupling mark (S) are lined up.

If this is out of alignment, perform fuel injection pump timing adjustment.

1—Pointer 2—S mark (marking) 3—A mark (marking) 4—Coupling



3. Reverse the crank shaft one time to the before top dead center 90° position.

Next rotate it forward, normal direction, and check lineup of the flywheel carved line with the P/P mark and timing pointer line At this time.

Check that the supply pump body carved line (3) and coupling side carved line (2) coincide.

4. If the carved lines (2) and (3) do not coincide, loosen the two, long hole, coupling bolts (1).

Rotate the coupling and line up the carved lines of the supply pump body (3) and the coupling side (2).

Then tighten the coupling bolts (1).

Specification

coupling bolts (1)-Torque...... 62 N•m (6.3 kgf•m)

Rotate crankshaft two turns forward, normal direction, of engine rotation.

Verify that new setting is correct fuel injection pump timing.

NOTE: Connect negative (-) battery cable.



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TX1006964 -UN-26APR06

MD46667,00000A7 -19-08JUN06-3/4





TM2361 (24JUN08)

450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests 062608 PN=301

9010

8. Hold rocker arm adjusting screw (5) and tighten rocker arm adjusting nut.

Specification

Rocker Arm Adjusting Screw	
Nut—Torque	78 N•m
	58 lb-ft

1—Rocker Arm 3—Bridge 5-Rocker Arm Adjusting Screw



9. Using a feeler gauge, adjust valve lash (clearance) by turning bridge adjusting screw. At this point the opposite end of the bridge should be raised. 10. Hold bridge adjusting screw and tighten bridge adjusting nut. Specification Intake and Exhaust Valve (Cold)—Clearance 0.40 mm 0.017 in. Bridge Adjusting Screw Nut-58 lb-ft 1—Rocker Arm 3—Bridge 11. Rotate crankshaft 360° until T/C mark on flywheel is 7—Valve Stem aligned with top mark on flywheel housing. Adjust remaining valves as shown on chart. 12. Install lower valve cover from engine. See Lower Valve Cover Remove And Install. (Group 0400.) 13. Connect negative (-) battery cable.

GD61784,000005E -19-24OCT06-6/7

TX1011104 -UN-11AUG06

Engine Compression Pressure Test

SPECIFICATIONS		
Engine Compression Pressure	2942 kPa 29.4 bar 427 psi	
ESSENTIA	AL TOOLS	
Isuzu Part No. 5-8840-2675-0 Com	pression Gauge	

Isuzu Part No. 1-8531-7019-0 Adapter

- 1. Batteries must be fully charged.
- 2. Clean area around glow plugs.
- 3. Start engine and run until it reaches normal operating temperature.
- 4. Shut off engine and proceed with test.
- 5. Disconnect battery negative (-) terminal.
- 6. Shut off fuel supply.
- 7. Remove all glow plugs from engine.
- 8. Reconnect battery negative terminal.
- 9. Crank engine to remove any debris from glow plug bore.
- 10. Connect adapter to compression gauge and install in a glow plug bore.
- 11. Crank engine, 200 rpm minimum, until compression reading is stabilized. Perform test three times for each cylinder and record readings.

Specification

12. Readings should be approximately the same for each cylinder.



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JC89288,0000193 -19-18APR06-1/2

IMPORTANT: A variation exceeding 200 kPa (2 bar) (29 psi) is not acceptable and must be corrected.

Problems possibly causing low compression:

- Worn or broken compression rings
- Worn cylinder linings
- Damaged valves
- Blown head gasket

JC89288,0000193 -19-18APR06-2/2

Air Filter Restriction	Indicator Switch Test			
SPEC	FICATIONS			
Air Filter Restriction Indicator Must Come On At Vacuum	5.0 kPa (50 mbar) (20 in. water)			
ESSENTIAL TOOLS				
JT05652 (1/8 F NPT x 1/8 F NPT x 1/8 M NPT) Tee				
JT03246 (1/4 F NPT x 1/4 F NPT) (Parker No. 0202-4-4) Coupler				
		ן]	
1/8 in. Barbed Fitting				
1/8 in. Barbed Fitting 1/4 in. Barb Fitting				
0-15 kPa (0-150 mbar) (0-60 in. water) Vacuum Gauge				
			Continued on next page	Continued on next page JC89288,0000195

1. Remove air filter restriction indicator switch (A).		
2. Install parts as shown.		
3. Start engine.		
 Slowly cover the air cleaner inlet using a piece of heavy cardboard or a board. 	E B	
 Check reading on gauge when air filter restriction indicator comes on. 		
Specification Air Filter Restriction Indicator Must Come On At—Vacuum 5.0 kPa (50 mbar) (20 in. water)		
If reading is not within specifications, install a new indicator switch.		
A—Air Filter Restriction Indicator Switch B—Tee C—Barbed Fitting D—Tube E—Barbed Fitting F—Coupler G—Gauge	Т7350ЕР	A

Air Intake System Leakage Test

NOTE: The following test procedure requires that the air intake be sealed off to pressurize the system. Using a plastic bag to seal the air intake filter is used as an example.

	Λ
4	

CAUTION: Do not start the engine during this test procedure. Plastic bag (or whatever material/object used to seal intake) can be sucked into engine.



JC89288,0000195 -19-26JAN06-2/2

Continued on next page

JC89288,000006A -19-18APR06-1/2 450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests 062608 PN=305

- 1. Remove air cleaner cover and remove main filter element.
- 2. Put a plastic bag over filter element and install main element and cover.
- 3. For four valve head engines, remove air temperature sensor from manifold.
- 4. Using an adapter connect a regulated air source.
- Pressurize air intake system to 13.8—20.7 kPa, (0.13—0.21 bar), (2—3 psi).
- 6. Spray soap and water solution over all connections from air cleaner to the turbocharger or air inlet to check for leaks. Repair all leaks.
- 7. Remove plastic bag from air filter element and reinstall element and cover.



1—Gauge 2—Regulator

JC89288,000006A -19-18APR06-2/2

Engine Power Test Using Turbocharger Boost Pressure

SPECIFICATIONS		
Work Mode Switch Position	HP	
Engine Rated Speed	1800 RPM	
450DLC		
Turbocharger Boost Pressure	128 kPa (1.28 bar) (18 psi) using No. 2 fuel	
Turbocharger Boost ^a Pressure	119 kPa (1.19 bar) (17 psi) using No. 1 fuel	
650DLC		
Turbocharger Boost Pressure	128 kPa (1.28 bar) (18 psi) using No. 2 fuel	
Turbocharger Boost ^a Pressure	119 kPa (1.19 bar) (17 psi) using No. 1 fuel	
850DLC		
Turbocharger Boost Pressure	128 kPa (1.28 bar) (18 psi) using No. 2 fuel	
Turbocharger Boost ^a Pressure	119 kPa (1.19 bar) (17 psi) using No. 1 fuel	
^a Turbocharger boost pressure is reduced by 7% if using No. 1 fuel.		

SERVICE EQUIPMENT AND TOOLS

JT07248 Turbo Boost Test Kit

OTHER MATERIAL	
T43512 Thread Lock and Sealer (Medium Strength)	
TY9473 Canadian Thread Lock and Sealer (Medium Strength)	
242 LOCTITE® Thread Lock and Sealer (Medium Strength)	

This procedure must only be used as a guide to determine engine condition. One technician can perform this test if the Turbo Boost Test Kit is used.

Continued on next page

JC89288,0000196 -19-24APR06-1/4

- 1. Remove hose and install barbed fitting (1).
- 2. Install hose (2) and pressure gauge (3) from JT07248 Turbo Boost Test Kit.
- 3. Warm engine and hydraulic oil to normal operating temperature.

2—Pressure Gauge 3—Hose



Continued on next page

JC89288,0000196 -19-24APR06-2/4

4. Disconnect both pump pressure sensors (1). 5. Turn engine RPM dial to fast idle. 6. Turn work mode switch to HP position. Specification Work Mode Switch—Position HP Specification Engine Rated Speed—Speed 1800 RPM NOTE: If using the JT07248 Turbo Boost Kit, a check valve at the pressure gauge inlet traps the highest reading for boost pressure and does not decrease as the pressure decreases. 7. Slowly actuate boom up function over relief until engine rpm pulls down from fast idle to below 1800 RPM. Record highest reading. Repeat this step at least six times. 8. Record the highest pressure reading. 9. Compare highest reading to specifications. Specification Turbocharger Boost-Pressure...... 128 kPa (1.28 bar) (17 psi) using No. 2 fuel -Pressure...... 110.3 kPa (1.1 bar) (16 psi) using No. 1 fuel **IMPORTANT:** Pressure gauge accuracy is very critical for this test. Do not make adjustments to injection pump fuel delivery on the machine to raise or lower boost pressure. New engine may not develop specified boost pressure. Check after 50 hours of operation. 10. If turbocharger boost pressure is low, check the following: • Wrong fuel. Restricted air filter elements.See Air Cleaner Remove and Install. (Group 0520.)



1—Pump Pressure Sensor (2 used)

JC89288,0000196 -19-24APR06-3/4

- Restricted fuel filter elements.See Fuel Filter Remove and Install. (Group 0560.)
- Restricted muffler, remove muffler and rerun test.
- Exhaust manifold leaks.
- Intake manifold leaks.
- Faulty fuel pump. See Fuel Injection Pump Remove and Install. (Group 0400.)
- Low compression pressure. Perform Engine Compression Pressure Test. (Group 9010-25.)
- Cam lobe wear (valve clearance).Perform Check and Adjust Engine Valve Lash (Clearance). (Group 9010-25.)
- Faulty fuel injectors. Perform Injector Balance Test (Injector Misfire Test). (Group 9010-25.)
- Carbon build up in turbocharger.Go To Turbocharger Excessively Noisy or Vibrates. (Group 9010-15.)
- Turbocharger compressor or turbine wheel rubbing housing.Go To Turbocharger Excessively Noisy or Vibrates. (Group 9010-15.)
- 11. Remove gauge and fittings.
- 12. Apply thread lock and sealer (medium strength) to plug. Tighten plug.

JC89288,0000196 -19-24APR06-4/4

Tests

Engine Oil Pressure Test

SPECIFICATIONS	
Engine Speed	Fast Idle
Engine Oil Pressure	444 kPa at fast idle 4.44 bar at fast idle 65 psi at fast idle

SERVICE EQUIPMENT AND TOOLS

1-1/16" Crowsfoot Wrench JT05412 Industrial Universal Pressure Test Kit

- JT03115 Pressure Gauge
- NOTE: Before performing test, make sure oil filter is clean. A dirty oil filter will limit the flow of filtered oil.
- 1. Warm engine to normal operating temperature.
- 2. Shut off engine.
- 3. Remove engine oil pressure switch with 1-1/16" crowsfoot wrench.
- 4. Install JT03115 gauge, hose, and fitting from universal pressure test kit.
- 5. Start engine and run at specification.

Specification

Engine—Speed Fast Idle

6. Record oil pressure.

Specification



JC89288,0000199 -19-18APR06-1/1

Tests **Rail Pressure Control Test** This Test is performed to check the operation of the Rail Pressure Control Valve. 1. Connect the Tech 2 to the Engine Diagnostic Connection (X6). Perform Tech 2 Diagnostic Scan Tool Connection Procedure. (Group 9015-20.) 2. Start engine and run at idle. JC89288,00001B1 -19-24APR06-1/6 3. Select F3 : Actuator Test from Engine Applications Menu. 9010 Engine 25 16 F0: Diagnostic Troubule Codes F1: Data Display F2: Snapshot F3: Actuator Test F4: Programming F5: ??KA ID Infomation TX1005648 -19-24APR06 Engine Applications Menu

Continued on next page

JC89288,00001B1 -19-24APR06-2/6

062608 PN=312 4. Select FO: Common Rail System from the Actuator Test Menu.

5. Select FO: Rail Pressure Control from the menu.



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Continued on next page

JC89288,00001B1 -19-24APR06-4/6 450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests

9010-25-17

	Tests	
	 Screen will appear with message Functions Only During Engine Run! Select next. 	
	Rail Pressure Control (5) 2005 (Off-Road) Industrial Engine 6WG1-TC (C/Rail_TIER3)	
	Functions Only During Engine Run !	
0 25 8	Next	TX1006067 –19–07APR06
	Continued on next page .IC89288.00001B1 _19-2446	PB06-5/6

90

Rail Pressure Control (5) 2005 (Off-Road) Industrial Engine 6WG1-TC (C/Rail_TIER3)		
Checking Preconditions Engine Speed		
Active Please Wait! Checking Preconditions Screen	TX1006068 1907APR06	9010 25 19
JC89288,00001B1 –19–24AF	PR06-6/6	
	Rail Pressure Control (5) 2005 (Off-Road) Industrial Engine GWG1-TC (C/Rail_TIER3) Checking Preconditions Engine Speed Active Please Wait! Checking Preconditions Screen	Rail Pressure Control (5) 2005 (Off-Road) Industrial Engine (WG1-TC (C/Rail_TIER3)) Checking Preconditions Engine Speed Active Please Wait! Checking Preconditions Screen

- 1. Connect the Tech 2 to the machine. Perform Tech2 Diagnostic Scan Tool Connection Procedure. (Group 9015-20.)
- 2. Start engine and run at slow idle.

Continued on next page

JC89288,00001AA -19-24APR06-1/5

-		
3.	Select F3: Actuator Test from the Engine Applications Menu.	Engine
		F0: Diagnostic Troubule Codes F1: Data Display F2: Snapshot F3: Actuator Test F4: Programming F5: ??KA ID Infomation
		Engine Applications Menu
4.	Select the F0: Common Rail System on the Tech 2 screen.	
		Actuator Test
		F0: Common Rail System

5. Select **F1: Injector Balancing** from Common Rail System Menu.

Common Rail System	
F0 : Rail Pressure Control F1 : Injection Timing F2 : Pre Injection Stop F3 : Injector Balancing F4 : Injector Forced Drive	
	4 –19–07APR06
Common Rail System Menu	TX100610

 Send instruction to each injector (set to OFF by soft key on Tech 2) to stop the injector, and check the variation of engine speed.

If engine speed varies when injector stops, electrical circuit of that injector is judged as normal. If engine speed does not vary when injector stops, electrical circuit of that injector or injector body is judged as faulty.



JC89288,00001AA -19-24APR06-4/5

I	njector Force Drive Test	
1	. Connect Tech 2 to the Engine Diagnostic Connection (X6). Perform Tech 2 Diagnostic Scan Tool Connection Procedure. (Group 9015-20.)	
2	. Turn key switch ON (engine is off).	
		JC89288,00001AB -19-24APR06-1/5
3	. Select F3 : Actuator Test from Engine Applications Menu.	Engine F0: Diagnostic Troubule Codes F1: Data Display F2: Snapshot F3: Actuator Test F4: Programming F5: ??KA ID Infomation
		Engine Applications Menu
		Continued on next page .IC89288.000014B _19_244PB06_2/5

90

4. Select **F0: Common Rail System** from the Actuator Test Menu.

5. Select F3: Injector Forced Drive from Common Rail



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System Menu.

9010-25-23

- Send instruction to each injector (set to OFF by soft key on Tech 2) to stop the injector, and check operation sound of injector.
- NOTE: After Injector Forced Drive test, key switch must be turned to OFF once to restart.

If operation sound is heard, electrical circuit of the injector is judged as normal. If the operation sound is not heard, electrical circuit of the injector or injector body is judged as faulty.



EGR Regulating Valve Test

- 1. Connect the Tech 2 to the machine. Perform Tech2 Diagnostic Scan Tool Connection Procedure. (Group 9015-20.)
- 2. Turn key to ON (Leave engine off).

Continued on next page

JC89288,00001AC -19-27APR06-1/6
3. Select **F3: Actuator Test** from the Engine Applications Menu.

4. Select the F1: Device Control on the Tech 2 screen.

Engine			
F0: Diagnostic Troubule Codes F1: Data Display F2: Snapshot F3: Actuator Test F4: Programming F5: ??KA ID Infomation			
		X1005648 –19–24APR06	90 25 25
Engine Applications Menu		F	
JC89288,00001AC -19-27A	.PR06-	-2/6	
Actuator Test			
F0: Common Rail System			
		066 –19–07APR06	
		TX1006	

Actuator Test Menu

JC89288,00001AC -19-27APR06-3/6 450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests

Tes	sts
 Select the F1: EGR Control from the Device Control Menu. 	Actuator Test
	F0: Glow Plug Relay
	F1: EGR Control
	94PR06
	100
	Actuator Test Menu
	JC89288,00001AC -19-27APR06-4/6
This screen will appear signifying that EGR Control test will only function with engine stopped.	Injector Forced Drive (5) 2005 (Off-Road) Industrial Engine 4HK1-TC (C/Bail, TIEB3)
	Functions Only During Engine Stop !
	PHO6
	Next 1461-61-
	TX10061
	Continued on next page JC89288,00001AC -19-27APR06-5/6

PN=322



3. Choose the menu **F4: Programming** with (up/down) keys or F4 (function) key, and press ENTER.

 F0: Diagnostic Trouble Codes F1: Data Display F2: Snapshot F3: Actuator Test F4: Programming F5: ??KA ID Information 	
	16198 -19-12APR06

JC89288,00001AD -19-24APR06-2/18

9010 25 28

4. Select **F1: Injector ID Code** with (up/down) keys or F1 (function) key, and press ENTER.



- 5. Select **F1: ID Code Registration** with (up/down) keys or F1 (function) key, and press ENTER.
- F0: Displays the Injector ID Code (hereinafter called ID Code) of cylinder 1 thru cylinder 6. Allows you to confirm the ID Code Registration.

F2 Uploads (transfers) the ID Code (Cylinder 1 thru Cylinder 6) registered in the ECM to Tech 2 to store in its memory.

F3: Allows you to download (batch registration) the uploaded ID codes from Tech 2 to the ECM.

Injector ID Code	
F0: Injector ID Code	
F1: ID Code Registration	
F2: Upload ID Code	
F3: Download ID Code	
	PR06
	-12A
	19
	6196
	X100(
	μ,

JC89288,00001AD -19-24APR06-4/18

9010 25 29

Press the softkey Next. As an example, the vehicle will be checked whether it is in the condition, engine stopped, that the ECM requests during ID Code Registration.

6WG1-TC (0	C/Rail_TIER3)
Check Vehicl	e Condition!
Function Only Du	ring Engine Stop!
Next	- 1006199



Continued on next page

(Injector ID Code) Cylinder 1 - Cylinder 6 cylinder registration using Tech 2

"Fuel rate adjust, Injector Code Label" is attached to the cylinder head cover. It is used for rewriting and registering the Injector ID Code.

NOTE: Do not enter the six figures "0" indicated with strike through in the illustration, of the ID Code on the Injector ID plate.

The Injector Code information is also on top of the injector. When replacing the injector, register its code.

5—Injector ID Plate 6—Injector ID Code 7—Injector



JC89288,00001AD -19-24APR06-8/18

9010

25 31

7. You need to enter the ID on the following display. ID Code is number of the year. The following conditions must be met. Press the function keys (F0—F9) to enter.
 The time setting of the Tech 2 matches the calendar. Press the function keys (F0—F9) to enter.
 Please Wait!

 Choose the cylinder (Cylinder 1 thru Cylinder 6) you want to register the ID Code with (up/down) keys or F1 (function) key, and press ENTER.

ID Code Registra (5) 2005 (Off-Road) Indus 6WG1-TC (C/Rail_T	tion trial Engine IER3)	
Please Select Cyli Cylinder 1 Cylinder 2 Cylinder 3 Cylinder 4 Cylinder 5 Cylinder 6	nder.	062051917APR06
	JC89288,00001AD	-19-24APR06-10/18

9. To register the ID Code, press the softkey Change.

ID Code registration (data entry).

The cursor is positioned at M (model code) in the default setting (MCD0 D1D2).

ID Code Registra	ation	
(5) 2005 (Off-Road) Indu 6WG1-TC (C/Rail_	strial Engine TIER3)	_
Current Cylinder1 I	D Code	
-59XXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	*****	-19-12APR06
CHANGE		TX1006206
Continued on next page	JC89288,00001AD	-19-24APR06-11/18

At this point enter the model code (MC) and ID Code (D0) in this order. Entering with the function keys (D0 - F9) will automatically move the cursor to the right. However, if you enter with (up/down) keys, you need to move the cursor with the arrow (left/right) keys. You can enter 0—9 with the function keys (F0—F9) or 0—Z with - (up/down) keys.	ID Code Registration (5) 2005 (Off-Road) Industrial Engine 6WG1-TC (C/Rail_TIER3) Use up/down arrow keys to change value. Use left/right arrow keys to select field. Input ID Code Byte [MC-D9] MCD0 D1D2 D3D4 D5D6 D7D8 D9 BC SAXX-XXXX-XXXX-XXXX-XXXX-XXXX-XXXX-XXXX
10. If the ID Code you have entered is correct, press softkey Program.If you want to quit the program (registration), press the Softkey Abort or press EXIT key.Aborting the registration or pressing EXIT key returns you to step 3.	ID Code Registration (5) 2005 (Off-Road) Industrial Engine 6WG1-TC (C/Rail_TIER3) Use up/down arrow keys to change value. Use up/down arrow keys to change value. Use left/right arrow keys to select field. Input ID Code Byte [MC-D9] MCD0 D1D2 D3D4 D5D6 D7D8 D9 SA01-2345-6789-ABCD-EF01-23**-****-** Abort

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If you entered, incorrectly, do the following. After pressing ENTER key as before press softkey Program. This causes the error message "Invalid data - Try again!" to appear.

ID Code Registration (5) 2005 (Off-Road) Industrial Engine 6WG1-TC (C/Rail_TIER3) Invalid Data - Please Try Again! Input ID Code Byte [MC-D9] MCD0 D1D2 D3D4 D5D6 D7D8 D9 BC 5A01-2345-6789-ABCD-EG01-23**-**** Press ENTER key to continue

2

JC89288,00001AD -19-24APR06-14/18



- 12. When the ID Code entered in steps 9 and 10 corresponds to that registered in the ECM, the following message will appear. Also, if you want to register ID again, press the softkey YES. This returns you to step 6, and allows you make registration as before. Pressing the softkey NO will take you to step 12. This completes the ID Code registration.
- 13. When the ID Code entered in steps 9 and 10 does not correspond to that registered in the ECM, the following message will appear.





Pressing EXIT key returns you to step 3.



Injector ID Code Upload

Injector ID Code Upload Tech 2

The following describes ID Code upload procedure continued from the previous injector ID Code Registration procedure.

1. This step describes ID Code Upload procedure continued from the previous injector ID Code Registration procedure.

Continued on next page

JC89288,00001AE -19-08JUN06-1/8

JC89288,00001AD -19-24APR06-18/18

Upload ID Code F0 : Injector ID Code F1 : ID Code Registration F2 : Upload ID Code F3 : Download ID Code		
Choose from the menu F2: ID Code Upload (Tech 2) with the (up/down) keys or F2 (function) key, and press ENTER.	JC89288,00001A	NE −19–08JUN06–2/8
 Pressing the softkey YES updates the ID Codes of cylinder 1 thru cylinder 1 stored in the ECM, to Tech 2. Pressing the softkey NO returns you to step No. 1 without uploading data. 	Upload ID Code (5) 2005 (Off-Road) Industrial Engine 6WG1-TC (C/Rail_TIER3)	
	Please Wait!	ТХ1006358 –19-25АРРЮ6

Tests



Continued on next page

JC89288,00001AE -19-08JUN06-5/8

- 4. Pressing the softkey Confirm returns you to step No. 1.
- 5. When the ID Code Registered in the ECM does not correspond to that uploaded to the Tech 2, the following message will appear.

In this case, the uploaded ID Code will be erased. Therefore, perform upload again. The message shown

in step No.1. will appear.

Pressing the softkey Confirm returns you to step No. 1.



Upload ID Code (5) 2005 (Off-Road) Industrial Engine 6WG1-TC (C/Rail_TIER3)

Upload Failed!

Confirm

Continued on next page

JC89288,00001AE -19-08JUN06-7/8

TX1006363 -19-19APR06



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2. Press the softkey Confirm.



JC89288,00001AF -19-20APR06-4/10

5	
Download ID Code (5) 2005 (Off-Road) Industrial Engine 6WG1-TC (C/Rail_TIER3)	
Check Precondition Engine Speed	468 –19–19APR06
JC89288,00001AF -1	9-20APR06-5/
(5) 2005 (Off-Road) Industrial Engine 6WG1-TC (C/Rail_TIER3)	
Stop engine - Turn off ignition!	PR06
	S Download ID Code (5) 2005 (Off-Road) Industrial Engine 6WG1-TC (C/Rail_TIER3) Check Precondition Engine Speed JC89288,00001AF -1 Download ID Code (5) 2005 (Off-Road) Industrial Engine 6WG1-TC (C/Rail_TIER3) Stop engine - Turn off ignition!

Continued on next page

JC89288,00001AF -19-20APR06-6/10

Т

T.

Download is the function to register, write, the stored, uploaded, ID codes cylinder 1 thru cylinder 6 in the Tech 2 to the ECM. ID is registered from cylinder 1 thru cylinder 6 in order.

4. Injector ID Code Registration is started from cylinder 1 (INJ. #1) to cylinder 2 (INJ. #5) and ECM in order. the status for registration, writing, of data to ECM will appear.



JC89288,00001AF -19-20APR06-7/10

The message in the screen changes in the order of cylinder 1 (INJ. #1) and cylinder 2 (INJ. #5). When it is abnormal, the registration repeats 3 times.

5. When the downloaded ID code corresponds to that registered, written, in the ECM, the following message will appear. Download, registration, is completed.



Pressing the softkey Confirm returns you to step 1.

When the downloaded ID code does not correspond to that registered, written, in the ECM, the following message will appear.



JC89288,00001AF -19-20APR06-9/10

Pressing the softkey Confirm returns you to step 1.

Download ID Code	
(5) 2005 (Off-Road) Industrial Engine 6WG1-TC (C/Rail_TIER3)	
Programming Failed!	APR06
Confirm	TX1006475 -19-19
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Electrical Diagram Information NOTE: All System Functional Schematics, Circuit
Schematics, and Wiring Diagrams are shown
with key switch in the OFF position. Explanation of Wire Markings Explanation of Wire Markings Explanation of Wire Markings



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- 1—Continuity Chart
- 2—Power Wires
- 3—Routing Location Information
- 4—Wire Identification 5—Ground Wires 7—Section Number 8—Component Name

System Functional Schematic Diagram

The System Functional Schematic is made up of equal sections to simplify searching the schematic. Each section of the System Functional Schematic is assigned a number (7). The System Functional Schematic is formatted with power supply wires (2) shown near the top of the drawing and ground wires (5) near the bottom. The schematic may contain some harness or connector information.

When connector information is shown, it will be displayed as a double chevron (12) with a component identification number (11) corresponding to the connector identification number. Connector pin information (13) will be displayed in a text size smaller than that of the connector identification number.

Each electrical component is shown by a schematic symbol (10), the component name (8), and a

9—Component Identification Number10—Component Schematic

Symbol

11—Connector Identification Number
12—Connector
13—Connector Pin Information

component identification number (9). A component identification number and name will remain the same throughout the Operation and Test Technical Manual. This will allow for easy cross-referencing of all electrical drawings (Schematics, Wiring Diagrams, and Component Location).

Routing location information (3) is presented to let the reader know when a wire is connected to a component in another section. TO and FROM statements identify when power is going "To" or coming "From" a component in a different location. The section and component identification number are given in the first line of information and any pin information for the component is given in parenthesis in the second line. In this example, power is going TO section 23, component B14 on pin C4.

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System Information

1	2	3	4	5 X49
INUMBER		END #I	END #2	2 (954) YEL/BLK R16
120	RIK	\$7	(573)	(11) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12) (12)
511	RED	S1	X47	5 (957) YEL/GRN B41
522	BLU/WHT	S1	X47	6 NTT USED
566	YEL/RED	A6	X38	7 (958) RED/YEL M11 (13)
568	RED/BLU	A6	X38	8 (959) BLU/BLK M10
569	GRY	A6	X38	9 NOT USED
570		A6	X38	10 (960) RED/BLK (973)
5/1	IGRY/RED	AG	<u>X38</u>	11 (961) BRN/WHT X38
572	INHI/BLK	AG	X38 V20	12 (962) RED/GRN M9
588	IDLN IRDNI/VEI		V30	
597		X40	X38	
607		<u></u>	X47	$\begin{array}{c c} \hline & \hline & \hline \\ \hline & \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\ \hline \\$
900	WHT/RFD	S1	X47	
940	WHT/GRN	X48	X38	M7 9 8 1
941	WHT	X48	M10	
942	BLK/BLU	X48	M10	1 (972) BLU X39 964 963 962 961 960
943	GRN/BLU	X48	B42	2 (973) RED/BLK R17 16 9
944	BRN/BLU	X48	X38	
945	WHT/BLU	X48	M11	
946	BLK	X48	(978)	
947	BLK	X48	(978)	R17 1 4
948		X48	M10	1 (971) BLK (978)
949		X48	MIU D42	
951		X48 V/0	B43 M11	3 NOT USED
951		V10		4 (973) RED/BLK M7
955	I TELZ DEN	X49	X38	
956		X49	M9	
957	YEL/GRN	X49	B41	
958	RED/YEL	X49	M11	R43
959	BLU/BLK	X49	M10	
960	RED/BLK	X49	(973)	1 (951) WHI/YEL X48
961	BRN/WHT	X49	X38	[2 (9/0) BFK/KED (29/)
962	RED/GRN	X49	M9	
963	BLU/YEL	X49	M11	
964	ILI GRN	X49	MIU	
202			(140)	4 964 941 949 948 1
967		M10	(942)	9 959 967 966 942 965 5
968	BLK/RFD	M11	(597)	
969	WHT/GRN	M9	(940)	
970	BLK/RED	B43	(597)	MIU
971	BLK	R17	(978)	1 (948) BLK/PNK X48
972	BLU	M7	X39	2 (949) WHT/PUR X48
973	RED/BLK	M7	R17	3 (941) WHT X48
974	WHT/GRN	B41	(940)	4 (964) LT GRN X49
975	PNK	<u>B41</u>	X38	5 (965) BLK/RED (597)
976	BLK/RED	<u>B42</u>	(597)	<u>6 (942) BLK/BLU X48</u>
19//	IKED/BLK	K16	(9/3)	1 (966) BLK/PNK (948)
8/8			86.8	Δ (36) BLI/BLK V40
17/7	IKED/BEK	(7/3)	<u>x38</u>	<u> 7 (7J7) BLU/BLK X47</u>
TX1001	167			Š X
				₩iring Diagram Example

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Continued on next page

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9015-05-4

450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests

062608 PN=346

- 1—Wire Number
- 2—Wire End #1 Termination
- Location
- 3—Wire Color 4—Wire End #2 Termination
- Location

Wiring Diagram

Each harness on the machine is drawn showing components, connectors, and wires. Harnesses are identified by a "W" component identification number and description (W6 ENGINE HARNESS, Etc.).

5-Wiring Diagram Wire

-Component Identification

Legend

Number

A component or connector identification number (6) identifies each component on the harness. Each harness branch (14) is terminated by an end view of the connector (7). The connector end view show pin (9) and wire number (8) information which corresponds to the component or connector wire table.

The wire table displays the component or connector pin number (10), the wire number (11), the wire color (12), and the location where the wire terminates (13). 7—Connector End View 8—Wire Number

- 9—Connector Pin Number 10—Connector Pin Number
- To-Connector Pin Numbe

11—Wire Number 12—Wire Color 13—Wire Termination Location 14—Wire Harness

A wire legend (5) is provided for each harness. All wires in the harness are listed in the wire legend. The wire legend contains a wire number (1), End #1 (2), wire color (3), and End #2 (4) information for each wire. The wire number and color are unique to each harness and may not match other wire numbers and colors on other harnesses. The component identification numbers or wire numbers listed in the End #1 and End #2 columns indicate where the wire terminates within the harness.

Continued on next page

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System Information



PN=348

1—Component Identification Number2—Connector

2—Connector 3—Connector End View

Wiring Diagram

Each harness on the machine is drawn showing connectors, wires, and splices. A "W" component identification number identifies harnesses. (W6, Etc.) The harness is drawn showing spatial arrangement of components and branches.

4—Wire Harness

6—Wire Splice

5—Wire Number

A component identification or connector number (1) identifies each component. The harness branch (4) is terminated by a top or side view of the connector (2). If more than one wire is supplied to the connector, a harness side connector end view (3) is provided. Each wire number is labeled for the appropriate pin. If only one wire is supplied to the connector, the wire number (5) is indicated.

An "X" component identification number of 100 or higher identifies splices (6). Each splice lists side A wires and side B wires to differentiate the side of the harness that the wires come from.

A wire legend is provided for each harness. A component identification number is listed in the "END #1" column (7) to indicate the termination location of

7—Wire End #1 Termination Location 8—Wire Number 9—Wire Color 10—Wire End #2 Termination Location

one end of a wire. In the center, the wire number (8) and wire color (9) are listed. A component identification number in the "END #2" column (10) identifies the opposite end of the wire.

Component Location Diagram

The Component Location Diagram is a pictorial view by harness showing location of all electrical components, connectors, harness main ground locations and harness band and clamp location. Each component will be identified by the same identification letter/number and description used in the System Functional Schematic Diagram.

Connector End View Diagram

The Connector End View Diagram is a pictorial end view of the component connectors showing the number of pins in the connector and the wire color and identifier of the wire in every connector. Each component will be identified by the same identification letter/number and description used in the System Functional Schematic Diagram.

Continued on next page

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T143000

1-Batterv 2-Wire Splice 3—Fuse 4—Circuit Breaker 5—Fusible Link 6—Power Outlet 7—Alternator 8—Air Conditioner Compressor 9-Compressor 10—Liquid Pump 11—Antenna 12—Diode 13—Zener Diode 14—Capacitor 15-Magnet 16—Flasher 17—Buzzer 18—Horn 19—Alarm 20—Clock 21—Internal Ground 22—Single Point Ground 23—External Ground 24—Sensor

- 25—Sensor with Normally **Open Switch** 26—Speed Sensor 27—Rotary Sensor 28—Single Element Bulb 29-Dual Element Bulb 30—Solenoid Operated Hydraulic Valve With Suppression Diode 31—Solenoid Normally Open 32—Solenoid Normally Closed 33—Starter Motor 34—Starter Motor 35—DC Motor 36—DC Stepping Motor 37—Wiper Motor 38—Blower Motor 39—Servo Motor 40—Speedometer 41—Tachometer 42—Temperature Gauge 43—Liquid Level Gauge 44—Gauge 45—Hourmeter 46-Resistor
- 47—Variable Resistor
- 48—Manually Adjusted
- Variable Resistor 49—Multi-Pin Connector
- 50—Single Pin Connector
- 51—Connector
- 52-4 Pin Relay
- 53—5 Pin Relay
- 54—5 Pin Relay With Internal Suppression Diode
- 55—5 Pin Relay With Internal Suppression Resistor
- 56—Key Switch
- 57—Temperature Switch Normally Open
- 58—Temperature Switch Normally Closed
- 59—Pressure Switch Normally Open
- 60—Pressure Switch Normally Closed
- 61—Liquid Level Switch Normally Open
- 62—Liquid Level Switch Normally Closed

- 63—Momentary Switch Normally Open
- 64—Momentary Switch Normally Closed
- 65—Toggle Switch Normally Open
- 66—Toggle Switch Normally Closed
- 67—2 Way Toggle Switch Normally Open
- 68—2 Way Toggle Switch Normally Closed
- 69—Manual Switch Operation
- 70—Push Switch Operation
- 71—Pull Switch Operation
- 72—Turn Switch Operation
- 73—Toggle Switch Operation 74—Pedal Switch Operation
- 75—Key Switch Operation
- 76—Detent Switch Operation
- 77—Temperature Sensor
- 78—Solar Sensor
- 79—Pressure Sensor
- 80—Liquid Level Sensor

Electrical Schematic Symbols

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System Information

Explanation of Wire Markings

Electrical harness wires are identified by color, with no number stamped on wire. Wire numbers are used on some connector drawings simply as reference numbers, useful in tracing wires through the harness.

Some wires are solid wire colors. These would be identified by one color name such as RED or BLK or GRN.

Other wire colors are identified with two color names. These are solid wires with a narrow stripe. For example, a wire identified as RED/WHT would be a primarily RED wire, with a WHT stripe. A wire identified as WHT/RED would be a primarily WHT wire with a RED stripe.

Following is a listing of wire color abbreviations used on drawings.

- BLK—Black
- BLU—Blue
- BRN—Brown
- GRN-Green
- GRY—Grey
- LTGRN—Light Green
- ORG—Orange
- PNK—Pink
- PUR—Purple
- RED—Red
- VLT—Violet
- WHT—White
- YEL—Yellow

Not all wire colors are not available at time of first production. In those cases the wire is identified by a number only. Wire color will be added as soon as it is available.

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Fuse Block 1

- F1—Boom Lights 20 A Fuse (Marked LAMP)
- F2—Windshield Wiper and Washer 10 A Fuse (Marked WIPER)
- F3—Air Conditioner and Heater 20 A Fuse (Marked HEATER)
- F4—Solenoid 10 A Fuse (Marked SOLENOID)
- F5—Travel Alarm 5 A Fuse (Marked OPT. ALT 1)
- F6—Optional Equipment 10 A Fuse (Marked OPT. 2)
- F7—Lubricator 10 A Fuse (Marked LUBRICATOR)
- F8—Engine Control Module (ECM) 30 A Fuse (Marked ECM)
- F9—Radio Backup 5 A Fuse (Marked BACK UP)
- F10—Machine Information Center and Main Controller Batter Power 5 A Fuse (Marked CU)
- F11—Horn 10 A Fuse (Marked HORN)
- F12—Radio and Dome Light 5 A Fuse (Marked ROOM LAMP RADIO)
- F13—Lighter 10 A Fuse (Marked LIGHTER)
- F14—High Pressure Fuel Pump Control Valve 15 A Fuse (Marked PCV)
- F15—Cab Auxiliary Power Connector One 10 A Fuse (Marked AUXILIARY)
- F16—Glow Plug Relay 5 A Fuse (Marked GLOW/RELAY)
- F17—Air Conditioner and Heater 5 A Fuse (Marked AIR CON)
- F18—Controller Key Switch Signal 5 A Fuse (Marked POW ON)
- F19—Controller 5 A Fuse (Marked SW. BOX)
- F20—Optional Equipment 10 A Fuse (Marked (OPT. BATT 3))



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Fuse Block 2

Additional fuses located by the batteries under right battery cover:

- F60—Fusible Link 75 A
- F61—Fusible Link 45 A

JDLink[™] fuses—if equipped, located outside the fuse blocks:

- F40—JDLink[™] Unswitched Power 7.5 A Fuse—If Equipped (W53)
- F41—JDLink[™] Switched Power 3 A Fuse—If Equipped (W53)
- F42—JDLink™ Run Signal 3 A Fuse—If Equipped (W53)
- F43—JDLink[™] Ground 7.5 A Fuse—If Equipped (W53)
 - F21—Heated Air Seat 10 A Fuse (Marked SEAT HEATER)
 - F22—Front Cab Light One 15 A Fuse (Marked CAB LAMP FRONT)
 - F23—Rear Cab Light 10 A Fuse (Marked CAB LAMP REAR)
 - F24—12 Volt Power Unit 10 A Fuse (Marked 12V UNIT)
 - F25—IMOBI 5 A Fuse (Marked IMOBI)
 - F26—Quick Hitch 5 A Fuse (Marked QUICK HITCH)
 - F27—Cab Auxiliary Power Connector Three 5 A Fuse (Marked AUX.3)
 - F28—Not Used
 - F29—Drive Light 20 A Fuse (Marked LIGHT 1)
 - F30—Auto Lubricator 10 A Fuse (Marked AUTO LUB)
 - F31—Seat Compressor 10 A Fuse (Marked SEAT COMPR)
 - F32—Front Cab Light Two 10 A Fuse (Marked CAB LAMP FRONT+2)
 - F33—Warning Lamp 10 A Fuse (Marked WARNING LAMP)
 - F34—Cab Auxiliary Power Connector Two 10 A Fuse (Marked AUX.2)
 - F35—Not Used
 - F36—Not Used
 - F37—Not Used
 - F38—Not Used
 - F39—Not Used
 - F40—Not Used



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System Functional Schematic, Wiring Diagram, and Component Location Master Legend

- A1—Engine Control Module (ECM) (SE13) (SE14) (SE15) (W4)
- A3—Main Controller (MCF) (SE7) (SE8) (SE9) (SE10) (SE11) (W1)
- A4—Monitor Controller (SE4) (SE5) (W3)
- A5—Information Controller (ICF) (SE3) (W1)
- A6-Radio (SE18) (W6)

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6

- A7—Air Conditioner Controller (ACF) (SE19) (SE20) (W6)
- A8—12 Volt Power Converter (SE21) (W9)
- A9—Switch Panel (SE6) (W1)
- A10—Machine Information Gateway (MIG) Controller—If Equipped (W50)
- A11—GlobalTRACS[®] Terminal (GTT) Controller—If Equipped (W51)
- B1—Crankshaft Position Sensor (SE13) (W4)
- B2—Camshaft Position Sensor (G Sensor) (SE13) (W4)
- B3—Barometric Pressure Sensor (SE14) (W2)
- B4—Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor (SE14) (W4)
- B5—Fuel Temperature Sensor (SE14) (W4)
- B7—Intake Air Temperature (SE14) (W8)
- B10—Boost Temperature Sensor (SE14) (W4)
- B11—Engine Oil Pressure Sensor (SE13) (W4)
- B12—Fuel Rail Pressure Sensor (SE13) (W4)
- B13—Radiator Level Switch (SE10) (W2) (W5) (W20)
- B14—Boost Pressure Sensor (SE14) (W4)
- B15—Engine Oil Level Switch (SE10) (W5)
- B16—Air Filter Restriction Switch (SE4) (W8)
- B18—Fuel Level Sensor (SE4) (W2)
- B19—Engine Coolant Temperature Switch (105 deg C) (SE4) (W5)
- B20—Air Conditioner High/Low Pressure Switch (SE19) (W6)
- B21—Solar Sensor (SE19) (W3)
- B22—Ambient Air Temperature Sensor (SE19) (W5) (W19) (W20)
- B23—High Note Horn (SE19) (W2)
- B24—Low Note Horn (SE19) (W2)
- B25—Left Speaker (SE18) (W1)

- B26—Right Speaker (SE18) (W1)
- B27—Hydraulic Oil Filter Restriction Switch (SE4) (W2)
- B33—Swing Pressure Sensor (SE8) (W7)
- B35—Pump 1 (4-Spool) Delivery Pressure Sensor (4P) (SE9) (W8)
- B36—Pump 1 (4-Spool) Control Pressure Sensor (4P) (SE9) (W8)
- B37—Pump 2 (5-Spool) Delivery Pressure Sensor (5P) (SE9) (W8)
- B38—Pump 2 (5-Spool) Control Pressure Sensor (5P) (SE9) (W8)
- B40—Hydraulic Oil Temperature Sensor (SE9) (W2)
- B41—Air Conditioner Freeze Control Switch (SE20) (W6)
- B42—Cab Air Temperature Sensor (SE20) (W6)
- B43—Coolant Temperature Sensor (SE19) (W6)
- B45—Attachment Pressure Sensor (SE9)
- B46—Counterweight Removal Pressure Sensor (SE8) (W8)
- B50—Arm Out Pressure Sensor (SE7) (W2)
- B51—Arm In Pressure Sensor (SE7) (W2)
- B52—Boom Up Pressure Sensor (SE7) (W2)
- B53—Boom Down Pressure Sensor (SE7) (W2)
- B54—Bucket Curl Pressure Sensor (SE7) (W2)
- B55—Bucket Dump Pressure Sensor (SE8) (W2)
- B56—Travel Right Pressure Sensor (SE8) (W2)
- B57—Travel Left Pressure Sensor (SE8) (W2)
- B58—Boom Bottom Pressure Sensor (SE8) (W2)
- B60—Exhaust Gas Recirculation (EGR) Position Sensor (SE13) (W4)
- E1—Drive Light (SE16) (W2)
- E2-Boom Work Light (SE17) (W2)
- E3—Cab Dome Light (SE18) (W1)
- E5—Switch Panel Back Light (SE6) (W1)
- E7—Drive Light (Optional) (SE16) (W2)
- E8—Boom Light (Optional) (SE17) (W2)
- E9—Cab Light (SE17)
- E10—Cab Light (SE17)
- F1—Boom Lights 20 A Fuse (Marked LAMP) (SE17) (W1)

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- F2—Windshield Wiper and Washer 10 A Fuse (Marked WIPER) (SE16) (W1)
- F3—Air Conditioner and Heater 20 A Fuse (Marked HEATER) (SE19) (W1)
- F4—Solenoid 10 A Fuse (Marked SOLENOID) (SE7) (W1)
- F5—Travel Alarm 5 A Fuse (Marked OPT. 1) (SE12) (W1)
- F6—Optional Equipment 10 A Fuse (Marked OPT. ALT 2) (SE18) (W1)
- F7—Lubricator 10 A Fuse (Marked LUBRICATOR) (SE17) (W1)
- F8—Engine Control Module (ECM) 30 A Fuse (Marked ECM) (SE15) (W1)
- F9—Radio Backup 5 A Fuse (Marked BACK UP) (SE4) (W1)
- F10—Machine Information Center and Main Controller Battery Power 5 A Fuse (Marked C/U) (SE3) (W1)
- F11—Horn 10 A Fuse (Marked HORN) (SE19) (W1)
- F12—Radio and Dome Light 5 A Fuse (Marked ROOM LAMP RADIO) (SE18) (W1)
- F13—Lighter 10 A Fuse (Marked LIGHTER) (SE19) (W1)
- F14—High Pressure Fuel Pump Control Valve 15 A Fuse (Marked PCV) (SE14) (W1)
- F15—Cab Auxiliary Power Connector One 10 A Fuse (Marked AUXLIALY) (SE18) (W1)
- F16—Glow Plug Relay 5 A Fuse (Marked GLOW/RELAY) (SE1) (W1)
- F17—Air Conditioner and Heater 5 A Fuse (Marked AIRCON) (SE19) (W1)
- F18—Controller Key Switch Signal 5 A Fuse (Marked POW ON) (SE3) (W1)
- F19—Controller 5 A Fuse (Marked SW. BOX) (SE4) (W1)
- F20—Optional Equipment 10 A Fuse (Marked (OPT. BATT3)) (SE18) (W1)
- F21—Heated Air Seat 10 A Fuse (Marked SEAT HEATER) (SE21) (W9)
- F22—Front Cab Light One 15 A Fuse (Marked CAB LAMP FRONT) (SE17) (W9)
- F23—Rear Cab Light 10 A Fuse (Marked CAB LAMP REAR) (SE21) (W9)
- F24—12 Volt Power Unit 10 A Fuse (Marked 12V UNIT) (SE21) (W9)

- F25—IMOBI 5 A Fuse (Marked IMOBI) (SE21) (W9)
- F26—Quick Hitch 5 A Fuse (Marked QUICK HITCH) (SE21) (W9)
- F27—Cab Auxiliary Power Connector 3 5 A Fuse (Marked AUX. 3) (SE21) (W9)
- F29—Drive Light 20 A Fuse (Marked LIGHT 1) (SE16) (W9)
- F30—Auto Lubricator 10 A Fuse (Marked AUTO LUB) (SE17) (W9)
- F31—Seat Compressor 10 A Fuse (Marked SEAT COMPR) (SE21) (W9)
- F32—Front Cab Light Two 10 A Fuse (Marked CAB LAMP FRONT +2) (SE21) (W9)
- F33—Warning Lamp 10 A Fuse (Marked WARNING LAMP) (SE21) (W9)
- F34—Cab Auxiliary Power Connector 2 10 A Fuse (Marked AUX. 2) (SE21) (W9)
- F40—JDLink™ Unswitched Power 7 Amp Fuse—If Equipped (W53)
- F41—JDLink™ Switched Power 3 Amp Fuse—If Equipped (W53)
- F42—JDLink[™] Alternator Run Signal 3 Amp Fuse— If Equipped (W53)
- F43—JDLink[™] Ground 7.5 Amp Fuse—If Equipped (W53)
- F60—Fusible Link 75A (SE1) (W2)
- F61—Fusible Link 45A (SE1) (W2)
- F62—Wiper Motor Assembly Circuit Breaker (SE16) (W1)
- G1—Battery (SE1)
- G2—Battery (SE1)
- G3—Alternator (SE3) (W5)
- G5—12 Volt Power Outlet (SE21) (W9)
- H2—Security Alarm (SE5) (W1)
- H3—Monitor Warning Alarm (SE4) (W1)
- H4—Travel Alarm (SE12) (W5)
- K1—Load Dump Relay (SE2) (W1)
- K2—Pilot Shut-Off Solenoid Relay (SE2) (W1)
- K3—Security Alarm Relay (SE4) (W1)
- K4—Starter Relay (SE1) (W1)
- K5—Security Relay (SE2) (W1)
- K6—Windshield Wiper Relay (SE16) (W1)
- K7—Drive Light Relay (SE16) (W1)
- K8—Boom Work Light Relay (SE17) (W1)
- K9—Windshield Washer Relay (SE16) (W1)
- K10—Horn Relay (SE19) (W1)

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- K11—Automatic Lubricator Relay (SE17) (W1)
- K12—Blower Motor Relay (SE19) (W6)
- K13—Cab Light Relay (SE17)
- K14—Engine Control Module (ECM) Relay (SE14) (W1)
- K15—Air Conditioner Compressor Clutch Relay (SE19) (W6)
- K16—Glow Plug Relay (SE1) (W2)
- K18—Starter Protection Relay (SE1) (W2)
- K19—Battery Relay (SE1) (W2)
- K20—Seat Heater Relay (W12)
- K30—Right Solenoid Relay A (W14)
- K31-Right Solenoid Relay B (W14)
- K32-Left Solenoid Relay A (W14)
- K33-Left Solenoid Relay B (W14)
- M1—Starter Motor (SE1) (W5)
- M3—Exhaust Gas Recirculation (EGR) Valve Actuator (SE13) (W4)
- M5—Windshield Wiper Motor (SE16) (W1)
- M6-Windshield Washer Motor (SE16) (W2)
- M7—Air Conditioner and Heater Blower Motor (SE20) (W6)
- M9—Air Conditioner and Heater Internal and External Servomotor (SE20) (W6)
- M10—Air Conditioner and Heater Blower Port Change Servomotor (SE20) (W6)
- M11—Air Conditioner and Heater Mixer Servomotor (SE20) (W6)
- M12—Air Conditioner and Heater Rear Blower Port Change Servomotor (SE20) (W6)
- M13—Seat Air Compressor Motor (W12)
- M14—Lubricator Motor (SE17) (W2)
- R1—Glow Plug #1 (SE1) (W4)
- R2—Glow Plug #2 (SE1) (W4)
- R3—Glow Plug #3 (SE1) (W4)
- R4—Glow Plug #4 (SE1) (W4)
- R5—Glow Plug #5 (SE1) (W4)
- R6—Glow Plug #6 (SE1) (W4)
- R9—Lighter (SE19) (W1)
- R15—Engine Speed Dial (SE6) (W1)
- R17—Blower Motor Resistor (SE20) (W6)
- R18—Seat Heater (W12)
- S1—Key Switch (SE1) (W6)
- S2—Cab Dome Light Switch (SE18) (W1)
- S3—Pilot Shut-Off Switch 1 (SE2) (W11)
- S4-Pilot Shut-Off Switch 2 (SE2) (W11)

- S5—Horn Switch (SE19) (W1)
- S7—Power Dig Switch (SE10) (W6)
- S8—Auto Idle Switch (SE6) (W1)
- S9—Windshield Wiper and Washer Switch (SE6) (W1)
- S10—Work Light Switch (SE6) (W1)
- S11—Travel Speed Switch (SE6) (W1)
- S12—Power Mode Switch (SE6) (W1)
- S13—Travel Alarm Cancel Switch (SE12) (W15)
- S14—Engine Stop Switch (SE1) (W1)
- S15—Reversing Fan Switch (SE10) (W16)
- S18—Learning Switch (SE10) (W1)
- S19—Automatic Lubricator Switch (SE11)
- S20—Boom Mode Switch (SE11) (W10)
- S21—Engine Fluid Level Check Switch (SE11) (W10)
- S22—Lubricator Switch (SE17) (W2)
- S23—Heated Seat Switch (W13)
- S30—Right Switch A (W14)
- S31—Right Switch B (W14)
- S32—Left Switch A (W14)
- S33—Left Switch B (W14)
- S34—Right Enable Switch (W14)
- S35—Left Enable Switch (W14)
- V1—Glow Plug Relay Diode (SE1) (W2)
- V2—Battery Relay Diode (SE1) (W2)
- V3—Load Dump Relay Diode (SE2) (W1)
- V4—Security Diode (SE2) (W1)
- V5—Start Relay Diode (SE2) (W1)
- V6—Auxillary Power Connector Diode (SE18) (W1)
- V7—Blower Motor Diode (SE20) (W6)
- V8—Pilot Shutoff Diode (SE2) (W11)
- V10—Lubricator Motor Diode (SE17) (W2)
- V11—Blower Motor Signal Diode (SE20) (W6)
- V12—Main Controller Pilot Switch Signal Diode (SE10) (W1)
- V13—ECM Power On Signal Diode (SE3) (W1)
- W1—Cab Harness (W1)
- W2-Machine Harness (W2)
- W3—Monitor Harness (W3)
- W4—Engine Harness (W4)
- W5—Engine Interface Harness (W5)
- W6—Air Conditioner Harness (W6)
- W7—Control Valve Harness (W7)
- W8—Pump Harness (W8)
- W9—Auxiliary Fuse Box Harness (W9)

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- W10—Cab Switch Harness (W10)
- W11—Pilot Shutoff Switch Harness (W11)
- W12—Heated Air Seat Harness (W12)
- W13—Seat Heater Switch Harness (W13)
- W14—Multi-Function Pilot Control Lever Harness (W14)
- W15—Travel Alarm Cancel Switch Harness (W15)
- W16—Reversing Fan Switch Harness (W16)
- W17—Pilot Shutoff Valve Harness (W17)
- W29—Radio Antenna (SE18)
- W35—Cab Harness Ground 1 (W1)
- W36—Cab Harness Ground 2 (W1)
- W37—Cab Harness Ground 3 (W1)
- W38—Cab Harness Ground 4 (W1)
- W40—Machine Harness Ground 1 (W2)
- W41—Machine Harness Ground 2 (W2)
- W50—Machine Information Gateway (MIG) Harness—If Equipped (W50)
- W51—GlobalTRACS® Terminal (GTT) Harness—If Equipped (W51)
- W52—JDLink[™] CAN Harness—If Equipped (W53)
- W53—JDLink[™] Power Harness—If Equipped (W53)
- W54— JDLink[™] Jumper Harness—If Equipped (W54)
- W55—GlobalTRACS® Terminal (GTT) Controller Ground—If Equipped (W51)
- W57—GlobalTRACS[®] Terminal (GTT) Antenna—If Equipped (W51)
- X2—Dr. ZX 6-Pin Connector (SE3) (W1)
- X3—Cab Harness-to-Machine Harness 52-Pin Connector (W1) (W2)
- X4—Cab Harness-to-Machine Harness 32-Pin Connector (W1) (W2)
- X5—Cab Harness-to-Machine Harness 12-Pin Connector (W1) (W2)
- X6—Engine Diagnostic Connector (W2)
- X7-Engine Control Module (ECM) 81-Pin Connector V (W2)
- X8—Engine Control Module (ECM) 40-Pin Connector E (W2)
- X9—Machine Harness CAN Connector (W2)
- X10—Machine Harness-to-Control Valve Harness 20-Pin Connector (W2) (W7)
- X11—Cab Harness-to-Pilot Shutoff Solenoid Valve Harness Connector (W1) (W17)

- X12—Cab Harness-to-Reversing Fan Switch Harness Connector (W1) (W16)
- X17—Cab Harness-to-Auxiliary Fuse Box Harness 4-Pin Connector (W1) (W9)
- X18—Cab Harness-to-Monitor Harness 4-Pin Connector (W1) (W3)
- X19—Monitor Controller 16-Pin Connector A (W3)
- X20—Monitor Controller 20-Pin Connector B (W3)
- X21—Monitor Controller 12-Pin Connector C (W3) • X22—Cab Harness-to-Monitor Harness 16-Pin
- Connector (White) (W1) (W3)
- X23—Cab Harness-to-Monitor Harness 16-Pin Connector (Black) (W1) (W3)
- X24—Cab Harness-to-Monitor Harness 16-Pin Connector (Brown) (W1) (W3)
- X25—Auxillary Power Connectors (SE18) (W1)
- X26—Optional Connector (SE18) (W1) (W14)
- X27—Cab Harness-to-Switch Panel Connector (SE6) (W1)
- X28—Cab Harness-to-Main Controller 32-Pin Connector (W1)
- X29—Cab Harness-to-Main Controller 25-Pin Connector (W1)
- X30—Cab Harness-to-Main Controller 31-Pin Connector (W1)
- X31—Cab Harness-to-Main Controller 16-Pin Connector (W1)
- X32—Cab Harness-to-Information Controller 31-Pin Connector (W1)
- X34—Cab Harness-to-Information Controller 17-Pin Connector (W1)
- X36—Machine Information Center 20-Pin Connector (Not Used) (SE3) (W1)
- X37—Machine Information Center 16-Pin Connector (Not Used) (SE3) (W1)
- X38—Cab Harness-to-Air Conditioner Harness 16-Pin Connector (W1) (W6)
- X39—Cab Harness-to-Air Conditioner Harness 4-Pin Connector (W1) (W6)
- X40—Machine Harness-to-Pump Harness 20-Pin Connector (W2) (W8)
- X41-Cab Harness-to-Machine Harenss 2-Pin Connector 1 (W1) (W2)
- X42—Cab Harness-to-Machine Harness 2-Pin Connector 2 (W1) (W2)

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- X43—Auxiliary Fuse Box Connector (W1) (W9)
- X44—Optional Light Connector (W1) (W9)
- X45—Option 2 12-Pin Connector (Not Used) (W1)
- X46—Attachment Connector (Not Used) (W2)
- X47—Cab Harness-to-Air Conditioner Harness 6-Pin Connector (W1) (W6)
- X48—Air Conditioner Harness-to-Air Conditioner and Heater Controller 20-Pin Connector (W6)
- X49—Air Conditioner Harness-to-Air Conditioner and Heater Controller 16-Pin Connector (W6)
- X51—Engine 2-Pin Connector
- X52—Machine Harness-to-Hydraulic Oil Temperature Sensor Sub-Harness Connector (W2)
- X53—Machine Harness-to-Radiator Harness Connector (650DLC Only) (W2) (W19)
- X54—Machine Harness Lubricator Switch Connector (W2) (W2)
- X55—Machine Harness-to-Oil Cooler Harness Connector (850DLC Only) (W2) (W20)
- X56—Monitor Harness Connector (Not Used) (W3)
- X57—Engine Harness-to-Glow Plug Bus Bar Connector (W4)
- X58—Engine Harness-to-Injector Harness Connector 1 (W4)
- X59—Engine Harness-to-Injector Harness Connector 2 (W4)
- X60—Heated Air Seat Connector (SE21) (W9) (W12)
- X61—Rear Cab Light Connector (SE21) (W9)
- X62—12 Volt Power Unit Connector (SE21) (W9)
- X63—IMOBI Connector (SE21) (W9)
- X64—Quick Hitch Connector (SE21) (W9)
- X65—Cab Auxiliary Power Connector 3 (SE21) (W9)
- X66—Front Cab Light 2 Connector (SE21) (W9)
- X67—Warning Lamp Connector (SE21) (W9)
- X68—Cab Auxiliary Power Connector 2 (SE21) (W9)
- X69—Front Cab Light 1 Connector (W9)
- X70—Cab Harness 3-Pin Connector (Not Used) (W1)
- X71—Cab Harness-to-Auto Lubricator Switch Harness (Not Used) (W1)
- X72—Cab Harness-to-Pilot Shutoff Switch Harness Connector (W1) (W11)
- X73—Cab Harness-to-Cab Switch Harness Connector (W1) (W10)

- X74—Cab Harness-to-Travel Alarm Cancel Switch Harness Connector (W1) (W15)
- X75—Cab Switch Harness-to-Seat Heater Switch Harness Connector (W10) (W13)
- X76—Seat Heater Switch Harness-to-Heated Air Seat Harness Connector (W12) (W13)
- X77—Machine Harness-to-Pump Harness 4-Pin Camera Connector (Not Used) (W2) (W8)
- X78—Machine Harness-to-Auto Lubricator Harness Connector (W2)
- X79—Machine Harness Auxiliary Power Connector (W2)
- X80—Engine Speed Dial Main Controller Side Connector (S1) (W1)
- X81—Engine Speed Dial Switch Panel Side Connector (1) (W1)
- X82—Engine Speed Dial Ground Main Controller Side Connector (S2) (W1)
- X83—Engine Speed Dial Ground Switch Panel Side Connector (2) (W1)
- X84—Engine Control Module (ECM) Power and Signal Connector (E1) (W1)
- X85—Engine Control Module (ECM) Return Connector (E2) (W1)
- X86—Machine Harness-to-Engine Interface Harness 16-Pin Connector (A) (W2) (W5)
- X87—Machine Harness-to-Engine Interface Harness 1-Pin Connector (B) (W2) (W5)
- X88—Machine Harness-to-Engine Interface Harness 2-Pin Connector (C) (W2) (W5)
- X89—Machine Harness-to-Engine Harness 20-Pin Connector (D) (W2) (W4)
- X90—Machine Harness-to-Engine Harness 12-Pin Connector (E) (W2) (W4)
- X91—Machine Harness-to-Engine Harness 8-Pin Connector (F) (W2) (W4)
- X92—Machine Harness-to-Engine Harness 6-Pin Connector (G) (W2) (W4)
- X93—Machine Harness-to-Engine Harness 1-Pin Connector (H) (W2) (W4)
- X94—Machine Harness-to-Lubricator Harness Connector (W2)
- X95—Pump Harness-to-Camera Harness 4-Pin Connector (Not Used) (W8)

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- X96—Pump Harness-to-Swing Alarm Connector (Not Used) (W8)
- X97—Control Valve Harness-to-Attachment Pressure Sensor Harness Connector (W7)
- X100—Cab Ground Splice Connector (W1)
- X101—Machine Harness Splice Connector 1 (W2)
- X102—Machine Harness Splice Connector 2 (W2)
- X103—Pump Harness Splice Connector 1 (W8)
- X104—Pump Harness Splice Connector 2 (W8)
- X135—Pilot Shutoff Switch Harness Splice 1 (W11)
- X136—Pilot Shutoff Switch Harness Splice 2 (W11)
- X137—Pilot Shutoff Switch Harness Splice 3 (W11)
- X140—Machine Information Gateway (MIG) Harness-to-JDLink[™] Power Harness 4-Pin Connector—If Equipped (W50)
- X141—Machine Information Gateway (MIG) Harness-to-GlobalTRACS[®] Terminal (GTT) Harness 10-Pin Connector—If Equipped (W50, W51)
- X142—Machine Information Gateway (MIG) Harness-to-GlobalTRACS[®] Terminal (GTT) Harness 4-Pin Connector—If Equipped (W50, W51)
- X143—Machine Information Gateway (MIG) Harness-to-JDLink™ CAN Harness 8-Pin Connector—If Equipped (W50)
- X144—Machine Information Gateway (MIG) 30-Pin (L1-Y3) Connector—If Equipped (W50)
- X145—Machine Information Gateway (MIG) 30-Pin (A1-K3) Connector—If Equipped (W50)
- X146—Machine Information Gateway (MIG) Ethernet Diagnostic 4-Pin Connector—If Equipped (W50)
- X147—2-Pin Connector (Not Used)—If Equipped
- X148—GlobalTRACS[®] Terminal (GTT) 70-Pin Connector—If Equipped (W51)
- X149—JDLink™ Jumper Harness-to-JDLink™ Power Harness Connector—If Equipped (W54)
- X150—GT config Tool Adapter 6-Pin Connector—If Equipped (W51)

- X152—JDLink™ Jumper Harness-to-Machine Harness Connector—If Equipped (W54)
- X160—GlobalTRACS[®] Terminal (GTT) Shield Splice (W51)
- X164-M16 PUR Splice (W54)
- X165—M09 YEL Splice (W52)
- X166—M10 GRN Splice (W52)
- X167—R01 BLK Splice (W52)
- Y1—Electronic Injector #1 (SÉ13) (W4)
- Y2—Electronic Injector #2 (SE13) (W4)
- Y3—Electronic Injector #3 (SE13) (W4)
- Y4—Electronic Injector #4 (SE14) (W4)
- Y5-Electronic Injector #5 (SE13) (W4)
- Y6—Electronic Injector #6 (SE13) (W4)
- Y8—Fan Reversing Solenoid 1 (SE10) (W5) (W19) (W2)
- Y9—Fan Reversing Solenoid 2 (SE10) (W20)
- Y10—Pilot Shut-Off Solenoid (SE2) (W17)
- Y11—Air Conditioner Compressor Clutch (SE19) (W5)
- Y12—Pump 1 (4-Spool) Control Solenoid (4P) (SE9) (W8)
- Y13—Pump 2 (5-Spool) Control Solenoid (5P) (SE8) (W8)
- Y14—Fan Pump Control Solenoid (SE9) (W8)
- Y15—Fuel Pump Control Valve Solenoid 1 (SE14) (W4)
- Y16—Fuel Pump Control Valve Solenoid 2 (SE14) (W4)
- Y22—Boom Flow Rate Solenoid (SF) (SE8) (W7)
- Y23—Boom Mode Solenoid (SC) (SE7) (W7)
- Y24—Power Dig Solenoid (SG) (SE8) (W7)
- Y25—Travel Speed Solenoid (SI) (SE8) (W7)
- Y34—Right Solenoid (W14)
- Y35—Left Solenoid (W14)

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450DLC, 650DLC, 850DLC SYSTEM FUNCTIONAL SCHEMATIC (1 OF 7)

System Diagrams

System Functional Schematic

System Functional Schematic (1 of 7) (SE1, SE2, and SE3)



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LD30992,00001F0 -19-31AUG07-2/7 450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests





System Functional Schematic (3 of 7) (SE7, SE8, and SE9)



System Functional Schematic (4 of 7) (SE10, SE11, and SE12)



System Functional Schematic (5 of 7) (SE13, SE14, and SE15)

TX1004774 -19-24APR06



System Functional Schematic (6 of 7) (SE16, SE17, and SE18)

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System Diagrams

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PN=370

System Functional Schematic (7 of 7) (SE19, SE20, and SE21)





TX1027575





JDLink™ Sub-System Schematic

	Systen	n Diagrams	
 A10—Machine Information Gateway (MIG) Controller A11—GlobalTRACS[®] Terminal (GTT) Controller F40—JDLink[™] Unswitched Power 7.5-Amp Fuse F41—JDLink[™] Switched Power 3-Amp Fuse F42—JDLink[™] Run 3-Amp Fuse F43—JDLink[™] Ground 7.5-Amp Fuse 	W55—GlobalTRACS [®] Terminal (GTT) Chassis Ground W56—JDLink [™] Power Harness Ground W57—GTT Antenna X140—JDLink [™] Power Harness-to-Machine Interface Gateway (MIG) Harness X141—Machine Information Gateway (MIG) Harness-to-GlobalTRACS Terminal (GTT) Harness 10-Pin Connector	X142—Machine Information Gateway (MIG) Harness-to-GlobalTRACS Terminal (GTT) Harness 4-Pin Connector X143—Machine Information Gateway (MIG) Harness-to-JDLink™ CAN Harness 8-Pin Connector X144—Machine Information ® Gateway (MIG) 30-Pin (L1—Y3) Connector	X145—Machine Information Gateway (MIG) 30-Pin (A1—K3) Connector X146—JDLink™ MMS Direct 4-Pin Connector (Ethernet) X147—2-Pin Connector (not used) X148—GlobalTRACS® Terminal (GTT) 70-Pin Connector X150—GT Config Tool Adapter 6-Pin Connector (RS-232)
GlobalTRACS is a trademark of G JDLink is a trademark of Deere &	Dualcomm Corporate Company		AA95137,0000C3C -19-31AUG07-2/2





Cab Harness (W1) Component Location

TX1042437 –UN–21MAY08

Cab Harness (W1) Component Location

A3—Main Controller (MCF)	W15—Travel A
A5—Information Controller	Switch F
(ICF)	W16—Reversin
A9—Switch Panel	Harness
B25—Left Speaker	W17—Pilot Shu
B26—Right Speaker	Harness
E3—Cab Dome Light	W35—Cab Har
H2—Security Alarm	W36—Cab Har
H3—Monitor Warning Alarm	W37—Cab Har
M5—Windshield Wiper Motor	W38—Cab Har
R9—Lighter	X2—Dr. ZX 6-P
R15—Engine Speed Dial	X3—Cab Harne
S2—Cab Dome Light Switch	Harness 5
S5—Horn Switch	X4—Cab Harne
S8—Auto Idle Switch	Harness 3
S9—Windshield Wiper and	X11—Cab Harn
Washer Switch	Shutoff S
S10—Work Light Switch	Harness
S11—Travel Speed Switch	X12—Cah
S12—Power Mode Switch	Harness-
S13—Travel Alarm Cancel	Fan Swite
Switch	Connecto
Stan Ston Switch	X17_Cab Harn
S15—Beversing Ean Switch	
S13—Neversing Fair Switch	Connoct
V3_L ord Dump Belay Diode	X18_Cab Harn
V3—Load Dullip Relay Diode	
V4—Security Diode	V22 Cab Harr
V6 Auxiliary Dower	
vo—auxiliary Power	Compact
V12 Main Controller Dilet	
viz-wain Controller Pllot	A23—Cab Harn
Switch Signal Diode	Harness
VI3-ECM Power On Signal	Connecto
Diode	A24—Cab Harn
	Harness
	Connecto

Alarm Cancel Harness ing Fan Switch utoff Valve ness Ground 1 rness Ground 2 rness Ground 3 ness Ground 4 Pin Connector ness-to-Machine 52-Pin Connector ness-to-Machine rness-to-Pilot Solenoid Valve s Connector s-to-Reversing itch Harness tor rness-to-Auxiliary ox Harness tor rness-to-Monitor s 4-Pin Connector rness-to-Monitor s 16-Pin tor (White) rness-to-Monitor s 16-Pin tor (Black) rness-to-Monitor s 16-Pin tor (Brown)

- X25—Auxiliary Power Connectors X26—Optional Connector X27—Cab Harness-to-Switch Panel Connector X28—Cab Harness-to-Main Controller 32-Pin Connector X29—Cab Harness-to-Main Controller 25-Pin Connector X30—Cab Harness-to-Main Controller 31-Pin Connector 32-Pin Connector X31—Cab Harness-to-Main Controller 16-Pin Connector X32—Cab Harness-to-Information Controller 31-Pin Connector X34—Cab Harness-to-Information Controller 17-Pin Connector X36—Machine Information Center 20-Pin Connector X74—Cab Harness-to-Travel (Not Used) X37—Machine Information Center 16-Pin Connector X100—Cab Ground Splice (Not Used) X38—Cab Harness-to-Air Conditioner Harness 16-Pin Connector
- X39—Cab Harness-to-Air Conditioner Harness4-Pin Connector X41—Cab Harness-to-Machine Harness 2-Pin Connector X42—Cab Harness-to-Machine Harness 2-Pin Connector 2 X43—Auxiliary Fuse Box Connector X44—Optional Light Connector X45—Option 2 12-Pin Connector (Not Used) X47—Cab Harness-to-Air Conditioner Harness 6-Pin Connector X71—Cab Harness-to-Auto Lubricator Switch Harness (Not Used) X72—Cab Harness-to-Pilot Shutoff Switch Harness Connector X73—Cab Harness-to-Cab Switch Harness Connector Alarm Cancel Switch
 - Harness Connector Connector

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Y10—Pilot Shutoff Solenoid



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NUMBER	COLOR	END #1	END #2																								
1	RED	X28	F4	64	BLK	S18	W36	507	BLK	W38	X100	590	BLK/YEL	M5	K6	770	RED	S14	(764)	832	GRN/RED	X30	X45	987	ORG	V12	(530)
2	RED	X28	(1)	65	WHT/GRN	X29	X45	508	WHT	Х3	V3	591	BLK/RED	M5	F2	771	BLU	X34	(39)	833	RED/YEL	(26)	X45	988	RED	(560)	F11
3	BLU/BLK	X28	Х3	68	LT GRN/BLK	X31	X4	509	BLK	W37	X100	592	BLK	M5	W38	772	BLU	X34	(39)	840	GRN	(598)	X73	990	YEL/RED	X24	X36
4	BLU/RED	X28	Х3	69	WHT/PUR	X31	X4	511	RED	X41	X47	593	BLK/RED	K6	(591)	773	BLK	X34	W37	841	BLK/GRN	(850)	X73	991	GRN/BLK	X24	X36
5	LT GRN/BLK	X28	X4	70	YEL/BLK	X31	Х3	512	BLK	W36	X100	594	BLK	K6	W38	774	BLK	X34	W37	842	BLK	W37	X73	995	BLU/RED	X18	Х3
6	LT GRN/RED	X28	X4	71	WHT/YEL	X30	Х3	516	GRN/YEL	Х3	F16	595	BLK/RED	К9	(591)	775	BLU/YEL	X34	(202)	843	GRN	(840)	X74	996	YEL/RED	X18	Х3
9	BLU/YEL	X28	Х3	72	GRN	X31	X4	517	BRN	S14	V4	596	BLK/RED	К9	(591)	776	YEL	X34	(764)	844	BLK/GRN	(841)	X74	997	BLK	X18	Х3
10	BLU/GRN	X28	Х3	73	PUR	X30	X4	519	RED	K1	(511)	597	BLK/GRN	Х3	X38	777	RED/WHT	X34	X36	845	BLK	W37	X74	998	WHT	X18	Х3
12	BLK	X28	W37	74	RED/BLK	X30	X4	520	RED	K1	(511)	598	GRN	K7	X17	779	BLK	X32	W37	846	YEL/RED	X29	X71	999	GRN/WHT	(851)	X23
13	BLK	X28	(12)	75	BLK/WHT	X30	X4	521	BLK	W37	K5	599	GRN	K7	(598)	780	RED	X32	X2	847	GRN	(840)	X71				
15	BLU	X28	Х3	76	BRN/YEL	X30	X4	522	BLU/WHT	X47	F18	600	GRN	K8	F1	781	RED/BLK	X32	X2	848	BLK/GRN	(841)	X71				
16	PUR/GRN	X28	Х3	78	ORG	X30	Х3	523	RED	(508)	K5	601	GRN	K8	(600)	782	BLK	X32	X2	849	BLK	W37	X71				
21	WHT	X28	Х3	79	YEL/BLU	X31	Х3	524	WHT	K1	(508)	602	WHT	K10	(603)	783	BLK/GRN	X32	X2	850	GRN	X22	K7				
22	GRN	X28	Х3	80	WHT	X31	X4	525	PUR	K2	K5	603	WHT	K10	F11	784	BLK/BLU	X32	X2	851	GRN/WHT	X22	K6				
23	BLU	X28	Х3	81	BLU/YEL	X31	Х3	526	PUR/GRN	K4	S14	604	BLK	X72	W38	785	BLK/PNK	X32	X2	852	GRN/BLK	X22	К3				
24	RED	X28	Х3	88	YEL	X29	(764)	527	PUR/RED	K5	V4	605	BLK	S5	W38	786	BLK/WHT	X32	X36	853	GRN/BLU	X22	V4				
26	RED/YEL	X28	X4	93	YEL	X28	X5	528	BRN	V5	(517)	606	BLU	V3	(522)	787	BLU	X32	X36	854	RED	X22	K8				
28	WHT/YEL	(141)	X45	94	YEL/BLK	X28	X5	529	PUR/WHT	X24	K2	607	WHT	X47	F12	788	GRN	X32	X37	855	BLK	X22	К9				
29	YEL	X28	X4	95	GRN/RED	X28	X5	530	ORG	V5	X72	609	RED/BLK	X39	F3	789	YEL	X32	X37	856	ORG	X22	K1				
30	YEL/GRN	X28	X4	96	GRN/YEL	X28	X5	531	PNK/WHT	K2	X11	610	WHT/YEL	X26	F5	790	BLK	X32	X37	860	WHT	X22	H3				
34	BLK/GRN	X29	X27	98	GRN	X31	X5	532	RED	X11	(1)	611	RED	X26	F6	791	BLU/YEL	X36	(202)	861	BLU/BLK	H3	(870)				
35	BLK/RED	X29	X27	99	BRN	X31	X5	533	RED	K2	(532)	612	LT GRN/RED	X26	F20	792	YEL	X36	(764)	870	BLU/BLK	X23	F19				
36	BLU	X29	(39)	103	WHT/BLK	X30	Х3	536	RED/BLU	Х3	K8	615	BLK	X26	W38	793	BLU	X36	(39)	871	BLK	X23	W37				
38	PNK	X29	X27	104	PNK/GRN	X30	Х3	537	RED	X3	К7	616	RED	X26	(537)	794	BLK	X36	W37	882	BLU/YEL	X30	X71				
39	BLU	X29	F10	138	GRN/BLK	X4	X74	539	BLK	K14	W37	617	RED/BLU	X26	(536)	795	BLK	X36	W37	900	WHT/RED	X47	K4				
40	BLK	X29	W37	141	WHT/YEL	X4	(610)	540	BLK	К3	W37	631	YEL/RED	(566)	S2, E3	796	BLK	X36	W37	901	YEL	X27	X81				
41	GRN/BLK	X29	X38	149	ORG/BLK	X28	X45	541	PNK/GRN	К3	H2	632	BLU/YEL	R9	F13	798		(808)	X30	902	BRN/WHT	X27	X81				
42	GRN/RED	X29	X45	202	BLU/YEL	X3	X22	542	RED/GRN	Х3	K10	633	BLK	R9	W38	799		(808)	W36	903	WHT/YEL	X27	X83				
43	BLU	X29	X73	205	RED/BLU	X27	X23	543	RED/BLU	К3	F9	650	PNK	X28	X4	802	GRN	(804)	X24	904	BRN/WHT	X23	(902)				
45	YEL	X30	X73	206	RED/BLK	X27	X23	544	RED/BLU	H2	(543)	651	PNK/WHT	X28	X4	803	BLU	(805)	X24	905	WHT/YEL	X23	(903)				
46	BLK	(64)	X12	207	BLK/WHT	X27	X23	545	WHT/PUR	S5	K10	652	PUR	X29	X4	804	GRN	X34	(806)	910	WHT/RED	K4	(900)				
47	GRN/WHT	X29	X12	222	RED/BLU	X3	X22	546	PUR	X3	K9	653	WHT/YEL	(610)	X4	805	BLU	X34	(807)	911	GRN	(598)	X12				
48	GRN	X29	X27	223	GRN/BLU	X3	X22	550	PNK/BLU	V5	X24	654	BLK	X28	X4	806	GRN	X30	X5	912	BLK/GRN	(841)	X12				
49	GRN	X23	(48)	228	YEL/GRN	X27	X23	560	RED	F10	(511)	655	PUR/YEL	X29	X4	807	BLU	X30	X5	921	RED/WHT	X17	K11				
50	BLK	X29	(40)	229	GRN/WHT	X27	X23	561	WHI	X43	(506)	660	ORG	X3	F/	808		X30	X5	922	RED/WHI	(921)	K11				
51	RED/YEL	X31	X3	230	BLU/BLK	X27	X23	562		X43	X100	661	GRN	X25	F15	809	51.11	(808)	X24	923	RED/WHI	X30	X3				
52	RED/YEL	X31	(51)	234	BRN/BLU	X3	X24	500	TEL/RED	X38	F12	662	BLK	X25	VV 36	810	BLU	X41	K14	924	RED	K11	X3				
53	BLK/YEL	X31	X3	235	BRN	X3	X24	500	RED/BLU	×30	(543)	600		(662)	V6	815	RED	X24	X70	925	GRN	K11	X29				
54	BLK/YEL	X31	(53)	250	BRN/YEL	X3	X22	509		×30	B20	760		(661)	V0 X00	816	WHI	X24	X70	926	WHI	X3	X29				
55	RED/YEL	(51)	X80	254	WHI/RED	X4	X22	570		×30	B20	760		X4	X22	817	BLK	X70	W 38	940	WHI/GRN	X38	F17				
56	BLK/RED	(53)	X82	310	GRN	F8	K14	571		X30	B25	762		X4	A23	821	RED	X/2	(764)	944	BRN/BLU	X38	X24				
57		X29	\$18 VC	312	RED/BLU	F14	X4 (010)	572		×30 ¥29	(501)	764		A4 V/12	►14 E10	024		A23 VE	(104) XAE	950	WHI	(506)	F1				
58	RED/GRN	X31	X3	313	BLU	F14	(810)	5/3		X0 X0	(301)	765		V13 V0		025	BLU/KED	A5 (941)	A40 X45	951		(506)	F4				
59	GRN/BLU	X29	X18	501	BLK	X42	X100	505		A3 207	A4/ (527)	705		×3		020		(041)	A40 X45	961		(536)	λ44 W2C				
60	YEL/RED	X30	X3	502	BLK	W 35	X100	500		×27	(337) W26	700		×4	A05	027		72 72	A40	962	BLK	X39	W36				
61	GRN/YEL	X31	X3	503		X45	W3/	500		Y2	¥30	760		∧4 V4	A04	020		CA (509)	(149) VAE	903		X24	A30 V20				
62	BLU	X30	X3	505	BLK/WHI	X3	K4 (050)(051)	500		AJ ME	N30	760		X4 ¥4	514 ¥84	030		(596)	A40 V45	985		X30	A38				
63	WHI	X31	X80	000	WHI	742	(300)(301)	003	DLK	GIVI	1.0	109	UNG/DER	A4	704	031		A20	A40	986	RED	A30	V12				

TX1003966

System Diagrams

Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram

TX1003966 –UN–01MAR06





6 (855) BLK K9 14 NOT USED

(856) ORG K1 15 NOT USED

8 (860) WHT H3 16 (202) BLU/YEL X3

TX1004125

		TX1004125	-UN-13MAR06					
	X31	X5	X4	Х3				
	1 (51) RED/YEL X3	1 (806) GRN X30	1 (29) YEL X28 17 (68) LTGRN/BLK X31	1 (3)	BLU/BLK X28	27	(505) BLK/	WHT K4
	2 (81) BLU/YEL X3	2 (807) BLU X30	2 (75) BLK/WHT X30 18 (767) OBG/BLU X84	2 (9)	BLU/YEL X28	28	NOT USED	
	3 (72) GRN X4	3 (808) SHEILD	3 (5) LTGRN/BLK X28 19 (73) PUB X30	3 (21)	WHT X28	29	(546) PU	JR K9
	4 (79) YEL/BLU X3	4 (93) YEL X28	4 (312) BED/BLU F14 20 (762) BED/WHT X23	4 (79)	YEL/BLU X31	30	NOT USED	
	5 (69) WHT/PUR X4	5 (94) YEL/BLK X28	5 NOT USED 21 (760) BLU/BLK X22	5 (23)	BLU X28	31	(234) BRN/	BLU X24
	6 (53) BLK/YEL X3	6 (95) GRN/RED X28	6 (766) BRN/GRN X85 22 (254) WHT/BED X22	6 (15)	BLU X28	32	(60) YEL/	RED X30
	7 (52) RED/YEL (51)	7 (98) GRN X31	7 (30) YEI/GEN X28 23 (80) WHT X31	7 NOT		33	(923) RED/	WHT X30
	8 (98) GRN X5	8 (99) BRN X31	8 (6) LTGRN/BED X28 24 (74) BED/BLK X30	8 (51)	RED/YEL X31	34	(998) WI	T X18
	9 (68) LTGRN/BLK X4	9 (828) ORG/BLK (149)	9 NOTUSED 25 (652) PUB X29	9 (536)) RED/BLU K8	35	(765) YEL/	BLU V13
	10 (58) RED/GRN X3	10 (827) RED/GRN X45	10 (650) PNK X28 26 (26) BED/YEL X28	10 (4)	BLU/RED X28	36	(202) BLU/	YEL X22
	11 (61) GRN/YEL X3	11 (825) BLU/RED X45	1 29 75 5 312 5 11 (768) PNK/GPN S14 27 (763) VEL/GPN K14	11 (10)	BLU/GRN X28	37	(508) WI	HT V3
	12 (99) BRN X5	12 (96) GRN/YEL X28	6 766 30 6 650 10 12 (72) GBN X31 28 (653) WHT/VEL (610)	12 (22)	GRN X28	38	(516) GRN/	YEL F16
	13 (54) BLK/YEL (53)		11 768 72 69 651 14 13 (69) WHT/PUB X31 29 (654) BLK X28	13 (103)) WHT/BLK X30	39	(223) GRN/	BLU X22
	14 (70) YEL/BLK X3	1 6	15 769 76 68 17 14 (651) PNK/WHT X28 30 (655) PUB/VEL X29	14 (24)	RED X28	40	(250) BRN/	YEL X22
	15 (63) WHT X82	806 807 808 93 94 95	23 80 74 652 26 763 27 15 (769) OBG/BLK X84 31 (138) GBN/BLK X74	15 (16)	PUR/GRN X28	41	(924) RE	D K11
	16 (80) WHT X4	96 825 827 828 99 98	28 653 654 655 138 141 32 16 (76) BBN/YEL X30 32 (141) WHT/YEL (610)	16 (58)	RED/GRN X31	42	(62) BL	U X30
	D1 D5	12 7		17 (70)	YEL/BLK X31	43	(71) WHT	YEL X30
				18 (995)	BLU/RED X18	44	(997) BL	K X18
	53 52 98 68 58 61 99		1 3 9 21 79 23 15 51 8	19 (660)) ORG F7	45	(597) BLK/	GRN X38
	54 70 63 80		9 536 4 10 22 103 24 16 58 70 995 18	20 (542)) RED/GRN K10	46	(588) BRN/	YEL X38
	D13 D16		19 660 542 537 235 104 78 61 996 26	21 (537)) RED K7	47	(583) WI	HT X47
				22 (235)) BRN X24	48	NOT USED	
<u> </u>			810 511 35 705 202 506 516 223 250 924 62 71 937 44	23 (104)) PNK/GRN X30	49	(222) RED/	BLU X22
	986 987 VI2		X_{12} $\begin{bmatrix} 501 \\ 506 \end{bmatrix}$ $\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ Y_{11} \end{bmatrix}$ $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$	24 (78)	ORG X30	50	(926) WI	HT X29
	A (986) RED	<u>X30</u> W35 U32	ATL 2 1 ATI 1 (506) WHT (050)(051) 1 (511) DED X47	25 (61)	GRN/YEL X31	51	(81) BLU/	YEL X31
	L (987) ORG	(530) 1 (502) BLK X100	2 (501) BLK X100 2 (910) BLU K14	26 (996)) YEL/RED X18	52	(53) BLK/	YEL X31
			<u>2 (301) DER A100</u> 2 (010) DEU R14	()	, -	. ட	. ,	-

