

PART NO. TT4GD-E-00

**HITACHI**

ZW180 WHEEL LOADER TECHNICAL MANUAL TROUBLESHOOTING

# Technical Manual

## Troubleshooting

# ZW

# 180

# Wheel Loader

 **Hitachi Construction Machinery**

URL:<http://www.hitachi-c-m.com>

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Service Manual consists of the following separate Part No.  
Technical Manual (Operational Principle) : Vol. No.TO4GD-E  
Technical Manual (Troubleshooting) : Vol. No.TT4GD-E  
Workshop Manual : Vol. No.W4GD-E



# INTRODUCTION

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## TO THE READER

- This manual is written for an experienced technician to provide technical information needed to maintain and repair this machine.
- Be sure to thoroughly read this manual for correct product information and service procedures.
- If you have any questions or comments, at if you found any errors regarding the contents of this manual, please contact using “Service Manual Revision Request Form” at the end of this manual. (Note: Do not tear off the form. Copy it for usage.):  
Publications Marketing & Product Support  
Hitachi Construction Machinery Co. Ltd.  
TEL: 81-29-832-7084  
FAX: 81-29-831-1162

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## ADDITIONAL REFERENCES

- Please refer to the materials listed below in addition to this manual.
  - The Operator’s Manual
  - The Parts Catalog
  - The Engine Manual
  - Parts Catalog of the Engine
  - Hitachi Training Material

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## MANUAL COMPOSITION

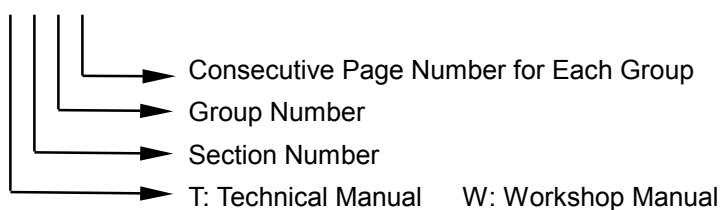
- This manual consists of three portions: the Technical Manual (Operational Principle), the Technical Manual (Troubleshooting) and the Workshop Manual.
- Information included in the Technical Manual (Operational Principle):  
technical information needed for redelivery and delivery, operation and activation of all devices and systems.
- Information included in the Technical Manual (Troubleshooting):  
technical information needed for operational performance tests, and troubleshooting procedures.
- Information included in the Workshop Manual:  
technical information needed for maintenance and repair of the machine, tools and devices needed for maintenance and repair, maintenance standards, and removal/installation and assemble/disassemble procedures.

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## PAGE NUMBER

- Each page has a number, located on the center lower part of the page, and each number contains the following information:


Example : T 1-3-5



# INTRODUCTION


## SAFETY ALERT SYMBOL AND HEADLINE NOTATIONS

In this manual, the following safety alert symbol and signal words are used to alert the reader to the potential for personal injury or machine damage.


 This is the safety alert symbol. When you see this symbol, be alert to the potential for personal injury. Never fail to follow the safety instructions prescribed along with the safety alert symbol.

The safety alert symbol is also used to draw attention to component/part weights.

To avoid injury and damage, be sure to use appropriate lifting techniques and equipment when lifting heavy parts.

-  **CAUTION:**  
Indicated potentially hazardous situation which could, if not avoided, result in personal injury or death.

- **IMPORTANT:**  
Indicates a situation which, if not conformed to the instructions, could result in damage to the machine.

-  **NOTE:**  
Indicates supplementary technical information or know-how.

## UNITS USED

- SI Units (International System of Units) are used in this manual.  
MKSA system units and English units are also indicated in parentheses just behind SI units.

Example : 24.5 MPa (250 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>, 3560 psi)

A table for conversion from SI units to other system units is shown below for reference purposes.

Quantity	To Convert From	Into	Multiply By	Quantity	To Convert From	Into	Multiply By
Length	mm	in	0.03937	Pressure	MPa	kgf/cm <sup>2</sup>	10.197
	mm	ft	0.003281		MPa	psi	145.0
Volume	L	US gal	0.2642	Power	kW	PS	1.360
	L	US qt	1.057		kW	HP	1.341
	m <sup>3</sup>	yd <sup>3</sup>	1.308	Temperature	°C	°F	°C×1.8+32
Weight	kg	lb	2.205	Velocity	km/h	mph	0.6214
Force	N	kgf	0.10197		min <sup>-1</sup>	rpm	1.0
	N	lbf	0.2248	Flow rate	L/min	US gpm	0.2642
Torque	N·m	kgf·m	1.0197		mL/rev	cc/rev	1.0
	N·m	lbf·ft	0.7375				