A K 606508 A (606) K (508)	BLU (522) WHT X3 X18				7 1	X38 NOT USED 2 NOT USED 3 (944) BRN/BLU X24	9 (963) BLK/GRN X24 10 (588) BRN/YEL X3 11 (597) BLK/GRN X3
	1 (995) E 2 (996) Y 3 (998) 1 4	X3 X3 YEL/RED X3 WHT X3 BLK X3 4	9 NOT USED (609) RED/BLK F3 (962) BLK W36 NOT USED	962 3 4	41 569 570 566 944 573 571 572 568 940 597 588 963 985 16 8	4 (566) YEL/RED F14 5 (570) WHT B26 6 (569) GRY B26 7 (41) GRN/BLK X29 8 (985) BLK/WHT X30	12 (940) WHT/GRN F17 13 (568) RED/BLU (543) 14 (572) WHT/BLK B25 15 (571) GRY/BLK B25 16 (573) BLK (501)
229 230 228 999 821 762 824	7 49 206 905 904 870 205 207 871	1 802 815 235 C 803 816 234 [9	7) 809 944 529 990 991 963 550	4 2 6	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	X27 1 (901) YEL X81 2 (902) BRN/WHT X81 3 (903) WHT/YEL X83 4 (587) BLK W36	9 (205) RED/BLU X23 10 (206) RED/BLK X23 11 (207) BLK/WHT X23 12 (48) GRN X29
X23 ⁸ 1 (229) GRN/WHT) 2 (230) BLU/BLK) 3 (228) YEL/GRN) 4 (49) GRN (5 (206) RED/BLK) 6 (905) WHT/YEL (5 7 (904) BRN/WHT (5 8 (999) GRN/WHT (6	16 9 (821) RED X72 10 (762) RED/WHT X4 11 (824) YEL (764) 12 (870) BLU/BLK F19 13 NOT USED	8 1 (802) GRN (804) 2 (815) RED X70 3 (235) BRN X3 4 (809) SHIELD (808) 5 (944) BRN/BLU X38 6 NOT USED 7 (529) PUR/WHT K2 8 (803) BLU (805) 5	16 9 (816) WHT X70 10 (234) BRN/BLU X3 11 NOT USED 12 (990) YEL/RED X36 13 (991) GRN/BLK X36 14 (963) BLK/GRN X38 15 NOT USED 16 (550) PNK/BLU V5	607 900 522 583 511 5 3 1 1 (511) RED X41 2 NOT USED 3 (583) WHT X3 4 (607) WHT F12 5 (522) BLU/WHT F18 6 (900) WHT/RED K4		5 (586) RED (537) 6 (38) PNK X29 7 (34) BLK/GRN X29 8 (228) YEL/GRN X23	13 NOT USED 14 (35) BLK/RED X29 15 (229) GRN/WHT X23 16 (230) BLU/BLK X23

Cab Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram (2 of 3)

 B25—Left Speaker B26—Right Speaker H2—Security Alarm H3—Monitor Warning Alarm K1—Load Dump Relay K2—Pilot Shutoff Solenoid Relay K3—Security Alarm Relay K4—Starter Relay K5—Security Relay K6—Windshield Wiper Relay K7—Drive Light Relay K8—Boom Work Light Relay K9—Windshield Washer Relay K10—Horn Relay K11—Automatic Lubricator Relay K14—Engine Control Module (ECM) Relay V3—Load Dump Relay Diode 	 V12—Main Controller Pilot Switch Signal Diode V13—ECM Power On Signal Diode W35—Cab Harness Ground 1 W36—Cab Harness Ground 2 X3—Cab Harness-to-Machine Harness 52-Pin Connector X4—Cab Harness-to-Machine Harness 32-Pin Connector X5—Cab Harness-to-Machine Harness 12-Pin Connector X18—Cab Harness-to-Monitor Harness 4-Pin Connector X22—Cab Harness-to-Monitor Harness 16-Pin Connector (White) X23—Cab Harness-to-Monitor Harness 16-Pin Connector (Black) 	 X24—Cab Harness-to-Monitor Harness 16-Pin Connector (Brown) X27—Cab Harness-to-Switch Panel Connector X28—Cab Harness-to-Main Controller 32-Pin Connector X29—Cab Harness-to-Main Controller 25-Pin Connector X30—Cab Harness-to-Main Controller 31-Pin Connector X31—Cab Harness-to-Main Controller 16-Pin Connector X36—Machine Information Center 20-Pin Connector (Not Used) 	 X37—Machine Information Center 16-Pin Connector (Not Used) X38—Cab Harness-to-Air Conditioner Harness 16-Pin Connector X39—Cab Harness-to-Air Conditioner Harness 4-Pin Connector X41—Cab Harness-to-Machine Harness 2-Pin Connector 1 X42—Cab Harness-to-Machine Harness 2-Pin Connector 2 X47—Cab Harness-to-Air Conditioner Harness 6-Pin Connector 	
				9015 10 27

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Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram (3 of 3)

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E3-Cab Dome Light F1-Boom Lights 20 A Fuse F2-Windshield Wiper and Washer 10 A Fuse F3-Air Conditioner and Heater 20 A Fuse F4-Solenoid 10 A Fuse F5-Travel Alarm 5 A Fuse F6-Optional Equipment 10 A Fuse F7-Lubricator 10 A Fuse F8-Engine Control Module (ECM) 30 A Fuse F9-Radio Backup 5 A Fuse F10-Machine Information Center and Main Controller Batter Power 5 A Fuse F11-Horn 10 A Fuse F12-Radio and Dome Light 5 A Fuse F13-Lighter 10 A Fuse F14-High Pressure Fuel Pump Control Valve 15 A Fuse F15-Cab Auxiliary Power Connector One 10 A Fuse	 F16—Glow Plug Relay 5 A Fuse F17—Air Conditioner and Heater 5 A Fuse F18—Controller Key Switch Signal 5 A Fuse F19—Controller 5 A Fuse F20—Optional Equipment 10 A Fuse M5—Windshield Wiper Motor R9—Lighter S2—Cab Dome Light Switch S5—Horn Switch S14—Engine Stop Switch S18—Learning Switch V4—Security Diode V5—Start Relay Diode V6—Auxiliary Power Connector Diode W37—Cab Harness Ground 3 W38—Cab Harness Ground 4 X2—Dr. ZX 6-Pin Connector X11—Cab Harness-to-Pilot Shutoff Solenoid Valve Harness Connector X12—Cab Harness-to-Reversing Fan Switch Harness Connector 	 X17—Cab Harness-to-Auxiliary Fuse Box 4-Pin Connector X25—Auxiliary Power Connectors X26—Optional Connector X32—Cab Harness-to-Information Controller 31-Pin Connector X34—Cab Harness-to-Information Controller 17-Pin Connector X43—Auxiliary Fuse Box Connector X43—Auxiliary Fuse Box Connector X44—Optional Light Connector X45—Option 2 12-Pin Connector X70—Cab Harness 3-Pin Connector (Not Used) X71—Cab Harness 3-Pin Connector (Not Used) X71—Cab Harness-to-Auto Lubricator Switch Harness Connector (Not Used) X72—Cab Harness-to-Pilot Shutoff Switch Harness Connector 	 X73—Cab Harness-to-Cab Switch Harness Connector X74—Cab Harness-to-Travel Alarm Cancel Switch Harness Connector X80—Engine Speed Dial Main Controller Side Connector (S1) X81—Engine Speed Dial Switch Panel Side Connector (1) X82—Engine Speed Dial Ground Main Controller Side Connector (S2) X83—Engine Speed Dial Ground Switch Panel Side Connector (2) X84—Engine Control Module (ECM) Power and Signal Connector (E1) X85—Engine Control Module (ECM) Return Connector (E2) X100—Cab Ground Splice Connector
			LD30992,00001F3 -19-07APR06-5/5



Machine Harness (W2) Component Location

TX1006168 –UN–27APR06

9015-10-30

450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests 062608 PN=382

 A1—Engine Control Module (ECM) B3—Barometric Pressure Sensor B13—Radiator Level Switch B18—Fuel Level Sensor B23—High Note Horn B24—Low Note Horn B24—Low Note Horn B24—Low Note Horn B24—Low Note Horn B40—Hydraulic Oil Temperature Sensor B50—Arm Out Pressure Sensor B51—Arm In Pressure Sensor B53—Boom Down Pressure Sensor B54—Bucket Curl Pressure Sensor B55—Bucket Dump Pressure Sensor B56—Travel Right Pressure Sensor B58—Boom Bottom Pressure Sensor E1—Drive Light E2—Boom Work Light E7—Drive Light (Optional) 	 F60—Fusible Link 75A F61—Fusible Link 45A K16—Glow Plug Relay K18—Starter Protection Relay K19—Battery Relay M6—Windshield Washer Motor V1—Glow Plug Relay Diode V2—Battery Relay Diode W40—Machine Harness Ground 1 W41—Machine Harness Ground 2 X3—Cab Harness-to-Machine Harness 52-Pin Connector X4—Cab Harness-to-Machine Harness 32-Pin Connector X5—Cab Harness-to-Machine Harness 12-Pin Connector X5—Cab Harness-to-Machine Harness 12-Pin Connector X6—Engine Diagnostic Connector X7—Engine Control Module (ECM) 81-Pin Connector V X8—Engine Control Module (ECM) 40-Pin Connector E X9—Machine Harness CAN Connector X10—Machine Harness-to-Control Valve Harness 20-Pin Connector X40—Machine Harness-to-Pump Harness 20-Pin Connector 	 X41—Cab Harness-to-Machine Harenss 2-Pin Connector 1 X42—Cab Harness-to-Machine Harness 2-Pin Connector 2 X46—Attachment Connector (Not Used) X52—Machine Harness-to-Hydraulic Oil Temperature Sensor Sub-Harness Connector X77—Machine Harness 4-Pin Camera Connector (Not Used) X78—Machine Harness-to-Auto Lubricator Harness Connector X79—Machine Harness Auxiliary Power Connector X86—Machine Harness-to-Engine Interface Harness 16-Pin Connector (A) X87—Machine Harness-to-Engine Interface Harness 1-Pin Connector (B) X88—Machine Harness-to-Engine Interface Harness 2-Pin Connector (C) 	 X89—Machine Harness-to-Engine Harness 20-Pin Connector (D) X90—Machine Harness 12-Pin Connector (E) X91—Machine Harness 8-Pin Connector (F) X92—Machine Harness 6-Pin Connector (G) X93—Machine Harness 1-Pin Connector (H) X94—Machine Harness 1-Pin Connector (H) X94—Machine Harness Connector X101—Machine Harness Splice Connector 1 X102—Machine Harness Splice Connector 2
			LD30992,00001F4 –19–28APR06–2/2

NUMBER	COLOR	END #1	END #2						-	-				-					
3	WHT	X3	X40	170	BLK	X101	B50	543	BLK	W40	B24	715	GRN/WHT	X8	X91	787	BLK/WHT	X7	(505)
4	WHT	X3	X40	171	BLK	X101	B51	544	BLK	(543)	B23	716	GRN/BLK	X8	X91	788	BLK	X7	W40
5	LT GRN/BLK	X4	X10	172	BLK	X101	B52	546	PUR	Х3	M6	717	RED/WHT	X8	X89	790	BLK	X40	(700)
6	LT GRN/RED	X4	X10	173	BLK	X101	B53	547	BLK	(501)	M6	718	RED/BLK	X8	(711)	806	GRN	Х9	X5
9	GRN	Х3	X40	174	BLK	X101	B54	583	WHT	Х3	X86	719	BLK	X8	X89	807	BLU	Х9	X5
10	GRN	Х3	X40	202	BLU/YEL	Х3	X86	584	RED	(537)	E7	721	GRY	X8	X89	808	GRY	Х9	X5
15	BLU	Х3	X40	222	RED/BLU	Х3	X86	585	BLK	E7	W40	722	WHT	X8	X89	810	BLU	X41	(780)(781)
16	YEL	Х3	X40	223	GRN	Х3	X40	588	RED/WHT	Х3	X86	723	WHT/BLK	X8	X91	811	BLK	(501)	(782)(783)(784)(785)(786)
21	WHT	Х3	X10	224	BLK	(501)	X40	597	BLK/RED	Х3	X86	724	RED/WHT	X8	X92	812	BLK	W40	(782)(783)(784)(785)(786)
22	GRN	Х3	X10	234	BRN/BLU	Х3	X92	645	GRN	X5	X46	725	BLK	X8	X89	825	BLU/RED	X5	X40
23	BLU	Х3	X10	235	BRN	Х3	B18	646	BRN	X5	X46	726	WHT	X8	X89	827	RED/GRN	X5	X40
24	RED	Х3	X10	250	BRN/YEL	Х3	B27	650	PNK	X4	X46	727	GRY	X8	X89	828	ORG/BLK	X5	X40
26	RED/YEL	X4	X86	254	WHT/RED	X4	Х7	651	PNK/WHT	X4	X46	728	RED/BLU	X8	X89	880	GRN	Х9	X7
29	YEL	X4	X10	255	BLK	(501)	B18	652	PUR	X4	X46	729	WHT/BLU	X8	X91	881	BLU	Х9	X7
30	YEL/GRN	X4	X10	256	BLK	(501)	B13	653	GRY/BLK	X4	X46	730	WHT/RED	X8	X91	882	GRY	Х9	X7
51	RED/YEL	Х3	X102	270	RED	X102	X40	654	BLK	X4	X46	731	RED/WHT	X8	(724)	923	RED/WHT	Х3	X78
52	RED/YEL	(51)	X101	271	RED/YEL	X102	X10	655	YEL/BLK	X4	X46	732	RED	X8	X90	924	RED	Х3	X78
53	BLK/ YEL	X3	X102	272	RED/YEL	X102	X10	660	ORG	Х3	X94	733	BLU/WHT	X8	X90	926	WHT	Х3	X78
54	BLK/ YEL	(53)	X101	275	BLK/YEL	X102	X10	668	WHT	W41	X94	734	BLU/RED	X8	X90	929	BLK	X78	W41
58	RED/GRN	X3	X10	276	BLK	X102	X40	670	RED/WHT	V2	(508)	735	BLU	X8	X90	992	RED/WHT	X4	X52
60	YEL/RED	Х3	B54	277	BLK/YEL	X102	X10	671	BLK/WHT	V2	(521)	736	BLU/YEL	X8	X90	995	BLU/RED	Х3	X77
61	ORG/RED	Х3	X40	300	RED	X101	B55	672	RED/GRN	(542)	B23	737	WHT	X8	X90	996	YEL/RED	Х3	X77
62	BLU	Х3	X40	301	RED	X101	B56	673	RED	X88	K18	738	GRN/RED	X8	X90	997	BLK	Х3	X77
68	LT GRN/BLK	X4	B56	302	RED	X101	B57	674	RED/BLK	K19	K18	739	GRN/BLK	X8	X90	998	WHT	Х3	X77
69	WHT/PUR	X4	B50	303	RED	X101	B58	675	BLK	(501)	K18	740	GRY	(721)	(721)	8			
70	YEL/BLK	Х3	B57	304	BLK	X101	B55	676	BLK	E1	W41	750	RED/BLU	X7	X40				
71	WHT/YEL	Х3	B52	305	BLK	X101	B56	677	RED	F61	K19	751	GRN/BLK	X6	X7				
72	BRN	X4	X40	306	BLK	X101	B57	678	WHT	F60	K19	752	RED	X6	(511)				
73	PUR	X4	B55	307	BLK	X101	B58	679	RED	(511)	K16	754	BLK	X6	W40				
74	RED/BLK	X4	B51	312	RED/BLU	X92	X4	680	GRN/YEL	V1	K16	755	YEL	X7	X6				
75	BLK/WHT	X4	B53	321	BLU/YEL	X52	B40	681	WHT	(506)	X87	756	PNK/WHT	X7	X6				
76	BRN/YEL	X4	B58	322	BLK/YEL	X52	B40	682	YEL	V10	(660)	760	BLU/BLK	X4	X7				
78	RED	Х3	X40	501	BLK	X42	X88	683	WHT	V10	(668)	762	RED/WHT	X4	X4				
79	WHT	Х3	X40	503	BLU/YEL	(202)	K18	700	BRN/BLU	X7	B3	763	YEL/GRN	X4	X7				
80	WHT	X4	X10	505	BLK/WHT	Х3	K18	701	GRN/BLK	X7	B3	764	YEL	Х3	X7				
81	BLU/YEL	X3	X52	506	WHT	X42	F60	702	BLU/YEL	X7	X89	765	YEL/GRN	(763)	X7				
93	YEL	X5	X86	508	RED/WHT	Х3	K19	703	PNK/BLU	X7	B3	766	BRN/GRN	X4	X7				
94	YEL/BLK	X5	X86	511	RED	X41	F61	704	BLK/RED	X7	X89	767	ORG/BLU	X4	X7				
103	LT GRN	Х3	X86	513	RED	(511)	X79	705	BLK/YEL	X7	X89	768	PNK/GRN	X4	X7				
104	PNK/GRN	Х3	B13	514	BLK/WHT	K16	X93	706	RED/BLU	X7	X89	769	ORG/BLK	X4	X7				
118	BLK/YEL	X102	X52	515	GRN/RED	Х7	K16	707	RED	X8	X89	770	ORG/BLK	(769)	X7				
138	GRN/BLK	X4	X86	516	GRN/YEL	Х3	V1	708	YEL/GRN	X8	X92	780	RED	Х7	(810)				
141	WHT/YEL	X4	X86	520	BLK	W41	X79	709	RED/BLK	X8	X89	781	RED	Х7	(810)				
160	RED	X101	B50	521	BLK	(501)	K19	710	WHT	X8	X89	782	BLK	Х7	(811)(812)				
161	RED	X101	B51	535	RED/BLU	(536)	E8	711	RED/BLK	X8	X92	783	BLK	Х7	(811)(812)				
162	RED	X101	B52	536	RED/BLU	X3	E2	712	GRN	X8	(707)	784	BLK	Х7	(811)(812)				
163	RED	X101	B53	537	RED	Х3	E1	713	BLU	X8	X89	785	BLK	Х7	(811)(812)				
164	RED	X101	B54	542	RED/GRN	Х3	B24	714	GRN/YEL	X8	X91	786	BLK	Х7	(811)(812)				

TX1003967

Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram

TX1003967 –UN–16MAR06

Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram (1 of 3) LD30992,00001F5 -19-20MAR06-1/5



V4	N1

11							
1	(52)	RED/YEL	(51)	13	(54)	BLK/YEL	(53)
2	(300)	RED	B55	14	(304)	BLK	B55
3	(301)	RED	B56	15	(305)	BLK	B56
4	(302)	RED	B57	16	(306)	BLK	B57
5	(303)	RED	B58	17	(307)	BLK	B58
6	NOT USED			18	NOT USED		
7	(160)	RED	B50	19	(170)	BLK	B50
8	(161)	RED	B51	20	(171)	BLK	B51
9	(162)	RED	B52	21	(172)	BLK	B52
10	(163)	RED	B53	22	(173)	BLK	B53
11	(164)	RED	B54	23	(174)	BLK	B54
12	NOT USED			24	NOT USED		

X1()2						
1	(51)	RED/YEL	Х3	13	(53)	BLK/YEL	Х3
2	NOT USED			14	(118)	BLK/YEL	X52
3	(270)	RED	X40	15	(276)	BLK	X40
4	(271)	RED/YEL	X10	16	(275)	BLK/YEL	X10
5	(272)	RED/YEL	X10	17	(277)	BLK/YEL	X10
6	NOT USED			18	NOT USED		
7	NOT USED			19	NOT USED		
8	NOT USED			20	NOT USED		
9	NOT USED			21	NOT USED		
10	NOT USED			22	NOT USED		
11	NOT USED			23	NOT USED		
12	NOT USED			24	NOT USED		



TX1004430

TX1004430 –UN–16MAR06

System Diagrams

Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram (2 of 3)

System Diagrams			
 B3—Barometric Pressure Sensor B50—Arm Out Pressure Sensor B51—Arm In Pressure Sensor B52—Boom Up Pressure Sensor B53—Boom Down Pressure Sensor B54—Bucket Curl Pressure Sensor 	 B55—Bucket Dump Pressure Sensor B56—Travel Right Pressure Sensor B57—Travel Left Pressure Sensor M6—Windshield Washer Motor X3—Cab Harness-to-Machine Harness 52-Pin Connector 	 X4—Cab Harness-to-Machine Harness 32-Pin Connector X5—Cab Harness-to-Machine Harness 12-Pin Connector X6—Engine Diagnostic Connector X9—Machine Harness CAN Connector X41—Cab Harness-to-Machine Harness 2-Pin Connector 1 	 X42—Cab Harness-to-Machine Harness 2-Pin Connector 2 X101—Machine Harness Splice Connector 1 X102—Machine Harness Splice Connector 2
		Continued on next page	LD30992,00001F5 -19-20MAR06-3/5





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Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram (3 of 3)

450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests 062608 PN=388

B13—Radiator Level Switch B18—Fuel Level Sensor B23—High Note Horn B24—Low Note Horn B27—Hydraulic Oil Filter	W40—Machine Harness Ground 1 W41—Machine Harness Ground 2 X7—Engine Control Mod
B40—Hydraulic Oil Temperature Sensor	(ECM) 81-Pin Conn X8—Engine Control Moo (ECM) 40-Pin Conn
Sensor E1—Drive Light E2—Boom Work Light E7—Drive Light (Optional) E8—Boom Light (Optional) F60—Fusible Link 75A F61—Fusible Link 45A K16—Glow Plug Relay K18—Starter Protection Relay K19—Battery Relay V1—Glow Plug Relay Diode V2—Battery Relay Diode V10—Lubricator Motor Diode	A 10—Machine Harness-to-Contro Harness 20-Pin Connector X40—Machine Harness-to-Pump Harness Connecto X46—Attachment Conne (Not Used) X52—Machine Harness-to-Hydrau Temperature Sens Sub-Harness Cont X77—Machine Harness 4-Pin Car Connector

Ground 1 V41—Machine Harness Ground 2 7-Engine Control Module (ECM) 81-Pin Connector 8—Engine Control Module (ECM) 40-Pin Connector 10—Machine Harness-to-Control Valve Harness 20-Pin Connector 40—Machine Harness-to-Pump **Harness Connector** 46—Attachment Connector (Not Used) (52—Machine Harness-to-Hydraulic Oil **Temperature Sensor Sub-Harness Connector** (77—Machine Harness-to-Pump Harness 4-Pin Camera Connector

Lubricator Harness Connector X79—Machine Harness **Auxiliary Power** Connector X86—Machine Harness-to-Engine Interface Harness 16-Pin Connector (A) X87—Machine Harness-to-Engine **Interface Harness 1-Pin** Connector (B) X88—Machine Harness-to-Engine Interface Harness 2-Pin Connector (C) X89—Machine Harness-to-Engine Harness 20-Pin Connector (D)

X78—Machine Harness-to-Auto X90—Machine Harness-to-Engine Harness 12-Pin Connector (E) X91—Machine Harness-to-Engine Harness 8-Pin Connector (F) X92—Machine Harness-to-Engine Harness 6-Pin Connector (G) X93—Machine Harness-to-Engine Harness 1-Pin Connector (H) X94—Machine Harness-to-Auto Lubricator Harness Connector

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9015
System Diagrams



Monitor Harness (W3) Wiring Diagram

TX1003968 -UN-10MAR06



NUMBER

48

202

205

206

207

222

223

228

229

230

234

235

250

254

760

762

802

803

820

821

822

823

824

850

851

852

853

854

855

856

860

870

871

872

880

881

902

903

944

953

989

990

991

COLOR

GRN

BLU/YEL

RED/BLU

RED/BLK

BLK/WHT

RED/BLU

GRN/BLU

YEL/GRN

GRN/WHT

BLU/BLK

BRN/BLU

BRN

PNK

WHT/RED

BLU/BLK

RED/WHT

GRN

BLU

GRN/YEL

RED

BLU/BLK

ORG/BLK

YEL

GRN

GRN/WHT

GRN/BLK

BRN/BLU

RED

BLK

ORG

WHT

BLU/BLK

BLK

GRN/BLU

YEL/BLU

BLK

BRN/WHT

WHT/YEL

BRN/BLU

BLK/GRN

WHT

YEL/RED

GRN/BLK

END #1

X20

X21

X21

X21

X21

X20

X20

X20

X20

X19

X21

X21

X20

X20

X21

X20

X20

X20

X20

X20

X20

X20

X19

X20

X21

X20

X56

X21

X21

B21

B21

X19

X20

X21

9015-10-40

Monitor Harness (W3) Wiring Diagram

·· · ·	DER	AL0
93)	PNK/BLU	X24
90)	YEL/RED	X24
80)	YEL/BLU	X56
250)	PNK	X22
254)	WHT/RED	X22
320)	GRN/YEL	X22
48)	GRN	X23
21)	RED	X23
29)	GRN/WHT	X23

_				1
	223	228	992	994
	880	990	993	871
				11

- I	()		
10	(855)	BLK	X22
11	(989)		X23
12	(856)	ORG	X22
13	(996)	YEL/RED	X18
14	(997)	BLK	X18
15	(998)	WHT	X18
16	(870)	BLU/BLK	X23

BLU/RED	X19
YEL/RED	X19
WHT	X19
BLK	X19

BLK/G	RN B2	21			
ISED					
PNK/B	PNK/BLU X20				
		1			
235	822	802			
234	823	803			
		8			

B21—Solar SensorX20—X18—Cab Harness-to-MonitorHarness 4-Pin ConnectorX19—Monitor Controller 16-PinConnector (A)X22—	-Monitor Controller 20-Pin Connector (B) -Monitor Controller 12-Pin Connector (C) -Cab Harness-to-Monitor Harness 16-Pin Connector (White)	X23—Cab Harness-to-Monitor Harness 16-Pin Connector (Black) X24—Cab Harness-to-Monitor Harness 16-Pin Connector (Brown)	X56—Monitor Harness Connector (Not Used)	
			LD30992,00001F7 –19–20MAR06-	-2/2



	Systen	n Diagrams	
 B1—Crankshaft Position Sensor B2—Camshaft Position Sensor (G Sensor) B4—Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor B5—Fuel Temperature Sensor B10—Boost Temperature Sensor B11—Engine Oil Pressure Sensor B12—Fuel Rail Pressure Sensor B14—Boost Pressure Sensor 	 B60—Exhaust Gas Recirculation (EGR) Position Sensor M3—Exhaust Gas Recirculation (EGR) Valve Actuator X57—Engine Harness-to-Glow Plug Bus Bar Connector X58—Engine Harness-to-Injector Harness Connector 1 (Y1, Y2, Y3) X59—Engine Harness-to-Injector Harness Connector 2 (Y4, Y5, Y6) 	X89—Machine Harness-to-Engine Harness 20-Pin Connector (D) X90—Machine Harness-to-Engine Harness 12-Pin Connector (E) X91—Machine Harness 8-Pin Connector (F)	X92—Machine Harness-to-Engine Harness 6-Pin Connector (G) X93—Machine Harness-to-Engine Harness 1-Pin Connector (H) Y15—Fuel Pump Control Valve Solenoid 1 Y16—Fuel Pump Control Valve Solenoid 2



Engine Harness (W4) Wiring Diagram



9015-10-44

	LD30992,00004	14 -19-	-07APR	06-1/2
450DLC Exca	vator Oper	ration	and	Tests
	-			062608
			F	N=396

	1	(725)	YEL	B1
	2	(726)	VLT/WHT	B1
-	3	(727)	BLK	SHIELD
-	4	NOT	USED	
	5	(719)	BRN	B2
	6	(721)	BLK/WHT	SHIELD
	7	(709)	RED/BLK	B4
	8	(717)	RED/WHT	B14
	9	(706)	WHT/BLK	B11
	10	(702)	BLU/YEL	B11
	11	(705)	BLK/YEL	B11
	12	(710)	BLU	B2
	13	(707)	BRN	B12
	14	(722)	BLU/WHT	B12
	15	(704)	BLK/RED	B10
	16	(713)	BLU	B14
	17	(728)	RED/BLU	B14
	18	NOT	USED	
	19	NOT	USED	
	20	NOT	USED	

нт	X57

			ļ		
1	725	726	727		4
	719	721	709	717	
9	706	702	705	710	12
	707	722	704	713	
17	728				20

X89

J	X90
Г	X90
Г	(737)
/HT	X90
ED	X90

System Diagrams					
 B1—Crankshaft Position Sensor B2—Camshaft Position Sensor (G Sensor) B4—Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor B5—Fuel Temperature Sensor B10—Boost Temperature Sensor B11—Engine Oil Pressure Sensor B12—Fuel Rail Pressure Sensor B14—Boost Pressure Sensor 	 B60—Exhaust Gas Recirculation (EGR) Position Sensor M3—Exhaust Gas Recirculation (EGR) Valve Actuator X57—Engine Harness-to-Glow Plug Bus Bar Connector X58—Engine Harness-to-Injector Harness Connector 1 (Y1, Y2, Y3) X59—Engine Harness-to-Injector Harness Connector 2 (Y4, Y5, Y6) 	X89—Machine Harness-to-Engine Harness 20-Pin Connector (D) X90—Machine Harness-to-Engine Harness 12-Pin Connector (E) X91—Machine Harness 8-Pin Connector (F)	X92—Machine Harness-to-Engine Harness 6-Pin Connector (G) X93—Machine Harness-to-Engine Harness 1-Pin Connector (H) Y15—Fuel Pump Control Valve Solenoid 1 Y16—Fuel Pump Control Valve Solenoid 2		





9015-10-46

450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests 062608 PN=398

LD30992,0000415 -19-31AUG07-2/2	 B15—Engine Oil Level Switch B22—Ambient Air Temperature Sensor G3—Alternator H4—Travel Alarm M1—Starter Motor X86—Machine Harness-to-Engine Interface Harness 16-Pin Connector (A) 	X87—Machine Harness-to-Engine Interface Harness 1-Pin Connector (B) X88—Machine Harness-to-Engine Interface Harness 2-Pin Connector (C)	Y8—Fan Reversing Solenoid 1 Y11—Air Conditioner Compressor Clutch	X152—JDLink™ Jumper Harness-to-Machine Harness Connector—If Equipped
				LD30992,0000415 -19-31AUG07-2/2



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B13—Radiator Level SwitchX86-B15—Engine Oil Level SwitchB19—Engine CoolantTemperature SwitchG3—AlternatorX87-

- H4—Travel Alarm
- M1—Starter Motor
- X86—Machine Harness-to-Engine Interface Harness 16-Pin Connector X87—Machine Harness-to-Engine Interface Harness 1-Pin Connector
- X88—Machine Harness-to-Engine Interface Harness 2-Pin Connector Y11—Air Conditioner
 - Compressor Clutch
- X152—JDLink™ Jumper Harness-to-Machine Harness Connector—If Equipped

LD30992,0000416 -19-31AUG07-2/2

System Diagrams



System	Diagrams
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A6—Radio A7—Air Conditioner Controller (ACF) B20—Air Conditioner High/Low Pressure Switch B41—Air Conditioner Freeze Control Switch B42—Cab Air Temperature Sensor B43—Coolant Temperature Sensor K12—Blower Motor Relay K15—Air Conditioner Compressor Clutch	 M7—Air Conditioner and Heater Blower Motor M9—Air Conditioner and Heater Internal and External Servomotor M10—Air Conditioner and Heater Blower Port Change Servomotor M11—Air Conditioner and Heater Mixer Servomotor M12—Air Conditioner and Heater Rear Blower Port Change Servomotor 	 R17—Blower Motor Resistor S1—Key Switch S7—Power Dig Switch V7—Blower Motor Diode V11—Blower Motor Signal Diode X38—Cab Harness-to-Air Conditioner Harness 16-Pin Connector X39—Cab Harness-to-Air Conditioner Harness 4-Pin Connector X47—Cab Harness-to-Air Conditioner Harness 6-Pin Connector 	X48—Air Conditioner Harness-to-Air Conditioner and Heater Controller 20-Pin Connector X49—Air Conditioner Harness-to-Air Conditioner and Heater Controller 16-Pin Connector
Relay			



LD30992,0000417 -19-27APR06-2/2

3 PUR X40 N111 4 PVR X40 N111 5 PVELSUE X40 N111 5 VELSUE X40 N111 5 VELSUE X40 N111 6 WETTRID X40 N111 S00 BENORUL X12 7 WETTRID X40 N112 S00 WETTRID X12 9 BLCORUL X40 N112 S00 WETTRID X12 9 BLCORUL X40 N112 S00 WETTRID X12 9 BLCORUL X40 N112 S00 WETTRID X12 N112 11 BLC X40 N112	NUMBER	COLOR	END #1	END #2							(10
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5 VELTILK V44 V00 6 WYTTYRL X46 M00 7 WYTTYRL X46 M12 9 BLU X46 M13 10 BLU/FEL X46 X12 9 BLU X46 M13 11 BLU X46 M13 12 CONT X46 M13 14 BLU/FEL X46 X12 93 BLU/FEL X46 X12 14 BLU/FEL X46 X12 16 TOTON X46 X2 <td>4</td> <td>PNK</td> <td>X48</td> <td>M11</td> <td>609</td> <td>RED/BLK</td> <td>K15</td> <td>X39</td> <td>1 (980) RED (940) 2 (975) BLK/BED X48</td> <td></td> <td>1 (981) RED (940) 2 (955) BLU/VEL X48</td>	4	PNK	X48	M11	609	RED/BLK	K15	X39	1 (980) RED (940) 2 (975) BLK/BED X48		1 (981) RED (940) 2 (955) BLU/VEL X48
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7 WH177EL X46 M12 8 WH177EL X46 M12 9 RLU X46 M12 9 RLU X46 M12 10 RLUCKIN X46 M12 11 RLK X46 M11 12 GENAMED X46 M10 13 RLK/RED X46 M11 14 RLK/RED X46 M11 16 LTCRN X46 M11 16 RLK/RED X46 K63 90 RECC/NIX K46 K63 91 BLK/RED K46 K63 92 RLK/RED K46 K63 93 RECC/NIX K46 K63 94 RLKRED K46 K63 93 RLK/RED K46 K63 94 RLKRED K46 K63 93 RLK/RED K46 K63 94 RLKRED K46 K63 93 RLK/RED K46 K63 <	6	WHT/PUR	X48	M9	940	WHT/GRN	X49	X38	4 (609) RED/BLK X39	975 583 955 972	4 (941) RED/BLU M7
B WHT/RED K46 W12 9 BLU K46 W12 10 BLU K46 K46 K12 11 BLU K46 K12 12 GRMRED X46 M12 13 WHT/RLU X46 M10 13 WHT/RLU X46 M10 14 BLUCGEN X46 M10 15 WHT/RLU X46 M10 16 LTGML X46 M10 19 BRNN X12 GRMRED X41 M10 10 ORXMWT X40 M17 Image: Non-on-on-on-on-on-on-on-on-on-on-on-on-o	7	WHT/YEL	X48	M12	941	RED/BLU	K12	M7		$2 \ 3 \ 2 \ 3 \ 2 \ 3 \ 2 \ 3 \ 2 \ 3 \ 2 \ 3 \ 2 \ 3 \ 2 \ 3 \ 3$	
9 BLU X8 N10 19 BLUCHN X86 X33 11 BLK X36 K12 12 GRUMPED X46 K12 13 WUTBLU X46 K12 14 BLKORN X46 K12 14 BLKORN X46 K12 14 BLKORN X46 K12 15 BLKARD K14 (640) 910 BELC K12 (640) 911 BELON K46 K16 911 BELON K46 K12 911 BELON K16 (60) K16 911 BELON K16 K16 K16 910 BELON K16 K12 (640) 911 BELON K16 K16 K17 14 BLKORD K17 K17 K18 K17 12 BLKORD K17 K18 K17 K18 <td>8</td> <td>WHT/RED</td> <td>X48</td> <td>M12</td> <td>944</td> <td>BRN/BLU</td> <td>X49</td> <td>X38</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	8	WHT/RED	X48	M12	944	BRN/BLU	X49	X38			
10 BLK X00 X46 X46 <t< td=""><td>9</td><td>BLU</td><td>X48</td><td>M10</td><td>955</td><td>BLU/YEL</td><td>X48</td><td>K12</td><td>2 941</td><td></td><td>1 7</td></t<>	9	BLU	X48	M10	955	BLU/YEL	X48	K12	2 941		1 7
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13 WVT7ULU X49 M9 14 BLKKREN X49 M11 16 LLTONN X49 M12 18 BLKKRLU X49 M12 19 BRNWHT X49 M12 21 GRNWHT X49 M12 22 PMK X49 M12 23 GRNWHT X49 M12 24 GRNWHT X49 M11 1 (#) BLKRED Y1 X38 27 BLKWHT M1 (10) BLK B20 BLK 27 BLKWHT M1 (10) BLK B2 C C 28 A L 2 C M11 C C BLK B2 C C C B2 C C C B2 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C<	12	GRN/RED	X48	M10	972	BRN	K12	(609)	2 (941) RED/BLU K12		1 (30) BLK/WHT (963)
Image: Normal Minimum X40 M11 M11 16 LICRRN X40 B177 19 BRIVMIT X40 M17 19 BRIVMIT X40 M17 20 ORG X40 M17 21 GRNNMIT X40 B42 22 GRNNMIT X40 B41 23 BLK/RED M11 (10) 24 GRNNMIT X40 B41 23 BLK/WHT M10 (R5) 27 BLK/WHT M10 (R5) 23 GRN M11 (10) 24 BLK/WHT M11 (10) 25 BLK/WHT M10 (R5) 26 BLK/WHT M11 (10) 27 BLK/WHT M11 (10) 28 BLK/WHT M11 (10) 29 BLK R57 (10) (10) 24 GRN M17 (10) (10) (10) (10) 24 BLK/WHT M11 (06	13	WHT/BLU	X49	M9	975	BLK/RED	X48	K15			2 NOT USED
Int Lit GRN X49 B20 18 BLK/RED 48 BLK/RED 10 10 10 BLK/RED 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 <td>14</td> <td>BLK/GRN</td> <td>X49</td> <td>M11</td> <td>980</td> <td>RED</td> <td>K15</td> <td>(940)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>3 (29) BLK/RED (10)</td>	14	BLK/GRN	X49	M11	980	RED	K15	(940)			3 (29) BLK/RED (10)
Image: Normal base of the second s	16	LT GRN	X49	B20	981	RED	K12	(940)	R30		4 NOT USED
10 BNWHT X49 M12 20 ORG X49 M10 21 ORNWHT X49 B42 22 PNK X49 B41 23 BLKORED M11 (10) 27 BLKORED M11 (10) 28 BLKORED M11 (10) 27 BLKORED M11 (10) 28 BLKORED M11 (10) 30 BLKORED M14 (10) 32 GRN M77 (841) 33 REDRUU R17 (841) 33 REDRUU R17 (841) 33 REDRUU R17 (841) 34 BLKORED M12 (863) 44 BLKORED M12 (693) 44 BLKORED M12 (10) 44 BLKORED M12 (10) 44 BLKORED M12 (10) 44 BLKORED M12 (10) 44 BLKORED M12	18	BLK/BLU	X49	R17	984	BLK/RED	V11	(955)	D20 1 (39) BLK (962)		5 (13) WHT/BLU X49
20 ORG X49 M10 21 GRNWHT X49 B41 22 PNK X49 B41 23 BLK/PED M11 (10) 24 GRN M10 (10) 27 BLK/WHT M90 (10) 27 BLK/WHT M90 (10) 28 BLK/WHT M90 (10) 38 RED0RLU R17 (16) BLVEPD 39 BLK B17 (16) BLVEPD (16) (16) BLVEPD (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) (16) <t< td=""><td>19</td><td>BRN/WHT</td><td>X49</td><td>M12</td><td>985</td><td>BLK/WHT</td><td>V11</td><td>X38</td><td>2 (16) LTGRN X49</td><td></td><td>6 (5) YEL/BLK X48</td></t<>	19	BRN/WHT	X49	M12	985	BLK/WHT	V11	X38	2 (16) LTGRN X49		6 (5) YEL/BLK X48
121 GRWWHT X49 B42 22 PK X49 B43 23 BLK/PRKE M11 (10) 26 BLK/RED M11 (10) 27 BLK/WHT M9 (10) 28 BLK/WHT M9 (10) 29 BLK/WHT M9 (10) 30 REDRUL R17 (41) 33 REDRU R17 (41) 33 REDRU R17 (41) 33 REDRU R17 (41) 34 BLK/RED B42 (10) 35 REDRU R17 (41) 36 REDRU R17 (41) 37 GRN Y7 (32) 44 BLK/RED B41 (10) 45 BLK/RED M11 (10) 44 BLK/RED M12 (10) 46 BLK/RED M12 (10) 47 BLK/RED M12 (10) 120 BLK S7 (48)	20	ORG	X49	M10						-	
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32 GRN M7 R17 33 RED/BLU R17 (241) 36 RED/BLU R17 (241) 37 GRN V7 (32) 39 BLK B20 (382) 40 BLK/RED B42 (10) 41 GRN/BLK S7 X38 42 BLK/RED B42 (10) 44 BLK/RED B41 (10) 44 BLK/RED M12 (10) 44 BLK/RED M12 (10) 45 BLK/RED M12 (10) 47 BLK/RED M12 (10) 525 WHT S1 X47 526 WHT <s1< td=""> X47 5589 RED/BLU<!--</td--><td>30</td><td>BLK/WHT</td><td>M9</td><td>(963)</td><td>6</td><td>(3) PUR</td><td>X48</td><td>5.40</td><td></td><td>\mathbf{X}</td><td></td></s1<>	30	BLK/WHT	M9	(963)	6	(3) PUR	X48	5.40		\mathbf{X}	
33 HED/BLU R17 (941) 36 RED/BLU V7 (941) 37 GRN (32) 39 BLK B20 (962) 40 BLK/MPT M1 (633) 41 GRN/BLK S7 38 42 BLK/RED B42 (10) 43 BLK/RED B42 (10) 44 BLK/RED B43 1 (22) PIK X48 2 (43) BLK/RED 10 1 7 45 BLK/RED M12 (10) 1 7 46 BLK/RED M12 (10) 1 7 47 BL/MPED M12 (10) 1 7 47 BL/MPT S1 X47 S6 (982) 511 RED S1 X47 S6 (48) BL/RED 1 2 566 YEL/RED A6 X38 S6 RED/BLU A6 X38 5 5 5 5 5 6<	32	GRN	M7	R17	7	(4) PNK	X48	B42			
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511 RED S1 X47 522 BLU/WHT S1 X47 525 WHT S1 X47 526 YEL/RED A6 X38 566 YEL/RED A6 X38 569 GRY A6 X38 570 WHT A6 X38 571 GRY/BLK A6 X38 572 WHT/RED A6 X38	120	BLK	\$7	(962)			7 (12) G	RN/RED X48			1 (511) RED X47
522 BLU/WHT S1 X47 525 WHT S1 X47 526 WHT S1 X47 566 YEL/RED A6 X38 568 RED/BLU A6 X38 569 GRY A6 X38 570 WHT A6 X38 571 GRY/BLK A6 X38 572 WHT/RED A6 X38	511	RED	S1	X47			L		B43		2 NOT USED
525 WHT S1 X47 566 YEL/RED A6 X38 566 YEL/RED A6 X38 566 RED/BLU A6 X38 569 GRY A6 X38 570 WHT A6 X38 571 GRY/BLK A6 X38 572 WHT/RED A6 X38	522	BLU/WHT	S1	X47					1 (44) BLK/RED (10)		3 NOT USED
566 YEL/RED A6 X38 568 RED/BLU A6 X38 569 GRY A6 X38 570 WHT A6 X38 571 GRY/BLK A6 X38 572 WHT/RED A6 X38	525	WHT	S1	X47					2 (23) BLK/PNK X49 44 23		4 (525) WHT X47
568 RED/BLU A6 X38 569 GRY A6 X38 570 WHT A6 X38 571 GRY/BLK A6 X38 572 WHT/RED A6 X38	566	YEL/RED	A6	X38					1 2		5 (522) BLU/WHT X47
569 GRY A6 X38 570 WHT A6 X38 571 GRY/BLK A6 X38 572 WHT/RED A6 X38	568	RED/BLU	A6	X38					M12		0 (300) WITTRED X47
570 WHT A6 X38 571 GRY/BLK A6 X38 572 WHT/RED A6 X38	569	GRY	A6	X38					1 (46) BLK/RED (10)		
571 GRY/BLK A6 X38 572 WHT/RED A6 X38 4 NOT USED 46 45 19 8 7	570	WHT	A6	X38					2 NOT USED		
572 WHT/RED A6 X38 4 NOT USED 46 45 19 8 7	571	GRY/BLK	A6	X38					3 (45) BLK/WHT (963) 1	7	
	572	WHT/RED	A6	X38					4 NOT USED 46 45	19 8 7	
573 BLK A6 X38	573	BLK	A6	X38					5 (19) BRN/WHI X49		
583 WHT K15 X47 7 (7) WHT/YEL X48	583	WHT	K15	X47					7 (7) WHT/YEL X48		

TX1003970



Air Conditioner Harness (W6) Wiring Diagram

Air Conditioner Harness (W6) Wiring Diagram

TM2361 (24JUN08)

S7

9015-10-52

LD30992,0000418 -19-20MAR06-1/2 450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests

- B20—Air Conditioner High/Low Pressure Switch
- B41—Air Conditioner Freeze Control Switch
- B42—Cab Air Temperature Sensor
- B43—Coolant Temperature Sensor
- K12—Blower Motor Relay
- K15—Air Conditioner Compressor Clutch Relay
- M7—Air Conditioner and Heater Blower Motor
 M9—Air Conditioner and Heater Internal and External Servomotor
 M10—Air Conditioner and Heater Blower Port Change Servomotor
 M11—Air Conditioner and
- Heater Mixer Servomotor M12—Air Conditioner and Heater Rear Blower Port Change Servomotor

- R17—Blower Motor Resistor
- S1—Key Switch
- S7—Power Dig Switch
- V7—Blower Motor Diode V11—Blower Motor Signal Diode
- X38—Cab Harness-to-Air Conditioner Harness 16-Pin Connector
- X39—Cab Harness-to-Air Conditioner Harness 4-Pin Connector X47—Cab Harness-to-Air
- Conditioner Harness 6-Pin Connector

- X48—Air Conditioner Harness-to-Air Conditioner and Heater Controller 20-Pin Connector
- X49—Air Conditioner Harness-to-Air Conditioner and Heater Controller 16-Pin Connector

LD30992,0000418 -19-20MAR06-2/2



System Diagrams

B33—Swing Pressure Sensor	XS
X10—Machine	
Harness-to-Control Valve	
Harness 20-Pin	
Connector	

97—Control Valve Harness-to-Attachment Pressure Sensor Harness Connector Y22—Boom Flow Rate Solenoid (SF) Y23—Boom Mode Solenoid (SC)

Y24—Power Dig Solenoid (SG) Y25—Travel Speed Solenoid (SI)

LD30992,0000419 -19-26APR06-2/2



9015

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B33—Swing Pressure Sensor	X
X10—Machine	
Harness-to-Control Valve	
Harness 20-Pin	
Connector	

97—Control Valve Harness-to-Attachment Pressure Sensor Harness Connector Y22—Boom Flow Rate Solenoid (SF) Y23—Boom Mode Solenoid (SC)

Y24—Power Dig Solenoid (SG) Y25—Travel Speed Solenoid (SI)

LD30992,000041A -19-20MAR06-2/2



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B7—Intake Air Temperature B16—Air Filter Restriction SwitchB38—Pump 2 (5-Spool) Control Pressure Sensor (5P)X95—Pump Harness-to-Camera Harness-to-Camera Harness-to-Camera Harness-to-Camera Harness-to-Camera Harness-to-Camera Harness-to-Pump 1 (4-Spool) Control Solenoid (4P)X104—Pump Harness Splice Connector 2 Y12—Pump 1 (4-Spool) Control Solenoid (4P)B36—Pump 1 (4-Spool) Sensor (4P) Control Pressure Sensor (4P)B46—Counterweight Removal Pressure Sensor Harness-to-Pump Control Pressure Sensor Harness-to-Pump Control Pressure Sensor (4P)X40—Machine Harness-to-Pump Used)X104—Pump Harness Splice Connector 2 Y12—Pump 1 (4-Spool) Control Solenoid (5P) Y14—Fan Pump 2 (5-Spool) SolenoidB37—Pump 2 (5-Spool) Delivery Pressure Barness to-Pump Sensor (5P)X77—Machine Harness 4-Pin Camera Connector (Not Used)X104—Pump Harness Splice Connector 1B37—Pump 2 (5-Spool) Delivery Pressure Sensor (5P)X77—Machine Harness 4-Pin Camera Connector (Not Used)X103—Pump 1 (4-Spool) Used)Solenoid
LD30992,00001F8 -19-26APR06-2/2







TX1003984

Pump Harness (W8) Wiring Diagram

9015-10-60

	(3)	WHT	Y12	11	(15)	YEL	Y14
	(4)	WHT	Y12	12	(16)	YEL	Y14
	(9)	GRN	Y13	13	(223)	GRN	B16
	(10)	GRN	Y13	14	(224)	BLK	B16
	(61)	GRN	B36	15	(790)	BLK	B7
	(79)	YEL	B38	16	(750)	GRN	B7
	(62)	BLU	B35	17	(72)	BRN	B46
	(78)	ORG	B37	18	(825)	WHT	X96
	(270)	RED/YEL	X103	19	(827)	BLU	X96
)	(276)	BLK/YEL	X104	20	(828)	ORG	X96

	X1	03		
	1	NOT	JSED	
	2	NOT	JSED	
4	3	NOT	JSED	
	4	NOT	JSED	
7	5	(270)	RED/YEL	X40
	6	(180)	RED	B46
10	7	(181)	RED	B35
	8	(182)	RED	B36
	9	(183)	RED	B37
	10	(184)	RED	B38

B46									
	1	(180)	RED	X103					
	2	(72)	BRN	X40					
	3	(190)	BLK	X104					

998	995	1
997	996	2

X9)5		
1	(995)	RED	X77
2	(996)	BLK	X77
3	(997)	BLK	X77
4	(998)	WHT	X77

1 2	B7	,		
	1	(750)	GRN	X40
	2	(790)	BLK	X40

LD30992,00001F9 -19-20MAR06-1/2

450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests PN=412

- B7—Intake Air Temperature
- B16—Air Filter Restriction Switch
- B35—Pump 1 (4-Spool) Delivery Pressure
- Sensor (4P) B36—Pump 1 (4-Spool) Control Pressure Sensor (4P)
- B37—Pump 2 (5-Spool) Delivery Pressure Sensor (5P)

B38—Pump 2 (5-Spool) Control Pressure Sensor (5P) B46—Counterweight Removal Pressure Sensor X40—Machine Harness-to-Pump Harness 20-Pin Connector X77—Machine Harness-to-Pump Harness 4-Pin Camera Connector

- X95—Pump Harness-to-Camera Harness 4-Pin Connector X96—Pump Harness-to-Swing Alarm Connector X103—Pump Harness Splice Connector 1
- X104—Pump Harness Splice Connector 2

Y12—Pump 1 (4-Spool) Control Solenoid (4P) Y13—Pump 2 (5-Spool) Control Solenoid (5P) Y14—Fan Pump Control Solenoid

LD30992,00001F9 -19-20MAR06-2/2



	Systen	n Diagrams	
A8—12 Volt Power Converter G5—12 Volt Power Outlet X17—Cab Harness-to-Auxiliary Fuse Box Harness 4-Pin Connector X43—Auxiliary Fuse Box Connector	 X44—Optional Light Connector X60—Heated Air Seat Connector X61—Rear Cab Light Connector X62—12 Volt Power Converter Connector 	X63—IMOBI Connector X64—Quick Hitch Connector X65—Cab Auxiliary Power Connector 3 X66—Front Cab Light 2 Connector	X67—Warning Lamp Connector X68—Cab Auxiliary Power Connector 2 X69—Front Cab Light 1 Connector



Auxiliary Fuse Box Harness (W9) Wiring Diagram

TX1003972 -UN-03MAR06



NUMBER	COLOR	END #1	END #2
1	WHT	F21, F22	(506)
2	WHT	F23, F24	(506)
3	WHT	F25, F26, F27	(506)
4	WHT	F31, F32	(506)
5	WHT	F33, F34	(506)
6	RED	F21	X60
7	RED	F22	X69
8	RED	F23	X61
9	RED	F24	X62
10	RED	F25	X63
11	RED	F26	X64
12	RED	F27	X65
13	RED	F31	X60
14	RED	F32	X66
15	RED	F33	X67
16	RED	F34	X68
17	BLK	X60	(511)
18	BLK	X69	(511)
19	BLK	X66	(511)
20	BLK	X61	(511)
21	BLK	X67	(511)
22	BLK	X63	(511)
23	BLK	X62	(511)
24	BLK	X64	(511)
25	BLK	X68	(511)
26	BLK	X65	(511)
27	BLK/YEL	X44	X69
28	YEL/RED	(27)	X66
30	WHT	F29, F30	(506)
506	WHT	X43	(1)-(5) (30)
511	BLK	X43	(17)-(26)
882	GRN	F29	X17
883	RED/WHT	F30	X17

Auxiliary Fuse Box Harness (W9) Wiring Diagram

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TX1003972

450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests PN=416



- F21—Heated Air Seat 10 A Fuse (Marked SEAT HEATER)
- F22—Front Cab Light One 15 A Fuse (Marked CAB LAMP FRONT)
- F23—Rear Cab Light 10 A Fuse (Marked CAB LAMP REAR)
- F24—12 Volt Power Unit 10 A Fuse (Marked 12V UNIT)
- F25—IMOBI 5 A Fuse (Marked IMOBI)
- F26—Quick Hitch 5 A Fuse (Marked QUICK HITCH)
- F27—Cab Auxiliary Power Connector Three 5 A Fuse (Marked AUX.3) F29—Drive Light 20 A Fuse (Marked LIGHT 1) F30—Auto Lubricator 10 A
- Fuse (Marked AUTO LUB) F31—Seat Compressor 10 A
- Fuse (Marked SEAT COMPR)
- F32—Front Cab Light Two 10 A Fuse (Marked CAB LAMP FRONT+2)
- F33—Warning Lamp 10 A Fuse (Marked WARNING LAMP)

- F34—Cab Auxiliary Power Connector Two 10 A Fuse (Marked AUX.2) X17—Cab Harness-to-Auxiliary Fuse Box Harness 4-Pin
- Connector X43—Auxiliary Fuse Box
- Connector
- X44—Optional Light Connector X60—Heated Air Seat
- Connector X61—Rear Cab Light Connector X62—12 Volt Power Unit

Connector

- X63—IMOBI Connector X64—Quick Hitch Connector X65—Cab Auxiliary Power Connector 3 X66—Front Cab Light 2 Connector X67—Warning Lamp Connector
- X68—Cab Auxiliary Power Connector 2
- X69—Front Cab Light 1 Connector

LD30992,000041C -19-07APR06-2/2

Cab Switch Harness (W10) Component Location

For Cab Switch Harness (W10) Component Location, See Heated Air Seat Harness (W12) Component Location. (Group 9015-10.)

9015

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LD30992,000041D -19-18APR06-1/1

Cab Switch Harness (W10) Wiring Diagram

NUMBER	COLOR	END #1	END #2
43	BLU	X73	S20
45	YEL	X73	S21
840	GRN	X73	S20
841	BLK/GRN	X73	S20
842	BLK	X73	S20
880	GRN	(840)	S20
881	BLK/GRN	(841)	S20
882	BLK	(842)	S21
883	GRN	(840)	S21
884	BLK/GRN	(841)	S21
885	GRN	(840)	S21
886	BLK/GRN	(841)	S21
887	GRN	(840)	X75
888	BLK/GRN	(841)	X75



TX1003973 -UN-03MAR06

Cab Switch Harness (W10) Wiring Diagram

LD30992,000041E -19-20MAR06-1/2

Continued on next page 9015-10-66



Pilot Shutoff Switch Harness (W11) Wiring Diagram TX1003974 -UN-28FEB06





<u> </u>			
1	(18)	BLK	23
2	(19)	RED	X135
3	(20)	WHT	X136

Pilot Shutoff Switch Harness (W11) Wiring Diagram LD30992,0000420 -19-20MAR06-1/2 450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests 062608

S3—Pilot Shutoff Switch 1X72—Cab Harness-to-PilotX135—Pilot Shutoff SwitchX137—Pilot Shutoff SwitchS4—Pilot Shutoff Switch 2Shutoff Switch HarnessHarness Splice 1Harness Splice 3V8—Pilot Shutoff Switch DiodeConnectorX136—Pilot Shutoff Switch
Harness Splice 2Harness Splice 2

LD30992,0000420 -19-20MAR06-2/2





 F—Auxiliary Fuse Box K20—Seat Heater Relay M13—Seat Air Compressor Motor R18—Seat Heater S20—Boom Mode Switch S21—Engine Fluid Level Check Switch 	S23—Heated Seat Switch W10—Cab Switch Harness W12—Heated Air Seat Harness W13—Seat Heater Switch Harness X60—Heated Air Seat Connector	X73—Cab Harness-to-Cab Switch Harness Connector X75—Cab Switch Harness-to-Seat Heater Switch Harness Connector	X76—Seat Heater Switch Harness-to-Heated Air Seat Harness Connector

LD30992,0000421 -19-18APR06-2/2



Seat Heater Switch Harness (W13) Component Location

For Seat Heater Switch Harness (W13) Component Location, See Heated Air Seat Harness (W12) Component Location. (Group 9015-10.)

LD30992,0000423 -19-18APR06-1/1



9015-10-74

LD30992,0000424 -19-28APR06-1/2

450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests
	System Diagrams	
S23—Heated Seat Switch	X75—Cab Switch Harness-to-Seat Heater Switch Harness Connector	X76—Seat Heater Switch Harness-to-Heated Air Seat Harness Connector
		LD30992,0000424 -19-28APR06-2/2



TM2361 (24JUN08)

9015-10-76

450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests 062608 PN=428 K30—Right Solenoid Relay A K31—Right Solenoid Relay B K32—Left Solenoid Relay A K33—Left Solenoid Relay B

S30—Right Switch A S31—Right Switch B S32—Left Switch A

S33—Left Switch B S34—Right Enable Switch S35—Left Enable Switch X26—Optional Connector Y34—Right Solenoid Y35—Left Solenoid

LD30992,0000425 -19-10APR06-2/2



Multi-Function Pilot Control Lever Harness (W14) Wiring Diagram TX1000728 -UN-21DEC05



9015-10-78

K30—Right Solenoid Relay A K31—Right Solenoid Relay B K32—Left Solenoid Relay A K33—Left Solenoid Relay B S30—Right Switch A S31—Right Switch B S32—Left Switch A S33—Left Switch B S34—Right Enable Switch S35—Left Enable Switch X26—Optional Connector Y34—Right Solenoid Y35—Left Solenoid

LD30992,0000426 -19-20MAR06-2/2

Travel Alarm Cancel Switch Harness (W15) Component Location

For Travel Alarm Cancel Switch Harness (W15) component location, See Cab Harness (W2) Component Location. (Group 9015-10.)





TX1003977 -UN-10MAR06



LD30992,0000428 -19-20MAR06-1/1

Reversing Fan Switch Harness (W16) Component Location

For Reversing Fan Switch Harness (W16) Component Location, See Cab Harness (W1) Component Location. (Group 9015-10.)





LD30992,000042C -19-26APR06-1/1

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JN-01MAR06



TM2361 (24JUN08)

062608 PN=434

System	Diagrams

 A10—Machine Information Gateway (MIG) Controller A11—GlobalTRACS[®] Terminal (GTT) Controller F40—JDLink[™] Unswitched Power 7.5-Amp Fuse F41—JDLink[™] Switched Power 3-Amp Fuse F42—JDLink[™] Alternator Run Signal 3-Amp Fuse F43—JDLink[™] Ground 7.5-Amp Fuse G3—Alternator K19—Battery Relay W50—Machine Information Gateway (MIG) Harness W51—GlobalTRACS[®] Terminal (GTT) Harness W52—JDLink[™] CAN Harness W53—JDLink[™] Power Harness 	W54—JDLink™ Jumper Harness W57—GlobalTRACS® Terminal (GTT) Antenna X140—Machine Information Gateway (MIG) Harness-to-JDLink™ Power Harness 4-Pin Connector X141—Machine Information Gateway (MIG) Harness-to-GlobalTRACS Terminal (GTT) Harness 10-Pin Connector X142—Machine Information Gateway (MIG) Harness-to-GlobalTRACS Terminal (GTT) Harness 4-Pin Connector X143—Machine Information Gateway (MIG) Harness-to-JDLink™ CAN Harness 8-Pin Connector	X144—Machine Information Gateway (MIG) 30-Pin (L1-Y3) Connector X145—Machine Information Gateway (MIG) 30-Pin (A1-K3) Connector X146—JDLink™ MMS Direct 4-Pin Connector (Ethernet) X147—2-Pin Connector (Not Used) S*X148—GlobalTRACS® Terminal (GTT) 70-Pin Connector X149—JDLink™ Power Harness-to-JDLink™ Jumper Harness S® Connector X150—GT Config Tool Adapter 6-Pin Connector (RS-232)	 X152—JDLink[™] Jumper Harness-to-Machine Harness Connector X168—Machine Harness-to-JDLink[™] CAN Harness Connector 1 (plug into female side of connector X9 on machine harness) X169—Machine Harness-to-JDLink[™] CAN Harness Connector 2 (plug into male side of connector X9 on machine harness) 	9015 10 83
GlobalTRACS is a trademark of th JDLink is a trademark of Deere &	ne Qualcomm Corporation Company		AA95137.0000C3F -19-31AUG07-2/2	

Machine Information Gateway (MIG) Harness (W50) Wiring Diagram—If Equipped TX1026496 -UN-24JUL07



TX1026496

END #1

X140

X142

X147

X144

X144

X144

X144

X161

X141

X141

X145

X145

X145

X145

X144

X144

X144

X144

X144

X144

X144

X144

X144

X142

X145

X145

X145

X145

X140

X142

X144

X144

X144

X144

X144

X144

X144

X144

X144

R01

J01

J03

X140	
1	P01
2	M17
3	G01A
4	M16

X143	
1	M09
2	M10
3	R01
4	_
5	M11
6	M12
7	R02
8	_

A1	M04
A2	M20
A3	M18
B1	M03
B2	M21
B3	M19
C1	M01
C2	_
C3	_
D1	M02
D2	_
D3	_
E1	_
E2	_
E3	_

F1	_
F2	—
F3	—
G1	—
G2	_
G3	—
H1	_
H2	—
H3	—
J1	_
J2	—
J3	—
K1	—
K2	—
K3	_

Machine Information Gateway (MIG) Harness (W50) Wiring Diagram AA95137,0000C40 -19-31AUG07-1/2 450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests PN=436

System Diagrams			
X140—Machine Information Gateway (MIG) Harness-to-JDLink™ Power Harness 4-Pin Connector X141—Machine Information Gateway (MIG) Harness-to-GlobalTRACS Terminal (GTT) Harness 10-Pin Connector	X142—Machine Information Gateway (MIG) Harness-to-GlobalTRACS Terminal (GTT) Harness 4-Pin Connector X143—Machine Information Gateway (MIG) [®] Harness-to-JDLink™ CAN Harness 8-Pin Connector	X144—Machine Information Gateway (MIG) 30-Pin Connector (L-Y) X145—Machine Information Gateway (MIG) 30-Pin Connector (A-K) X146—Machine Information Gateway (MIG) Ethernet Diagnostic 4-Pin Connector	X147—2-Pin Connector (Not Used) X161—Machine Information Gateway (MIG) Shield Splice X162—G01 BLK Splice X163—P01 RED Splice
JDLink is a trademark of Deere & GlobalTRACS is a trademark of th	Company e Qualcomm Corporation		AA95137,0000C40 –19–31AUG07–2/2







TX1026500

X148

1	M40
2	M41
3	M43
4	_
5	_
6	_
7	_
8	
9	_
10	_
11	_
12	M17
13	P01
14	M42
15	M07
16	R01
17	_
18	_
19	_
20	_
21	_
22	_
23	G01
24	M44
25	M08
26	_
27	_
28	_
29	_
30	M32
31	M33
32	J03
33	J01
34	_
35	_

36	—
37	—
38	M30
39	M31
40	M20
41	M21
42	M18
43	M19
44	_
45	_
46	_
47	G02
48	M05
49	M06
50	—
51	—
52	—
53	—
54	_
55	_
56	—
57	_
58	_
59	—
60	_
61	_
62	—
63	_
64	_
65	_
66	_
67	_
68	_
69	_
70	_

GlobalTRACS® Terminal (GTT) Harness (W51) Wiring Diagram AA95137,0000C41 -19-31AUG07-1/2 450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests 062608 PN=438

W55—GlobalTRACS [®] Terminal (GTT) Controller Ground X141—GlobalTRACS [®] Terminal (GTT) Harness-to-Machine Information Gateway (MIG) Harness 10-Pin Connector	X142—GlobalTRACS® Terminal (GTT) Harness-to-Machine Information Gateway (MIG) Harness 4-Pin Connector	X148—GlobalTRACS [®] Terminal (GTT) 70-Pin Connector X150—GT config Tool Adapter 6-Pin Connector	X160—GlobalTRACS [®] Terminal (GTT) Shield Splice
GlobalTRACS is a trademark of th	ne Qualcomm Corporation		AA95137,0000C41 -19-31AUG07-2/2

JDLink[™] CAN Harness (W52) Wiring Diagram—If Equipped

END #1	NUMBER	COLOR	END #2
X143	M09	YEL	X165
X161	M09A	YEL	X165
R12	M09B	YEL	X165
X143	M10	GRN	X166
X161	M10A	GRN	X166
R12	M10B	GRN	X166
X143	R01	BLK	X167
X161	R01A	BLK	X167
R12	R01B	BLK	X167





TM2361 (24JUN08)

TX1026491

062608 PN=440

System Diagrams			
X143—Machine Information Gateway (MIG) Harness-to-JDLink™ CAN Harness 8-Pin Connector	X165—M09 YEL Splice X166—M10 GRN Splice X167—R01 BLK Splice	X168—Machine Harness-to-JDLink™ CAN Harness Connector 1	X169—Machine Harness-to-JDLink™ CAN Harness Connector 2
JDLink is a trademark of Deere	& Company		AA95137,0000C42 -19-31AUG07-2/2



JDLink[™] Power Harness (W53) Wiring Diagram—If Equipped TX1026495 -UN-24JUL07

END #1	NUMBER	COLOR	END #2
F40	B01	RED	K19
F43	G01	BLK	K19
F43	G01A	BLK	X140
F41	M16	PUR	X140
F41	M16A	PUR	K19
F42	M17	PUR	X140
F422	M17A	PUR	X149
F40	P01	RED	X140





9015-10-90

JDLink™ Power Harness (W53) Wiring Harness

AA95137,0000C43 -19-31AUG07-1/2 450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests 062608 PN=442

F40—JDLink™ Unswitched Power 7 Amp Fuse F41—JDLink™ Switched Power 3 Amp Fuse F42—JDLink™ Alternator Run Signal 3 Amp Fuse	F43—JDLink™ Ground 7.5 Amp Fuse K19—Battery Relay	X140—Power Harness-to-Machine Information Gateway (MIG) Harness 4-Pin Connector	X149—Power Harness-to-JDLink™ Jumper Harness Connector
JDLink is a trademark of Deere &	Company		AA95137,0000C43 –19–31AUG07–2/2

System Diagrams



END #1	NUMBER	COLOR	END #2
G3	J08	TAN	X152
X164	M16	PUR	G3
X164	M16A	PUR	X152
X164	M16B	PUR	X149





This machine utilizes a Controller Area Network (CAN) on which devices communicate. The Engine Control Unit (ECU), Monitor Controller, Information Controller (ICF), and Main Controller (MCF) are all connected to the CAN. Operations and functions of these individual devices are covered separately.

- See Engine Control Module (ECM) Circuit Theory of Operation. (Group 9015-15.)
- See Monitor Controller Circuit Theory of Operation. (Group 9015-15.)
- See Information Controller (ICF) Theory of Operation. (Group 9015-15.)
- See Main Controller (MCF) Circuit Theory of Operation. (Group 9015-15.)

The devices on the CAN are connected via three twisted wires called a twisted triple. The twisted triple consists of a differential pair (high and low) and a shield wire. This method reduces interference and helps the devices communicate with minimal errors.

There are two CAN termination resistors used in the CAN circuit. The CAN termination resistors are 120 ohm resistors that are connected on opposite ends of the bus to avoid signal errors. Both termination resistors are contained in electrical components.

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Starting and Charging Circuit Theory of Operation

TX1003420 -19-27APR06



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Starting Circuit—The starting circuit consists of the following components:

- Batteries (G1 and G2)
- Battery relay (K19)
- Starter motor (M1)
- Key switch (S1)
- Starter relay (K4)
- Starter relay diode (V5)
- Starter protection relay (K18)
- Engine stop switch (S14)
- Security relay (K5)
- Security diode (V4)
- Pilot shutoff switches (S3 and S4)
- Pilot shutoff diode (V8)
- Engine control module (ECM) (A1)
- Engine control module (ECM) relay (K14)

When key switch (S1) is moved to the START position, power is applied from key switch terminal ST to terminals 1 and 3 of starter relay (K4). Key switch terminal M also receives power, energizing battery relay (K19). The energized battery relay supplies

power to starter motor (M1) terminal B through terminals A and B on battery relay. Battery relay also supplies power to starter protection relay (K18) terminal B.

De-energized starter relay (K4) supplies power from terminal 4 to starter protection relay (K18) terminal S, energizing starter protection relay. Once energized, terminals B and C are internally connected within starter protection relay, which supplies power from terminal C to starter motor (M1) terminal C. Starter motor (M1) then cranks the engine.

Power from key switch terminal M is also supplied through fuse (F18) to main controller (MCF) (A3), monitor controller (A4), information controller (ICF) (A5), and ECM (A1). After ECM receives power, ECM energizes ECM relay (K14). With relay energized, power is supplied from batteries (G1 and G2) through fuse (F10), ECM relay (K14), and fuse (F14) to fuel pump control valve solenoids 1 and 2 (Y15 and Y16), and then to ECM. Once the engine is running, alternator output voltage is routed to the starter protection relay (K18) terminal R. When alternator output voltage reaches 21—22 volts, the starter protection relay disconnects terminal B from terminal C, removing power from starter motor (M1). The starter motor will then stop cranking engine or prevent it from engaging if the engine is running and the alternator is producing power.

When a warning alarm or security code error is detected, the monitor controller (A4) pin A4 is connected to ground, energizing starter relay (K4) and security relay (K5). Energizing starter relay removes power from starter protection relay (K18) terminal S. With starter protection relay de-energized, current is not supplied to starter motor (M1) terminal C, preventing engine from starting.

When pilot control lever is in the forward (unlocked) position, pilot shutoff switches 1 and 2 (S3 and S4) are closed. With switches closed, starter relay (K4) terminal 2 is connected to ground, energizing starter relay and removing power from starter motor (M1) terminal C. This prevents activation of the starter motor when pilot control lever is in the down (unlocked) position.

Security diode (V4), starter relay diode (V5), and pilot shutoff diode (V8) are used to prevent backfeeding.

Charging Circuit—The charging circuit consists of batteries (G1 and G2), battery relay (K19), battery relay diode (V2), key switch (S1), alternator (G3), load dump relay (K1), load dump relay diode (V3), and monitor controller (A4).

With key switch (S1) in the ON position, battery power is applied through load dump relay diode (V3) to battery relay (K19), energizing the relay. With engine running, the alternator (G3) begins to produce output voltage. Output voltage from alternator terminal B+ is routed through the energized battery relay, charging batteries (G1 and G2).

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Output voltage from alternator (G3) terminal L is routed to the monitor controller (A4) pin C7, turning off the alternator indicator light. If voltage at alternator terminal L drops below operating voltage, alternator voltage indicator will illuminate. Output voltage from terminal L is also supplied to the information controller (ICF).

Alternator output voltage from terminal L is also routed to the starter protection relay (K18) terminal R. When alternator output voltage increases up to 21—22 volts, the starter protection relay disconnects terminal B from terminal C, removing power from starter motor (M1). The starter motor will then stop cranking engine or prevent it from engaging if the engine is running and the alternator is producing power.

When alternator output voltage is present at monitor controller pin C7, load dump relay (K1) is energized by a ground from the monitor controller pin A12. With load dump relay energized, battery power is supplied to battery relay (K19) pin S. This keeps the battery relay energized to ensure that output voltage from the alternator is routed to the batteries as long as the alternator is producing output voltage, even if the key switch is turned to the OFF or ACC position momentarily.

Load Dump Circuit—The load dump circuit consists of load dump relay (K1) and load dump relay diode (V3).

When the alternator (G3) is generating electricity, output voltage is sent to monitor controller (A4) pin C7. This causes monitor to ground pin A12, energizing load dump relay. With load dump relay energized, battery power is applied through terminals 3 and 5 to battery relay (K19). Monitor controller terminal A12 retains a ground path for load dump relay until alternator stops producing output voltage. This keeps the battery relay energized, providing a path to the batteries (G1 and G2) for any power produced by the alternator as the engine slows to a stop. Then the ground path is removed from load dump relay, and battery relay is de-energized.

Load dump relay diode (V3) isolates battery power at terminal 5 of load dump relay (K1) from key switch ON power circuits.

LD30992,000020D -19-27APR06-3/3

Sub-System Diagnostics



The preheat circuit helps with engine starting and idling during cold starting conditions. Using the preheat circuit helps reduce white smoke and engine noise when starting, and helps the engine idle upon starting. The preheat circuit consists of the following components:

- Batteries (G1 and G2)
- Battery relay (K19)
- Key switch (S1)
- Engine control module (ECM) (A1)
- Monitor controller (A4)
- Engine coolant temperature sensor (B4)
- Glow plug relay (K16)
- Glow plug relay diode (V1)
- Glow plugs (R1—R6)

The preheat system uses six glow plugs, one for each cylinder, to heat the air in the precombustion chamber of each cylinder. The preheat system is controlled by the ECM, which uses information from engine coolant temperature sensor (B4) to determine if the preheat circuit is needed. The ECM will automatically enable the preheat circuit when key switch (S1) is turned to the ON or START position and the engine coolant temperature is less than 20°C (68°F). During the time the preheat circuit is energized, the engine preheat indicator will appear on the monitor display.

Unswitched power from the battery is available at terminal 1 of glow plug relay (K16). When key switch (S1) is turned to the ON position, power becomes available to terminal 3 (coil) of the glow plug relay, through fuse (F16). If the ECM senses that the engine coolant temperature is less than 20° C (68° F), the ECM connects terminal V10 to ground, which provides a path to ground for terminal 4 (coil) of the glow plug relay energized, high current is allowed to flow directly from the batteries to glow plugs (R1—R6), causing the glow plugs to create heat.

During the time the preheat circuit is energized, the ECM sends a signal out ECM terminal V11 to the terminal B10 on the monitor controller (A4), causing the engine preheat indicator to appear on the monitor display.

For more information on the monitor controller, see Monitor Circuit Theory of Operation. (Group 9015-15.)

For more information on the engine control module, see Engine Control Module (ECM) Theory of Operation. (Group 9015-15.)

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9015 15

Monitor Circuit Theory of Operation



TX1006671

MONITOR CONTROLLER CIRCUIT SCHEMATIC (1 OF 2)

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450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests 062600 PN=452 Sub-System Diagnostics





	NOTE: For monitor controller (A4) switches and indicators identification, see Monitor. (Operator's Manual.)	monito with th (MCF)
	For explanation of the monitor controller functions, see Monitor Functions. (Operator's Manual.)	NOTE
	Switched power from fuse (F19) is available at terminal A16 on monitor controller (A4).	Hour I
	The monitor controller receives signals from the following components:	throug ICF, se Opera
9015 15 10	 Engine Control Module (A1) Main Controller (A3) Information Controller (A5) Air Filter Restriction Switch (B16) Fuel Level Sensor (B18) Engine Coolant Temperature Switch (B19) Alternator (G3) Engine Speed Dial (R15) Key Switch (S1) Auto-Idle Switch (S8) Windshield Wiper and Washer Switch (S9) Work Light Switch (S10) 	Engin coolan signal varying coolan changi of the the en Engine Sensor
	 these components, then activates the appropriate gauges, indicators, and audible alarms as necessary. For additional information on the monitor controller display functions: See Monitor Data Items. (Group 9015-20.) See Monitor Data Items Using the Monitor Display. (Group 9015-20.) See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes with Monitor Display. (Group 9015-20.) 	Fuel C signal varying fuel le
	The monitor controller is connected to the controller area network (CAN) at terminals B6 and B7. The	level. I readin

or controller uses the CAN for communication he engine control module (ECM), main controller), and information controller (ICF).

E: For additional information on the controller area network (CAN), see Controller Area Network Theory of Operation. (Group 9015-15.)

Meter—The monitor controller displays hours of tion using information received from the ICF gh the CAN. For additional information on the see Information Controller (ICF) Theory of ation. (Group 9015-15.)

The Coolant Temperature Gauge—Engine It temperature sensor (B4) sends a varying It to the monitor controller (terminal C8). The ag signal represents the varying resistance of the nt temperature sensor corresponding to the ging engine coolant temperature. Low resistance e sensor causes a high temperature reading on angine coolant temperature gauge.

Specification

Gauge—Fuel level sensor (B18) sends a varying I to the monitor controller (terminal C2). The ag signal represents the varying resistance of the evel sensor corresponding to the changing fuel Low resistance of the sensor causes a high ag on the fuel gauge.

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Specification

Fuel level sensor (B18)—	
Resistance	90—100 ohms (tank empty)
	82-88 ohms (warning level)
	53 ohms (tank 1/4 full)
	33—43 ohms (tank 1/2 full)
	26 ohms (tank 3/4 full)
	6—10 ohms (tank full)

Auto-Idle Indicator—When auto-idle switch (S8) is in the ON position, terminal B18 on the monitor controller is connected to ground. This causes the auto-idle indicator to appear on the monitor display. For additional information on auto-idle, see Main Controller (MCF) Circuit Theory of Operation (Group 9015-15.) or see Engine Speed Control System Operation. (Group 9010-05.)

Preheat Indicator—When preheating is required, the ECM connects terminal B10 on the monitor controller to ground. This causes the preheat indicator to appear on the monitor display. For additional information on the preheat circuit, see Quick On System (QOS) Preheat Circuit Theory of Operation. (Group 9015-15.)

NOTE: For identification of monitor controller alarm indicators, see Alarm Occurrence Screen. (Operator's Manual.)

Overheat Indicator—When the engine coolant reaches too high a temperature, engine coolant temperature switch (B19) closes. This connects terminal B5 on the monitor controller to ground, causing the overheat indicator to appear on the monitor display.

Engine Warning Indicator—When the ECM detects an abnormality, it connects terminal C11 on the monitor controller to ground. This causes the engine warning alarm indicator to appear on the monitor display. For information on diagnosing ECM circuit malfunctions, see Engine Control Module (ECM) Diagnostic Trouble Codes. (Group 9001-20.)

Engine Oil Pressure Indicator—Engine oil pressure sensor (B11) sends a varying signal to the ECM

(terminal V67). The varying signal represents the varying resistance of the engine oil pressure sensor corresponding to the changing engine oil pressure. High resistance of the sensor indicates a low pressure. When engine oil pressure is not to specification, the ECM connects terminal B16 on the monitor controller to ground. This causes the engine oil pressure indicator to appear on the monitor display. For information on diagnosing ECM circuit malfunctions, see Engine Control Module (ECM) Diagnostic Trouble Codes. (Group 9001-20.)

Alternator Indicator—Voltage from terminal L of alternator (G3) is applied to the monitor controller (at terminal C7). If the voltage is too low, or if the alternator does not generate any voltage at all, the alternator voltage indicator appears on the monitor display. For additional information on the charging system, see Starting and Charging Circuit Theory of Operation. (Group 9015-15.)

Remaining Fuel Indicator—Fuel level sensor (B18) sends a varying signal to the monitor controller (terminal C2). The varying signal represents the varying resistance of the fuel level sensor corresponding to the changing fuel level. When fuel level becomes too low, the remaining fuel indicator appears on the monitor display.

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Specification

Hydraulic Oil Filter Indicator—When the hydraulic oil filter is clogged, hydraulic oil filter restriction switch (B27) connects terminal B15 on the monitor controller to ground. This causes the hydraulic oil filter restriction indicator to appear on the monitor display.

Air Filter Clogged Indicator—When air filter elements are clogged, air filter restriction switch (B16) connects terminal B4 on the monitor controller to ground. This causes the air filter clogged indicator to appear on the monitor display.

Continued on next page

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PN=455

Work Mode Alarm Indicator—If the MCF detects a malfunction in the work mode circuit, the MCF sends a signal through the CAN to the monitor controller. When the monitor controller receives this signal, the work mode alarm indicator appears on the monitor display. For information on diagnosing MCF circuit malfunctions, see Main Controller (MCF) Diagnostic Trouble Codes. (Group 9001-20.)

Pilot Shutoff Lever Indicator—When pilot shutoff switches 1 and 2 (S3 and S4) are in the same position, terminal B19 on the monitor controller is connected to ground. If terminal B19 is not connected to ground, the pilot shutoff lever indicator appears on the monitor display. For additional information on the pilot shutoff circuit, see Pilot Shutoff Circuit Theory of Operation. (Group 9015-15.)

Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor Error

Indicator—If the ECM detects a malfunction with engine coolant temperature sensor (B4) or if the connection between the sensor and the ECM is open or shorted, the ECM sends a signal through the CAN to the monitor controller. When the monitor controller receives this signal, the engine coolant temperature sensor error indicator comes on.

Fuel Sensor Error Indicator—If the ECM detects a malfunction with fuel temperature sensor (B5) or if the connection between the sensor and the ECM is open or shorted, the ECM sends a signal through the CAN to the monitor controller. When the monitor controller receives this signal, the fuel sensor error indicator comes on.

Monitor Display Alarm—Monitor warning alarm (H3) notifies the operator when certain diagnostic trouble codes or machine conditions exist which could damage the machine. Power is available from fuse (F19) at terminal 1 on the monitor warning alarm. When the monitor controller connects terminal A3 to ground, the alarm activates.

Auto-Idle Switch (S8)—When auto-idle switch (S8) is turned to the ON position, the auto-idle switch

connects terminal B18 on the monitor controller and terminal B6 on the MCF to ground. This causes auto-idle mode to be selected, and the auto-idle indicator to appear on the monitor display. For additional information on auto-idle, see Main Controller (MCF) Circuit Theory of Operation (Group 9015-15.) and see Engine Speed Control System Operation. (Group 9010-05.)

Windshield Wiper and Washer Switch (S9)—

Windshield wiper and washer switch (S9) is used to select intermittent or continuous windshield wiper operation and to activate the windshield washer motor. The monitor controller supplies a 5-volt reference voltage (terminal C6) and a ground (terminal C9) to the windshield wiper and washer switch. The monitor controller determines the position of the windshield wiper and washer switch from signals received at terminal C3. When the windshield wiper and washer switch is turned to the ON or one of the INT positions, the monitor controller momentarily connects terminals A2 and A11 to ground, energizing windshield wiper relay (K6).

When the windshield wiper and washer switch is pressed, terminal B3 on the monitor controller is connected to ground. This causes the monitor controller to connect terminal A10 to ground, energizing windshield washer relay (K9).

For additional information on the windshield wiper and washer circuit, see Windshield Wiper and Washer Circuit Theory of Operation. (Group 9015-15.)

Work Light Switch (S10)—When work light switch (S10) is in position 1, terminal B20 on the monitor controller is connected to ground. This causes the monitor controller to connect terminal A1 to ground, energizing drive light relay (K7). When the work light switch is turned to position 2, terminal A6 is connected to ground. This causes the monitor controller to connect terminals A1 and A5 to ground, energizing drive light relay (K7) and boom work light relay (K8).

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Engine Speed Dial (R15)—Engine speed dial (R15) has a 5-volt reference voltage supplied by the MCF (terminal D1) and a ground reference shared with the MCF (terminal D6) and the monitor controller (terminal C10). When the engine speed dial is rotated, a corresponding signal is sent to the monitor controller

(terminal C4) and the MCF (terminal C1). For additional information on engine speed control, see Main Controller (MCF) Circuit Theory of Operation (Group 9015-15.) and see Engine Speed Control System Operation. (Group 9010-05.)

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450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests PN=458 NOTE: When engine control module (A1) detects an abnormality, it connects terminal V6 to ground. This provides a ground path to terminal C11 on monitor controller (A4), causing the engine warning alarm indicator to appear on the monitor display. For information on diagnosing engine control module circuit malfunctions, see Engine Control Module (ECM) Diagnostic Trouble Codes. (Group 9001-20.)

The alarm data will be recorded in the information controller (ICF). For information on the ICF, see Information Controller (ICF) Theory of Operation. (Group 9015-15.)

Engine control module (A1) determines key switch (S1) is in the ON position when current flows from fuse (F18) to terminal V24. When the key switch is in the ON position, the ECM energizes ECM relay (K14). The energized ECM relay allows current to flow from fuse (F8) to terminals V2 and V5, providing the ECM with main power.

The ECM receives signals from the following components:

- Main Controller (A3)
- Crankshaft Position Sensor (B1)
- Camshaft Position Sensor (B2)
- Barometric Pressure Sensor (B3)
- Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor (B4)
- Fuel Temperature Sensor (B5)
- Intake Air Temperature Sensor (B7)
- Boost Temperature Sensor (B10)
- Engine Oil Pressure Sensor (B11)
- Fuel Rail Pressure Sensor (B12)
- Exhaust Gas Recirculation (EGR) Position Sensor (B60)
- Engine Stop Switch (S14)

After processing the received signals, the ECM sends signals to various components to control the following functions:

• Fuel Injection

- Preheat
- Exhaust Gas Recirculation (EGR)
- Engine Stop
- NOTE: For additional information on the fuel system, see Engine Fuel System Operation. (Group 9010-05.)