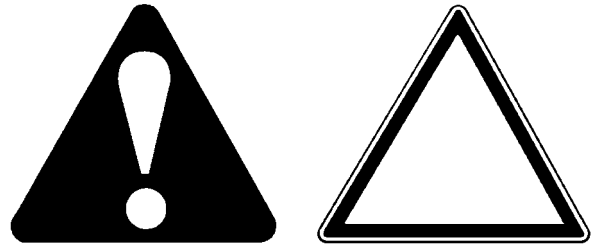


# SAFETY

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## RECOGNIZE SAFETY INFORMATION

- These are the **SAFETY ALERT SYMBOLS**.
  - When you see these symbols on your machine or in operator`s manual, be alert to the potential for personal injury.
  - Follow recommended precautions and safe operating practices.



001-E01A-0001

SA-688

## UNDERSTAND SIGNAL WORDS

- On machine safety signs, signal words designating the degree or level of hazard - **DANGER**, **WARNING**, or **CAUTION** - are used with the safety alert symbol.
  - **DANGER** indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.
  - **WARNING** indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.
  - **CAUTION** indicates a potentially hazardous situation
    - which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury.
  - **DANGER** or **WARNING** safety signs are located near specific hazards. General precautions are listed on **CAUTION** safety signs.
  - Some safety signs don't use any of the designated signal words above after the safety alert symbol are occasionally used on this machine.
- To avoid confusing machine protection with personal safety messages, a signal word **IMPORTANT** indicates a situation which, if not avoided, could result in damage to the machine.
-  **NOTE** indicates an additional explanation for an element of information.



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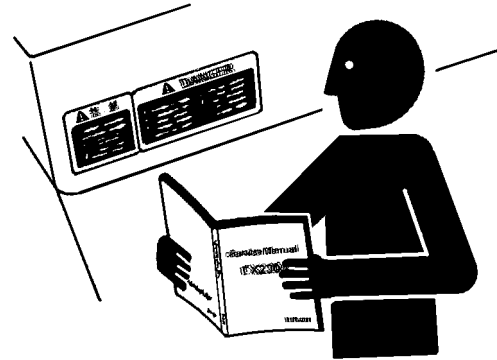
SA-1223

# SAFETY

## FOLLOW SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

- Carefully read and follow all safety signs on the machine and all safety messages in operator's manual.
- Safety signs should be installed, maintained and replaced when necessary.
  - If a safety sign or operator's manual is damaged or missing, order a replacement from your authorized dealer in the same way you order other replacement parts (be sure to state machine model and serial number when ordering).
- Learn how to operate the machine and its controls correctly and safely.
- Allow only trained, qualified, authorized personnel to operate the machine.
- Keep your machine in proper working condition.
  - Unauthorized modifications of the machine may impair its function and/or safety and affect machine life.
  - Do not modify any machine parts without authorization. Failure to do so may deteriorate the part safety, function, and/or service life. In addition, personal accident, machine trouble, and/or damage to material caused by unauthorized modifications will void Hitachi Warranty Policy.
  - Do not use attachments and/or optional parts or equipment not authorized by Hitachi. Failure to do so may deteriorate the safety, function, and/or service life of the machine. In addition, personal accident, machine trouble, and/or damage to material caused by using unauthorized attachments and/or optional parts or equipment will void Hitachi Warranty Policy.
- The safety messages in this SAFETY chapter are intended to illustrate basic safety procedures of machines. However it is impossible for these safety messages to cover every hazardous situation you may encounter. If you have any questions, you should first consult your supervisor and/or your authorized dealer before operating or performing maintenance work on the machine.

003-E01B-0003



SA-003

## PREPARE FOR EMERGENCIES

- Be prepared if a fire starts or if an accident occurs.
  - Keep a first aid kit and fire extinguisher on hand.
  - Thoroughly read and understand the label attached on the fire extinguisher to use it properly.
  - To ensure that a fire-extinguisher can be always used when necessary, check and service the fire-extinguisher at the recommended intervals as specified in the fire-extinguisher manual.
  - Establish emergency procedure guidelines to cope with fires and accidents.
  - Keep emergency numbers for doctors, ambulance service, hospital, and fire department posted near your telephone.



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# SAFETY

## WEAR PROTECTIVE CLOTHING

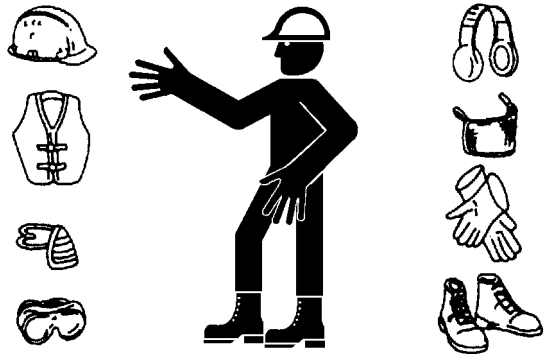
- Wear close fitting clothing and safety equipment appropriate to the job.

You may need:

- A hard hat
- Safety shoes
- Safety glasses, goggles, or face shield
- Heavy gloves
- Hearing protection
- Reflective clothing
- Wet weather gear
- Respirator or filter mask.

Be sure to wear the correct equipment and clothing for the job. Do not take any chances.

- Avoid wearing loose clothing, jewelry, or other items that can catch on control levers or other parts of the machine.
- Operating equipment safely requires the full attention of the operator. Do not wear radio or music headphones while operating the machine.



SA-438

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## PROTECT AGAINST NOISE

- Prolonged exposure to loud noise can cause impairment or loss of hearing.
  - Wear a suitable hearing protective device such as earmuffs or earplugs to protect against objectionable or uncomfortably loud noises.



006-E01A-0434

SA-434

## INSPECT MACHINE

- Inspect your machine carefully each day or shift by walking around it before you start it to avoid personal injury.
  - In the walk-around inspection be sure to cover all points described in the “PRE-START INSPECTION” chapter in the operator’s manual.



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SA-435

# SAFETY

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## GENERAL PRECAUTIONS FOR CAB

- Before entering the cab, thoroughly remove all dirt and/or oil from the soles of your work boots. If any controls such as a pedal is operated while with dirt and/or oil on the soles of the operator's work boots the operator's foot may slip off the pedal, possibly resulting in a personal accident.
- Do not leave parts and/or tools lying around the operator's seat. Store them in their specified locations.
- Avoid storing transparent bottles in the cab. Do not attach any transparent type window decorations on the windowpanes as they may focus sunlight, possibly starting a fire.
- Refrain from listening to the radio, or using music headphones or mobile telephones in the cab while operating the machine.
- Keep all flammable objects and/or explosives away from the machine.
- After using the ashtray, always cover it to extinguish the match and/or tobacco.
- Do not leave cigarette lighters in the cab. When the temperature in the cab increases, the lighter may explode.

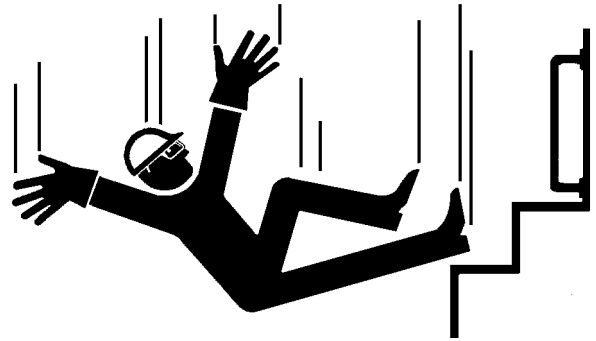
524-E01A-0000

## SAFETY

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### USE HANDHOLDS AND STEPS

- Falling is one of the major causes of personal injury.
  - When you get on and off the machine, always face the machine and maintain a three-point contact with the steps and handrails.
  - Do not use any controls as hand-holds.
  - Never jump on or off the machine. Never mount or dismount a moving machine.
  - Be careful of slippery conditions on platforms, steps, and handrails when leaving the machine.



008-E01A-0439

SA-439

### ADJUST THE OPERATOR'S SEAT

- A poorly adjusted seat for either the operator or for the work at hand may quickly fatigue the operator leading to misoperations.
  - The seat should be adjusted whenever changing the operator for the machine.
  - The operator should be able to fully depress the pedals and to correctly operate the control levers with his back against the seat back.
  - If not, move the seat forward or backward, and check again.
  - Adjust the rear view mirror position so that the best rear visibility is obtained from the operator's seat. If the mirror is broken, immediately replace it with a new one.