Fuel Injection Control—The ECM controls fuel injection pressure, amount, and timing by sending the appropriate pulse width modulated (PWM) signals to the electronic injectors (Y1—Y6) and fuel pump control valve solenoids (Y15 and Y16).

Electronic Injectors—When the key switch is in the ON or START position, the ECM provides power electronic injectors 1—3 (Y1—Y3) at terminal E121 and to electronic injectors 4—6 (Y4—Y6) at terminal E116.

The ECM activates the electronic injectors by connecting the corresponding terminal of each injector to ground:

- Electronic injector #1 (Y1) (terminal E119)
- Electronic injector #2 (Y2) (terminal E114)
- Electronic injector #3 (Y3) (terminal E117)
- Electronic injector #4 (Y4) (terminal E115)
- Electronic injector #5 (Y5) (terminal E120)
- Electronic injector #6 (Y6) (terminal E118)

Fuel Pump Control Valve Solenoids—When ECM relay (K14) is energized, power is available to fuel pump control valve solenoids 1 and 2 (Y15 and Y16) from fuse (F14). The ECM activates fuel pump control valve solenoid 1 (Y15) by connecting terminals E105 and E113 to ground. The ECM activates fuel pump control valve solenoid 2 (Y16) by connecting terminals E89 and E97 to ground.

Position Sensors—Crankshaft position sensor (B1) detects engine speed. The crankshaft position sensor is installed on the flywheel housing and sends a signal to the ECM (terminals E106 and E107) when the convex portion of the flywheel passes the sensor.

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9015 15 15 Camshaft position sensor (B2) detects TDC of cylinder #1 and provides backup for the crankshaft position sensor should it malfunction. The camshaft position sensor is installed on the high pressure fuel pump and sends a signal to the ECM (terminal E98) when the cam portion of the camshaft passes the sensor. The ECM supplies a 5-volt reference voltage (terminal E87) and ground (terminal 101) for the camshaft position sensor.

Pressure Sensors—Fuel rail pressure sensor (B12) detects fuel pressure in the common rail. The fuel rail pressure sensor is installed on the common rail and sends a varying signal to the ECM (terminals E82 and E90). The varying signal represents the varying resistance of the fuel rail pressure sensor corresponding to the common rail pressure. High resistance of the sensor indicates a low pressure. The ECM supplies a 5-volt reference voltage (terminal E87) and ground (terminal 101) to the fuel rail pressure sensor.

Barometric pressure sensor (B3) detects atmospheric pressure and sends a varying signal to the ECM (terminal V71). The varying signal represents the varying resistance of the barometric pressure sensor corresponding to the atmospheric pressure. The ECM supplies a 5-volt reference voltage (terminal V61) and ground (terminal V60) for the barometric pressure sensor.

Fuel Injection Pressure—The ECM determines the appropriate fuel injection pressure based on engine speed, fuel injection amount, and common rail pressure. The ECM controls fuel injection pressure by activating and deactivating fuel pump control valve solenoids 1 and 2 (Y15 and Y16) using pulse width modulation (PWM). When the fuel pump control valve solenoids are deactivated, fuel is allowed to flow into the pumping chambers. When the ECM activates the fuel pump control valve solenoids, the valve to the pumping chamber is closed. This prevents any fuel from flowing into the pumping chambers. The high pressure fuel pump raises the pressure of the fuel in the chamber to the required pressure for injection.

When the fuel pressure exceeds the delivery valve opening pressure, the fuel is routed to the common rail, distributing fuel to electronic injectors 1—6 (Y1—Y6).

Fuel Injection Amount—The ECM controls the fuel injection amount based on actual engine speed and target engine speed. The ECM determines actual engine speed using signals received from the crankshaft position sensor. Main controller (A3) determines target engine speed using signals received from engine speed dial (R15) and various pressure sensors and switches. The main controller uses the controller area network (CAN) to send the target engine speed information to the ECM.

NOTE: For additional information on engine speed control, see Main Controller (MCF) Circuit Theory of Operation. (Group 9015-15.)

After receiving the target engine speed information from the main controller, the ECM compares the target speed with the actual engine. The ECM varies the fuel injection amount by controlling how long electronic injectors 1—6 (Y1—Y6) are activated and deactivated.

Fuel Injection Timing—The ECM controls fuel injection timing based on engine speed and fuel injection amount. The camshaft and crankshaft position sensors allow the ECM to precisely determine piston position in relation to TDC so that the ECM can activate the correct electronic injector at the correct time.

Fuel Injection Rate—To improve combustion in the cylinders, the ECM injects a small amount of fuel (pilot injection) into the cylinder. After this pilot injection ignites, the ECM injects the main supply of fuel.

Fuel Injection Amount Correction—The ECM adjusts the fuel injection amount based on atmospheric conditions. After the engine starts, if the engine speed is less than engine start correction speed (550 rpm), the ECM adjusts the fuel injection amount. The ECM adjusts the fuel injection amount based on signals received from the barometric pressure sensor.

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450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests

Preheat Control—The ECM controls preheat by using glow plugs to "heat" the air in each of the engine's precombustion chambers. After the engine has started, the ECM can maintain preheat to allow the engine to stabilize idling.

For additional information on the preheat circuit, see Quick On System (QOS) Preheat Circuit Theory of Operation. (Group 9015-15.)

Exhaust Gas Recirculation (EGR) Control—Exhaust gas recirculation (EGR) is the recirculation of engine exhaust gas into the intake manifold to mix with intake air. The recirculation of exhaust gas helps lower the combustion temperature, limiting emissions of nitrogen oxides (NOx).

The EGR consist of valve actuator (M3) and position sensor (B60).

EGR Valve Actuator—The ECM calculates the opening and closing of the EGR valve according to engine speed, fuel flow rate, engine coolant temperature, atmospheric pressure, and intake-air temperature.

The ECM sends current out terminals E103, E110, and E111 to control EGR valve actuator (M3).

EGR Position Sensor—The ECM supplies a 5-volt reference voltage at terminal E87 for EGR position sensor (B60). Terminal E101 connects the EGR position sensor to ground. The ECM calculates the position of the EGR valve using signals received from EGR position sensor at terminals E92, E93, and E94.

For additional information on EGR, see Exhaust Gas Recirculation (EGR) Operation. (Group 9010-05.)

Engine Stop Control—If the engine will not stop when key switch (S1) is turned to the OFF position, moving engine stop switch (S14) to the STOP position will force the ECM to stop the engine.

The ECM determines the engine stop switch is in the STOP position when current flows from fuse (F18) to terminal V47. With current at terminal V47, the ECM removes power to the fuel injectors and fuel pump control valve solenoids, causing the engine to stop. The ECM then de-energizes ECM relay (K14), removing main power from the ECM.

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Main Controller (MCF) Circuit Theory of Operation

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MAIN CONTROLLER CIRCUIT SCHEMATIC (SHT 1 OF 3)

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TX1006482 -19-26APR06



MAIN CONTROLLER CIRCUIT SCHEMATIC (SHT 2 OF 3)



MAIN CONTROLLER CIRCUIT SCHEMATIC (SHT 3 OF 3)

TX1006483

Sub-System Diagnostics

TX1006483 -19-26APR06

NOTE: For information on diagnosing main controller (MCF) circuit malfunctions, see Main Controller (MCF) Diagnostic Trouble Codes (Group 9001-10.)

The main controller (MCF) (A3) is the heart of the machine electrical controls. The MCF interfaces directly with inputs (sensors and switches) and outputs (solenoids and an audible alarm). In addition, the MCF communicates information, as needed, with the engine control module (ECM) (A1), information controller (ICF) (A5), and monitor controller (A4). It does this through the CAN data link.

For information on the CAN data link, see Controller Area Network (CAN) Theory of Operation. (Group 9015-15.)

For information on the ECM, see Engine Control Module (ECM) Theory of Operation. (Group 9015-15.)

For information on the ICF, see Information Controller (ICF) Theory of Operation. (Group 9015-15.)

For information on the monitor controller, see Monitor Controller Theory of Operation. (Group 9015-15.)

The main controller (MCF) receives inputs from the MCF sensors, switches, etc., then sends the appropriate signals to the MCF outputs (solenoids, travel alarm, and ECM) to control the following major systems:

- Engine Control
- Pump Control
- Valve Control
- Miscellaneous Controls

The main controller inputs:

- A/C Controller (A7)
- Radiator Level Switch (B13)
- Engine Oil Level Switch (B15)
- Swing Pressure Sensor (B33)
- Pump 1 Delivery Pressure Sensor (B35)
- Pump 1 Control Pressure Sensor (B36)

- Pump 2 Delivery Pressure Sensor (B37)
- Pump 2 Control Pressure Sensor (B38)
- Hydraulic Oil Temperature Sensor (B40)
- Attachment Pressure Sensor (B45)
- Counterweight Removal Pressure Sensor (B46)
- Arm Out Pressure Sensor (B50)
- Arm In Pressure Sensor (B51)
- Boom Up Pressure Sensor (B52)
- Boom Down Pressure Sensor (B53)
- Bucket Curl Pressure Sensor (B54)
- Bucket Dump Pressure Sensor (B55)
- Travel Right Pressure Sensor (B56)
- Travel Left Pressure Sensor (B57)
- Boom Pressure Sensor (B58)
- Engine Speed Dial (R15)
- Pilot Shutoff Switch (S3)
- Power Dig Switch (S7)
- Auto-Idle Switch (S8)
- Travel Speed Switch (S11)
- Power Mode Switch (S12)
- Reversing Fan Switch (S15) (Optional)
- Pump Learning Switch (S18)
- Boom Mode Switch (S20)
- Engine Fluid Level Check Switch (S21)

The main controller outputs:

- Travel Alarm (H4)
- Reversing Fan Solenoid (Y8) (optional)
- Reversing Fan Solenoid (Y9) (optional; 850DLC)
- Pump 1 Control Solenoid (Y12)
- Pump 2 Control Solenoid (Y13)
- Boom flow rate solenoid (Y22) (SF)
- Boom mode solenoid (Y23) (SC)
- Power dig solenoid (Y24) (SG)
- Travel speed solenoid (Y25) (SI)

Engine Control—The engine control involves the following functions:

- Engine Speed Dial and ECO Control
- Power Mode Control
- Travel Speed Increase Control
- Auto-Idle Control
- Attachment Operation Speed Control

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Engine Speed Dial and ECO Control: When the engine speed dial is rotated clockwise or counterclockwise, the speed dial sends a corresponding signal that represents the target speed to terminal D15 on the MCF and terminal C4 of the monitor controller. The MCF then sends a corresponding signal through the CAN data link to the ECM. The ECM compares this information with inputs from ECM sensors and increases or decreases the actual engine speed accordingly.

NOTE: The voltage signal at terminal C4 of the monitor controller can be viewed on the monitor display by accessing the Data Items Menu on the monitor controller.

The engine speed control has a function called the ECO. When the engine speed is more than 1600 rpm and the pressure sensor inputs to the MCF indicate that all hydraulic control levers are in the neutral position for a minimum of 1 second, the MCF sends a signal to the ECM to reduce engine speed to 1600 rpm.

NOTE: When target speed set by the engine speed dial is less than 1600 rpm and hydraulic controls are not actuated for at least 1 second, the actual engine speed will remain unchanged.

<u>Power Mode Control:</u> The power mode control consists of the following functions:

- E Mode (Economy)
- P Mode (Standard)
- HP Mode (High Power)

E Mode—At this position, the power mode switch (S12) provides a ground to terminal B6 on the MCF. When the MCF detects this ground, the MCF sends a signal to the ECM (through the CAN data link) to limit the engine target speed to a maximum of 1580 rpm. The E mode function also reduces load on the engine by reducing the flow rate of main pumps 1 and 2 by 15 percent. For more information, see Pump Control—E Mode later in this theory of operation. P Mode—At this position, the power mode switch (S12) does not provide ground to terminals B6 and B14. When the MCF detects no ground at both terminals, the MCF sends a signal to the ECM (through the CAN data link) to control the engine speed from slow to fast idle in response to the position of the engine speed dial.

HP Mode—At this position, the power mode switch (S12) provides a ground to terminal B14 on the MCF. When the MCF detects this ground, the MCF sends a signal to the ECM (through the CAN data link) to increase engine speed approximately 100 rpm more than the target speed (as set by the engine speed dial) when digging power is needed.

The MCF will send a signal to the ECM to increase actual engine speed more than the target speed when the following conditions occur:

- Power mode switch at HP position.
- Engine speed dial set to target speed of 1020 rpm or higher.
- MCF detects pressure as sensed by boom up pressure sensor (B52) (terminal C13) and/or arm in pressure sensor (B51) (terminal C23).
- MCF detects high average pressure as sensed by pump 1 delivery pressure sensor (B35) (terminal C3) and pump 2 delivery pressure sensor (B37) (terminal C12).

<u>A/I (Auto-Idle) Mode:</u> The auto-idle feature reduces engine speed when hydraulic functions are not being operated for more that 4 seconds.

When the auto-idle switch (S8) is turned to the A/I position, the switch connects terminal B18 on monitor controller (A4) to ground. When the monitor controller detects ground at terminal B18, the auto-idle indicator will appear on the monitor display. The auto-idle switch also connects MCF terminal B13 to ground to inform the MCF that auto-idle mode has been selected.

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When the engine speed dial is at a speed setting above auto-idle speed and the hydraulic functions are not operated for more that 4 seconds, the MCF will send a signal to the ECM (through the CAN data link) to reduce the engine speed to the auto-idle speed. If the engine speed dial is set to a speed setting below auto-idle speed, the engine speed will not increase or decrease after 4 seconds.

Auto-idle is activated when the following conditions are met:

- Auto-idle switch is at the A/I position.
- No hydraulic functions activated for at least 4 seconds.
- Engine speed more than 1030 rpm.

Auto-idle mode deactivates when any of the following conditions occur:

- Auto-idle control switch turned to OFF.
- A hydraulic function is actuated.
- Power mode switch is turned from E to P or P to E.
- Engine speed dial is turned to change engine speed.

When auto-idle is deactivated, the engine rpm increases to the setting of the engine speed dial.

<u>Travel Speed Increase Control:</u> When in travel mode, the MCF sends a signal to the ECM (through the CAN data link) to increase engine speed approximately 100 rpm more than the target speed (as set by the engine speed dial).

During travel operation, the MCF will also increase main relief pressure by energizing the power dig solenoid. See Valve Control—Power Dig Solenoid (Y24) (SG) later in this theory of operation. The MCF also activates travel alarm (H4). For more information, see Travel Alarm Circuit Theory of Operation. (Group 9015-15.) The MCF will send a signal to the ECM to increase actual engine speed more than the target speed when the following conditions occur:

- Engine speed dial set to target speed of 1070 rpm or higher
- Pressure sensed by travel right pressure sensor (B56) and travel left pressure sensor (B57)

Attachment Operation Speed Control: The attachment operation speed function provides an increased or decreased maximum engine speed setting when operating in the attachment mode. The attachment operation speed setting can be adjusted (increased or decreased) using the Dr.ZX application.

The MCF will send a signal to the ECM to increase or decrease actual engine speed more or less than the target speed (as set by the engine speed dial) when the following conditions occur:

- Power mode switch at HP position
- · Attachment mode selected for work mode setting
- Engine speed dial set to fast idle position
- Attachment operated [MCF detects pressure sensed by attachment pressure sensor (B45) at MCF terminal D10]

Pump Control—The pump control involves the following functions:

- Pump Flow Rate Control
- Engine Speed Sensing Control
- E Mode Control
- Horsepower Control
- Relief Flow Reducing Control
- Swing Horsepower Reducing Control
- Overheat Prevention Control
- Fan Pump Flow Control
- Pump Learning Control
- Attachment Mode Control

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<u>Pump Flow Rate Control:</u> The pump flow rate control provides oil as needed from the main pumps to the hydraulic circuit being controlled relative to movement of the control lever. When the control lever is moved, pilot control pressure acts on the pressure sensor located in the pilot circuit being operated. The pressure sensor detects this pressure and sends a signal to the MCF.

MCF inputs involved (pilot circuit sensors):

- Swing pressure sensor (B33)
- Arm out pressure sensor (B50)
- Arm in pressure sensor (B51)
- Boom up pressure sensor (B52)
- Bucket curl pressure sensor (B54)
- Bucket dump pressure sensor (B55)
- Travel right pressure sensor (B56)
- Travel left pressure sensor (B57)

MCF inputs involved (pump pressure sensors):

- Pump 1 control pressure sensor (B36)
- Pump 2 control pressure sensor (B38)

MCF outputs involved:

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- Pump 1 control solenoid (Y12)
- Pump 2 control solenoid (Y13)

The MCF determines the actual angle of the swash plates in pumps 1 and 2 by signals provided by pump 1 control pressure sensor (B36) (terminal D11) and pump 2 control pressure sensor (B38) (terminal D4).

The MCF compares the signal from pump control pressure sensors (B36 and B38) with the signal from the pressure sensor of the pilot circuit being operated to calculate the oil amount needed. The MCF then sends a pulse width modulated (PWM) signal out terminals A16 and A22 to energize pump 1 control solenoid (Y12). It also sends a PWM signal out terminals A19 and A30 to energize pump 2 control solenoid (Y13). When the MCF increases the current

signal to the pump control solenoids, the pump servo piston shifts to increase the pump swash plate angle, and thus increase the pump delivery output. For hydraulic information on pump regulation, see Pump 1 and 2 Regulator Operation. (Group 9025-05.)

NOTE: When activating the boom down circuit, the MCF does not use the signal from the boom down pressure sensor (B53) to vary pump flow rate. The pump swash plate angle does not change because the boom lowers mostly by its own weight with the help of the boom regenerative valve. For information on the boom regenerative valve, see Boom Regenerative Valve Circuit Operation. (Group 9025-05.)

When the control lever is moved back to neutral, the pressure sensor of the pilot circuit that was activated detects no pressure in the pilot circuit and sends a corresponding signal back to the MCF. The MCF compares the signals from pump control pressure sensors (B36 and B38) with the signal from the pilot circuit pressure sensors to calculate the oil amount needed. Since no hydraulic circuits are being actuated at this time, the MCF sends a signal to the pump control solenoids (Y12 and/or Y13) to decrease swash plate angle to minimum, causing the pump delivery flow to go to minimum.

Engine Speed Sensing Control: With engine speed sensing control, the MCF controls pump flow rate in response to engine speed changes due to varying loads on the engine. This provides a more efficient engine output and prevents engine from stalling when operating in adverse conditions such as at high altitude.

MCF input involved: Engine speed dial (R15)

MCF outputs involved:

- Pump 1 control solenoid (Y12)
- Pump 2 control solenoid (Y13)

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The engine target speed is set by the engine speed dial, which sends a corresponding signal to terminal D15 on the MCF. The engine control module (ECM) communicates the actual engine speed to the MCF through the CAN data link. For information on the ECM, see Engine Control Module Theory of Operation. (Group 9015-15.)

The MCF compares the actual engine speed to the engine target speed, and if the load on the engine causes the actual engine speed to decrease less than the target speed, the MCF sends a signal to pump control solenoids (Y12 and Y13) to reduce the swash plate angle on pumps 1 and 2, which decreases the pump delivery flow rate.

As the load on the engine lessens, the actual engine speed will increase. When this happens, the MCF sends a signal to pump control solenoids (Y12 and Y13) to increase the swash plate angle on pumps 1 and 2, which increases the pump flow rate.

NOTE: If in HP mode and the actual engine speed increases to more than the target speed, the MCF will continue increasing the swash plate angle during this time. The MCF will only do this when HP mode is selected.

<u>E Mode Control:</u> Provides better fuel efficiency by reducing load on the engine and prevents engine from stalling when operating in adverse conditions such as at high altitude.

MCF input involved: Power mode switch (S12)

MCF outputs involved:

- Pump 1 control solenoid (Y12)
- Pump 2 control solenoid (Y13)
- ECM (through CAN)

When power mode switch (S12) is at the E position, the power mode switch provides a ground to terminal B6 on the MCF. When the MCF detects this ground, the MCF sends a signal to pump solenoids (Y12 and Y13) to reduce swash plate angle on pumps 1 and 2 by 15 percent, which in turn, decreases the pump flow rate.

When in E mode, the MCF will also send a signal to the ECM to limit the engine target speed to a maximum of 1580 rpm to reduce fuel consumption. See Engine Control—Power Mode Control previously in this theory of operation.

<u>Horsepower Control:</u> The MCF controls pump flow rate of pumps 1 and 2 so that the total torque of the two main pumps AND the fan pump does not exceed the engine output torque.

MCF inputs involved:

- Pump 1 delivery pressure sensor (B35)
- Pump 1 control pressure sensor (B36)
- Pump 2 delivery pressure sensor (B37)
- Pump 2 control pressure sensor (B38)

MCF outputs involved:

- Pump 1 control solenoid (Y12)
- Pump 2 control solenoid (Y13)

The MCF compares the signals from pumps 1 and 2 delivery pressure sensors (B35 and B37) (terminals C3 and C12) with the fan pump flow rate calculation (see Fan Pump Flow Control later in this theory of operation) to calculate the maximum target pump displacement (swash plate angle) on pumps 1 and 2.

NOTE: The MCF does not use horsepower control to change the fan pump swash plate angle. Fan control is done strictly by the fan pump flow rate control. See Fan Pump Flow Control later in this theory of operation.

The MCF determines actual pump displacement (swash plate angle) of pumps 1 and 2 by signals from pump control pressure sensors (B36 and B38) (terminals D11 and D4).

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The MCF determines which pump has the greater load by comparing signals from the delivery pressure sensors (B35 and B37). The pump with the higher delivery pressure indicates the pump with the greater load.

The MCF compares the actual pump displacement with the calculated maximum target pump displacement, then sends a signal to the pump control solenoid (Y12 or Y13) of the pump having the higher delivery pressure to decrease the flow rate of that pump, thus reducing pump load.

<u>Relief Flow Reducing Control:</u> Controls hydraulic energy loss and prevents hydraulic oil temperature from rising due to pressure variations caused by changing loads.

MCF inputs involved:

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- Swing pressure sensor (B33)
- Pump 1 delivery pressure sensor (B35)
- Pump 1 control pressure sensor (B36)
- Pump 2 delivery pressure sensor (B37)
- Pump 2 control pressure sensor (B38)
- Travel right pressure sensor (B56)
- Travel left pressure sensor (B57)

MCF outputs involved:

- Pump 1 control solenoid (Y12)
- Pump 2 control solenoid (Y13)

The MCF determines the actual pump displacement (swash plate angle) from signals received from pump control pressure sensors (B36 and B38) (terminals D11 and D4). The MCF determines the target pump displacement (swash plate angle) from signals received from pump delivery pressure sensors (B35 and B37) (terminals C3 and C12).

The MCF continually compares signals from the pump control pressure sensors to signals from the pump delivery pressure sensors.

When pump delivery pressure reaches 30 900 kPa (309 bar) (4482 psi), the MCF sends a signal to the

pump control solenoid (pump with the high delivery pressure) to decrease pump flow rate to minimum.

The MCF will cancel relief flow rate reducing control if the right or left travel pressure sensors (B56 or B57) detect travel pilot pressure or the swing pressure sensor (B33) detects swing pilot pressure.

Swing Horsepower Reducing Control: To provide better control during swing operation, the delivery flow rate of pump 1 increases and the delivery flow rate of pump 2 (which includes swing function) decreases.

MCF inputs involved:

- Swing pressure sensor (B33)
- Pump 1 delivery pressure sensor (B35)
- Pump 1 control pressure sensor (B36)
- Pump 2 delivery pressure sensor (B37)
- Pump 2 control pressure sensor (B38)

MCF outputs involved:

- Pump 1 control solenoid (Y12)
- Pump 2 control solenoid (Y13)

The MCF determines the actual swash plate angle from signals received from pump control pressure sensors (B36 and B38) (terminals D11 and D4). The MCF determines the target swash plate angle from signals received from pump delivery pressure sensors (B35 and B37) (terminals C3 and C12).

The MCF continually compares signals from the pump control pressure sensors to signals from the pump delivery pressure sensors.

When the swing function is operated, swing pressure sensor (B33) detects swing pilot pressure and sends a corresponding signal to terminal D16 on the MCF.

The MCF compares the actual swash plate angle with the target swash plate angle, then sends the appropriate amount of current to pump control solenoids (Y12 and Y13) to compensate for the difference.

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When any other hydraulic functions is combined with the swing function, the MCF will send more current to pump 1 control solenoid (Y12) to increase delivery flow of pump 1.

Overheat Prevention Control: When coolant and hydraulic oil temperatures reach a specified level, maximum flow rate and suction torque of the main pumps are reduced to prevent overheating.

MCF inputs involved:

- Hydraulic oil temperature sensor (B40)
- ECM (through CAN) [coolant temperature sensor (B43)]
- Pump 1 delivery pressure sensor (B35)
- Pump 1 control pressure sensor (B36)
- Pump 2 delivery pressure sensor (B37)
- Pump 2 control pressure sensor (B38)

MCF outputs involved:

- Pump 1 control solenoid (Y12)
- Pump 2 control solenoid (Y13)

The MCF determines the actual swash plate angle from signals received from pump control pressure sensors (B36 and B38) (terminals D11 and D4). The MCF determines the target swash plate angle from signals received from pump delivery pressure sensors (B35 and B37) (terminals C3 and C12).

The MCF continually compares signals from the pump control pressure sensors to signals from the pump delivery pressure sensors.

When the coolant temperature and/or hydraulic oil temperature reach the overheat (increasing) specification, as detected by coolant temperature sensor (B43) and hydraulic oil temperature sensor (B40), the MCF compares the actual swash plate angle with the target swash plate angle, then sends the appropriate amount of current to pump control solenoids (Y12 and Y13) to decrease the maximum pump flow rate and torque by 7 percent.

When the coolant temperature and/or hydraulic oil temperature decrease to less than the overheat (decreasing) specification, the MCF will increase the pump flow rate back to normal.

Specification

Coolant and Hydraulic Oil Overheat (Increasing)—
Temperature 99°C
210°F
Coolant and Hydraulic Oil
Overheat (Decreasing)—
1emperature
203°F
Hydraulic Oil Temperature
Sensor (B40)—Resistance 14 600—17 800 ohms @ -20°C
(-4°F)
Hydraulic Oil Temperature
Sensor (B40)—Besistance 5880 ohms (approximately) @
0°C (32°F)
Hydraulic Oil Temperature
Sensor (B40)—Resistance 2210—2696 ohms @ 20°C
(68°F)
Hydraulic Oil Temperature
Sensor (B40)—Besistance 1140 ohms (approximately) @
40°C (104°F)
Hydraulic Oil Temperature
Sensor (B40)—Resistance 534 ohms (approximately) @
60°C (140°F)
Hydraulic Oil Temperature
Sensor (B40)—Besistance 322 ohme (approximately) @
80°C (176°F)

<u>Fan Pump Flow Control</u>: The fan pump flow circuit controls fan speed by controlling delivery flow rate of the fan pump according to boost temperature (intake air temperature passing by the intercooler), engine coolant temperature, engine intake air temperature, and hydraulic oil temperature.

MCF inputs involved:

- Engine speed dial (R15)
- Hydraulic oil temperature sensor (B40)
- A/C controller (A7) (blower motor relay control)
- ECM (through CAN)

MCF output involved: Fan pump control solenoid (Y14)

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062608 PN=471 The ECM receives signals from the boost temperature sensor, engine coolant temperature sensor, and engine intake air temperature sensor. The ECM then sends this information through the CAN data link to the MCF.

The MCF compares the information from the ECM with signals it receives from hydraulic oil temperature sensor (B40) (terminal D2), engine speed dial (R15) (terminal D15), and A/C controller (A7) (terminal C8).

When A/C controller (A7) is OFF, no ground is available to the MCF at terminal C8. When the MCF does not detect a ground at terminal C8, it sends an appropriate amount of current to fan pump control solenoid (Y14) to vary the fan speed as engine temperature and conditions require.

NOTE: Increasing current to the fan pump control solenoid causes the pump displacement (swash plate angle) to decrease.

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When A/C controller (A7) is ON, a ground is sent to the MCF at terminal C8. When the MCF detects this ground, the fan operates similar to when the A/C controller is OFF, but the threshold speed of the fan is slightly increased.

For hydraulic fan drive system operation, see Fan Drive System Diagram and Operation. (Group 9025-05.)

For operation of fan pump, see Fan Drive Pump Regulator Operation. (Group 9025-05.)

<u>Pump Learning Control:</u> The pump learning procedure must be performed anytime the pump, pump regulator, or pump control solenoid valve have been replaced. The Dr.ZX diagnostic application is needed to perform the pump learning procedure. See Dr.ZX Diagnostic Application. (Group 9015-20.)

MCF inputs involved:

- Pump learning switch (S18)
- Engine control dial (R15)
- Power mode switch (S12) (HP position)

- Auto-idle switch (S8) (OFF)
- Pilot shutoff switch (S3) (lever in LOCK position)
- Hydraulic oil temperature sensor (B40)
- Pump 1 control pressure sensor (B36)
- Pump 2 control pressure sensor (B38)

MCF outputs involved:

- Pump 1 control solenoid (Y12)
- Pump 2 control solenoid (Y13)

When the pump learning switch (S18) is moved to the PUMP LEARNING position (opposite E), ground is provided to terminal B11 on the MCF. When the MCF detects ground at terminal B11 and all the conditions stated below are met, the MCF cycles the pump control solenoids (Y12 and Y13) while monitoring the current to the solenoids.

At the same time, the MCF monitors pump swash plate angle by sensing signals from pump control pressure sensors (B36 and B38). The MCF compares the current used to drive the solenoids with the signal from the pressure sensors. It then calculates for any differences and makes adjustments as needed.

The pump learning control requires the following conditions:

- Engine running at fast idle
- Hydraulic oil temperature at 50 \pm 5°C (122 \pm 41°F
- Auto-idle switch OFF
- HP mode enabled
- Pilot shutoff lever at rearward (LOCK) position
- Hydraulic control levers in neutral position

<u>Attachment Mode Control:</u> The attachment mode control limits the maximum flow rate of pump 2 and controls the appropriate flow rate for the attachment.

MCF inputs involved:

- Attachment pressure sensor (B45)
- Monitor controller (through CAN) (attachment mode selected)
- Pump 1 delivery pressure sensor (B35)
- Pump 1 control pressure sensor (B36)

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- Pump 2 delivery pressure sensor (B37)
- Pump 2 control pressure sensor (B38)

MCF outputs involved:

- Pump 1 control solenoid (Y12)
- Pump 2 control solenoid (Y13)

When the attachment function is operated, attachment pressure sensor (B45) detects attachment pilot pressure and sends a corresponding signal to terminal D10 on the MCF.

NOTE: When in dig mode, the maximum flow setting is 367 L/min (97 gpm).

When in attachment mode, the maximum flow depends on settings inputted in the monitor controller. See Pump 2 Flow Rate Adjustment. (Operator's Manual.)

When the MCF receives a signal from the monitor controller indicating the attachment mode has been selected, the MCF will compare the actual swash plate angle of pump 2 [by signals it receives from pump 2 control pressure sensor (B38)] with the maximum pump 2 flow rate setting selected on the monitor controller. The MCF then sends the appropriate amount of current to pump 2 control solenoid (Y13) to compensate for the difference.

During operation of the attachment, the return oil from the attachment does not flow through the oil cooler, but instead, flows directly to the hydraulic oil tank. To increase oil flow through the oil cooler and prevent overheating of the hydraulic oil during attachment operation, the MCF increases output current to pump 1 control solenoid (Y12). This increases the delivery flow rate of pump 1, which causes more oil to flow through the oil cooler.

Valve Control—The valve control involves the following solenoids:

- Boom Flow Rate Solenoid (Y22) (SF)
- Boom Mode Solenoid (Y23) (SC)
- Power Dig Solenoid (Y24) (SG)

- Travel Speed Solenoid (Y25) (SI)
- Reversing Fan Solenoid (Y8) (optional)

Boom Flow Rate Solenoid (Y22) (SF): The boom flow rate control restricts main pump pressure oil to the boom cylinder during boom lower operation when combined with any of the arm or bucket functions. When the boom is lowered, it uses its own weight and the boom regenerative circuit to assist in this operation.

MCF inputs involved:

- Boom down pressure sensor (B53)
- Arm out pressure sensor (B50)
- Arm in pressure sensor (B51)
- Bucket curl pressure sensor (B54)
- Bucket dump pressure sensor (B55)

MCF output involved: Boom flow rate solenoid (Y22)

When the MCF detects signals from boom down pressure sensor (B53) and one of the arm or bucket pressure sensors (B50, B51, B54, or B55) to indicate combined operation of boom lower and arm (or bucket), the MCF sends current out terminals A3 and A20 to boom flow rate solenoid (Y22), energizing the solenoid. With the boom flow rate solenoid energized, most of the pressure oil from the main pump is diverted to the other circuit being actuated, causing operating speed of the other actuator to increase.

For hydraulic information on this circuit, see Boom Flow Rate Circuit Operation. (Group 9025-05.)

Boom Mode Solenoid (Y23) (SC): The boom mode control reduces vibration of the machine when digging and grading. It does this by reducing the overload relief valve pressure to 11 800 kPa (118 bar) (1712 psi). The normal overload relief valve pressure is 35 300 kPa (353 bar) (5120 psi).

MCF inputs involved:

- Boom mode switch (S20)
- Swing pressure sensor (B33)
- Attachment pressure sensor (B45)

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- Arm out pressure sensor (B50)
- Arm in pressure sensor (B51)
- Boom up pressure sensor (B52)
- Bucket curl pressure sensor (B54)
- Bucket dump pressure sensor (B55)
- Travel right pressure sensor (B56)
- Travel left pressure sensor (B57)

MCF output involved: Boom mode solenoid (Y23)

Putting boom mode switch (S20) in the ON position provides a ground to terminal B2 on the MCF. When the MCF detects this ground, and if any of the following conditions are met, the MCF will send a current out terminals A6 and A10, energizing boom mode solenoid (Y23).

- Digging mode selected in work mode menu
- No travel operation. MCF detects NO signal from either travel pressure sensor (B56 or B57)
- Hydraulic function activated. MCF detects signal from one or more circuit pressure sensors (B33, B45, B50, B51, B52, B53, B54, or B55)

For hydraulic information on this circuit, see Boom Mode Circuit Operation. (Group 9025-05.)

<u>Power Dig Solenoid (Y24) (SG):</u> When energized, the power dig solenoid supplies back-pressure to the main relief valve to increase main relief pressure and provide more power for all functions. For hydraulic information,see Main Relief and Power Digging Valve Circuit Operation. (Group 9025-05.)

The power dig solenoid (Y24) is controlled by the following systems:

- Power Dig Control
- Travel Control
- Auto-Power Lift Control
- Counterweight Removal and Installation Control

Power Dig Control—Temporarily energizes the power dig solenoid to increase the main relief pressure.

MCF input involved: Power dig switch (S7)

MCF output involved: Power dig solenoid (Y24)

Pushing and holding down the momentary power dig switch (S7) connects MCF terminal B4 to ground. When the MCF detects ground this ground, the MCF sends current out terminals A7 and A23 to power dig solenoid (Y24), energizing the solenoid.

As long as the power dig switch is held down, the solenoid stays energized, but only for a maximum of 8 seconds. A timer inside the MCF limits the amount of time the power dig solenoid is energized.

Releasing the power dig switch resets the internal timer and allows the power dig solenoid to be energized for another 8 seconds maximum when the switch is pushed again.

Travel Control—The travel control automatically energizes the power dig solenoid when a travel function is operated.

MCF inputs involved:

- Travel right pressure sensor (B56)
- Travel left pressure sensor (B57)

MCF output involved: Power dig solenoid (Y24)

When travel is detected by one or both travel pressure sensors (B56 and B57), the MCF energizes power dig solenoid (Y24). At the same time, the MCF sends a signal to the ECM to increase engine speed approximately 100 rpm. See Engine Control—Travel Speed Increase Control previously in this theory of operation.

During travel operation, the MCF activates travel alarm (H4). For more information, see Travel Alarm Circuit Theory of Operation. (Group 9015-15.)

Auto-Power Lift Control—When operating the boom up function and NOT operating the arm in function will cause the MCF to temporarily energize the power dig solenoid.

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MCF inputs involved:

- Pump 1 delivery pressure sensor (B35)
- Arm in pressure sensor (B51)
- Boom up pressure sensor (B52)

MCF output involved: Power dig solenoid (Y24)

The auto-power lift control has the following requirements:

- Boom up function operated [pressure detected by boom up pressure sensor (B52) (terminal C13) more than 1700 kPa (17 bar) (247 psi)]
- Arm in function not operated [pressure detected by arm in pressure sensor (B51) (terminal C23) less than 500 kPa (5 bar) (73 psi)
- High pressure detected by pump 1 delivery pressure sensor (B35) (terminal C3) 29 100 kPa (291 bar) (4220 psi)

Counterweight Removal and Installation Control— Temporarily energizes the power dig solenoid and controls pump delivery flow rate during the counterweight remove and install process.

MCF inputs involved:

- Counterweight removal pressure sensor (B46)
- Pump 1 control pressure sensor (B36)
- Pump 2 control pressure sensor (B38)

MCF outputs involved:

- Power dig solenoid (Y24)
- Pump 1 control solenoid (Y12)
- Pump 2 control solenoid (Y13)

The MCF determines the actual swash plate angle from signals received from pump control pressure sensors (B36 and B38) (terminals D11 and D4). The MCF determines the target swash plate angle from signals received from pump delivery pressure sensors (B35 and B37) (terminals C3 and C12).

The MCF continually compares signals from the pump control pressure sensors to signals from the pump delivery pressure sensors.

When the counterweight control lever is moved to the raise or lower position, counterweight pressure sensor (B46) detects pilot pressure and sends a corresponding signal to terminal D3 on the MCF. When the MCF receives this signal, it activates power dig solenoid (Y24) to increase main relief pressure.

At the same time, the MCF decreases current to pump control solenoids (Y12 and Y13), causing pump displacement (and pump delivery flow rate) to go to minimum.

Travel Speed Solenoid (Y25) (SI): Selects travel mode by changing the swash plate angle on the travel motors.

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MCF input involved: Travel speed switch (S11)

MCF output involved: Travel speed solenoid (Y25)

Slow speed— When travel speed switch (S11) is at the LOW (turtle) position, no ground is sent to terminal B21 on the MCF. When the MCF does not detect ground at terminal B21, the MCF de-energizes travel speed solenoid (Y25).

Fast speed— When travel speed switch (S11) is at the HI (rabbit) position, the switch provides a ground to terminal B21 on the MCF. When the MCF detects this around, it sends current out terminals A11 and A17 to travel speed solenoid (Y25), energizing the solenoid.

For hydraulic information on this circuit, see Travel Motor Speed Circuit Operation. (Group 9025-05.)

Reversing Fan Solenoids (Y8 and Y9): The reversing fan operation requires that the pilot shut off lever be in the rearward (LOCK) position and the air conditioning OFF. The process takes approximately 100 seconds from beginning to end.

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MCF inputs involved:

- Reversing fan switch (S15)
- Engine speed dial (R15)
- Pilot shutoff switch (S3)
- A/C controller (A7) (blower relay control)

MCF outputs involved:

- Fan pump control solenoid (Y14)
- Reversing fan solenoid (Y8) (and Y9; 850DLC only)

• ECM (through CAN)

Pushing reversing fan switch (S15) to the ON position provides a ground to terminal B12 on the MCF. When the MCF detects this ground, and if the pilot shutoff lever is at the rearward (LOCK) position and the air conditioning is OFF, the MCF sends a signal to the ECM (through the CAN data link) to reduce engine speed—assuming the engine speed is more than slow idle. This takes approximately 20 seconds.

9015 15 32

The MCF also reduces the cooling fan speed by increasing current to fan pump control solenoid (Y14). When the engine speed and fan speed have decreased to an acceptable level, the MCF will send current out terminals A29 and A32 to energize reversing fan solenoid (Y8) (and Y9; 850DLC only). With the reversing fan solenoid energized, oil is rerouted through the fan motor causing it to run in reverse. The MCF then increases the fan speed to maximum (in reverse) to blow dust and debris from the radiator/oil cooler/intercooler.

After approximately 60 seconds of running the fan at maximum speed, the MCF decreases the fan speed and de-energizes the reversing fan solenoid (Y8) (and Y9; 850DLC only). The MCF then resumes normal fan operation and engine speed as before.

Miscellaneous Controls—The miscellaneous controls involve the following functions:

- Work Mode Control
- Engine Oil Level Check Control

Travel Alarm Control

<u>Work Mode Control:</u> The work modes are selected on the monitor controller and are communicated through the CAN data link to the MCF. The MCF can adjust pump flow rate delivery and engine speed depending on the work mode or attachment selected. Pump flow and engine speeds can be adjusted with the monitor controller or by using Dr. ZX.

Engine Oil Level Check Control: This function checks fluid levels and displays the results on the monitor controller when circuit is enabled.

MCF inputs involved:

- Engine fluid level check switch (S21)
- Coolant level switch (B13)
- Engine oil level switch (B15)

MCF outputs involved: Level indicators on monitor controller (through CAN)

Pushing engine fluid level check switch (S21) to the ON position provides a ground to terminal C20 on the MCF. When the MCF detects this ground, the MCF will monitor signals from coolant level switch (B13) (terminal C21) and engine oil level switch (B15) (terminal C9).

When the contacts of a level switch are open, the MCF sends a signal to the monitor controller (through the CAN data link), causing the corresponding level indicator to display green.

When the contacts of a level switch are closed, the MCF sends a signal to the monitor controller (through the CAN data link), causing the corresponding level indicator to display red.

<u>Travel Alarm Control:</u> When in travel operation, the main controller activates travel alarm (H4). For additional information, see Travel Alarm Circuit Theory of Operation. (Group 9015-15.)

450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests

Information Controller (ICF) Theory of Operation

TX1003443 -19-22FEB06



TX1003443

TM2361 (24JUN08)

9015-15-33

LD30992,0000213 -19-07FEB06-1/2 450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests 062608

PN=477

Sub-System Diagnostics

The information controller (ICF) stores information on machine activity. The information is obtained from various sensors and switches on the machine. The information is transferred to ICF through control area network (CAN) communication. See Control Area Network (CAN) Theory of Operation. (Group 9015-15.) The ICF records data related to machine use, operating hours, alarm lists, and failure lists. See Information Controller (ICF) Recorded Data. (Group 9015-20.) The information can be retrieved through Dr. ZX and downloaded onto a computer. See Machine Information Center (MIC) Application. (Group 9015-20.)



LD30992,0000213 -19-07FEB06-2/2



The travel alarm circuit is designed to warn bystanders of machine movement by signaling with an audible alarm any time the travel levers are moved. The travel alarm circuit consists of the following components:

- Travel right pressure sensor (B56)
- Travel left pressure sensor (B57)
- Travel alarm (H4)
- Main controller (MCF) (A3)
- Travel alarm cancel switch (S13)

When the travel levers are moved, travel right and left pressure sensors (B56 and B57) sense pilot pressure

and send signals to the MCF. The MCF then sends a signal to the travel alarm (H4), activating the alarm.

Pushing travel alarm cancel switch (S13) applies ground to pin 4 of the travel alarm. The travel alarm cancel switch must be pushed and released in order to cancel the alarm. The travel alarm will be active for a minimum of 13 seconds before the travel alarm cancel switch can deactivate it. The travel alarm is reset when the travel levers are returned to the neutral position. The travel alarm cancel switch must be pushed and released again to cancel the alarm.

LD30992,0000214 -19-19APR06-2/2

Windshield Wiper and Washer Circuit Theory of Operation

TX1003297 -19-27APR06



The windshield wiper and washer circuit has four modes of operation:

- Windshield wiper ON (continuous)
- Windshield wiper INT (intermittent)
- Windshield wiper OFF (park)
- Windshield wash

Operation of the windshield wiper and washer circuit is controlled by signals from monitor controller (A4) and the position of the wiper motor internal status switch.

The operation of the wiper motor internal status switch is as follows:

- Wiper at PARK position: Internal status switch connects wiper motor terminal S to wiper motor terminal B.
- Wiper NOT at PARK position: Internal status switch connects wiper motor terminal S to ground.

When key switch (S1) is turned to the ON position, power from windshield wiper and washer 10 amp fuse (F2) becomes available at the following components:

- Windshield wiper motor (M5) (terminal B)
- Windshield wiper relay (K6) (terminal 1)
- Windshield washer relay (K9) (terminals 1 and 3)

When windshield wiper and washer switch (S9) is in the OFF position, no voltage is present at terminal C3 of the monitor controller. When the monitor controller detects no voltage at terminal C3, the monitor will not connect terminals A2 and A11 to ground, and thus windshield wiper relay (K6) stays de-energized. With the windshield wiper relay de-energized and the wiper assembly at the PARK position, power is routed from the wiper motor terminal B, through the internal status switch, out terminal S of the windshield wiper motor (M5), across the normally closed contacts (terminals 3 and 4) of the windshield wiper relay, then back to the wiper motor at terminal L. This puts both sides of the wiper motor does not operate until when needed.

The monitor controller (A4) provides a 5-volt reference voltage and a signal ground out terminals C6 and C9,

respectively, to windshield wiper and washer switch (S9). When the windshield wiper and washer switch is turned to INT or ON position, the switch sends a voltage to terminal C3 of the monitor controller. The position of the switch dictates the strength of the voltage. The monitor controller measures the voltage, then provides the appropriate ground (intermittent or continuous) at terminals A2 and A11.

Windshield Wiper Continuous Operation—When windshield wiper and washer switch (S9) is turned to the ON position, the switch sends approximately 4.85 volts to terminal C3 of the monitor controller. When the monitor controller receives this level of voltage at terminal C3, it will connect terminals A2 and A11 to ground, and thus provide a ground for the coil of windshield wiper relay (K6). In this mode of operation, the monitor controller provides a continuous ground, thus causing the relay to stay energized.

With the windshield wiper relay energized, the ground at terminal 3 of the relay is connected to terminal L of the wiper motor, activating the wiper motor, causing the wiper blade to move back and forth continuously across the windshield.

Windshield Wiper Intermittent Operation—When the windshield wiper and washer switch is turned to one of the three INT (intermittent) positions (slow/middle/fast), the switch will send a specific voltage between approximately 1.5 and 3.5 volts to terminal C3 of the monitor controller. When the monitor controller receives the specified voltage, it will connect terminals A2 and A11 to ground for approximately one second. This gives the wiper motor enough time to move off the PARK position, whereas, the internal status switch takes over providing the ground for the wiper motor. The wiper motor completes one full cycle and returns to the PARK position. The wiper motor stays at the PARK position until the windshield wiper relay receives the next ground pulse from the monitor controller.

In this mode of operation, the monitor controller sets the amount of time delay by the amount of voltage detected at terminal C3, The time delay versus voltage at terminal C3 is as follows:

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- Slow = 8 second delay (1.5 volts)
- Middle = 6 second delay (2.5 volts)
- Fast = 3 second delay (3.5 volts)

Windshield Wiper Park Operation—When windshield wiper and washer switch (S9) is turned to the OFF position, the windshield wiper relay de-energizes, but the wiper motor continues to run because the internal status switch provides a ground to the wiper motor through terminals S and L and the normally closed contacts of the now de-energized wiper relay. When the wiper reaches the PARK position (far left side of the windshield), a cam in the wiper motor mechanism opens the internal status switch, which disconnects the wiper motor from ground and causes the wiper motor to stop.

At the same time, the internal status switch connects wiper motor terminals S and L, which allows power to

be routed to both sides of the wiper motor to ensure the wiper motor does not operate until when needed again.

Windshield Washer Operation—Pushing the

momentary windshield wiper and washer switch (S9) sends a ground signal to terminal B3 of the monitor controller. When the monitor controller detects this signal at terminal B3, the monitor controller connects terminal A10 to ground, which energizes windshield washer relay (K9). With the windshield washer relay energized, current flows from windshield wiper and washer 10 amp fuse (F2), across the relay contacts (terminals 3 and 5) to windshield washer motor (M6), activating the motor.

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LD30992,0000215 -19-27APR06-3/3

Pilot Shutoff Circuit Theory of Operation



450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests 062608 PN=484 The pilot shutoff circuit enables or disables (unlocks or locks) the pilot oil, thus enabling or disabling the machine hydraulics. The pilot shutoff circuit consists of the following components:

- Pilot shutoff switches 1 and 2 (S3 and S4)
- Pilot shutoff diode (V8)
- Pilot shutoff solenoid (Y10
- Pilot shutoff solenoid relay (K2)
- Security relay (K5)
- Monitor controller (A4)
- Security diode (V4)
- Engine stop switch (S14)
- Starter relay (K4)
- Starter protection relay (K18)
- Starter relay diode (V5)

When the key switch is turned to the ON or START position, power is available to the following components:

- Coil of pilot shutoff solenoid relay (K2) [from battery relay (K19)]
- Pilot shutoff solenoid (Y10) [from battery relay (K19)]
- Coil of security relay (K5) (from key switch terminal M)

Pilot Shutoff Disabled (Locked)—For the pilot shutoff to be disabled, the pilot shutoff lever must be in the rearward (LOCK) position. When the pilot shutoff lever is at this position, the cam levers of both pilot shutoff switches (S3 and S4) are in the down (released) position and continuity exists across the normally closed contacts connecting the red and black wires of the pilot shutoff switches.

When continuity exists across the normally closed contacts of the pilot shutoff switches, the following occur:

—Terminal B19 of monitor controller (A4) is connected to cab harness ground 4 (W38), through pilot shutoff diode (V8) (terminals 2 and 3) and the normally closed contacts of both pilot shutoff switches. When ground is present at terminal B19, the monitor controller knows that the pilot shutoff circuit is functioning properly. If ground is not present at terminal B19, the pilot control shutoff lever alarm indicator will appear on the monitor display, alerting the operator that the pilot shutoff circuit is malfunctioning. For information on monitor alarms, see Alarm Occurrence Screen. (Operator's Manual.)

NOTE: The monitor controller must detect a ground at terminal B19 at all times, regardless of position of pilot shutoff lever.

—No ground is present at terminal B12 of the monitor controller. Terminals B2 and B12 are connected inside the monitor controller, so with no ground available at terminal B12, no ground is available to the coil of pilot shutoff solenoid relay (K2). Relay is de-energized. With the pilot shutoff solenoid relay de-energized, no ground is available to pilot shutoff solenoid (Y10). Solenoid is de-energized; pilot hydraulics are disabled.

—No ground is present at terminal C31 of main controller (MCF) (A3). With no ground available at terminal C31, the MCF knows the pilot shutoff is disabled. This input is used by the optional fan reversing circuit. For more information, see Main Controller (MCF) Theory of Operation. (Group 9015-15.)

Pilot Shutoff Enabled (Unlocked)—For the pilot shutoff to be enabled, the pilot shutoff lever must be in the forward (UNLOCK) position. When the pilot shutoff lever is at this position, the cam levers of both pilot shutoff switches (S3 and S4) are pushed up and continuity exists across the normally open contacts (now closed), connecting the white and black wires of the pilot shutoff switches.

When continuity exists across the normally open contacts of the pilot shutoff switches, the following occur:

062608 PN=485 —Terminal B19 of monitor controller (A4) is connected to cab harness ground 4 (W38), through pilot shutoff diode (V8) (terminals 1 and 2) and the normally open contacts of both pilot shutoff switches. When ground is present at terminal B19, the monitor controller knows that the pilot shutoff circuit is functioning properly. If ground is not present at terminal B19, the pilot control shutoff lever alarm indicator will appear on the monitor display, alerting the operator that the pilot shutoff circuit is malfunctioning. For information on monitor alarms, see Alarm Occurrence Screen. (Operator's Manual.)

NOTE: The monitor controller must detect a ground at terminal B19 at all times, regardless of position of pilot shutoff lever.

—Terminal B12 of monitor controller is connected to cab harness ground 4 (W38), through starter relay diode (V5) (terminals 2 and 3) and the normally open contacts of both pilot shutoff switches. Terminals B2 and B12 are connected inside the monitor controller, so when ground is present at terminal B12, ground is also available at the coil of pilot shutoff solenoid relay (K2), causing the relay to energize. With pilot shutoff solenoid relay energized, and as long as security relay (K5) is de-energized, the path to ground is complete to pilot shutoff solenoid (Y10). Solenoid is energized; pilot hydraulics are enabled.

—Terminal C31 of main controller (MCF) (A3) is connected to cab harness ground 4 (W38) through the normally open contacts of both pilot shutoff switches. With ground available at terminal C31, the MCF knows the pilot shutoff is enabled. This input is used by the optional fan reversing circuit. For more information, see Main Controller (MCF) Theory of Operation. (Group 9015-15.)

—Terminal 2 (coil) of starter relay (K4) is connected to cab harness ground 4 (W38), through engine stop switch (S14) (terminals 5 and 6), starter relay diode (V5) (terminals 1 and 2), and the normally open contacts of both pilot shutoff switches. When the key switch is turned to the START position and ground is present at the coil of the starter relay, the starter relay energizes and prevents the start circuit from operating. For more information, see Starting and Charging Circuit Theory of Operation. (Group 9015-15.)

Monitor Security—When a warning alarm occurs caused by a diagnostic trouble code (DTC) or when the monitor security is active, terminal A4 of the monitor controller provides a path to ground for the coil of starter relay (K4), through security diode (V4) (terminals 1 and 2) and engine stop switch (S14) (terminals 5 and 6). A path to ground is also provided to the coil of security relay (K5), through security diode (V4) (terminals 2 and 3).

When ground is available to the coil of the starter relay, the starter relay energizes when the key switch is turned to the START position. The energized relay prevents the start circuit from operating when the monitor security system is active. For more information, see Starting and Charging Circuit Theory of Operation. (Group 9015-15.)

NOTE: For information on activation of monitor security, see Incorrect Password Entered. (Operator's Manual.)

When ground is available to the coil of the security relay, the security relay energizes, interrupting the ground path to the pilot shutoff solenoid. This causes the pilot shutoff solenoid to de-energize and prevents the pilot hydraulics from being enabled (unlocked) even if the pilot shutoff lever is in the forward (unlocked) position.

NOTE: The monitor controller provides a ground at terminal A4 for two seconds after the key switch is turned to the ON position. The temporary ground at terminal A4 prevents cranking of the engine until the monitor controller has time to fully power up.

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LD30992,0000216 -19-27APR06-3/3

450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests

Monitor Menu Operation

For monitor operation, see Operation—Monitor Operation (Operator's Manual).

LD30992,0000248 -19-31JAN06-1/1

Monitor Service Menu Operation

Accessing the Service Menu

- 1. Press and hold the back button (12) and turn key switch to the ON position. This step adds the service menu option to the main menu.
 - 12—Back Button 13—Menu Button



Default Screen

LD30992,0000249 -19-31JAN06-1/7

- 2. After the default screen displays, press the menu button (13) to display the main menu.
- 3. Select Service Menu from the main menu using buttons (1) and (2), then push the select button (11) to display the service menu.
 - 1—Button 1 2—Button 2 11—Select Button



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Service Menu

There are three options available from the service menu:

- Troubleshooting
- Monitoring
- Controller Version

Use buttons (1) and (2) to select an option from the service menu, then push the select button (11) to display the appropriate screen.

1—Button 1 2—Button 2 11—Select Button



LD30992,0000249 -19-31JAN06-3/7

Troubleshooting Screen

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2

The troubleshooting screen displays the current code status for the four main machine controllers:

- Main Controller (MCF)
- Engine Governor Controller (also known as Engine Control Module [ECM])
- Monitor Controller
- Information Controller (ICF)

See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes with Monitor Display. (Group 9015-20.)



Monitoring Screen

The Monitoring screen displays machine information received from each controller.See Monitor Data Items. (Group 9015-20.)

- Press button (3) to freeze current machine readings for viewing. Press button (3) again to return to live machine readings.
- Use buttons (1) and (2) to highlight an item, then press the select button (11) to bring the selected item to the top of the list. Only four items can be viewed on the screen at one time.
- Press button (4) to reset the list to the default order. The Monitoring reset screen displays.
 - 1—Button 1 2—Button 2 3—Button 3 4—Button 4 11—Select Button



Monitoring Screen

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Press the select button (11) to reset the list to the default order.



Controller Version Screen

The Controller Version screen displays the current software version for each machine controller. The screen does not list the current ECM version.



Monitor Data Items

The monitor data items list can be rearranged. See Monitor Service Menu Operation. (Group 9015-16.)

Continued on next page

LD30992,0000217 -19-26APR06-1/2

References

Items	Units	Comment
Engine Torque	%	N/A
Coolant Temperature (E)	°C	Reading from Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor (B4)
Fuel Temperature	°C	Reading from Fuel Temperature Sensor (B5)
Engine Oil Pressure	kPa	Reading from Engine Oil Pressure Sensor (B11)
Atmospheric Pressure	kPa	Reading from Barometric Pressure Sensor (B3)
Intake Air Pressure	°C	Reading from Intake Air Temperature Sensor (B7)
Boost Pressure	kPa	Reading from Boost Pressure Sensor (B14)
Boost Temperature	°C	Reading from Boost Temperature Sensor (B10)
Coolant Temperature (M)	°C	N/A
Target Engine Speed	min ¹	Reading from Main Controller (MCF) (A3)
Actual Engine Speed	min ¹	Reading from Engine Control Module (ECM) (A1)
Pump 1 Delivery Pressure	MPa	Reading from Pump 1 Delivery Pressure Sensor (B35)
Pump 1 Pump Control Pressure	MPa	Reading from Pump 1 Control Pressure Sensor (B36)
Pump 1 Target Flow Rate	L/min	Calculated from MCF
Pump 2 Delivery Pressure	MPa	Reading from Pump 2 Delivery Pressure Sensor (B37)
Pump 2 Pump Control Pressure	MPa	Reading from Pump 2 Control Pressure Sensor (B38)
Pump 2 Target Flow Rate	L/min	Calculated from MCF
Front Pilot Pressure	MPa	Maximum pressure when operating boom, arm, bucket, swing, counterweight, auxiliary 1 and/or auxiliary 2 functions
Boom Raise Control Pilot Pressure	MPa	Reading from Boom Up Pressure Sensor (B52)
Arm Roll-In Pilot Pressure	MPa	Reading from Arm In Pressure Sensor (B51)
Swing Control Pilot Pressure	MPa	Reading from Swing Pressure Sensor (B33)
Right Travel Control Pilot Pressure	MPa	Reading from Travel Right Pressure Sensor (B56)
Left Travel Control Pilot Pressure	MPa	Reading from Travel Left Pressure Sensor (B57)
Attachment Control Pilot Pressure	MPa	Reading from Attachment Pressure Sensor (B45)
EC Dial Angle	V	Reading from Engine Speed Dial (R15)
Hydraulic Oil Temperature	°C	Reading From Hydraulic Oil Temperature Sensor (B40)
Pump Torque Proportional Valve	MPa	
Digging Regeneration Valve	MPa	Reading for Pump 1 (4-Spool) Regulator Pressure
Arm Regeneration Valve	MPa	Reading for Pump 2 (5-Spool) Regulator Pressure
Travel Mode Control Pressure	MPa	MCF calculated for Travel Speed Solenoid (SI) (Y25)
Power Digging Control Pressure	MPa	MCF calculated for Power Dig Solenoid (SG) (Y24)
Power Mode	-	Reading from Power Mode Switch (S12)
Travel Mode Switch	-	Reading from Travel Speed Switch (S11)
Power Digging Switch	-	Reading from Power Dig Switch (S7)
Radio Signal Strength	-	N/A

TM2361 (24JUN08)

LD30992,0000217 -19-26APR06-2/2 450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests 062608

PN=492

Monitor Data Items Using the Monitor Display

- 1. Press and hold the back button (12) and turn key switch to the ON position. This step adds the service menu option to the main menu.
- After the default screen displays, push the menu button (13) to display the main menu.

12—Back Button 13—Menu Button



LD30992,0000218 -19-16MAR06-1/5

- Select Service Menu from the main menu using buttons (1) and (2), then push the select button (11) to display the service menu.
 - 1—Button 1 2—Button 2 11—Select Button



- 4. Select Troubleshooting from the service menu using buttons (1) and (2), then push the select button (11) to display the Troubleshooting screen.
- 5. The Troubleshooting screen displays the current code status for the four main machine controllers:
 - Main Controller (MCF)
 - Engine Governor Controller (also known as engine control unit [ECU])
 - Monitor Controller
 - Information Controller (ICF)



LD30992,0000218 -19-16MAR06-3/5

9015 6. Any controllers listed as abnormal have diagnostic 20 Troubleshooting trouble codes associated with them. Select the Main Controller Abnormal (4) appropriate controller name using buttons (1) and (2), Engine Governor Controller O Normal then push the select button (11) to display the Main Monitor Controller Abnormal (2) Fault Code screen. 2 ICF Controller Abnormal (3) -19-18JAN06 ℯᡣᠬᡑ 1 (11 1-Button 1 2—Button 2 1 11—Select Button TX1002678 (DD) (F1) (F2) F3 F4 Troubleshooting Screen LD30992,0000218 -19-16MAR06-4/5 Continued on next page

- NOTE: The monitor can display up to 20 diagnostic trouble codes for each controller. The Main Fault Code screen can display 10 diagnostic trouble codes at one time. If the Main Fault Code screen displays 10 codes, use the buttons (1) and (2) to view any additional codes on the next screen.
- 7. View the diagnostic trouble codes for the selected controller.

See Main Controller (MCF) Diagnostic Trouble Codes. (Group 9001-10.)

See Engine Control Unit (ECU) Diagnostic Trouble Codes. (Group 9001-20.)

See Information Controller (ICF) Diagnostic Trouble Codes. (Group 9001-30.) This section includes diagnostic trouble codes displayed for both the Monitor Controller and the Information Controller (ICF).

 Press the back button (12) to return to the Troubleshooting screen and select another controller, or push the Return to Default Screen button (6) to display the default screen.



Main Fault Code Screen

1—Button 1 2—Button 2

6-Return to Default Screen Button

12—Back Button

LD30992,0000218 -19-16MAR06-5/5

Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Monitor Display

- 1. Press and hold the back button (12) and turn key switch to the ON position. This step adds the service menu option to the main menu.
- After the default screen displays, push the menu button (13) to display the main menu.

12—Back Button 13—Menu Button



Continued on next page 9015-20-5 450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests

- Select Service Menu from the main menu using buttons (1) and (2), then push the select button (11) to display the service menu.
 - 1—Button 1 2—Button 2 11—Select Button



LD30992,0000219 -19-16MAR06-2/5

9015 4. Select Troubleshooting from the service menu using 20 Service Menu buttons (1) and (2), then push the select button (11) to 6 **Or** Troubleshooting display the Troubleshooting screen. Monitoring Ver. Controller Version 5. The Troubleshooting screen displays the current code (2) status for the four main machine controllers: J -19-18JAN06 կող Main Controller (MCF) 1 • Engine Governor Controller (also known as engine control unit [ECM]) TX1002677 (DD) (F1) (F4) F2 (F3) • Monitor Controller • Information Controller (ICF) Service Menu 1—Button 1 2—Button 2 11-Select Button

Continued on next page

LD30992,0000219 -19-16MAR06-3/5

- Any controllers listed as abnormal have diagnostic trouble codes associated with them. Select the appropriate controller name using buttons (1) and (2), then push the select button (11) to display the Main Fault Code screen.
 - 1—Button 1 2—Button 2 11—Select Button



LD30992,0000219 -19-16MAR06-4/5

- NOTE: The monitor can display up to 20 diagnostic trouble codes for each controller. The Main Fault Code screen can display 10 diagnostic trouble codes at one time. If the Main Fault Code screen displays 10 codes, use the buttons (1) and (2) to view any additional codes on the next screen.
- 7. View the diagnostic trouble codes for the selected controller.

See Main Controller (MCF) Diagnostic Trouble Codes. (Group 9001-10.)

See Engine Control Module (ECM) Diagnostic Trouble Codes. (Group 9001-20.)

See Information Controller (ICF) Diagnostic Trouble Codes. (Group 9001-30.) This section includes diagnostic trouble codes displayed for both the Monitor Controller and the Information Controller (ICF).

 Press the back button (12) to return to the Troubleshooting screen and select another controller, or push the Return to Default Screen button (6) to display the default screen.



1—Button 1

- 2—Button 2
- 6—Return to Default Screen Button
- 12—Back Button

LD30992,0000219 -19-16MAR06-5/5 450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests

JDLink[™] Connection Procedure

Connect to Machine Information Gateway (MIG) Controller

 Locate JDLink[™] MMS direct connector (1). For MIG controller location, see JDLink[™] System Harnesses (W50, W51, W52, W53 and W54) Component Location. (Group 9015-15.)

NOTE: AT335476 JDLink[™] MMS Direct Cable is included in the AT347680 JDLink[™] MMS Direct Kit.

 Connect one end of AT335476 JDLink[™] MMS Direct Cable to the JDLink[™] MMS direct connector (1), and connect the other end to an ethernet port on the computer.

For more information on connecting to the MIG, see Connect PC Laptop to MIG Controller. (CTM10006.)

2015 Connect to the GlobalTRACS[®] Terminal (GTT) 20 Controller

- Locate GT config tool adapter connector (3). For GTT controller location, see JDLink[™] System Harnesses (W50, W51, W52, W53 and W54) Component Location. (Group 9015-15.)
- NOTE: CV90-J1006 GlobalTRACS[®] Config Tool Cable is included in the 65-J1115-11 PC based JDLink[™] Tool Kit.
- 2. Connect one end of CV90-J1006 GlobalTRACS[®] Config Tool Cable to the GT config tool adapter connector (2), and connect the other end to a COM port on the computer.



1—JDLink™ MMS Direct Connector 2—GT config Tool Adapter Connector

JDLink is a trademark of Deere & Company GlobalTRACS is a registered trademark of Qualcomm Incorporated

Continued on next page

AA95137,0000C45 -19-31AUG07-1/2
NOTE: If the computer is not equipped with COM ports, a USB-to-serial adapter cable will be required to simulate a COM port for use with the GT Configuration Tool software.

> For more information on connecting to the GTT, see Connect PC Laptop to GlobalTRACS® Terminal (GTT). (CTM10006.)

> > AA95137,0000C45 -19-31AUG07-2/2

Service ADVISOR™ Diagnostic Application

The Service ADVISOR application is what technicians use to diagnose and troubleshoot equipment. The application allows technicians to quickly and easily find information and solve equipment problems.

The Service ADVISOR application provides access to manuals, the Dealer Technical Assistance Center (DTAC), real-time diagnostics, and system readings. The application also allows technicians to perform calibrations, run tests, and program controllers, when possible.

The Connection - Readings shortcut bar within Service ADVISOR is used to connect to a machine. A connection allows a technician to take live system readings, create recordings, diagnose problems, calibrate, interactively test, and program controllers. With a connection established, the Readings menu allows a technician to add or remove a reading, set a readings baseline, and create and check recording triggers.

9015 20 10

With Service ADVISOR connected to a machine, the Diagnostics shortcut bar can be used to read machine diagnostic trouble codes. The diagnostic codes can then be reviewed by code number for specific details. When a diagnostic trouble code is opened, code information displays in a window similar to the way a manual would. The details of a diagnostic trouble code often are in a procedural format with links so the technician can work to correct the problem with the equipment while following the step-by-step process in the diagnostic trouble code details.

See Service ADVISOR™ Connection Procedure. (Group 9015-20.)

See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Service ADVISOR™ Diagnostic Application. (Group 9015-20.)

LD30992,000021A -19-31JAN06-1/1

Service ADVISOR[™] Connection Procedure

 Locate service laptop close to machine, or in the cab if diagnostics are to be performed while machine is being operated.

LD30992,000048F -19-21MAR06-1/2

9015

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- 2. Open left-side compartment behind cab and remove cap from diagnostic connector (1).
- 3. Connect service laptop to machine using appropriate cables (4 and 5). Methods for connection include:
 - Electronic Data Link (EDL) Stand-Alone USB Device
 - EDL Using Bluetooth
 - Parallel Data Module (PDM)
 - PDM with USB Adaptor
- 4. Make sure power indicator light displays on EDL or PDM, depending on connection method. If power indicator light does not display, check fuse to diagnostic connector.
- 5. Turn machine key switch to ON position.
- 6. Refer to Service ADVISOR system instructions to log into service laptop and connect to machine.

See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes with Service ADVISOR™ Diagnostic Application. (Group 9015-20.)



Service ADVISOR Machine Connection (PDM shown)

- 1—Diagnostic Connector
- 2—PDM
- 3—Service Laptop
- 4—PDM to Machine Cable
- 5—PDM to Service Laptop Cable

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5. Select the Connect to Model(s) radio button on the Connection Options dialog box, and click OK.



References

	Select Readings Adapter ? X Note that if you are using a serial (R5232) adapter to establish a connection, you do not need to select an adapter in this dialog. Adapters: Current Adapter: Parallel Data Module (PDM) Available Adapters: Parallel Data Module (PDM) Selected Models:	
	Make Model Category Sub Category John Deere SuCLC Excavator None	IAN06
		N-26J
	Always show this dialog before connecting Change Selected Models OK Cancel	TX1003001A
	Select Readings Adapter Dialog Box	F
	5—Available Adaptors 6—Selected Models List 7—Change Selected Models Drop-Down List Button	
6	 On the Select Readings Adapter dialog box, make sure the appropriate adapter is displayed. If not, select correct adapter from drop-down list (5). Options include: 10. Double-click an underlined code on the Diagnostic Trouble Codes tab to disp description for servicing that diagnost code. 	he Connected lay a detailed tic trouble
	 Electronic Data Link (EDL) Stand-alone USB Device Electronic Data Link (EDL) Using Bluetooth Parallel Data Module (PDM) Parallel Data Module (PDM) With USB Adapter NOTE: Use the lock topic feature within S ADVISOR to open multiple windo is transmitting more than one diag trouble code. Refer to Service AD system instructions for using this	Service ws if machine gnostic VVISOR feature.
7	 Make sure correct machine to connect to displays in the Selected Models list (6). If not, click the Change Selected Models button (7). Click the Connected Diagnostic Trout (4) to select and view details for addiding diagnostic trouble codes. 	ble Codes tab tional
8	3. Click OK to connect to machine.	
9	 After Service ADVISOR connects to machine, both the Readings tab (3) and Connected Diagnostic Trouble Codes tab (4) display. 	

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IMPORTANT: Do not plug power cable into 24-Volt power supply. This will damage the Tech 2 diagnostic scan tool.

- 7. Connect one of the following power supplies to Power Jack Connection (2).
 - AC Power Supply Cable
 - DC Power Supply Cable
 - Battery Power Supply Cable
- 8. Turn ignition key switch to the ON position.
- 9. Press the "PWR" button on the Tech 2 diagnostic scan tool (1) and check to make sure display screen comes on. Ok the Tech 2 is powered up.



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10. Press ENTER.

11. Using arrow keys scroll up or down and press ENTER to select **FO : Diagnostics** on the Main Menu screen.

Main Menu	
F0: Diagnostics	
F1: Service Programming System (SPS)	
F2: View Capture Data	
F3: Tool Options	
F4: Down Load / Upload Help	-19-09MAR06
	TX1004446
Main Menu	

JC89288,00001A1 -19-21APR06-4/13

12. Select the **Model Year** corresponding to the engine, on the Vehicle Identification screen.

Vehicle Ident	ification	
Select one of th Model Yes	e following ar(S)	
(6) 2006		·
(5) 2005		
(4) 2004		
(3) 2003		
(2) 2002		
(1) 2001		
(Y) 2000		
(X) 1999		909
(W) 1998	1/0	MAF
(5) 2005	1/9	450 -19-06
Vehicle Identification	n (Model Year)	TX1004
	. ,	
ontinued on next page	JC89288,00001A1 -19-21APR06	6–5/13
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062608 PN=507 13. Select the engine type **(Off-Road) Industrial Engine** on the Vehicle Identification screen.

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	1101010	nces		
15.	Select engine model 6WG-TC (C/Rail_TIER3) on the Vehicle Identification (Engine Model) screen.	Vehicle Ide Select one of Eng 4JJ1-TC (C/Rail_TIER 4HK1-TC (C/Rail_TIER 6HK1-TC (C/Rail_TIER 6UZ1-TC (C/Rail_TIER 6WG1-TC (C/Rail_TIE	entification the following jine 3) R3) R3) R3) R3) R3)	
		6WG1-TC (C/Rail_TIE	5/5 R3)	1457 –19–09MAR06
		Vehicle Identificati	on (Engine Model)	TX1004
				0.0/10
16.	Next screen will prompt to Turn On Ignition . Ensure ignition key is in the ON position and select Next using the softkeys.	Eng (5) 2005 (Off-Road) 6WG1-TC (C	ine) Industrial Engine /Rail_TIER3)	
		Turn On I	gnition !	1004458 –19–09MAR06
				TX1

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PR06-8/13

17. The following illustration shows the state in which the Tech 2 is waiting for communication with the machine controller. If **Confirm** is selected with the ignition key in the OFF position this display will stay forever.



- NOTE: If a mistake was made in the selection of the vehicle type, despite the fact that the communication is enabled, a message to that effect will appear, flashing. If this occurs, check the vehicle type again and redo the connection procedure.
- 18. Once communication is established, the display will show the Part No. and Diagnostic Data Identification (DDI) (which varies from system to system). Select Confirm.



19. Engine Applications Menu will appear. See list of functions of Tech 2.

For **FO: Diagnostic Trouble Codes** See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Tech 2 Diagnostic Scan Tool. (Group 9015-20) See list of functions of Tech 2.

For **F1: Data Display** See Tech 2 Data Display. (Group 9015-20) See list of functions of Tech 2.

The **F2: Snapshot** will save information received by the machine controller. Tech 2 can only hold data from two different snapshots. This data is saved on a first-in, first-out basis. If a third snapshot is taken the data from the first snapshot will be overwritten. If the data must be saved, highlight the data and select "Write Protect" using the softkeys. Highlight the data and select "Clear" with the softkeys to cancel the protect. See list of functions of Tech 2.

The **F3: Actuator Test** enables access to common rail system tests, and device control tests. See Rail Pressure Control Test, or See Injector Balance Test (Injector Misfire Test), or See Injector Force Drive Test, or See EGR Regulating Valve Test. (Group 9010-25). See list of functions of Tech 2.

For **F4: Programming**See Injector ID Code Registration (Group 9010-25) See lists of functions of Tech 2.

The **F5: ID Information** displays ID information. See list of functions of Tech 2.

Engine	
F0: Diagnostic Troubule Codes F1: Data Display F2: Snapshot F3: Actuator Test F4: Programming F5: ??KA ID Infomation	
	5648 –19–24APR06
Engine Applications Menu	TX100

Continued on next page

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References



2. Select FO: Diagnostic Trouble Codes on the Engine Applications Menu.

Engine	
FU: Diagnostic froubule Codes	
F1: Data Display	
F2: Shapshol	
F3: Actualor rest	
F4. Flogramming	
	9
	APR
	0-24
	Ť
	5648
	1005
Engine Applications Manu	Ĥ
Engine Applications Menu	

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JC89288,00001A2 -19-06APR06-2/4

3. Choosing FO: Diagnostic Trouble Codes, the following menu is displayed: FO: DTC-loads the DTC information stored in the machine controller in a priority order. **Diagnostic Trouble Codes** F1: DTC Clear-Clears the DTC by connecting DTC (Diagnostic Trouble Code) Memory Clear Terminal (8) F0 : Read DTC Info As Stored By ECU needs to be connected to ground. F1 : Clear DTC Information TX1005837 -19-11APR06 Diagnostic Trouble Codes Screen Continued on next page JC89288,00001A2 -19-06APR06-3/4 9015-20-23 450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests

4. This screen list current DTC's by priority that are stored in the ECM.



Continued on next page

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Tech 2 Data Display

(Group 9015-20.)

- Select F1: Data Display from on the Engine Applications Menu. See chart below for data available for display in this option.
- 3. Display fixed parameters

0 to 5 (Max.) Data parameters can be fixed on the "Data Display" Screen. Once fixed these parameters will remain at the upper part of the screen until manually removed, even when scrolling. To fix parameters, press the softkey "Select Items" then move the highlight bar over the desired parameter and press "Enter". The selected parameter will be shown with an asterisk (*). Move the highlight bar with the arrow up or down keys to select the parameters you want fixed then press the softkey "Accept". To change fixed parameters press the softkey "Select Items", move the highlight bar with the arrow up or down keys to select the parameter you want to change and press "Enter". That parameter will be cleared. Pressing the softkey "Clear All" will clear all fixed parameters.

4. Change units

To change units from SI/metric to Standard/English use softkey "more" then select "values", this will toggle between SI/metric and Standard/English press again and it toggles back.

Tech 2 Data			
		Read out	
Item	Measured in	Engine off, key on	Engine on, key on
System Voltage	V	24.8 V	27.0 V
Main Relay Voltage	V	24.5 V	27.0 V
Desired Engine Speed	rpm	499 rpm	499 rpm
Engine Speed	rpm	0 rpm	900 rpm
Accelerator Pedal Position 1 Sensor	V	0.0 V	0.0 V
Accelerator Pedal Position 2 Sensor	V	0.0 V	0.0 V
Accelerator Pedal Position Signal	%	0.0%	0.0%
Fuel Rail Pressure Difference (Actual-Desired)	MPa	-50 MPa	0-1 MPa
Fuel Rail Pressure Sensor	V	0.9 V	2.0 V
Rail Pressure Feedback Mode		Wait Mode	Feedback Mode
Coolant Temperature Sensor	V	1.4 V	1.5 V
Coolant Temperature	°C	*°C	*°C

Engine	
F0: Diagnostic Troubule Codes	
F1: Data Display	
F2: Snapshot	1
F3: Actuator Test	
F4: Programming	
F5: ??KA ID Infomation	
	PR06
	-20A
	19
	490
	1006
	ТX
Engine Application Menu	

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Intake Air Temperature Sensor	V	2.3 V	2.4 V
Intake Air Temperature	°C	*°C	?*°C
Fuel Temperature Sensor	V	1.7 V	2.0 V
Fuel Temperature	°C	*°C	*°C
Barometric Pressure Sensor	V	1.9 V	1.9 V
Barometric Pressure	kPa	* kPa	* kPa
EGR Temperature Sensor (Exhaust Gas Recirculation)	V	0.0 V	0.0 V
EGR Temperature	°C	* °C	* °C
EGR Position Difference	%	0%	0%
EGR BLDC Motor Duty Cycle (Brush Less DC motor)	%	0%	0%
EGR BLDC Position 1	on/off	on	on
EGR BLDC Position 2	on/off	off	off
EGR BLDC Position 3	on/off	on	on
MAP Sensor (Manifold Absolute Pressure)	V	0.9 V	0.9 V
MAP Sensor	kPa	97 kPa	96 kPa
PCV Feedback (Pressure Control Valve)	mA	0 mA	0 mA
PCV Duty Cycle	%	15%	15%
Engine Oil Pressure Sensor	V	0.4 V	2.3 V
Engine Oil Pressure	kPa	0 kPa	456 kPa
Boost Temperature Sensor	V	4.3 V	4.4 V
Boost Temperature	°C	29 °C	? °C
Desired Injection Quantity	cm ³ /st	0 cm³/st	30 cm ³ /st
Main Injection Quantity	cm ³ /st	0 cm ³ /st	24 cm ³ /st
Pre Injection Quantity	cm ³ /st	0 cm ³ /st	4 cm ³ /st
Main Injection Start	°CA	0 °CA	0 °CA
Engine Mode		Wait Mode	Fuel mode
Ignition Switch	on/off	on	on
Starter Switch	on/off	off	off
Idle Manual Switch		Auto	Auto
Idle Up Switch	on/off	off	off
Idle Down Switch	on/off	off	off
Low Oil Level	on/off	off	off
Glow Time Lamp	on/off	off	off
Glow Time Relay	on/off	off	off
Diagnostic Switch	on/off	on	on
Fuel Delivery Res. No. 1		11	11
Fuel Delivery Res. No. 2		5	5
Fuel Delivery Res. No. 3		10	10
Engine Start Counts	#	#	#
Engine Start Counts (Starter Exchange)	#	#	#
NOTE: * These values are dependant upon outside source	s (Examples: weather	, ambient temperature. and m	achine use.) and are not listed.

TM2361 (24JUN08)

Dr. ZX Diagnostic Application

Dr. ZX is an application that helps technicians diagnose and troubleshoot machines. Dr. ZX provides access to machine diagnostic trouble codes, their descriptions and limited troubleshooting procedures. Dr. ZX can also display and record live readings for the different controllers on the machine. Special functions in certain controllers may also be manipulated with Dr. ZX. The special functions available to manipulate vary by controller and by machine model. Dr. ZX is also used to set up some controllers after a controller has been replaced or after other work has been done to the machine regarding a controller.

To launch the Dr. ZX diagnostic application, connect the Personal Data Assistant (PDA) to the diagnostic connector in the cab. See Personal Digital Assistant (PDA) Connection to Excavator Using Dr. ZX Application. (Group 9015-20.)

Personal Digital Assistant (PDA) Connection To Excavator Using Dr. ZX Application

1. Remove fuse panel cover (1).

1—Fuse Panel Cover



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LD30992,000021D -19-25APR06-1/1

- 2. Connect Dr. ZX diagnostic connector (5) to machine diagnostic connector (2).
- 3. Turn key switch to the on position.
- 4. Turn on Personal Digital Assistant (PDA).
 - 2—Machine Diagnostic Connector
 - 3—Personal Digital Assistant (PDA)
 - 4—Serial download cable 5—Dr. ZX Diagnostic Connector



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5. Select Dr. ZX icon on the main menu.



- 6. Select ZX—3 Large from the menu.
- NOTE: Screen will display the word "Communicating" while sending and receiving data.



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20 29 7. Select an option.

NOTE: If the PDA displays a Communication Error, check connection between machine diagnostic connector and Dr. ZX connector.

For Self Diagnostic results,

• See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Dr. ZX. (Group 9015-20.)

For Select Controller,

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- See Main Controller (MCF) Diagnostics Using Dr. ZX. (Group 9015-20.)
- See Monitor Controller Diagnostics Using Dr. ZX. (Group 9015-20.)
- See Information Controller (ICF) Diagnostics Using Dr. ZX. (Group 9015-20.)



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2. PDA will display all controllers on the machine. Any controller with a diagnostic trouble code will have a fault button after its name	SelectFuncation
Select Fault button to display diagnostic trouble codes.	Main C/U No Fault
ESC will return to Function Selection screen.	Engine C/U Fault
	Monitor Unit No Fault
	Information C/U Fault
	ESC ESC
	Controller Self Diagnostic Screen
	LD30992,000021F -19-25APR06-2/5
3. Select the Details button for diagnostic trouble code information and corrective action.	Information C/U
ESC will go to Retry B Screen.	Problem was detected.
	14000 14001
	19-25JAN06
	Details ESC
	⊢ Diagnostic Trouble Codes

Continued on next page

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4. Select ESC after viewing diagnostic trouble code details and corrective action.



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     5. Dr. ZX will prompt to escape or Retry B. Retry B will
 20
         clear the code and check controller again for codes.
 32
         Select Retry B to return to the Controller Self
         Diagnostic Screen after clearing and rechecking
                                                                          Do you want to escape?
         controller for diagnostic trouble codes.
         Select ESC to return to Controller Self Diagnostic
         Screen.
                                                                                                                    TX1003055 -19-25JAN06
                                                                         Retry B
                                                                                                         ESC
                                                                                      Retry B Screen
                                                                                                      LD30992,000021F -19-25APR06-5/5
```

 Main Controller (MCF) Diagnostics Using Dr. ZX 1. Start Dr. ZX and select Select Controller. For connection procedure to machine, See Personal Digital Assistant (PDA) Connection to Excavator Using DR. ZX Application. (Group 9015-20.) NOTE: Screen will display "Communicating" while 	SelectFunction + Self-Diagnostic Results + SelectController
	ESC Function Selection Screen
 Select Main C/U for main controller diagnostics. ESC will return to Function Selection Screen. 	Select failure-diagnosis controller
	+ Main C/U + Engine C/U + Monitor Unit + Information C/U ESC
	Continued on next page LD30992,0000220 -19-25APR06-2/30



5. Monitor Display will show the status of switches, sensors, and controller signals on the machine. See SelectFunction Monitor Display later in this procedure. **Monitor Display** +Special Function will allow control over some functions of the machine. See Special Function later in this procedure. **Special Function** +Setup adjusts parameters of machine operation. See Setup later in this procedure. Setup "X1002951 -19-25JAN06 ESC will return to Dr. ZX start screen. **ESC** Main Controller Select Function Screen LD30992,0000220 -19-25APR06-5/30 9015 1. Monitor Display Enter Model and Serial No. 20 35 After selecting Monitor Display, enter the model and serial number of the machine. Model 0001 Ex. Mach.No.(HCM1G600P12 Select OK to continue after entering model and serial 3456) Model(01G6) number. ESC will return to Main Controller Select Function Serial No.000001 Screen. Ex. Mach.No.(HCM1G600P12 -19-25JAN06 3456) Serial No.(123456) NOTE: Model and serial numbers are not necessary to proceed. Model and serial numbers will be necessary if a recording is to be taken. FX1002998 OK ESC Enter Model and Serial Number Screen LD30992,0000220 -19-25APR06-6/30 Continued on next page

2. The Monitoring Select Item Screen displays a list of items that may be monitored. Select up to four items to Select item display. + Requested Engine A number to the upper right of the Clear button will Speed indicate the number of items selected. + Actual Engine Speed Start will display the selected items. \bigtriangleup + Engine Speed Clear will clear all selected items. **Deviation** -19-07MAR06 ESC will return to Main Controller Select Function + Pump 1Delivery Screen. Pressure -X1004220 0 Start Clear **ESC** Monitoring Select Item Screen LD30992,0000220 -19-25APR06-7/30 9015 3. The Monitoring Screen will display the parameters 20 **Req.Eng** 800 min-1 selected in the previous screen. 36 Hold will temporarily freeze the data, selecting Hold a Actual Speed min-1 second time will unfreeze the data. 0 ESC will return to the Monitoring Select Item Screen. EngSpeedDeviat _500 min-1 Record will make a recording of the data being displayed. Screen will display 'Now Recording' when a **P1DeliveryPres** recording is being taken. -19-25JAN06 5.5 Mpa FX1002953 HOLD **ESC** Record

Monitoring Screen

Continued on next page

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 4. After a recording has been made, Dr. ZX will prompt for a data storage location. Select a write data-bank to store the recording in. ESC will return to the Monitoring Screen. 	Select Write Data-Bank 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16
	ESC Select Write Data-Bank Screen
	LD30992,0000220 -19-25APR06-9/30
5. After a storage location has been selected, Dr. ZX will prompt to overwrite the information in that storage location.	Rec. No.: 1 Data: 2003/01/12 04:01:52
Select Overwrite to overwrite and save the data.	
ESC will return to the Select Data-Bank Screen.	Model:01U1Serial No.:200004
	(1)P1DeliveryPr (2)P2DeliveryPr (3)PC1Pressure (4)PC2Pressure
	Overwrite ESC
	Data Darik Overwrite Streen
	Continued on next page LD30992,0000220 -19-25APR06-10/30

6. Once the data has been stored, comments or additional information may be added to the recording.

Select Comment to add a comment to the reading.

ESC will return to the Monitoring Screen.

7. Following the comment screen, Dr. ZX will allow corrections to the comment by selecting Re-Input.

Rec. No.: 2 Data: 2003/01/1	2 04:08:32	
Model: Serial No.: 2	IU10 200004	
(1)P1DeliveryPr (3)PC1Pressure	(2)P2Pressure (4)PC2Pressure	-19-25JAN06
ΟΚ		1002972

⁹⁰¹⁵ 20 1. Special Function

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After selecting Special Function, Dr. ZX will display a list of functions that can be deactivated.

Select a function to deactivate.

ESC will return to Main Controller Select Function Screen.



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LD30992,0000220 -19-25APR06-11/30

2. After selecting a function to deactivate, Dr. ZX will prompt the user to execute or escape.

Select Execute to deactivate the function.

ESC will return to Main Controller Function Selection Screen.



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LD30992,0000220 -19-25APR06-13/30
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1. **Setup**—After selecting Setup, Dr. ZX will prompt for a password. Enter the password and select OK to enter the main controller setup menu.

Cancel will return to Main Controller Select Function Screen.





a. **Parameter Change**—In the parameter change screen, Dr. ZX will display a list of parameters that may be adjusted.

Select a parameter to change.

ESC will return to Main Controller Parameter Change screen.



Continued on next page

Item	Data	Unit	Min. Adjustment Value	Adjustable Range	Standard Adjustment
Parameter Change					
Li Speed Adjustment	Adjustment of minimum engine speed	min ⁻¹	10 min ⁻¹	0—150 min ⁻¹	0 min ⁻¹
WU Speed Adjustment	Adjustment of warming up engine speed	min ⁻¹	10 min ⁻¹	0—150 min ⁻¹	0 min ⁻¹
AI Speed Adjustment	Adjustment of auto-idle engine speed	min ⁻¹	10 min ⁻¹	-180—500 min ⁻¹	0 min ⁻¹
E Speed Adjustment	Adjustment of E mode engine speed	min ⁻¹	10 min ⁻¹	-200—200 min ⁻¹	0 min ⁻¹
P Speed Adjustment	Adjustment of P mode engine speed	min ⁻¹	10 min ⁻¹	-200—100 min ⁻¹	0 min ⁻¹
HP Speed Adjustment	Adjustment of HP mode engine speed	min ⁻¹	10 min ⁻¹	-200—0 min ⁻¹	0 min ⁻¹
Pump PQ Torque Adjustment	Adjustment of P-Q curve	N•m	10 N•m	-1000—120 N•m	0 N•m
Pump P1 Torque Adjustment	Adjustment of 1P-Q curve	N∙m	10 N•m	-1000—0 N•m	0 N•m
Pump P2 Torque Adjustment	Adjustment of 2P-Q curve	N∙m	10 N•m	-1000—0 N•m	0 N•m
ATT Speed Increase Down Waiting Time	Setting time required for engine speed decrease	ms	40 ms	0—3000 ms	3000 ms
ATT Torque Down ON/OFF	ON/OFF of torque down control when a front attachment is operated	ON, OFF	_	_	OFF
ECO Control Selection	ON/OFF of ECO control	ON, OFF	—	—	ON
HP Control Selection	ON/OFF of HP control	ON, OFF	_	_	ON
Engine Control Theft Prevention Selection	ON/OFF of engine control theft prevention	ON, OFF	_	_	OFF
Pump Control Theft Prevention Selection	ON/OFF of pump control theft prevention	ON, OFF	_	_	OFF
Min. Boom CYL. Bottom Pressure Over Balance	Setting of minimum boom cylinder bottom pressure over balance	MPa	0.1 MPa	-10.0—10.0 MPa	0.0 MPa
Adjustment of Auto-lubrication interval	Adjustment of Auto-lubrication interval	min	1 min	6—253 min	50 min

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Adjustment of Pump 1 Min. Capacity	Adjustment of Pump 1 delivery flow rate	cm ³	2.5 cm ³	0.0—140.0 cm ³	0.0 cm ³
Adjustment of Pump 2 Min. Capacity	Adjustment of Pump 2 delivery flow rate	cm ³	2.5 cm ³	0.0—140.0 cm ³	0.0 cm ³
Adjustment of Pump Cut-off Pressure	Adjustment of relief oil flow decrease control	МРа	0.1 MPa	-10.0—0.0 MPa	0.0 MPa
Adjustment of Pump 1 Regulator Pressure Offset Pressure	Adjustment of pump 1 delivery flow rate	MPa	0.006 MPa	-0.102—0.102 MPa	0.000 MPa
Adjustment of Pump 2 Regulator Pressure Offset Pressure	Adjustment of pump 2 delivery flow rate	МРа	0.006 MPa	-0.102—0.102 MPa	0.000 MPa
Adjustment of Boom Oil Flow Control Electric Circuit	Adjustment of solenoid valve unit (SF)	mA	5 mA	-640—0 mA	0 mA
ATT Mode Memory ON/OFF Switch	ON/OFF of ATT mode memory	ON, OFF	_	_	OFF

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b. Each parameter will list a range in which the parameter can be adjusted, an initial setting and a current setting. Enter a number to change the current setting and select Execution to advance to the confirmation screen.

ESC will return to List of Main Controller Parameters screen.



Continued on next page

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c. Dr. ZX will confirm the data entered in the previous screen. Select Execute to change the parameter.

ESC will return to List of Main Controller Parameters screen.

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Main Controller Parameter Adjustment Confirmation

LD30992,0000220 -19-25APR06-21/30


a. ATT Parameter Change—After selecting ATT Parameter Change, Dr. ZX will display a list of Select ATT attachments which parameters can be changed. Select an attachment to change the parameters. ATT1 ESC will return to Main Controller Parameter Change screen. ATT2 \bigtriangleup ATT3 TX1007023 -19-26APR06 ATT4 **ESC** Attachment Selection LD30992,0000220 -19-25APR06-23/30 b. Each attachment has a list of parameters that may be changed. Select a parameter to change. Select ATT setting item ESC will return to Attachment Selection Screen. ATT1 ATT Type +**ATT1 ATT Number** + \bigtriangleup **ATT1 P1 Swash** Angle Adjustment ATT1 P2 Swash -19-26APR06 +**Angle Adjustment** FX1007024 **ESC** Attachment Parameter Change List

LD30992,0000220 -19-25APR06-24/30 450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests

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Item	Data	Unit	Min. Adjustment Value	Adjustable Range	Standard Adjustment
ATT1					
ATT1 ATT Type	Attachment selection	BR, PU, CR, VI, Un, Non	_	BR, PU, CR, VI, Un, Non	BR
ATT1 ATT No.	Attachment setting number selection	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	—	1 to 5	1
ATT1 P1 Max Swash Angle Adjustment	Adjustment of lower limit of maximum pump 1 flow rate when using attachment	L/min	0.5 L/min	100—367 L/min	367 L/min
ATT1 P2 Max Swash Angle Adjustment	Adjustment of lower limit of maximum pump 2 flow rate when using attachment	L/min	0.5 L/min	100—367 L/min	200 L/min
ATT1 Engine Speed Increase/Decrease	Adjustment of engine speed when using attachment	min ⁻¹	10 min ⁻¹	-500—100 min ⁻¹	0 min ⁻¹
ATT1 Secondary Pilot Relief Pressure Selection	Secondary pilot relief valve ON/OFF selection	ON, OFF	_	ON/OFF	Unregistered
ATT1 Selector Valve Selection	Selector valve ON/OFF selection	ON, OFF	—	C/V or 0/T	Unregistered
ATT1 Accumulator Selection	Accumulator ON/OFF selection	ON, OFF	_	ON/OFF	Unregistered
ATT1 2-Speed Selection	2-Speed selection ON/OFF selection	ON, OFF	_	ON/OFF	Off
ATT2					
ATT2 ATT Type	Attachment selection	BR, PU, CR, VI, Un, Non	_	BR, PU, CR, VI, Un, Non	BR
ATT2 ATT No.	Attachment setting number selection	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	_	1 to 5	2
ATT2 P1 Max Swash Angle Adjustment	Adjustment of lower limit of maximum pump 1 flow rate when using attachment	L/min	0.5 L/min	100—367 L/min	367 L/min
ATT2 P2 Max Swash Angle Adjustment	Adjustment of lower limit of maximum pump 2 flow rate when using attachment	L/min	0.5 L/min	100—367 L/min	250 L/min
ATT2 Engine Speed Increase/Decrease	Adjustment of engine speed when using attachment	min ⁻¹	10 min ⁻¹	-500—100 min ⁻¹	0 min ⁻¹

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					1
ATT2 Secondary Pilot Relief Pressure Selection	Secondary pilot relief valve ON/OFF selection	ON, OFF	_	ON/OFF	Unregistered
ATT2 Selector Valve Selection	Selector valve ON/OFF selection	ON, OFF	_	C/V or 0/T	Unregistered
ATT2 Accumulator Selection	Accumulator ON/OFF selection	ON, OFF	—	ON/OFF	Unregistered
ATT2 2-Speed Selection	2-Speed selection ON/OFF selection	ON, OFF	_	ON/OFF	Off
ATT3					
ATT3 ATT Type	Attachment selection	BR, PU, CR, VI, Un, Non	—	BR, PU, CR, VI, Un, Non	BR
ATT3 ATT No.	Attachment setting number selection	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	_	1 to 5	3
ATT3 P1 Max Swash Angle Adjustment	Adjustment of lower limit of maximum pump 1 flow rate when using attachment	L/min	0.5 L/min	100—367 L/min	367 L/min
ATT3 P2 Max Swash Angle Adjustment	Adjustment of lower limit of maximum pump 2 flow rate when using attachment	L/min	0.5 L/min	100—367 L/min	280 L/min
ATT3 Engine Speed Increase/Decrease	Adjustment of engine speed when using attachment	min ⁻¹	10 min ⁻¹	-500—100 min ⁻¹	0 min ⁻¹
ATT3 Secondary Pilot Relief Pressure Selection	Secondary pilot relief valve ON/OFF selection	ON, OFF	_	ON/OFF	Unregistered
ATT3 Selector Valve Selection	Selector valve ON/OFF selection	ON, OFF	—	C/V or 0/T	Unregistered
ATT3 Accumulator Selection	Accumulator ON/OFF selection	ON, OFF	—	ON/OFF	Unregistered
ATT3 2-Speed Selection	2-Speed selection ON/OFF selection	ON, OFF	_	ON/OFF	Off
ATT4					
ATT4 ATT Type	Attachment selection	BR, PU, CR, VI, Un, Non	_	BR, PU, CR, VI, Un, Non	Unregistered
ATT4 ATT No.	Attachment setting number selection	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	—	1 to 5	Unregistered
ATT4 P1 Max Swash Angle Adjustment	Adjustment of lower limit of maximum pump 1 flow rate when using attachment	L/min	0.5 L/min	100—367 L/min	367 L/min

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ATT4 P2 Max Swash Angle Adjustment	Adjustment of lower limit of maximum pump 2 flow rate when using attachment	L/min	0.5 L/min	100—367 L/min	367 L/min
ATT4 Engine Speed Increase/Decrease	Adjustment of engine speed when using attachment	min ⁻¹	10 min ⁻¹	-500—100 min ⁻¹	0 min ⁻¹
ATT4 Secondary Pilot Relief Pressure Selection	Secondary pilot relief valve ON/OFF selection	ON, OFF	_	ON/OFF	Unregistered
ATT4 Selector Valve Selection	Selector valve ON/OFF selection	ON, OFF	—	C/V or 0/T	Unregistered
ATT4 Accumulator Selection	Accumulator ON/OFF selection	ON, OFF	_	ON/OFF	Unregistered
ATT4 2-Speed Selection	2-Speed selection ON/OFF selection	ON, OFF	_	ON/OFF	Off
ATT5					
ATT5 ATT Type	Attachment selection	BR, PU, CR, VI, Un, Non	_	BR, PU, CR, VI, Un, Non	Unregistered
ATT5 ATT No.	Attachment setting number selection	1, 2, 3, 4, 5	_	1 to 5	Unregistered
ATT5 P1 Max Swash Angle Adjustment	Adjustment of lower limit of maximum pump 1 flow rate when using attachment	L/min	0.5 L/min	100—367 L/min	367 L/min
ATT5 P2 Max Swash Angle Adjustment	Adjustment of lower limit of maximum pump 2 flow rate when using attachment	L/min	0.5 L/min	100—367 L/min	367 L/min
ATT5 Engine Speed Increase/Decrease	Adjustment of engine speed when using attachment	min ⁻¹	10 min ⁻¹	-500—100 min ⁻¹	0 min ⁻¹
ATT5 Secondary Pilot Relief Pressure Selection	Secondary pilot relief valve ON/OFF selection	ON, OFF	_	ON/OFF	Unregistered
ATT5 Selector Valve Selection	Selector valve ON/OFF selection	ON, OFF	—	C/V or 0/T	Unregistered
ATT5 Accumulator Selection	Accumulator ON/OFF selection	ON, OFF	-	ON/OFF	Unregistered
ATT5 2-Speed Selection	2-Speed selection ON/OFF selection	ON, OFF	_	ON/OFF	Off

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062608 PN=538 c. Each parameter will list a range in which the parameter can be adjusted, an initial setting and a current setting. Enter a number to change the current setting and select Execution to advance to the confirmation screen.

ESC will return to Attachment Parameter Change List screen.



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d. Dr. ZX will confirm the data entered in the previous screen. Select Execute to change the parameter.

ESC will return to Attachment Parameter Change List screen.



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e. Dr. ZX will indicate when the data has been changed. Select ESC to return to Attachment Parameter Change List screen. a. All Parameter Initialize—This will reset all the parameters to the factory default settings. b. Select OK to reset parameters. Data has changed ESC will return to Main Controller Parameter Change screen. -19-26APR06 IX1007022 **ESC** Data Changed LD30992,0000220 -19-25APR06-30/30 Engine Controller (ECM) Diagnostics Using SelectFunction Dr. ZX 1. Start Dr. ZX and select Select Controller. **Self-Diagnostic Results** For connection procedure to machine, See Personal Digital Assistant (PDA) Connection to Excavator Using SelectController +DR. ZX Application. (Group 9015-20.) NOTE: Screen will display "Communicating" while sending and receiving data. X1002912 -19-24JAN06 **ESC** Function Selection Screen LD30992,0000221 -19-25APR06-1/10 Continued on next page

2. Select Engine C/U for main controller diagnostics.

ESC will return to Function Selection Screen.



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4. Dr. ZX will display the controller information. Select OK to continue.

ESC will return to Function Selection Screen.



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2. The Monitoring Select Item Screen displays a list of items that may be monitored. Select up to four items to display.

A number to the upper right of the Clear button will indicate the number of items selected.

Start will display the selected items.

Clear will clear all selected items.

ESC will return to Main Controller Select Function Screen.

Select item **Actual Accelerator** + |Position **Engine Torque** +**Target Engine Speed** -19-26APR06 **Glow Signal** LX1006969 Start **ESC** Clear Monitoring Select Item Screen

LD30992,0000221 -19-25APR06-6/10

3. The Monitoring Screen will display the parameters **Act.Accelerator POS** 20.5 % selected in the previous screen. Hold will temporarily freeze the data, selecting Hold a second time will unfreeze the data. **Engine Torque** 20.5 % ESC will return to the Monitoring Select Item Screen. Record will make a recording of the data being Tar.Eng Speed 1500.0 min-1 displayed. Screen will display 'Now Recording' when a recording is being taken. **Glow Signal** -19-26APR06 OFF ON X1006970 Record **ESC** HOLD Monitoring Screen LD30992,0000221 -19-25APR06-7/10 Continued on next page 9015-20-53 TM2361 (24JUN08) 450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests 062608 PN=543

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	 4. After a recording has been made, Dr. ZX will prompt for a data storage location. Select a write data-bank to store the recording in. ESC will return to the Monitoring Screen. 	Select Write Data-Bank 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16
		ESC Select Write Data-Bank Screen
9015 20 54	 5. After a storage location has been selected, Dr. ZX will prompt to overwrite the information in that storage location. Select Overwrite to overwrite and save the data. 	Rec. No.: 1 Data: 2003/01/12 04:01:52
	ESC will return to the Select Data-Bank Screen.	Model: 01U1 Serial No.: 200004 (1)P1DeliveryPr (2)P2DeliveryPr (3)PC1Pressure (4)PC2Pressure Overwrite ESC
		Continued on next page LD30992,0000221 -19-25APR06-9/10

6. Once the data has been stored, comments or additional information may be added to the recording.

Select Comment to add a comment to the reading.

ESC will return to the Monitoring Screen.

7. Following the comment screen, Dr. ZX will allow corrections to the comment by selecting Re-Input.

Special Function

Engine Special Function is not available at this time.

Rec. No.: 2 Data: 2003/01/	2 /12 04:08:32	
Model:	1U10	
Serial No.:	200004	
(1)P1DeliveryPr (3)PC1Pressure	(2)P2Pressure (4)PC2Pressure	-19-25JAN06
ΟΚ		X1002972
Data Bank Col	mment Screen	Υ.Ε.

LD30992,0000221 -19-25APR06-10/10

Monitor Controller Diagnostics Using Dr. ZX

1. Start Dr. ZX and select Select Controller.

For connection procedure to machine, See Personal Digital Assistant (PDA) Connection to Excavator Using DR. ZX Application. (Group 9015-20.)

NOTE: Screen will display "Communicating" while sending and receiving data.





4. Select Start to proceed into the service program.

Back will return to Function Selection Screen.

Password will allow the user to change the Dr. ZX password. See Dr. ZX Password Change. (Group 9015-20.)



5. Monitoring will display the status of various switches, sensors and controller signals on the machine. See **Monitoring** later in this procedure.

Various Settings configures how the monitor controller displays data on the monitor controller display. See **Various Settings** later in this procedure.

ESC will return to Dr. ZX start screen.



 Monitoring— After selecting Monitoring button, Dr. ZX will display a list of items that may be viewed. Select up to four items to display. NOTE: A number just to the upper right of the Clear button will indicate how many items have been selected. Start will display selected items. Clear will clear all selected items. ESC will return to Monitoring and Various Settings Selection Screen. 		Select item + Monitor SW S + Coolant Temp + Fuel Level + Security sign Start Clear Monitoring Select	Status Check Derature Mal 3 ESC Hem Screen	
Monitor Controller Monitoring It	ems List em	Unit	Data	
Selecting	Monitoring			
Monitor Switch Condition Check	Monitor Button Condition	ON=Dark OFF=Light	Switch state of monitor unit	
Radiator Coolant Temperature	Coolant Temperature	°C	Input signal from coolant temperature sensor	
Fuel Level	Fuel Level	%	Input signal from fuel sensor	
Security Signal	Security Signal	OFF, ON	Communication from monitor u	
Mail Switch	Mail Switch	OFF, Fuel, Forwarding, Repair, General	Operating state of mail	
2. Monitor controller readings may be temporarily frozen by selecting the Hold button. Selecting the Hold button a second time will unfreeze the readings. Coolant Temp. 20 DC ESC will return to Monitor Item Selection Screen. Fuel Level 23 %				

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Various Setup Items List	1.ltem		Unit
Optional Function	M1 (Optional Function 1 Allocate)		Set/Unset: Work Mode Function ML Crane Function Mail Function Auto Lubrication Function Collision Prevention Function
	M2 (Optional Function 2 Allocate)		
	M3 (Optional Function 3 Allocate)		
	M4 (Optional Function 4 Allocate)		
	M5 (Optional Function 5 Allocate)		
	M6 (Optional Function 6 Allocate)		
	M7 (Optional Function 7 Allocate)		
	M8 (Optional Function 8 Allocate)		
	M9 (Optional Function 9 Allocate)		
Overload Alarm Enable/Disable			Enable/Disable
Back Monitor Setup	Back Monitor Function Enable/Disable		Enable/Disable
	Back Monitor Display Normal/Flip Vertical		Flip Vertical/Normal
Operating Condition Enable/Disable			Enable/Disable
Time Set Func Enable/Disable			Enable/Disable
Maintenance Setup	Maintenance Function Enable/Disable		Enable/Disable
	Notification Function Enable/Disable		Enable/Disable
	Maintenance Display Item ON/OFF		
		Engine Oil	OFF/ON
		Engine Oil Filter	OFF/ON
		Hydraulic Oil	OFF/ON
		Hydraulic Oil Pilot Filter	OFF/ON
		Hydraulic Oil Full-Flow Filter	OFF/ON
		Pump Transmission	OFF/ON
		Swing Bearing Grease	OFF/ON
		Travel Device Oil	OFF/ON
		Swing Device Oil	OFF/ON
		Air Cleaner Filter	OFF/ON
		Engine/Air Conditioner V-Belt	OFF/ON
		Air Conditioner Filter	OFF/ON
		Fuel Filter	OFF/ON
Change Memory Status	ML Crane		Store/Not Store

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Reference	es
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3. Select Password.

Back will return to Function Selection Screen.

Disp.Record will display stored data from the Write Data Bank.

Start will go to Monitor Display, Special Function and Setup Select Function Screen.

Op.Manual is not available at this time.



4. Input the current password and select OK. Cancel will return to Dr. ZX Start Screen.

 Input password

 Password:

 OK
 Cancel

 Input Password Screen

 5. Input the new password, then re-input the password again and select OK.

Cancel will return to Dr. ZX Start Screen.



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LD30992,00004C3 -19-08JUN06-5/6
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Pump Learning Procedure

The pump learning procedure uses inputs from the pump control pressure sensors while monitoring the output to the pump control solenoids to determine the pump swash plate position.

- IMPORTANT: Pump learning procedure must be performed if the hydraulic pump, hydraulic pump regulator, hydraulic pump control solenoid or main controller (MCF) are replaced.
- IMPORTANT: If pump learning procedure fails, new data is not stored. Main controller (MCF) will use previous pump learning data.

Machine must meet the following criteria to perform pump learning procedure:

- No diagnostic trouble codes
- Engine speed dial: fast idle
- Auto-idle switch: Off
- Power mode switch: HP
- Pressure sensor: Zero output (pilot control lever in neutral)
- Hydraulic oil temperature: 45-55°C (81-163°F)
- Pilot shutoff lever: LOCK position
- Learning switch: OFF
- Connect to machine with Dr. ZX. See Personal Digital Assistant (PDA) Connection To Excavator Using Dr. ZX. (Group 9015-20.)
- 2. Under Main Controller: Monitor Display, select:
 - Pump Regulator Learning SW
 - Pump 1 Regulator Learning Condition
 - Pump 2 Regulator Learning Condition
 - Pump 1&2 Regulator Learning Status

Select Start to view selected items.

LD30992,00004C8 -19-08JUN06-1/4

- 3. Turn learning switch to ON position (the position away from "E"). Learning switch is located under the fuse cover.
- 4. Monitor the pump learning procedure status with Dr. ZX.
 - · Pump Regulator Learning SW: Displays status of learning switch
 - Pump 1 Regulator Learning Condition: Displays regulator learning condition after pump learning procedure has been performed.
 - Pump 2 Regulator Learning Condition: Displays regulator learning condition after pump learning procedure has been performed.
 - Pump 1&2 Regulator Learning Status:
 - 1In, 2In—Display when a new main controller is installed and learning procedure has not been performed.
 - 1Su, 2Su-Display when pump learning procedure is successful.
 - 1Fa, 2Fa—Display when pump learning procedure has failed.
 - 1Le, 2Le—Display when pump learning procedure is in progress.



Continued on next page

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5. When "1Su" and "2Su" are displayed, pump learning procedure is complete. If "1Fa" or "2Fa" is displayed, pump learning procedure has failed. See diagnostic table below.



Learning Status	Cause	Corrective Action
Low Eng Speed	Actual engine speed less than 500 rpm Abnormal CAN Communication	Check for diagnostic trouble codes Increase engine speed to 1600 rpm or more
Gate Lock Awaked	Pilot shutoff lever moved from LOCKED position	Move pilot shutoff lever to LOCKED position
Signal Over Range	Pump regulator pressure sensor or harness malfunction Pump control solenoid valve or harness malfunction	Check for diagnostic trouble codes
Save Failed	Main controller malfunction	Repeat procedure three more times. If main controller continues to fail saving data, replace controller
Learnable	Normal	—

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Machine Information Center (MIC) Application

Machine Information Center (MIC) Application is a program that allow dealers and technicians to view and analyze data downloaded from the machine. The Information Controller (ICF) records various data points and stores them for download at a later time. After the data has been downloaded to the Personal Digital Assistant (PDA) it can be transferred to a computer to be analyzed.

NOTE: Pump learning procedure takes approximately 40

seconds to complete.

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References





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Information Controller (ICF) Model and Serial Number 1. Start Dr. ZX and select Select Controller. ESC will return to ZX—3 Large Screen. SelectFunction + Self-Diagnostic Results + SelectController ESC will return to ZX—3 Large Screen. ESC will return to ZX—3 Large Screen. ESC will return to ZX—4 Large Screen. ESC will return to Function Selection Screen. Select failure-diagnosis controller + Main C/U + Bengine C/U + Monitor Unit + Information C/U ESC will return to Function Selection Screen.			
1. Start Dr. ZX and select Select Controller. ESC will return to ZX—3 Large Screen. + Self-Diagnostic Results + SelectController Esc. <i>Function Selection Screen</i> 2. Select Information C/U. ESC will return to Function Selection Screen. Select failure-diagnosis + Main C/U + Monitor Unit + Monitor Unit + Information C/U. Curtreller Selection Screen Controller	Information Controller (ICF) Model and Serial Number	SelectFunction	
(+) SelectController Esc <i>Function Selection Screen</i> 2. Select Information C/U. Esc will return to Function Selection Screen. Select failure-diagnosis controller (+) Main C/U (+) Main C/U (+) Monitor Unit (+) Monitor Unit (+) Information C/U <i>Esc Particular Selection Screen Particular Selection Screen</i>	 Start Dr. ZX and select Select Controller. ESC will return to ZX—3 Large Screen. 	+ Self-Diagnostic Results	
ESC Function Selection Screen Select Information C/U. So will return to Function Selection Screen. Select failure-diagnosis controller + Main C/U + Engine C/U + Monitor Unit + Information C/U ESC Controller - Monitor Unit - Information C/U - Select Screen - Main C/U - Screen - Main C/U - Screen - Monitor Unit - Monitor Unit - Monitor Unit - Monitor Unit - Monitor Unit - Monitor C/U - Screen - Monitor C/U - Monitor C		+ SelectController	
Image: Second Secon			3-24JAN06
Function Screen Funct		ESC	<pre><1002912 -1</pre>
 1. Select Information C/U. Sc will return to Function Selection Screen. Select failure-diagnosis controller Main C/U Engine C/U Monitor Unit Information C/U Esc 		Function Selection Screen	Ê
ESC will return to Function Selection Screen. Controller + Main C/U + Engine C/U + Monitor Unit + Information C/U ESC Bottom Returns on Lingen and the neutron o	2. Select Information C/U.	LD30992,00004C4 Select failure-diagnosis	-19-08JUN06-1/8
+ Main C/U + Engine C/U + Monitor Unit + Information C/U ESC	ESC will return to Function Selection Screen.	controller	
+ Engine C/U + Monitor Unit + Information C/U ESC Souther december on the complete		+ Main C/U	
+ Monitor Unit + Information C/U ESC Controller Selection Screen		+ Engine C/U	
+ Information C/U ESC Controller Selection Screen		$+$ Monitor Unit \sim	-24JAN06
		+ Information C/U ESC	X1002915 –19
		Controller Selection Screen	
		Continued on next page LD30992.00004C4	-19-08JUN06-2/8

References





7. Enter Model and Serial number and select Exec to proceed.

Select ESC to return to Information C/U: Various Setup Screen without changing the model or serial number.



)15 20 74	8.	After verifying model and serial number select OK to continue.	Enter Model and Serial No.
		ESC will return to Information C/U: Various Setup Screen.	Model <u>0001</u> Ex. Mach.No.(HCM1G600P12 3456) Model(01G6)
			Serial No.000001 Ex. Mach.No.(HCM1G600P12 3456) Serial No.(123456)
			OK ESC
			Enter Model and Serial Number Screen
			LD30992,00004C4 -19-08JUN06-8/8














8. Select OK and return to information C/U: Various Setup screen.



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LD30992,00004C6 -19-08JUN06-8/8
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6. The download screen is displayed while data is transferred.

Cancel will terminate download and return to Information Controller Setup Screen.



7. If the data transfer is interrupted, this screen will be displayed. Check connection and select data download from the Main Menu screen again. Â The download has been interrupted.No data has been transferred to the Dr.ZX TX1003005 -19-25JAN06 OK Download Interrupted Screen i 9015 20 86 The download is completed.You may disconnect the download cable TX1003004 -19-26APR06 OK Download Completed Screen LD30992,0000226 -19-08JUN06-7/7

Information Controller (ICF) Recorded Data

The Information Controller (ICF) records and saves data from the various sensors and switches on the machine.

The information controller records:

- Daily Report Data List
- Frequency Distribution List
- Cumulative Operating Hour List

The data may be downloaded to a computer or sent via satellite (if equipped). See Information Controller (ICF) Initialization Download. (Group 9015-20.)

Daily Report Data List

Continued on next page

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It	em	Details
Date		Date of daily report data.
Start Time		Time when key switch is first turned ON during daily operation. (Recorded by key switch ON signal.)
Stop Time		Time when key switch is last turned OFF during daily operation. (Recorded by key switch ON signal.)
Fuel Level		Level of fuel at the end of daily operation. (Recorded by the fuel sensor from the monitor.)
Fuel Usage		Amount of fuel used during a day. (Calculated from Engine Control Unit (ECU))
Machine Hour Meter		Cumulative machine hours. (Recorded from hour meter on monitor.)
	HP Mode Hours	Hours operated in HP mode per day. (Recorded from power mode switch information from Main Controller (MCF))
Engine Operating Hours	P Mode Hours	Hours operated in P mode per day. (Recorded from power mode switch information from Main Controller (MCF))
	E Mode Hours	Hours operated in E mode per day. (Recorded from power mode switch information from Main Controller (MCF))
Auto-Idle Switch ON Time		Hours operated with auto-idle switch ON per day. (Recorded from auto-idle switch information from Main Controller (MCF))
Travel Operating Hours	Fast Travel Hours	Hours operated in fast travel mode per day. (Recorded from travel speed switch information from Main Controller (MCF))
	Slow Travel Hours	Hours operated in slow travel mode per day. (Recorded from travel speed switch information from Main Controller (MCF))
Swing Operating Hours		Hours operated swinging per day. (Recorded from swing pressure sensor information from the Main Controller (MCF))
Digging Operating Hours		Hours operated digging per day. (Recorded from front attachment information from the Main Controller (MCF))
	Breaker Operating Hours	Hours operated with breaker selected per day. (Recorded from attachment information from Main Controller (MCF))
	Secondary Crusher Operating Hours	Hours operated with secondary crusher selected per day. (Recorded from attachment information from Main Controller (MCF))
Attachment Operating Hours	Primary Crusher Operating Hours	Hours operated with primary crusher selected per day. (Recorded from attachment information from Main Controller (MCF))
	Vibrating Hammer Operating Hours	Hours operated with vibrating hammer selected per day. (Recorded from attachment information from Main Controller (MCF))
	Bucket Operating Hours	Hours operated with bucket selected per day. (Recorded from attachment information from Main Controller (MCF))
No Load Time		Hours machine is not operated per day. (Recorded from all pressure sensors from Main Controller (MCF))
Radiator Coolant Temperature		Highest radiator coolant temperature per day. (Recorded from monitor)
Hydraulic Oil Temperature		Highest hydraulic oil temperature per day. (Recorded from Main Controller (MCF))
Intake Air Temperature		Highest intake air temperature per day. (Recorded from Engine Control Unit (ECU))
Engine Operating Hour Distribution Data		Operating hour distribution for engine per day. (Recorded when alternator output signal is available for more than 10 min.)
Loaded Time Distribution Data		Operating hour distribution for machine per day. (Recorded when operating pressure is continuously detected for more than 5 min. with engine running)

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Frequency Distribution Data List

Item	Details
Fuel Temperature	Frequency distribution of fuel temperature.
Pump Load	Frequency distribution of average pump delivery pressure of pumps 1 and 2.
Average Pump Delivery Pressure in Digging Operation	Frequency distribution of average pump delivery pressure from pumps during digging operation.
Average Pump Delivery Pressure in Travel Operation	Frequency distribution of average pump delivery pressure from pumps during travel operation.
Radiator Coolant Temperature	Frequency information of coolant temperature.
Hydraulic Oil Temperature	Frequency information of hydraulic oil temperature.
Radiator Coolant Temperature—Intake Air Temperature	Frequency information on temperature in which intake air temperature is pulled from coolant temperature.
Hydraulic Oil Temperature—Intake Air Temperature	Frequency information on temperature in which intake air temperature is pulled from hydraulic oil temperature.
Pump Load Rate	Frequency information of engine speed and average load rate. (average of pump 1 load rate and pump 2 load rate)
Engine Load Rate	Frequency information of engine speed and engine torque.
Radiator Coolant Temperature/Intake Air Temperature	Frequency information of coolant temperature and intake air temperature.
Hydraulic Oil Temperature/Intake Air Temperature	Frequency information of hydraulic oil temperature and intake air temperature.

Cumulative Operation Hour List

Item		Details
Inner Hour Meter		Hour meter's value accumulated inside Information Controller (ICF).
Machine Hour Meter		Hour meter's value accumulated inside machine's monitor.
	HP Mode Hours	Total engine operating hours in HP mode.
Engine Operation Hours	P Mode Hours	Total engine operating hours in P mode.
	E Mode Hours	Total engine operating hours in E mode.
Auto-Idle Switch ON Time		Hours when auto-idle switch is turned ON.
Travel Operation Hours	Fast Travel Speed Hours	Total operating hours in fast travel mode.
	Slow Travel Speed Hours	Total operating hours in slow travel mode.
Swing Operation Hours		Total swing operating hours.
Front Attachment Operating) Hours	Total front attachment operating hours.
	Breaker Operating Hours	Total operating hours with breaker selected per day.
Attachment Operation Hours	Secondary Crusher Operating Hours	Total operating hours with secondary crusher selected per day.
	Vibrating Hammer Operating Hours	Total operating hours with vibrating hammer selected per day.
	Bucket Operating Hours	Total operating hours with bucket selected per day.
No Load Time		Total of machine's waiting hours.

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Fuse Test

Some symptoms may indicate an expensive component failure, when in fact a fuse has failed. Machine functions can be performed without test equipment to determine if fuses have failed. If certain circuits or components operate, fuses are considered to be OK.

- F1—Boom Lights 20 A Fuse (Marked LAMP)
- F2—Windshield Wiper and Washer 10 A Fuse (Marked WIPER)
- F3—Air Conditioner and Heater 20 A Fuse (Marked HEATER)
- F4—Solenoid 10 A Fuse (Marked SOLENOID)
- F5—Travel Alarm 5 A Fuse (Marked OPT. ALT 1)
- F6—Optional Equipment 10 A Fuse (Marked OPT. 2)
- F7—Lubricator 10 A Fuse (Marked LUBRICATOR)
- F8—Engine Control Module (ECM) 30 A Fuse (Marked ECM)
- F9—Radio Backup 5 A Fuse (Marked BACK UP)
- F10—Machine Information Center and Main Controller Batter Power 5 A Fuse (Marked CU)
- F11—Horn 10 A Fuse (Marked HORN)
- F12—Radio and Dome Light 5 A Fuse (Marked ROOM LAMP RADIO)
- F13—Lighter 10 A Fuse (Marked LIGHTER)
- F14—High Pressure Fuel Pump Control Valve 15 A Fuse (Marked PCV)
- F15—Cab Auxiliary Power Connector One 10 A Fuse (Marked AUXILIARY)
- F16—Glow Plug Relay 5 A Fuse (Marked GLOW/RELAY)
- F17—Air Conditioner and Heater 5 A Fuse (Marked AIR CON)
- F18—Controller Key Switch Signal 5 A Fuse (Marked POW ON)
- F19—Controller 5 A Fuse (Marked SW. BOX)
- F20—Optional Equipment 10 A Fuse (Marked (OPT. BATT 3))



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Fuse Test		
Fuse	Test	Results of Fuse Failure
F1—Boom Lights 20 A Fuse (Marked LAMP)	Turn key switch ON. Turn light switch to first or second position. If boom lights operate, fuse is OK.	Boom lights will not operate.
F2—Windshield Wiper and Washer 10 A Fuse (Marked WIPER)	Turn key switch ON. Turn windshield wiper ON. If wiper or washer operates, fuse is OK.	Windshield wiper and washer will not operate.
F3—Air Conditioner and Heater 20 A Fuse (Marked HEATER)	Turn key switch ON. Push blower speed switch. If blower operates in any speed, fuse is OK.	Air conditioner or heater blower will not operate.
F4—Solenoid 10 A Fuse (Marked SOLENOID)	If hydraulic system functions normally, fuse is OK.	Travel and hydraulic functions will not operate.
F5—Travel Alarm 5 A Fuse (Marked OPT. ALT 1)	If travel alarm sounds while traveling, fuse is OK.	Travel alarm will not operate.
F6—Optional Equipment 10 A Fuse (Marked OPT. 2)	Check with multimeter.	Optional equipment will not operate.
F7—Lubricator 10 A Fuse (Marked LUBRICATOR)	Check with multimeter.	Lubricator will not operate.
F8—Engine Control Module (ECM) 30 A Fuse (Marked ECM)	Turn key switch to START. If engine starts, fuse is OK.	Engine will crank, but will not start. Alarm indicators will appear on monitor display.
F9—Radio Backup 5 A Fuse (Marked BACK UP)	Turn key switch ON. If radio keeps time and presets, fuse is OK.	Radio clock will reset and radio will not keep preset stations.
F10—Machine Information Center and Main Controller Batter Power 5 A Fuse (Marked CU)	Turn key switch ON. If monitor displays time and fuel usage meter (if option is enabled), fuse is OK.	Monitor will not display time or fuel usage meter.
F11—Horn 10 A Fuse (Marked HORN)	Press horn button. If horn sounds, fuse is OK.	Horn will not operate.
F12—Radio and Dome Light 5 A Fuse (Marked ROOM LAMP RADIO)	Turn key switch ON. Turn on dome light or radio. If radio or dome light operates, fuse is OK.	Radio and dome light will not operate.
F13—Lighter 10 A Fuse (Marked LIGHTER)	Check with multimeter.	Lighter will not operate.
F14—High Pressure Fuel Pump Control Valve 15 A Fuse (Marked PCV)	Turn key to START position. If engine starts, fuse is OK.	Engine will crank but not start.
F15—Cab Auxiliary Power Connector One 10 A Fuse (Marked AUXILIARY)	Check with multimeter	Optional equipment will not operate.
F16—Glow Plug Relay 5 A Fuse (Marked GLOW/RELAY)	Check with multimeter	Glow plugs will not operate.
F17—Air Conditioner and Heater 5 A Fuse (Marked AIR CON)	Turn key switch ON. If air conditioner and heater controller operates, fuse is OK.	Air conditioner and heater controller and display will not operate.
F18—Controller Key Switch Signal 5 A Fuse (Marked POW ON)	Turn key switch ON. If monitor display works, fuse is OK.	Monitor display will not work, engine will not crank.

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F19—Controller 5 A Fuse (Marked SW. BOX)	Push Hour Meter button with key switch OFF.	Fuel and hour check function will not operate with key switch OFF.
F20—Optional Equipment 10 A Fuse (Marked (OPT. BATT 3))	Check with multimeter.	Optional equipment will not operate.
(Marked (OP1. BATT 3))		

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- F21—Heated Air Seat 10 A Fuse (Marked SEAT HEATER)
 - F22—Front Cab Light One 15 A Fuse (Marked CAB LAMP FRONT)
 - F23—Rear Cab Light 10 A Fuse (Marked CAB LAMP REAR)
 - F24—12 Volt Power Unit 10 A Fuse (Marked 12V UNIT)
 - F25—IMOBI 5 A Fuse (Marked IMOBI)
- F26—Quick Hitch 5 A Fuse (Marked QUICK HITCH)
- F27—Cab Auxiliary Power Connector Three 5 A Fuse (Marked AUX.3)
- F28—Not Used
- F29—Drive Light 20 A Fuse (Marked LIGHT 1)
- F30—Auto Lubricator 10 A Fuse (Marked AUTO LUB) F31—Seat Compressor 10 A Fuse (Marked SEAT COMPR)
- F32—Front Cab Light Two 10 A Fuse (Marked CAB LAMP FRONT+2)
- F33—Warning Lamp 10 A Fuse (Marked WARNING LAMP)
- F34—Cab Auxiliary Power Connector Two 10 A Fuse (Marked AUX.2)
- F35—Not Used
- F36—Not Used
- F37—Not Used
- F38—Not Used
- F39—Not Used
- F40—Not Used



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Fuse Test		
Fuse	Test	Results of Fuse Failure
F21—Heated Air Seat 10 A Fuse (Marked SEAT HEATER)	Check with multimeter.	Seat heater will not operate.
F22—Front Cab Light One 15 A Fuse (Marked CAB LAMP FRONT)	Check with multimeter.	Optional front cab light will not operate.
F23—Rear Cab Light 10 A Fuse (Marked CAB LAMP REAR)	Check with multimeter.	Optional rear cab light will not operate.
F24—12 Volt Power Unit 30 A Fuse (Marked 12V UNIT)	Check with multimeter.	12 volt power outlet will not operate.
F25—IMOBI 5 A Fuse (Marked IMOBI)	Check with multimeter.	Optional equipment will not operate.
F26—Quick Hitch 5 A Fuse (Marked QUICK HITCH)	Check with multimeter.	Optional equipment will not operate.
F27—Cab Auxiliary Power Connector Three 5 A Fuse (Marked AUX.3)	Check with multimeter.	Optional equipment will not operate.
F29—Drive Light 20 A Fuse (Marked LIGHT 1)	Turn key switch ON. If drive light operates, fuse is OK.	Drive light will not operate.
F30—Auto Lubricator 10 A Fuse (Marked AUTO LUB)	Check with multimeter.	Optional equipment will not operate.
F31—Seat Compressor 10 A Fuse (Marked SEAT COMPR)	Turn key switch ON. Press seat compressor button. If compressor operates, fuse is OK.	Seat compressor will not operate.
F32—Front Cab Light Two 10 A Fuse (Marked CAB LAMP FRONT+2)	Check with multimeter.	Optional equipment will not operate.
F33—Warning Lamp 10 A Fuse (Marked WARNING LAMP)	Check with multimeter.	Optional equipment will not operate.
F34—Cab Auxiliary Power Connector Two 10 A Fuse (Marked AUX.2)	Check with multimeter.	Optional equipment will not operate.

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Relay Test

For location of relays see Cab Harness (W1) Component Location. (Group 9015-10.)

Connect a multimeter to terminals 1 and 2.

About 420—460 ohms must be measured. If not, relay has failed.

Connect multimeter to terminals 3 and 4.

Less than 0.4 ohms must be measured. If not, relay has failed.

Connect multimeter to terminals 3 and 5, then 4 and 5.

Multimeter must read open in both connections. If not, relay has failed.



CAUTION: Do not connect relay directly to battery. Use a fused power source such as auxiliary power connector (X25) in cab or external power supply.

Connect 24 volts (+) to terminal 1, ground (-) terminal 2.

Connect multimeter to terminals 3 and 5.

Multimeter must read less than 0.4 ohms. If not, relay has failed.



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Pressure Sensor Test

Pressure Sensor Resistance Test

1. A suspect pressure sensor can be checked by switching positions with a known good sensor. If the problem follows the suspect pressure sensor, it has failed.

If the problem remains, the harness has failed.

- 2. To check a pressure sensor using a multimeter, remove it from the machine.
- NOTE: Resistance values for pump 1 delivery pressure sensor (B35) and pump 2 delivery pressure sensor (B37) may vary widely. To verify the sensor's functionality, use the on-board monitor or check for diagnostic trouble codes and to monitor the sensor's output. See Monitor Data Items. (Group 9015-20.) See SERVICE ADVISOR™ Diagnostic Application . (Group 9015-20.) See Dr. ZX Diagnostic Application. (Group 9015-20.)
- 3. Measure resistance as indicated. Resistance may vary from one sensor to another.

Pressure Sensor Resistance Ranges—Specification

Pump 1 (4-Spool) Control	
Pressure Sensor (B36)—	
Resistance	5k—15k ohms (Pins 1—2)
	30k—50k ohms (Pins 2—3)
Pump 2 (5-Spool) Control	
Pressure Sensor (B38)—	
Resistance	5k—15k ohms (Pins 1—2)
	30k—50k ohms (Pins 2—3)
Swing Pressure Sensor (B33)—	
Resistance	5k—15k ohms (Pins 1—2)
	30k—50k ohms (Pins 2—3)
Counterweight Removal Pressure	
Sensor (B46)—Resistance	5k—15k ohms (Pins 1—2)
	30k—50k ohms (Pins 2—3)
Arm Out Pressure Sensor	
(B50)—Resistance	5k—15k ohms (Pins 1—2)
	30k—50k ohms (Pins 2—3)
Arm In Pressure Sensor (B51)—	
Resistance	5k—15k ohms (Pins 1—2)
	30k—50k ohms (Pins 2—3)
Boom Up Pressure Sensor	
(B52)—Resistance	5k—15k ohms (Pins 1—2)
	30k—50k ohms (Pins 2—3)

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Boom Down Pressure Sensor	
(B53)—Resistance	5k—15k ohms (Pins 1—2)
	30k—50k ohms (Pins 2—3)
Bucket Curl Pressure Sensor	
(B54)—Resistance	5k—15k ohms (Pins 1—2)
	30k—50k ohms (Pins 2—3)
Bucket Dump Pressure Sensor	
(B55)—Resistance	5k—15k ohms (Pins 1—2)
	30k—50k ohms (Pins 2—3)
Travel Right Pressure Sensor	
(B56)—Resistance	5k—15k ohms (Pins 1—2)
	30k—50k ohms (Pins 2—3)
Travel Left Pressure Sensor	
(B57)—Resistance	5k—15k ohms (Pins 1—2)
	30k—50k ohms (Pins 2—3)

For location of pressure sensors, See Pump Harness (W8) Component Location and See Machine Harness (W2) Component Location. (Group 9015-10.)

Pressure Sensor Voltage Test

- No voltage at pressure sensors will generate diagnostic trouble codes. Disconnect harness connector from a pressure sensor.
- 2. With key switch ON, measure voltage between terminals 1 and 3 of pressure sensor harness connector.

Pressure	Sensor	Voltage	Ranges—S	pecification

Pump 1 (4-Spool) Control		
Pressure Sensor (B36)—Voltage	4.5-5.5	volts
Pump 2 (5-Spool) Control		
Pressure Sensor (B38)—Voltage	4.5-5.5	volts
Swing Pressure Sensor (B33)—		
Voltage	4.5-5.5	volts
Counterweight Removal Pressure		
Sensor (B46)—Voltage	4.5—5.5	volts
Arm Out Pressure Sensor		
(B50)—Voltage	4.5-5.5	volts
Arm In Pressure Sensor (B51)—		
Voltage	4.5—5.5	volts
Boom Up Pressure Sensor		
(B52)—Voltage	4.5—5.5	volts
Boom Down Pressure Sensor		
(B53)—Voltage	4.5—5.5	volts
Bucket Curl Pressure Sensor		
(B54)—Voltage	4.5—5.5	volts
Bucket Dump Pressure Sensor		
(B55)—Voltage	4.5-5.5	volts

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Travel Right Pressure Sensor	
(B56)—Voltage	4.5-5.5 volts
Travel Left Pressure Sensor	
(B57)—Voltage	4.5-5.5 volts

 If voltage is lower or no voltage is present, check wiring. See Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, See Control Valve Harness (W7) Wiring Diagram, and See Pump Harness (W8) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)

LD30992,000022A -19-14MAR06-3/3

Solenoid Test

1. A suspect solenoid can be checked by switching positions with a known good solenoid. If the problem follows the suspect solenoid, it has failed.

If the problem remains, the harness has failed.

- 2. To check a solenoid using an ohmmeter, remove it from the machine.
- 3. Measure resistance as indicated. Resistance may vary from one solenoid to another.

Specification

 9015 20 97

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	 A suspect solenoid can be checked by switching positions with a known good solenoid. If the problem follows the suspect solenoid, it has failed.
	If the problem remains, the harness has failed.
	 To check a solenoid using an ohmmeter, remove it from the machine.
	3. Measure resistance as indicated. Resistance may vary from one solenoid to another.
	Main Controller Solenoids—Specification
	Boom Flow Rate Solenoid (Y22)
	(SF)—Resistance
	Boom Mode Solenold (Y23)
	(SU)—Resistance
	Power Dig Solehold (124) (SG)— Resistance 20—30 ohms
	Travel Speed Solenoid (Y25)
	(SI)—Resistance
9015	Pump 1 (4-Spool) Control
20	Solenoid—Resistance 14—21 ohms
90	Pump 2 (5-Spool) Control
	Solenoid—Resistance
	Fan Pump Control Solenoid—
	Resistance

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Alternator Test



-00-31MAR06 20 66

LX100568

voltage should be 28.2 VDC or greater.

Continued on next page

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8. If alternator fails to produce specified voltage, check for worn brushes or regulator. Repair or replace parts as necessary. If Alternator still fails to produce specified voltage, replace alternator. If alternator tests OK, check indicator light circuit.

LD30992,000022F -19-28APR06-2/2



Battery Relay Check	Z4V SEE BUA BUA T8182AK CV T8182AK CV T8182AK -UN-03MAR94	See Machine Harness (W2) Component Location. (Group 9015-10.) Disconnect harness from relay. Connect 24 volts to small terminal S and ground small terminal E. <i>LISTEN: Does the relay click?</i>	YES: Relay is OK. Check the wiring harness. See Machine Harness (W2) wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Relay has failed. Replace the relay.
		LOOK: Is continuity measured?	1/1
Battery Voltage Check	T7487AF -UN-20MAR91	Measure battery voltage by connecting a multimeter to (-) negative battery terminal grounded to frame and (+) positive battery terminal connected to machine harness. LOOK: Are 24 to 28 volts measured?	YES: Batteries are OK. NO: Batteries are undercharged. Charge batteries. See Using a Battery Charger. (Operator's Manual.)
			1/1
Fusible Link Check	LIFT OUT ← PUSH T8182AN CV T8182AN -19-03MAR94	Press locking tab on side of fusible link and lift from holder. Connect a multimeter to female terminals inside fusible link. LOOK: Does the multimeter read continuity?	YES: Fusible link is OK. Check the wiring harness. See Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Fusible link has failed. Replace the fusible link. See Fuse and Relay Specifications. (Group 9015-10.)

Starter Protection Relay Check	FX1005798A-UN-04APR06TX1005798A-UN-04APR06TX1005798A-UN-04APR06TX1005798A-UN-04APR06TX1005798A-UN-04APR06TX1005798A-UN-04APR06TX1005798A-UN-04APR06TX1005798A-UN-04APR06TX1005798A-UN-04APR06TX1005798A-UN-04APR06TX1005798A-UN-04APR06TX1005798A-UN-04APR06TX1005798A-UN-04APR06TX1005798A-UN-04APR06TX1005798A-UN-04APR06TX1005798A-UN-04APR06TX1005798A-UN-04APR06TX1005798A-UN-04APR06TX1005798A-UN-04APR06TX1005798A-UN-04APR06TX1005798A-UN-04APR06TX1005798A-UN-04APR06TX1005798A-UN-04APR06TX1005798A-UN-04APR06TX1005798A-UN-04APR06TX1005798A-UN-04APR06TX1005798A-UN-04APR06TX1005798A-UN-04APR06TX1005798A-UN-04APR06TX1005798A-UN-04APR06TX1005798A-UN-04APR06TX1005798A-UN-04APR06TX1005798A-UN-04APR06TX1005798A-UN-04APR06TX1005798A-UN-04APR06TX1005798A-UN-04APR06TX1005798A-UN-04APR06TX1005798A-UN-04APR06TX1005798A-UN-04APR06TX1005798A-UN-04APR06TX1005798A-UN-04APR06TX1005798A-UN-04APR06TX1005798A <th>YES: Continue checkout. NO: Check battery relay. See Battery Relay Check. (Group 9015-20.) Check wiring to relay. See Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)</th>	YES: Continue checkout. NO: Check battery relay. See Battery Relay Check. (Group 9015-20.) Check wiring to relay. See Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
	NOTE: Disconnecting wire connector (6) will keep the engine from starting. Disconnect starter protection relay from harness at connector (6). Turn and hold key switch in START position. Measure voltage on pin S (5). Is battery voltage present with the key switch held in the START position?	YES: Continue checkout. NO: Check starter relay. See Relay Test. (Group 9015-20.) Check wiring to starter protection relay. See Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
	Disconnect wire connector (6) from relay. Turn key switch to the ON position. Measure voltage at pin R (3). Is battery voltage present?	YES: Check for short to power. See Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Continue checkout.

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	Reconnect wire connector (6). Start engine Disconnect wire connector (6) from relay with engine running. Measure voltage at pin R (3). Is voltage approximately 24 volts or higher?	YES: Continue checkout. NO: Check alternator output. See Alternator Test. (Group 9015-20.) Check wiring between relay and alternator. See Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) See Engine Interface Harness (W5) Wiring Harness. (Group 9015-10.)
	Turn key switch to the OFF position. Measure for continuity between pin E (4) connector side and machine ground. Is there continuity?	YES: Starter protection relay malfunction, replace relay. NO: Check wiring. See Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
Glow Plug Relay Check	Implies Implies Implies Implies	YES: Glow plug relay malfunction, replace relay. NO: Continue checkout.
	Measure resistance between pins 3 and 4. Is there approximately 98 ohms?	YES: Continue checkout. NO: Glow plug relay malfunction, replace relay.
	Connect 24 volts to pin 1 and ground pin 2. LISTEN: Does the relay click?	YES: Relay is good. NO: Glow plug relay malfunction, replace relay.

Diode Check	T164619B _LINL-27 JAN03	 YES: If multimeter beeps in both checks, diode ha failed in a shorted mode. Replace the diode. NO: If multimeter does not beep in either check, diode has failed in an open mode. Replace the diode. NO: If multimeter beeps in one check and not the other, diode is OK.
	1164619B –UN-27JAN03	
	Remove diode from connector.	
	Test diode using diode test function of multimeter.	
	LISTEN: Does the multimeter beep?	
	Reverse multimeter probes.	
	LISTEN: Does the multimeter beep?	
6 0 4		
7		
		1/

Travel Alarm Check		Disconnect travel alarm harness connector.	YES: Harness is OK.
	A B	Connect multimeter to travel alarm connector pin B and machine ground.	fuse. See Fuse and Relay Specifications. (Group 9015-10.) Travel alarm
		Turn key switch to ON position.	has failed. Replace the travel alarm. See Travel
	T158291 -UN-08AUG02	LOOK: Is battery voltage measured?	Alarm Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.)
		Connect multimeter to travel alarm connector pin D and	
		machine ground.	See Machine Harness
			(W2) Wiring Diagram.
		LOOK: Is continuity measured?	(Group 9015-10.)
		Connect multimeter to travel alarm connector pin A and machine ground.	NO: Check the travel alarm cancel switch harness. Check travel
		LOOK: Is continuity measured when the travel alarm cancel switch is pressed?	alarm cancel switch. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
			1/1

EAB use Terminator Check Turn kay switch (S1) OFF. Seconce tharases from CAN bus terminator. See Engine Interface Harness (ref). NE: CAN bus terminator Concent terminator. Image: Seconce tharases from CAN bus terminator. See Engine Interface Harness (ref). NE: CAN bus terminator in the concent terminator. NE: CAN bus terminator in the concent terminator. Image: Seconce tharases from CAN bus terminator prise. LOCK: Loss the multimeter read 105–135 ohme? NE: Society and the concent terminator. NE: Society and the concent terminator. Plot Shutoff Switch Harness Check Disconcent tarress from cake. Remove dode from harness. NE: Society and the concent terminator prise. LOCK: Loss the multimeter read 105–135 ohme? Ne: Society and the terminator. Plot Shutoff Switch Harness Check Disconcent tarress from cake. Remove dode from harness. Ne: Society and the terminator prise. Lock: Lock the locks and put the negative lead. Ne: Society and the the concent terminator the society lead. Switch the locks and put the negative lead. Weight the locks and put the negative lead. Lock: Loce continuum, when you probe the two outer terminations with the possible lead. Ne: Society and the concent termination the docks. Switch the locks and put the negative lead on the oherer termination the possible lead. Ne: Harness ig good. The concent of the negative lead on the oherer termination the possible lead on the oherer termination the terminator the terminator the terminator. Ne: Harness ig good. The concen			
Pilot Shutoff Switch Harness Check Disconnect harness from cab. Remove diode from harness. YES: Diode is good, reinstall the diode into the harness. With the positive lead on the center terminal of the diode, there should be continuity when you probe the two outer terminals with the negative lead. Switch the leads and put the negative lead on the center terminal, there should not be continuity when you probe the two outer terminals with the positive lead. Is there continuity one way and not the other? Continue checkout. NO: Replace the diode. VES: Harness is good, reinstall the diode into the continuity when you probe the two outer terminals with the positive lead. Is there continuity one way and not the other? The Blue Wire 2Red Wire Continue checkout. NO: Replace the pilot shutoff switch harness. VIII the positive lead on the other? Image: Single the pilot shutoff switch handle in the forward position. and not in the rearward position? YES: Harness is good. NO: Replace the pilot shutoff switch harness.	CAN Bus Terminator Check	<text></text>	YES: CAN bus terminator is OK. NO: CAN bus terminator has failed. Replace the CAN bus terminator. 9 2 7
	Pilot Shutoff Switch Harness Check	Disconnect harness from cab. Remove diode from harness. With the positive lead on the center terminal of the diode, there should be continuity when you probe the two outer terminals with the negative lead. Switch the leads and put the negative lead on the center terminal, there should not be continuity when you probe the two outer terminals with the positive lead. Is there continuity one way and not the other? T = Blue Wire 2 - Red Wire 2 - Red Wire 2 - Red Wire With the positive lead on the red wire (2), and the negative lead on the blue wire (1), check for continuity with the pilot shutoff switch handle in the forward position. Bring the handle back to the rearward position, and check for continuity. Is there continuity with the handle in the forward position and not in the rearward position?	YES: Diode is good, reinstall the diode into the harness. Continue checkout. NO: Replace the diode. YES: Harness is good. NO: Replace the pilot shutoff switch harness.

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Battery Remove and Install



CAUTION: Prevent personal injury from exploding battery. Keep sparks and flames away from battery.

1. Open battery access cover.

1—Battery Access



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- 2. Remove cap screws (2).
- 3. Remove battery brackets (1).
- 4. Disconnect negative (-) battery cable (4).
- 5. Disconnect positive (+) battery cable (5).
- 6. Disconnect jumper cable (3).

CAUTION: Heavy component; use a hoist.

Specification

Battery—Weight...... 41 kg approximate 90 lb approximate

- 7. Remove batteries.
- 8. Check cables and clamps for wear or corrosion. Make sure batteries are fully charged.

IMPORTANT: If one battery in a 24-volt system has failed, replace both batteries.

- 9. Install batteries.
- 10. Connect jumper cable (3).
- 11. Connect positive (+) battery cable (5).
- 12. Connect negative (-) battery cable (4).
- 13. Install battery hold down brackets (2).
- 14. Install cap screws (1) and tighten.



Batteries

- 1—Cap Screw (2 used)
- 2—Battery Hold Down Bracket (2 used)
- 3—Jumper Cable 4—Negative (-) Battery Cable
- 5—Positive (+) Battery Cable

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Rear Cover Remove and Install

- 1. Remove fuse cover (7).
- 2. Loosen cap screws (3) at bottom of rear cover.
- 3. Remove plugs, o-rings, and screws (4).
- 4. Lift and remove diffuser (1).
- 5. Disconnect electrical connections to power outlet (5) and lighter (6).
- 6. Lift and remove rear cover (2).
- 7. Repair or replace parts as necessary.
- 8. Install rear cover.
- 9. Connect electrical connections.
- 9015 10. Install diffuser.

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- 11. Install cap screws, plugs, o-rings, and screws.
- 12. Install fuse cover.



Rear Cover

1—Diffuser 2—Rear Cover 3—Cap Screw (2 used) 4—Plug, O-ring, and Screw (6 used) 5—Power Outlet 6—Lighter 7—Fuse Cover

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Main Controller (MCF) Remove and Install

- 1. Disconnect battery ground (-) cable.
- 2. Remove rear cover. See Rear Cover Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.)
- 3. Disconnect electrical connectors (1).
- 4. Remove cap screws (2).
- 5. Remove main controller and mounting bracket.
- 6. Remove screws (3).
- 7. Replace as necessary.

1—Electrical Connectors 2—Cap Screw (4 used) 3—Screw (4 used)



Main Controller



Engine Control Module (ECM) Remove and Install	
 Disconnect battery ground (-) cable. 	
2. Remove cap screws (1) and ECM cover (2).	
3. Disconnect electrical connectors (3).	
 Remove cap screws (4) and remove ECM (5) from mounting bracket. 	6
5. Replace parts as necessary.	ECM Location
MPORTANT: When replacing engine control unit, new software must be loaded before installation.	
Place ECM (5) in mounting bracket. Install cap screws and tighten to specifications.	
Specification Mounting Bracket Cap Screw— Torque	
7. Reconnect electrical connectors (3) to ECM.	and the second sec
 Install ECM cover. Install cap screws and tighten to specifications. 	
Specification Mounting Bracket Cap Screw— Torque	2
9. Connect battery ground (-) cable.	ECM Cover
10. Program injectors. See Injector ID Code Registration.	4
(Group 9010-25.)	3
2—ECM Cover 3—Connectors	->
4—Cap Screw (4 used) 5—Engine Controller (ECM)	3
6—ECM Location	
	ECM

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- NOTE: Failure to perform the EGR valve position learning may result in detection of DTC for EGR.
- 11. Turn key switch to the ON position for at least 10 seconds, then turn key switch to the OFF position for at least 10 seconds.

Machine is ready to be used.

Information Controller (ICF) Remove and Install

- 1. Disconnect battery ground (-) cable.
- 2. Remove rear cover. See Rear Cover Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.)
- 3. Disconnect electrical connectors (1).
- 4. Remove screws (2).
- 5. Replace information controller as necessary. See Information Controller Initialization. (Group 9015-20.) See Information Controller Download. (Group 9015-20.)



1-Electrical Connector (2 used) 2-Screw (3 used)

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Monitor Controller Remove and Install

1. Remove plugs and cap screws (3) and plugs and screws (4).

1-Monitor Controller 2—Side Cover 3—Plug and Cap Screw (2 used)

4—Plug and Screw (3 used)



Monitor Controller and Side Cover

Continued on next page

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- 2. Rotate side cover and monitor controller to expose air duct (5).
- 3. Remove screws (6) from air duct.

1—Monitor Controller		
5—Air Duct		
6—Screw (2 used)		



LD30992,0000431 -19-21MAR06-2/4

- 9015 20
 112 4. Remove screws (7) to disconnect monitor controller and mounting plate from side cover.
 - 5. Disconnect harness connectors (9).
 - 1—Monitor Controller 7—Screw (2 used) 8—Mounting Plate 9—Harness Connectors (3 used)



Monitor Controller Mounting Plate and Harness Connection

Continued on next page

LD30992,0000431 -19-21MAR06-3/4

- 6. Remove screws (10) and remove mounting plate (8).
- 7. Repair or replace parts as necessary.
- 8. Install screws and mounting plate to monitor controller.
- 9. Route harness through opening in side cover and connect harness connectors to monitor controller.
- 10. Install monitor controller to side cover.
- 11. Install air duct to side cover.
- 12. Install side cover to machine.



1—Monitor Controller 8—Mounting Plate 10—Screw (2 used)

Key Switch Remove and Install

- 1. Disconnect battery ground (-) cable.
- 2. Remove screws (1).
- 3. Remove cover (2).
- 4. Remove key switch cover (3).
- 5. Remove screws (4).
- 6. Disconnect electrical connector.
- 7. Replace key switch as necessary.





Pilot Control Lever Boot



Key Switch Cover



LD30992,0000237 -19-16MAR06-1/1



Continued on next page

LD30992,0000432 -19-23MAR06-2/3

- 5. Remove tie band (9) and screws (8) from switch panel mounting plate (7).
- 6. Repair or replace parts as necessary.
- 7. Install mounting place, screws, and tie band.
- 8. Connect harness to key switch.
- 9. Install switch panel, cap screws, screws and plugs.
- 10. Install console cover, pilot control lever boot and screws.



Switch Panel Mounting Plate

- 1—Switch Panel 7—Mounting Plate 8—Screw (6 used)
- 9—Tie Band

LD30992,0000432 -19-23MAR06-3/3

⁹⁰¹⁵ Travel Alarm Remove and Install

1. Remove access cover (1).

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- 2. Disconnect electrical connector (3).
- 3. Remove cap screws (2).
- 4. Remove travel alarm.
- 5. Replace alarm as necessary.
- 6. Install travel alarm and tighten cap screws (2).
- 7. Connect electrical connector (3).
- 8. Install access cover (1).

1—Cover 2—Cap Screws (2 used) 3—Electrical Connector





LD30992,0000239 -19-18APR06-1/1
Left Console Switch Remove and Install

- 1. Lift pilot control lever boot (1) and remove screws and spacers (2).
- 2. Remove cap screw (4).
- 3. Lift left console (3) and disconnect harness to switch.
- 4. Repair or replace parts as necessary.
- 5. Install switch and connect harness.
- 6. Install left console and cap screw.
- 7. Install pilot control lever boot, screws, and spacers.



Left Console Switches

- 1—Pilot Control Lever Boot 2—Screw and Spacer (4 used)
- 3-Left Console
- 4—Cap Screw

LD30992,0000433 -19-23MAR06-1/1

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Disconnect Tab Retainer Connectors

IMPORTANT: Do not disconnect electrical connectors while the engine is running. Damage to controllers or other components may result. Disconnect connectors only when instructed during a test or check.

> DO NOT pull on wires to disconnect connector or damage to wires or connector may result. Grasp both halves of the connector to pull connector apart.

- 1. Push retainer tab (A).
- 2. While holding tab in, grasp other half of connector and pull connector halves apart.
- 3. To connect, push connector halves together until retainer "clicks".



LD30992,000023B -19-31MAR06-1/1

Disconnecting Spring Wire Clip Connectors

1. Remove wire clip from connector.

Grasp connector; move connector halves from side-to-side as they're being pulled apart. Do not pull on wiring leads.

2. To reconnect, install wire clip on connector half, push connector halves together until wire retainer "clicks" over tabs.



⁹⁰¹⁵ 20 Replace DEUTSCH[™] Connectors

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- 1. Select correct size extractor tool for size of wire to be removed:
 - JDG361 Extractor Tool for 12 to 14 gauge wire.
 - JDG362 Extractor Tool for 16 to 18 gauge wire.
 - JDG363 Extractor Tool for 20 gauge wire.
- 2. Start correct size extractor tool over wire at handle (A).
- 3. Slide extractor tool rearward along wire until tool tip snaps onto wire.

IMPORTANT: Do NOT twist tool when inserting in connector.

- 4. Slide extractor tool along wire into connector body until it is positioned over terminal contact.
- 5. Pull wire out of connector body, using extractor tool.



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Continued on next page

LD30992,000023D -19-31MAR06-1/2

IMPORTANT: Install contact in proper location using correct size grommet.

- 6. Push contact straight into connector body until positive stop is felt.
- 7. Pull on wire slightly to be certain contact is locked in place.
- 8. Transfer remaining wires to correct terminal in new connector.



LD30992,000023D -19-31MAR06-2/2

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Replace DEUTSCH™ Rectangular or Triangular Connectors

- NOTE: Connector shown is the female half or a 4-pin square connector. Other similar styles of Deutsch connectors can be serviced using the same procedure.
- 1. Pull connector (1) apart. Inspect and clean connector seal and contacts.
- 2. Remove locking wedge (2) from connector using hook on JDG1383 service tool.



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Continued on next page

LD30992,000023E -19-31MAR06-1/2

- 3. Release primary locking latch (3) next to the pin to be removed using screwdriver on JDG1383 service tool.
- 4. Gently pull wire out from back of connector.
- 5. Replace connector contact as necessary. (See Install Connector Contact procedure.)
- 6. Install wire terminal back into connector until it clicks into place.
- NOTE: Locking wedge in 2-pin connector is not symmetrical. Position latch shoulder next to terminals.
- 7. Install locking wedge until it snaps into place.
 - 3—Primary Locking Latches



LD30992,000023E -19-31MAR06-2/2

Install DEUTSCH[™] Contact

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- 1. Strip 6 mm (1/4 in.) insulation from wire.
- 2. Adjust selector (A) on JDG360 Crimper for correct wire size.
- 3. Loosen lock nut (B) and turn adjusting screw (C) in until it stops.



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IMPORTANT: Select proper size contact "sleeve" or "pin" to fit connector body.

- 4. Insert contact (A) and turn adjusting screw (D) until contact is flush with cover (B).
- 5. Tighten lock nut (C).



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IMPORTANT: Contact must remain centered between indentors while crimping.

- 6. Insert wire in contact and crimp until handle touches stop.
- 7. Release handle and remove contact.



LD30992,000023F -19-31MAR06-3/4

IMPORTANT: If all wire strands are not crimped into contact, cut off wire at contact and repeat contact installation procedures.

- NOTE: Readjust crimping tool for each crimping procedure.
- 8. Inspect contact to be certain all wires are in crimped barrel.

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Replace WEATHER PACK™Connector

IMPORTANT: Identify wire color locations with connector terminal letters.

- 1. Open connector body.
- 2. Insert JDG364 Extraction Tool over terminal contact in connector body.
- 3. Hold extractor tool fully seated and pull wire from connector body.
- NOTE: If terminal cannot be removed, insert wire or nail through extractor tool handle and push terminal contact from connector.



WEATHER PACK is a trademark of Packard Electric.

Continued on next page

450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests

062608 PN=611

IMPORTANT: Carefully spread contact lances to assure good seating on connector body.

- NOTE: Connector bodies are "keyed" for proper contact mating. Be sure contacts are in proper alignment.
- 4. Push contact into new connector body until fully seated.
- 5. Pull on wire slightly to be certain contact is locked in place.
- 6. Transfer remaining wires to correct terminal in new connector.
- 7. Close connector body.



LD30992,0000240 -19-31MAR06-2/2

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Install WEATHER PACKTMContact

- NOTE: Cable seals are color coded for three sizes of wire:
 - Green 18 to 20 gauge wire
 - Gray 14 to 16 gauge wire
 - Blue 10 to 12 gauge wire
- 1. Slip correct size cable seal on wire.
- 2. Strip insulation from wire to expose 6 mm (1/4 in.) and align cable seal with edge of insulation.
- NOTE: Contacts have numbered identification for two sizes of wire: a) #15 for 14 to 16 gauge wire b) #19 for 18 to 20 gauge wire
- 3. Put proper size contact on wire and crimp in place with a "W" type crimp, using JDG783 Terminal Applicator.

WEATHER PACK is a trademark of Packard Electric.

Continued on next page

LD30992,0000241 -19-31MAR06-1/2

IMPORTANT: Proper contact installation for "sleeve" (A) and "pin" (B) is shown.

4. Secure cable seal to contact as shown, using JDG783 Terminal Applicator.



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Replace (Pull Type) Metri-Pack [™] Connectors	
Disconnect the Metri-Pack ¹ connector (A). Remove tie bands and tape.	
Insert a "T" pin (B) 6.4 mm (1/4 in.) into connector body socket (C).	CAPRE A CONTRACT OF CONTRACT.
NOTE: Use JDG777 ² Terminal Extraction Tool or "T" pin to remove terminals.	
Angle "T" pin so pin tip slides close to the plastic socket edge pushing terminal locking tab (D) inward.	
Remove "T" pin and push terminal (E) out of socket.	The second secon
Remove terminal, cut strip and crimp wire through connector.	C
Check to make sure locking tab on new terminal is in outward position, then pull on wire until terminal locks in connector body socket.	
NOTE: Terminal will seat only one way. If terminal does not pull into the connector body socket, check to make sure terminal is aligned correctly.	RW16834
A—Connector B—"T" Pin C—Body Socket D—Locking Tab E—Push Terminal	Ton-26APRIs
¹ Metri-Pack is a trademark of Packard Electric	
² Included in JT07195A Electrical Repair Kit	
	LD30992,0000242 -19-31MAR06-1/1

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TM2361 (24JUN08)

Replace (Push Type) Metri-Pack™ Connectors

Disconnect the Metri-Pack¹ connector. Remove the tie bands and tape.

Remove the connector lock (A), and mark wire colors for identification.

Identify wire color locations with connector terminal letters.

Insert JDG776 or JDG777² Terminal Extraction Tool (B) into connector body socket (C) pushing the terminal locking tab inward.

NOTE: Use JDG776 Extraction Tool with 56, 280 and 630 series METRI-PACK terminals. Use JDG777 Extraction Tool with 150 series METRI-PACK terminals.

Remove extraction tool and pull terminal (D) out of the socket.

Replace terminal. Make sure locking tab (E) on the new terminal is in the outward position.

Push terminal into connector body socket until terminal locks.



A—Connector Lock B—Extraction Tool JDG777 C—Connector Body Socket D—Terminal

E—Locking Tab

¹Metri-Pack is a trademark of Packard Electric

²Included in JT07195A Electrical Repair Kit

LD30992,0000243 -19-31MAR06-1/1

Replace CINCH[™] Connectors

- 1. Remove extraction tool (1) from the loading side of connector.
- Insert blade of extraction tool into locking tabs (2) of secondary lock (3). Rotate tool away from the connector to pry one side of the secondary lock out of the locked position. Repeat this step for the other locking tab.
- NOTE: After unlocking one side of the secondary lock, a screw driver or similar device may need to be used to hold it in the unlocked position while unlocking the second locking tab.
 - 1—Extraction Tool 2—Secondary Lock Locking Tabs 3—Secondary Lock



CINCH is a trademark of the Cinch Co.

3. Remove secondary lock (3).

3—Secondary Lock



LD30992,0000244 -19-31MAR06-1/3

- 4. Insert pointed side of extraction tool into the contact cavity so that the flat side of tool faces secondary lock cavity (4). This will release the primary contact locking tab.
- 5. Gently pull wire out of the connector.
- 6. Repair/Replace terminals as necessary using procedure in this group.
- 7. Insert contact and wire into connector until it clicks.
- 8. Install secondary lock.



LD30992,0000244 -19-31MAR06-3/3



6. Install contact into connector. (Go to procedure in this group.)

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top of tool (A). Butt wire tab (I) against the movable

TM2361 (24JUN08)

locator (C).

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Repair 32 and 48 Way CINCH[™] Connectors

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- 1. Press tab (A) and rotate locking cam (B) 90° to disconnect connector from flexbox.
- 2. Move cover locks (C) slightly outward with a small screwdriver.
- 3. Remove cover (D) away from wires.

A—Tab
B —Locking Cam
C—Cover Locks
D—Cover



4. Pull terminal lock (A) out as far as it will go, but do not force its removal.

A—Terminal Lock



- NOTE: JDG1725 Terminal Extractor Tool has two different sizes of pins, 0.6 for smaller 20 gauge holes (A), and 1.5 for larger 16 and 18 gauge holes (B).
- 5. Insert JDG1725 Terminal Extractor Tool into holes (C) next to terminal opening (D) to unlock terminal.
- 6. Pull wire and terminal (E) from connector body.
 - A—20 Gauge Holes B-16 & 18 Gauge Holes C—Holes **D**—Terminal Hole E—Terminal

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- 7. Remove old terminal and strip 4.85 mm (0.191 in.) of insulation from wire.
- 8. Grip JDG1727 Terminal Crimping Tool (A) securely, and squeeze ratcheting mechanism until it bottoms out. Then allow it to open completely
- 9. With tool in ready position (open handle), open terminal receptacle (B).
- 10. Insert terminal (C) into proper wire gauge window, crimp wings facing up.
- 11. Close terminal receptacle (B).
- 12. Squeeze handle until two clicks are heard.
- 13. Insert stripped wire (D) into terminal.
- 14. Hold wire stationary and squeeze tool together until ratchet releases.
- 15. Remove terminated wire from tool.
- 16. Push terminal into connector body until fully seated. Pull on wire slightly to ensure terminal is locked in position.
- 17. Push terminal lock closed.
- 18. Install cover.
- 19. Install connector to controller and close connector body locking cam.
 - A—CINCH Terminal Crimping Tool B—Terminal Receptacle C—Terminal D—Wire



Remove Connector Body from Blade Terminals

- 1. Depress locking tang (A) on terminal, using a small screw driver. Slide connector body off.
- 2. Be sure to bend locking tang back to its original position (B) before installing connector body.



Section 9020 Power Train

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Travel Gearbox Operation



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1—Housing7—First Stage Carrier12—Seal8—Third Stage Sun Gear13—Nut9—Thrust Bearing14—Third Stage Carrier10—Second Stage Sun Gear15—Ring Gear11—First Stage Planet Gear16—Second Stage Carrier12—Second Stage Planet Gear1	13—Third Stage Planet Gear 14—Cap Screw 15—Lock Plate 16—Sprocket 17—Bearing 18—Drum	19—Travel Motor 20—First Stage Sun Gear (Input Shaft) 21—First Stage 22—Second Stage 23—Third Stage
--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

The travel gearbox is a three stage planetary drive. The gearbox is interchangeable from the right to the left side of machine. The housing (1) is fastened to the track frame.

The travel motor (19) is connected to and drives the first stage sun gear (20). Rotary motion is transferred from the first stage sun gear through the gearbox planetaries to the ring gear (5). The ring gear turns the drum (18) and sprocket (16). The third stage carrier (4) is locked to the housing (1) and can not rotate.

Power flows through the gearbox components in the following order: travel motor (19), first stage sun gear (20), first stage planet gears (11), first stage carrier (7), second stage sun gear (10), second stage planet gears (12), second stage carrier (6), third stage sun gear (8), third stage planet gears (13) and ring gear (5).

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Theory of Operation

Diagnose Undercarriage Components Malfunctions

NOTE: Diagnose malfunction charts are arranged from most probable and simplest to verify, to least likely and most difficult to verify.

TX19495,0000001 -19-27APR06-1/1

Noisy or Loose Track Chain Diagnostic Procedure

1 Track Sag Check YES: Go to Track Shoe Check track sag. Check. See Check and Adjust Track Sag. (Operator's Manual.) NO: Adjust track sag. Is track sag within specification? - - -1/1 **2** Track Shoe Check Inspect track shoes for missing or loose cap screws. YES: Go to Track Adjuster Check. See Check Track Shoe Hardware. (Operator's Manual.) NO: Remove loose track Are all track shoes cap screws in place and tight? shoes to clean material from between shoe and link. Install track shoes and tighten cap screws in proper sequence. See Track Shoe Remove and Install. (Group 0130.)

- - -1/1

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Track Adjuster Check	Inspect if grease fitting and valve are tight and not leaking grease or oil. Are grease fitting, valve and seal properly installed?	YES: Diagnostic procedure complete. NO: Replace grease fitting or valve. To replace seals, see Track Adjuster Cylinder Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 0130.)
		1/1

Tight Track Chain Diagnostic Procedure

- -1/1

Sprocket Check	Check sprocket for packed material and rocks. Is sprocket free of excess material?	YES: Go to Track Sag Check. NO: Clean excess material from sprocket.
P Track Sag Check	Check track sag. See Check and Adjust Track Sag. (Operator's Manual.) Is track sag within specification?	YES: Diagnostic procedure complete. NO: Adjust track sag.

Frequent Track Chain Sag Adjustment Required Diagnostic Procedure

020			1/1
15 2	Track Adjuster Check	Check that grease fitting and valve are tight and not leaking grease or oil. Are grease fitting, valve and seal properly installed?	YES: Diagnostic procedure complete. NO: Replace grease fitting or valve. To replace seals, see Track Adjuster Cylinder Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 0130.)

Excessive Oil Leakage From Front Idler, Track Rollers, or Carrier Rollers Diagnostic Procedure

- - -1/1

[1
Front Idler, Track Rollers, or Carrier Rollers Check Check for oil leakage caused by loose, worn or damaged plug, O-ring, or metal faced seal. Are plug, O-ring, and metal faced seal properly installed? Are plug, O-ring, and metal faced seal properly installed? Bent Track Shoes Diagnostic Procedure Bent Track Shoes Diagnostic Procedure		YES: Diagnostic procedure complete. NO: Tighten plug. Replace O-ring or metal face seal. Replace seals. See Front Idler Remove and Install. (Group 0130.) Replace seals. See Track Roller Remove and Install. (Group 0130.) Replace seals. See Track Carrier Roller Remove and Install. (Group 0130.) 1/1
		1/1
Track Shoe Check	Inspect track shoes for missing or loose cap screws. See Check Track Shoe Hardware. (Operator's Manual.) Are all track shoes cap screws in place and tight?	YES: Go to Track Shoe Wear Check. NO: Remove loose track shoes to clean material from between shoe and link. Install track shoes and tighten cap screws in proper sequence. See Track Shoe Remove and Install. (Group 0130.)
Track Shoe Wear	Measure grouser beight and compare to specification for rehuilding or replacing track	VES: Go to Machine

P Track S Check	hoe Wear	Measure grouser height and compare to specification for rebuilding or replacing track shoes. See Percent Worn Charts. (SP326 Undercarriage Appraisal Manual.) Is grouser height above specification?	YES: Go to Machine Operating Condition Check. NO: Repair or replace track shoes. See Track Shoe Remove and Install. (Group 0130.)
			1/1

Machine Operating	Inspect worksite and interview machine operator.	YES: Diagnostic
Condition Check		procedure complete.
	 Check if machine is operated on rough and rocky terrain. 	
	Check if operator ever uses the slow speed (turtle) mode.	NO: Instruct operator on the correct operating
	Does operator understand how machine damage can be reduced?	procedures of traveling in slow speed (turtle) mode on rough and rocky terrain.
		See Operator's Daily Machine Check Before Starting. (Operator's Manual.)

"Popping" Of Track Diagnostic Procedure

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20 5 4	Machine Operating Condition Check	 Inspect worksite and interview machine operator. Check if machine is operated at high speed in reverse. Check if operator ever uses the slow speed (turtle) mode. Does operator understand that traveling in reverse should be minimized? 	YES: Go to Sprocket Check. NO: Instruct operator that high travel loads in reverse can cause the recoil spring to retract allowing sprocket to slip in chain and make this noise.
			1/1
	1		1

Sprocket Check	Check sprocket for packed material and rocks. Is sprocket free of excess material?	YES: Diagnostic procedure complete. NO: Clean material from sprocket.
		1/1

Cracked Track Link Diagnostic Procedure

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Machine Operating Condition Check	 Repair or replace cracked track link. See Track Chain Repair. (Group 0130.) or See Track Chain Remove and Install. (Group 0130.) Inspect worksite and interview machine operator. Check if machine is operated on rough and rocky terrain. Check if operator ever uses the slow speed (turtle) mode. Does operator understand how machine damage can be reduced? 	YES: Go to Track Shoe Width Check. NO: Instruct operator on the correct operating procedures of traveling in slow speed (turtle) mode on rough and rocky terrain. See Operator's Daily Machine Check Before Starting. (Operator's Manual.)
P Track Shoe Width Check	Check machine and operating ground conditions. Are the narrowest shoes possible for required flotation being used?	YES: Diagnostic procedure complete. NO: Install the narrowest shoes possible for required flotation.

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See Track Shoe Remove and Install. (Group 0130.)

Chipped Link Rails Diagnostic Procedure

Track Sag Check	Check track sag. See Check and Adjust Track Sag. (Operator's Manual.) Is track sag within specification?	YES: Diagnostic procedure complete. NO: Adjust track sag.
Prack Chain Check	 Inspect machine and worksite to determine cause of repeated high impacts of roller tread on flanges. Check machine for following: Check track chain pitch specification, see Percent Worn Charts (SP326 Undercarriage Appraisal Manual.) Check if machine has loose or snaky track. Check if machine is operated on rough and rocky terrain. Are the correct track components installed on machine and do they meet specifications? 	YES: Go to Track Shoe Width Check. NO: Install correct track components to specifications.

Diagnostic Information

Track Shoe Width Check	Check machine and operating ground conditions. Are the narrowest shoes possible for required flotation being used?	YES: Diagnostic procedure complete. NO: Install the narrowest shoes possible for required flotation. See Track Shoe Remove and Install. (Group 0130.)

	Individual Undercarriage Component Wear Diagnostic Procedure		
ļ			1/1
	Undercarriage	Some component wear is normal.	YES: Diagnostic

	Component Check	See Percent Worn Charts (SP326 Undercarriage Appraisal Manual.) to determine if components need rebuilding or replacement. Measure components. Is component wear within specification?	procedure complete. NO: Repair or replace components as necessary.
·			1/1

Measure Swing Bearing Wear

SPECIFICATIONS	
Swing Bearing	
Swing Bearing Play	0.6—1.85 mm new 0.024—0.073 in. new 3.1—4.35 mm maximum allowable 0.122—0.171 in maximum allowable

SERVICE EQUIPMENT AND TOOLS

Dial Indicator

Continued on next page

MR50960,00000FC -19-27APR06-1/3

CAUTION: Stay clear of moving parts. Position dial indicator so it can be seen while the operator can see you.

- NOTE: Two people are needed to take the measurement. One to operate the machine and one to take the readings.
- 1. Check that swing bearing-to-main frame cap screws are tightened to specification. See Upperstructure Remove and Install. (Group 4350.)
- Check that swing bearing is lubricated with the specified grease. See Track Adjuster, Working Tool Pivot, Swing Bearing, And Swing Bearing Gear Grease. (Operator's Manual.)
- 3. Check that bearing rotation is smooth and without noise.
- NOTE: Readings vary depending on the location of dial indicator base with respect to the swing bearing support tower. To obtain an accurate reading, the base for dial indicator must be attached to the support tower or as close to it as possible.
- 4. Install dial indicator with needle point contacting bottom face of bearing outer race and base attached to the swing bearing support tower or as close to it as possible.
- 5. Move boom and arm to the position shown with bucket off the ground. Bucket must be empty.
- 6. Turn dial indicator to zero.
- 7. Lower the boom to raise front idlers off the ground approximately 500 mm (20 in.).
- 8. Record dial indicator reading.

Swing Bearing—Specification



Continued on next page 9020-15-7

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9020 15 7 If play is more than specified, check for wear to balls, spacers, and bearing race. See Swing Bearing Remove and Install. (Group 4350.)

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15—Pump 1 46—Pump Case Drain Filter 84—Left Control Valve 137—Auxiliary Spool and Bypass Valve 140-Left Travel Spool 16—Pump 2 (5-spool side) 26—Charge Pump 47—Hydraulic Oil Tank 90—Right Travel Spool 149—Swing Motor (2 used) 48—Return Filter Element 27—Pilot Pump 94—Bucket Spool 157—Left Travel Motor 28—Fan Drive Pump 50—Suction Screen 99—Boom 1 Spool 159—Right Travel Motor 51—Pilot Filter and Pressure 168—Boom Cylinder (2 used) 36—Fan Drive Motor 107—Arm 2 Spool 43—Hydraulic Oil Cooler **Regulating Valve** 113—Swing Spool 169—Arm Cylinder 44—Restriction Valve 83—Right Control Valve 170—Bucket Cylinder 118—Arm 1 Spool 45—Hydraulic Oil Cooler (4-spool side) 126—Boom 2 Spool **Bypass Valve**

The main hydraulic system is an open-center hydraulic system.

Hydraulic oil flows from the hydraulic oil tank (47) through the suction screen (50) to the charge pump (26), hydraulic pump 1 (15), hydraulic pump 2 (16), and the fan pump (28). Hydraulic pump 1 delivers supply oil to the right control valve (83) (4-spool side) and hydraulic pump 2 delivers supply oil to the left control valve (84) (5-spool side). Oil travels from the fan pump (28) and turns the fan motor (36). Supply oil is routed to the left and right travel motors (157 and 159), cylinders (168—170) and both swing motors (149) by the valve spool(s) of their respective valve section (90, 94, 99, 107, 113, 118, 126, 137, and 140). The hydraulic oil tank is pressurized to create a head

of oil to ensure oil flows from the tank, through the suction line, and into the pumps.

Return oil from the motor(s) and cylinder(s) is routed into the return passages in the control valve by the valve spools. From the return passages, return oil flows out of the control valve, through the restriction valve (44), oil cooler (43), and return filter (48).

If the oil is cold (high viscosity), or there is a surge of return oil, or the hydraulic oil cooler becomes plugged, the hydraulic oil cooler bypass valve (45) routes return oil around the hydraulic oil cooler and directly to the hydraulic tank (47) when oil flow resistance becomes too high through the hydraulic cooler.

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9025 05

Fan Drive System Diagram and Operation

Information not available at the time of release.

OUT3035,000001A -19-08JUN06-1/1



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- 17—Pump 1 Regulator
- 18—Pump 2 Regulator
- 26—Charge Pump
- 27—Pilot Pump
- 29—Fan Drive Pump Regulator
- 47—Hydraulic Oil Tank
- 50—Suction Screen
- 52—Pilot Filter Element
- 54—Pilot Pressure Regulating Valve
- 55—Solenoid Valve Manifold
- 56—Travel Pilot Control Valve
- 57—Left Pilot Control Valve
- 58—Right Pilot Control Valve
- 59—Boom Up Shockless Valve

- 66—Pilot Signal Manifold 81—Accumulator
- 81—Accumulator 82—Pilot Check Valve
- Manifold
- 83—Right Control Valve
- 84—Left Control Valve
- 85—Main Relief and Power Digging Valve
- 89—Travel Flow Combiner Valve
- 97—Boom Flow Rate Control Valve—Switch Valve
- 102—Boom Reduced Leakage Valve—Switch Valve
- 105—Arm 2 Flow Rate Control Valve—Switch Valve

The pilot system is used to operate the control circuits of the machine. The pilot pump (27) is mounted on the end of main hydraulic pump 1. Oil is drawn from the hydraulic tank (47) by the charge pump (26). This charge oil is then drawn into the pilot pump and out to the pilot filter (52) and pilot pressure regulating valve (54).

The filtered oil then flows to the fan drive pump solenoid (Y14), fan drive pump regulator (29), pump 1 regulator (17), pump 2 regulator (18), pump 1 control solenoid valve (Y12), and pump 2 control solenoid valve (Y13).

From the filter, oil is also routed to the solenoid valve manifold (55), which controls power dig (SG), travel speed (SI), boom flow rate (SF), and boom mode relief (SC). Pilot oil is routed directly to the control valve to

- 110—Bypass Shutoff Valve (4-spool)
- 121—Arm Reduced Leakage Valve—Switch Valve 129—Boom Mode Relief
- Control Valve 149—Swing Motor
- 154—Swing Park Brake
- Release 157—Left Travel Motor
- 159—Right Travel Motor
- 190—To Control Valve Pilot
- Caps Y10—Pilot Shutoff Solenoid Valve

- Y12—Pump 1 Control Solenoid Valve
- Y13—Pump 2 Control Solenoid Valve
- Y14—Fan Drive Pump Solenoid Valve
- Y22—Boom Flow Rate Solenoid Valve (SF)
- Y23—Boom Mode Relief Solenoid Valve (SC)
- Y24—Power Dig Solenoid
- Valve (SG)
- Y25—Travel Speed Solenoid Valve (SI)

facilitate the functioning of the arm reduced leakage valve (121) and the boom reduced leakage valve (102).

The pilot oil continues on to the pilot check valve manifold (82), where it is divided off to the accumulator (81), the pilot signal manifold (66), and the pilot shutoff solenoid valve (Y10). From the pilot shutoff solenoid valve, pilot oil flows to the travel pilot control valve (56), left pilot control valve (57), right pilot control valve (58), and to the pilot signal manifold's warm-up circuit.

Pilot oil from the right pilot control valve flows through the boom up shockless valve (59) to the pilot signal manifold. Pilot oil from the pilot signal manifold flows to the swing park brake release (154) of the swing motor (149) and to the control valve pilot caps (190).

LD30992,000024F -19-26APR06-2/2



pressure between inlet side and outlet side of filter element (11). During normal operation, the bypass valve is held closed by a spring as oil flows through filter element (11) to pilot pressure regulating valve (8). If filter element becomes plugged, pressure on inlet side increases, forcing bypass valve open. Pilot oil will now bypass the filter element, and unfiltered oil will flow to the pilot pressure regulating valve spool (12).

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against the spring. Regulated pilot oil flows from port PD to solenoid valve manifold (9) and from port PC to

pump servo pistons and regulators. Oil is not needed

to maintain pressure in pilot circuit. Oil flows out port

TA to hydraulic return manifold (6).

Pilot Check Valve Manifold and Accumulator Operation

Information not available at the time of release.

OUT3035,000001B -19-08JUN06-1/1

Boom Lowering With Engine Stopped Circuit Operation

Information not available at the time of release.



LD30992,0000251 -19-25APR06-1/3 450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests **De-Energized**—With the pilot control shutoff lever in the locked position, the lever is pulled rearward. The pilot shutoff valve solenoid is de-energized. Pilot pressure oil from the pilot pump port (P) flows to port (HT). Ports (A1—A3) are connected to the return to hydraulic oil tank. See Pilot Shutoff Circuit Theory of Operation. (Group 9015-15.)

A1—To Travel Pilot Control Valve A2—To Right Pilot Control Valve A3—To Left Pilot Control Valve A4—Unused HT—To Pilot Signal Manifold Port PH P—Pilot Oil from Pilot Pump T1—From Travel Pilot Control Valve T2—From Right Pilot Control Valve T3—From Left Pilot Control Valve T4—Return to Hydraulic Oil Tank Y10—Solenoid 147—Pilot Oil 149—Return Oil



De-Energized Pilot Shutoff Solenoid Valve Schematic



05

Energized—With the pilot control shutoff lever in the unlocked position, the lever is pushed forward. The pilot shutoff valve solenoid is energized. Pilot pressure oil from the pilot pump is connected to the pilot valve ports. Pilot oil pressure to port (HT) is blocked.

> A1-To Travel Pilot Control Valve A2-To Right Pilot Control Valve A3—To Left Pilot Control Valve A4—Unused HT-To Pilot Signal Manifold Port PH P—Pilot Oil from Pilot Pump T1—From Travel Pilot Control Valve T2—From Right Pilot Control Valve T3—From Left Pilot Control Valve T4—Return to Hydraulic Oil Tank Y10—Solenoid 147—Pilot Oil 149—Return Oil



Energized Pilot Shutoff Solenoid Valve Schematic



LD30992,0000251 -19-25APR06-3/3



Moving the control lever to actuate a function pushes the plunger and spring guide (3) against the balance spring (4), which moves the spool (7) down. During the initial movement (14), there is a deadband area (13) where the flow of return oil (16) through the holes (8) to port T is blocked before pilot oil can flow from port P through the spool to the work port and out to the control valve pilot caps (10). Pilot oil pressure also flows through the orifice (6) to the top of the spool to dampen the upward movement of the spool. Pilot oil pressure increases until it is equal to the pressure of the balance spring pushing the spool up until the oil flow through the holes is blocked in the deadband area. With the oil flow blocked, the control valve spool is held stationary until the control lever is again actuated.

When the control lever is actuated to full stroke, the plunger contacts the spool, pushing it down until the plunger contacts a shoulder in the housing. Oil pressure to the control valve pilot caps is now approximately equal to pilot system pressure.

When the control lever is returned to neutral, the spool is pulled up by the return spring (5), pushing the plunger up. The return spring holds the control lever in the center position. With the spool up, the passage to the control valve pilot cap is open to port T and pilot oil from port P is blocked.

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PN=650

1—Spool

2-Washer

3—Spring Guide

4—Plunger

5-Adjustment Screw

6—Cam and Pedal 7—Sleeve 8—Balance Spring

9—Return Spring

The travel pilot control valve regulates the pilot oil (13) pressure to actuate the pilot valves in the pilot signal manifold and to shift the control valve spools to actuate the travel functions. See Pilot Signal Manifold Operation for pilot valve operation and see Pilot Operation of Control Valve Operation for control valve operation. (Group 9025-05.)

One pilot control valve is used to control the travel functions. The pilot control valve contains four valve assemblies, one for each direction of travel for each track.

The pilot control valve consists of the cam and pedal (6), plunger (4), sleeve (7), spring guide (3), spool (1), balance spring (8), and return spring (9).

In neutral, the spool is pushed up by the return spring to block pilot oil from the pilot shutoff solenoid valve (11). With the spool up, the passage to the control valve pilot cap (12) is connected to the hydraulic oil tank (10) by the passage through the spool.

- 10—To Hydraulic Oil Tank
- 11—From Pilot Shutoff

Solenoid Valve

13—Pilot Oil 14—Return Oil 15—Travel Pilot Control Valve—Full Stroke

12-To Control Valve Pilot Cap

When the pedal is pushed to move the machine, the cam pushes the plunger and spring guide down against the return spring and balance spring. The balance spring pushes the spool down. As the spool is pushed down, the passage from the control valve pilot cap to the hydraulic oil tank is closed and then is opened to the pilot oil from pilot shutoff solenoid valve. When the pilot oil pressure to the control valve pilot cap is equal to the force applied by the balance spring, the spool moves up, trapping the oil to the pilot cap.

When the pedal and cam is moved to full stroke, the plunger is pushed down farther by the balance spring opening the passage through the spool to full pilot oil pressure. When pressure to the control valve pilot cap is equal to the force applied by the balance spring, the spool moves up until it contacts the plunger. The plunger holds the spool down so the passage through the spool remains open to full pilot oil pressure. Oil pressure to the control valve pilot cap now equals pilot oil pressure.

Boom Up Shockless Valve Operation

The Boom Up Shockless Valve Operation—The boom up shockless valve is provided in the boom raise circuit and functions when returning the boom raise control lever suddenly.

During The Boom Raising Operation—Supply oil routed into port A and acts on the spool. Immediately after operation is started, supply oil flows and acts on a spring within the spool. Then forces it though an orifice within the spool. At the same time, supply oil flows to port 1. When supply oil pressure increases, pressure in the spring chamber increases, and the spool pushes the opposite spring in the spool. As the spool is moved, port A is connected to port 1 and pressure in port 1 increase, so that the spool in control valve is moved.

LD30992,0000254 -19-25APR06-1/1

Pilot Signal Manifold Operation



- 1, A—Boom Up
- 2, B-Boom Down
- 3, C—Arm Out
- 4, D—Arm In
- 5, E-Swing Left
- 6, F—Swing Right
- 7, G—Bucket Curl 8, H—Bucket Dump
- 9, I-Left Travel Forward
- 10, J-Left Travel Reverse
- 11, K—Right Travel Forward
- 12, L—Right Travel Reverse
- 13, M—Plug (auxiliary)
- 14, N—Plug (auxiliary)
- 15-Control Valve Side of Pilot Signal Manifold

- 16—Pilot Control Valve Side of
- **Pilot Signal Manifold** 67—Boom Down Shockless
- Valve
- 69—Orifice
- 70-Pilot Valve (port SE) (not used, plug installed)
- 71—Arm 2 Flow Rate Pilot Valve (port SK)
- 72—Pump 1 Flow Rate Pilot Valve (port SA) (not used, plug installed)
- 73—Pump 2 Flow Rate Pilot Valve (port SB) (not used, plug installed)
- -Swing Park Brake Release 74 Pilot Valve (port SH)

- 75—Travel Flow Combiner Pilot Valve (port SL)
- DF—To Hydraulic Oil Tank
- TR-B56 and B57 Travel
- **Pressure Sensor** S3—B33 Swing Pressure Sensor
- SA—From Pump 1 Flow Rate **Pilot Valve Remote** Control Spool (not used,
- plug installed) SB—From Pump 2 Flow Rate
- **Pilot Valve Remote** Control Spool (not used, plug installed) SE--To Pilot Valve (port SE)
- (not used, plug installed)

- SH—To Swing Park Brake
- (port SH) SK—To Arm Flow Rate Control
- Valve—Switch Valve

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- SL—To Travel Flow Combiner Valve
- SM—To Hydraulic Oil Tank
- SN—Plug (not used)
- SP-To Solenoid Valve
- Manifold (port SP) PH—From Pilot Shutoff
- Solenoid Valve
- -From Pilot Check Valve PI-Manifold

Continued on next page

MM61211,0001519 -19-16MAY08-1/10

NOTE: The numbers 1—14 and letters A—N, DF, TR, S3, SA, SB, SE, SH, SK, SL, SM, SN, SP, PH, and PI are next to the respective ports on the pilot signal manifold.	multiple paths. One path is used to shift the spools in the control valve and the other sends a signal to the regulators through pump 2. This is done simultaneously so there is little lag between operation of the pilot control valves, pump stroke, and function
The pilot signal manifold is in the pilot system between the pilot control valves and the control valve and regulators. The manifold receives a pilot signal from	movement. The manifold also houses additional pilot valves that provide pilot oil for various other functions.
the pilot control valves and sends the signal on	See Hydraulic System Schematic. (Group 9025-05.)

Continued on next page

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- A—From Pilot Control Valve— Boom Up
- 16—Pilot Control Valve Side of **Pilot Signal Manifold**
- 1—To Bottom Pilot Cap

Signal Manifold

down function.

- 17—Boom Down Shockless 15—Control Valve Side of Pilot
 - Valve
- 43—Orifice 44—Spring B 45—Passage 3 46—Oil Chamber
- 47—Passage 2 48—Spring A 49—Passage 1 50—Tapered Land

Boom Down Shockless Valve-The boom down shockless valve regulates the return oil flow from the pilot cap during boom down operation. Regulating the return oil flow controls the movement of boom 1 and boom 2 spools to provide precise control of boom

Actuating boom up sends pilot oil to pilot signal manifold port A. Pilot oil flows past the tapered land (50) on the boom down shockless valve (17) spool and into the oil chamber (46). The tapered land acts as a variable orifice between the spool and manifold as the spool is shifted back and forth. Pilot oil flows from the oil chamber, through the orifice (43), into passage 2 (47), and out port 1 to the control valve pilot cap. Pilot oil also flows through passage 3 (45) into spring B (44) cavity and passage 1 (49) into spring A (48) cavity. Because spring B is the larger spring, the increasing pilot oil pressure shifts the valve spool to the left, opening the passage from port A to port 1 and allowing pilot oil to flow unrestricted to the pilot cap shifting the boom 1 and boom 2 valve spools.

Actuating boom down sends return oil from the pilot cap to port 1. From port 1 pilot oil flows through passage 1 (49) to spring A (48) cavity and through passage 2 (47), through the orifice (43), and into the oil chamber (46). From the oil chamber return oil flows through passage 3 (45) to spring B (44) cavity and past the tapered land to port A. Because of the pressure drop across the orifice, the return oil pressure in the oil chamber and spring B cavity is less than the return oil pressure in spring A cavity. The increasing return oil pressure shifts the valve spool to the right, causing the tapered land to restrict and then block the flow of return oil from port 1 to port A. When the tapered land blocks the return oil flow, the pressure increases in the oil chamber and spring B cavity. The valve spool now shifts to the left, allowing return oil to flow past the tapered land to port A. The opening and closing continues until the return oil is gradually returned through port A, controlling the movement of the boom 1 and boom 2 spools.

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Arm 2 Flow Rate Pilot Valve (SK)—Arm 2 flow rate pilot valve is shifted by the pilot oil pressure (51) from arm in to port D and through the shuttle valves. The pilot valve routes pilot oil pressure from boom up (port A) (54) to the arm 2 flow rate valve in the control valve. The arm 2 flow rate valve restricts the flow of supply oil to the arm spool during arm in and boom up operation to ensure a flow of supply oil to the boom 1 spool.

51—Pilot Oil Pressure 52—To Hydraulic Oil Tank 53-To Arm 2 Flow Rate Valve 54—Pilot Oil Pressure from Boom Up 55—Spring



Continued on next page 9025-05-19

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PN=657

Travel Flow Combiner Pilot Valve (SL)—Travel flow combiner pilot valve is shifted by pilot oil pressure (51) from right travel to port L (right reverse) or port K (right forward) and through the shuttle valves. The pilot valve then routes control pressure pilot oil (54) from the swing park brake release pilot valve to the travel flow combiner valve in the control valve. The control pressure pilot oil is from the pilot shutoff solenoid valve port A4 to the pilot signal manifold through port PI. See Travel Flow Combiner Valve Operation. (Group 9025-05.)

Swing Park Brake Release Pilot Valve (SH)—Swing park brake release pilot valve is shifted by pilot oil

B, arm out to port C, arm in to port D, bucket curl to port G, bucket dump to port H, or auxiliary to port M or N and

through the shuttle valves. The pilot valve routes control

brake piston through port SH. The control pressure pilot

oil is from the pilot shutoff solenoid valve port A4 to the

Park Brake Release Circuit Operation. (Group 9025-05.)

pilot signal manifold through port PI. See Swing Motor



Theory of Operation



TX1005691 -19-17APR06





TX1005691

MM61211,0001519 -19-16MAY08-8/10 450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests 0022008 PN=660

24—Auxiliary (Not used) 25—Swing and Auxiliary 26—Swing 27—Boom 28—Arm, Boom Up 29—Arm 30—Bucket 31—Boom, Arm, Bucket, Right Travel	 32—Arm, Boom, Bucket 33—Arm, Boom 34—Boom, Arm, Swing, Auxiliary 35—Boom, Arm, Bucket, Right Travel, 36—Boom, Arm, Swing, Auxiliary 	 37—Boom, Arm, Left Travel Swing Auxiliary 38—Right Travel 39—Left Travel, Right Travel 40—Left Travel 42—Check Valve (4 used) 43—Travel Sensor Manifold 	 44—Right Travel Sensor Shuttle Valve 45—Left Travel Sensor Shuttle Valve 46—Digging Sensor Manifold 62—Bulkhead 	
Shuttle Valves (24—40, 44, 45)—Pilot oil pressure from the actuated travel pilot control valves and the left and right function pilot control valves is routed by the shuttle valves (24—40, 44, 45) to shift the respective		pilot valves and actuate the travel pressure sensor port TR and swing pressure sensor port S3 in the pilot signal manifold.		

MM61211,0001519 -19-16MAY08-9/10

Actuated Function To Shift Pilot Valve						
Function and Pilot Signal Manifold Ports	Pump 1 Flow Rate Pilot Valve	Pump 2 Flow Rate Pilot Valve	Travel Flow Combine Valve Pilot Valve	Pilot Valve (port SE)	Swing Park Brake Release Pilot Valve	Arm 2 Flow Rate Pilot Valve
Boom Up, A	х	х			х	х
Boom Down, B	х	х			x	
Arm In, D	х	х			х	
Arm Out, C	х	х			х	
Bucket Curl, G	х				х	
Bucket Dump, H	х				x	
Right Swing, F		х		х	x	
Left Swing, E		х		х	x	
Right Travel, L, K	Х		x			
Left Travel, I, J		Х				
Auxiliary, N, M		х			х	

90	72
	0
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There are six outputs of the pilot signal manifold other than providing passages for pilot oil to shift control valve spools.

Four Outputs of Pilot Signal Manifold			
Output	Input Number 1 Input Number 2		
Travel Flow Combiner (SL)	Any Dig or Swing Function		
Arm 2 Flow Rate Control (SK)	Arm In	Boom Up	
Pilot Valve Flow Rate Control (SE)	Arm In	Swing	
Release Swing Brake (SH)	Any Dig or Swing Function		
Pump 1 Flow Rate Control (SA)	Right Travel, Boom, Arm		
Pump 2 Flow Rate Control (SB)	Left Travel, Boo	om, Arm, Swing	

Warm-Up Circuit Operation.—When the pilot control shutoff valve is in the LOCK position and the engine is running, pilot oil flows from the pilot control shutoff valve port HT to the pilot signal manifold port PH. The oil is heated as it flows through an orifice at the inlet to manifold. The warm-up oil from pilot control shutoff valve flows through the warm-up oil passage, through the check valves and out to the left and right pilot controllers and top pilot caps on the control valve to warm the pilot circuit. At the pilot controllers, the warm-up oil flows through the pilot controllers, out the return port, through the pilot control shutoff valve port T4 to the hydraulic oil tank. At the pilot caps, warm-up oil flows through orifices into a return passage in the pilot caps and then to the hydraulic oil tank.

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TM2361 (24JUN08)

Theory of Operation









Pilot Operation of Control Valve Operation

LD30992,0000255 -19-25JUN08-1/4

450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests 062608 PN=664

- B33—Swing Pressure Sensor **B50—Arm Out Pressure**
 - Sensor
- B51—Arm In Pressure Sensor B52—Boom Up Pressure
- Sensor
- **B53—Boom Down Pressure** Sensor
- **B54—Bucket Curl Pressure** Sensor
- **B55—Bucket Dump Pressure** Sensor
- **B56—Travel Right Pressure** Sensor (port TR)
- **B57—Travel Left Pressure** Sensor (port TR)
- Y22—Boom Flow Rate
- Solenoid Valve (SF) Y23—Boom Mode Solenoid

function (142) are shown.

travel motors.

Valve (SC)

Y25—Travel Speed Solenoid Valve (SI) 1—Boom Up Function

Valve (SG)

Y24—Power Dia Solenoid

- 4—Arm In Function
- 11—Right Travel Forward
- Function
- 27—Pilot Pump
- 59—Boom Up Shockless Valve
- 62—Bulkhead
- 63—Travel Sensor Manifold 65—Digging Sensor Manifold
- 66—Pilot Signal Manifold
- 67—Boom Down Shockless
- Valve 71—Arm 2 Flow Rate Pilot
- Valve (port SK)

- 75—Travel Flow Combiner Valve Pilot Valve (port SL)
- 85—Main Relief and Power **Digging Valve**
- 89—Travel Flow Combiner Valve
- 90—Right Travel Spool
- 94—Bucket Spool
- 99—Boom 1 Spool
- 102—Boom Reduced Leakage Valve—Switch Valve
- 103—Boom Reduced Leakage Valve—Check Valve
- 104—Check Valve
- 107-Arm 2 Spool
- 110—Bypass Shutoff Valve
- 111—Arm Regenerative

- 113—Swing Spool 118-Arm 1 Spool
- 119—Check Valve
- 120—Arm Reduced Leakage Valve—Check Valve
- 121—Arm Reduced Leakage Valve—Switch Valve
- 126—Boom 2 Spool
- 136—Auxiliary Function Flow **Combiner Valve**
- 137—Auxiliary Spool
- 140—Left Travel Spool

- Valve—Switch Valve
- 154—Swing Park Brake Pilot Valve (port SH) 164—To Travel Speed Selector Valve
- 182—Pilot Oil

The following valves in the control valve are controlled by pilot oil from the pilot control valves and pilot valves in the pilot signal manifold:

Valve Control Circuit

- Auxiliary Flow Combiner Check Valve (136)
- Right and Left Travel Valve Spools (90 and 140)
- Bucket Spool (94)
- Boom 1 and Boom 2 Valve Spools (99 and 126)
- Arm In Pressure Sensor (B51)
- Boom Reduced Leakage Valve—Switch Valve (102)
- Boom Reduced Leakage Valve—Check Valve (103)
- Arm 1 and Arm 2 Spools (107 and 118)
- Bypass Shutoff Valve (110)
- Swing Spool (113)
- Arm Regenerative Valve (111)
- Arm Reduced Leakage Valve—Check Valve (120)
- Boom Up Pressure Sensor (B52)
- Auxiliary Spool (137)
- Travel Flow Combiner Valve (89)

9025-05-27

The pilot valves control pressure oil from the pilot pump and operates the control valve spools. The pilot

control valve and travel pilot control valves are

connected to the control valve by lines through the pilot signal manifold (66). Actuating a pilot control

valve routes pilot oil (147) through the pilot signal manifold to the control valve pilot cap to shift a spool.

Pilot oil also flows through the shuttle valves in the

pilot signal manifold and shifts the pilot valves. The

boom up shockless valve (59) is built in the signal

control valve and dampens guick spool movement.

The boom down shockless valve (67) located between

the right pilot valve and the signal control valve, also

The solenoid valves (Y22-Y25) in the solenoid valve manifold control the main relief and power digging

valve, boom flow rate solenoid valve (SF), and boom

mode solenoid valve (SC) in the control valve and the travel speed selector valve (164) in the left and right

dampens quick spool movement. Boom up function

(1), arm in function (4), and right travel forward



9025

A1—Main Controller (MCF)
B36—Pump 1 Control
Pressure Sensor
B38—Pump 2 Control
Pressure Sensor

- Y12—Pump 1 Control Solenoid 15—Pump 1 Y13—Pump 2 Control Solenoid16—Pump 2Y14—Fan Pump Control17—Pump 1 Regulator Solenoid
 - - 18—Pump 2 Regulator

27—Pilot Pump 28—Fan Drive Pump 29—Fan Drive Pump Regulator 180—Supply Oil

Main Pump Delivery Flow Rate Control Pressure oil from the pilot pump (27) flows to the pump control solenoid valves (Y12 and Y13) in pump 1 and 2 regulator (17 and 18). The pilot sensors (B36 and B38) in the controlled circuit sends a signal to MCF (A3). The MCF will send the signals to each pump control solenoid valve (Y12 and Y13) which controls the pump flow rate within each valve.

Fan Pump Delivery Flow Rate Control Pressure oil from the pilot pump (27) flows to the fan pump control solenoid valve (Y14) in the fan pump regulator (29), MCF (A3) activates the fan pump control solenoid valve and controls delivery flow rate of the fan pump (28) in order to adjust temperatures in oil cooler, radiator and intercooler properly.

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Continued on next page 9025-05-30 LD30992,0000257 -19-11APR06-1/3



PN=670

16—Pump 2 18—Pump 2 Regulator 19—Servo Piston 28—Fan Drive Pump

29—Fan Drive Pump Regulator 202—Cylinder Block 30—Servo Piston 200—Tilt Pin 201—Valve Plate

Pump 1, pump 2, and fan drive pump operation is the same except as noted. Pump 2 and fan drive pump are shown. Pump 2 operation is given.

NOTE: Pump 1 drive shaft carries the driven gear while pump 2 drive shaft carries the drive gear, which drives pump 1 and the fan drive pump. The pilot pump is driven off the end of pump 1 drive shaft.

The pump 2 regulator (18) is attached to the top of the pump housing. The regulator controls the movement of the servo piston (19) by sending or releasing oil from the large end of the piston. The servo piston moves the tilt pin (200) and swash plate (206), changing the pump displacement.

The pump displacement (pump flow rate) is varied by changing the angle of the swash plate with respect to 203—Piston 204—Shoe 205—Shoe Plate

206—Swash Plate 207—Drive Gear 208—Drive Shaft

the drive shaft (208). Increasing the angle increases the distance that each piston (203) travels into and out of the bore of the cylinder block (202), which increases pump displacement. Decreasing the angle reduces the distance that each piston travels into and out of the bore of the cylinder block, which decreases pump displacement.

An attenuator hose is connected from each pump discharge port to a blocking plate attached to the machine frame. The pump 1 and pump 2 attenuator hoses help reduce pump noise and vibration during operation.

For more information, see Pump 1, Pump 2, and Fan Drive Pump Regulator Schematic. See Hydraulic System Schematic. (Group 9025-15.) See Pump 1 and Pump 2 Regulator Operation. See Fan Drive Pump Regulator Operation. (Group 9025-05.)

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PN=672

15—Pump 1 19—Servo Piston 20—Load Sleeve 21—Load Spool 22—Feedback Link 23—Check Valve 24—Check Valve 25—Pilot Piston 27—Pilot Pump 83—To Right Control Valve

Operation of pump 1 regulator and pump 2 regulator is the same. Pump 1 regulator is discussed throughout.

The pump regulators are located at the top of each pump and are responsible for the control of the pump delivery flow rate. The pump control solenoid valve (Y12) regulates the pilot control pressure according to signals received from the main controller (MCF). As pilot control pressure increases, the pump delivery flow rate increases. For more information on the MCF and the pump control circuit, see Main Controller (MCF) Circuit Theory of Operation. (Group 9015-15.)

Supply oil (180) is routed through check valve (23) to load spool (21) and to the small chamber (203) of the servo piston (19).

Pilot oil (182) from the pump control solenoid valve acts on the pilot piston (25), moving the load spool back and forth against the spring (200). Pilot oil can also be combined with the supply oil through check 180—Supply Oil 182—Pilot Oil 184—Return Oil 200—Spring 201—Pivot Pin 202—Large Chamber 203—Small Chamber Y12—Pump 1 Control Solenoid Valve

valve (24) if the supply oil pressure becomes lower than the pilot oil pressure.

Regulator Operation at Minimum Flow Rate—With pump 1 control solenoid valve open to the tank, the load spool is shifted to the left by the spring. With the spool in this position, supply oil is routed to the large chamber (202) of the servo piston. With supply oil at both ends of the servo piston, the servo piston will move to the right, due to the difference in surface areas on either end.

When the servo piston moves to the right, the feedback link (22) will rotate counterclockwise, moving the load sleeve (20) to the left. The servo piston will continue to move to the right until the oil passages on the load sleeve and load spool are completely closed. With the servo piston in this position, the pump swash plate is moved to minimum displacement; thus the pump will deliver minimum flow rate.

Continued on next page

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9025 05 36 15—Pump 1 19—Servo Piston 20—Load Sleeve 21—Load Spool 22—Feedback Link 23—Check Valve 24—Check Valve 25—Pilot Piston 27—Pilot Pump 83—To Right Control Valve

180—Supply Oil 182—Pilot Oil 184—Return Oil 200—Spring 201—Pivot Pin 202—Large Chamber 203—Small Chamber Y12—Pump 1 Control Solenoid Valve

Regulator Operation with Flow Rate Increasing— With pump 1 control solenoid (Y12) actuated, pilot oil controlled by the pump 1 control solenoid acts on the pilot piston (25), moving the load spool (21) to the right against the force of the spring (200). With the load spool in this position, the large chamber (202) of the servo piston (19) is open to the tank.

Supply oil moving into the small chamber (203) moves the servo piston to the left, causing the feedback link

(22) to rotate clockwise, moving the load sleeve (20) to the right. The servo piston will continue to move to the left until the oil passages on the load sleeve and load spool are completely closed. With the servo piston in this position, the pump swash plate is moved toward maximum displacement; thus the pump flow rate will increase. The pump delivery flow rate will increase or decrease proportional to the pilot control pressure from the pump 1 control solenoid valve.

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Theory of Operation

27—Pilot Pump	36—To Fan Drive Motor	207—Outer Spring	215—Spring
28—Fan Pump	200—Lever	208—Compensating Rod	216—Pin
30—Servo Piston	201—Pin	209—Pin	217—Solenoid Valve Spool
31—Feedback Link	202—Pin	210—Pin	218—Supply Oil
32—Load Sleeve	203—Pin	211—Large Chamber	219—Pilot Oil
33—Load Spool	204—Hole	212—Lever	Y14—Pump Control Solenoid
34—Pilot Piston	205—Inner Spring	213—Pin	Valve
35—Compensating Piston	206—Small Chamber	214—Hole	

Regulator Control by Pilot Control Pressure

(Decreasing Flow Rate)—When fan drive pump control solenoid valve (Y14) is actuated, pilot oil (219) as regulated by the solenoid valve, is routed to the pilot piston (34). When the pilot oil pressure increases beyond the force of the spring (215), the pilot piston will move to the right, in turn pushing the lever (212) to the right (counterclockwise) around the pin (213).

The pin (203), which is attached to the feedback link (31), pulls the feedback link and the load spool (33) to the right, as the feedback link pivots clockwise around the pin (210).

With the load spool in this position, supply oil (218) is routed to the large chamber (211) of the servo piston

(30). With supply oil being routed to both ends of the servo piston, the servo piston will move to the right, due to the larger surface area of the large chamber side. When the servo piston moves to the right, the feedback link (31) will rotate counterclockwise around the pin (203), in turn moving the load spool (33) to the left.

The servo piston will continue to move to the right until the oil passages on the load spool and the load sleeve (32) are completely closed. With the servo piston in this position, the pump swash plate will move to minimum displacement in response to the increase of pilot control pressure at the pilot piston (34).

Continued on next page

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Theory of Operation

27—Pilot Pump	36—To Fan Drive Motor	207—Outer Spring	215—Spring
28—Fan Drive Pump	200—Lever	208—Compensating Rod	216—Pin
30—Servo Piston	201—Pin	209—Pin	217—Solenoid Valve Spool
31—Feedback Link	202—Pin	210—Pin	218—Supply Oil
32—Load Sleeve	203—Pin	211—Large Chamber	219—Pilot Oil
33—Load Spool	204—Hole	212—Lever	220—Return Oil
34—Pilot Piston	205—Inner Spring	213—Pin	Y14—Pump Control Solenoid
35—Compensating Piston	206—Small Chamber	214—Hole	Valve

Regulator Control by Pilot Control Pressure

(Increasing Flow Rate)—When the fan drive pump control solenoid valve (Y14) is actuated, pilot oil (219) as regulated by the solenoid valve, is routed to the pilot piston (34). When the pilot oil pressure decreases, the force of the spring (215) will move the pilot piston to the left until the spring force equals the force of the pilot oil pressure. The movement of the pilot piston pushes the lever (212) to the left (clockwise) around the pin (213).

The pin (203), which is attached to the feedback link (31), pulls the feedback link and the load spool (33) to the left, as the feedback link pivots counterclockwise around the pin (210).

With the load spool in this position, the large chamber (211) of the servo piston (30) is open to the tank. With supply oil constantly being routed to the small chamber (206) of the servo piston, the servo piston will now move to the left. When the servo piston moves to the left, the feedback link (31) will rotate clockwise around the pin (203), moving the load spool (33) to the right.

The servo piston will continue to move to the left until the oil passages on the load spool and the load sleeve (32) are completely closed. With the servo piston in this position, the pump swash plate will move to maximum displacement in response to the decrease of pilot control pressure at the pilot piston (34).

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27—Pilot Pump	36—To Fan Drive Motor	207—Outer Spring	215—Spring
28—Fan Drive Pump	200—Lever	208—Compensating Rod	216—Pin
30—Servo Piston	201—Pin	209—Pin	217—Solenoid Valve Spool
31—Feedback Link	202—Pin	210—Pin	218—Supply Oil
32—Load Sleeve	203—Pin	211—Large Chamber	219—Pilot Oil
33—Load Spool	204—Hole	212—Lever	Y14—Pump Control Solenoid
34—Pilot Piston	205—Inner Spring	213—Pin	Valve
35—Compensating Piston	206—Small Chamber	214—Hole	

Regulator Control by Fan Drive Pump Delivery Pressure (Decreasing Flow Rate)—The regulator controls the fan drive pump in this manner if engine speed (fan drive pump speed) increases beyond the rated speed during startup. When fan drive pump delivery pressure increases beyond the force of the inner spring (205) and the outer spring (207), the compensating piston (35) will move the compensating rod (208) to the right, in turn moving the lever (200) to the right (counterclockwise), around the pin (201), which is fixed to the housing.

The pin (203), which is attached to the feedback link (31), pulls the feedback link and the load spool (33) to the right, as the feedback link pivots clockwise around the pin (210).

With the load spool in this position, supply oil (218) is routed to the large chamber (211) of the servo piston (30). With supply oil being routed to both ends of the servo piston, the servo piston will move to the right, due to the larger surface area of the large chamber side. When the servo piston moves to the right, the feedback link (31) will rotate counterclockwise around the pin (203), moving the load spool (33) to the left.

The servo piston will continue to move to the right until the oil passages on the load spool and the load sleeve (32) are completely closed. With the servo piston in this position, the pump swash plate will move to minimum displacement, decreasing the flow rate of the pump.

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27—Pilot Pump	36—To Fan Drive Motor	207—Outer Spring	215—Spring
28—Fan Drive Pump	200—Lever	208—Compensating Rod	216—Pin
30—Servo Piston	201—Pin	209—Pin	217—Solenoid Valve Spool
31—Feedback Link	202—Pin	210—Pin	218—Supply Oil
32—Load Sleeve	203—Pin	211—Large Chamber	219—Pilot Oil
33—Load Spool	204—Hole	212—Lever	220—Return Oil
34—Pilot Piston	205—Inner Spring	213—Pin	Y14—Pump Control Solenoid
35—Compensating Piston	206—Small Chamber	214—Hole	Valve

Regulator Control by Fan Drive Pump Delivery Pressure (Increasing Flow Rate)—When the fan drive pump delivery pressure at the compensating piston (35) decreases, the force of the inner spring (205) and the outer spring (207), will move the compensating rod (208) to the left, in turn moving the lever (200) to the left (clockwise), around the pin (201) which is fixed to the housing.

The pin (203), which is attached to the feedback link (31), pulls the feedback link and the load spool (33) to the left, as the feedback link pivots counterclockwise around the pin (210).

With the load spool in this position, the large chamber (211) of the servo piston (30) is open to the tank. With

supply oil constantly being routed to the small chamber (206) of the servo piston, the servo piston will now move to the left. When the servo piston moves to the left, the feedback link (31) will rotate clockwise around the pin (203), moving the load spool (33) to the right.

The servo piston will continue to move to the left until the oil passages on the load spool and the load sleeve (32) are completely closed. With the servo piston in this position, the pump swash plate will move to maximum displacement, increasing the flow rate of the pump.

OUT3035,000001D -19-27APR06-9/9



Theory of Operation



Theory of Operation



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- 87—Main Relief Valve Isolation 117—Neutral Passage Check Check Valve (5-spool)
- 112—Neutral Passage Check Valve (swing lift check)
- 115—Power Passage Check Valve (arm 1 in function lift check)
- 116—Power Passage Check Valve (arm 1 out function lift check)
- Valve (arm 1 in function lift check)
- 122—Arm In Circuit Relief and Anticavitation Valve 123—Arm Out Circuit Relief
- and Anticavitation Valve 124—Neutral Passage Check
- Valve (boom 2 lift check)
- 128—Boom Mode Relief Valve 129—Boom Mode Relief **Control Valve**
- 133—Check Valve (lift check) 138—Auxiliary Circuit Relief and Anticavitation Valve
- 139—Auxiliary Circuit Relief and Anticavitation Valve
- 141—Neutral Passage Check Valve (left travel lift check)
- 145—Left Travel and Bucket **Flow Combining Circuit Check Valve** 146—Bypass Shutoff (Bucket Flow Combiner) Valve (5-spool)
- MM61211,0001522 -19-15MAY08-4/15 \sim 174 172 \cap റ (89) (85 TX1006458 4 and 5-Spool Cross Section 85-Main Relief and Power 173—Boom 2 Regenerative 174—Arm 1 Regenerative 172—Bucket Regenerative **Digging Valve** Valve Valve Valve 89—Travel Flow Combiner Valve MM61211,0001522 -19-15MAY08-5/15 Continued on next page

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TX1006458



- 83—Right Control Valve (4-spool)
- 84—Left Control Valve (5-spool)
- 85—Main Relief and Power Digging Valve
- 86—Main Relief Valve Isolation Check Valve (4-spool)
- 87—Main Relief Valve Isolation Check Valve (5-spool)
- 88—Check Valve
- 89—Travel Flow Combiner Valve
- 91—Bucket Regenerative Switch Valve
- 92—Bucket Flow Combiner Circuit Check Valve
- 93—Power Passage Check Valve (bucket lift check)
- 95—Bucket Dump Circuit Relief and Anticavitation Valve
- 96—Bucket Curl Circuit Relief and Anticavitation Valve
- 97—Boom Flow Rate Control Valve—Switch Valve

- 98—Boom Flow Rate Control Valve—Poppet Valve
- 100—Boom Down Circuit Relief and Anticavitation Valve
- 101—Boom Up Circuit Relief and Anticavitation Valve 102—Boom Reduced Leakage
- Valve—Switch Valve 103—Boom Reduced Leakage
- Valve—Check Valve 104—Check Valve
- 105—Arm 2 Flow Rate Control Valve—Switch Valve
- 106—Arm 2 Flow Rate Control Valve—Poppet Valve 110—Bypass Shutoff Valve
- (right control valve, 4-spool)
- 111—Arm Regenerative Valve—Switch Valve 112—Neutral Passage Check
- Valve (swing lift check) 115—Power Passage Check
- Valve (arm 1 in function lift check)

Main Control Valve—The main control valve consists of two rows of valves referred to as the left control valve (84) (5-spool) and right control valve (83) (4-spool). The major parts are main relief and power digging valve (85), flow combiner valves and spools, which are operated by pilot oil pressure. The right control valve (4-spool) and left control valve (5-spool) are mounted back-to-back so the oil passages in the valves are connected. The spools are selectively fitted. There is a spool in each valve to control the boom, arm, and travel functions. All other functions are supplied by a single spool in one or the other of the valves. Check valves are used as lift checks and to route supply oil between the right control valve (4-spool) and left control valve (5-spool) for combined operation. The control valve is an open-center type valve. Each valve section controls the flow rate and direction for its hydraulic circuit.

- 116—Power Passage Check Valve (arm 1 out function lift check)
- 117—Neutral Passage Check Valve (arm 1 in function lift check)
- 120—Arm Reduced Leakage Valve—Check Valve 121—Arm Reduced Leakage
- Valve—Switch Valve 122—Arm In Circuit Relief and Anticavitation Valve
- 123—Arm Out Circuit Relief and Anticavitation Valve
- 124—Neutral Passage Check Valve (boom 2 lift check)
- 125—Power Passage Check Valve (boom 2 lift check)
- 128—Boom Mode Relief Valve
- 129—Boom Mode Relief Control Valve
- 133—Check Valve (lift check) 134—Power Passage Check Valve (auxiliary lift

check)

- 136—Auxiliary Flow Combiner Circuit Check Valve
- 138—Auxiliary Circuit Relief and Anticavitation Valve 139—Auxiliary Circuit Relief
- and Anticavitation Valve 141—Neutral Passage Check
- Valve (left travel lift check)
- 142—Power Passage Check Valve (left travel lift check)
- 145—Left Travel and Bucket Flow Combining Circuit Check Valve
- 146—Bypass Shutoff (bucket flow combiner) Valve (5-spool)
- 173—Boom 2 Regenerative Valve
- 174—Arm 1 Regenerative Valve

Boom Mode Relief—The boom mode relief control valve (129) is provided in the boom lower circuit of boom 2. The boom mode relief valve decreases relief set pressure of the relief valve and reduces vibration of machine during boom lowering operation.

For more information, see Hydraulic System Schematic. (Group 9025-05.)

All valves are accessible from the outside of control valve by removing a plug, cover, or the pilot caps. See Control Valve Line Identification. (Group 9025-15.)

Solenoid Valve Manifold—The solenoid valve manifold which contains the power dig, arm regenerative, swing priority, and travel speed solenoid valves, is also located on the right control valve.

450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests



15—Pump 1	90—Right Travel Spool
16—Pump 2	94—Bucket Spool
44—Restriction Valve	99—Boom 1 Spool
45—Oil Cooler Bypass Valve	107—Arm 2 Spool
83—Right Control Valve	110—Bypass Shutoff (auxiliary
(4-spool)	flow combiner) Valve
84—Left Control Valve	111—Arm Regenerative
(5-spool)	Valve—Switch Valve

Supply oil from pump 1 (15) flows to the right control valve (83). Supply oil from pump 2 (16) flows to the left control valve (84). When all functions are in neutral, supply oil flows through the neutral and power passages (180) for each valve spool section and then into the return passage (184). Neutral and power passages in the left and right control valves are used to route supply oil for the combined operation of

113—Swing Spool
118—Arm 1 Spool
126—Boom 2 Spool
137—Auxiliary Spool
140—Left Travel Spool
149—Swing Motor
157—Left Travel Motor
158—Right Travel Motor
158—Right Travel Moto

168—Boom Cylinder (2 used) 170—Bucket Cylinder 169—Arm Cylinder 180-Neutral and Power Passages 183—Combiner Passage 184—Return Passage

functions. Arm 1 and 2 spools (107 and 118), and the boom 1 and 2 spools (99 and 126), are connected by combiner passages (183) so supply oil from both pump 1 and pump 2 flows to the cylinders during a single operation. Supply oil from pump 2 can be combined with supply oil from pump 1 by the auxiliary combiner power passage to supply the auxiliary spool (137).









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Theory of Operation







- 15—Pump 1
- 16—Pump 2
- 44—To Restriction Valve
- 45—To Hydraulic Oil Cooler **Bypass Valve**
- 83—Right Control Valve
- 84—Left Control Valve
- 85—Main Relief and Power **Digging Valve**
- 86-Main Relief Valve Isolation Check Valve (4-spool)
- 87—Main Relief Valve Isolation Check Valve (5-spool)
- 88—Travel Flow Combiner **Circuit Check Valve**
- **89—Travel Flow Combiner** Valve
- 90—Right Travel Spool
- 91—Bucket Regenerative
- Switch Valve 92—Bucket Flow Combiner
- **Circuit Check Valve** 93—Power Passage Check
- Valve (bucket lift check)
- 94-Bucket Spool
- 95—Bucket Dump Circuit **Relief and Anticavitation** Valve
- 96—Bucket Curl Circuit Relief and Anticavitation Valve
- 97—Boom Flow Bate Control Valve—Switch Valve 98—Boom Flow Rate Control
- Valve—Poppet Valve
- 99—Boom 1 Spool

- 100—Boom Down Circuit **Relief and Anticavitation**
- Valve 101—Boom Up Circuit Relief
- and Anticavitation Valve 102—Boom Reduced Leakage Valve—Switch Valve
- 103—Boom Reduced Leakage Valve—Check Valve
- 104—Check Valve
- 105—Arm 2 Flow Rate Control Valve—Switch Valve
- 106—Arm 2 Flow Rate Control Valve—Poppet Valve
- 107—Arm 2 Spool
- 109—Orifice—Warm-Up Circuit (9 used) 110—Bypass Shutoff Valve
- (right control valve) 111—Arm Regenerative
- Valve—Switch Valve 112—Neutral Passage Check Valve (swing lift check)
- 113—Swing Spool
- 114—Power Passage Orifice (arm 1 in function lift check)
- 115—Power Passage Check Valve (arm 1 in function lift check)
- 116—Power Passage Check Valve (arm 1 out function lift check)
- 117—Neutral Passage Check Valve (arm 1 in function lift check)

See Control Valve Operation for location of check valves and orifices in the left and right control valves (83 and 84). (Group 9025-05.)

Check Valves (112, 117, 124, 133, and 141)—Are lift checks in the neutral passages.

Check Valves (93, 115, 116, 125, 134, and 142)-Are lift checks in the power passages.

Bucket Regenerative Valve (check valve) (172)-During bucket curl regenerative operation, the bucket

- 118—Arm 1 Spool 119—Check Valve
- 120—Arm Reduced Leakage Valve—Check Valve
- 121—Arm Reduced Leakage Valve—Switch Valve
- 122—Arm In Circuit Relief and Anticavitation Valve
- 123—Arm Out Circuit Relief and Anticavitation Valve
- 124—Neutral Passage Check Valve (boom 2 lift check)
- 125—Power Passage Check Valve (boom 2 lift check)
- 126—Boom 2 Spool
- 127—Anticavitation Check Valve (boom down)
- 128—Boom Mode Relief Valve 129—Boom Mode Relief **Control Valve**
- 130—Boom 2 Reduced Leakage Valve—Switch Valve (not used on 450DLC)
- 131—Boom 2 Reduced Leakage Valve—Check Valve (not used on 450DLC)
- 132—Check Valve (not used on 450DLC)
- 133—Check Valve (lift check) 134—Power Passage Check Valve (auxiliary lift
- check) 135—Power Passage Orifice (auxiliary power passage)

- 136—Auxiliary Flow Combiner **Circuit Check Valve**
- 137—Auxiliary Spool
- 138—Auxiliary Circuit Relief and Anticavitation Valve
- 139—Auxiliary Circuit Relief and Anticavitation Valve
- 140—Left Travel Spool
 - 141—Neutral Passage Check Valve (left travel lift check)
 - 142—Power Passage Check Valve (left travel lift check)
 - 143—Power Passage Orifice (left travel power passage)
 - 144—Left Travel and Bucket Flow Combiner Circuit Orifice
 - 145—Left Travel and Bucket Flow Combiner Circuit **Check Valve**
 - 146—Bypass Shutoff (bucket flow combiner) Valve (left control valve)
 - 172—Bucket Regenerative Valve
 - 173—Boom 2 Regenerative Valve
- 174—Arm 1 Regenerative Valve
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becomes greater than the supply oil pressure. Return oil combines with the supply oil flow to the head end of bucket cylinder, preventing cavitation. See Bucket Regenerative Valve Circuit Operation. (Group 9025-05.)

regenerative switch valve (91) is closed. Bucket

oil pressure from the rod end of bucket cylinder

regenerative check valve (172) is opened when return

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Boom 2 Regenerative Valve (check valve) (173)— During boom down operation, the boom 2 regenerative check valve (173) is opened when return oil pressure from the head end of the boom cylinder becomes greater than the pump 1 supply oil pressure. Return oil combines with the pump 1 supply oil flow to the rod end of boom cylinder, preventing cavitation. See Boom Regenerative Valve Circuit Operation. (Group 9025-05.)

Arm 1 Regenerative Valve (check valve) (174)— During arm in regenerative operation the arm regenerative switch valve (111) is closed, arm regenerative check valve (174) is opened when return oil pressure from the rod end of arm cylinder becomes greater than the supply oil pressure. Return oil combines with the supply oil flow to the head end of arm cylinder, preventing cavitation. See Arm Regenerative Valve Circuit Operation. (Group 9025-05.)

Main Relief Valve Isolation Check Valve (4 Spool) (86)—A higher pump 2 pressure closes the check valve so it cannot flow to the lower pressure side of control valve. The higher pressure is sensed by the main relief and power digging valve (85). See Main Relief and Power Digging Valve Circuit Operation. (Group 9025-05.)

Main Relief Valve Isolation Check Valve (5 Spool) (87)—A higher pump 1 pressure closes the check valve against the lower pressure so it cannot flow to the lower pressure side of control valve. The higher pressure is sensed by the main relief and power digging valve (85). See Main Relief and Power Digging Valve Circuit Operation. (Group 9025-05.)

Auxiliary Flow Combiner Circuit Check Valve (136)—When auxiliary function is actuated, bypass shutoff valve (110) closes and hydraulic pump 1 supply oil flows from the 4-spool neutral passage through the auxiliary flow combiner check valve to the auxiliary spool (137). The bypass shutoff valve is shifted by an external pilot line from the auxiliary spool pilot cap. Check valve will close if pressure in the 5-spool neutral and power passages is higher than the pump 1 supply oil. See Bypass Shutoff (Auxiliary Flow Combiner) Valve Circuit Operation. (Group 9025-05.)

Travel Flow Combiner Circuit Check Valve (88)— Blocks a higher supply oil pressure in the left control valve (84) from flowing to the right control valve (83) in travel flow combiner circuit. Travel flow combiner valve (89) is opened by a pilot signal from travel flow combiner pilot valve (75) in the pilot signal manifold. See Travel Flow Combiner Valve Circuit Operation. (Group 9025-05.)

Bucket Flow Combiner Circuit Check Valve (92) and Left Travel and Bucket Flow Combiner Circuit Check Valve (145)—Blocks a higher supply oil pressure in the right control valve (83) from flowing to the left control valve (84) in bucket flow combiner circuit. Bucket flow combiner valve (146) is closed by a pilot signal from the solenoid valve manifold port DP. See Bypass Shutoff (Bucket Flow Combiner) Valve Circuit Operation. (Group 9025-05.)

Circuit Relief and Anticavitation Valves (95, 96, 100, 101, 122, 123, 127, 138, and 139)—The anticavitation valve opens when return oil pressure becomes greater than supply oil pressure to provide make-up oil to prevent cavitation in the cylinder. See Circuit Relief and Anticavitation Valve Operation. (Group 9025-05.)

Boom Reduced Leakage Check Valve (103) and Arm Reduced Leakage Check Valve (120)—A reduced leakage valve is located on the boom cylinder head end circuit and the arm cylinder rod end circuit to prevent boom or arm from drifting down while control lever is in neutral. See Boom and Arm Reduced Leakage Valves Operation. (Group 9025-05.)

LD30992,000025B -19-15MAY08-3/3

450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests



1—Piston 2—Spring

3—Pilot Poppet 4—Spring

4—Spring

5—Main Poppet
6—Normal Operation
7—Relief Operation
8—From Power Dig Solenoid Valve SG

Main Relief and Power Dig Valve—The main relief and power dig valve limits the maximum pressure of the hydraulic system.

During normal operation (6), supply oil (19) flows through the center of the main poppet (5) and, with the force of spring (4), holds the poppet closed.

During relief operation (7), the relief pressure oil (18) unseats pilot poppet (3). As the pilot poppet opens, oil behind the main poppet is routed to return. As pressure behind the main poppet decreases, the relief 9—Power Dig Operation 18—Relief Pressure Oil 19—Supply Oil 20—Reduced Pressure Oil 21—Pilot Oil 22—Return Oil

pressure on the face of the main poppet opens the poppet, routing relief pressure oil to return. As the pressure decreases below the pressure setting, the pilot poppet is closed by the force of spring (2). Pressure behind the main poppet increases and, along with the spring force, closes the main poppet.

During power dig operation (9), pilot oil (21) from power dig solenoid valve SG (8) is routed to the top of the piston (1), pushing it down against the spring (2), increasing the main relief pressure setting.

Continued on next page

LD30992,000025C -19-13APR06-2/6

Theory of Operation



When the power dig switch (25) is pushed and held or when a travel function (23 or 24) is actuated, the main controller (MCF) (26) sends an electrical signal to energize the power dig solenoid valve SG (27). The pilot oil pressure signal from the power dig solenoid The main hydraulic system can now operate at a higher operating pressure for approximately 8 seconds as long as the power dig switch is held down. If the switch is released before 8 seconds, the power dig function is turned off. After 8 seconds, the switch must be released and pushed again to actuate the power dig function. The length of time the power dig function is actuated is controlled by a timer circuit in the MCF.

Continued on next page

LD30992,000025C -19-13APR06-3/6

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Auto-Power Lift Operation—The function of the auto-power lift control circuit is to increase the main hydraulic system operating pressure by temporarily increasing the main relief and power dig valve (85) pressure setting for boom up operation.

NOTE: Auto-power lift is activated during combined boom up operations, except arm in.

During a boom up operation, when the MCF (26) receives an electrical signal from the boom up pressure sensor (29) and hydraulic pump 1 delivery pressure sensor (32) and zero output signal from the arm in pressure sensor (30), the MCF sends an

electrical signal to energize the power dig solenoid valve SG (27). The pilot oil (21) pressure signal from the power dig solenoid valve SG (27) pushes the piston in the main relief and power dig valve down, increasing the pressure setting. The main hydraulic system can now operate at a higher operating pressure.

Counterweight Removal Circuit Operation-The

function of the counterweight removal circuit is to increase the main hydraulic system operating pressure by temporarily increasing the main relief and power dig valve (85) pressure setting during counterweight removal operation.

Continued on next page

LD30992,000025C -19-13APR06-4/6

During counterweight removal operation, when the MCF (26) receives an electrical signal from the counterweight pressure sensor, the MCF sends an electrical signal to energize the power dig solenoid valve SG (27). The pilot oil (21) pressure signal from the power dig solenoid valve SG pushes the piston in the main relief valve and power dig valve down,

increasing the pressure setting. The main hydraulic system can now operate at a higher operating pressure. The MCF receives signals from pump 1 and pump 2 regulator pressure sensors. The MCF then sends signals to pump 1 and pump 2 control solenoid valves reducing the pump's flow rates.

Continued on next page

LD30992,000025C -19-13APR06-5/6





When energized, the magnetic force shifts the spool left against the spring. Pilot oil (21) flows past the spool flange and out the valve function port as reduced closing the passage. The spool is moving constantly to maintain the reduced pilot oil pressure to the main relief and power dig valve in response to the electrical signal to the solenoid.

LD30992,000025C -19-13APR06-6/6

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LD30992,000025D __19_01MAR06-1/1



OUT3035,000001E -19-25APR06-1/1


15—Pump 1

and arm 2.

9025-05.)

- 16—Pump 2 83—Right Control Valve (4-spool) 84—Left Control Valve
- (5-spool) 85—Main Relief and Power Digging Valve
- 88—Check Valve—Travel Flow Combiner Valve Circuit
 89—Travel Flow Combiner Valve
 90—Right Travel Spool
 94—Bucket Spool
- 107—Arm 2 Spool

When travel only is actuated, supply oil (180) from

pump 2 (16) flows through the neutral passage of arm 1 (118), boom 2, and auxiliary spools, then through the

left travel spool (140) and out to the left travel motor

(157). Supply oil from pump 1 (15) flows through the

through the neutral passage of bucket (94), boom 1,

When dig functions are actuated at the same time as

travel, the travel flow combiner valve (89) is shifted by

pilot oil from the travel flow combiner pilot valve (port SL) in the pilot signal manifold. See Pilot Signal

Manifold Operation for operation of pilot valves. (Group

right travel spool (90) and out to the right travel motor (159). Right travel spool blocks the flow of supply oil

118—Arm 1 Spool 140—Left Travel Spool

- 142—Check Valve (lift
- check)—Bucket 143—Orifice—Bucket Power
- Passage
- 157—Left Travel Motor 159—Right Travel Motor 169—Arm Cylinder 180—Supply Oil 182—Pilot Oil 184—Return Oil

Supply oil (180) from pump 1 (15) flows to right travel spool and now through the travel flow combiner valve to the left travel spool and bucket spool (90). Supply oil flow from pump 1 to both left and right travel motors prevents mistracking.

When travel is not actuated, return oil and spring force keep the travel flow combiner valve closed.

Supply oil from pump 2 (16) is used for the swing, arm, and boom functions and, when connected, the auxiliary function.

Continued on next page

MM61211,0001531 -19-15MAY08-2/3





The boom regenerative valve (173) is located inside the boom 2 spool (126). The boom regenerative valve improves boom control and prevents boom cylinder cavitation during boom down operation.

Under the following operating conditions, low delivery pressure from pump 2 and pilot oil pressure to the pilot cap for boom down, the weight of boom, arm, and bucket causes the boom to lower faster than the pump can supply oil to the boom cylinder rod end.

Boom down pilot oil shifts the boom 2 spool to the lower position. Oil can then flow from the head end of the boom cylinders to the boom 2 spool. At the boom 2 spool, oil flows to the boom regenerative valve (173). When regenerative return oil (185) pressure is more than pump 2 supply oil (180) pressure, the boom regenerative valve is open. Regenerative return oil is combined with pump 2 supply oil and both are supplied to the boom cylinders rod end.

When pump 2 supply oil pressure is more than regenerative return oil pressure, the boom regenerative valve is closed. Pump 1 supply oil only flows to the boom cylinders rod end. Regenerative return oil passes through an orifice (301) and on to the oil tank.

Continued on next page

MM61211,0001532 -19-24APR06-1/2





The arm regenerative valve improves arm control and increases cylinder speed during arm in operation by combining the regenerative oil (185) (high-pressure return oil) from arm cylinder rod end with the pump supply oil (180) flowing to the arm cylinder head end.

Pilot oil pressure from the arm in pilot valve (4) shifts the arm 1 spool (118) and arm 2 spool (107). The arm 2 flow rate switch valve (105) is actuated by pilot oil pressure from arm 2 flow rate pilot valve (port SK) (71). With the arm 2 flow rate switch valve shifted, the arm 2 flow rate poppet valve (106) is closed and supply oil from pump 1 (15) is blocked from flowing to the arm 2 spool. With the arm 1 spool shifted completely to the right, pilot oil from pilot check valve manifold (port B) (82) is allowed to shift the arm reduced leakage switch valve (121). This pilot oil then enters the spring side of arm reduced leakage check valve (120), where the pilot oil pressure plus the spring pressure hold the arm reduced leakage check valve closed.

With the weight of the arm helping to push the return oil out of the arm cylinder, the oil pressure in the rod end increases. This return oil then flows back through the arm 1 spool to the arm regenerative switch valve (111), where it is allowed to return to the tank.

Continued on next page

OUO1020,0001554 -19-15MAY08-1/3

If the arm cylinder return oil pressure becomes higher than the pump 2 supply oil pressure, the arm 1 regenerative check valve (174) will open, allowing the regenerative oil to combine with the pump 2 (16)

supply oil. This regenerative charged supply oil is then sent to the head end of the arm cylinder, increasing the cylinder speed.

OUO1020,0001554 -19-15MAY08-2/3



Bucket Regenerative Valve Circuit Operation

During bucket digging operation, return oil (184) from the bucket cylinder (170) flows to the hydraulic oil tank (47). Return oil (184) from the bucket cylinder (170) enters the spool (94) and acts on the bucket regenerative check valve (172) inside the spool (94). When digging operation is done with the bucket rolled-out, the bucket moves faster as compared with supply oil (180) from the pump (15). Therefore, pressure in the circuit between pump (15) and bottom of the bucket cylinder (170) decreases. When pressure in the bottom of bucket cylinder becomes lower than that of the top side, the bucket regenerative check valve (172) opens. Therefore, regenerative return oil (185) from the top of the bucket cylinder (170) flows to the bottom side of the bucket cylinder and is combined with supply oil (180) from the pump (15). Consequently, the regenerative operation is done and speed of the cylinder increases.

15—From Pump 1 47—Hydraulic Öil Tank 91—Bucket Regenerative Switch Valve 93—Power Passage Check Valve (bucket lift check) 94—Bucket Spool 170-Bucket Cylinder 172—Bucket Regenerative Valve 180—Supply Oil 182—Pilot Oil 184—Return or Pressure-Free Oil 185—Regenerative Return Oil



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During Normal Operation—The bucket regenerative check valve (172) is closed and the regenerative operation stops. As pressure increases in the bottom side of the bucket cylinder (170), the piston of the bucket regenerative switch valve (91) pushes a plunger. As speed of the bucket cylinder increases, the amount of return oil (184) flow is determined from the top side of the bucket cylinder to the hydraulic oil tank (47).

15—From Pump 1 47—Hydraulic Oil Tank 91—Bucket Regenerative Switch Valve 93—Power Passage Check Valve (bucket lift check) 94—Bucket Spool 170—Bucket Cylinder 172—Bucket Regenerative Valve 180—Supply Oil 182—Pilot Oil

184—Return or Pressure-Free Oil 185—Regenerative Return Oil



Boom and Arm Reduced Leakage Valves Operation

Reduced leakage valves are used in the boom head end circuit and arm rod end circuit. The function of a reduced leakage valve is to reduce cylinder drift by stopping leakage from the cylinder back through the control valve.











Continued on next page

LD30992,0000262 -19-26APR06-4/5



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Boom Flow Rate Circuit Operation

The boom flow rate control valve restricts oil flow rate in the circuit during combined operations, and will give priority to other actuators.

Each flow rate control valve is operated during a combined operation as shown.	
Flow Rate Control Valve	Combined Operation
Boom	Boom Lower (operation with the front attachment above ground [high pressure at the bottom side])
Arm	Boom Raise and Arm Roll-In
	•

Flow Rate Control Valve Normal Operation—High pressure supply oil (180) flows to the 4-spool side of the parallel circuit from pump 1, (15) and is split into two directions. One direction high pressure supply oil (180) acts on the check valve in the boom flow rate control valve—poppet valve (98). In the other direction high pressure supply oil (180) pushes to open the check valve in the boom flow rate control valve—switch valve (97).

High pressure supply oil from pump 1, (15) is blocked at the boom flow rate control valve—switch valve (97) when kept closed, which will push the check valve in the boom flow rate control valve—poppet valve (98) open to allow high pressure supply oil (180) flow to boom 1 spool (99).

15—From Pump 1 97—Boom Flow Rate Control Valve—Switch Valve 98—Boom Flow Rate Control Valve—Poppet Valve 99—Boom 1 Spool 102—Boom Reduced Leakage Valve—Switch Valve 103—Boom Reduced Leakage Valve—Check Valve 104—Check Valve 126—To Boom 2 Spool 168—Boom Cylinder (2 used) 180—Supply Oil 182—Pilot Oil 184—Return or Pressure-Free Oil



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Flow Rate Control Valve Activated—Pilot oil (182) pressure from boom flow rate solenoid valve (Y22) will shift the boom flow rate control valve—switch valve (97). As high pressure supply oil (180) from pump 1 (15) pushes the piston in the boom flow rate control valve—poppet valve (98). Back pressure in the poppet valve increases and will force the valve closed, as a result the poppet valve restricts flow rate to boom 1 spool (99) and high pressure supply oil is supplied to other actuators that have higher load pressure.

Y22—From Boom Flow Rate Solenoid Valve 2—Boom Down 3—Poppet—Check Valve 4—Boom Flow Rate Control Valve—Check Valve 15—From Pump 1 97—Boom Flow Rate Control Valve—Switch Valve 98—Boom Flow Rate Control Valve—Poppet Valve 99-Boom 1 Spool 102—Boom Reduced Leakage Valve—Switch Valve 103—Boom Reduced Leakage Valve—Check Valve 104—Check Valve 126—To Boom 2 Spool 168—Boom Cylinder (2 used) 168—Boom Cylinder (2 used) 180—Supply Oil 182—Pilot Oil 184—Return or Pressure-Free Oil



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LD30992,0000263 -19-26APR06-4/7

Theory of Operation







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Energized—When energized, the magnetic force shifts the spool left against the spring. Pilot oil (24) flows past the spool flange and out the port as a reduced pilot oil to the boom flow rate control valve—switch valve (20). Because the flange on the right is larger than the flange on the left, the spool is pushed to the right against the magnetic force as the electrical signal to the solenoid increases. When the reduced pilot oil pressure becomes equal to or greater than the magnetic force (23), the spool is pushed to the right closing the passage. The reduced pilot oil to the boom flow rate control valve—switch valve is trapped. The spool is moving constantly to maintain the reduced pilot oil pressure in response to the electrical signal to the solenoid coil.

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 1—Boom Up (pilot) 4—Arm In (pilot) 15—Pump 1 16—Pump 2 27—Pilot Pump 66—Pilot Signal Manifold 71—Arm 2 Flow Rate Pilot Valve (port SK) 99—Boom 1 Spool 105—Arm 2 Flow Rate Control Valve—Switch Valve 106—Arm 2 Flow Rate Control Valve—Poppet Valve 107—Arm 2 Spool 111—Arm Regenerative Valve—Switch Valve 118—Arm 1 Spool 126—Boom 2 Spool

168—Boom Cylinders

169—Arm Cylinder

182—Pilot Oil 184—Return Oil 200—Pump 1 Supply Oil 201—Reduced Flow Pump 1 Supply Oil 202—Pump 2 Supply Oil

Normal Operation—During normal operation, pump 1 supply oil (200) is routed to the boom 1 spool (99) and the arm 2 spool (107) through the 4-spool power circuit, and pump 2 supply oil (202) is routed to the arm 1 spool (118) and the boom 2 spool (126) through the 5-spool power circuit.

Combined Operation—During combined operation of boom up (1) and arm in (4), arm in pilot pressure shifts the arm 2 flow rate pilot valve (71), allowing boom up pilot oil to flow to, and shift, the arm 2 flow rate control valve—switch valve (105). For arm 2 flow rate pilot valve information, see Pilot Signal Manifold Operation. (Group 9025-05.) With the switch valve shifted, the pump 1 supply oil (200) is routed to the back side of the arm 2 flow rate control valve—poppet valve (106), where it can push on the poppet valve reducing the flow of pump 1 supply oil (201) to the arm 2 spool (107). Consequently, more pump 1 supply oil is available to the boom 1 spool (99), allowing the boom up speed to be maintained.

During this combined operation the arm function will be maintained by the pump 2 supply oil (202) and the arm 1 spool regenerative circuit. See Regenerative Valve Circuit Operation. (Group 9025-05.)

Continued on next page

LD30992,0000259 -19-15MAY08-2/4

Theory of Operation



PN=734

15—From Pump 1
71—From Arm 2 Flow Rate
Pilot Valve (port SK)
104—Arm 2 Flow Rate Control
Valve—Check Valve

105—Arm 2 Flow Rate Control Valve—Switch Valve 106—Arm 2 Flow Rate Control 184—Return Oil Valve—Poppet Valve

107—To Arm 2 Spool 182—Pilot Oil

200—Pump 1 Supply Oil 201—Reduced Flow Pump 1 Supply Oil

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Boom Mode Circuit Operation

Information not available at the time of release.

LD30992,0000264 -19-08JUN06-1/1

Counterweight Removal Circuit Operation

For information on Counterweight Removal Circuit, see Main Relief and Power Digging Valve Circuit Operation (9025-05).

OUT3035,0000021 -19-26APR06-1/1



LD30992,0000265 -19-23FEB06-1/1



Theory of Operation







Swing Motor Crossover Relief Valve—The swing motor crossover relief valves are direct acting relief valves with a shock reducing function. The piston (17) allows the spring force on the poppet (23) to be reduced. Additionally, as oil flows through the orifice (153) and moves the piston, a pressure difference is created from one side of the poppet to the other. The reduced spring force and the pressure difference on the poppet allow the poppet to open below set pressure to reduce pressure spikes. As the piston moves, spring force on the poppet is increased. Once the piston reaches full stroke, the pressure difference is eliminated and the pressure in the swing circuit will reach set pressure. **Swing Motor Make-Up Check Valve**—When the swing control lever is returned to the neutral position while the upperstructure is in motion, the weight of the upperstructure will continue to turn the swing motor which causes it to act like a pump. The flow caused by the pumping action of the swing motor cannot flow through the control valve because the work ports are blocked by the valve spool. The high pressure oil is forced through the crossover relief valve. The make-up check valve (151) provides oil to the low pressure side of the swing motor to prevent cavitation.

MM61211,0001539 -19-26APR06-4/4



Releasing Brake— When any dig or swing function is operated, the swing park brake release pilot valve is shifted allowing pilot pressure oil through check valve (152) to move brake piston (2). As brake piston moves, plate (7) and friction plate (8) disengage, which releases the swing park brake.

The spring (1) pushes the brake piston (2) down, forcing the oil through the orifice (153) into the swing

the swing park brake until the upperstructure is

motor case. The orifice (153) prevents the brake piston

(2) from moving quickly and delays the application of

stopped or nearly stopped. The force of spring (1) on

the brake piston engages the friction plate (8), which



LD30992,0000268 -19-27FEB06-1/1



Travel Motor Components—The travel motor is a two speed, axial piston, swash plate type motor which includes the park brake.

The travel motor and park brake valve assembly is composed of counterbalance valve, crossover relief valves, speed selector valve, and check valves.

Pressure oil flows through valve plate (13) forcing the pistons against the angled swashplate (4) in one half of the cylinder block (12). Because the swashplate is fixed, the piston slippers slide down the angled face turning the cylinder block and output shaft (8). The valve plate (13) is held stationary by a pin. Retainer (6) holds the slippers against the swash plate by force from ball guide (7) and springs (9). As the cylinder block and output shaft rotate, the pistons move out of

their bores. The pistons in the other half of the cylinder block move back into their bores to discharge oil.

The cylinder block is preloaded against the valve plate by springs (9), ball guide (7) and retainer (6) to prevent leakage during starting or low pressure operation. As pressure in the cylinder block bores increase, the force holding the cylinder block against the valve plate and pistons also increase.

Pressure oil flows through the center of each piston to the balljoint and to the face of each slipper for lubrication.

Swashplate pistons (5) control the angle of the swashplate (4) to change motor displacement.

LD30992,0000269 -19-25APR06-1/2

450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests

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Theory of Operation



LD30992,0000269 -19-25APR06-2/2







Boom, Arm, and Bucket Cylinders—

The boom, arm, and bucket cylinders are similar in design. The bucket cylinder is illustrated. The rod quide (17) is fastened to the cylinder barrel with cap screws and is fitted with a wear ring (6) held in place by a snap ring (7). A buffer ring (5), U-cup seal (4), back-up ring (3), and wiper seal (2) are used in the rod guide. A snap ring (1) is used to help hold wiper seal in place. The U-cup seal (4) is protected against high pressure by the buffer ring (5) and stops the small amount of oil that may pass by the buffer ring.

The piston (8) is a slip fit on the cylinder rod (16) and is retained with a nut (13). A set screw (12) prevents

loosening of the nut. The piston is fitted with a cap seal (11), wear rings (10), and buffer rings (9).

Boom, bucket, and arm cylinders have a cushion (14) in front of the piston to provide cushioning action in cylinder extension. As the cylinder nears the end of its stroke, the cushion enters a bore in the rod guide. The remaining return oil ahead of the piston must flow through a small clearance between the cushion and rod guide. Only the arm cylinder is cushioned in retraction. The end of the rod enters a bore in the head end of cylinder. The remaining return oil ahead of the piston and nut must flow through this small clearance as the cylinder bottoms out in this direction.

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Return Filter Operation

Return Filter Operation—The filter element (1) is located in a chamber inside the hydraulic oil tank. O-rings are used at each end of the filter element to prevent leakage. A spring holds the filter element on its seat.

Return oil from the oil cooler (3) and the control valve (4) flow through the filter element from the outside to the center. Filtered oil flows out the bottom of filter into the hydraulic oil tank.

Bypass Valve—A bypass valve (2) is located at the top of the filter. The bypass valve opens to protects the filter element (1) against pressure surges in the return circuit and allows a path for return oil if the filter element becomes plugged. During bypass operation, oil flows into the chamber faster than it can flow through the filter element causing the pressure to increase. The higher pressure forces the bypass valve open allowing oil to flow down the center of the filter element and into the hydraulic oil tank. The bypass valve closes when the pressure decreases below the pressure setting of the bypass valve.

- 1—Filter Element 2—Bypass Valve 3—From Oil Cooler
- 4—From Control Valve



Theory of Operation



Diagnose No Hydraulics Malfunctions

MR50960,00000F5 -19-21APR06-1/1

No Hydraulic Functions Diagnostic Procedure

IMPORTANT: Check hydraulic oil level. See Check Hydraulic Tank Oil Level. (Operator's Manual.)

- - -1/1

Pilot Shutoff Lever Switch Check	Key on, listen as pilot shutoff lever is moved from locked to unlocked positions. Repeat lever movement locked to unlocked several times. Does pilot shutoff switch click each time lever is moved from locked to unlocked position?	YES: Go to Security Switch Relay Check. NO: Go to Pilot Shutoff Relay Check.
Pilot Shutoff Relay Check	See System Functional Schematic. (Group 9015-10.) Switch pilot shutoff relay K2 with other similar relay. Run engine with pilot shutoff lever in unlocked position and operate hydraulic functions. Do hydraulics operate?	YES: Install new pilot shutoff relay K2 and return other one to correct position. NO: Go to Security Relay Check.
Security Relay Check	See System Functional Schematic. (Group 9015-10.) Switch security relay K5 with other similar relay. Run engine with pilot shutoff lever in unlocked (forward) position and operate hydraulic functions.	YES: Install new security shutoff relay K5 and return other one to correct position. NO: Go to Pilot Shutoff Solenoid Check.
	Do hydraulics operate?	1/1

Pilot Shutoff Solenoid Check	See System Functional Schematic. (Group 9015-10.) Remove connector from pilot shutoff solenoid valve. Key on, test voltage on terminal #2 at the harness end connector. Does terminal #2 measure approximately 24 volts?	YES: Go to Solenoid Continuity Check. NO: Failed fuse #4 or open circuit in harness between fusible link 75A and pilot shutoff solenoid valve.
Solenoid Continuity Check	See System Functional Schematic. (Group 9015-10.) Remove connector from pilot shutoff solenoid valve. Check for continuity between terminals #1 and #2 of the solenoid valve harness connector.	YES: Go to Wiring Connector Check. (Group 9025-15.) NO: Replace pilot shutoff solenoid valve.
	Is continuity measured?	

	Pump Drive Check	See Dampener Drive (Flex Coupling) Remove and Install. (Group 0752.) Check dampener drive coupling.	YES: Go to Hydraulic Oil Tank Suction Screen Check.
25 15 2		Does dampener drive (flex coupling) drive pumps?	NO: Repair or replace dampener drive (flex coupling).
			1/1

Hydraulic Oil Tank Suction Screen Check	See Change Hydraulic Tank Oil, Clean Suction Screen. (Operator's Manual.) Inspect hydraulic oil tank suction screen. Is hydraulic oil tank suction screen free of restriction?	YES: Go to Wiring Connector Check. NO: Clean or replace hydraulic oil tank suction screen. See Change Hydraulic Tank Oil, Clean Suction Screen. (Operator's Manual)
		1/1

- - -1/1

 Wiring Connector Check 	See System Functional Schematic, Wiring Diagram, and Component Location Master Legend. (Group 9015-10.)	YES: Replace monitor unit.
	Inspect hydraulic control wiring. <i>NOTE: Most wiring problems should generate a DTC, check for DTC's before tracing wiring.</i> Are all the connectors in good condition?	See Monitor Controller Remove and Install. (Group 9015-20.) NO: Repair or replace connectors.
		1/1

Diagnose All Hydraulics Slow Malfunctions

- IMPORTANT: Make sure hydraulic oil level, condition, and type of oil is checked before doing this procedure.
 - Hydraulic oil temperature, cold oil can slow hydraulic functions.
 - Low oil level can cause pump cavitation, see Check Hydraulic Tank Oil Level. (Operator's Manual.)
 - Suction side air leaks will cause oil to foam or become aerated. Inspect site glass oil condition.
 - Wrong viscosity oil can cause pump cavitation, see Hydraulic Oil. (Operator's Manual.)

TX19495,0000004 -19-26APR06-1/1

All Hydraulic Functions Slow Diagnostic Procedure

NOTE: Reduction in pump 1 and 2 flow rate due to other reasons or faulty pilot system may cause this problem. If unloaded function speed is satisfactory, diagnose low power problem, see All Hydraulic Functions Low Power Diagnostic Procedure. (Group 9025-15.).

Pilot Pressure Regulating Valve Check	Use monitor service menu to display Arm-In Pilot Pressure. See Monitor Service Menu Operation. (Group 9015-16.) <i>NOTE: To test with remote gauge, perform Pilot Pressure Regulating Valve Test and Adjustment. (Group 9025-25.)</i> Run at fast idle and move arm-in function full travel and hold over relief. Record pressure. Is the pilot pressure above 3.7 MPa on monitor when function is held over relief?	YES: Go to Engine Speed Check. NO: Go to Pilot Regulating Valve Inspection.
Pilot Regulating Valve	See Pilot Pressure Regulating Valve Remove and Install. (Group 3360.)	YES: Adjust pilot
inspection	Remove and inspect pilot pressure regulating valve.	pressure regulating ValVe.

	Remove and inspect pilot pressure regulating valve. Is the pilot valve in good condition?	Perform Pilot Pressure Regulating Valve Test and Adjustment. (Group 9025-25.)
		NO: Go to Pilot Filter Check.
		1/1

25	Pilot Filter Check	Remove and inspect pilot filter. Is pilot filter clogged or contain excessive metallic debris?	YES: If non-metallic debris, clean filter. If excessive metallic debris, remove and inspect pilot pump.
4			NO: Diagnostic procedure complete.
			1/1

Engine Speed Check	Key on, use monitor service menu to display EC Dial Angle voltage.	YES: Go to Main Relief Valve Check.
	Start engine and turn auto idle off.	NO: See Engine Speed Control System
	Observe monitor as engine speed as dial is moved from slow to fast idle.	9010-05.)
	Does E C dial angle voltage change from approximately 0.5—4.4 volts and does engine speed increase to fast idle?	

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6	Main Relief Valve Check	 Key on, use monitor service menu to display Pump 1 and Pump 2 Delivery Pressure. See Monitor Service Menu Operation. (Group 9015-16.) <i>NOTE: To test with remote gauge, Perform Main Relief and Power Digging Valve Test and Adjustment. (Group 9025-25.)</i> Set power mode at HP. Run engine at fast idle and operate boom raise function. Observe pump 1 and 2 delivery pressure when boom raise is held over relief. 	YES: Go to Cycle Time Check. NO: Adjust or replace main relief and power digging valve. Perform Main Relief and Power Digging Valve Test and Adjustment. (Group 9025-25.)
		Are both pumps delivery pressure in 30.4—32.9 MPa range?	1/1
6	Cycle Time Check	Perform Cycle Times Check. (Group 9005-10.) Check travel cycle times. Are travel cycle times at specifications?	YES: Diagnostic procedure complete. NO: Go to Restricted Hydraulic Oil Tank Suction Screen Check.
7	Restricted Hydraulic Oil Tank Suction Screen Check	Inspect hydraulic oil tank suction screen. See Change Hydraulic Tank Oil, Clean Suction Screen. (Operator's Manual.) Is hydraulic oil tank suction screen free of restriction?	YES: Go to Hydraulic Pump Check. NO: Clean or replace hydraulic oil tank suction screen.
8	Hydraulic Pump Check	Perform Pump Flow Test. (Group 9025-25.) Check pump flow. Does pump flow meet specification?	YES: Go to Wiring Connector Check. NO: Repair or replace pump. See Pump Remove and Install. (Group 3360.)
0	Wiring Connector Check	See Pilot Shutoff Switch Harness (W11) Component Location. (Group 9015-10.) Inspect hydraulic control wiring. <i>NOTE: Most wiring problems should generate a DTC, check for DTC's before tracing wiring.</i> Are all the connectors in good condition?	YES: Diagnostic procedure complete. NO: Repair or replace connectors.

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Poor Combined Operation Diagnostic Procedure

Pump Delivery Pressure Check Key on, use monitor service menu to display Pump 1 and Pump 2 Delivery Pressure on monitor. YES: Go to Pilot Pressure See Monitor Service Menu Operation. (Group 9015-16.) NOT: Adjust main relief and Adjustment. (Group 9025-25.) NO: Adjust and Adjustment. (Group 9025-25.) Set power mode at HP. Run engine at fast idle and operate boom raise function. Perform Ma Power Digg and Adjustry 9025-25.) Observe pump 1 and 2 delivery pressure when boom raise is held over relief. Are both pumps delivery pressure in 30.4—32.9 MPa range? Actuating Pilot Key on, use monitor service menu to display Swing / Attachment Control Pilot YES: Go to Pilot Pressure	1/1
Actuating Pilot Key on, use monitor service menu to display Swing / Attachment Control Pilot YES: Go to	o Actuating ure Check. a or replace and power ve. ain Relief and ging Valve Test ment. (Group
Actuating Pilot Key on, use monitor service menu to display Swing / Attachment Control Pilot YES: Go to	1/1
Pressure CheckPressure.Rate CheckSee Monitor Service Menu Operation. (Group 9015-16.)NO: If press adjust or reNOTE: Spool actuating pressure can be checked for each function by installing a tee and gauge in pilot line and then actuating that function. Perform Control Valve Spool Actuating Pilot Pressure Test. (Group 9025-25.)NO: If press adjust Perform Pile Regulating and Adjustr 9025-25.)Run engine at fast idle and operate problem function.See Pilot C Disassemble Assemble.Is pilot pressure above 3.70 MPa?See Pilot C Assemble.	o Pump Flow k Valve. ssure is low, oplace valve. lot Pressure Valve Test ment. (Group Control Valve le and (Group 3360.) 1/1
Pump Flow Rate Check Valve See Control Valve Check Valves Identification And Operation. (Group 9025-05.) YES: Go to Rate Pilot V Check. Inspect check valves. Do check valves operate correctly? NO: Repair check valve See Control See Control Disassemble.	o Pump Flow Valve Spool r or replace e. ol Valve le and (Group 3360.)

Pump Flow Rate Pilot Valve Spool Check	See Pilot Signal Manifold Operation. (Group 9025-05.) Inspect pump 1 or pump 2 flow rate pilot valves. Do flow rate pilot valves operate correctly?	YES: Diagnostic procedure complete. NO: Repair or replace flow rate pilot valve.
		See Pilot Signal Manifold Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3360.)

Diagnose All Hydraulic Functions Too Fast Malfunctions

MR50960,00000F6 -19-25APR06-1/1

Hydraulic Function Speed Too Fast Diagnostic Procedure

IMPORTANT: All of the below symptoms must be present to use this diagnostic procedure. This problem occurs when pump 1 and 2 flow rate is maximized by a malfunction.

- Function speed is faster than normal.
- Machine mistracks when travel lever operated at half stroke.
- Precision control of hydraulic function cannot be performed.

DTC Check	See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Monitor Display. (Group 9015-20.) See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Service ADVISOR™ Diagnostic Application Do any DTC exist?	YES: Diagnose and repair as required to clear displayed DTC. Diagnostic procedure complete. NO: Go to Pump Flow Rate Valve Spool Check.
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See Pilot Signal Manifold Operation. (Group 9025-05.)	YES: Diagnostic
Remove and inspect pump 1 or pump 2 flow rate pilot valves.	processie completer
	NO: Repair or replace
Do flow rate pilot valve spools move freely?	pilot signal manifold flow rate pilot valve spool.
	See Pilot Signal Manifold Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3360.)
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	See Pilot Signal Manifold Operation. (Group 9025-05.) Remove and inspect pump 1 or pump 2 flow rate pilot valves. Do flow rate pilot valve spools move freely?

Diagnose Hydraulic Overheating Malfunctions

MR50960,00000F1 -19-26MAY06-1/1

Hydraulic Oil Overheats Diagnostic Procedure

IMPORTANT: Wrong viscosity oil can cause overheating, check oil for correct temperature range. See Hydraulic Oil. (Operator's Manual.)

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025 15 8	DTC Check	 See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Monitor Display. (Group 9015-20.) See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Service ADVISOR™ Diagnostic Application Are any of the following DTC displayed? 11004.02 See CAN Communication Error. (Group 9001-10.) 11412.03 See Hydraulic Fan Pump Control Solenoid Valve Feedback Current High. (Group 9001-10.) 11412.04 See Hydraulic Fan Pump Control Solenoid Valve Feedback Current Low. (Group 9001-10.) 11901.03 See Hydraulic Oil Temperature Sensor Circuit Voltage High. (Group 9001-10.) 110.03 See Engine Coolant Temperature Sensor Voltage High (P0118). (Group 9001-10.) 	YES: Diagnose and repair as required to clear displayed DTC. Diagnostic procedure complete. NO: Go to Fan Speed Control Check.
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	Pan Speed Control Check	Run engine at slow idle and remove harness connector at fan control solenoid on top of fan pump.	YES: Go to Oil Cooler Bypass Valve Check.
		Does fan increase to maximum speed?	Control Pressure Check.

Diagnostic Information			
S Fan Drive Control Pressure Check	Image: Fan Drive Pump Torque Control Test and Adjustment. (Group 9025-25.)Remove control pressure hose (1).Install tee and pressure gauge control pressure hose.Run engine at fast idle with harness connector removed from fan control solenoid valveIs fan drive pressure at test specifications?	YES: Repair or replace fan pump control solenoid. See Fan Drive Remove and Install. (Group 3360.). NO: Go to Fan Pump Flow Check.	
		/	
Fan Pump Flow Check	Perform Fan Pump Flow Test. (Group 9025-25.) Measure fan pump flow.	YES: If fan pump flow is ok and fan speed still slow, replace fan motor.	
	Does fan pump flow meet test specification?	See Fan Motor Remove and Install. (Group 3360)	
		NO: Inspect and repair fan drive pump.	
		See Een Drive Burns	

NO: Replace oil cooler bypass valve.

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Machine Lift Capacity Check	Check machine lift capacity, see Operator's Manual lift charts. Is amount of weight being lifted within machine lift capacity?	YES: Go to Main Relief and Power Digging Valve Setting Check.
		NO: Reduce amount of weight being lifted.

Inspect oil cooler bypass valve.

Does oil cooler bypass valve operate correctly?

6 Oil Cooler Bypass

Valve Check

Main Relief and Power Digging Valve Setting Check	Key on, use monitor service menu to display Pump 1 and Pump 2 Delivery Pressure. See Monitor Service Menu Operation. (Group 9015-16.)	YES: Go to Pump Regulator Check
Conting Chook	NOTE: To test with remote gauge, Perform Main Relief and Power Digging Valve Test and Adjustment. (Group 9025-25.)	NO: Replace main relief and power digging valve.
	Run engine at fast idle and operate boom raise function.	See Control Valve Disassemble and
	Observe pump 1 and 2 delivery pressure when boom raise is held over relief.	Assemble. (Group 3360.)
	Are both pumps delivery pressure in 30.4—32.9 MPa range?	
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Pump Regulator Check	Key on, use monitor service menu to display Target Pump 1 and Pump 2 Flow Rate. See Monitor Service Menu Operation. (Group 9015-16.)	YES: Diagnostic procedure complete.
	Check if pumps are stuck at maximum displacement.	pump 1 or pump 2 regulator.
	Observe flow rate on each pump as boom raise function is operated, slow to fast speed	Perform Pump Regulator Test and Adjustment—
	Do pump 1 or pump 2 target flow rates start low and increase with boom speed?	Minimum Flow. (Group 9025-25.)
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Diagnose Fan Drive Hydraulic System Malfunctions

9025 15 10

MR50960,00000F3 -19-26APR06-1/1

Cooling Fan Remains At Maximum Speed Diagnostic Procedure

IMPORTANT: If all hydraulic function speed are slow, perform All Hydraulic Functions Slow Diagnostic Procedure (Group 9025-15.) instead of this procedure.

NOTE: If the sensor controlling the fan pump flow rate control is disconnect or failed, fan speed defaults to maximum speed.

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DTC Check	See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Monitor Display. (Group 9015-20.) See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Service ADVISOR™ Diagnostic Application Do any DTC exist?	YES: Diagnose and repair as required to clear displayed DTC. Diagnostic procedure complete. NO: Go to Fan Pressure Check.	
Pan Drive Pressure Check	Perform Fan Drive System Relief Valve Test and Adjustment Install pressure gauge. Turn A/C switch to on and run engine at slow idle. Watch pressure gauge as you increase engine speed to fast idle. Does the fan drive pressure meet test specifications?	YES: Check fan flow to determine if problem is in pump or pump regulator. Perform Fan Pump Flow Test. (Group 9025-25.) NO: Repair stuck or sticking fan pump control solenoid valve.	
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Diagnose Pilot Circuit Malfunctions			
	TX1	9495,0000005 -19-26APR06-1/1	
All Functions Cannot Be Operated Diagnostic Procedure			

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 Pilot Shutoff Lever
Switch Check
 Key on, listen as pilot shutoff lever is moved from locked to unlocked positions.
 YES: Go to Security
Switch Relay Check.

 Repeat lever movement locked to unlocked several times.
 Does pilot shutoff switch click each time lever is moved from locked to unlocked
 NO: Go to Pilot Shutoff
Relay Check.

Pilot Shutoff Relay Check	See System Functional Schematic. (Group 9015-10.) Switch pilot shutoff relay K2 with other similar relay. Run engine with pilot shutoff lever in unlocked position and operate hydraulic functions. Do hydraulics operate?	YES: Install new pilot shutoff relay K2 and return other one to correct position. NO: Replace pilot shutoff switch.
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Security Switch Relay Check	See System Functional Schematic. (Group 9015-10.) Switch security relay K5 with other similar relay. Run engine with pilot shutoff lever in unlocked (forward) position and operate hydraulic functions. Do hydraulics operate?	YES: Install new security shutoff relay K5 and return other one to correct position. NO: Go to Pilot Shutoff Solenoid Check.

	Pilot Shutoff Solenoid Check	See System Functional Schematic. (Group 9015-10.)	YES: Go to Solenoid Continuity Check.
		Remove connector from pilot shutoff solenoid valve.	5
			NO: Failed fuse #4 or
25		Key on, test voltage on terminal #2 at the harness end connector.	open circuit in harness
15			between fusible link 75A
12		Does terminal #2 measure approximately 24 volts?	and pilot shutoff solenoid
			valve.
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Solenoid Continuity Check	See System Functional Schematic. (Group 9015-10.) Remove connector from pilot shutoff solenoid valve.	YES: Go to Wiring Connector Check. (Group 9025-15.)
	Check for continuity between terminals #1 and #2 of the solenoid valve harness connector.	NO: Replace pilot shutoff solenoid valve.
	Is continuity measured?	

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6	Actuating Pilot Pressure Check	Key on, use monitor service menu to display Swing / Attachment Control Pilot Pressure.	YES: Diagnostic procedure complete.
		See Monitor Service Menu Operation. (Group 9015-16.)	NO: If pressure is low, adjust or replace valve.
		NOTE: Spool actuating pressure can be checked for each function by installing a tee and gauge in pilot line and then actuating that function. Perform Control Valve Spool Actuating Pilot Pressure Test. (Group 9025-25.)	Perform Pilot Pressure Regulating Valve Test
		Run engine at fast idle and operate problem function.	9025-25.)
		Observe pressure when function held over relief.	
		Is pilot pressure above 3.70 MPa?	

Function Does Not Stop When Control Lever Released Diagnostic Procedure

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1	Pilot Shutoff Lever Check	Run engine at slow idle with pilot shutoff lever to down position. Activate problem function, then move lever to raised position. Does function stops when pilot shutoff lever is raised?	YES: Go to Pilot Control Valve Check. NO: Go to Control Valve Spool Stuck Check.
0	Control Valve Spool Stuck Check	See Control Valve Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3360.) Inspect control valve spool. Does control valve spool move freely?	YES: Diagnostic procedure complete. NO: Repair or replace control valve components as necessary.
8	Pilot Control Valve Check	See Control Valve Operation. (Group 9025-05.) Inspect pilot control valve for sticking spool. Does pilot control valve spool move freely?	YES: Diagnostic procedure complete. NO: Inspect, repair or replace pilot control valve. See Pilot Control Valve Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3360.)
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Some Functions Cannot Be Operated, All Others Are Normal Diagnostic Procedure

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Pilot Cap Check See Control Valve Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3300.) Inspect pilot cap fore leakage or damage. Check tarque on attaching cap screws. Do is pilot cap fore of leaks and attaching cap screws torqued? YES: Go to Pilot Control Valve Check. Pilot Control Valve Inspect pilot control valve or hydraulic hoses for function that can not be operated. Check for leaks or damage. Are components free of damage? YES: Go to Pilot Or Purp 1 or Purp 2 Flow Rale Pilot Valve Check. P Purp 1 or Purp 2 Check Inspect pilot control valve or hydraulic hoses for function that can not be operated. Check for leaks or damage. Are components free of damage? YES: Go to Control Valve Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3300.) NO: Inspect, repair or replace hydraulic line. 			1
Pilot Control Valve Check Inspect pilot control valve or hydraulic hoses for function that can not be operated. Check for leaks or damage. Are components free of damage? VES: Go to Pump 1 or Pump 2 Flow Rate Pilot Valve Check No: Inspect, repair or replace pilot control valve Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3360.) NO: Inspect, repair or replace pilot control valve Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3360.) NO: Inspect, repair or replace pilot control valve Do flow rate pilot valve spools move freely? See Pilot Signal Manifold Operation. (Group 9025-05.) Inspect pump 1 or pump 2 Pilow Rate Pilot Valve Do flow rate pilot valve spools move freely? See Pilot Signal Manifold Operation. (Group 9025-05.) See Pilot Signal Manifold Operation. (Group 9025-05.) Do flow rate pilot valve spools move freely? See Pilot Signal Manifold Operation. (Group 9025-05.) See Pilot Signal Manifold Operation. (Group 9025-05.) Inspect pump 1 or pump 2 flow rate pilot valves. Do flow rate pilot valve spools move freely? See Pilot Signal Manifold Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3360.) Inspect control Valve Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3360.) Inspect control valve spool for sticking. Does control valve spool move freely? See Control Valve Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3360.) See Control Valve Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3360.) See Control Valve Spool Check See Control Valve Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3360.) See Control Valve Spool move freely? See Control Valve Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3360.) See Control Valve Spool move freely? See Control Valve Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3360.) Inspect control valve spool move freely? See Control Valve Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3360.) See Control Valve Spool Check See Control Valve Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3360.) See Control Valve Spool move freely? See Control Valve Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3360.)	Pilot Cap Check	See Control Valve Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3360.) Inspect pilot cap for leakage or damage. Check torque on attaching cap screws. Do is pilot cap free of leaks and attaching cap screws torqued?	YES: Go to Pilot Control Valve Check. NO: Repair or replace control valve components as necessary. See Control Valve Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3360.)
Pump 1 or Pump 2 Flow Rate Pilot Valve Check See Pilot Signal Manifold Operation. (Group 9025-05.) Inspect pump 1 or pump 2 flow rate pilot valves. Do flow rate pilot valve spools move freely? YES: Go to Control Valve Spool Check. NO: Repair or replace pilot signal manifold flow rate pilot valve spool. See Pilot Signal Manifold Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3360.) Control Valve Spool Check See Control Valve Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3360.) YES: Diagnostic procedure complete. NO: Repair or replace pilot signal manifold Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3360.) YES: Diagnostic procedure complete. NO: Repair or replace control Valve Spool Check See Control Valve Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3360.) See Control valve spool move freely? See Control Valve Spool for sticking. Does control valve spool move freely?	Pilot Control Valve Check	Inspect pilot control valve or hydraulic hoses for function that can not be operated. Check for leaks or damage. Are components free of damage?	YES: Go to Pump 1 or Pump 2 Flow Rate Pilot Valve Check NO: Inspect, repair or replace pilot control valve. See Pilot Control Valve Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3360.) NO: Inspect, repair or replace hydraulic line.
Control Valve Spool Check See Control Valve Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3360.) YES: Diagnostic procedure complete. Inspect control valve spool for sticking. Does control valve spool move freely? NO: Repair or replace control valve components as necessary. See Control Valve points See Control Valve spool move freely? See Control Valve Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3360.)	Pump 1 or Pump 2 Flow Rate Pilot Valve Check	See Pilot Signal Manifold Operation. (Group 9025-05.) Inspect pump 1 or pump 2 flow rate pilot valves. Do flow rate pilot valve spools move freely?	YES: Go to Control Valve Spool Check. NO: Repair or replace pilot signal manifold flow rate pilot valve spool. See Pilot Signal Manifold Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3360.)
4/4	Control Valve Spool Check	See Control Valve Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3360.) Inspect control valve spool for sticking. Does control valve spool move freely?	YES: Diagnostic procedure complete. NO: Repair or replace control valve components as necessary.
1/1			See Control Valve Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3360.)

All Functions Slow Diagnostic Procedure

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Restricted Pilot Filter Check	Inspect pilot filter. Is pilot filter free of restriction?	YES: Go to Actuating Pilot Pressure Check. NO: Replace pilot filter. See Replace Pilot System Oil Filter. (Operator's Manual.)
Actuating Pilot Pressure Check	Key on, use monitor service menu to display Swing / Attachment Control Pilot Pressure. See Monitor Service Menu Operation. (Group 9015-16.) <i>NOTE: Spool actuating pressure can be checked for each function by installing a tee</i> <i>and gauge in pilot line and then actuating that function. Perform Control Valve Spool</i> <i>Actuating Pilot Pressure Test. (Group 9025-25.)</i> Run engine at fast idle and operate problem function. Observe pressure when function held over relief. Is pilot pressure above 3.70 MPa?	YES: Go to Pilot Shutoff Solenoid Valve Check. NO: Adjust, repair or replace pilot pressure regulating valve. See Pilot Pressure Regulating Valve Test and Adjustment. (Group 9025-25.) NO: Pilot pump worn. Inspect, repair or replace pilot pump. See Pilot Pump Remove and Install. (Group 3360.)
Pilot Shutoff Solenoid Valve Check	Inspect pilot shutoff solenoid valve for restriction. Is pilot shutoff solenoid valve free of restriction?	YES: Diagnostic procedure complete. NO: Repair or replace pilot shutoff solenoid valve. See Pilot Shutoff Solenoid Valve Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3360.)
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Function Moves in Opposite Direction Diagnostic Procedure

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Pilot Hose Routing Check	See Control Lever Pattern Conversion. (Operator's Manual.) Check pilot control hose connections at pilot valve, pilot signal manifold and hydraulic valve. See Pilot Control Valve-to-Pilot Signal Manifold Component Location—Excavator Pattern. (Group 9025-15.) or See Pilot Control Valve-to-Pilot Signal Manifold Component Location—Backhoe Pattern. (Group 9025-15.) Are pilot control hoses connected correctly?	YES: Diagnostic procedure complete. NO: Correct pilot control hose connections.
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Diagnose Dig Circuit Malfunctions	
NOTE: If function operating speeds are very slow also, perform All Hydraulic Functions Slow Diagnostic Procedure first. (Group 9025-15.)	
IMPORTANT: Make sure hydraulic oil level, condition, and type of oil is checked before doing this procedure.	
 Hydraulic oil temperature, cold oil can slow hydraulic functions. Low oil level can cause pump cavitation, see Check Hydraulic Tank Oil Level. (Operator's Manual.) Suction side air leaks will cause oil to foam or become aerated. Inspect site glass oil condition. Wrong viscosity oil can cause pump cavitation, see Hydraulic Oil. (Operator's Manual.) 	
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All Hydraulic Functions Low Power Diagnostic Procedure

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Pump 1 or Pump 2 Delivery Pressure Check	Key on, use monitor service menu to display Pump 1 or Pump 2 Delivery Pressure. See Monitor Service Menu Operation. (Group 9015-16.)	YES: Adjust main relief valve.
	Put power mode switch on HP and work mode on digging.	Power Digging Valve Test and Adjustment. (Group
	Run engine at fast idle and take boom raise over relief.	9025-25.)
	Record pressure.	NO: Main relief valve pressure is ok. Diagnostic
	Is pump 1 or 2 delivery pressure below 30.4 MPa?	procedure complete.
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Boom Raise Power Is Low During Digging Diagnostic Procedure

NOTE: If function operating speeds are very slow also, perform All Hydraulic Functions Slow Diagnostic Procedure first. (Group 9025-15.)

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DTC Check	 See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Monitor Display. (Group 9015-20.) See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Service ADVISOR™ Diagnostic Application Are any of the following DTC displayed? 11302.03 See Boom Raise Pilot Pressure Sensor Voltage High. (Group 9001-10.) 11302.04 See Boom Raise Pilot Pressure Sensor Voltage Low. (Group 9001-10.) 11404.03 See Power Dig Solenoid (SG) Valve Feedback Current High. (Group 9001-10.) 11404.04 See Power Dig Solenoid (SG) Valve Feedback Current Low. (Group 9001-10.) 	YES: Diagnose and repair as required to clear displayed DTC. Diagnostic procedure complete. NO: Go to Power Digging Switch Check.
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Power Digging Switch Check	Key on, use monitor service menu to display Power Digging Switch. See Monitor Service Menu Operation. (Group 9015-16.) Push power dig switch on control lever and observe monitor. Does power digging switch indicator change from off to on?	YES: Go to Power Boost Pressure Check. NO: Replace power digging switch or wiring.

Power Boost Pressure Check	Key on, use monitor service menu to display Pump 1 or Pump 2 Delivery Pressure. See Monitor Service Menu Operation. (Group 9015-16.) Put power mode switch on HP and work mode on digging. Run engine at fast idle and take arm-in function over relief.	YES: Diagnose problem in main controller. See Main Controller (MCF) Diagnostics Using Dr. ZX. (Group 9015-20.) NO: Replace or adjust main reliat value
	Push and hold power dig switch on control lever and observe monitor. Does pump 1 and 2 delivery pressure increase approximately 2.5 MPa when power dig switch held on?	See Main Relief and Power Digging Valve Test and Adjustment. (Group 9025-25.)

Some Functions Cannot Be Operated or Are Slow, Travel And Swing Are Normal Diagnostic Procedure

NOTE: If travel and swing are normal, the pilot pump pressure is assumed to be normal in this diagnostic procedure.

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	Actuating Pilot Pressure Check	Key on, use monitor service menu to display Swing / Attachment Control Pilot Pressure.	YES: Go to Pump Control Pressure Check.
025 15 18		 See Monitor Service Menu Operation. (Group 9015-16.) NOTE: Spool actuating pressure can be checked for each function by installing a tee and gauge in pilot line and then actuating that function. Perform Control Valve Spool Actuating Pilot Pressure Test. (Group 9025-25.) Run engine at fast idle and operate problem function. Observe pressure when function held over relief. Is pilot pressure above 3.70 MPa? 	NO: If boom operation is abnormal, repair pilot valve or shockless valve spool. See Pilot Signal Manifold Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3360.)
	Pump Control Pressure Check	Key on, use monitor service menu to display Pump 1 and Pump 2 Control Pressure. See Monitor Service Menu Operation. (Group 9015-16.) Run at fast idle and observe pressure on monitor as problem function control lever is moved slowly. Does pump control pressure change smoothly when lever is slowly moved?	YES: Go to Circuit Relief Valve Check. NO: Repair shuttle valve in pilot signal manifold. See Pilot Signal Manifold Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3360.)

Circuit Relief Valve Check	Key on, use monitor service menu to display Pump 1 or Pump 2 Delivery Pressure. See Monitor Service Menu Operation. (Group 9015-16.) Put power mode switch on HP and work mode on digging. Run engine at fast idle and operate each digging function over relief. Record pressure. Do all circuit relief valve above 30.4 MPa?	YES: Go to Control Valve Spool Check. NO: Adjust or repair circuit relief. Perform Circuit Relief Valve Test and Adjustment. (Group 9025-25.)
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Control Valve Spool Check	Inspect control valve spool for sticking or contamination. See Control Valve 5-Spool Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3360.)	YES: Go to Cylinder Drift Check NO: Clean and repair

Does control valve spool move freely?	valve spool. See Control Valve Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3360.)

G Cylinder Drift Check	Perform Cylinder Drift Test—Boom, Arm, and Bucket. (Group 9025-25.) Do cylinders pass drift test?	YES: Diagnostic procedure completed. NO: Repair cylinder seals.

Arm Or Bucket Speeds Are Slow During Combined Function With Boom Lower Diagnostic Procedure

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DTC Check	See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Monitor Display. (Group 9015-20.) See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Service ADVISOR™ Diagnostic Application	YES: Diagnose and repair as required to clear displayed DTC.
	Are any of the following DTC displayed?	complete.
	 11303.03 See Arm Roll-in Pilot Pressure Continued Sensor Circuit Voltage High. . (Group 9001-10.) 11303.04 See Arm Roll-in Pilot Pressure Continued Sensor Circuit Voltage Low. (Group 9001-10.) 11402.03 	NO: Go to Boom Control Pressure Check.
	See Boom Flow Rate Solenoid (SF) Valve Feedback Current High. (Group 9001-10.) • 11402.04	
	See Boom Flow Rate Solenoid (SF) Valve Feedback Current Low. (Group 9001-10.) 11995.03 	
	See Arm Roll-Out Pilot Pressure Sensor Circuit Voltage High. (Group 9001-10.) • 11995.04	
	 See Arm Roll-Out Pilot Pressure Sensor Circuit Voltage Low. (Group 9001-10.) 11997.03 	
	See Bucket Dump Pilot Pressure Sensor Circuit Voltage High. (Group 9001-10.) • 11997.04 2009 Declet Dump Pilot Pressure Occurrent Voltage High. (Group 9001-10.)	
	 See Bucket Dump Pilot Pressure Sensor Circuit Voltage Low. (Group 9001-10.) 11998.03 See Boom Down Pilot Pressure Sensor Circuit Voltage High. (Group 9001-10.) 	
	 11998.04 See Boom Down Pilot Pressure Sensor Circuit Voltage Low. (Group 9001-10.) 11999.03 	
	See Bucket Curl Pilot Pressure Sensor Circuit Voltage High. (Group 9001-10.) • 11999.04	
	See Bucket Curl Pilot Pressure Sensor Circuit Voltage Low. (Group 9001-10.)	
Boom Control Pilot Pressure Check.	Key on, use monitor service menu to display Swing / Front Attachment Control Pilot Pressure.	YES: Repair pump flow rate pilot valve in signal manifold.
	See Monitor Service Menu Operation. (Group 9015-16.)	See Pilot Signal Manifold
	Record control pilot pressure while doing a combined function of each problem circuit.	Operation. (Group 9025-05.)
	Is maximum control pilot pressure approximately 3.9 MPA?	NO: Diagnose problem in main controller.
		See Main Controller (MCF) Diagnostics Using Dr. ZX. (Group 9015-20.).
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During Combined Functions, Boom Raise Speed Is Slow And Arm-In Is Jerky Diagnostic Procedure

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Actuating Pilot Pressure Check	 Key on, use monitor service menu to display Swing / Attachment Control Pilot Pressure. See Monitor Service Menu Operation. (Group 9015-16.) <i>NOTE: Spool actuating pressure can be checked for each function by installing a tee and gauge in pilot line and then actuating that function. Perform Control Valve Spool Actuating Pilot Pressure Test. (Group 9025-25.)</i> Run engine at fast idle and operate problem function. Observe pressure when function held over relief. Is pilot pressure above 3.70 MPa? 	YES: Go to Combined Function Control Pressure Check. NO: If boom operation is abnormal, repair pilot valve or shockless valve spool. See Pilot Signal Manifold Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3360.)
Combined Function Control Pressure Check.	Install pressure gauge on bucket flow rate control valve port (2).	YES: Go to Arm Regenerative Valve Check. NO: Repair or replace pilot valve.
Arm Regenerative	See Control Valve Operation, (Group 9025-05.)	YES: Repair or replace

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		See Control Valve 5-Spool Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3360.)
	Is valve bound or scored?	NO: Repair arm control valve spool.
Arm Regenerative Valve Check.	See Control Valve Operation. (Group 9025-05.) Inspect arm regenerative valve.	YES: Repair or replace arm regenerative valve.

Boom Mode Switch Off, Boom Will Not Raise Machine Off Ground Diagnostic Procedure

NOTE: If boom mode switch, under left armrest is in on position, it is normal that boom will not raise machine. Check position of this switch before starting this diagnostic procedure.

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DTC Check	 See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Monitor Display. (Group 9015-20.) See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Service ADVISOR™ Diagnostic Application Are any of the following DTC displayed? 11989.03 See Boom Mode Solenoid (SC) Valve Feedback Current High. (Group 9001-10.) 11989.04 See Boom Mode Solenoid (SC) Valve Feedback Current Low. (Group 9001-10.) 	YES: Diagnose and repair as required to clear displayed DTC. Diagnostic procedure complete. NO: Go to Actuating Pilot Pressure Check.
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Actuating Pilot Pressure Check	 Key on, use monitor service menu to display Swing / Attachment Control Pilot Pressure. See Monitor Service Menu Operation. (Group 9015-16.) <i>NOTE: To use gauge to check pressure, see Control Valve Spool Actuating Pilot Pressure Test. (Group 9025-25.)</i> Run engine at fast idle and lower boom to raise one side of excavator off ground. Monitor pilot pressure. Is maximum pilot pressure approximately 3.9 MPa? 	YES: Go to Boom Mode Selector Switch Check. NO: Diagnose pilot pressure problem at pump or valve. If pilot pressure is low, adjust or replace valve. Perform Pilot Pressure Regulating Valve Test and Adjustment. (Group 9025-25.)
Boom Mode Selector Switch Check	Key on, use monitor service menu to display Pump 1 Delivery Pressure. See Monitor Service Menu Operation. (Group 9015-16.) Put boom mode switch in off position. Run engine at fast idle and lower boom to raise one track off ground. Record maximum pressure. Does delivery pressure exceed 31.0 MPa?	YES: Diagnostic procedure complete. NO: Go to Boom Overload Relief Check.
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4	Boom Overload Relief Check	Key on, use monitor service menu to display Pump 1 Delivery Pressure. See Monitor Service Menu Operation. (Group 9015-16.) Put boom mode switch in on position. Run engine at fast idle and lower boom to raise one track off ground. Record maximum pressure. Does delivery pressure stop at approximately 14.0 MPa?	YES: Diagnostic procedure complete. NO: Go to Boom Mode Switch Exchange Check. (Group 9025-15.)
6	Boom Mode Switch Exchange Check	See System Functional Schematic. (Group 9015-10.)	YES: Replace boom mode selector switch.

	Swap boom mode switch S20 with engine fluid level check switch S21. Does machine now raise off ground?	NO: Go to Continuity Check.
Continuity Check	See System Functional Schematic. (Group 9015-10.)	YES: Diagnose problem in main controller.
	Disconnect boom mode switch and connector B in main controller.	
	Check for continuity between terminal #9 harness end connector and terminal #2 of harness and end connector B at main controller.	See Main Controller (MCF) Diagnostics Using Dr. ZX. (Group 9015-20.).

Is continuity measured?

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 Circuit Relief Valve Check 	Key on, use monitor service menu to display Pump 1 or Pump 2 Delivery Pressure. See Monitor Service Menu Operation. (Group 9015-16.)	YES: Diagnostic procedure complete. NO: Adjust or repair
	Put power mode switch on HP and work mode on digging.	circuit relief.
	Run engine at fast idle and operate each digging function over relief.	Perform Circuit Relief Valve Test and
	Record pressure.	Adjustment. (Group 9025-25.)
	Do all circuit relief valve above 30.4 MPa?	,
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Load Falls When Control Valve Is Actuated To Raise Load With Engine Running At Slow Idle Diagnostic Procedure

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NO: Open circuit in

as required.

harness, replace or repair

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Diagnostic Information

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Control Valve Lift Check	Auto idle off. run at slow idle.	YES: Go to Lift Check Valve Inspection.
	TegodAG -UN-08DEC88 Lift Check Test Perform Control Valve Lift Check Test. (Group 9005-10.) Check each lift check function. Does load drop during lift check test?	NO: Diagnostic procedure complete.
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Lift Check Valve Inspection	See Control Valve Check Valves Identification And Operation. (Group 9025-05.) See Control Valve Operation. (Group 9025-05.) Inspect control valve check valves for leakage. Are check valves in good working condition?	YES: Go to Boom Circuit Leakage Check. NO: Repair or replace control valve components as necessary. See Control Valve Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3360.)
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Load Drifts Down When Control Valve Is In Neutral Position Diagnostic Procedure

Diagnostic Information



Circuit Relief Valve Check	Key on, use monitor service menu to display Pump 1 or Pump 2 Delivery Pressure. See Monitor Service Menu Operation. (Group 9015-16.) Put power mode switch on HP and work mode on digging.	YES: Go to Boom Circuit Leakage Check. NO: Adjust or repair circuit relief.
	Run engine at fast idle and operate each digging function over relief. Record pressure. Do all circuit relief valve above 30.4 MPa?	Perform Circuit Relief Valve Test and Adjustment. (Group 9025-25.)



Dig Function Speed Is Slow During Combined Operation With Swing Diagnostic Procedure

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DTC Check	 See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Monitor Display. (Group 9015-20.) See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Service ADVISOR™ Diagnostic Application Are any of the following DTC displayed? 11200.03 See Pump 1 Delivery Pressure Sensor Circuit Voltage High. (Group 9001-10.) 11200.04 See Pump 1 Delivery Pressure Sensor Circuit Voltage Low. (Group 9001-10.) 11301.03 See Swing Pilot Pressure Sensor Circuit Voltage High. (Group 9001-10.) 11301.04 See Swing Pilot Pressure Sensor Circuit Voltage Low. (Group 9001-10.) 11410.03 See Pump 1 (4-Spool) Control Solenoid Valve Feedback Current High. (Group 9001-10.) 11410.04 See Pump 1 (4-Spool) Control Solenoid Valve Feedback Current Low. (Group 9001-10.) 11994.04 See Pump 1 (4-Spool) Control Pressure Sensor Circuit Voltage High. (Group 9001-10.) 11994.03 See Pump 1 (4-Spool) Control Pressure Sensor Circuit Voltage Low. (Group 9001-10.) 11994.03 See Pump 1 (4-Spool) Control Pressure Sensor Circuit Voltage Low. (Group 9001-10.) 	YES: Diagnose and repair as required to clear displayed DTC. Diagnostic procedure complete. NO: Go to Wiring Connector Check.
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Wiring Connector Check	See System Functional Schematic, Wiring Diagram, and Component Location Master Legend. (Group 9015-10.) Are all the connectors in good condition?	YES: Diagnose problem in main controller. See Main Controller (MCF) Diagnostics Using Dr. ZX. (Group
		9015-20.) NO: Repair or replace connectors.

Dig Function Speed Is Slow During Combined Operation With Swing Diagnostic Procedure

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DTC Check	 See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Monitor Display. (Group 9015-20.) See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Service ADVISOR™ Diagnostic Application Are any of the following DTC displayed? 11200.03 See Pump 1 Delivery Pressure Sensor Circuit Voltage High. (Group 9001-10.) 11200.04 See Pump 1 Delivery Pressure Sensor Circuit Voltage Low. (Group 9001-10.) 11301.03 See Swing Pilot Pressure Sensor Circuit Voltage High. (Group 9001-10.) 11301.04 See Swing Pilot Pressure Sensor Circuit Voltage Low. (Group 9001-10.) 11400.03 See Pump 2 (5-Spool) Control Solenoid Valve Feedback Current High. (Group 9001-10.) 11400.04 See Pump 2 (5-Spool) Control Solenoid Valve Feedback Current Low. (Group 9001-10.) 	YES: Diagnose and repair as required to clear displayed DTC. Diagnostic procedure complete. NO: Go to Boom Mode Selector Switch Check. (Group 9025-15.)
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Boom Mode Selector Switch Check	Key on, use monitor service menu to display Pump 1 Delivery Pressure. See Monitor Service Menu Operation. (Group 9015-16.) Put boom mode switch in off position. Run engine at fast idle and lower boom to raise one track off ground. Record maximum pressure. Does delivery pressure exceed 31.0 MPa?	YES: Diagnostic procedure complete. NO: Adjust circuit reliefs. See Circuit Relief Valve Test and Adjustment. (Group 9025-25.)

HP (High Power) Function Does Not Operate, P (Standard) Mode Is Normal Diagnostic Procedure

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 Power Mode Switch Check
 Key on, use monitor service menu to display Power Mode and Actual Engine Speed. See Monitor Service Menu Operation. (Group 9015-16.)
 YES: Go to HP Engine Speed Check.

 Engine off, turn power mode switch to E, P and HP positions and observe monitor.
 Does monitor display correspond with each switch position?
 See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)

P Engine Speed Check	 Key on, use monitor service menu to display Actual Engine Speed and Power Mode. See Monitor Service Menu Operation. (Group 9015-16.) Put power mode switch on P and work mode on digging. Run engine at fast idle and take arm-in function over relief. Record engine speed. Turn power mode switch to HP position. Does engine speed increase approximately 100 rpm when switch is moved to HP? 	YES: Go to Power Boost Pressure Check. NO: Select correct engine speed and power mode setting. See Engine Speed Control System Operation. (Group 9010-05.)
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Power Boost Pressure Check	Key on, use monitor service menu to display Pump 1 or Pump 2 Delivery Pressure.	YES: Diagnose problem in main controller.
	See Monitor Service Menu Operation. (Group 9015-16.)	Soo Main Controllor
	Put power mode switch on HP and work mode on digging.	(MCF) Diagnostics Using Dr. ZX. (Group 9015-20.)
	Run engine at fast idle and take arm-in function over relief.	
	Record pressure.	NO: Replace or adjust main relief valve.
	Push power dig switch on control lever and observe monitor.	See Main Relief and
	Does pump 1 and 2 delivery pressure increase approximately 2.5 MPa when power dig switch held on?	and Adjustment. (Group 9025-25.)
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Pressure Sensor Check	 Key on, use monitor service menu to display following pressure sensors. Pump 1 Delivery Pressure Pump 2 Delivery Pressure Boom Up Pilot Pressure Arm-In Pilot Pressure See Monitor Service Menu Operation. (Group 9015-16.) NOTE: To use gauge to check pressure, See Main Relief and Power Digging Valve Test and Adjustment or see Control Valve Spool Actuating Pilot Pressure Test. (Group 9025-25.) Actuate arm in or boom up function to view reading. Put power mode switch on HP and work mode on digging. Run engine at fast idle and operate arm-in or boom up functions over relief. Record pressure. Do all pump 1 and 2 delivery pressures go above 30.4 MPa? Is maximum pilot pressure approximately 3.9 MPa? 	 YES: Diagnostic procedure complete. NO: Replace pressure sensors as required. For pump 1 and pump 2 pressure sensor locations, see Pump Harness (W8) Component Location. (Group 9015-10.) For boom up and arm in pressure sensor locations, see Machine Harness (W2) Component Location. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Check wiring harness. For pump 1 and pump 2 pressure sensors, see Pump Harness (W8) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) For boom up and arm in pressure sensors, see Machine Harness (W2)
		Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.) 1/1
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Diagnose Swing Circuit Malfunctions

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Swing Speed Slow In Both Directions Diagnostic Procedure

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0	Slow Engine Speed	Key on, use monitor service menu to display Actual Engine Speed. See Monitor Service Menu Operation. (Group 9015-16.) Check engine speed. See Engine Speed Control System Operation. (Group 9010-05.) Does engine speed meet specification?	YES: Go to Swing Motor Crossover Relief Valve Check. NO: Select correct engine speed.
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0	Swing Motor Crossover Relief Valve Check	Perform Swing Motor Crossover Relief Valve Test and Adjustment. (Group 9025-25.) Test swing motor crossover relief valve. Does swing motor crossover relief valve meet specification?	YES: Go to Control Valve Leakage Check. NO: Repair or replace swing motor crossover relief valve. See Crossover Relief Valve and Make-Up Check Valve Remove and Install. (Group 4360.)
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8	Control Valve Leakage Check	See Control Valve Operation. (Group 9025-05.) Inspect swing valve spool in control valve for leakage. Is swing valve spool OK?	YES: Go to Swing Motor Leakage Check. NO: Repair or replace control valve components as necessary. See Control Valve Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3360.)
4	Swing Motor Leakage Check	Perform Swing Motor Leakage Test. (Group 9025-25.) Test swing motor for leakage. Does swing motor meet specification?	YES: Go to Flow Rate Pilot Valve Check. NO: Repair or replace swing motor. See Swing Motor and Park Brake Disassemble. (Group 4360.)
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Flow Rate Pilot Valve Check	See Pilot Signal Manifold Operation. (Group 9025-05.) Inspect pump 1 or pump 2 flow rate pilot valves. Do flow rate pilot valve spools move freely?	YES: Go to Pump 2 Flow Check. NO: Repair or replace pilot signal manifold flow rate pilot valve spool. See Pilot Signal Manifold Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3360.)
Pump 2 Flow Check	Perform Cycle Times Check. (Group 9005-10.) Check travel cycle times. Slow travel cycle times may indicate worn pump. If travel cycle times do not meet specification, check pump flow. Perform Pump Flow Test. (Group 9025-25.) Do travel cycle times and pump flow meet specification?	YES: Diagnostic procedure complete. NO: Repair or replace pump. See Pump Remove and Install. (Group 3360.)

Swing Speed Slow or Does Not Operate In One Direction Diagnostic Procedure

IMPORTANT: If dig and travel functions normally, the pilot pump is considered to be ok. If all functions are slow, perform All Hydraulic Functions Slow Diagnostic Procedure first. (Group 9025-15.)

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Actuating Pilot Pressure Check	Key on, use monitor service menu to display Swing / Attachment Control Pilot Pressure.	YES: Go to Park Brake Release Pressure Check. (Group 9025-15.)
	See Monitor Service Menu Operation. (Group 9015-16.)	
		NO: Go to Pilot Valve
	NOTE: Spool actuating pressure can be checked for each function by installing a tee and gauge in pilot line and then actuating that function. Perform Control Valve Spool Actuating Pilot Pressure Test. (Group 9025-25.)	Check.
	Run engine at fast idle and operate problem function.	
	Observe pressure when function held over relief.	
	Is pilot pressure above 3.70 MPa?	
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Pilot Valve Check	Check combined function swing speed. Is swing speed still slow or inoperative?	YES: Inspect and repair swing pilot valve. See Pilot Signal Manifold Operation. (Group 9025-05.) NO: Diagnostic procedure complete.
Park Brake Release Pressure Check	TX1006370 -UN-17APR06 1—Signal Pilot Manifold 2—To Swing Park Brake Remove park brake hose and install pressure gauge in port (2). Measure parking brake release pressure while holding arm function over relief. Is pressure between 3.4—4.9 MPa?	YES: Go to Swing Motor Parking Brake Check. NO: Repair or replace swing park brake release valve in signal control valve. See Pilot Signal Manifold Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3360.)
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Swing Motor Parking Brake Check	Inspect swing motor parking brake release valve. Is valve bound or scored?	YES: Repair or replace release valve. See Swing Motor and Park Brake Disassemble. (Group 4360.) NO: Go to Circuit Relief Check.

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G Circuit Relief Valve Check	Perform Circuit Relief Valve Test and Adjustment. (Group 9025-25.) Check swing relief pressure. Do circuit relief valves meet test specifications?	YES: Go to Swing Motor Case Drain Check. NO: Adjust or repair circuit relief.
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Swing Motor Case Drain Check	Perform Swing Motor Leakage Test. (Group 9025-25.) Check if swing case drain leakage is normal. Does case drain leakage meet specification?	YES: Remove and repair motor. NO: Inspect swing reduction gear.
		See Swing Gearbox Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 4350.)

Control Valve Check	See Control Valve Operation. (Group 9025-05.) Inspect control valve for sticking spool. For component location. Does control valve spool move freely?	YES: Diagnostic procedure complete. NO: Repair or replace control valve components as necessary. See Control Valve Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3360.)
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Swing Is Too Fast Diagnostic Procedure

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DTC Check	See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Monitor Display. (Group 9015-20.) See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Service ADVISOR™ Diagnostic Application Are any of the following DTC displayed?	YES: Diagnose and repair as required to clear displayed DTC. Diagnostic procedure complete.
	 11301.03 See Swing Pilot Pressure Sensor Circuit Voltage High. (Group 9001-10.) 11301.04 See Swing Pilot Pressure Sensor Circuit Voltage Low. (Group 9001-10.) 	NO: Go to Swing Pressure Sensor Check.

Swing Pressure Sensor Check	Operate swing with control lever partially moved and note speed. Move swing control lever full travel and note swing speed. Does swing speed slow when control lever is fully activated?	YES: Replace swing pressure sensor. NO: Swing horsepower reducing control is malfunctioning. See Main Controller (MCF) Diagnostics Using
		(MCF) Diagnostics Using Dr. ZX. (Group 9015-20.)
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Upperstructure Drift With Swing Valve In Neutral Diagnostic Procedure

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	Swing Park Brake Check	See Swing Motor Park Brake Release Circuit Operation. (Group 9025-05.) See Swing Motor and Park Brake Disassemble. (Group 4360.) Inspect park brake. Is park brake OK?	YES: Diagnostic procedure complete. NO: Repair or replace park brake. See Swing Motor and Park Brake Disassemble. (Group 4360.)
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Swing Function Does Not Operate Diagnostic Procedure

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Actuating Pilot Pressure Check	 Key on, use monitor service menu to display Swing / Attachment Control Pilot Pressure. See Monitor Service Menu Operation. (Group 9015-16.) <i>NOTE: Spool actuating pressure can be checked for each function by installing a tee and gauge in pilot line and then actuating that function. Perform Control Valve Spool Actuating Pilot Pressure Test. (Group 9025-25.)</i> Run engine at fast idle and operate problem function. Observe pressure when function held over relief. 	YES: Go to Park Brake Release Pressure Check. (Group 9025-15.) NO: If pressure is low, adjust or replace valve. Perform Pilot Pressure Regulating Valve Test and Adjustment. (Group 9025-25.)
	Is pilot pressure above 3.70 MPa?	1/1

Plow Rate Pilot Valve Check	See Pilot Signal Manifold Operation. (Group 9025-05.) Inspect pump 1 or pump 2 flow rate pilot valves. Do flow rate pilot valve spools move freely?	YES: Go to Control Valve Check. NO: Repair or replace pilot signal manifold flow rate pilot valve spool. See Pilot Signal Manifold Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3360.)
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Control Valve Check	See Control Valve Operation. (Group 9025-05.) Inspect control valve for sticking spool. For component location. Does control valve spool move freely?	YES: Go to Swing Motor And Gearbox Check. NO: Repair or replace control valve components as necessary. See Control Valve Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3360.)
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Swing Motor And Gearbox Check	Inspect swing motor and gearbox. Are swing motor and gearbox OK?	YES: Diagnostic procedure complete. NO: Repair or replace swing motor and gearbox. See Swing Gearbox Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 4350.) See Swing Motor and Park Brake Disassemble. (Group 4360.)

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Diagnose Travel Circuit Malfunctions

Left Travel Does Not Move During Single Travel Operation Diagnostic Procedure

NOTE: Pressure oil from pump 1 is also routed to the arm and boom cylinders, so these functions can move at slightly slower speed during single operation. In level crowd operation, pressure oil is routed to the boom before the arm, so arm speed can become very slow. The following item can also cause this problem.

• The pump 2 flow rate is minimized due to a malfunction. This will cause the left travel motor and swing motors to be very slow.

IMPORTANT: All of the below symptoms must occur at same time to use this diagnostic procedure.

- Single swing operation speed is slow.
- Arm is slightly slow during arm level crowding operation.
- Precision control of hydraulic function cannot be performed.

D25 15	DTC Check	See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Monitor Display. (Group 9015-20.) See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Service ADVISOR™ Diagnostic Application Do any DTC exist?	YES: Diagnose and repair as required to clear displayed DTC. Diagnostic procedure complete. NO: Go to Swing Operation Check.
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	Swing Operation Check	Key on, use monitor service menu to display Swing / Attachment Control Pilot Pressure. See Monitor Service Menu Operation. (Group 9015-16.) Perform Cycle Times Check. (Group 9005-10.) Check swing speed. Is swing speed normal?	YES: Go to Pump 2 Pressure Check. NO: Check monitor and see if swing pilot pressure is at 0 while swing is in neutral. If pressure is above 0 in neutral, locate source of leakage in circuit.
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Pump 2 Delivery Pressure Check	Key on, use monitor service menu to display Pump 1 or Pump 2 Delivery Pressure. See Monitor Service Menu Operation. (Group 9015-16.) Monitor pump 2 delivery pressure on monitor while doing all hydraulic functions except right travel and bucket. Does pump 2 delivery pressure change when control lever is moved?	YES: Go to Pump 2 Control Pressure Check. NO: Go to Left Travel Check.
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Left Travel Check	See System Functional Schematic, Wiring Diagram, and Component Location Master Legend. (Group 9015-10.)	YES: Replace pump 2 delivery sensor.
	Switch pump 2 delivery sensor with pump 1 delivery sensor.	NO: Flow check pump 2.
	Is does left track now move?	Perform Pump Flow Test. (Group 9025-25.)
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Pump 2 Control Pressure Check	Key on, use monitor service menu to display Pump 2 Control Pressure. See Monitor Service Menu Operation. (Group 9015-16.)	YES: Go to Pump 2 Pressure Sensor Swap Check.
	Jack up left track so track is free to rotate without ground resistance.	NO: Replace pump 2 regulator.
	Does the control pressure change when travel control lever is moved?	

Pump 2 Pressure Sensor Swap Check	See System Functional Schematic, Wiring Diagram, and Component Location Master Legend. (Group 9015-10.)	YES: Replace regulator pressure sensor.
	Switch pump 2 regulator sensor with pump 1 regulator sensor. Fully engaging left track control lever.	NO: Go to Pump 2 Control Solenoid Valve Check.
	Is does left track now move?	

Pump 2 Control Solenoid Valve Check	See System Functional Schematic, Wiring Diagram, and Component Location Master Legend. (Group 9015-10.)	YES: Diagnostic procedure complete.
	Inspect pump 2 control solenoid for sticking.	NO: Replace pump 2
	Is control solenoid in good working condition?	

Right Travel Does Not Move During Single Travel Operation Diagnostic Procedure

NOTE: Pressure oil from pump 1 is also routed to the arm and boom cylinders, so these functions can move at slightly slower speed during single operation. In level crowd operation, pressure oil is routed to the arm before the boom, so that boom raise becomes very slow if at all. The following item can also cause this problem.

• The pump 1 flow rate is minimized due to a malfunction. This will cause the right travel motor and bucket cylinder to be very slow.

IMPORTANT: All of the below symptoms must occur at same time to use this diagnostic procedure.

- Single bucket operation speed is slow.
- Boom will not raised properly during arm level crowding operation.
- Precision control of hydraulic function cannot be performed.

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	Pump 1 Delivery Pressure Check	 Key on, use monitor service menu to display Pump 1 or Pump 2 Delivery Pressure. See Monitor Service Menu Operation. (Group 9015-16.) Monitor pump 1 delivery pressure on monitor while doing all hydraulic functions except left travel and swing. Does pump 1 delivery pressure change when control lever is moved? 	YES: Go to Pump 1 Control Pressure Check. NO: Go to Right Travel Check.
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			1/1
0			NO: Go to Pump 1 Delivery Pressure Check.
5		Application Do any DTC exist?	Diagnostic procedure complete.
	DTC Check	See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Monitor Display. (Group 9015-20.) See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Service ADVISOR™ Diagnostic	YES: Diagnose and repair as required to clear displayed DTC.

8	Right Travel Check	See System Functional Schematic, Wiring Diagram, and Component Location Master Legend. (Group 9015-10.) Switch pump 1 delivery sensor with pump 2 delivery sensor. Is does right track now move?	YES: Replace pump 1 delivery sensor. NO: Flow check pump 1. Perform Pump Flow Test. (Group 9025-25.)
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4	Pump 1 Control Pressure Check	Key on, use monitor service menu to display Pump 1 Control Pressure. See Monitor Service Menu Operation. (Group 9015-16.) Jack up right track so track is free to rotate without ground resistance. Monitor pump 1 control pressure on monitor while fully engaging right track control lever. Does the control pressure change when travel control lever is moved?	YES: Go to Pump 1 Pressure Sensor Swap Check. NO: Replace pump 1 pressure regulator.
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6	Pump 1 Pressure Sensor Swap Check	See System Functional Schematic, Wiring Diagram, and Component Location Master Legend. (Group 9015-10.) Switch pump 1 regulator sensor with pump 2 regulator sensor. Fully engaging right track control lever. Is does right track now move?	YES: Replace regulator pressure sensor. NO: Go to Pump 1 Control Solenoid Valve Check.
6	Pump 1 Control Solenoid Valve Check	See System Functional Schematic, Wiring Diagram, and Component Location Master Legend. (Group 9015-10.) Inspect pump 1 control solenoid for sticking. Is control solenoid in good working condition?	YES: Diagnostic procedure complete. NO: Replace pump 1 control solenoid valve.

Both Tracks Do Not Rotate Or Move Slowly In Either Direction Diagnostic Procedure

IMPORTANT: If dig and swing function normally, the pilot pump is considered to be ok. If all functions are slow, perform All Hydraulic Functions Slow Diagnostic Procedure first. (Group 9025-15.)

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Actuating Pilot Pressure Check	 Key on, use monitor service menu to display Travel Pilot Pressure. See Monitor Service Menu Operation. (Group 9015-16.) <i>NOTE: Spool actuating pressure can be checked for each function by installing a tee and gauge in pilot line and then actuating that function. Perform Control Valve Spool Actuating Pilot Pressure Test. (Group 9025-25.)</i> Run engine at fast idle and raise problem track off ground. Observe pressure when operating lever full travel. Is pilot pressure above 3.70 MPa? 	YES: Go to Circuit Relief Valve Check. NO: If pressure is low, adjust or replace valve. Perform Pilot Pressure Regulating Valve Test and Adjustment. (Group 9025-25.)

Circuit Relief Valve Check	Key on, use monitor service menu to display Pump 1 or Pump 2 Delivery Pressure. See Monitor Service Menu Operation. (Group 9015-16.) Put power mode switch on HP and work mode on digging.	YES: Diagnostic procedure complete. NO: Adjust or repair circuit relief.
	Run engine at fast idle and operate each track over relief. Record pressure.	Perform Circuit Relief Valve Test and Adjustment. (Group 9025-25.)
	Do all circuit relief valve above 30.4 MPa?	

One Track Does Not Rotate Or Moves Slowly Diagnostic Procedure 15 42 - -1/1

Track Sag Check	Check track sag. See Check and Adjust Track Sag. (Operator's Manual.) Is track sag within specification on both tracks?	YES: Go to Actuating Pilot Pressure Check. NO: Adjust track sag.
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Actuating Pilot Pressure Check	Key on, use monitor service menu to display Travel Pilot Pressure.	YES: Go to Circuit Relief Valve Check.
	See Monitor Service Menu Operation. (Group 9015-16.)	
	NOTE: Spool actuating pressure can be checked for each function by installing a tee and gauge in pilot line and then actuating that function. Perform Control Valve Spool	NU: If pressure is low, adjust or replace valve.
	Actuating Pilot Pressure Test. (Group 9025-25.)	Perform Pilot Pressure Regulating Valve Test
	Run engine at fast idle and raise problem track off ground.	and Adjustment. (Group 9025-25.)

Observe pressure when operating lever full travel.

Is pilot pressure above 3.70 MPa?

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Circuit Relief Valve Check	Key on, use monitor service menu to display Pump 1 or Pump 2 Delivery Pressure. See Monitor Service Menu Operation. (Group 9015-16.)	YES: Go to Hose Swap Check.
	Put power mode switch on HP and work mode on digging. Run engine at fast idle and operate each travel function over relief.	NO: Go to Travel Relief Swap.
	Hecord pressure.	
	Do all circuit relief valve above 30.4 MPa?	
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Travel Relief Swap	Swap travel forward and reverse circuit reliefs and check if symptom changes.	YES: Repair seal in rotary manifold.
	Does symptom move to other track?	NO: Replace circuit relief that can not be adjusted to specifications.

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Perform Circuit Relief Valve Test and Adjustment. (Group 9025-25.)



Servo Piston Shuttle Valve Check	See Park Brake Valve Housing Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 0260. Inspect servo piston shuttle valve. Does shuttle valve operate correctly?	YES: Inspect travel reduction gear. NO: Repair or replace motor swash plate angle control. See Travel Motor Cover Disassemble and Assemble. (0260.)
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Machine Mistracks During Combined Operation With Dig Functions Diagnostic Procedure

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Flow Combiner Valve Check	See Control Valve Operation. (Group 9025-05.)	YES: Go to Flow Combiner Signal
	Remove and inspect flow combiner valve in control valve.	Pressure Check.
	Is valve in good working condition?	NO: Repair or replace flow combiner valve.
		See Control Valve 5-Spool Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3360.)
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Flow Combiner Signal Pressure Check	I Pilot Signal Manifold 2 To Travel Flow Combiner Valve 3 To Travel Flow Combiner hose from port (3) and install pressure gauge. Run engine at fast idle and record signal pressure. Is pressure approximately 3.9 MPa, (3900 kPa) (39 bar) (570 psi)?	YES: Repair or replace flow combiner valve control spool in signal control valve. See Pilot Signal Manifold Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3360.) NO: Go to Load Check Valve.
Coad Check Valve	See Control Valve Operation. (Group 9025-05.) Inspect load check valve for damage. Is load check in good working condition?	YES: Go to Travel Motor Leakage Check NO: Repair or replace load check valve. See Control Valve 5-Spool Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3360.)
Travel Motor Leakage Check	Perform Travel System Tracking Check. (Group 9005-10.) Check tracking while descending a hill. If tracking is within specification when descending a hill, but not when on the level or going up hill, travel motor leakage is indicated. If tracking does not meet specification, check travel motor leakage. Perform Travel	YES: Go to Rotary Manifold Leakage Check. NO: If travel motor leakage does not meet specification, repair or replace travel motor.
	Motor Leakage Test. (Group 9025-25.)	See Travel Motor and Park Brake Disassemble

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and Assemble. (Group

Rotary Manifold Leakage Check	Perform Rotary Manifold Air Test. (Group 0260.) Inspect rotary manifold for leakage. Is rotary manifold OK?	YES: Diagnostic procedure complete. NO: Repair or replace rotary manifold.
		See Rotary Manifold Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 0260.)

Travel Mode Will Not Switch From Slow To Fast Speed Diagnostic Procedure

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0	DTC Check	 See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Monitor Display. (Group 9015-20.) See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Service ADVISOR™ Diagnostic Application Are any of the following DTC displayed? 11405.03 See Travel Speed Solenoid (SI) Valve Current Feedback High. (Group 9001-10.) 11405.04 See Travel Speed Solenoid (SI) Valve Current Feedback Low. (Group 9001-10.) 11991.03 See Travel Right Pilot Pressure Sensor Circuit Voltage High. (Group 9001-10.) 11991.04 See Travel Right Pilot Pressure Sensor Circuit Voltage Low. (Group 9001-10.) 11993.03 See Travel Left Pilot Pressure Sensor Circuit Voltage High. (Group 9001-10.) 11993.04 See Travel Left Pilot Pressure Sensor Circuit Voltage Low. (Group 9001-10.) 	 YES: Diagnose and repair as required to clear displayed DTC. Diagnostic procedure complete. NO: Go to Travel Mode Selector Switch Check.
2	Travel Mode Selector Switch Check	Key on, use monitor service menu to display Travel Mode Switch.	YES: Go to Motor Speed
		See Monitor Service Menu Operation. (Group 9015-16.)	(Group 9025-15.)
		Turn the high speed mode on and check if display indicator is on.	NO: Go to Harness
		Does indicator change from L to H?	

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Harness Check	See System Functional Schematic, Wiring Diagram, and Component Location Master Legend. (Group 9015-10.) Check for open in harness between switch and main controller. Does harness have open wire?	YES: Repair or replace harness. NO: Replace travel mode switch.
Motor Speed Control Pressure Check	Key on, use monitor service menu to display Travel Pilot Pressure. See Monitor Service Menu Operation. (Group 9015-16.) Set travel to fast mode observe travel pilot pressure on monitor. Is maximum pressure approximately 3.9 MPa?	YES: Go to Servo Piston Shuttle Valve Check NO: Diagnose monitor controller. See Main Controller (MCF) Diagnostics Using Dr. ZX. (Group 9015-20.)
Servo Piston Shuttle Valve Check	See Park Brake Valve Housing Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 0260.) Inspect servo piston shuttle valve. Does shuttle valve operate correctly?	YES: Inspect Travel Reduction Gear Check. NO: Repair or replace motor swash plate angle control. See Travel Motor Cover Disassemble and Assemble. (0260.)
Travel Reduction Gear Check	See Travel Gearbox Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 0250.) Inspect travel reduction gear. Is reduction gear in good condition?	YES: Remove and inspect travel motor for damage. NO: Replace gear.

Travel Park Brakes Do Not Apply Diagnostic Procedure

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Counterbalance Valve Spool Check	See Travel Motor Cover Disassemble and Assemble. (0260.) Inspect counterbalance valve. Is counterbalance valve spool move freely release oil from piston cavity?	YES: Go to Travel Motor and Gearbox Check. NO: Repair or replace counterbalance valve. See Travel Motor Cover Disassemble and Assemble. (0260.)
Travel Motor and Gearbox Check	See Travel Motor and Park Brake Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 0260.) See Travel Gearbox Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 0250.) Inspect travel motor and gearbox for mechanical failure. Is travel motor and gearbox OK?	YES: Diagnostic procedure complete. NO: Repair or replace travel motor or gearbox.

Track Will Not Move In One Direction Diagnostic Procedure

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Pilot Circuit Check	Perform Diagnose Pilot Circuit Malfunctions. (Group 9025-15.) Is pilot circuit OK?	YES: Go to Travel Motor Crossover Relief Valve Check. NO: Repair or replace pilot circuit malfunction.
P Travel Motor Crossover Relief Valve Check	Perform Travel Motor Crossover Relief Valve Test and Adjustment. (Group 9025-25.) Inspect travel motor crossover relief valve. Is travel motor crossover relief valve OK?	YES: Go to Control Valve Check. NO: Repair or replace travel motor crossover relief valve. See Travel Motor Cover Disassemble and Assemble. (0260.)

Ontrol Valve Check	See Control Valve Operation. (Group 9025-05.) Inspect for stuck travel valve spool in control valve.	YES: Go to Counterbalance Valve Spool Check.
	Does travel valve spool move freely?	NO: Repair or replace control valve components as necessary.
		See Control Valve Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3360.)
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Counterbalance Valve Spool Check	See Travel Motor and Park Brake Valve Operation. (Group 9025-05.) Inspect counterbalance valve. Does counterbalance valve spool move freely?	YES: Go to Rotary Manifold Leakage Check. NO: Repair or replace counterbalance valve.

See Travel Motor Cover Disassemble and Assemble. (0260.)

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	Rotary Manifold Leakage Check	Perform Rotary Manifold Air Test. (Group 0260.) Inspect rotary manifold for leakage.	YES: Diagnostic procedure complete.
25		Is rotary manifold OK?	NO: Repair or replace rotary manifold.
15 50			See Rotary Manifold Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 0260.)
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Track Will Not Move In Either Direction Diagnostic Procedure		
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Pilot Circuit Check	Perform Diagnose Pilot Circuit Malfunctions. (Group 9025-15.) Is pilot circuit OK?	YES: Go to Travel Motor Crossover Relief Valve Check.

NO: Repair or replace pilot circuit malfunction. ---1/1

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Travel Motor Crossover Relief Valve Check	Perform Travel Motor Crossover Relief Valve Test and Adjustment. (Group 9025-25.) Inspect travel motor crossover relief valve. Is travel motor crossover relief valve OK?	YES: Go to Control Valve Check. NO: Repair or replace travel motor crossover relief valve. See Travel Motor Cover Disassemble and Assemble. (0260.)
Control Valve Check	See Control Valve Operation. (Group 9025-05.) Inspect for stuck travel valve spool in control valve. Does travel valve spool move freely?	YES: Go to Counterbalance Valve Spool Check. NO: Repair or replace control valve components as necessary. See Control Valve Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3360.)
Counterbalance Valve Spool Check	See Travel Motor and Park Brake Valve Operation. (Group 9025-05.) Inspect counterbalance valve. Does counterbalance valve spool move freely?	YES: Go to Rotary Manifold Leakage Check. NO: Repair or replace counterbalance valve. See Travel Motor Cover Disassemble and Assemble. (0260.)
Rotary Manifold Leakage Check	Perform Rotary Manifold Air Test. (Group 0260.) Inspect rotary manifold for leakage. Is rotary manifold OK?	YES: Go to Travel Motor Check. NO: Repair or replace rotary manifold. See Rotary Manifold Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 0260.)

Travel Motor And Gearbox Check	See Travel Motor and Park Brake Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 0260.) See Travel Gearbox Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 0250.) Inspect travel motor and gearbox for mechanical failure. Is travel motor and gearbox OK?	YES: Diagnostic procedure complete. NO: Repair or replace travel motor or gearbox.
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Machine Mistracks At All Speeds In Both Directions Diagnostic Procedure

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	Track Sag Check	Check track sag. See Check and Adjust Track Sag. (Operator's Manual.) Is track sag within specification?	YES: Go to Actuating Pilot Pressure Check. NO: Adjust track sag.
25	Actuating Pilot Pressure Check	 Key on, use monitor service menu to display Travel Pilot Pressure. See Monitor Service Menu Operation. (Group 9015-16.) <i>NOTE: Spool actuating pressure can be checked for each function by installing a tee and gauge in pilot line and then actuating that function. Perform Control Valve Spool Actuating Pilot Pressure Test. (Group 9025-25.)</i> Run engine at fast idle and raise problem track off ground. Observe pressure when operating lever full travel. Is pilot pressure above 3.70 MPa? 	YES: Go to Travel Motor Crossover Relief Valve Check. NO: If pressure is low, adjust or replace valve. Perform Pilot Pressure Regulating Valve Test and Adjustment. (Group 9025-25.)
	Travel Motor Crossover Relief Valve Check	Perform Travel Motor Crossover Relief Valve Test and Adjustment. (Group 9025-25.) Test travel motor crossover relief valve. Is travel motor crossover relief valve OK?	YES: Go to Servo Piston Shuttle Valve Check. NO: Repair or replace travel motor crossover relief valve. See Travel Motor Cover Disassemble and Assemble. (0260.)

Servo Pist Valve Cher	on Shuttle ck	See Park Brake Valve Housing Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 0260. Inspect servo piston shuttle valve. Does shuttle valve operate correctly?	YES: Go to Travel Motor Leakage Check. NO: Repair or replace motor swash plate angle control. See Travel Motor Cover Disassemble and Assemble. (0260.)
G Travel Mot Check	or Leakage	Check tracking while descending a hill. Perform Travel System Tracking Check. (Group 9005-10.) If tracking does not meet specification, check travel motor leakage. Perform Travel Motor Leakage Test. (Group 9025-25.) If tracking is within specification when descending a hill, but not when on the level or going up hill, travel motor leakage is indicated. Does tracking and motor leakage meet specification?	YES: Go to Rotary Manifold Leakage Check. NO: If travel motor leakage does not meet specification, repair or replace travel motor. See Travel Motor and Park Brake Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 0260.)
Rotary Ma Leakage C	nifold heck	Perform Rotary Manifold Air Test. (Group 0260.) Inspect rotary manifold for leakage. Is rotary manifold OK?	YES: Go to Pump 1 or Pump 2 Regulator Check. NO: Repair or replace rotary manifold. See Rotary Manifold Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 0260.)
Pump 1 or Regulator	Pump 2 Check	Perform Pump Regulator Test and Adjustment—Minimum Flow. (Group 9025-25.) Perform Pump Regulator Test and Adjustment—Maximum Flow. (Group 9025-25.) Test pump 1 or pump 2 regulators. Does pump 1 or pump 2 regulator meet specification?	YES: Diagnostic procedure complete. NO: Repair or replace pump 1 or pump 2 regulator. See Pump Regulator Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3360.)

Slow Travel Speed Or Low Power Diagnostic Procedure

0	Track Sag Check	Check track sag. See Check and Adjust Track Sag. (Operator's Manual.) Is track sag within specification?	YES: Go to Travel Motor Crossover Relief Valve Check. NO: Adjust track sag.
2	Travel Motor Crossover Relief Valve Check	Perform Travel Motor Crossover Relief Valve Test and Adjustment. (Group 9025-25.) Test travel motor crossover relief valves. Are travel motor crossover relief valves OK?	YES: Go to Travel Park Brake Check. NO: Repair or replace travel motor crossover relief valve. See Travel Motor Cover Disassemble and Assemble. (0260.)
3	Travel Park Brake Check	See Travel Motor and Park Brake Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 0260.) Inspect travel park brake. Is travel park brake OK?	YES: Go to Travel Motor Leakage Check. NO: Repair or replace travel park brake.
0	Travel Motor Leakage Check	Check tracking while descending a hill. Perform Travel System Tracking Check. (Group 9005-10.) If tracking is within specification when descending a hill, but not when on the level or going up hill, travel motor leakage is indicated. If tracking does not meet specification, check travel motor leakage. Perform Travel Motor Leakage Test. (Group 9025-25.) Does tracking and motor leakage meet specification?	YES: Go to Rotary Manifold Leakage Check. NO: If travel motor leakage does not meet specification, repair or replace travel motor. See Travel Motor and Park Brake Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 0260.)

Rotary Manifold Leakage Check	Perform Rotary Manifold Air Test. (Group 0260.) Inspect rotary manifold for leakage. Is rotary manifold OK?	YES: Go to Hydraulic Pump Check. NO: Repair or replace rotary manifold. See Rotary Manifold Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 0260.)
Hydraulic Pump Check	Perform Cycle Times Check. (Group 9005-10.) Slow travel cycle times may indicate worn pump. If travel cycle times do not meet specification, check pump flow. Perform Pump Flow Test. (Group 9025-25.) Do travel cycle times and pump flow meet specification?	YES: Go to HP Engine Speed Check. NO: Repair or replace pump. See Pump Remove and Install. (Group 3360.)
HP Engine Speed Check	 Key on, use monitor service menu to display Actual Engine Speed and Power Mode. See Monitor Service Menu Operation. (Group 9015-16.) Put power mode switch on P and work mode on digging. Run engine at fast idle and take arm-in function over relief. Record engine speed. Turn power mode switch to HP position. Does engine speed increase approximately 100 rpm when switch is moved to HP? 	YES: Go to Power Boost Pressure Check. NO: Select correct engine speed and power mode setting. See Engine Speed Control System Operation. (Group 9010-05.)
Power Boost Pressure Check	Key on, use monitor service menu to display Pump 1 or Pump 2 Delivery Pressure. See Monitor Service Menu Operation. (Group 9015-16.) Put power mode switch on HP and work mode on digging. Run engine at fast idle and take arm-in function over relief. Record pressure. Push power dig switch on control lever and observe monitor. Does pump 1 and 2 delivery pressure increase approximately 2.5 MPa when power dig switch held on?	YES: Diagnostic procedure complete. NO: Replace or adjust main relief valve. See Main Relief and Power Digging Valve Test and Adjustment. (Group 9025-25.)

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Combined Travel And Dig Functions Slow Or No Power Diagnostic Procedure

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Travel Flow Combiner Valve Check	See Pilot Signal Manifold Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3360.) Inspect travel flow combiner pilot valve (SL) in pilot signal manifold for stuck spool. See Travel Flow Combiner Valve Operation. (Group 9025-05.) Inspect travel flow combiner valve. See Control Valve Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3360.) Is travel flow combiner valve circuit OK?	YES: Go to Control Valve Check. NO: Repair or replace travel flow combiner valve circuit components.

	O Control Valve Check	See Control Valve Operation. (Group 9025-05.)	YES: Go to Travel Is "Jerky" Diagnostic
		Inspect for stuck travel valve spool in control valve. For component location,	Procedure. (Group 9025-15.)
		Does travel valve spool move freely?	,
			NO: Repair or replace control valve components as necessary.
			See Control Valve Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3360.)
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Travel Is "Jerky" Diagnostic Procedure

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Track Sag Check	Check track sag. See Check and Adjust Track Sag. (Operator's Manual.) Is track sag within specification?	YES: Go to Track Roller Check. NO: Adjust track sag.
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Track Roller Check	See Disassemble and Assemble Track Roller. (Group 0130.)	YES: Go to Travel Park

	Is oil level to specification?	
	Inspect rollers oil level.	NO: Add oil as required.
		Brake Check.
Track Roller Check	See Disassemble and Assemble Track Roller. (Group 0130.)	YES: Go to Travel Park

	Diagnostic Information		
Travel Park Brake Check	See Travel Motor and Park Brake Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 0260.) Inspect travel park brake. Is travel park brake OK?	YES: Go to Travel Motor Leakage Check. NO: Repair or replace travel park brake.	
Travel Motor And Gearbox Check	See Travel Motor and Park Brake Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 0260.) See Travel Gearbox Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 0250.) Inspect travel motor and gearbox for mechanical failure. Is travel motor and gearbox OK?	YES: Go to Undercarriage Components Check. NO: Repair or replace travel motor or gearbox.	
Undercarriage Components Check	See SP326 Undercarriage Appraisal Manual. Inspect undercarriage components. Do undercarriage components meet specification?	YES: Diagnostic procedure complete. NO: Repair or replace undercarriage	

Machine Will Not Hold Back And Park Brakes Engage And Disengage When Traveling Down An Incline Diagnostic Procedure

Counterbalance Valve Spool Check	See Travel Motor Cover Disassemble and Assemble. (0260.) Inspect counterbalance valve. Does counterbalance valve spool move freely?	YES: Diagnostic procedure complete. NO: Repair or replace counterbalance valve.
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Machine Will Not Turn Smoothly In One Direction Or Park Brake Grabs Diagnostic Procedure

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1	Counterbalance Valve Spool Check	See Travel Motor Cover Disassemble and Assemble. (0260.)	YES: Diagnostic procedure complete.
	•	Inspect counterbalance valve.	
		Does counterbalance valve spool move freely?	NO: Repair or replace counterbalance valve.

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components.

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Diagnose Counterweight Removal System Malfunctions

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Counterweight Removal / Installation Device Does Not Operate Or Low Power Diagnostic Procedure

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1 DTC Check	See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Monitor Display. (Group 9015-20.)	YES: Diagnose and
	See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Service ADVISOR™ Diagnostic Application	displayed DTC.
	Are any of the following DTC displayed?	Diagnostic procedure complete.
	 11404.03 See Power Dig Solenoid (SG) Valve Feedback Current High. (Group 9001-10.) 11404.04 See Power Dig Solenoid (SG) Valve Feedback Current Low. (Group 9001-10.) 	NO: Go to Wiring Connector Check.
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	Actuating Pilot Pressure Check	Key on, use monitor service menu to display Attachment Control Pilot Pressure.	YES: Go to All Hydraulic Eurotions Low Power
	Tressure officer	See Monitor Service Menu Operation. (Group 9015-16.)	Diagnostic Procedure. (Group 9025-15.)
5 5 8		NOTE: Spool actuating pressure can be checked for each function by installing a tee and gauge in pilot line and then actuating that function. Perform Control Valve Spool Actuating Pilot Pressure Test. (Group 9025-25.)	NO: Go to Pressure Sensor Swap Check.
		Record actuating pilot pressure for counterweight release function.	
		Is pilot pressure above 3.70 MPa?	
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8	Pressure Sensor Swap Check	Switch counterweight sensor with other pilot pressure sensor. Does symptom go away?	YES: Replace counterweight sensor. NO: Go to Voltage Check

Voltage Check	See System Functional Schematic, Wiring Diagram, and Component Location Master Legend. (Group 9015-10.)	YES: Go to Harness Check.
	Remove pressure sensor connector and measure voltage on terminal #1 with key on.	NO: Repair or replace
	Does terminal #1 measure 4.5—5.5 V?	

G Harness Check	See System Functional Schematic, Wiring Diagram, and Component Location Master Legend. (Group 9015-10.)	YES: Go to Control Valve Spool Check.
	Remove harness connector (D) from main controller.	NO: Repair or replace harness
	Connect terminal #3 of connector (D) to machine.	
	Check for continuity between terminal #2 of harness end of connector of pressure counterweight sensor and machine.	
	Is continuity measured?	
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Control Valve Spool Check	See Control Valve Operation. (Group 9025-05.)	YES: Replace pilot valve for counterweight.

Control Valve Spool Check	See Control Valve Operation. (Group 9025-05.) Inspect control valve spools. Are control valve spools in good working condition?	YES: Replace pilot valve for counterweight. NO: Repair or replace spools in control valve See Control Valve Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 3360.)
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Counterweight Removal / Installation Speed Is Too Fast Diagnostic Procedure

IMPORTANT: If all other dig functions are fast, perform All Hydraulic Function Too Fast Diagnostic Procedure before doing this procedure. (Group 9025-15.)

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DTC Check	See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Monitor Display. (Group 9015-20.) See Reading Diagnostic Trouble Codes With Service ADVISOR™ Diagnostic Application	YES: Diagnose and repair as required to clear displayed DTC. Diagnostic procedure complete
	The any of the following DTO displayed:	complete.
	 Arte any of the following DTC displayed? 11200.03. See Pump 1 Delivery Pressure Sensor Circuit Voltage High. (Group 9001-10.) 11202.03. See Pump 2 Delivery Pressure Sensor Circuit Voltage Low. (Group 9001-10.) 11202.04 See Pump 2 Delivery Pressure Sensor Circuit Voltage High. (Group 9001-10.) 11202.04 See Pump 2 Delivery Pressure Sensor Circuit Voltage Low. (Group 9001-10.) 11400.03 See Pump 2 (5-Spool) Control Solenoid Valve Feedback Current High. (Group 9001-10.) 11400.04 See Pump 2 (5-Spool) Control Solenoid Valve Feedback Current Low. (Group 9001-10.) 11410.03 See Pump 1 (4-Spool) Control Solenoid Valve Feedback Current High. (Group 9001-10.) 11410.04 See Pump 1 (4-Spool) Control Solenoid Valve Feedback Current High. (Group 9001-10.) 11492.03 See Pump 2 (5-Spool) Control Pressure Sensor Circuit Voltage High. (Group 9001-10.) 11992.04 See Pump 2 (5-Spool) Control Pressure Sensor Circuit Voltage Low. (Group 9001-10.) 11994.03 See Pump 1 (4-Spool) Control Pressure Sensor Circuit Voltage Low. (Group 9001-10.) 11994.03 See Pump 1 (4-Spool) Control Pressure Sensor Circuit Voltage Low. (Group 9001-10.) 11994.03 See Pump 1 (4-Spool) Control Pressure Sensor Circuit Voltage High. (Group 9001-10.) 	NO: Go to Actuating Pilot Pressure Check.
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Actuating Pilot Pressure Check	Key on, use monitor service menu to display Attachment Control Pilot Pressure. See Monitor Service Menu Operation. (Group 9015-16.)	YES: Go to Harness Check.
	NOTE: Spool actuating pressure can be checked for each function by installing a tee	Sensor Swap Check.

NOTE: Spool actuating pressure can be checked for each function by installing a tee and gauge in pilot line and then actuating that function. Perform Control Valve Spool Actuating Pilot Pressure Test. (Group 9025-25.)	Sensor Swap Check.
Record actuating pilot pressure for counterweight release function.	
Is pilot pressure above 3.70 MPa?	
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Pressure Sensor Swap Check	See System Functional Schematic, Wiring Diagram, and Component Location Master Legend. (Group 9015-10.)	YES: Replace counterweight pressure sensor.
	Switch counterweight sensor with other pilot pressure sensor.	
		NO: Go to Harness
	Does symptom go away?	Check
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Harness Check	See System Functional Schematic, Wiring Diagram, and Component Location Master Legend. (Group 9015-10.) Remove harness connector from pressure sensor and main controller. Check for continuity between terminal #1 wire of harness. Is continuity measured?	YES: Go to Pilot Valve Check. NO: Repair or replace harness. If harness ok diagnose main controller. See Main Controller (MCF) Diagnostics Using Dr. ZX. (Group 9015-20.)
Pilot Valve Check	See Pilot Signal Manifold Operation. (Group 9025-05.) Inspect pilot valve. Is pilot valve in good working condition?	YES: Diagnostic procedure complete. NO: Adjust or replace pilot valve. Perform Pilot Pressure Regulating Valve Test and Adjustment. (Group 9025-25.)

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Auto Lubrication Does Not Operate Diagnostic Procedure

Diagnose Auto Lubrication System Malfunctions

NOTE: The maximum interval between auto lubrication is 90 minutes. The interval setting can be adjusted from 10 to 90 minutes. The lubricating cycle time takes 5 minutes.

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0	Wiring Connector Check	See System Functional Schematic, Wiring Diagram, and Component Location Master Legend. (Group 9015-10.) Are all the connectors in good condition?	YES: Go to Auto Lubrication Mode Switch Check. NO: Repair or replace connectors.
0	Auto Lubrication Mode Switch Check	Turn auto lubrication mode on and check if display indicates auto. Is auto displayed?	YES: Go to Lubrication Pump Status Check. NO: Go to Harness Check.
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Lubrication Pump Status Check	Check pump lubrication status on monitor when auto lubrication switch is on. Is Comp displayed?	YES: Go to Proximity Switch Check. NO: Go to Relay Swap Check.
Harness Check	See System Functional Schematic, Wiring Diagram, and Component Location Master Legend. (Group 9015-10.) Remove connector form switch and main controller. Check for continuity between open in harness between terminal #9 at switch end and terminal #83 at end. Is continuity measured?	YES: Repair or replace auto lubrication switch. NO: Repair or replace harness.
G Relay Swap Check.	See System Functional Schematic, Wiring Diagram, and Component Location Master Legend. (Group 9015-10.) Swap auto lubrication relay K11 with another similar relay. Does symptom go away?	YES: Replace auto lubrication relay K11. NO: Go to Continuity Check.
G Continuity Check	See System Functional Schematic, Wiring Diagram, and Component Location Master Legend. (Group 9015-10.) Disconnect harness from auto lubrication relay and from main controller. Check for continuity between terminal #2 harness relay end connector and terminal #B24 of harness end connector at main controller.	YES: Replace fuse #30 or open circuit between fuse #30 and auto lubrication relay K11. NO: Open circuit in harness between K11

Check if auto lubrication is counting SW while switch is on.

Is on / off switched and is it alternately displayed on monitor?

Is continuity measured?

7 Proximity Switch

Check

and , replace or repair as

YES: Repair damaged

NO: Go to Grease Pump

pipes on front attachments.

Check.

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required.

8	Grease Pump Grease Pump Harness Check	Inspect grease pump. Is grease pump operating? See System Functional Schematic, Wiring Diagram, and Component Location Master Legend. (Group 9015-10.) Disconnect harness connector at pump and check voltage on terminal #2. Turn key and auto lubrication switch on. Does harness terminal #2 measure 24 V?	YES: Check the following items in this order: No grease, refill grease cartridge. Repair damaged piping between pump and distribution valve. Replace distribution valve. NO: Go to Grease Pump Harness Check. YES: Go to Proximity Switch Harness Check NO: Repair or replace open wire in harness between relay K11 and pump.
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O	Proximity Switch Harness Check	See System Functional Schematic, Wiring Diagram, and Component Location Master Legend. (Group 9015-10.) Remove harness from proximity switch. Turn key and auto lubrication switch on. Measure voltage at switch end connector terminal #3. Does terminal # 3 measure 24 V?	YES: Replace proximity switch or repair open circuit in harness between switch and ground. NO: Repair open circuit in harness between relay K11 and proximity switch.
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Auto Lubrication Does Not Stop Diagnostic Procedure

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Auto Lubrication Switch Check	Turn auto lubrication switch to off. Does auto lubrication stop?	YES: Replace auto lubrication relay K11. NO: Go to Harness Check.
Harness Check	See System Functional Schematic, Wiring Diagram, and Component Location Master Legend. (Group 9015-10.)	YES: Replace . NO: Repair short in
	Disconnect harness connector B from main controller. Does auto lubrication stop?	harness K11 and / or replace.

Auto Lubrication Alarm Is Displayed Diagnostic Procedure

NOTE: If auto lubrication alarm is displayed when auto lubrication stops, the problem may be no grease or proximity switch malfunction.

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025	Auto Lubrication Grease Check	Check for following problems: • No grease in cartridge. • Air mixed in grease circuit. • Plug sealing grease cartridge. Is grease supply in good condition?	YES: Replace proximity switch. See System Functional Schematic, Wiring Diagram, and Component Location Master Legend. (Group 9015-10.) NO: Diagnostic procedure complete.
15 64			
	Harness Check	See System Functional Schematic, Wiring Diagram, and Component Location Master Legend. (Group 9015-10.) Disconnect harness connector B from main controller. Does auto lubrication stop?	YES: Replace . NO: Repair short in harness K11 and main controller.







- 15—Pump 1 Outlet-to-Right Control Valve (5-spool)
- 83—Right Control Valve (4-spool)
- 84—Left Control Valve (5-spool)
- 85—Main Relief and Power Digging Valve
- 90—Right Travel Spool
- 94—Bucket Spool
- 99—Boom 1 Spool
- 107—Arm 2 Spool
- 113—Swing Spool
- 118—Arm 1 Spool
- 126—Boom 2 Spool
- 137—Auxiliary Spool
- 140-Left Travel Spool
- 150—To Swing Motor Make-Up Check Valve (left side)
- 151—To Swing Motor Make-Up Check Valve (right side)
- 152—Bypass Shutoff (bucket flow combiner) Valve (spring cavity)-to-Warm-Up Circuit (right control valve)-to-Hydraulic Oil Tank

- 153—Pilot Signal Manifold (port SL)-to-Travel Flow Combiner Valve
- 154—From Power Dig Solenoid Valve (port SG)
- 155—Right Travel Forward-to-Center Joint (top right front)
- 156—Right Travel Reverse-to-Center Joint (top right rear)
- 157—Bucket Dump-to-Bucket Cylinder Rod End
- 158—Bucket Curl-to-Bucket Cylinder Head End 159—Boom
- Down-to-Manifold-to-Boom Cylinder Rod End
- 160—Boom Up-to-Manifold-to-Boom Cylinder Head End

- 161—Pilot Check Valve Manifold (port B)-to-Boom 1 Spool (right control valve), Pilot Accumulator and Fan Drive Reversing Control Valve (PP port)
- 163—Boom Flow Rate Solenoid Valve (port SF)-to-Boom Flow Rate Control Valve—Switch Valve
- 164—Boom Flow Rate Control Valve—Switch Valve (spring cavity)-to-Solenoid Valve Manifold (port DY)
- 165—Arm 2 Flow Rate Control Valve—Switch Valve (spring cavity)-to-Solenoid Valve Manifold (port DK)

- 166—Pilot Signal Manifold (port SK)-to-Arm 2 Flow Rate Control Valve— Switch Valve
- 167—Bypass Shutoff (auxiliary flow combiner) Valve-to-Solenoid Valve
- Manifold (port DY) 168—Warm-Up Circuit (right control valve)-to-Hydraulic Oil
- Tank 169—Warm-Up Circuit (left control valve)-to-Hydraulic Oil Tank

Continued on next page

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- 1—Left Control Valve (5-spool)
- 2—Left Control Valve (swing spool) Top Port (right swing)-to-Manifold—Right Side
- 3—Manifold—Right Side
- 4—Manifold—Left Side
- 5—Left Control Valve (swing spool) Bottom Port (left swing)-to-Manifold—Left Side
- 6—Pump 2-to-Left Control Valve Inlet Port
- 7—Hydraulic Oil Cooler-to-Hydraulic Oil Tank Return
- 8—Pump 1-to-Right Control Valve Inlet Port
- 9—Manifold—Left Side Bottom Port-to-Swing Motor—Left Side (port A, left swing)

- 10—Manifold—Right Side Bottom Port-to- Swing Motor—Left Side (port B, right swing)
- 11—Swing Motor—Left Side-to-Hydraulic Oil Tank Return
- 12—Bulkhead-to-Pilot Signal Manifold (port E, swing left)
 13—Bulkhead-to-Pilot Signal Manifold (port E, swing
- Manifold (port F, swing right) 14—Bulkhead
- 15—Left Pilot Control Valve (port 3, swing left)-to-Bulkhead
- 16—Left Pilot Control Valve (port 1, swing right)-to-Bulkhead

17—Hydraulic Oil Tank

- 18—Swing Motor—Left Side
- 19—Swing Motor—Right Side-to-Swing Motor—Left Side Park Brake Release
- 20—Left Control Valve-to-Left Side Swing Motor Make-Up Oil Line
- 21—Swing Motor—Right Side-to-Swing Motor—Left Side Case Drain Line
- 22—Manifold—Left Side Top Port-to- Swing Motor— Right Side (port A, left swing)
- 23—Right Side Manifold Top Port-to-Right Side Swing Motor (port B, right swing) 24—Swing Motor—Right Side

- 25—Left Control Valve-to-Right Side Swing Motor Make-Up Oil Line
- 26—Swing Gearbox—Left and Right Side Drain Lines
- 27—Pilot Signal Manifold (port SH)-to-Swing Motor— Right Side Park Brake Release
- 28—Pilot Signal Manifold
- 29—Pilot Signal Manifold (port 6, right swing)-to-Left Control Valve (swing spool) Bottom Pilot Cap
- 30—Pilot Signal Manifold (port 5, left swing)-to-Left Control Valve (swing spool) Top Pilot Cap

LD30992,0000276 -19-01JUN06-2/2

Control Lever Pattern Conversion

- 1. Lower bucket to the ground.
- 2. Stop the engine. Remove the key from switch.

Continued on next page

GD61784,0000058 -19-26OCT06-1/6









13—Cover

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9025 15 72

450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests 062608 PN=822





TM2361 (24JUN08)

450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests 062608 PN=824 NOTE: DO NOT use manufacturer's hose tags or markings on hose ends to identify hoses for this conversion procedure. The conversion must be done on the side of digging sensor manifold that is connected to the pilot control valves.

> Port numbers on digging sensor manifold are given from front to rear of machine and are not marked on manifold.

- 6. Switch pilot lines connected to port 2 and 5 at digging sensor manifold (9).
- 7. Disconnect pilot line from port B of the boom shockless valve (10).
- 8. Use the following table to fabricate the hydraulic hose needed.

Part Number	Description	Assembly Quantity
X10643-6-6	Fittings	2
X421-6	Hydraulic Hose, No Skive	1905 mm (75 in.)
Left Fitting: X10643-6-6 (Parker No. 10643-6-6) Right Fitting: X10643-6-6 (Parker No. 10643-6-6) Hydraulic Hose: X421-6 (Parker No. 421-6) Cut Length: 1885.4 mm (74.23 in.) Crimp Dies: 43-6 (YEL) Die Ring: Silver Length: 1049.0 mm (76.77 in.)		

- Install a -6 M 37° x -6 M 37° union to fabricated hose. Connect union to pilot line disconnected from the shockless valve
- 10. Route fabricated hose to digging sensor manifold.
- 11. Disconnect pilot line from port 6.
- 12. Connect fabricated hose to port 6.
- 13. Route pilot line disconnected from port 6 to the shockless valve. Connect line to port B.
- 14. Install covers.

GD61784,0000058 -19-26OCT06-6/6



TX1007835

Pilot Control Valve-to-Pilot Signal Manifold Component Location—Excavator Pattern

Diagnostic Information

Pilot Control Valve-to-Pilot Signal Manifold Component Location—Excavator Pattern LD30992,0000277 -19-01JUN06-1/2

BKR

BMR

BKB

BMB

BULKHEAD

AMD

BULKHEAD

AMB

PILOT SIGNAL MANIFOLD PORTS PILOT CONTROL CONTROL VALVE SIDE VALVE SIDE

PILOT SHUTOFF SOLENOID VALVE A2

PILOT SHUTOFF SOLENOID VALVE T2

PILOT SHUTOFF SOLENOID VALVE A3

PILOT SHUTOFF SOLENOID VALVE T3

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20—Right Pilot Control Valve 21—2-to-B to A-to-BMR-to-B 22—3-to-BKB-to-G 23—P-to-A234—Pilot Shutoff Solenoid Valve 35—Boom Up Shockless Valve 36—Bulkhead44 Valve 35—Boom Up Shockless Valve 36—Bulkhead24—4-to-BMB-to-B 25—1-to-BKR-to-H 26—T-to-T237—HT-to-Bulkhead-to PH Manifold (port A)-to-P 39—Digging Sensor Manifold 40—Travel Sensor Manifold 41—Travel Left Pressure Sensor (TRL)46 45 41—Travel Right Pressure Sensor (TRR)20—Right Pilot Control Valve 26—T-to-T239—Digging Sensor Manifold 40—Travel Sensor Manifold 41—Travel Left Pressure Sensor (TRL)47 43 43—Travel Pilot Control Valve (port 1)-to-Travel Sensor Manifold-to-L (right reverse)	 14—Travel Pilot Control Valve (port 2)-to-Travel Sensor Manifold-to-K (right forward) 15—Travel Pilot Control Valve (port 4)-to-Travel Sensor Manifold-to-J (left reverse) 16—Travel Pilot Control Valve (port 3)-to-Travel Sensor Manifold-to-I (left forward) 17—A1-to-Travel Pilot Control Valve (port P) 18—From Travel Pilot Control Valve (port T)-to-T1 	 49—T4-to-Hydraulic Oil Tank 50—DF-to-Hydraulic Oil Tank 51—PI-to-Pilot Check Valve Manifold (port C) 52—Pilot Filter and Pressure Regulating Valve (port PG)-to-Pilot Check Valve Manifold (port P) 53—Pilot Signal Manifold 54—Pilot Check Valve Manifold
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LD30992,0000277 -19-01JUN06-2/2



TX1007837

Pilot Control Valve-to-Pilot Signal Manifold Component Location—Backhoe Pattern

Pilot Control Valve-to-Pilot Signal Manifold Component Location-Backhoe Pattern LD30992,0000278 -19-01JUN06-1/2

BKR

AMD

BKB

AMB

BULKHEAD

BMR

BULKHEAD

BMB

PILOT SIGNAL MANIFOLD PORTS PILOT CONTROL CONTROL VALVE SIDE VALVE SIDE

PILOT SHUTOFF SOLENOID VALVE A2

PILOT SHUTOFF SOLENOID VALVE T2

PILOT SHUTOFF SOLENOID VALVE A3

PILOT SHUTOFF SOLENOID VALVE T3

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20—Right Pilot Control Valve 34—F 21—2-to-B to A-to-BMR-to-B V 22—3-to-BKB-to-G 35—E 23—P-to-A2 36—E 24—4-to-BMB-to-B 37—F 25—1-to-BKR-to-H 38—F 26—T-to-T2 M 27—Left Pilot Control Valve 39—E 28—2-to-AMD-to C 40— 29—3-to-Bulkhead-to E 41—T 30—P-to-A3 S 31—4-to-AMB-to-D 42—T 32—1-to-Bulkhead-to-F S 33—T-to-T3 43—T	Pilot Shutoff Solenoid Valve Boom Up Shockless Valve Bulkhead HT-to-Bulkhead-to PH Pilot Check Valve Manifold (port A)-to-P Digging Sensor Manifold Travel Sensor Manifold Travel Sensor Manifold Travel Left Pressure Sensor (TRL) Travel Right Pressure Sensor (TRR) Travel Pilot Control Valve (port 1)-to-Travel Sensor Manifold-to-L (right reverse)	 44—Travel Pilot Control Valve (port 2)-to-Travel Sensor Manifold-to-K (right forward) 45—Travel Pilot Control Valve (port 4)-to-Travel Sensor Manifold-to-J (left reverse) 46—Travel Pilot Control Valve (port 3)-to-Travel Sensor Manifold-to-I (left forward) 47—A1-to-Travel Pilot Control Valve (port P) 48—From Travel Pilot Control Valve (port T)-to-T1 	 49—T4-to-Hydraulic Oil Tank 50—DF-to-Hydraulic Oil Tank 51—PI-to-Pilot Check Valve Manifold (port C) 52—Pilot Filter and Pressure Regulating Valve (port PG)-to-Pilot Check Valve Manifold (port P) 53—Pilot Signal Manifold 54—Pilot Check Valve Manifold
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LD30992,0000278 -19-01JUN06-2/2





Pilot Signal Manifold-to-Control Valve Line Connections

TX1042344 –UN–25JUN08



Pilot Signal Manifold-to-Control Valve Line Connection

450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests

- 1—1-to-Right Control Valve— Bottom (boom up)
- 1A—Right (boom 1)-to-Left Control Valve (boom 2, boom up)
- 2—2-to-Right Control Valve— Top (boom down)
- 2A—Right (boom 1)-to Left Control Valve (boom 2, boom down)
- 3—3-to-Right Control Valve— Top (arm out)
- 3A—Right (arm 2)-to-Left Control Valve (arm 1, arm out)
- 4—4-to-Right Control Valve— Bottom (arm in)
- 4A—Right (arm 2)-to-Left Control Valve (arm 1, arm in)
- 5—5-to-Left Control Valve— Top (swing left)
- 6—6-to-Left Control Valve— Bottom (swing right)

- 7—7-to-Right Control Valve— Bottom (bucket curl)
- 8—8-to-Right Control Valve— Top (bucket dump) 9—9-to-Left Control Valve—
- Top (left travel forward) 10—10-to-Left Control Valve— Bottom (left travel
- reverse) 11—11-to-Right Control Valve—Top (right travel forward)
- 12—12-to-Right Control Valve—Bottom (right travel reverse)
- 13—13 (not used) For Auxiliary in Left Control Valve 14—14 (not used) For Auxiliary
- in Left Control Valve 55—Solenoid Valve Manifold
- 66—Pilot Signal Manifold 83—Right Control Valve
- (4-spool)—Top
- 83A—Right Control Valve (4-spool)—Bottom

- 84—Left Control Valve (5-spool)—Top 84A—Left Control Valve
- (5-spool)—Bottom 90—Warm-Up Circuit (left
- control valve)-to-Hydraulic Oil Tank
- 91—Warm-Up Circuit (right control valve)-to-Hydraulic Oil Tank
- 92—Boom Flow Rate Solenoid Valve (port SF)-to-Boom Flow Rate Control Valve— Switch Valve (right control valve)
- 93—Pilot Check Valve Manifold (port B)-to-Boom 1 Spool (right control valve)
- 94—Power Dig Solenoid Valve (port SG)-to-Main Relief and Power Digging Valve (right control valve)

- 95—Boom 1 Spool (right control valve)-to-Pilot Accumulator
- 96—Boom 1 Reduced Leakage Valve—Switch Valve (right control valve)-to-Boom 2 Reduced Leakage Valve— Switch Valve (left control valve) (650DLC and 850DLC only)
- S3—Swing Pressure Sensor
- SE—SE (not used)
- SK—SK-to-Arm Flow Rate Control Valve—Switch Valve (right control valve)
- SL—SL-to-Travel Flow Combiner Valve (right control valve, front) SM—SM-to-Hydraulic Oil Tank SN—SN (not used) SP—SP-to-Hydraulic Oil Tank TR—TR (not used)

LD30992,0000279 -19-15MAY08-2/2



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9025-15-82

LD30992,000027A -19-08JUN06-1/1



Travel Hydraulic System Line Connection

TX1028755 –UN–06SEP07





450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests 062608 PN=834

9—Left Travel Forward (pilot)	83—Right Control Valve	160—Left Travel Forward	Y25—Travel Speed Solenoid
10—Left Travel Reverse (pilot)	(4-spool)	161—Right Travel Forward	Valve (SI)
11—Right Travel Forward	84—Left Control Valve	162—Left Travel Reverse	I-Left Travel Forward (pilot)
(pilot)	(5-spool)	163—Right Travel Reverse	J—Left Travel Reverse (pilot)
12—Right Travel Reverse	90—Right Travel Spool	164—Return Line to Hydraulic	K—Right Travel Forward (pilot)
(pilot)	140—Left Travel Spool	Oil Tank	L—Right Travel Reverse (pilot)
55—Solenoid Valve Manifold	155—Center Joint	165—Case Drain Lines	PI—From Pilot Shutoff
56—Travel Pilot Control Valve	158—Right Travel Motor	Y10—Pilot Shutoff Solenoid	Solenoid Valve
66—Pilot Signal Manifold	157—Left Travel Motor	Valve	
			TX04577,0000105 –19–05SEP07–2



Fan Drive Hydraulic System Component Location





TM2361 (24JUN08)

9025-15-86



TX04577,0000101 -19-08JUN06-1/2 450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests 062608 PN=836

Diagnostic Information			
28—Fan Drive Pump 29—Fan Drive Pump Regulator	36—Fan Drive Motor	38—Fan Drive Relief Valve	40—Fan Drive (Reversing) Control Valve
			TX04577 000010119_08.01 IN06_2/2



Fan Drive Hydraulic System Line Connections



450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests 062608

PN=838

- 1—Case Drain Line— 4—Pilot Oil Line—Tee 6—Pressure Line—Fan Drive Motor-to-Return Manifold Fitting-to-Fan Drive Control **Pump-to-Fan Drive Control** -Motor-to-Fan Drive Control 2-Valve Valve Valve Line 5—Return Line—Fan Drive 7—Case Drain Line—Fan Drive 9—Suction Line—Fan Drive 3-Motor-to-Fan Drive Control Control Valve-to-Control Pump-to-Hydraulic Case Valve Line Valve Manifold **Drain Filter Tube**
 - TX04577,0000100 -19-06JUN06-2/2

8—Pilot Line—Pilot Filter

Pump-from-Manifold

Regulator

Line-to-Fan Drive Pump



025 15 90

- 1—Bucket Cylinder 2—Arm Cylinder
- 3—Boom Cylinder (2 used)
- 4—Center Joint 5—Swing Motor (2 used)
- 6—Control Valve

7—Hydraulic Oil Cooler 8—Right Travel Motor 9—Pump 2 10—Pilot Pump 11—Left Travel Motor 12—Pump 1

- 13—Fan Drive Pump 14—Pilot Pressure Regulating
- Valve 15—Solenoid Valve Manifold
- 16—Hydraulic Oil Tank
- 17—Pilot Shutoff Solenoid Valve
- 18—Travel Pilot Control Valve 19—Left Pilot Control Valve 20—Right Pilot Control Valve





OUT3035,000002E -19-07JUN06-1/2 450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests 062608 PN=842

1—Bucket Cylinder 2—Arm Cylinder 3—Boom Cylinder (2 used) 4—Left Control Valve (5-spool) 5—Right Control Valve (4-spool)	6—Center Joint 7—Swing Motor and Gearbox (2 used) 8—Hydraulic Oil Cooler	9—Pump 1 10—Pilot Pump 11—Pump 2 12—Fan Drive Pump	13—Pilot Pressure Regulating Valve 14—Hydraulic Oil Tank
			OUT3035,000002E -19-07JUN06-2/2
Counterweight Remo Component Location	val Hydraulic System		
Information not available at	the time of release.		
			OUT3035,000002F -19-28APR06-1/1
Counterweight Remo	val Hydraulic System		
Information not available at	the time of release.		
			OUT3035.0000030 -19-28APR06-1/1





TX1002748

Hydraulic System Schematic

TX1002748 -19-31JAN06



 1—Boom Up (pilot) 2—Boom Down (pilot) 3—Arm Out (pilot) 4—Arm In (pilot) 5—Swing Left (pilot) 6—Swing Right (pilot) 7—Bucket Curl (pilot) 8—Bucket Dump (pilot) 9—Left Travel Forward (pilot) 10—Left Travel Forward (pilot) 10—Left Travel Reverse (pilot) 11—Right Travel Reverse (pilot) 12—Right Travel Reverse (pilot) 13—Plug—Auxiliary (pilot) 14—Plug—Auxiliary (pilot) 17—To Pump 1 Regulator 18—To Pump 2 Regulator 27—Pilot Pump 29—To Fan Drive Pump Regulator 47—From Hydraulic Oil Tank 51—Pilot Filter Element 53—Pilot Filter Bypass Valve 54—Pilot Pilot Control Valve 55—Solenoid Valve Manifold 56—Travel Pilot Control Valve (swing and arm) 	 58—Right Pilot Control Valve (bucket and boom) 59—Boom Up Shockless Valve 62—Bulkhead 63—Travel Sensor Manifold 64—Shuttle Valve (2 used) 65—Digging Sensor Manifold 66—Pilot Signal Manifold 67—Boom Down Shockless Valve 68—Check Valve—Warmup Circuit 70—Pilot Valve (port SE) (not used, plug installed) 71—Arm 2 Flow Rate Pilot Valve (port SK) 72—Pump 1 Flow Rate Pilot Valve (port SA) (not used, plug installed) 73—Pump 2 Flow Rate Pilot Valve (port SB) (not used, plug installed) 74—Swing Park Brake Release Pilot Valve (port SL) 76—Filter (18 used) 77—Orifice—Warmup Circuit 78—Shuttle Valve (17 used) 79—Check Valve—Warmup Circuit (3 used) 	 81—Accumulator 82—Pilot Check Valve Manifold 85—To Main Relief and Power Digging Valve 89—To Travel Flow Combiner Valve 97—To Boom Flow Rate Control Valve—Switch Valve — From Boom Flow Rate Control Valve—Spring Cavity of Switch Valve 99—To Boom 1 Spool 105—To Arm 2 Flow Rate Control Valve—Switch Valve —From Arm 2 Flow Rate Control Valve—Switch Valve —From Arm 2 Flow Rate Control Valve—Spring Cavity of Switch Valve 110—From Bypass Shutoff (auxiliary flow combiner) Valve (4-spool) 118—To Arm 1 Spool 129—To Boom Mode Relief Control Valve 146—From Bypass Shutoff Valve (5-spool) 154—To Swing Park Brake (port SH) 164—To Travel Speed Selector Valve 	 B33—Swing Pressure Sensor B50—Arm Out Pressure Sensor B51—Arm In Pressure Sensor B52—Boom Up Pressure Sensor B53—Boom Down Pressure Sensor B54—Bucket Curl Pressure Sensor B55—Bucket Dump Pressure Sensor B56—Travel Right Pressure Sensor B57—Travel Left Pressure Sensor Y10—Pilot Shutoff Solenoid Valve Y22—Boom Flow Rate Solenoid Valve (port SF) Y23—Boom Mode Solenoid Valve (port SC) Y24—Power Dig Solenoid Valve (port SG) Y25—Travel Speed Solenoid Valve (port SI) 182—Pilot Oil 184—Return or Pressure-Free Oil

Continued on next page

LD30992,000027C -19-01MAY06-2/16 95



TX1005024

Diagnostic Information

TX1005024 -19-21MAR06

Pilot Control Valves and Pilot Signal Manifold—Backhoe Control Pattern

Continued on next page 9025-15-96

450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests 082608 082608 PN=846

 1—Boom Up (pilot) 2—Boom Down (pilot) 3—Arm Out (pilot) 4—Arm In (pilot) 5—Swing Left (pilot) 6—Swing Right (pilot) 7—Bucket Curl (pilot) 8—Bucket Dump (pilot) 9—Left Travel Forward (pilot) 10—Left Travel Reverse (pilot) 11—Right Travel Reverse (pilot) 11—Right Travel Reverse (pilot) 12—Right Travel Reverse (pilot) 13—Plug—Auxiliary (pilot) 14—Plug—Auxiliary (pilot) 17—To Pump 1 Regulator 18—To Pump 2 Regulator 27—Pilot Pump 29—To Fan Drive Pump Regulator 47—From Hydraulic Oil Tank 51—Pilot Filter and Pressure Regulating Valve 52—Pilot Filter Element 53—Pilot Pressure Regulating Valve 55—Solenoid Valve Manifold 56—Travel Pilot Control Valve (swing and boom) 	 58—Right Pilot Control Valve (bucket and arm) 59—Boom Up Shockless Valve 62—Bulkhead 63—Travel Sensor Manifold 64—Shuttle Valve (2 used) 65—Digging Sensor Manifold 66—Pilot Signal Manifold 67—Boom Down Shockless Valve 68—Check Valve—Warmup Circuit 70—Pilot Valve (port SE) (not used, plug installed) 71—Arm 2 Flow Rate Pilot Valve (port SK) 72—Pump 1 Flow Rate Pilot Valve (port SA) (not used, plug installed) 73—Pump 2 Flow Rate Pilot Valve (port SB) (not used, plug installed) 74—Swing Park Brake Release Pilot Valve (port SL) 76—Filter (18 used) 77—Orifice—Warmup Circuit 78—Shuttle Valve (17 used) 79—Check Valve—Warmup Circuit (3 used) 	 81—Accumulator 82—Pilot Check Valve Manifold 85—To Main Relief and Power Digging Valve 89—To Travel Flow Combiner Valve 97—To Boom Flow Rate Control Valve—Switch Valve — From Boom Flow Rate Control Valve—Spring Cavity of Switch Valve 99—To Boom 1 Spool 105—To Arm 2 Flow Rate Control Valve—Switch Valve —From Arm 2 Flow Rate Control Valve—Switch Valve —From Arm 2 Flow Rate Control Valve—Spring Cavity of Switch Valve 110—From Bypass Shutoff (auxiliary flow combiner) Valve (4-spool) 118—To Arm 1 Spool 129—To Boom Mode Relief Control Valve 146—From Bypass Shutoff Valve (5-spool) 154—To Swing Park Brake (port SH) 164—To Travel Speed Selector Valve 	 B33—Swing Pressure Sensor B50—Arm Out Pressure Sensor B51—Arm In Pressure Sensor B52—Boom Up Pressure Sensor B53—Boom Down Pressure Sensor B54—Bucket Curl Pressure Sensor B55—Bucket Dump Pressure Sensor B56—Travel Right Pressure Sensor B57—Travel Left Pressure Sensor Y10—Pilot Shutoff Solenoid Valve Y22—Boom Flow Rate Solenoid Valve (port SF) Y23—Boom Mode Solenoid Valve (port SC) Y24—Power Dig Solenoid Valve (port SG) Y25—Travel Speed Solenoid Valve (port SI) 182—Pilot Oil 184—Return or Pressure-Free Oil

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LD30992,000027C -19-01MAY06-4/16

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LD30992,000027C -19-01MAY06-5/16 450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests PN=848

 1—Boom Up (pilot) 1A—Boom Up to Left Pilot Cap 2—Boom Down to Left Pilot Cap 3—Arm Out (pilot) 3A—Arm Out to Left Pilot Cap 4—Arm In (pilot) 4A—Arm In to Left Pilot Cap 5—Swing Left (pilot) 6—Swing Right (pilot) 7—Bucket Curl (pilot) 8—Bucket Dump (pilot) 9—Left Travel Forward (pilot) 10—Left Travel Forward (pilot) 11—Right Travel Reverse (pilot) 11—Right Travel Reverse (pilot) 15—From Pump 1 16—From Pump 1 16—From Pump 2 43—Hydraulic Oil Cooler 44—Restriction Valve 45—Hydraulic Oil Cooler Bypass Valve 53—To Solenoid Valve Manifold (port DP) 55—To Solenoid Valve Manifold (port DK) To Solenoid Valve Manifold (port DY) 71—From Arm 2 Flow Rate Pilot Valve (port SK) 75—From Travel Flow Combiner Pilot Valve (port SL) 81—Accumulator 82—From Pilot Check Valve Manifold (port B) 83—Right Control Valve 84—Left Control Valve 86—Main Relief and Power Digging Valve 86—Main Relief Valve Isolation Check Valve (4-spool) 87—Main Relief Valve Isolation Check Valve (5-spool) 	 88—Check Valve 89—Travel Flow Combiner Valve 90—Right Travel Spool 91—Bucket Regenerative Switch Valve 92—Bucket Flow Combiner Circuit Check Valve 93—Power Passage Check Valve (bucket lift check) 94—Bucket Spool 95—Bucket Dump Circuit Relief and Anticavitation Valve 96—Bucket Curl Circuit Relief and Anticavitation 97—Boom Flow Rate Control Valve—Switch Valve 98—Boom Flow Rate Control Valve—Poppet Valve 99—Boom 1 Spool 100—Boom Down Circuit Relief and Anticavitation Valve 101—Boom Up Circuit Relief and Anticavitation Valve 102—Boom Reduced Leakage Valve—Check Valve 103—Boom Reduced Leakage Valve—Check Valve 104—Check Valve 105—Arm 2 Flow Rate Control Valve—Poppet Valve 106—Arm 2 Flow Rate Control Valve—Poppet Valve 107—Arm 2 Spool 108—Arm Make-Up Check Valve 109—Orifice—Warm-Up Circuit (9 used) 110—Bypass Shutoff (auxiliary flow combiner) Valve (4-spool) 111—Arm Regenerative Valve—Switch Valve 112—Neutral Passage Check Valve (swing lift check) 	 113—Swing Spool 114—Power Passage Orifice (arm 1 in function lift check) 115—Power Passage Check Valve (arm 1 in function lift check) 116—Power Passage Check Valve (arm 1 out function lift check) 117—Neutral Passage Check Valve (arm 1 in function lift check) 118—Arm 1 Spool 119—Check Valve 120—Arm Reduced Leakage Valve—Check Valve 121—Arm Reduced Leakage Valve—Switch Valve 122—Arm In Circuit Relief an Anticavitation Valve 123—Arm Out Circuit Relief And Anticavitation Valve 125—Power Passage Check Valve (boom 2 lift checl 126—Boom 2 Spool 127—Anticavitation Check Valve (boom down) 128—Boom Mode Relief Control Valve 133—Neutral Passage Check Valve (auxiliary lift check) 134—Power Passage Check Valve (auxiliary lift check) 135—Power Passage Check Valve (auxiliary lift check) 136—Auxiliary Flow Combine Circuit Check Valve 137—Auxiliary Flow Combine Circuit Check Valve 136—Auxiliary Flow Combine Circuit Check Valve

(arm 1 in function lift check) –Power Passage Check Valve (arm 1 in function lift check) –Power Passage Check Valve (arm 1 out function lift check) -Neutral Passage Check Valve (arm 1 in function lift check) -Arm 1 Spool -Check Valve -Arm Reduced Leakage Valve—Check Valve -Arm Reduced Leakage Valve—Switch Valve -Arm In Circuit Relief and Anticavitation Valve -Arm Out Circuit Relief And Anticavitation Valve -Neutral Passage Check Valve (boom 2 lift check) –Power Passage Check Valve (boom 2 lift check) -Boom 2 Spool -Anticavitation Check Valve (boom down) -Boom Mode Relief Valve -Boom Mode Relief Control Valve -Neutral Passage Check Valve (auxiliary lift check) –Power Passage Check Valve (auxiliary lift check) -Power Passage Orifice (auxiliary power passage) -Auxiliary Flow Combiner Circuit Check Valve -Auxiliary Spool -Auxiliary Circuit Relief and Anticavitation Valve

Continued on next page

139—Auxiliary Circuit Relief and Anticavitation Valve 140—Left Travel Spool 141—Neutral Passage Check Valve (left travel lift check) 142—Power Passage Check Valve (left travel lift check) 143—Power Passage Orifice (left travel power passage) 144—Left Travel and Bucket Flow Combining Circuit Orifice 145—Left Travel and Bucket Flow Combining Circuit Check Valve 146—Bypass Shutoff (Bucket Flow Combiner) Valve (5-spool) 149—Swing Motor (2 used) 151—To Swing Motor Make-Up **Check Valve** 157—Left Travel Motor 159—Right Travel Motor 168—Boom Cylinder (2 used) 169—Arm Cylinder 170—Bucket Cylinder 172—Bucket Regenerative Valve 173—Boom 2 Regenerative Valve 174—Arm 1 Regenerative Valve B58—Boom Pressure Sensor Y22—From Boom Flow Rate Solenoid Valve (port SF) Y23—From Boom Mode Solenoid Valve (port SC) Y24—From Power Dig Solenoid Valve (port SG) 180—Supply Oil 182—Pilot Oil 183—Trapped Oil 184—Return or Pressure-Free

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LD30992,000027C -19-01MAY06-6/16

Oil



TX1002402

Travel and Swing Motors Schematic

LD30992,000027C -19-01MAY06-7/16 450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests 062608 PN=850

Diagnostic Information			
 47—To Hydraulic Oil Tank 74—From Swing Park Brake Release Pilot Valve (port SH) 90—From Right Travel Spool 113—From Swing Spool 140—From Left Travel Spool 148—Swing Motor (2 used) —Port A—Swing Left —Port B—Swing Right 	150—Crossover Relief Valve 151—Make-Up Check Valve 152—Check Valve 153—Orifice 154—Swing Park Brake 155—Center Joint 157—Left Travel Motor 159—Right Travel Motor 160—Crossover Relief Valve	 161—Counterbalance Valve 162—Check Valve 163—Orifice 164—Travel Speed Selector Valve 165—Orifice 166—Swash Plate Piston (4 used) 167—Travel Park Brake 	 171—Orifice 173—Make-Up Oil From Control Valve Return Passage Y25—From Travel Speed Solenoid Valve (port SI) 183—Trapped Oil 184—Return or Pressure-Free Oil
		Continued on next page	LD30992,000027C -19-01MAY06-8/16



TX1002424 -19-18JAN06



TX1002424

Pump 1, Pump 2, and Fan Drive Pump Regulator Schematic

LD30992,000027C -19-01MAY06-9/16 450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests 062608 PN=852

Diagnostic I	nformation
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 15—Pump 1 16—Pump 2 17—Pump 1 Regulator 18—Pump 2 Regulator 19—Servo Piston 20—Load Sleeve 21—Load Spool 22—Feedback Link 23—Check Valve 24—Check Valve 25—Pilot Piston 26—Charge Pump 27—Pilot Pump 28—Fan Drive Pump 29—Fan Drive Pump Regulator 30—Servo Piston 	 31—Feedback Link 32—Load Sleeve 33—Load Piston 34—Pilot Piston 35—Compensating Piston 36—To Fan Drive Motor 42—Attenuator Hose 46—To Pump Case Drain Filter and Bypass Valve 47—From Hydraulic Oil Tank 51—Pilot Filter and Pressure Regulating Valve 52—Pilot Filter Element 53—Pilot Filter Bypass Valve 54—Pilot Pressure Regulating Valve 	 55—To Solenoid Valve Manifold 82—To Pilot Check Valve Manifold 83—To Right Control Valve 84—To Left Control Valve 175—Engine B35—Pump 1 (4-Spool) Delivery Pressure Sensor (4P) B36—Pump 1 (4-Spool) Control Pressure Sensor (4P) B37—Pump 2 (5-Spool) Delivery Pressure Sensor (5P) 	B38—Pump 2 (5-Spool) Control Pressure Sensor (5P) Y12—Pump 1 (4-Spool) Control Solenoid Valve (4P) Y13—Pump 2 (5-Spool) Control Solenoid Valve (5P) 180—Supply Oil 182—Pilot Oil 184—Return or Pressure-Free Oil
		Continued on next page	LD30992,000027C -19-01MAY06-10/16



TX1002720 -19-18JAN06





Fan Drive Schematic

28—Fan Drive Pump 29—Fan Drive Pump Regulator 30—Servo Piston 31—Feedback Link 32—Load Sleeve 33—Load Piston 34—Pilot Piston 35—Compensating Piston 36—Fan Drive Motor	 37—Fan Drive Control Valve (standard) 38—Fan Drive Relief Valve 39—Make-Up Check Valve 40—Fan Drive Reversing Control Valve 41—Fan Drive Reversing Spool 43—Hydraulic Oil Cooler 	 44—Restriction Valve 46—To Pump Case Drain Filter and Bypass Valve 47—From Hydraulic Oil Tank 51—From Pilot Filter and Pressure Regulating Valve (port PF) 82—From Pilot Check Valve Manifold 	83—From Right Control Valve Y8—Fan Reversing Solenoid Valve 1 Y14—Fan Pump Control Solenoid Valve 180—Supply Oil 182—Pilot Oil 184—Return or Pressure-Free Oil
		Continued on next page	LD30992,000027C -19-01MAY06-12/16



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PN=856
 51—From Pilot Filter and Pressure Regulating Valve (port PF) 66—To Pilot Signal Manifold 81—Accumulator 82—Pilot Check Valve Manifold 99—To Boom 1 Spool 118—To Arm 1 Spool 126—From Boom 2 Spool 	 133—Neutral Passage Check Valve (auxiliary lift check) 134—Power Passage Check Valve (auxiliary lift check) 135—Power Passage Orifice (auxiliary power passage) 137—Auxiliary Spool 	 138—Auxiliary Circuit Relief and Anticavitation Valve 139—Auxiliary Circuit Relief and Anticavitation Valve 140—To Left Travel Spool 180—Supply Oil 182—Pilot Oil 183—Trapped Oil 184—Return or Pressure-Free Oil 	 200—Counterweight Cylinder 201—Slow Return Valve 202—Shutoff Valve 203—Check Valve 204—Counterweight Pilot Control Valve B46—Counterweight Removal Pressure Sensor Y10—Pilot Shutoff Solenoid Valve
		Continued on next name	L D30002 000027C _10_01MAV06_1///1

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TX1007068

Diagnostic Information

TX1007068 –UN–28APR06

Load Lowering Control Valves Schematic

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Continued on next page 9025-15-108

LD30992,000027C -19-01MAY06-15/16

- 83—Right Control Valve
- 84—Left Control Valve
- 85—Main Relief and Power Digging Valve
- 86—Main Relief Valve Isolation Check Valve (4-spool)
- 87—Main Relief Valve Isolation Check Valve (5-spool)
- 88—Check Valve
- 89—Travel Flow Combiner Valve
- 90—Right Travel Spool
- 91—Bucket Regenerative Switch Valve
- 92—Bucket Flow Combiner Circuit Check Valve
- 93—Power Passage Check Valve (bucket lift check)
- 94—Bucket Spool
- 95—Bucket Dump Circuit Relief and Anticavitation Valve
- 96—Bucket Curl Circuit Relief and Anticavitation
- 97—Boom Flow Rate Control Valve—Switch Valve
- 98—Boom Flow Rate Control Valve—Poppet Valve
- 99—Boom 1 Spool
- 100—Boom Down Circuit Relief and Anticavitation Valve
- 101—Boom Up Circuit Relief and Anticavitation Valve
- 102—Boom Reduced Leakage Valve—Switch Valve

- 103—Boom Reduced Leakage Valve—Check Valve
- 104—Check Valve
- 105—Arm 2 Flow Rate Control Valve—Switch Valve 107—Arm 2 Spool
- 108—Arm Make-Up Check Valve
- 109—Orifice—Warm-Up Circuit (9 used)
- 110—Bypass Shutoff (auxiliary flow combiner) Valve (4-spool)
- 111—Arm Regenerative Valve—Switch Valve
- 112—Neutral Passage Check Valve (swing lift check) 113—Swing Spool
- 114—Power Passage Orifice (arm 1 in function lift check)
- 115—Power Passage Check Valve (arm 1 in function lift check)
- 116—Power Passage Check Valve (arm 1 out function lift check)
- 117—Neutral Passage Check Valve (arm 1 in function lift check)
- 118—Arm 1 Spool
- 119—Check Valve
- 120—Arm Reduced Leakage Valve—Check Valve
- 121—Arm Reduced Leakage Valve—Switch Valve

- 122—Arm In Circuit Relief and Anticavitation Valve
- 123—Arm Out Circuit Relief And Anticavitation Valve 124—Neutral Passage Check
- Valve (boom 2 lift check) 125—Power Passage Check
- Valve (boom 2 lift check) 126—Boom 2 Spool
- 127—Anticavitation Check Valve (boom down)
- 128—Boom Mode Relief Valve 129—Boom Mode Relief
- Control Valve 133—Neutral Passage Check
- Valve (auxiliary lift check)
- 134—Power Passage Check Valve (auxiliary lift check)
- 135—Power Passage Orifice (auxiliary power passage)
- 136—Auxiliary Flow Combiner Circuit Check Valve
- 137—Auxiliary Spool
- 138—Auxiliary Circuit Relief and Anticavitation Valve 139—Auxiliary Circuit Relief
- and Anticavitation Valve
- 140—Left Travel Spool 141—Neutral Passage Check Valve (left travel lift
 - check)

- 142—Power Passage Check Valve (left travel lift check)
- 143—Power Passage Orifice (left travel power passage)
- 144—Left Travel and Bucket Flow Combining Circuit Orifice
- 145—Left Travel and Bucket Flow Combining Circuit Check Valve
- 146—Bypass Shutoff (bucket flow combiner) Valve (5-spool)
- 168—Boom Cylinder (2 used)
- 169—Arm Cylinder
- 172—Bucket Regenerative Valve
- 173—Boom 2 Regenerative Valve
- 174—Arm 1 Regenerative Valve
- 180—Supply Oil
- 182—Pilot Oil
- 183—Trapped Oil
- 184—Return or Pressure-Free Oil
- 205—Boom Load Lowering Control Valve (2 used) 206—Arm Load Lowering
- Control Valve (2 used)
- B58—Boom Bottom Pressure Sensor

LD30992,000027C -19-01MAY06-16/16

Diagnostic Information

Hydraulic Test Port Location

- 1—Pump 1 Test Port Location
- 2—Pump 2 Test Port Location
- 3—Fan Drive Pump Test Port
- 4—Pilot Oil Test Port (hose removal required)





Test Port Location—Pilot Oil TX04577,00000E9 -19-27MAR06-1/1



CED,TX08227,2895 -19-19NOV97-1/1

JT02156A Digital Pressure/Temperature Analyzer Installation

SERVICE FOUIPMENT AND TOOLS	
JT02156A Digital Pressure/Temperature Analyzer	
JT02158 Digital Pressure/Temperature Analyzer	
JT02159 20 ft Cable with Couplers	
JT02161 500 psi Transducer	
JT02162 5000 psi Transducer	
JT05969 Thermo-Coupler	
312883 Carry Case	
JT02160 10,000 psi Transducer (Optional, Order Separately)	

Use the digital pressure/temperature analyzer (A), and transducers (B) in place of analog gauges and a separate temperature reader.

Transducers are temperature sensitive. Allow transducer to warm to system temperature. After transducer is warmed and no pressure applied, push sensor zero button for one second to set the true zero point.

When using for different pressures, turn selector to OFF for two seconds and then to the pressure range. Readings are inaccurate if proper range for transducer is not used.



CED,TX08227,2896 -19-02JUL01-1/1

Hydraulic Oil Cleanup Procedure Using Portable Filter Caddy

SPECIFICATIONS	
Hydraulic Oil Tank Capacity	321 L approximate 85 gal approximate
Hydraulic Oil Tank Filtering Time	30 minutes approximate
Hydraulic System Capacity	560 L approximate 148 gal approximate
Hydraulic System Filtering Time	90 minutes approximate

SERVICE EQUIPMENT AND TOOLS

JDG1724A Super Caddy
JT05679 Hose 3.7 m (12 ft) x 3/4 in. ID 100R1 Hose with 3/4 M NPT Ends (2 used)
JTO5751A Suction Wand
JTO5750A Discharge Wand

- 1. Install new return filter elements.
- NOTE: For a failure that creates a lot of debris, remove access cover from hydraulic tank. Drain hydraulic tank. Connect filter caddy suction line to drain port. Add a minimum of 19 L (5 gal) of oil to reservoir. Operate filter caddy and wash out the hydraulic tank.

IMPORTANT: The minimum ID for a connector is 13 mm (1/2 in.) to prevent cavitation of filter caddy pump.

- 2. Put filter caddy suction and discharge wands into hydraulic tank filler hole so ends are as far apart as possible to obtain a thorough cleaning of oil.
- 3. Start the filter caddy. Check to be sure oil is flowing through the filters.

Operate filter caddy until all the oil in hydraulic tank has been circulated through the filter a minimum of four times.

Specification

Hydraulic Oil Tank—Capacity	321 L approximate
	85 gal approximate
Hydraulic Oil Tank—Filtering	
Time	30 minutes approximate

NOTE: Filtering time for hydraulic tank is 0.089 minute x number of liters (0.33 minutes x number of gallons).

- 4. Leave filter caddy operating for the next step.
- 5. Start the engine and run it at fast idle.

IMPORTANT: For the most effective results, cleaning procedure must start with the smallest capacity circuit then proceed to the next larger capacity circuit.

6. Starting with the smallest capacity circuit, operate each function through a complete cycle.

Repeat procedure until the total system capacity has circulated through filter caddy seven times. Each function must go through a minimum of three complete cycles for a thorough cleaning of oil.

Specification

Hydraulic System—Capacity	560 L approximate
	148 gal approximate
Hydraulic System—Filtering	
Time	90 minutes approximate

- NOTE: Filtering time for complete hydraulic system is 0.158 minute x number of liters (0.6 minute x number of gallons). Filtering time for machines with auxiliary hydraulic functions must be increased because system capacity is larger.
- 7. Stop the engine. Remove the filter caddy.
- 8. Install new return filter elements.
- 9. Check hydraulic oil level. See Check Hydraulic Oil Level. (Operator's Manual.)

TX04577.00000E3 -19-26APR06-1/1

Hydraulic Oil Warm-Up Procedure

SPECIFICATIONS	
Engine Speed	1/2 Speed if below -18°C 1/2 Speed if below 0°F Fast Idle if above -18°C Fast Idle if above 0°F
Power Mode Switch Position	E Mode (Economy) if below -18°C E Mode (Economy) if below 0°F HP Mode (High Power) if above -18°C HP Mode (High Power) if above 0°F
Work Mode Switch Position	Dig Mode
Auto Idle Switch Position	OFF
Travel Speed Switch Position	Slow (Turtle)
Hydraulic Oil Temperature	45—55°C 110—130°F

IMPORTANT: If machine temperature is below -18°C (0°F), start procedure in the E power mode (economy). Failure to

do this could cause pump cavitation. Once oil temperature is above -18° C (0°F), the power mode can be switched to HP mode (high power).

Below -18°C (0°F) an extended warm-up period may be necessary. Hydraulic functions will move slowly and lubrication of parts may not be adequate with cold oil. Do not attempt normal machine operation until hydraulic functions move at or close to normal cycle times.

Operate functions slowly and avoid sudden movements until engine and hydraulic oils are thoroughly warmed. Operate a function by moving it a short distance in each direction. Continue operating the function increasing the distance traveled in each cycle until full stroke is reached.

For faster warm-up, restrict air flow through oil cooler using cardboard or other similar material. Use correct viscosity oil to minimize warm-up period.

Continued on next page

TX04577,00000E7 -19-05JUN06-1/4

- 1. Connect one of the following test equipment to perform test:
 - SERVICE ADVISOR[™] application. See SERVICE ADVISOR Connection Procedure for instruction. (Group 9015-20.) Access Hydraulic Warm-Up.
 - Or select the following items from the menu:
 - Coolant Temperature
 - Hydraulic Oil Temperature
 - Actual Engine Speed
 - See Personal Digital Assistant (PDA) Connection To Excavator Using Dr. ZX Application for instruction. (Group 9015-20.)
 - Select the following items from the Monitor Display:
 - Coolant Temperature
 - Hydraulic Oil Temperature
 - Actual Engine Speed
 - See Monitor Service Menu Operation for instruction to actuate the service menu on monitor in cab. (Group 9015-20.)

Select the following items from Monitoring list:

- Coolant Temperature
- Hydraulic Oil Temperature
- Actual Engine Speed



CAUTION: Avoid possible serious injury from machine movement during warm-up procedure. Clear the area of all bystanders before doing the warm-up procedure.

- 2. Clear the area of all bystanders to allow for machine movement.
- Start engine. Run engine at approximately 1/2 speed for approximately 5 minutes before operating any functions.



Monitor

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Continued on next page

TX04577,00000E7 -19-05JUN06-2/4

4. Run machine at specification.

Specificati	on
Engine—Speed	1/2 Speed if below -18°C
	1/2 Speed if below 0°F
	Fast Idle if above -18°C
	Fast Idle if above 0°F
Power Mode Switch—Position	E Mode (Economy) if below
	-18°C
	E Mode (Economy) if below 0°F
	HP Mode (High Power) if above
	-18°C
	HP Mode (High Power) if above
	0°F
Work Mode Switch—Position	Dig Mode
Auto Idle Switch—Position	OFF
Travel Speed Switch—Position	

5. Slowly turn upperstructure so boom is to the side.



CAUTION: Avoid possible serious injury from machine sliding backwards. Keep angle between boom and arm at 90—110°.

- Keeping the angle between boom and arm at 90— 110°, lower boom to raise track off the ground.
- 7. Operate travel function for approximately 5 minutes.
- When oil temperature is above -18°C (0°F), increase engine speed to fast idle and turn power mode switch to HP (high power).

IMPORTANT: Holding a function over relief for more than 10 seconds can cause damage due to hot spots in the control valve.

- Operate the travel function (side with track off the ground). Also operate the bucket curl function over relief for 10 seconds and then stop for 5 seconds. Repeat the cycle until oil is heated to specifications.
- 10. Stop periodically and operate all hydraulic functions to distribute the heated oil.
- 11. Continue procedure until oil temperature is within specifications.

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TM2361 (24JUN08)

Continued on next page

TX04577,00000E7 -19-05JUN06-3/4

Specification

TX04577,00000E7 -19-05JUN06-4/4

SPECIFICATIONS	
Hydraulic Oil Temperature	45—55°C 110—130°F
Engine Speed	Fast Idle and Slow Idle
Work Mode Switch Position	Dig Mode
Power Mode Switch Position	P (Standard) Mode
Auto-Idle Switch Position	Off
Pilot System Pressure	3.7—4.6 MPa at Slow Idle 3200—4600 kPa at Slow Idle 37—46 bar at Slow Idle 540—668 psi at Slow Idle
Pilot System Pressure	3.9—4.1 MPa at Fast Idle 3900—4100 kPa at Fast Idle 39.0—41.0 bar at Fast Idle 569—594 psi at Fast Idle
Pilot Pressure Regulating Valve Shim Pressure Change	0.16 MPa approximate per 0.5 mm (0.020 in.) 160 kPa approximate per 0.5 mm (0.020 in.) 1.6 bar approximate per 0.5 mm (0.020 in.) 23 psi approximate per 0.5 mm (0.020 in.)
Plug to Pilot Pressure Regulating Valve Housing Torque	25 N•m 220 lb-in.

Pilot Pressure Regulating Valve Test and Adjustment

SERVICE EQUIPMENT AND TOOLS

203836 (9/16-18 F Sw 37° x 7/16-20 M 37° x 9/16-18 M 37°) Tee

JT02162 Transducer 35 000 kPa (350 bar) (5000 psi)

JT02156A Digital Pressure/Temperature Analyzer

JT05471 Gauge 7000 kPa (70 bar) (1000 psi)

Purpose of test is to ensure there is enough pilot pressure to operate all the pilot system functions and to adjust the pressure as necessary. The pilot pressure regulating valve is used to regulate the pilot system pressure.

Continued on next page

TX04577,00000EB -19-05JUN06-1/4

NOTE: The monitor can be used to make a quick check of the pilot system pressure using the arm in function. Monitor arm in pilot pressure with the engine at fast idle and then actuate arm in function over relief. The pressure reading displayed is from the arm in pilot pressure sensor located on the digging sensor manifold.

> Before making any adjustments, check the pilot pressure at the pilot filter housing using a pressure gauge. For pilot filter and pressure regulating valve location see Hydraulic System Component Location. (9025-15.)

- 1. Connect one of the following test equipment to perform test:
 - SERVICE ADVISOR[™] application. See SERVICE ADVISOR Connection Procedure for instruction. (Group 9015-20.) Access Pilot Pressure Regulating Valve Test. Or select the following items from the menu:
 - Arm In Pilot Pressure
 - Hydraulic Oil Temperature
 - Actual Engine Speed
 - See Personal Digital Assistant (PDA) Connection To Excavator Using Dr. ZX Application for instruction. (Group 9015-20.)
 - Select the following items from the Monitor Display:
 - Arm In Pilot Pressure
 - Hydraulic Oil Temperature
 - Actual Engine Speed
- 902 2
- See Monitor Service Menu Operation for instruction to actuate the service menu on monitor in cab. (Group 9015-20.)

Select the following items from Monitoring list:

- Arm In Pilot Pressure
- Hydraulic Oil Temperature
- Actual Engine Speed

Release hydraulic oil tank pressure by pushing pressure release button on top of hydraulic oil tank.



-19-03MAR06

TX1003295



Pilot Pressure Regulating Valve and Test Port Location

1—Test Port Location 2—Pilot Pressure Regulating Valve

SERVICE ADVISOR is a trademark of Deere & Company

Continued on next page 9025-25-8 TX04577,00000EB -19-05JUN06-2/4

Remove pilot hose at test port location (1) at filter housing.

Install 203836 tee in-line.

Connect the JT02156A Digital Pressure/Temperature Analyzer and JT02160 35 000 kPa (350 bar) (5000 psi) transducer or a 70 000 kPa (700 bar) (10,000 psi) gauge. See JT02156A Digital Pressure/Temperature Analyzer Installation for instruction.

- 2. Warm hydraulic oil to specification. See Hydraulic Oil Warm-Up Procedure. (Group 9025-25.)
- 3. Run machine at specification:

Specification

Hydraulic Oil—Temperature	45—55°C
	110—130°F
Engine—Speed	Fast Idle and Slow Idle
Work Mode Switch—Position	Dig Mode
Power Mode Switch—Position	P (Standard) Mode
Auto-Idle Switch—Position	Off

- 4. Operate arm in to full stroke with engine speed at slow idle. Record monitor and gauge pressure readings.
- 5. Operate arm in to full stroke with engine speed at fast idle. Record monitor and gauge pressure readings.
- 6. Compare pressure readings to specifications.

Specification



Continued on next page

TX04577,00000EB -19-05JUN06-3/4

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 If pressure is not to specification and adjustment is necessary, remove pilot pressure regulating valve (2). Add shims (3) to increase pressure. Remove shims (3) to decrease pressure. 		
Specification Pilot Pressure Regulating Valve Shim—Pressure Change		-UN-03APR06
8. Tighten plug to specification.		X1005676
Specification Plug to Pilot Pressure Regulating	Pilot Pressure Regulating Valve and Shim	F
Valve Housing—Torque	2—Pilot Pressure Regulating Valve 3—Shim	
9. Check the pressure settings again.		

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TX04577,00000EB -19-05JUN06-4/4

Control Valve Spool Actuating Pilot Pressure Test

SPECIFICATIONS	
Hydraulic Oil Temperature	45—55°C 110—130°F
Engine Speed	Slow Idle and Fast Idle
Work Mode Switch Position	Dig Mode
Power Mode Switch Position	P (Standard) Mode
Auto Idle Switch Position	Off
Travel Speed Switch Position	Fast Speed (Rabbit)
Minimum Valve Spool Actuating Pressure	3.33 MPa 3334 kPa 33.3 bar 483 psi

SERVICE EQUIPMENT AND TOOLS

203836 (9/16-18 F Sw 37° x 7/16-20 M 37° x 9/16-18 M 37°) Tee

JT05471 Gauge 7000 kPa (70 bar) (1000 psi)

JT02162 Transducer 35 000 kPa (350 bar) (5000 psi)

JT02156A Digital Pressure/Temperature Analyzer

Purpose of test is to ensure that the pilot pressure to the valve spools is enough to completely shift the spools.

Continued on next page

MS12501,0000096 -19-05JUN06-1/3

- 1. Connect one of the following test equipment to perform test:
 - SERVICE ADVISOR™ application. See SERVICE ADVISOR Connection Procedure for instruction. (Group 9015-20.) Access Control Valve Spool Actuating Pilot

Pressure Test.

Or select the following items from the menu:

- Arm In Pilot Pressure
- Hydraulic Oil Temperature
- Actual Engine Speed
- See Personal Digital Assistant (PDA) Connection To Excavator Using Dr. ZX Application for instruction. (Group 9015-20.)

Select the following items from the Monitor Display:

- Arm In Pilot Pressure
- Hydraulic Oil Temperature
- Actual Engine Speed
- See Monitor Service Menu Operation for instruction to actuate the service menu on monitor in cab. (Group 9015-16.)

Select the following items from Monitoring list:

- Arm In Pilot Pressure
- Hydraulic Oil Temperature
- Actual Engine Speed
- Push the pressure release button on top of hydraulic oil tank to relieve pressure. Remove pilot line of choice at control valve end cap.

Install 203836 tee in pilot line for function being tested.

Connect the JT02156A Digital

Pressure/Temperature Analyzer and JT02162 35 000 kPa (350 bar) (5000 psi) transducer or a 7000 kPa (70 bar) (1000 psi) gauge.See JT02156A Digital Pressure /Temperature Analyzer Installation. (Group 9025-25.



-19-03MAR06

TX1003295

Control Valve Spool Actuating Pilot Pressure Test

1—Tee 2—Transducer

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MS12501,0000096 -19-05JUN06-2/3

450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests 062608 PN=872

NOTE:	Spool actuating pressure can be checked for each function by installing a tee and gauge in pilot line and then actuating that function.	
	Spool actuating pressure for boom up, arm in, left and right swing, and all travel functions can also be measured with the monitor.	
2. Heat Warı	hydraulic oil to specification. See Hydraulic Oil m-Up Procedure. (Group 9025-25.)	
3. Run	machine at specifications.	
Hydraulic	Specification Oil—Temperature	
Engine Work Mod Power Mod Auto Idle Travel Sp	110—130°F Speed Slow Idle and Fast Idle de Switch—Position Dig Mode ode Switch—Position P (Standard) Mode Switch—Position Off eed Switch—Position Fast Speed (Rabbit)	
4. Actu idle.	ate the function control lever to full stroke at slow	
5. Reco	ord pressure.	
6. Com	pare pressure to specifications.	
Minimum	Specification	
Pressure	3.33 MPa 3334 kPa 33.3 bar 483 psi	
If valve spool actuating pressure is not to specification check pilot system pressure. See Pilot Pressure Regulating Valve Test and Adjustment. (Group 9025-25.)		
If pilot s pressur shutoff	system pressure is to specification then check e at the solenoid valve manifold, pilot control valve, pilot controllers, and pilot signal manifold.	

MS12501,0000096 -19-05JUN06-3/3

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2.

4.

Power Dig Solenoid Valve (port SG) Test and Adjustment

SPECIFICATIONS		
Hydraulic Oil Temperature	45—55°C 110—130°F	
Engine Speed	Fast Idle	
Work Mode Switch Position	Dig Mode	
Power Mode Switch Position	HP (High Power) Mode	
Auto Idle Switch Position	OFF	
Power Dig Switch Position	ON	
Power Dig Solenoid Valve (port SG) Pressure	Monitor Reading \pm 0.2 MPa Monitor Reading \pm 200 kPa Monitor Reading \pm 2.0 bar Monitor Reading \pm 29.0 psi Actual Reading From Gauge Must Be Within Pressure Range of Monitor Reading and Tolerance.	
Solenoid Valve Adjusting Screw Pressure Change	0.069 MPa approximate per 1/4 turn 69 kPa approximate per 1/4 turn 0.69 bar approximate per 1/4 turn 10 psi approximate per 1/4 turn	
End of Adjusting Screw-to-Nut Length	2 mm maximum 0.079 in. maximum	
Solenoid Valve Adjusting Screw-to-Housing Nut Torque	3.0 N•m 27 lb-in.	

SERVICE EQUIPMENT AND TOOLS

JT03191 (7/16-20 M 37° x 7/16-20 F 37° x 7/16-20 M 37°) (Parker No. 063T-4-4) Tee

JT02156A Digital Pressure/Temperature Analyzer

JT02162 Transducer 35 000 kPa (350 bar) (5000 psi)

Gauge 7 MPa (7000 kPa) (70 bar) (1000 psi)

Purpose of test is to check that the output pressure from the power dig solenoid valve to the power digging valve is within the specified pressure range.

Continued on next page

LD30992,00002B1 -19-05JUN06-1/5

- NOTE: Pressure reading displayed on the monitor is calculated pressure from an electrical signal in the main controller (MCF). The reading does not change when valve adjustment is made. The actual pressure to the power digging valve must be measured using a gauge.
- 1. Release pressure from hydraulic oil tank by pushing pressure release button at top of hydraulic oil tank.
- 2. Disconnect line for power dig solenoid valve (Y24) to main relief and power digging valve (85) from elbow at the bottom of solenoid valve manifold (55).

Install a JT03191 Tee in the line.

 Connect the JT02156A Digital Pressure/Temperature Analyzer and JT02162 Transducer or a 7 MPa (7000 kPa) (70 bar) (1000 psi) gauge. See JT02156A Digital Pressure/Temperature Analyzer Installation.

> Y22—Boom Flow Rate Solenoid Valve (port SF) Y23—Boom Mode Solenoid Valve (port SC) Y24—Power Dig Solenoid Valve (port SG) Y25—Travel Speed Solenoid Valve (port SI) 55—Solenoid Valve Manifold 66—Pilot Signal Manifold 83—Right Control Valve (4-spool) 84—Left Control Valve (5-spool) 85—To Main Relief and Power Digging Valve 97—To Boom Flow Rate Control Valve—Switch Valve 129—To Boom Mode Relief Control Valve 164—To Travel Speed Selector Valve (left and right

164—To Travel Speed Selector Valve (left and right travel motors)





Power Dig Solenoid Valve (port SG)

Continued on next page

TX1003386 -UN-13FEB06

- 4. Use one of the following test equipment to display the calculated pressure:
 - SERVICE ADVISOR[™] application. See SERVICE ADVISOR Connection Procedure for instruction. (Group 9015-20.) Access Power Dig Solenoid Valve Test.

Or select the following items from the menu:

- Power Dig Solenoid Pressure
- Hydraulic Oil Temperature
- Actual Engine Speed
- Power Digging Switch
- See Personal Digital Assistant (PDA) Connection To Excavator Using Dr. ZX Application for instruction. (Group 9015-20.)
 Select the following iteras from the Magitar Display:

Select the following items from the Monitor Display:

- Power Digging Control Pressure
- Hydraulic Oil Temperature
- Actual Engine Speed
- Power Digging Switch
- See Monitor Service Menu Operation for instruction to actuate the service menu on monitor in cab. (Group 9015-20.)

Select the following items from Monitoring list:

- Power Digging Control Pressure
- Hydraulic Oil Temperature
- Actual Engine Speed
- Power Dig Switch

9025 25 16 5. Warm hydraulic oil to specification. See Hydraulic Oil Warm-Up Procedure. (Group 9025-25.)

Specification

Hydraulic Oil—Temperature	45—	-55°C
	110—1	130°F

6. Run machine at specification.

Specification

Engine—Speed	Fast Idle
Work Mode Switch—Position	Dig Mode
Power Mode Switch—Position	. HP (High Power) Mode
Auto Idle Switch—Position	OFF
Power Dig Switch—Position	ON





Monitor Display Shown

7. Push the power dig switch.

Record pressure readings from monitor and gauge.

8. Calculate the pressure range using the calculated reading from monitor and the specify tolerance.

Check that the actual reading from gauge is within the pressure range.

Specification

Power Dig Solenoid Valve (port	
SG)—Pressure	Monitor Reading ± 0.2 MPa
	Monitor Reading \pm 200 kPa
	Monitor Reading \pm 2.0 bar
	Monitor Reading \pm 29.0 psi
	Actual Reading From Gauge
	Must Be Within Pressure Range
	of Monitor Reading and
	Tolerance

Example of Calculated Reading From Monitor			
	Actuated	Neutral	
Example of Calculated Reading From Monitor	2.15 MPa 2150 kPa 21.5 bar 312.0 psi	0.50 MPa 500 kPa 5.0 bar 73 psi	

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LD30992,00002B1 -19-05JUN06-4/5

9. Adjust the solenoid valve (H) as needed.		
a. Loosen nut (J).		
IMPORTANT: Turning adjusting screw out too far may cause oil leakage because the O-ring has come off its seat.		96NNProz
b. Turn adjusting screw (I) in to increase pressure setting; turn adjusting screw out to decrease pressure setting. The length from end of adjusting screw to nut must not exceed the specified length.	Т101709	T101709UN-2
Specification	H—Solenoid Valve I—Adjusting Screw	
Pressure Change 0.069 MPa approximate per 1/4 turn	J—Nut	
69 kPa approximate per 1/4 turn 0.69 bar approximate per 1/4 turn		
End of Adjusting Screw-to-Nut— Length		
0.079 in. maximum		
c. Hold adjusting screw and tighten nut.		
Specification Solenoid Valve Adjusting		
Screw-to-Housing Nut—Torque		
10. Check the pressure setting again.		
	LD30992,00002B1	-19-05JUN06-5/5

9025 25 18

Travel Speed Solenoid Valve (port SI) Test and Adjustment

SPECIFICATIONS		
Hydraulic Oil Temperature	45—55°C 110—130°F	
Engine Speed	Fast Idle	
Work Mode Switch Position	Dig Mode	
Power Mode Switch Position	HP (High Power) Mode	
Auto Idle Switch Position	OFF	
Travel Speed Switch Position	Fast (Rabbit)	
Travel Speed Solenoid Valve (port SI) Pressure	Monitor Reading ± 0.2 MPa Monitor Reading ± 200 kPa Monitor Reading ± 2.0 bar Monitor Reading ± 29.0 psi Actual Reading From Gauge Must Be Within Pressure Range of Monitor Reading and Tolerance.	
Solenoid Valve Adjusting Screw Pressure Change	0.069 MPa approximate per 1/4 turn 69 kPa approximate per 1/4 turn 0.69 bar approximate per 1/4 turn 10 psi approximate per 1/4 turn	
End of Adjusting Screw-to-Nut Length	2 mm maximum 0.079 in. maximum	
Solenoid Valve Adjusting Screw-to-Housing Nut Torque	3.0 N•m 27 lb-in.	

SERVICE EQUIPMENT AND TOOLS

203836 (9/16-18 M 37° x 9/16-18 F 37° Sw x 7/16-20 M 37°) Tee

JT02156A Digital Pressure/Temperature Analyzer

JT02162 Transducer 35 000 kPa (350 bar) (5000 psi)

Gauge 7 MPa (7000 kPa) (70 bar) (1000 psi)

Purpose of test is to check that the output pressure from the travel speed solenoid valve to the travel speed selector valve in the left and right travel motors is within the specified pressure range.

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9025 25

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- NOTE: Pressure reading displayed on the monitor is a calculated pressure from an electrical signal in the main controller (MCF). The reading does not change when valve adjustment is made. The actual pressure to the travel speed selector valves must be measured using a gauge.
- 1. Release pressure from hydraulic oil tank by pushing pressure release button on top of hydraulic oil tank.
- Disconnect line for travel speed solenoid valve (Y25) to travel speed selector valves (164) from elbow at the bottom of solenoid valve manifold (55).

Install 203836 tee.

- 3. Connect the JT02156A Digital Pressure/Temperature Analyzer and JT02162 Transducer or a 7 MPa (7000 kPa) (70 bar) (1000 psi) gauge. See JT02156A Digital Pressure/Temperature Analyzer Installation.
 - Y22—Boom Flow Rate Solenoid Valve (port SF) Y23—Boom Mode Solenoid Valve (port SC) Y24—Power Dig Solenoid Valve (port SG) Y25—Travel Speed Solenoid Valve (port SI) 55—Solenoid Valve Manifold
 - 66—Pilot Signal Manifold
 - 83—Right Control Valve (4-spool)
 - 84—Left Control Valve (5-spool)
 - 85—To Main Relief and Power Digging Valve
 - 97—To Boom Flow Rate Control Valve—Switch Valve
 - 129—To Boom Mode Relief Control Valve
 - 164—To Travel Speed Selector Valve (left and right travel motors)



Continued on next page

LD30992,00002B2 -19-05JUN06-2/5

- 4. Use one of the following test equipment to display the calculated pressure:
 - SERVICE ADVISOR[™] application. See SERVICE ADVISOR Connection Procedure for instruction. (Group 9015-20.) Access Travel Speed Solenoid Valve Test. Or select the following items from the menu:
 - Travel Mode Solenoid Pressure
 - Hydraulic Oil Temperature
 - Actual Engine Speed
 - Travel Speed Switch
 - See Personal Digital Assistant (PDA) Connection To Excavator Using Dr. ZX Application for instruction. (Group 9015-20.)
 Select the following items from the Monitor Display:
 - Select the following items from the Monitor Display:
 - Travel Mode Proportional Valve
 - Hydraulic Oil Temperature
 - Actual Engine Speed
 - Travel Mode Switch
 - 3. See Monitor Service Menu Operation for instruction to actuate the service menu on monitor in cab. (Group 9015-20.)

Select the following items from Monitoring list:

- Travel Mode Proportional Valve
- Hydraulic Oil Temperature
- Actual Engine Speed
- Travel Mode Switch
- 5. Warm hydraulic oil to specification. See Hydraulic Oil Warm-Up Procedure. (Group 9025-25.)

Specification		
Hydraulic Oil—Temperature	. 45—5	5°C
1	10-13	0°F

6. Run machine at specification.

Specification

Engine—Speed	Fast Idle
Work Mode Switch—Position	Dig Mode
Power Mode Switch—Position	HP (High Power) Mode
Auto Idle Switch—Position	OFF
Travel Speed Switch—Position	Fast (Rabbit)



Monitor Display Shown

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LD30992,00002B2 –19–05JUN06–3/5

7. Actuate travel function to full forward or reverse.

Record pressure readings from monitor and gauge.

8. Calculate the pressure range using the calculated reading from monitor and the specify tolerance.

Check that the actual reading from gauge is within the pressure range.

Specification

I ravel Speed Solenoid Valve	
(port SI)—Pressure	Monitor Reading \pm 0.2 MPa
	Monitor Reading ± 200 kPa
	Monitor Reading ± 2.0 bar
	Monitor Reading \pm 29.0 psi
	Actual Reading From Gauge
N	lust Be Within Pressure Range
	of Monitor Reading and
	Tolerance.

Example of Calculated Reading From Monitor			
	Actuated	Neutral	
Example of Calculated Reading	3.92 MPa 3920 kPa	0.00 MPa 0000 kPa	
From Monitor	39.2 bar 569.0 psi	00.0 bar 000 psi	

Continued on next page

LD30992,00002B2 -19-05JUN06-4/5

9. Adjust the solenoid valve (H) as needed.	
IMPORTANT: Turning adjusting screw out too far may cause oil leakage because the O-ring has come off its seat.	H
a. Loosen nut (J).	
b. Turn adjusting screw (I) in to increase pressure setting; turn adjusting screw out to decrease pressure setting. The length from end of adjusting screw to nut must not exceed the specified length.	T101709
Specification Solenoid Valve Adjusting Screw— Pressure Change	H—Solenoid Valve I—Adjusting Screw J—Nut
c. Hold adjusting screw and tighten nut. Specification Solenoid Valve Adjusting Screw-to-Housing Nut—Torque	
10. Check the pressure setting again.	

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T101709 -- UN-- 20JUN96

9025 25 23

Boom Mode Solenoid Valve (port SC) Test and Adjustment

SPECIFI	CATIONS
Hydraulic Oil Temperature	45—55°C 110—130°F
Engine Speed	Fast Idle
Work Mode Switch Position	Dig Mode
Power Mode Switch Position	HP (High Power) Mode
Auto Idle Switch Position	OFF
Boom Mode Switch Position	ON
Boom Mode Solenoid Valve (port SC) Pressure	Monitor Reading ± 0.2 MPa Monitor Reading ± 200 kPa Monitor Reading ± 2.0 bar Monitor Reading ± 29.0 psi Actual Reading From Gauge Must Be Within Pressure Range of Monitor Reading and Tolerance.
Solenoid Valve Adjusting Screw Pressure Change	0.069 MPa approximate per 1/4 turn 69 kPa approximate per 1/4 turn 0.69 bar approximate per 1/4 turn 10 psi approximate per 1/4 turn
End of Adjusting Screw-to-Nut Length	2 mm maximum 0.079 in. maximum
Solenoid Valve Adjusting Screw-to-Housing Nut Torque	3.0 N•m 27 lb-in.

SERVICE EQUIPMENT AND TOOLS

JT03191 (7/16-20 M 37° x 7/16-20 F 37° x 7/16-20 M 37°) (Parker No. 063T-4-4) Tee

JT02156A Digital Pressure/Temperature Analyzer

JT02162 Transducer 35 000 kPa (350 bar) (5000 psi)

Gauge 7 MPa (7000 kPa) (70 bar) (1000 psi)

Purpose of test is to check that the output pressure from the boom mode solenoid valve to the boom mode relief control valve is within the specified range.

Continued on next page

LD30992,00002B0 -19-05JUN06-1/5

NOTE: Pressure reading displayed on the monitor is calculated from an electrical signal in the main controller (MCF). The reading does not change when valve adjustment is made. The actual pressure to the boom mode relief control valve must be measured using a gauge.

The calculated pressure reading for boom mode solenoid valve does not displayed on the monitor in cab.

- 1. Release pressure from hydraulic oil tank by pushing pressure release button at top of hydraulic oil tank.
- Disconnect line for boom mode solenoid valve (Y23) to boom mode relief control valve (129) from elbow at the bottom of solenoid valve manifold (55).

Install a JT03191 Tee in the line.

- 3. Connect the JT02156A Digital Pressure/Temperature Analyzer and JT02162 Transducer or a 7 MPa (7000 kPa) (70 bar) (1000 psi) gauge. See JT02156A Digital Pressure/Temperature Analyzer Installation.
- 4. Use one of the following test equipment to display the calculated pressure:
 - SERVICE ADVISOR™ application. See SERVICE ADVISOR Connection Procedure for instruction. (Group 9015-20.) Access Boom Mode Solenoid Valve Test. Or select the following items from the menu:
 - Hydraulic Oil Temperature
 - Actual Engine Speed
 - Boom Mode Switch
 - See Personal Digital Assistant (PDA) Connection To Excavator Using Dr. ZX Application for instruction. (Group 9015-20.)

Select the following items from the Monitor Display:

- Boom Mode Control Pressure
- Hydraulic Oil Temperature
- Actual Engine Speed
- Boom Mode Switch







Boom Mode Solenoid Valve (port SC)

- Y22—Boom Flow Rate Solenoid Valve (port SF)
- Y23—Boom Mode Solenoid Valve (port SC)
- Y24—Power Dig Solenoid Valve (port SG) Y25—Travel Speed Solenoid Valve (port SI)
- 55—Solenoid Valve Manifold
- 66—Pilot Signal Manifold
- 83—Right Control Valve (4-spool)
- 84-Left Control Valve (5-spool)
- 85-To Main Relief and Power Digging Valve
- 97—To Boom Flow Rate Control Valve—Switch Valve
- 129—To Boom Mode Relief Control Valve
- 164—To Travel Speed Selector Valve (left and right travel motors)

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LD30992,00002B0 -19-05JUN06-2/5

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TX1003386 -UN-13FEB06

NOTE: The calculated pressure reading for boom mode solenoid valve does not displayed on the monitor in cab. Use the SERVICE ADVISOR application or Dr. ZX application.
5. Warm hydraulic oil to specification. See Hydraulic Oil Warm-Up Procedure. (Group 9025-25.)
Specification Hydraulic Oil—Temperature
6. Run machine at specification.
Specification Engine—Speed Fast Idle Work Mode Switch—Position Dig Mode Power Mode Switch—Position HP (High Power) Mode Auto Idle Switch—Position OFF Boom Mode Switch—Position ON
 Slowly actuate boom down function. The machine will lift slightly and then stop as boom mode relief valve opens.
Record pressure readings from monitor and gauge.
8. Calculate the pressure range using the calculated reading from monitor and the specify tolerance.
Check that the actual reading from gauge is within the pressure range.
Specification Boom Mode Solenoid Valve (port SC)—Pressure Monitor Reading ± 0.2 MPa Monitor Reading ± 200 kPa Monitor Reading ± 2.0 bar Monitor Reading ± 2.0 bar Actual Reading From Gauge Must Be Within Pressure Range of Monitor Reading and Tolerance.

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Continued on next page

Example of	Calculated Reading Fr	om Monitor
	Actuated	Neutral
Example of	3.23 MPa	0.0 MPa
Calculated Reading	3230 kPa	00 kPa
From Monitor	32.3 bar	0.0 bar
	468 psi	00 psi

9. Adjust the solenoid valve (H) as needed.

LD30992,00002B0 -19-05JUN06-4/5

a. Loosen nut (J). IMPORTANT: Turning adjusting screw out too far may cause oil leakage because the O-ring has come off its seat. b. Turn adjusting screw (I) in to increase actual pressure reading; turn adjusting screw out to decrease pressure reading. The length from end of T101709 adjusting screw to nut must not exceed the specified length. H—Solenoid Valve I—Adjusting Screw Specification J—Nut Solenoid Valve Adjusting Screw-Pressure Change..... 0.069 MPa approximate per 1/4 turn 69 kPa approximate per 1/4 turn 0.69 bar approximate per 1/4 turn 10 psi approximate per 1/4 turn End of Adjusting Screw-to-Nut-Length..... 2 mm maximum 0.079 in. maximum c. Hold adjusting screw and tighten nut. Specification Solenoid Valve Adjusting Screw-to-Housing Nut-Torque 3.0 N•m 27 lb-in. 10. Check the pressure setting again.

Boom Flow Rate Solenoid Valve (port SF) Test and Adjustment

SPECIFI	CATIONS
Hydraulic Oil Temperature	45—55°C 110—130°F
Engine Speed	Fast Idle
Work Mode Switch Position	Dig Mode
Power Mode Switch Position	HP (High Power) Mode
Auto Idle Switch Position	OFF
Boom Flow Rate Solenoid Valve (port SF) Pressure	Monitor Reading \pm 0.2 MPa Monitor Reading \pm 200 kPa Monitor Reading \pm 2.0 bar Monitor Reading \pm 29.0 psi Actual Reading From Gauge Must Be Within Pressure Range of Monitor Reading and Tolerance.
Solenoid Valve Adjusting Screw Pressure Change	0.069 MPa approximate per 1/4 turn 69 kPa approximate per 1/4 turn 0.69 bar approximate per 1/4 turn 10 psi approximate per 1/4 turn
End of Adjusting Screw-to-Nut Length	2 mm maximum 0.079 in. maximum
Solenoid Valve Adjusting Screw-to-Housing Nut Torque	3.0 N•m 27 lb-in.

SERVIC	E EQU	PMENT	AND T	OOLS	

JT03191 (7/16-20 M 37° x 7/16-20 F 37° x 7/16-20 M 37°) (Parker No. 063T-4-4) Tee

JT02156A Digital Pressure/Temperature Analyzer

JT02162 Transducer 35 000 kPa (350 bar) (5000 psi)

Gauge 7 MPa (7000 kPa) (70 bar) (1000 psi)

Purpose of test is to check that the output pressure from the boom flow rate solenoid valve to the boom flow rate control valve—switch valve is within the specified range.

Continued on next page

LD30992,00002AF -19-25MAY06-1/4

NOTE: Pressure reading displayed on the monitor is calculated from an electrical signal in the main controller (MCF). The reading does not change when valve adjustment is made. The actual pressure to the boom flow rate control valve switch valve must be measured using a gauge.

The calculated pressure reading for boom flow rate solenoid valve does not displayed on the monitor in cab.

- 1. Release pressure from hydraulic oil tank by pushing pressure release button at top of hydraulic oil tank.
- 2. Disconnect line for boom flow rate solenoid valve (Y22) to boom flow rate control valve—switch valve (97) from elbow at the bottom of solenoid valve manifold (55).

Install a JT03191 Tee in the line.

- 3. Connect the JT02156A Digital Pressure/Temperature Analyzer and JT02162 Transducer or a 7 MPa (7000 kPa) (70 bar) (1000 psi) gauge. See JT02156A Digital Pressure/Temperature Analyzer Installation.
- 4. Use one of the following test equipment to display the calculated pressure:
 - SERVICE ADVISOR[™] application. See SERVICE ADVISOR Connection Procedure for instruction. (Group 9015-20.) Access Boom Flow Rate Solenoid Valve Test. Or select the following items from the menu:
 Hydraulic Oil Temperature
 - Actual Engine Speed
 - See Personal Digital Assistant (PDA) Connection To Excavator Using Dr. ZX Application for instruction. (Group 9015-20.)

Select the following items from the Monitor Display:

- Boom Flow Rate Control Pressure
- Hydraulic Oil Temperature
- Actual Engine Speed
- Boom Down Pressure







Boom Flow Rate Solenoid Valve (port SF)

- Y22—Boom Flow Rate Solenoid Valve (port SF)
- Y23—Boom Mode Solenoid Valve (port SC) Y24—Power Dig Solenoid Valve (port SG)
- Y25—Travel Speed Solenoid Valve (port SI)
- 55—Solenoid Valve Manifold
- 66—Pilot Signal Manifold
- 83—Right Control Valve (4-spool)
- 84—Left Control Valve (5-spool)
- 85—To Main Relief and Power Digging Valve 97—To Boom Flow Rate Control Valve—Switch Valve
- 129—To Boom Mode Relief Control Valve
- 164—To Travel Speed Selector Valve (left and right travel motors)

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LD30992,00002AF -19-25MAY06-2/4

450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests 0022000 PN=889

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TX1003386 -UN-13FEB06

NOTE: The calculated pressure reading for boom flow rate solenoid valve does not display on the monitor in cab. Use the or Dr. ZX application. Warm hydraulic oil to specification. See Hydraulic Oil Warm-Up Procedure. (Group 9025-25.) Specification Hydraulic Oil—Temperature
monitor in cab. Use the or Dr. ZX application. 5. Warm hydraulic oil to specification. See Hydraulic Oil Warm-Up Procedure. (Group 9025-25.) Specification Hydraulic Oil—Temperature Hydraulic Oil—Temperature Specification Hydraulic Oil—Temperature Specification Fast Idle Work Mode Switch—Position — Position Position Fast Idle Work Mode Switch—Position — Position Pressure Position Pressure range using calculated reading from with arm in. Specification Boom Flow Rate Solenoid Valve Monitor Reading ± 0.2 MPa Monitor Reading ± 2.0 kPa
5. Warm hydraulic oil to specification. See Hydraulic Oil Warm-Up Procedure. (Group 9025-25.) Specification Hydraulic Oil—Temperature 45—55°C 110—130°F 6. Run machine at specification. Specification Engine—Speed Fast Idle Work Mode Switch—Position Fast Idle Work Mode Switch—Position Position II Component II P (High Power) Mode Auto Idle Switch—Position II combined operation with arm in. 8. Calculate the pressure range using calculated reading from the monitor and specify tolerance. Check that the actual reading from gauge is within the pressure range. Specification Boom Flow Rate Solenoid Valve (port SF)—Pressure Monitor Reading ± 0.2 MPa Monitor Reading ± 2.0 ba Monitor Reading ± 0.0 MPa
Specification Hydraulic Oil—Temperature 45—55°C 110—130°F 110—130°F 6. Run machine at specification. Fast Idle Engine—Speed Fast Idle Work Mode Switch—Position Dig Mode Power Mode Switch—Position HP (High Power) Mode Auto Idle Switch—Position OFF 7. Actuate boom down function in combined operation with arm in. OFF 8. Calculate the pressure range using calculated reading from the monitor and specify tolerance. Check that the actual reading from gauge is within the pressure range. Specification Boom Flow Rate Solenoid Valve Monitor Reading ± 0.2 MPa Monitor Reading ± 2.0 bar Monitor Reading ± 0.0 MPa Example of Calculated Reading Actuated Neutral
Hydraulic Oil—Temperature 45—55°C 110—130°F 6. Run machine at specification. Engine—Speed Fast Idle Work Mode Switch—Position Dig Mode Power Mode Switch—Position HP (High Power) Mode Auto Idle Switch—Position OFF 7. Actuate boom down function in combined operation with arm in. OFF 8. Calculate the pressure range using calculated reading from the monitor and specify tolerance. Check that the actual reading from gauge is within the pressure range. Specification Boom Flow Rate Solenoid Valve (port SF)—Pressure Monitor Reading ± 0.2 MPa Monitor Reading ± 2.0 ba Monitor Reading ± 2.0 ba Monitor Reading ± 2.0 ps Actual gauge reading must be within the pressure range Example of Calculated Reading Latuated
6. Run machine at specification. Specification Engine—Speed
Specification Engine—Speed Fast Idle Work Mode Switch—Position Dig Mode Power Mode Switch—Position HP (High Power) Mode Auto Idle Switch—Position OFF 7. Actuate boom down function in combined operation with arm in. OFF 8. Calculate the pressure range using calculated reading from the monitor and specify tolerance. Check that the actual reading from gauge is within the pressure range. Specification Boom Flow Rate Solenoid Valve (port SF)—Pressure Monitor Reading ± 0.2 MPa Monitor Reading ± 2.0 ba Monitor Reading ± 2.0 ba Monitor Reading ± 2.0 ps Actual gauge reading must be within the pressure range Example of Calculated Reading
Engine—Speed
Work Mode Switch—Position Dig Mode Power Mode Switch—Position HP (High Power) Mode Auto Idle Switch—Position OFF 7. Actuate boom down function in combined operation with arm in. OFF 8. Calculate the pressure range using calculated reading from the monitor and specify tolerance. Check that the actual reading from gauge is within the pressure range. Specification Boom Flow Rate Solenoid Valve (port SF)—Pressure Monitor Reading ± 0.2 MPa Monitor Reading ± 2.0 bai Monitor Reading ± 2.0 bai Monitor Reading ± 2.0 bai Monitor Reading ± 2.0 ps Actual gauge reading must be within the pressure range Example of Calculated Reading
Power Mode Switch—Position Position OFF Auto Idle Switch—Position OFF 7. Actuate boom down function in combined operation with arm in. OFF 8. Calculate the pressure range using calculated reading from the monitor and specify tolerance. Check that the actual reading from gauge is within the pressure range. Specification Boom Flow Rate Solenoid Valve (port SF)—Pressure (port SF)—Pressure Monitor Reading ± 0.2 MPa Monitor Reading ± 2.0 ba Monitor Reading ± 2.0 ba Monitor Reading ± 2.0 ps Actual gauge reading must be within the pressure range Example of Calculated Reading
7. Actuate boom down function in combined operation with arm in. 8. Calculate the pressure range using calculated reading from the monitor and specify tolerance. Check that the actual reading from gauge is within the pressure range. Specification Boom Flow Rate Solenoid Valve (port SF)—Pressure
8. Calculate the pressure range using calculated reading from the monitor and specify tolerance. Check that the actual reading from gauge is within the pressure range. Specification Boom Flow Rate Solenoid Valve (port SF)—Pressure
Check that the actual reading from gauge is within the pressure range. Specification Boom Flow Rate Solenoid Valve (port SF)—Pressure
Check that the actual reading from gauge is within the pressure range. Specification Boom Flow Rate Solenoid Valve (port SF)—Pressure
Specification Boom Flow Rate Solenoid Valve (port SF)—Pressure
Boom Flow Rate Solenoid Valve (port SF)—Pressure
(port SF)—Pressure Monitor Reading ± 0.2 MPa Monitor Reading ± 200 kPa Monitor Reading ± 2.0 ba Monitor Reading ± 2.0 ba Monitor Reading ± 29.0 ps Actual gauge reading must be within the pressure range Example of Calculated Reading Actuated Neutral
Monitor Reading ± 200 kPa Monitor Reading ± 2.0 ba Monitor Reading ± 2.0 ba Monitor Reading ± 29.0 ps Actual gauge reading must be within the pressure range Example of Calculated Reading Actuated Neutral Fuemple of Q 0.0 MPa
Example of Calculated Reading Example of Calculated Reading Actuated Neutral
Actual gauge reading must be within the pressure range Example of Calculated Reading Actuated Neutral
Example of Calculated Reading Actuated Neutral Everyptic of Calculated Reading
Example of Calculated Reading Actuated Neutral Example of Calculated Reading
Actuated Neutral
Example of 2.00 MDs 0.0 MDs
Example of 3.92 MPa 0.0 MPa
Calculated Reading 3920 kPa 00 kPa
39.2 bar 0.0 bar
568 psi 00 psi

450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests

9. Adjust the solenoid valve (H) as needed.		
a. Loosen nut (J).		
IMPORTANT: Turning adjusting screw out too far may cause oil leakage because the O-ring has come off its seat.		96NUL0:
b. Turn adjusting screw (I) in to increase actual pressure reading; turn adjusting screw out to decrease pressure reading. The length from end of adjusting screw to nut must not exceed the specified length.	T101709	T101709 -UN-2
	H—Solenoid Valve	
Specification	J—Nut	
Pressure Change		
turn		
69 kPa approximate per 1/4 turn		
10 psi approximate per 1/4 turn		
End of Adjusting Screw-to-Nut-		
Length 2 mm maximum		
0.079 in. maximum		
c. Hold adjusting screw and tighten nut.		
Specification		
Solenoid Valve Adjusting		
Screw-to-Housing Nut—Torque 3.0 N•m		
10. Check the pressure setting again.		

LD30992,00002AF -19-25MAY06-4/4

Main Relief and	Power	Digging	Valve	Test
and Adjustment				

SPECIFI	CATIONS
Hydraulic Oil Temperature	45—55°C 110—130°F
Engine Speed	Fast Idle
Work Mode Switch Position	Dig Mode
Power Mode Switch Position	HP (High Power) Mode
Auto Idle Switch Position	Off
Boom Mode Switch Position	Off
Main Relief Valve Pressure	30.4—32.9 MPa 30 400—32 900 kPa 304—329 bar 4410—4770 psi
Power Digging Valve Pressure	32.8—35.3 MPa 32 800—35 300 kPa 328—353 bar 4770—5120 psi
Second Adjusting Plug Pressure Change	 4.5 MPa approximate per 1/4 turn 4500 kPa approximate per 1/4 turn 45 bar approximate per 1/4 turn 655 psi approximate per 1/4 turn
41 mm Nut Torque	98 N•m 70 lb-ft
First Adjusting Plug Pressure Change	 4.5 MPa approximate per 1/4 turn 4500 kPa approximate per 1/4 turn 45 bar approximate per 1/4 turn 655 psi approximate per 1/4 turn
30 mm Nut Torque	59 N•m 45 lb-ft

SERVICE	EQUIPMENT	AND TOOLS	

J102156A Digital Pressure/Temperature Analyzer
JT02160 Transducer, 70 000 kPa (700 bar) (10,000 psi)
4200465 (1/4 M BSPP ORB x 7/16-20 M 37°) Adapter
70 000 kPa (700 bar) (10.000 psi) Gauge

The purpose of main relief valve is to limit the maximum system pressure in the hydraulic system. Power digging is a temporary increase of system pressure. The valve is checked and adjusted to protect components from damage caused by excessive pressures.

LD30992,0000280 –19–05JUN06–1/6
- 1. Connect one of the following test equipment to perform test:
 - SERVICE ADVISOR™ application. See SERVICE ADVISOR Connection Procedure for instruction. (Group 9015-20.) Access Main Relief and Power Digging Valve Test.
 - Or select the following items from the menu:
 - Pump 1 Delivery Pressure
 - Pump 2 Delivery Pressure
 - Hydraulic Oil Temperature
 - Actual Engine Speed
 - See Personal Digital Assistant (PDA) Connection To Excavator Using Dr. ZX Application for instruction. (Group 9015-20.)
 Select the following items from the Monitor Display:
 - Select the following items from the Monitor Display:
 - Pump 1 Delivery Pressure
 - Pump 2 Delivery Pressure
 - Hydraulic Oil Temperature
 - Actual Engine Speed
 - 3. See Monitor Service Menu Operation for instruction to actuate the service menu on monitor in cab. (Group 9015-20.)

Select the following items from Monitoring list:

- Pump 1 Delivery Pressure
- Pump 2 Delivery Pressure
- Hydraulic Oil Temperature
- Actual Engine Speed
- 4. Connected a gauge to test port in pump 1 and/or pump 2.

Push the pressure release button on top of hydraulic oil tank to relieve pressure before removing plug from test port. Install the 4200465 Adapter (A). Connect the JT02156A Digital Pressure/Temperature Analyzer and JT02160 Transducer or a 70 000 kPa (700 bar) (10,000 psi) gauge. See JT02156A Digital Pressure/Temperature Analyzer Installation for instruction.

2. Heat hydraulic oil to specification. See Hydraulic Oil Warm-Up Procedure. (Group 9025-25.)





Monitor Display

Pump 1 and 2 Test Ports

15—Pump 1 Test Port 16—Pump 2 Test Port 27—Pilot Pump 28—Fan Drive Pump

> 9025 25 33

-19-03MAR06

TX1003295

-UN-01FEB06

TX1003196

450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests

PN=893

TM2361 (24JUN08)

Specification	
Hydraulic Oil—Temperature	. 45—55°C
	10—130°F

LD30992,0000280 -19-05JUN06-3/6

- 3. Install a pin or round bar stock (D) between the sprockets and track frames to stall travel motors to check power digging pressure setting.
- 4. Run machine at specification.

Specification

Engine—Speed	Fast Idle
Work Mode Switch—Position	Dig Mode
Power Mode Switch—Position	. HP (High Power) Mode
Auto Idle Switch—Position	Off
Boom Mode Switch—Position	Off

- 5. Actuate arm in function over relief. Record main relief pressure setting.
- 6. Actuate travel function over relief. Record power digging pressure reading.



Continued on next page

LD30992,0000280 -19-05JUN06-4/6

- NOTE: A pressure setting that cannot be raised can be caused by a low pressure setting of the circuit relief valve. Use boom up and the other propel function for adjusting the main relief and power digging valve. See Circuit Relief Valve Test and Adjustment to check the circuit relief valve that is low. (Group 9025-25.)
- 7. Adjust the main relief and power digging valve pressure setting as needed.

Specification

Specification



- 8. Loosen the 30 mm nut (2).
- 9. Turn first adjusting plug (1) in until piston (5) is against shoulder (6) in second adjusting plug (3). Tighten nut finger tight.
- 10. Loosen the 41 mm nut (4).
- 11. Actuate the propel function over relief.
- 12. Turn second adjusting plug (3) in to increase power digging relief pressure; turn adjusting plug out to decrease pressure.

Specification

Second Adjusting Plug—Pressure	
Change	4.5 MPa approximate per 1/4 turn
-	4500 kPa approximate per 1/4
	turn
	45 bar approximate per 1/4 turn
	655 psi approximate per 1/4 turn

13. Hold second adjusting plug. Tighten 41 mm nut to specification.

Specification	
41 mm Nut—Torque	98 N•m
	70 lb-ft



Main Relief and Power Digging Valve

- 1—First Adjusting Plug
- 2—30 mm Nut
- 3—Second Adjusting Plug
- 4—41 mm Nut 5—Piston
- 6—Shoulder

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LD30992,0000280 -19-05JUN06-5/6

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14. Loosen 30 mm nut (2).
15. Actuate the arm in function over relief.
16. Turn the first adjusting plug (1) out to decrease pressure to get the specified pressure for main relief valve.
Specification
First Adjusting Plug—Pressure Change
17. Hold first adjusting plug. Tighten 30 mm nut to specification.
Specification 30 mm Nut—Torque
18. Check the pressure settings again.
LD30992,0000280 -19-05JUN06-6

SPECIFICATIONS		
Hydraulic Oil Temperature	45—55°C 110—130°F	
Engine Speed	1300 rpm approximate	
Work Mode Switch Position	Dig Mode	
Power Mode Switch Position	HP (High Power) Mode	
Auto Idle Switch Position	Off	
Boom Mode Switch Position	Off	
Boom, Arm, and Bucket Circuit Relief Valves Pressure	35.3—36.3 MPa 35 300—36 300 kPa 353—363 bar 5120—5260 psi	
Auxiliary Circuit Relief Valve (Top Work Port) Pressure	35.3—36.3 MPa 35 300—36 300 kPa 353—363 bar 5120—5260 psi	
Auxiliary Circuit Relief Valve (Bottom Work Port) Pressure	27.9—28.9 MPa 27 900—28 900 kPa 279—289 bar 4045—4190 psi	
Circuit Relief Valve Adjusting Screw Pressure Change	5 MPa approximate per 1/4 turn 5000 kPa approximate per 1/4 turn 50 bar approximate per 1/4 turn 725 psi approximate per 1/4 turn	
Adjusting Screw-to-Circuit Relief Valve Cartridge Nut Torque	31.5 №m 23 lb-ft	

Circuit Relief Valve Test and Adjustment

SERVICE EQUIPMENT AND TOOLS

JT02156A Digital Pressure/Temperature Analyzer

JT02160 Transducer, 70 000 kPa (700 bar) (10,000 psi) 4200465 (1/4 M BSPP ORB x 7/16-20 M 37°) Adapter

70 000 kPa (700 bar) (10,000 psi) Gauge

19 mm Combination Wrench

6 mm Hex Key Wrench

The purpose of circuit relief valves is to relieve high pressure spikes caused by external forces when functions are in neutral. Circuit relief valves also limit circuit pressures when power digging is actuated. The relief valves are checked and adjusted to specification to protect components from damage. 9025

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Continued on next page

LD30992,0000281 -19-15MAY08-1/5

- 1. Connect one of the following test equipment to perform test:
 - SERVICE ADVISOR[™] application. See SERVICE ADVISOR Connection Procedure for instruction. (Group 9015-20.) Access Circuit Relief Valve Test.

Or select the following items from the menu:

- Pump 1 Delivery Pressure
- Pump 2 Delivery Pressure
- Hydraulic Oil Temperature
- Actual Engine Speed
- 2. See Personal Digital Assistant (PDA) Connection To Excavator Using Dr. ZX Application for instruction. (Group 9015-20.)

Select the following items from the Monitor Display:

- Pump 1 Delivery Pressure
- Pump 2 Delivery Pressure
- Hydraulic Oil Temperature
- Actual Engine Speed
- See Monitor Service Menu Operation for instruction to actuate the service menu on monitor in cab. (Group 9015-20.)

Select the following items from Monitoring list:

- Pump 1 Delivery Pressure
- Pump 2 Delivery Pressure
- Hydraulic Oil Temperature
- Actual Engine Speed
- Use a pressure gauge connected to pump 1 test port (15) and pump 2 test port (16).
 Push the pressure release button on top of hydraulic oil tank to relieve pressure before removing plug from test port.
 Install the 4200465 Adapter.
 Connect the JT02156A Digital
 Pressure/Temperature Analyzer and JT02160
 Transducer or a 70 000 kPa (700 bar) (10,000 psi) gauge. See JT02156A Digital Pressure/Temperature Analyzer Installation for instruction.



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 3. Heat hydraulic oil to specification. See Hydraulic Oil Warm-Up Procedure. (Group 9025-25.) Specification Hydraulic Oil—Temperature	2. Turn secono digging valv See Main R Adjustment	I adjusting plug of main relief and power e in 1/2 turn to increase pressure setting. elief and Power Digging Valve Test and for adjustment procedure. (Group 9025-25.)
Specification Hydraulic Oil—Temperature 110—130°F 4. Run machine at specification. Specification Engine—Speed Power Mode Switch—Position HP (High Power) Mode Auto Idle Switch—Position Off Boom Mode Switch—Position	3. Heat hydrau Warm-Up P	lic oil to specification. See Hydraulic Oil rocedure. (Group 9025-25.)
4. Run machine at specification. Specification Engine—Speed	Hydraulic Oil—Ten	Specification perature 45—55°C 110—130°F
Specification Engine—Speed 1300 rpm approximate Work Mode Switch—Position Dig Mode Power Mode Switch—Position HP (High Power) Mode Auto Idle Switch—Position Off Boom Mode Switch—Position Off	4. Run machin	e at specification.
Engine—Speed		Specification
	Engine—Speed Work Mode Switch Power Mode Switc Auto Idle Switch— Boom Mode Switch	Position Dig Mode h—Position HP (High Power) Mode Position Off Position Off

Continued on next page

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	NOTE: When a pressure reading is fluctuating, increase engine speed slightly.
	 Actuate the function over relief for circuit relief valve being check. Record the pressure reading.
	Adjust pressure setting of circuit relief valves to specification as needed.
	Specification
	Boom Arm and Bucket Circuit
	Relief Valves—Pressure
	Auniliana Circuit Delief Velue (Ten
	Auxiliary Circuit Relief Valve (Top
	Work Port)—Pressure
	353-363 har
	5120—5260 psi
	Auxiliary Circuit Relief Valve
	(Bottom Work Port)-Pressure
	27 900—28 900 kPa
	279—289 bar
	4045—4190 psi
	 Loosen nut using a 19 mm combination wrench. Turn adjusting screw using a 6 mm hex key wrench.
83—Right Control Valve (4-spool) 84—Left Control Valve (5-spool) 85—Main Relief and Power Digging Valve 95—Bucket Dump Circuit Relief and Anticavitation Valve	

- 96—Bucket Curl Circuit Relief and Anticavitation Valve
- 100—Boom Down Circuit Relief and Anticavitation Valve
- 101—Boom Up Circuit Relief and Anticavitation Valve
- 111—Arm Regenerative Valve—Switch Valve
- 122—Arm Out Circuit Relief and Anticavitation Valve
- 123—Arm In Circuit Relief and Anticavitation Valve
- 128—Boom Mode Relief Valve
- 129—Boom Mode Relief Control Valve
- 138—Auxiliary Circuit Relief and Anticavitation Valve
- 139—Auxiliary Circuit Relief and Anticavitation Valve



Circuit Relief Valves For Right Control Valve (4-spool)



Circuit Relief Valves For Left Control Valve (5-spool)

25

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450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests

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Turn adjusting screw in to increase pressure setting;
turn adjusting screw out to decrease pressure setting.

Specification

Circuit Relief Valve Adjusting	
Screw—Pressure Change	5 MPa approximate per 1/4 turn
	5000 kPa approximate per 1/4
	turn
	50 bar approximate per 1/4 turn
	725 psi approximate per 1/4 turn
Adjusting Screw-to-Circuit Relief	
Valve Cartridge Nut-Torque	31.5 N•m
	23 lb-ft
8. Check the pressure setting ag	gain.

9. Turn second adjusting plug of main relief and power digging valve out to its original pressure setting.

LD30992,0000281 -19-15MAY08-5/5

Boom Mode Relief Valve Test and Adjustment

SPECIFICATIONS	
Hydraulic Oil Temperature	45—55°C 110—130°F
Engine Speed	Fast Idle
Work Mode Switch Position	Dig Mode
Power Mode Switch Position	HP (High Power) Mode
Auto Idle Switch Position	Off
Boom Mode Switch Position	On
Boom Mode Relief Valve Pressure	12—13 MPa 12 000—13 000 kPa 120—130 bar 1740—1885 psi
Boom Mode Relief Valve Adjusting Plug Pressure Change	 2.1 MPa approximate per 1/4 turn 2100 kPa approximate per 1/4 turn 21 bar approximate per 1/4 turn 300 psi approximate per 1/4 turn

SERVICE EQUIPMENT AND TOOLS JT02156A Digital Pressure/Temperature Analyzer JT02160 Transducer, 70 000 kPa (700 bar) (10,000 psi)

4200465 (1/4 M BSPP ORB x 7/16-20 M 37°) Adapter

70 000 kPa (700 bar) (10,000 psi) Gauge

The purpose of boom mode relief valve is to limit the boom down force so front of machine is only lifted slightly off the ground during grading operation. The purpose of test and adjustment is to test the pressure setting of boom mode relief valve and adjust it to the specified pressure.

9025 25 42

See Boom Mode Circuit Operation for more information. (Group 9025-05.)

Continued on next page

OUT3035,0000008 -19-06JUN06-1/4

- 1. Connect one of the following test equipment to perform test:
 - SERVICE ADVISOR™ application. See SERVICE ADVISOR Connection Procedure for instruction. (Group 9015-20.) Access Boom Mode Circuit Relief Valve Test.

Or select the following items from the menu:

- Pump 1 Delivery Pressure
- Pump 2 Delivery Pressure
- Hydraulic Oil Temperature
- Actual Engine Speed
- Boom Mode Switch
- See Personal Digital Assistant (PDA) Connection To Excavator Using Dr. ZX Application for instruction. (Group 9015-20.)

Select the following items from the Monitor Display:

- Pump 1 Delivery Pressure
- Pump 2 Delivery Pressure
- Hydraulic Oil Temperature
- Actual Engine Speed
- See Monitor Service Menu Operation for instruction to actuate the service menu on monitor in cab. (Group 9015-20.)

Select the following items from Monitoring list:

- Pump 1 Delivery Pressure
- Pump 2 Delivery Pressure
- Hydraulic Oil Temperature
- Actual Engine Speed
- 4. Connect a gauge to test port in pump 1 and/or pump 2.

Push the pressure release button on top of hydraulic oil tank to relieve pressure before removing plug from test port. Install the 4200465 Adapter (A). Connect the JT02156A Digital Pressure/Temperature Analyzer and JT02160 Transducer or a 70 000 kPa (700 bar) (10,000 psi) gauge. See JT02156A Digital Pressure/Temperature Analyzer Installation for instruction. (Group 9025-25.)





Monitor Display

Pump 1 and 2 Test Ports

15—Pump 1 Test Port 16—Pump 2 Test Port 27—Pilot Pump 28—Fan Drive Pump

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5. Adjust the boom mode relief valve (128) as needed.

Disconnect pilot line from relief valve.

Loosen nut (2).

Turn adjusting plug (1) in to increase pressure setting; turn adjusting plug out to decrease pressure setting.

Hold adjusting plug and then tighten nut.

Specification

Boom Mode Relief Valve Adjusting Plug—Pressure Change...... 2.1 MPa approximate per 1/4 turn 2100 kPa approximate per 1/4 turn 21 bar approximate per 1/4 turn 300 psi approximate per 1/4 turn

- 6. Connect pilot line.
- 7. Check the pressure setting.



1—Adjusting Plug 2—Nut 128—Boom Mode Relief Valve 129—Boom Mode Relief Control Valve

OUT3035,0000008 -19-06JUN06-4/4

SPECIFICATIONS		
Hydraulic Oil Temperature	45—55°C 110—130°F	
Engine Speed	Fast Idle	
Work Mode Switch Position	Dig Mode	
Power Mode Switch Position	P Mode	
Auto Idle Switch Position	Off	
Boom Mode Switch Position	Off	
Travel Speed Switch Position	Slow (Turtle)	
Pump Servo Piston Minimum Flow Cycle Time	48—52 sec. at slow speed with track raised for one revolution from a running start	
Pump Servo Piston Minimum Flow Cycle Time Change	4 sec. approximate per 1/4 turn	
Pump 1 Servo Piston Minimum Flow Using a Flow Meter Flow Rate Change	6.9 L/min approximate per 1/4 turn 1.79 gpm approximate per 1/4 turn	
Pump 2 Servo Piston Minimum Flow Using a Flow Meter Flow Rate Change	6.7 L/min approximate per 1/4 turn 1.77 gpm approximate per 1/4 turn	

Pump Servo Piston Minimum Flow Test and Adjustment

The purpose of check is to test and adjust the minimum flow rate of pumps using the cycle time for travel as an indicator of pump flow rate. See Pump 1 and 2 Regulator Operation for operation of regulator and servo piston. (Group 9025-05.)

Minimum flow rate can also be check using a flow meter. See Pump Flow Test for instruction to connect flow meter to the pumps. (Group 9025-25.)

- 1. Adjust track sag to specification. See Check and Adjust Track Sag. (Operator's Manual.)
- 2. Heat hydraulic oil to specification. See Hydraulic Oil Warm-Up Procedure. (Group 9025-25.)

Specification

Hydraulic Oil—Temperature	45–	–55°C
	110—	130°F

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- Disconnect wiring harness at pump 1 (4-Spool) control solenoid (3) and pump 2 (5-Spool) control solenoid (4).
- 4. Raise right track off the ground for pump 1 or left track for pump 2.
- 5. Run machine at specifications.

Specification

Engine—Speed	Fast Idle
Work Mode Switch—Position	Dig Mode
Power Mode Switch—Position	P Mode
Auto Idle Switch—Position	Off
Boom Mode Switch—Position	Off
Travel Speed Switch—Position	. Slow (Turtle)

6. Actuate the travel function to full speed. Record the cycle time for one revolution.

Specification

Pump Servo Piston Minimum	
Flow—Cycle Time	. 48-52 sec. at slow speed with
	track raised for one revolution
	from a running start

7. Adjust servo piston minimum flow adjusting screw (5) for pump 1 (15) and pump 2 (16) as needed.

Loosen nut (6). Turn adjusting screw in to decrease the cycle time by increasing pump flow; turn adjusting screw out to increase the cycle time by decreasing pump flow.

Specification

Pump Servo Piston Minimum	
Flow—Cycle Time Change	4 sec. approximate per 1/4 turn
Pump 1 Servo Piston Minimum	
Flow Using a Flow Meter—Flow	
Rate Change	6.9 L/min approximate per 1/4
	turn
	1.79 gpm approximate per 1/4
	turn
Pump 2 Servo Piston Minimum	
Flow Using a Flow Meter—Flow	
Rate Change	6.7 L/min approximate per 1/4
	turn

NOTE: The flow rate change for pump 1 is greater because pump 1 turns at 1.03 times engine speed.



Pump Servo Piston Minimum and Maximum Adjusting Screws



Pump Servo Piston Minimum Flow Adjusting Screw

3—Pump 1 (4-Spool) Control Solenoid 4—Pump 2 (5-Spool) Control Solenoid 5—Servo Piston Minimum Flow Adjusting Screw 6—Nut 7—Servo Piston Maximum Flow Adjusting Screw 8—Nut 9—Servo Piston 15—Pump 1 16—Pump 2 27—Pilot Pump 28—Fan Drive Pump

turn

1.77 gpm approximate per 1/4

OUT3035,0000037 -19-19APR06-2/2

Pump Servo	Piston	Maximum	Flow	Test	and
Adjustment					

SPECIFICATIONS		
Hydraulic Oil Temperature	45—55°C 110—130°F	
Engine Speed	Fast Idle	
Work Mode Switch Position	Dig Mode	
Power Mode Switch Position	HP (High Power) Mode	
Auto Idle Switch Position	Off	
Boom Mode Switch Position	Off	
Travel Speed Switch Position	Slow (Turtle)	
Pump Servo Piston Maximum Flow Cycle Time	32—36 sec. at slow (turtle) speed with track raised for three revolution from a running start	
Pump Servo Piston Maximum Flow Cycle Time Change	0.3 sec. approximate per 1/4 turn	
Pump 1 Servo Piston Maximum Flow Using a Flow Meter Flow Rate Change	6.9 L/min approximate per 1/4 turn 1.79 gpm approximate per 1/4 turn	
Pump 2 Servo Piston Maximum Flow Using a Flow Meter Flow Rate Change	6.7 L/min approximate per 1/4 turn 1.77 gpm approximate per 1/4 turn	

The purpose of check is to test and adjust the maximum flow rate of pumps using the cycle time for travel as and indicator of pump flow rate. See Pump 1 and 2 Regulator Operation for operation of regulator and servo piston. (Group 9025-05.)

Maximum flow rate can also be check using a flow meter. See Pump Flow Test for instruction to connect flow meter to the pumps. (Group 9025-25.)

- 1. Adjust track sag to specification. See Check and Adjust Track Sag. (Operator's Manual.)
- 2. Heat hydraulic oil to specification. See Hydraulic Oil Warm-Up Procedure. (Group 9025-25.)

Specification

Hydraulic Oil—Temperature	. 45—	-55°C
	10-	130°F

3. Raise right track off the ground for pump 1 or left track for pump 2.

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450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests

4. Run machine at specifications.

Specification

Engine—Speed	Fast Idle
Work Mode Switch—Position	Dig Mode
Power Mode Switch—Position	. HP (High Power) Mode
Auto Idle Switch—Position	Off
Boom Mode Switch—Position	Off
Travel Speed Switch—Position	Slow (Turtle)

5. Actuate the travel function to full speed. Record the cycle time for three revolution.

Specification

Pump Servo Piston Maximum	
Flow—Cycle Time	. 32-36 sec. at slow (turtle) speed
	with track raised for three
	revolution from a running start

Continued on next page

LD30992,0000288 -19-22MAR06-2/3

	 Adjust servo piston maximum flow adjusting screw (7) for pump 1 (15) and pump 2 (16) as needed. 	
	Loosen nut (8). Turn adjusting screw in to increase the cycle time by decreasing pump flow; turn adjusting screw out to decrease the cycle time by increasing pump flow.	
	Creative the r	
	Specification	
	Flow—Cycle Time Change 0.3 sec. approximate per 1/4 turn Pump 1 Servo Piston Maximum Flow Using a Flow Meter—Flow Rate Change 6.9 L/min approximate per 1/4	
	1.79 gpm approximate per 1/4	
	turn	Pump Servo Piston Minimum and Max
	Pump 2 Servo Piston Maximum Flow Using a Flow Meter—Flow	
	Rate Change 6.7 L/min approximate per 1/4	$\bigcirc (7) = \bigcirc (9)$
	turn 1.77 gpm approximate per 1/4 turn	
	NOTE: The flow rate change for pump 1 is greater because pump 1 turns at 1.03 times engine speed.	
	3—Pump 1 (4-Spool) Control Solenoid 4—Pump 2 (5-Spool) Control Solenoid 5—Servo Piston Minimum Flow Adjusting Screw	
	6—Nut 7—Servo Piston Maximum Flow Adjusting Screw 8—Nut 9—Serve Piston	
025	15—Pump 1	Pump Servo Piston Maximum Flo
25 25 50	16—Pump 2 27—Pilot Pump	



(27)

imum Adjusting Screws



w Adjusting Screw

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LD30992,0000288 -19-22MAR06-3/3

Pump Flow Rate (Displacement) Test and Adjustment

SPECIFICATIONS		
Pump 1 Flow Rate (Displacement) Flow Rate Change	38 L/min approximate per 1/4 turn 10 gpm approximate per 1/4 turn	
Pump 2 Flow Rate (Displacement) Flow Rate Change	36.9 L/min approximate per 1/4 turn 9.7 gpm approximate per 1/4 turn	

Pump flow rate (displacement) is controlled by a pilot oil signal from the solenoid valve to the pilot piston and load spool in proportion to the current signal to the solenoid. See System Functional Schematic for pump 1 (4-Spool) control solenoid and pump 2 (5-Spool) control solenoid. (Group 9015-10.)

Pump flow rate control adjusting screw (1) is used to adjust the response of pilot piston and load spool in proportion to the pilot oil signal by changing the spring force. See Pump 1 and 2 Regulator Operation for more information.

- 1. Check the maximum and minimum flow rates. See Pump Flow Test for instruction to connect flow meter.
- 2. Turn adjusting screw in to decrease flow rate; turn adjusting screw out to increase flow rate.

Specification

Pump I Flow Rate	
(Displacement)—Flow Rate	
Change	38 L/min approximate per 1/4 turn
	10 gpm approximate per 1/4 turn
Pump 2 Flow Rate	
(Displacement)—Flow Rate	
Change	36.9 L/min approximate per 1/4
	turn
	9.7 gpm approximate per 1/4 turn

NOTE: The flow rate change for pump 1 is greater because pump 1 turns at 1.03 times engine speed.



Pump Flow Rate Control Adjusting Screw

1—Pump Flow Rate Control Adjusting Screw

T141997 –UN–08MAY01

Swing Motor Crossover Relief Valve Test and Adjustment

SPECIFICATIONS	
Hydraulic Oil Temperature	45—55°C 110—130°F
Engine Speed	1300 rpm approximate
Work Mode Switch Position	Dig Mode
Power Mode Switch Position	HP (High Power) Mode
Auto Idle Switch Position	Off
Swing Motor Crossover Relief Valve Pressure	28.4—30.4 MPa
Swing Motor Crossover Relief Valve	28 441—30 400 kPa
Swing Motor Crossover Relief Valve	284—304 bar
Swing Motor Crossover Relief Valve	4125—4409 psi
Swing Relief Valve Adjustment Pressure Change	10 MPa approximate per 1/4 turn 10 000 kPa approximate per 1/4 turn 100 bar 1451 psi approximate per 1/4 turn
Crossover Relief Valve Lock Nut Torque	118 N•m 90 lb-ft

SERVICE EQUIPMENT AND TOOLS

4200465 (1/4 M BSPP ORB x 7/16-20 M 37°) Adapter
70 000 kPa (700 bar) (10,000 psi) Gauge
JT02156A Digital Pressure/Temperature Analyzer
JT02160 Transducer, 70 000 kPa (700 bar) (10,000 psi)

9025 25

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This procedure is performed to check that the swing motor crossover relief valve pressures are within specification.

The swing motor crossover relief valves limit system pressure in the swing circuit. They protect swing components from high stresses generated during the starting and stopping of upperstructure. They also protect the components from pressure spikes from external forces when the control valve is in neutral.

1. Connect one of the following test equipment to perform test:.



Monitor



Pump 2 Test Port

1—Pump 2 Test Port

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TX1003295 -19-03MAR06

TX1005805 -UN-21APR06

- SERVICE ADVISOR™ application. See SERVICE ADVISOR Connection Procedure for instruction. (Group 9015-20.) Access Swing Motor Crossover Relief Valve Test. Or select the following items from the menu:
 - Pump 1 Delivery Pressure
 - Pump 2 Delivery Pressure
 - Hydraulic Oil Temperature
 - Actual Engine Speed
- See Personal Digital Assistant (PDA) Connection To Excavator Using Dr. ZX Application for instruction. (Group 9015-20.)

Select the following items from the Monitor Display:

- Pump 1 Delivery Pressure
- Pump 2 Delivery Pressure
- Hydraulic Oil Temperature
- Actual Engine Speed
- See Monitor Service Menu Operation for instruction to actuate the service menu on monitor in cab. (Group 9015-16.)
 Select the following items from Monitoring list.

Select the following items from Monitoring list:

- Pump 1 Delivery Pressure
- Pump 2 Delivery Pressure
- Hydraulic Oil Temperature
- Actual Engine Speed

Push the pressure release button on top of the hydraulic oil tank to relieve pressure.

Install 4200465 adapter into test port (1) on pump two.

Connect the JT02156A Digital Pressure/Temperature Analyzer and JT02160 Transducer or a 70 000 kPa (700 bar) (10,000 psi) gauge. See JT02156A Digital Pressure/Temperature Analyzer Installation for instruction.

2. Warm hydraulic oil to specification. See Hydraulic Oil Warm-Up Procedure. (Group 9025-25.)

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3. Run machine at specification.

Specification

Hydraulic Oil—Temperature	45—55°C
	110—130°F
Engine—Speed	1300 rpm approximate
Work Mode Switch—Position	Dig Mode
Power Mode Switch—Position	. HP (High Power) Mode
Auto Idle Switch—Position	Off

4. Actuate and stall swing function over relief. Record pressure reading. Repeat for opposite direction.

Specification

5. Take readings and check to specification.

Continued on next page

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6. If adjustment is required loosen lock nut (6) on swing relief valve (5). Turning in increases pressure and out decreases pressure. Specification Swing Relief Valve Adjustment-Pressure Change..... 10 MPa approximate per 1/4 turn 10 000 kPa approximate per 1/4 turn 100 bar approximate per 1/4 turn 1451 psi approximate per 1/4 turn 7. Tighten plug (1) to specification. Crossover Relief Valve Locations Specification Crossover Relief Valve Lock Nut-Torque 118 N•m 90 lb-ft 8. Actuate the swing function over relief to check adjustment. 1—Left Swing Crossover Relief Valve—Left Swing Motor 2-Right Swing Crossover Relief Valve-Left Swing Motor 3-Left Swing Crossover Relief Valve-Right Swing Motor 4-Right Swing Crossover Relief Valve-Right Swing Motor 5—Swing Crossover Relief Valve 6—Lock Nut

Crossover Relief Valve Cross Section

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TX1005796 -UN-04APR06

Travel Motor Crossover Relief Valve Test and Adjustment

SPECIFICATIONS	
Hydraulic Oil Temperature	45—55°C 110—130°F
Engine Speed	1300 rpm approximate
Work Mode Switch Position	Dig Mode
Power Mode Switch Position	HP (High Power) Mode
Auto Idle Switch Position	Off
Travel Motor Crossover Relief Valve Pressure	32.8—35.3 MPa 32 800—35 300 kPa 328—353 bar 4760—5120 psi
Travel Motor Crossover Relief Valve Pressure Change (per 1/4 turn)	1.96 MPa 1960 kPa 19.6 bar 285 psi
19 mm Nut Torque	44 N•m 32 lb-ft

SERVICE EQUIPMENT AND TOOLS

4200465 (1/4 M BSPP ORB x 7/16-20 M 37°) Adapter 70 000 kPa (700 bar) (10,000 psi) Gauge

JT02156A Digital Pressure/Temperature Analyzer

JT02160 Transducer, 70 000 kPa (700 bar) (10,000 psi)

This procedure is to check that the travel motor crossover relief valve pressure is within specification.

- 1. Use one of the following test equipment to perform test.
 - SERVICE ADVISOR[™] application. See SERVICE ADVISOR Connection Procedure for instruction. (Group 9015-20.)

Access Travel Motor Crossover Relief Valve Test. Or select the following items from the menu:

- Pump 1 Delivery Pressure
- Pump 2 Delivery Pressure
- Hydraulic Oil Temperature
- Actual Engine Speed



1—Pump 1 Test Port 2—Pump 2 Test Port 3—Fan Drive Pump Test Port

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9025 25 56

- See Personal Digital Assistant (PDA) Connection To Excavator Using Dr. ZX Application for instruction. (Group 9015-20.)
 - Select the following items from the Monitor Display:
 - Pump 1 Delivery Pressure
 - Pump 2 Delivery Pressure
 - Hydraulic Oil Temperature
 - Actual Engine Speed
- See Monitor Service Menu Operation for instruction to actuate the service menu on monitor in cab. (Group 9015-16.)

Select the following items from Monitoring list:

- Pump 1 Delivery Pressure
- Pump 2 Delivery Pressure
- Hydraulic Oil Temperature
- Actual Engine Speed

Install 4200465 adapter into test port (1 or 2) for right or left travel circuit.

Connect a 70 000 kPa (700 bar) (10,000 psi) gauge or the JT02156A Digital Pressure/Temperature Analyzer and JT02160 Transducer.

- Turn second adjusting plug of main relief and power digging valve in 1/2 turn to increase pressure setting. See Main Relief and Power Digging Valve Test and Adjustment for adjustment procedure. (Group 9025-25.)
- 3. Warm hydraulic oil to specification. See Hydraulic Oil Warm-Up Procedure. (Group 9025-25.)

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- 4. Install round bar stock (1) between the sprockets and track frames to stall travel motors.
- 5. Run machine at specification.

Specification

Hydraulic Oil—Temperature	45—55°C
	110—130°F
Engine—Speed	1300 rpm approximate
Work Mode Switch—Position	Dig Mode
Power Mode Switch—Position	HP (High Power) Mode
Auto Idle Switch—Position	Off

6. Hold power dig switch and slowly actuate the travel function for the crossover relief valve being checked.

Record the pressure reading.

Specification

Travel Motor Crossover Re	lief
Valve—Pressure	32.8—35.3 MPa
	32 800—35 300 kPa
	328—353 bar
	4760—5120 psi

Continued on next page

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Round Bar Stock

1—Round Bar Stock

TX1006119 -UN-11APR06

7. If adjustment is necessary loosen nut and turn adjusting screw on relief valve (1 or 2) to change pressure to specification.

Specification

Travel Motor Crossover Relief Valve—Pressure Change (per 1/4

turn)	1.96 MPa
	1960 kPa
	19.6 ba
	285 ps

8. Tighten nut to specification.

Specification



- 9. Hold power dig switch and actuate the travel function at stall to check adjustment.
- Adjust main relief and power digging valve back to original position by turning the second adjusting plug of main relief and power digging valve back out 1/2 turn to decrease pressure setting. See Main Relief and Power Digging Valve Test and Adjustment. (Group 9025-25.)



Travel Motor Crossover Relief Valves

1—Reverse Crossover Relief Valve 2—Forward Crossover Relief Valve

TX04577,00000F0 -19-05JUN06-4/4

T141669 –UN-23APR01

Swing Motor Leakage Test

SPECIFICATIONS	
Hydraulic Oil Temperature	45—55°C 110—130°F
Engine Speed	Fast Idle
Work Mode Switch Position	Dig Mode
Power Mode Switch Position	HP (High Power) Mode
Auto Idle Switch Position	Off
Boom Mode Switch Position	Off
New Swing Motor—Swinging Leakage	0.2—0.3 L/min 6.8—10.2 oz/min

Vacuum Pump

Test Hose with 3/4-16 M 37° fittings

JT03221 (3/4-16 M 37°) (Parker No. 03CP-8) Plug

Calibrated Container

JT03037 (3/4-16 M 37° x 3/4-16 M 37°) (Parker No. 0303-8-8) Union

JT03025 (3/4-16 M 37°) (Parker No. 06CP-8) Cap

Calibrated Container

Purpose of test is to check the efficiency of swing motor. Leakage can occur between the cylinder block and valve plate and or the slippers and swash plate when parts are worn or damaged. The motor must be checked in more than one position in order to check all pistons and the total circumference of valve plate and swash plate.

- 1. Connect one of the following test equipment to perform test:
 - SERVICE ADVISOR[™] application. See SERVICE ADVISOR Connection Procedure for instruction. (Group 9015-20.) Access Swing Motor Leakage Test. Or select the following items from the menu:
 - Hydraulic Oil Temperature
 - Actual Engine Speed
 - See Personal Digital Assistant (PDA) Connection To Excavator Using Dr. ZX Application for instruction. (Group 9015-20.)
 Select the following items from the Monitor Display:



Monitor

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- Hydraulic Oil Temperature
- Actual Engine Speed
- See Monitor Service Menu Operation for instruction to actuate the service menu on monitor in cab. (Group 9015-16.) Select the following items from monitor list:
 - Hydraulic Oil Temperature
 - Actual Engine Speed
- 2. Heat hydraulic oil to specification. Perform Hydraulic Oil Warm-Up Procedure. (Group 9025-25.)

 Specification

 Hydraulic Oil—Temperature
 45—55°C

 110—130°F
 110

Continued on next page

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3. To check right side swing motor:

- NOTE: To minimize the loss of oil until plug can be installed, connect a vacuum pump to hydraulic reservoir.
 - a. Connect a vacuum pump to hydraulic reservoir.
 - b. Disconnect drain line (2) and install JT03221 (3/4-16 M 37°) (Parker No. 03CP-8) plug (1) in line.
 - c. Connect test hose (4) to swing motor. Put other end in calibrated container (3).
- 4. Run machine at specifications.

Specification

Engine—Speed	Fast Idle
Work Mode Switch—Position	Dig Mode
Power Mode Switch—Position	HP (High Power) Mode
Auto Idle Switch—Position	Off
Boom Mode Switch—Position	Off



CAUTION: Move machine to an area with a level surface and enough room to swing the upperstructure. Clear area of all bystanders before performing test to avoid personnel injury.

5. Actuate swing function for one minute. Compare amount of leakage to specified amount. Repeat for swing in opposite direction.

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Specification

New Swing Motor—Swinging— Leakage 0.2-0.3 L/min

6.8—10.2 oz/min



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6. To check left side swing motor:

- a. Disconnect drain lines (1 and 7) from tee fitting and connect them using JT03037 (3/4-16 M 37° x 3/4-16 M 37°) (Parker No. 0303-8-8) union (5). Install JT03025 (3/4-16 M 37°) (Parker No. 06CP-8) cap (6) on tee.
- b. Connect test hose (3) to tee fitting. Put other end in calibrated container (4).

CAUTION: Move machine to an area with a level surface and enough room to swing the upperstructure. Clear area of all bystanders before performing test to avoid personnel injury.

- 7. Actuate swing function for one minute. Compare amount of leakage to specified amount. Repeat for swing in opposite direction.
 - 1—Drain Line 3—Test Hose 4—Calibrated Container 5—Union 6—Cap 7—Drain Line



Left Side Swing Motor Leakage Check Lines

9025

Travel Motor Leakage Test

SPECIFICATIONS	
Hydraulic Oil Temperature	45—55°C
	110—130°F
Engine Speed	Fast Idle
Work Mode Switch Position	Dig Mode
Power Mode Switch Position	HP (High Power) Mode
Auto Idle Switch Position	Off
Precision Mode Switch Position	Off
Boom Mode Switch Position	Off
Travel Speed Switch Position	Fast (Rabbit)
Travel Motor Leakage	5 L/min typical new 1.32 gpm typical new 10 L/min maximum used 2.64 gpm maximum used

SERVICE EQUIPMENT AND TOOLS

Vacuum Pump
Calibrated Container
Test Hose with 3/4-16 M 37 $^\circ$ fitting one end
JT03221 (3/4-16 M 37°) (Parker No. 03CP-8) Plug

- 1. Connect one of the following test equipment to perform test:
 - 1. SERVICE ADVISOR[™] application. See SERVICE ADVISOR Connection Procedure for instruction. (Group 9015-20.) Access Travel Motor Leakage Test.

Or select the following items from the menu:

- Hydraulic Oil Temperature
- Actual Engine Speed
- 2. See Personal Digital Assistant (PDA) Connection To Excavator Using Dr. ZX Application for instruction. (Group 9015-20.)

Select the following items from the Monitor Display:

- Hydraulic Oil Temperature
- Actual Engine Speed
- 3. See Monitor Service Menu Operation for instruction to actuate the service menu on monitor in cab. (Group 9015-16.)



Monitor

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Select the following items from monitor list:

- Hydraulic Oil Temperature
- Actual Engine Speed
- 2. Heat hydraulic oil to specification. Perform Hydraulic Oil Warm-Up Procedure. (Group 9025-25.)

Specification

Hydraulic Oil—Temperature	45-	–55°C
	110—	-130°F

- 3. Stop engine. Release hydraulic oil tank pressure by pushing pressure release button on top of hydraulic oil tank.
- NOTE: To minimize the loss of oil until plug can be installed, connect a vacuum pump to hydraulic oil tank.

Continued on next page

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- 4. Disconnect drain line (1) at fitting (5) on motor and install JT03221 3/4-16 M 37° plug in drain line.
- 5. Connect line (3) to fitting (5) on motor. Place other end of line into calibrated container (4).
- 6. Raise track off the ground for the motor being checked.
- 7. Run machine at specifications.

Specification

Engine—Speed	Fast Idle
Work Mode Switch—Position	Dig Mode
Power Mode Switch—Position	. HP (High Power) Mode
Auto Idle Switch—Position	Off
Precision Mode Switch—Position	Off
Boom Mode Switch—Position	Off
Travel Speed Switch—Position	Fast (Rabbit)

- 8. Actuate travel function in forward, for motor being checked, for 1 minute. Record the leakage.
- 9. Repeat for reverse.
- 10. If leakage is more than specified, repair or replace motor. If leakage is more in one direction than the other, a seal in manifold may be leaking.

Specification

Travel Motor—Leakage
1.32 gpm typical new
10 L/min maximum use
2.64 gpm maximum use



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- 1—Drain Line 2—Plug 3—Test Hose 4—Container
- 5—Fitting

Cylinder Drift Test-Arm, Boom, and Bucket

SPECIFICATIONS			
Cylinder Drift Test—Arm, Boom, and Bucket			
Hydraulic Oil Temperature	45—55°C 110—130°F		
Bucket Load Weight	2850 kg approximate 6280 lb approximate		
Test Time	5 minutes		
Boom Cylinder Drift	15 mm maximum 0.6 in. maximum		
Arm Cylinder Drift	20 mm maximum 0.8 in. maximum		
Bucket Cylinder Drift	20 mm maximum 0.8 in. maximum		
Bucket Bottom to Ground Drift	100 mm maximum 3.9 in.		

The following test is used to check the leakage past the cylinder piston seals and past the spools in the control valve.

1. SERVICE ADVISOR™ application. See SERVICE ADVISOR Connection Procedure for instruction. (Group 9015-20.) Access Cylinder Drift Test.

Or select the following items from the menu:

- Hydraulic Oil Temperature
- Actual Engine Speed
- 2. See Personal Digital Assistant (PDA) Connection To Excavator Using Dr. ZX Application for instruction. (Group 9015-20.)

Select the following items from the Monitor Display:

- Hydraulic Oil Temperature
- Actual Engine Speed
- 3. See Monitor Service Menu Operation for instruction to actuate the service menu on monitor in cab. (Group 9015-20.)

Select the following items from monitor list:

- Hydraulic Oil Temperature
- Actual Engine Speed



Monitor

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450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests

1. Heat hydraulic oil to specification. Perform Hydraulic

	Oil Warm-Up Procedure. (Group 9025-25.)	
	Specification Hydraulic Oil—Temperature	
	2. Fill bucket with specified load.	
	Specification Bucket Load—Weight	
	 Position machine as shown with bucket cylinder fully extended and arm cylinder fully retracted. 	
	4. Turn engine off	
	5. Measure movement of boom, arm and bucket cylinders after 5 minutes.	
	Specification Test—Time	
		TX04577,00000F8 -19-15MAY08-2/3
	6. Compare measurement with specification.	
	Cylinder Drift Test—Arm, Boom, and Bucket—Specification	
5 5 8	Arm Cylinder—Drift	
	Bucket Cylinder—Drift	
	Bucket Bottom to Ground—Drift	
	2—100 mm (3.9 in.)	
		Cylinder Drift Test Position
Pump Flow Test

SPECIFICATIONS	
Hydraulic Oil Temperature	45—55°C 110—130°F
Engine Speed	Fast Idle
Work Mode Switch Position	Dig Mode
Power Mode Switch Position	P Mode
Auto Idle Switch Position	Off
Pump 1 or Pump 2 Flow Rate—New	360.0 L/min at 13.8 MPa and 1850 rpm 360.0 L/min at 13 790 kPa and 1850 rpm 360.0 L/min at 137.9 bar and 1850 rpm 95.1 gpm at 2000 psi and 1850 rpm
Pump 1 or Pump 2 Flow Rate—New	348.6 L/min at 20.7 MPa and 1850 rpm 348.6 L/min at 20 685 kPa and 1850 rpm 348.6 L/min at 206.8 bar and 1850 rpm 92.1 gpm at 3000 psi and 1850 rpm
Pump 1 or Pump 2 Flow Rate—Minimum Allowable	305.9 L/min at 13.8 MPa and 1850 rpm 305.9 L/min at 13 790 kPa and 1850 rpm 305.9 L/min at 137.9 bar and 1850 rpm 80.8 gpm at 2000 psi and 1850 rpm
Pump 1 or Pump 2 Flow Rate—Minimum Allowable	294.5 L/min at 20.7 MPa and 1850 rpm 294.5 L/min at 20 685 kPa and 1850 rpm 294.5 L/min at 206.8 bar and 1850 rpm 77.8 gpm at 3000 psi and 1850 rpm

SERVICE EQUIPMENT AND TOOLS	
Flowmeter, 380 L/min (100 gpm)	
JT03452 Split Flange Connector Plate Kit	
-16 Hose with -16 Split Flange Connector, Code 62	
JT03391 Plug (9/16-18 M 37°)	
JT02156A Digital Pressure/Temperature Analyzer	
JT02160 Transducer, 70 000 kPa (700 bar) (10,000 psi)	
4200465 (1/4 M BSPP ORB x 7/16-20 M 37°) Adapter	
70 000 kPa (700 bar) (10,000 psi) Gauge	

NOTE: Flow rate specification given is for one pump.

Test is used to determine pump condition and should be performed only if a comparison of actual machine cycle times to specified cycle times indicates low pump flow. See Cycle Times Check. (Group 9005-10.)

- 1. Release pressure from hydraulic oil tank by pushing pressure release button on top of hydraulic oil tank.
- 2. Connect a vacuum pump to hydraulic oil tank to minimize oil loss.

Continued on next page





- 6. Disconnect the pilot lines (9 and 11) for left and right travel forward. Install plugs in the lines. Leave fitting in pilot caps open.
- NOTE: Pilot lines are disconnected so travel function can be used to put pump 1 or pump 2 into stroke and not turn the tracks.
- 7. Disconnect the vacuum pump.
- 8. Check that flowmeter loading valve is open.
- 9. Connect one of the following test equipment to monitor pump 1 and pump 2 delivery pressure, engine speed and hydraulic oil temperature.
 - 1. SERVICE ADVISOR™ application. See SERVICE ADVISOR Connection Procedure for instruction. (Group 9015-20.) Access Pump Flow Test. Or select the following items from the menu:
- NOTE: Pump 1 and 2 control pressure and pump 1 and pump 2 flow control output signal can also be monitored. The signals must increase to increase pump displacement and flow rate.
 - Pump 1 Delivery Pressure
 - Pump 2 Delivery Pressure
 - Hydraulic Oil Temperature
 - Actual Engine Speed
 - 2. See Personal Digital Assistant (PDA) Connection To Excavator Using Dr. ZX Application for instruction. (Group 9015-20.) Select the following items from the Monitor Display:
- NOTE: Pump 1 and 2 control pressure and pump 1 and 2 proportional solenoid valve electric current signals can also be monitored. The signals must increase to increase pump displacement and flow rate.
 - Pump 1 Delivery Pressure
 - Pump 2 Delivery Pressure
 - Hydraulic Oil Temperature



Travel Forward Pilot Lines

9-Left Travel Forward Pilot Line 11-Right Travel Forward Pilot Line 66—Pilot Signal Manifold 83—Right Control Valve 84—Left Control Valve

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- Actual Engine Speed
 - See Monitor Service Menu Operation for instruction to actuate the service menu on monitor in cab. (Group 9015-20.)
 Select the following items from Monitoring list:
- NOTE: Pump 1 and 2 pump control pressure can also be monitored. The signal must increase to increase pump displacement and flow rate.
 - Pump 1 Delivery Pressure
 - Pump 2 Delivery Pressure
 - Hydraulic Oil Temperature
 - Actual Engine Speed
 - 4. Connected a gauge to test port in pump 1 and/or pump 2.
 Push the pressure release button on top of hydraulic oil tank to relieve pressure before removing plug from test port.
 Install the 4200465 Adapter (A).
 Connect the JT02156A Digital
 Pressure/Temperature Analyzer and JT02160
 Transducer or a 70 000 kPa (700 bar) (10,000 psi) gauge. See JT02156A Digital Pressure/Temperature Analyzer Installation for instruction.
- 10. Heat hydraulic oil to specification. See Hydraulic Oil Warm-Up Procedure. (Group 9025-25.)

Specification

Hydraulic Oil—Temperature 45—55°C
110—130°F

11. Run machine at specifications.

25 72

Specification

Engine—Speed	Fast Idle
Work Mode Switch—Position	Dig Mode
Power Mode Switch—Position	P Mode
Auto Idle Switch—Position	Off

12. Actuate right travel for pump 1 or left travel for pump 2 to full actuation.

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pressure.
Specification Pump 1 or Pump 2—Flow Rate—
New
360.0 L/min at 13 790 kPa and 1850 rpm
360.0 L/min at 137.9 bar and 1850 rpm
95.1 gpm at 2000 psi and 1850 rpm
Pump 1 or Pump 2—Flow Rate—
New
348.6 L/min at 20 685 kPa and 1850 rpm
348.6 L/min at 206.8 bar and 1850 rpm
92.1 gpm at 3000 psi and 1850 rpm
Pump 1 or Pump 2—Flow Rate—
Minimum Allowable 305.9 L/min at 13.8 MPa and 1850 rpm
305.9 L/min at 13 790 kPa and 1850 rpm
305.9 L/min at 137.9 bar and 1850 rpm
80.8 gpm at 2000 psi and 1850 rpm
Pump 1 or Pump 2—Flow Rate—
Minimum Allowable 294.5 L/min at 20.7 MPa and 1850 rpm
294.5 L/min at 20 685 kPa and 1850 rpm
294.5 L/min at 206.8 bar and 1850 rpm
77.8 gpm at 3000 psi and 1850 rpm

13. Slowly close the loading valve on flowmeter to obtain the specified pressures. Record flow rate at each

14. Open loading valve. Stop the engine.

Pump flow rate can be increased some by adjusting the pump servo piston maximum flow adjusting screw. See Pump Servo Piston Maximum Flow Test and Adjustment. (Group 9025-25.)

Fan Drive System Relief Valve Test and Adjustment

SPECIFICATIONS	
Hydraulic Oil Temperature	45—55°C 110—130°F
Engine Speed	Fast Idle
Work Mode Switch Position	Dig Mode
Power Mode Switch Position	HP (High Power) Mode
Auto Idle Switch Position	Off
Fan Drive System Relief Valve Pressure	26.2 MPa 26 200 KPa 262 bar 3800 psi.
Fan Drive System Relief Valve Pressure Change	1.7 MPa approximate per 1/4 turn 1723 kPa approximate per 1/4 turn 17.2 bar approximate per 1/4 turn 250 psi approximate per 1/4 turn

SERVICE EQUIPMENT AND TOOLS

4200465 (1/4 M BSPP ORB x 7/16-20 M 37°) Adapter
JT02156A Digital Pressure/Temperature Analyzer
JT02162 Transducer, 35 000 kPa (350 bar) (5000 psi)
35 000 kPa (350 bar) (5000 psi) Gauge

X12FNL-S (Parker No. 12FNL-S) (-12 F ORFS) Cap

The purpose of fan drive system relief valve is to limit the maximum system pressure in the fan drive hydraulic system. The relief valve is checked and adjusted to protect components from damage caused by excessive pressure.

- 1. Connect one of the following test equipment to monitor hydraulic oil temperature and actual engine speed.
 - SERVICE ADVISOR™ application. See SERVICE ADVISOR Connection Procedure for instruction. (Group 9015-20.) Access Fan Drive System Relief Valve Test. Or select the following items from the menu:
 - Hydraulic Oil Temperature
 - Actual Engine Speed
 - See Personal Digital Assistant (PDA) Connection To Excavator Using Dr. ZX Application for instruction. (Group 9015-20.) Select the following items from the Monitor Display:
 - Hydraulic Oil Temperature
 - Actual Engine Speed
 - See Monitor Service Menu Operation for instruction to actuate the service menu on monitor in cab. (Group 9015-20.) Select the following items from Monitoring list:
 - Hydraulic Oil Temperature
 - Actual Engine Speed
- 2. Push the pressure release button on top of hydraulic oil tank to relieve pressure.

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- NOTE: Hose connection for standard fan drive control valve and motor is shown. Hose connection for the fan drive reversing control valve and motor is similar.
- 8. Disconnect the hoses (10) for fan drive motor (36) at the adapter fittings (8) in fan drive control valve (37).

Install X12FNL-S (Parker No. 12FNL-S) (-12 F ORFS) caps on fittings.

- Disconnect wiring harness to the fan pump control solenoid so fan drive pump goes to maximum displacement.
- 10. Run machine at specification.

Specification

Engine—Speed	Fast Idle
Work Mode Switch—Position	Dig Mode
Power Mode Switch—Position	HP (High Power) Mode
Auto Idle Switch—Position	Off

11. Record the pressure reading.

Specification

Fan Drive System Relief Valve— Pressure Information not available at the time of release.

12. Turn the adjusting screw for fan drive system relief valve (38) in to increase pressure setting; turn adjusting screw out to decrease pressure setting.



LD30992,0000285 -19-16MAY08-3/3

Fan Drive Pump Servo Piston Minimum Flow Test and Adjustment

SPECIFICATIONS	
Fan Drive Pump Servo Piston Minimum Flow Rate Change	2.8 L/min approximate per 1/4 turn 0.75 gpm approximate per 1/4 turn

The purpose of check is to test and adjust the minimum flow rate of the fan drive pump. See Fan Drive Pump Regulator Operation for operation of regulator and servo piston. (Group 9025-05.)

- 1. Minimum flow rate is checked by using a flow meter. See Fan Drive Pump Flow Test for instruction to connect flow meter to the pump. (Group 9025-25.)
- 2. Loosen nut (2). Turn adjusting screw (1). Turning screw out decreases pump flow and turning in increases flow.

Specification

Fan Drive Pump Servo Piston Minimum—Flow Rate Change 2.8 L/min approximate per 1/4 turn 0.75 gpm approximate per 1/4

turn



Fan Drive Pump Servo Piston Flow Adjusting Screw

1—Servo Piston Minimum Flow Adjusting Screw 2—Nut

3—Servo Piston

4—Nut

5—Servo Piston Maximum Flow Adjusting Screw

9025

Fan Drive Pump Servo Piston Maximum Flow Test and Adjustment

SPECIFICATIONS	
Fan Drive Pump Servo Piston Maximum Flow Rate Change	2.8 L/min approximate per 1/4 turn 0.75 gpm approximate per 1/4 turn

The purpose of check is to test and adjust the maximum flow rate of the fan drive pump. See Fan Drive Pump Regulator Operation for operation of regulator and servo piston. (Group 9025-05.)

- 1. Maximum flow rate is checked by using a flow meter. See Fan Drive Pump Flow Test for instruction to connect flow meter to the pump. (Group 9025-25.)
- 2. Loosen nut (4). Turn adjusting screw (5). Turning screw out decreases pump flow and turning in increases flow.

Specification

Fan Drive Pump Servo Piston	
Maximum—Flow Rate Change	2.8 L/min approximate per 1/4
	turn
	0.75 gpm approximate per 1/4
	turn



Fan Drive Pump Servo Piston Flow Adjusting Screw

- 1—Servo Piston Minimum Flow Adjusting Screw
- 2—Nut
- 3—Servo Piston 4—Nut
- 5—Servo Piston Maximum Flow Adjusting Screw

TX04577,00000FC -19-27APR06-1/1

Fan Drive Pump Flow Rate Test and Adjustment

SPECIFICATIONS	
Fan Drive Pump Flow Rate Flow Rate Change	6.5 L/min approximate per 1/4 turn 1.7 gpm approximate per 1/4 turn

Fan pump flow rate is controlled by a pilot oil signal from the fan pump control solenoid valve to the pilot piston and load on spool in proportion to the current signal to the solenoid. See System Functional Schematic for fan drive pump control solenoid. (Group 9015-10.)

Fan pump flow rate control adjusting screw (3) is used to adjust the response of pilot piston and load spool in proportion to the pilot oil signal by changing the spring (1) force. See Fan Drive Pump Regulator Operation for more information. (Group 9025-05).

- 1. Check the maximum and minimum flow rates. See Fan Drive Pump Flow Test. (Group 9025-25.)
- 2. Loosen nut (2). Turn adjusting screw (3) in to increase flow rate; turn adjusting screw out to decrease flow rate.

Specification



Fan Pump Flow Rate Control Adjusting Screw



TX04577,00000FD -19-27APR06-1/1

Fan Drive Pump Torque Control Test and Adjustment

SPECIFI	CATIONS
Fan Drive Pump Regulator Outer Spring Flow Rate Change	8.9 L/min approximate per 1/4 turn2.4 gpm approximate per 1/4 turn
Fan Drive Pump Regulator Outer Spring Pressure Change	 1.9 MPa approximate per 1/4 turn 1900 kPa approximate per 1/4 turn 19 bar approximate per 1/4 turn 276 psi approximate per 1/4 turn
Fan Drive Pump Regulator Outer Spring Engine Torque Change	15.1 N•m approximate per 1/4 turn 11.1 lb-ft approximate per 1/4 turn

Fan drive pump torque control is performed by pump delivery pressure. Therefore, the torque constant control is adjusted by changing the spring force of inner spring (31) and outer spring (30). See Fan Drive Pump Regulator Operation for more information. (Group 9025-05).

- Check the fan drive pump maximum and minimum flow rates. See Fan Drive Pump Flow Test. (Group 9025-25.)
- 2. Make a mark on the ends adjusting screw (35) and adjusting plug (34) with respect to fan drive pump regulator (29) housing to record the original position.
- IMPORTANT: When the 24 mm adjusting plug is adjusted, the inner spring force also changes. Therefore, the 4 mm adjusting screw for the inner spring must be turned in the opposite direction to keep the inner spring force unchanged.
- 3. Loosen 36 mm nut (32).

Turn 24 mm adjusting plug (33) for outer spring (30) in to increase flow rate; turn adjusting plug out to decrease flow rate.

4. Loosen 13 mm nut (34).



Fan Drive Pump Torque Control Adjusting Screw and Plug

29—Fan Drive Pump Regulator 30—Outer Spring 31—Inner Spring 32—36 mm Nut 33—24 mm Adjusting Plug 34—13 mm Nut 35—4 mm Adjusting Screw

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Turn 4 mm adjusting screw (35) in the opposite direction 2.24 times the turns of adjusting plug so inner spring (31) force is unchanged.

Specification

Fan Drive Pump Regulator Outer	
Spring—Flow Rate Change	8.9 L/min approximate per 1/4
	turn
	2.4 gpm approximate per 1/4 turn
Pressure Change	1.9 MPa approximate per 1/4 turn
-	1900 kPa approximate per 1/4
	turn
	19 bar approximate per 1/4 turn
	276 psi approximate per 1/4 turn
Engine Torque Change	15.1 N•m approximate per 1/4
	turn
	11.1 lb-ft approximate per 1/4
	turn

OUT3035,0000039 -19-27APR06-2/2

Fan	Drive	Pump	Flow	Test
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SPECIFICATIONS		
Hydraulic Oil Temperature	45—55°C 110—130°F	
Engine Speed	Fast Idle	
Work Mode Switch Position	Dig Mode	
Power Mode Switch Position	P Mode	
Auto Idle Switch Position	Off	
Fan Drive Pump Flow Rate—New	61.3 L/min at 7.9 MPa and 1750 rpm 61.3 L/min at 7930 kPa and 1750 rpm 61.3 L/min at 79.3 bar and 1750 rpm 16.2 gpm at 1150 psi and 1750 rpm	
Fan Drive Pump Flow Rate—New	57.5 L/min at 23.3 MPa and 1750 rpm 57.5 L/min at 23 305 kPa and 1750 rpm 57.5 L/min at 233.1 bar and 1750 rpm 15.2 gpm at 3380 psi and 1750 rpm	
Fan Drive Pump Flow Rate—New	82.5 L/min at 26.3 MPa and 1750 rpm 82.5 L/min at 26 270 kPa and 1750 rpm 82.5 L/min at 262.7 bar and 1750 rpm 13.3 gpm at 3810 psi and 1750 rpm	
Fan Drive Pump Flow Rate— Minimum Allowable	50.3 L/min at 7.9 MPa and 1750 rpm 50.3 L/min at 7930 kPa and 1750 rpm 50.3 L/min at 79.3 bar and 1750 rpm 13.8 gpm at 1150 psi and 1750 rom	

Continued on next page

OUT3035,000000D -19-05JUN06-1/6

SPECIFICATIONS		
Fan Drive Pump Flow Rate— Minimum Allowable	48.4 L/min at 23.3 MPa and 1750 rpm 48.4 L/min at 23 305 kPa and 1750 rpm 48.4 L/min at 233.1 bar and 1750 rpm 12.8 gpm at 3380 psi and 1750 rpm	
Fan Drive Pump Flow Rate— Minimum Allowable	42.8 L/min at 26.3 MPa and 1750 rpm 42.8 L/min at 26 270 kPa and 1750 rpm 42.8 L/min at 262.7 bar and 1750 rpm 11.3 gpm at 3810 psi and 1750 rpm	

SERVICE	EQUIPMENT	AND	TOOLS
OLIVIOL			ICCEC

Flowmeter, 380 L/min (100 gpm)
JT03452 Split Flange Connector Plate Kit

-12 Hose with -12 Split Flange Connector, Code 62

The purpose of test is to check the condition of fan drive pump.

- 1. Release pressure from hydraulic oil tank by pushing pressure release button on top of hydraulic oil tank.
- 2. Connect a vacuum pump to hydraulic oil tank to minimize oil loss.

Continued on next page



Continued on next page

OUT3035,000000D -19-05JUN06-3/6

6. Remove cover over the control valve for access to the fan drive system relief valve (38).

Turn adjusting screw for relief valve out one full turn.

- NOTE: Relief valve is turned out to decrease system pressure so pump flow can be checked at the lower pressure.
- 7. Use one of the following test equipment to display oil temperature and engine speed:
 - 1. SERVICE ADVISOR™ application. See SERVICE ADVISOR Connection Procedure for instruction. (Group 9015-20.) Access Fan Drive Pump Flow Test. Or select the following items from the menu:
 - Hydraulic Oil Temperature
 - Actual Engine Speed
 - 2. See Personal Digital Assistant (PDA) Connection To Excavator Using Dr. ZX Application for instruction. (Group 9015-20.) Select the following items from the Monitor Display:
 - Hydraulic Oil Temperature
 - Actual Engine Speed
 - 3. See Monitor Service Menu Operation for instruction to actuate the service menu on monitor in cab. (Group 9015-20.) Select the following items from Monitoring list:

- Hydraulic Oil Temperature
- Actual Engine Speed
- 8. Disconnect the vacuum pump.
- 9. Check that flowmeter loading valve is open.
- 10. Heat hydraulic oil to specification. See Hydraulic Oil Warm-Up Procedure. (Group 9025-25.)

Specification

Hydraulic Oil—Temperature	45-	–55°C
1	10—	-130°F



Fan Drive System Relief Valve

38—Fan Drive System Relief Valve

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OUT3035,00000D -19-05JUN06-4/6

062608 PN=945 11. Run engine at specification.

Specific	cation
Engine—Speed	Fast Idle
Work Mode Switch—Position	Dig Mode
Auto Idla Switch Desition	
Auto Idle Switch—Position	Uff
12. Slowly close the loading we the specified pressures.	alve on flowmeter to obtain
Record pump flow rate at	each pressure.
Specific	cation
Fan Drive Pump—Flow Rate—	
New	61.3 L/min at 7.9 MPa and 1750
	61.3 L/min at 7930 kPa and 1750
	61.3 L/min at 79.3 bar and 1750
	16.2 gpm at 1150 psi and 1750
Fan Drive Pump—Flow Rate—	. P
New	57.5 L/min at 23.3 MPa and 1750 rpm
	57.5 L/min at 23 305 kPa and 1750 rpm
	57.5 L/min at 233.1 bar and 1750 rpm
	15.2 gpm at 3380 psi and 1750 rpm
Fan Drive Pump—Flow Rate—	
New	82.5 L/min at 26.3 MPa and 1750 rpm
	82.5 L/min at 26 270 kPa and
	1750 rpm
	82.5 L/min at 262.7 bar and 1750
	rpm
Fon Drive Dump - Flour Data	rpm
Minimum Allowable	50.3 L/min at 7.9 MPa and 1750
	rpm 50.3 L/min at 7930 kPa and 1750
	rpm 50.3 L/min at 79.3 bar and 1750
	rpm 13.8 gpm at 1150 psi and 1750
	rpm

9025 25 86

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OUT3035,00000D -19-05JUN06-5/6

Specification		
Fan Drive Pump—Flow Rate—		
Minimum Allowable 48.4 L/min at 23	3.3 MPa and 1750	
	rpm	
48.4 L/min a	at 23 305 kPa and	
	1750 rpm	
48.4 L/min at 23	33.1 bar and 1750	
	rpm	
12.8 gpm at 3	3380 psi and 1750	
	rpm	
Fan Drive Pump—Flow Rate—		
Minimum Allowable 42.8 L/min at 26	3.3 MPa and 1750	
	rpm	
42.8 L/min a	at 26 270 kPa and	
	1750 rpm	
42.8 L/min at 26	32.7 bar and 1750	
	rpm	
11.3 gpm at 3	3810 psi and 1750	
	rpm	

13. Open loading valve. Stop the engine.

Pump flow rate can be increased some by adjusting the pump servo piston maximum flow adjusting screw. See Fan Drive Pump Servo Piston Maximum Flow Test and Adjustment. (Group 9025-25.)

14. Turn adjusting screw for fan drive system relief valve back to its original setting.

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Section 9031 Heating and Air Conditioning System

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Heater and Air Conditioner Component
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Compressor draws low pressure gas from evaporator and compresses it into high pressure gas. This causes temperature of refrigerant to rise higher than that of outside air.

condenser core by engine fan. Cooling refrigerant causes it to condense and refrigerant leaves condenser as high pressure liquid.

05

MD46667,0000005 -19-09FEB06-1/2

High pressure liquid flows into receiver-dryer where moisture and contaminants (acid, solids, etc.) are removed. Receiver-dryer contains a color moisture indicator. (Blue) indicates no moisture is present. (Pink) indicates moisture is present. Should moisture be combined with refrigerant, hydrofluoric and hydrochloric acids are formed. These acids are very corrosive to metal surfaces and leakage will eventually develop. Receiver-dryer also stores refrigerant allowing a longer period of time before additional refrigerant is needed. Refrigerant hoses will allow a small amount of refrigerant to migrate through their walls.

Refrigerant flows from receiver-dryer through expansion valve to evaporator. Expansion valve senses refrigerant temperature and pressure to modulate refrigerant flow. Expansion valve changes refrigerant to low pressure liquid entering evaporator. Actual cooling and drying of cab air takes place at evaporator. Heat absorbed by evaporator and transferred to refrigerant causes refrigerant to vaporize into low pressure gas. Low pressure gas is drawn from evaporator by compressor and cycle is repeated.

A freeze control switch senses temperature of evaporator coil through a capillary tube. This prevents the evaporator from becoming cold enough to freeze moisture that condenses on evaporator coil. Condensed moisture is drained away through drain tubes connected to drain pan under evaporator.

System pressure is monitored by the high and low pressure switch, located at the receiver-dryer. If pressure becomes too high or too low the switch opens and stops compressor, interrupting the cycle.

MD46667,0000005 -19-09FEB06-2/2

Diagnose Air Conditioning S Malfunctions	ystem	
NOTE: Diagnostic charts are arrange probable and simplest to ver more difficult to verify.	ed from most ify, to least likely	
NOTE: Prior to diagnosis and compo Heating and Air Conditioning (Group 9031-25.) These con- diagnostic and test results.	onent tests Perform System Checks. ditions may affect	
Symptom	Problem	Solution
Air Conditioning System Does Not Operate	Air conditioner and heater 5 amp fuse (F17)	Replace fuse. See Fuse and Relay Specifications. (Group 9015-10.)
	Air conditioner and heater 20 amp fuse (F3)	Replace fuse. See Fuse and Relay Specifications. (Group 9015-10.)
	Fan motor malfunction or operating too slow	Check fan motor resistor. See Air Conditioner Harness (W6) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
		Check fan motor for obstructions. See Heater and Air Conditioner Component Location. (Group 9031-15.)
		Check fan motor. See Air Conditioner Harness (W6) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
	Air conditioner high/low pressure switch malfunction	Check wiring. See Air Conditioner Harness (W6) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)

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Symptom	Problem	Solution
	Compressor clutch	Check compressor clutch. See Air Conditioner Compressor Clutch Test. (Group 9031-25.)
		Check compressor clutch wiring. See Cab Harness (W1) Wiring Diagram, See Machine Harness (W2) Wiring Diagram, See Engine Interface Harness (W5) Wiring Diagram, and See Air Conditioner Harness (W6) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
	Air conditioner freeze control switch malfunction	Check freeze control switch. See Air Conditioner Harness (W6) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
	Air conditioner and heater mixer servomotor door open	Check door for obstructions and test servo motor.
	Heater and air conditioner controller malfunction	Check air conditioner diagnostic trouble codes. See Air Conditioner Diagnostic Trouble Code Check. (Group 9031-15.)
Air Conditioner Does Not Cool Interior of Cab	Fresh air filter restricted	Clean or replace filter. See Clean Cab Fresh Air and Recirculation Air Filter. (Operator's Manual.)
	Recirculating air filter restricted	Clean or replace filter. See Clean Cab Fresh Air and Recirculation Air Filter. (Operator's Manual.)
	Condenser fins restricted with debris	Clean condenser fins. See Heater and Air Conditioner Component Location. (Group 9031-15.)
	Compressor belt loose	Check compressor belt tension. See Air Conditioner Belt Check and Adjustment. (Operator's Manual.)
	Continued on next page	I D30992 000049619_23MAB06_2/4

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Symptom	Problem	Solution
	Refrigerant hose kinked, pinched, or collapsed	Re-route or re-index hoses. Replace collapsed hoses. See Heater and Air Conditioner Component Location. (Group 9031-15.) See Refrigerant Hoses and Tubing Inspection. (Group 9031-25.)
	Heater or evaporator fins restricted with dirt or dust	Clean heater or evaporator fins. See Heater and Air Conditioner Component Location. (Group 9031-15.) See Heater and Air Conditioner Remove and Install. (Group 1830.)
	Air conditioner and heater mixer servomotor door open	Check door for obstructions and test servomotor. See Air Conditioner Harness (W6) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)
	Compressor clutch slipping or failed	Check compressor clutch. Perform Air Conditioner Compressor Clutch Test. (Group 9031-25.)
	Warm outside air leaking into cab	Inspect, repair, or replace door and window seals. See Windowpanes Repair. (Group 1810.) and See Sliding Window Repair. (Group 1810.)
	System refrigerant (R134a) charge low	Perform R134a Air Conditioning System Test. (Group 9031-25.) and Perform Refrigerant Leak Test. (Group 9031-25.)
	Evaporator fins frosting or freezing	Freeze control switch not positioned correctly in evaporator core. Reposition switch in evaporator core. See Heater and Air Conditioner Component Location. (Group 9031-15.)
	Heater and air conditioner controller malfunction	Check air conditioner diagnostic trouble codes. See Air Conditioner Diagnostic Trouble Code Check. (Group 9031-15.)

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Continued on next page

LD30992,0000496 -19-23MAR06-3/4 450DLC Excavator Operation and Tests

Symptom	Problem	Solution
Air Conditioner Runs Constantly, Too Cold	Freeze control switch not positioned in evaporator properly	Reposition freeze control switch in evaporator core. See Air Conditioner Component Location. (Group 9031-25.)
Interior Windows Continue to Fog	Air conditioning system off	Push A/C switch to turn air conditioning on. See Cab Heater And Air Conditioner. (Operator's Manual.)
	Fresh air filter restricted	Clean or replace filter. See Clean Cab Fresh Air and Recirculation Air Filter. (Operator's Manual.)
		LD30992,0000496 -19-23MAR06-4/4

Diagnose Heating System Malfunctions			
NOTE: Diagnostic charts are arranged from most probable and simplest to verify, to least likely more difficult to verify.			
NOTE: Prior to diagnosis and component tests Perform Air Conditioner and Heater Operational Checks. (Group 9031-25.) These conditions may affect diagnostic and test results.			
Symptom	Problem	Solution	
Heater System Does Not Operate	Air conditioner and heater 5 amp fuse (F17)	Replace fuse. See Fuse and Relay Specifications. (Group 9015-10.)	
	Air conditioner and heater 20 amp fuse (F3)	Replace fuse. See Fuse and Relay Specifications. (Group 9015-10.)	
	Fan motor malfunction or operating too slowly	Check fan motor resistor. See Air Conditioner Harness (W6) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)	
		Check fan motor for obstructions. See Heater and Air Conditioner Component Location. (Group 9031-15.)	
		Check fan motor. See Air Conditioner Harness (W6) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)	
	Heater and air conditioner controller malfunction	Check air conditioner diagnostic trouble codes. See Air Conditioner Diagnostic Trouble Code Check. (Group 9031-15.)	
Heater Does Not Warm Interior of Cab	Fresh air filter restricted	Clean or replace filter. See Clean Cab Fresh Air and Recirculating Air Filter. (Operator's Manual.)	
	Recirculating air filter restricted	Clean or replace filter. See Clean Cab Fresh Air and Recirculating Air Filter. (Operator's Manual.)	

Symptom	Problem	Solution
	Heater hose kinked, pinched or collapsed	Re-route or re-index hoses. Replace collapsed hoses. See Refrigerant Hoses and Tubing Inspection. (Group 9031-25.) See Heater and Air Conditioner Component Location. (Group 9031-15.)
	Heater core fins clogged with dirt or dust	Clean heater fins. See Heater and Air Conditioner Component Location. (Group 9031-15.)
Interior Windows Continue to Fog	Air conditioning system OFF	Put A/C and heater ON/OFF switch to A/C position. See Cab Heater and Air Conditioner. (Operator's Manual.)
	Fresh air filter restricted	Clean or replace filter. See Clean Cab Fresh Air and Recirculating Air Filter. (Operator's Manual.)
		LD30992,00004BC -19-23MAR06-2/2

Air Conditioner and Heater Diagnostic Trouble Code Check

Display Diagnostic Trouble Codes

Turn key switch on. Press the blower fan OFF switch. Press both "^" and "v" temperature control switches at the same time and hold for 3 seconds. A buzzer will sound after this operation is complete. For a list of air conditioner and heater diagnostic trouble codes, See Air Conditioner Controller (ACF) Diagnostic Trouble Codes. (Group 9001-40.)

Change Displayed Diagnostic Trouble Code

In case more than one fault is detected, press either "^" or "v" temperature control switch to display the fault code on the monitor in order. Each time the displayed fault code is changed, a buzzer will sound.

Delete Displayed Diagnostic Trouble Code

Press and hold both the circulation air switch and the fresh air switch at the same time for more than 3 seconds to delete the displayed diagnostic trouble code. After the diagnostic trouble code is deleted, a buzzer will sound. After all diagnostic trouble codes have been deleted, the LCD will display "E00."

End Diagnostic Trouble Code Display

Press the fan OFF switch to exit the self-diagnostic mode.

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LD30992,0000497 -19-23MAR06-1/1

Heater and Air Conditioner Component Location





TX1007229

 1—Air Conditioner and Heater Controller 2—Heater Core 3—Air Conditioner High/Low Pressure Switch 4—Heater Hot Coolant Return Line 5—Heater Hot Coolant Supply Line 	6—Air Conditioner Evaporator 7—Air Conditioner and Heater Blower Motor 8—Air Conditioner Condenser 9—Air Conditioner-to-Receiver-Drye Line	10—Receiver-Dryer 11—Receiver-Dryer-to-Air Conditioner Evaporator Line 12—Air Conditioner-to-Air r Conditioner Condenser Line	13—Air Conditioner Compressor 14—Air Conditioner Evaporator-to-Air Conditioner Compressor Line
			LD30992,0000498 -19-22MAY06-2/2

Refrigerant Cautions and Proper Handling

CAUTION: DO NOT allow liquid refrigerant to contact eyes or skin. Liquid refrigerant will freeze eyes or skin on contact. Wear goggles, gloves and protective clothing.

If liquid refrigerant contacts eyes or skin, DO NOT rub the area. Splash large amounts of COOL water on affected area. Go to a physician or hospital immediately for treatment.

DO NOT allow refrigerant to contact open flames or very hot surfaces such as electric welding arc, electric heating element and lighted smoking materials.

DO NOT heat refrigerant over 52°C (125°F) in a closed container. Heated refrigerant will develop high pressure, which can burst the container.

Keep refrigerant containers away from heat sources. Store refrigerant in a cool place.

DO NOT handle damp refrigerant container with your bare hands. Skin may freeze to container. Wear gloves.

If skin freezes to container, pour COOL water over container to free the skin. Go to a physician or hospital immediately for treatment.

IMPORTANT: To meet government standards relating to the use of refrigerants,

R134a is used in the air conditioning system. Because it does not contain chlorine, R134a is not detrimental to the ozone in the atmosphere. However, it is illegal to discharge any refrigerant into the atmosphere. It must be recovered using the appropriate recovery stations.

Use correct refrigerant recovery, recycling and charging stations. Never mix refrigerants, hoses, fittings, components or refrigerant oils.

Use only John Deere approved R134a refrigerant products. Mixing of products not compatible will cause system damage and contaminate recovery, recycling and charging station equipment. Care must be taken to identify and use equipment, refrigerant oil and refrigerant designed only for R134a refrigerant systems. Refrigerant should be tested for type and purity before recovery, recycling or charging of system. JT02167A refrigerant test instrument should be used before any testing or repair to system is performed.

Continued on next page

LD30992,000049F -19-23MAR06-1/2

Prism Pro Refrigerant Identification Instrument....JT02167A

To safely identify type and check purity of refrigerant prior to recovery, recycling and recharging of A/C systems.

LD30992,000049F -19-23MAR06-2/2

Heating and Air Conditioning Operational Checks

LD30992,0000499 -19-23MAR06-1/1

() Visual Inspection of Components

---1/1

Lines and Hoses Check	Inspect all lines and hoses.	YES: Go to next check.
	LOOK/FEEL: Are all lines and hoses straight and in good condition, NOT kinked, worn from rubbing, or "weather checked"?	NO: Reposition hoses and lines. Replace any hoses or lines that require
	LOOK/FEEL: Are hose and line connections clean and NOT showing signs of leakage, such as dirt, oil, or refrigerant dye?	replacement. Adjust and tighten clamps as necessary.
	LOOK/FEEL: Are all hose and line clamps in place and tight, with cushions or rubber inserts in place to prevent crushing or scuffing hoses or lines?	
1 5 2		
		1/1
Tests

Air Conditioner Compressor Check	Inspect compressor. LOOK/FEEL: Is belt properly tensioned on pulley?	YES: Go to next check. NO: Repair or replace components as	
	LOOK/FEEL: Is belt in good condition, NOT frayed, worn, or glazed?	necessary.	
	LOOK/FEEL: Is belt tensioner in good condition, NOT worn or damaged?		
	LOOK/FEEL: Is compressor pulley in good condition and properly aligned with belt drive pulley on engine?		
	LOOK/FEEL: Are compressor mounting brackets in good condition, and is mounting hardware properly tightened?		
	LOOK/FEEL: Are electrical connections to compressor clean and tight? Is wiring in good condition?		
		/	
Condenser Check	Inspect condenser core.	YES: Go to next check.	
	LOOK/FEEL: Is core free of dirt and debris?	NO: Clean and straighten fins. Repair or replace	
	LOOK/FEEL: Is core NOT showing signs of leakage, such as dirt, oil, or refrigerant dye?	components as necessary.	

LOOK/FEEL: Are fins of core straight, NOT bent or damaged?

Engine Fan Check	Inspect engine fan.	YES: Go to next check.
	LOOK/FEEL: Are fan blades in good condition, NOT worn, bent, broken, or missing?	NO: Repair or replace components as
	LOOK/FEEL: Is fan securely installed?	necessary.
		1/1

Heater/Evaporator Core	Inspect heater / evaporator core.	YES: Go to next check.
	LOOK/FEEL: Is core free of dirt and debris?	NO: Clean and straighten fins. Repair or replace components as
	dye?	necessary.
	LOOK/FEEL: Are fins of core straight, NOT bent or damaged?	
	LOOK/FEEL: Is condensation drain tube attached and in good condition, NOT kinked, damaged, or clogged?	
		1/1

---1/1

Freeze Control Switch	Inspect freeze control switch capillary tube.	YES: Go to next check.
cupility rube check	LOOK/FEEL: Is capillary tube straight, NOT kinked or broken?	NO: If capillary tube is kinked or broken, replace
	LOOK/FEEL: Is capillary tube properly positioned and securely inserted in evaporator core?	freeze control switch.
		NO: If capillary tube is improperly positioned, test freeze control switch. See Air Conditioner Freeze Control Switch Test. (Group 9031-25.)

Cab Air Filter Check	Inspect cab air filter.	YES: Go to next check.
	LOOK/FEEL: Is filter clean and free of debris?	NO: Clean or replace cab air filters.See Clean Cab Fresh Air and Recirculating Air Filters. (Operator's Manual.)
		1/1

Cab Door and Windows	Open and close cab door and windows. Inspect seals.	YES: Check complete.
	LOOK/FEEL: Are seals present, properly installed, and in good condition?	NO: Adjust door and windows Benair or
	LOOK/FEEL: Do door and windows contact seals evenly?	replace components as necessary.
		1/1

R134a Air Conditioning System Test

Information not available at the time of release.

LD30992,000049A -19-08JUN06-1/1

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Air Conditioner Compressor Clutch Test

- 1. Disconnect connector (1) from clutch.
- 2. Connect battery voltage to clutch connector.
- 3. Clutch solenoid should engage and will "click".
- If clutch solenoid does not engage repair or replace compressor. See Compressor Remove and Install (Group 1830.) and see Compressor Clutch Disassemble and Assemble. (Group 1830.)
- If clutch solenoid engages check harness. See Air Conditioning Harness (W6) Wiring Diagram. (Group 9015-10.)



LD30992,000049B -19-23MAR06-1/1

Refrigerant Leak Test

- 1. Inspect all lines, fittings, and components for oily or dusty spots. When refrigerant leaks from the system, a small amount of oil is carried out with it.
- 2. A soap and water solution can be sprayed on the components in the system to form bubbles at the source of the leak.
- 3. If a leak detector is used, move the leak detector probe under the hoses and around the connections at a rate of 25 mm (1 in.) per second.
- 4. Some refrigerant manufacturers add dye to refrigerant to aid in leak detection.

TX,9031,UU3168 -19-13AUG96-1/1

Refrigerant Hoses and Tubing Inspection

IMPORTANT: Hose used for air conditioning systems contains special barriers in its walls to prevent migration of refrigerant gas.

DO NOT use hydraulic hoses as replacement hoses in the air conditioning system. Use ONLY certified hose meeting SAE J51B requirements.

When a component is disconnected from the system, special care should be given to inspecting hoses and tubing for moisture, grease, dirt, rust, or other foreign material. If such contamination is present in hoses, tubing, or fittings and cannot be removed by cleaning, then replace parts.

Fittings that have grease or dirt on them should be wiped clean with a cloth dampened with alcohol. Chlorinated solvents (such as trichloroethylene) are contaminants, and must not be used for cleaning.

To assist in making leak-proof joints, use a small amount of clean correct viscosity refrigerant oil on all hose and tube connections. Dip O-rings in correct viscosity oil before assembling.

LD30992,000049C -19-23MAR06-1/1

Air Conditioner Compressor Belt Check and Adjustment

See Check and Adjust A/C Belt. (Operator's Manual.)

LD30992,000049D -19-23MAR06-1/1

Operating Pressure Diagnostic Chart

Condition	Low-side kPa (bar) (psi)	High-side kPa (bar) (psi)	Sight Glass	Suction Line	Receiver- Dryer	Liquid Line	Discharge Line	Discharge Air
Lack of Refrigerant	Very Low	Very Low	Clear	Slightly Cool	Slightly Warm	Slightly Warm	Slightly Warm	Warm
Loss of Refrigerant	Low	Low	Bubbles	Cool	Warm to Hot	Warm	Warm to Hot	Slightly Cool
High-side Restriction	Low	Low	Clear	Cool	Cool, Sweating or Frosting	Cool, Sweating or Frosting	Hot to Point of Restriction	Slightly Cool
Expansion Valve Closed	Low	Low	Clear	Cold, Sweating or Frosting Heavily at Valve Outlet	Warm	Warm	Hot	Slightly Cool
Loose Belt or Compressor Failure	High	Low	Clear	Cool	Warm	Warm	Warm	Slightly Cool
Condenser Malfunction	High	High	Clear to Occasional Bubbles	Slightly Cool to Warm	Hot	Hot	Hot	Warm
Refrigerant Contaminated and Air in System	High	High	Bubbles	Warm to Hot	Warm	Warm	Hot	Warm
Expansion Valve Open	High	High	Clear	Cold, Sweating or Frosting Heavily	Warm	Warm	Hot	Slightly Cool
Plugged Condenser, Overcharge of Refrigerant	Normal	High	Clear	Cool	Warm	Warm	Hot	Slightly Cool
Moisture in System	Normal (May Drop)	Normal (May Drop)	Clear	Cool	Warm	Warm	Hot	Cool to Warm
Heater Valve Stuck Open	Normal	Normal	Clear	Cool	Warm	Warm	Hot	Warm
Lack of Refrigerant and Air in System	Normal (No Drop)	Normal	Occasional Bubbles	Warm to Hot	Warm	Warm	Warm	Slightly Cool

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Terminology Cross Reference Chart

Terminology Cross Reference Chart				
John Deere Service Information Term	Alternate Term Used			
Air Filter Restriction Switch	Air Cleaner Restriction Switch			
Ambient Air Temperature Sensor	Outdoor Ambient Temperature Sensor			
Arm In Circuit Relief and Anticavitation Valve	Overload Relief Valve with Make-Up Function (Arm: Bottom Side)			
Arm Out Circuit Relief and Anticavitation Valve	Overload Relief Valve with Make-Up Function (Arm: Rod Side)			
Attenuator Hose	Tail Hose			
Boom Down Circuit Relief and Anticavitation Valve	Overload Relief Valve with Make-Up Function (Boom: Rod Side)			
Boom Down Shockless Valve	Shockless Valve			
Boom Up Circuit Relief and Anticavitation Valve	Overload Relief Valve with Make-Up Function (Boom: Bottom Side)			
Boom Up Pressure Sensor	Boom Raise Pressure Sensor			
Bucket Curl Circuit Relief and Anticavitation Valve	Overload Relief Valve with Make-Up Function (Bucket: Bottom Side)			
Bucket Dump Circuit Relief and Anticavitation Valve	Overload Relief Valve with Make-Up Function (Bucket: Rod Side)			
Cab Air Temperature Sensor	In Cab Ambient Temperature Sensor			
Center Joint	Rotary Manifold			
Check Valve (lift check)	Load Check Valve			
Diagnostic Trouble Codes	Error Codes, Fault Codes, Failure Codes			
Engine Control Unit (ECU)	Engine Control Module (ECM)			
Engine Speed Dial	Engine Control Dial or Engine RPM Dial			
Front Attachment Pressure Sensor	Dig and Swing Pressure Sensor			
Hydraulic Pumps (pump 1, pump 2, pilot pump)	Pump Device			
Information Controller (ICF)	ICX or ICF			
Intercooler	Charge Air Cooler			
Light	Lamp			
Main Controller (MCF)	MC, MCX			
Main Relief and Power Digging Valve	Main Relief Valve, System Relief Valve			
Pilot Control Lever, Right/Left	Control Lever, Right/Left			
Pilot Shutoff Lever	Pilot Control Shut-Off Lever			
Pilot Pressure Regulating Valve	Relief Valve, Pilot Relief Valve			
Pilot Shutoff Solenoid Valve	Pilot Shut-off Valve			
Pilot Signal Manifold	Power Boost Switch, Signal Control Valve			
Power Dig Switch	Power Digging Switch			
Pump 2 Flow Rate Limit Solenoid Valve	Maximum Pump 2 Flow Rate Control Solenoid			
Solar Sensor	Solar Radiation Sensor			
Solenoid Valve Manifold	4-Spool Solenoid Valve Unit			
Starter Relay	Starter Cut Relay			
Swing Gearbox and Swing Motor	Swing Device, Swing Reduction Gear			
Swing Motor Make-Up Check Valve	Make-Up Valve (Swing Device)			
Switch Panel	Switch Box			

9050-05-1

Terminology Cross Reference Chart

Terminology Cross Reference Chart				
John Deere Service Information Term	Alternate Term Used			
Travel Flow Combiner Pilot Valve	Flow Combiner Valve Spool			
Travel Motor Crossover Relief Valve	Overload Relief Valve (Travel)			
Travel Motor, Travel Park Brake, Travel Device	Travel Device			
Travel Park Brake	Parking Brake			
Travel Speed Switch	Propel Speed Switch			

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Electrical, JDLINK CAN harness	~
(VV52)	2
Electrical, JDLINK ^{IM} Jumper namess	~
(W54)	2
Electrical, JDLink [™] power harness	_
(W53)	2
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