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009-E01A-0462

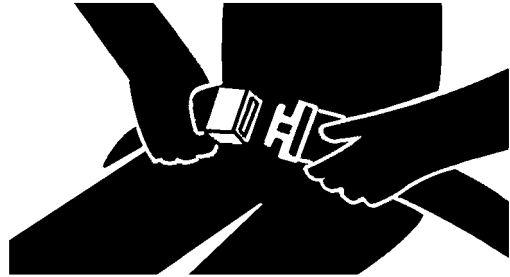
### ENSURE SAFETY BEFORE RISING FROM OR LEAVING OPERATOR'S SEAT

- Before rising from the operator's seat to open/close either side window or to adjust the seat position, be sure to first lower the front attachment to the ground and then move the pilot control shut-off lever to the LOCK position. Failure to do so may allow the machine to unexpectedly move when a body part unintentionally comes in contact with a control lever, possibly resulting in serious personal injury or death.
  - Before leaving the machine, be sure to first lower the front attachment to the ground and then move the pilot control shut-off lever to the LOCK position. Turn the key switch OFF to stop the engine.
  - Before leaving the machine, close all windows, doors, and access covers and lock them up.

# SAFETY

## FASTEN YOUR SEAT BELT

- If the machine should overturn, the operator may become injured and/or thrown from the cab. Additionally the operator may be crushed by the overturning machine, resulting in serious injury or death.
  - Prior to operating the machine, thoroughly examine webbing, buckle and attaching hardware. If any item is damaged or worn, replace the seat belt or component before operating the machine.
  - Be sure to remain seated with the seat belt securely fastened at all times when the machine is in operation to minimize the chance of injury from an accident.
  - We recommend that the seat belt be replaced every three years regardless of its apparent condition.

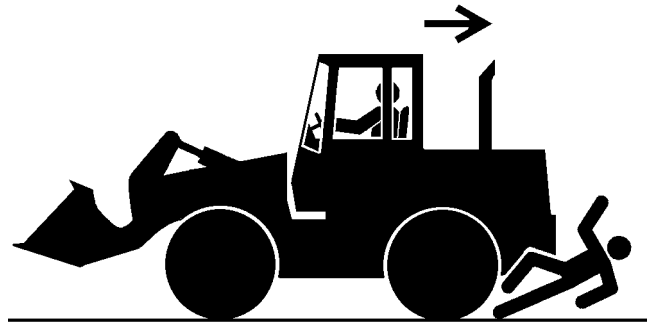


SA-237

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## MOVE AND OPERATE MACHINE SAFELY

- Bystanders can be run over.
  - Take extra care not to run over bystanders. Confirm the location of bystanders before moving, or operating the machine.
  - Always keep the travel alarm and horn in working condition (if equipped). It warns people when the machine starts to move.
  - Use a signal person when moving, swinging, or operating the machine in congested areas. Coordinate hand signals before starting the machine.
  - Use appropriate illumination. Check that all lights are operable before operating the machine. If any faulty illumination is present, immediately repair it.



SA-398

011-E01A-0398

## HANDLE STARTING AIDS SAFELY

Starting fluid:

- Starting fluid is highly flammable.
  - Keep all sparks and flame away when using it.
  - Keep starting fluid well away from batteries and cables.
  - Remove container from machine if engine does not need starting fluid.
  - To prevent accidental discharge when storing a pressurized container, keep the cap on the container, and store it in a cool, well-protected location.
  - Do not incinerate or puncture a starting fluid container.



SA-293

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## SAFETY

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### OPERATE ONLY FROM OPERATOR'S SEAT

- Inappropriate engine starting procedures may cause the machine to runaway, possibly resulting in serious injury or death.
  - Start the engine only when seated in the operator's seat.
  - NEVER start the engine while standing on the track or on ground.
  - Do not start engine by shorting across starter terminals.
  - Before starting the engine, confirm that all control levers are in neutral.
  - Before starting the engine, confirm the safety around the machine and sound the horn to alert bystanders.



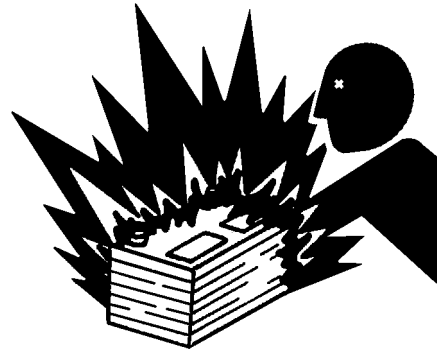
SA-431

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### JUMP STARTING

- Battery gas can explode, resulting in serious injury.
  - If the engine must be jump started, be sure to follow the instructions shown in the "OPERATING THE ENGINE" chapter in the operator's manual.
  - The operator must be in the operator's seat so that the machine will be under control when the engine starts.
  - Jump starting is a two-person operation.
  - Never use a frozen battery.
  - Failure to follow correct jump starting procedures could result in a battery explosion or a runaway machine.



SA-032

S013-E01A-0032 SA-032

## SAFETY

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### INVESTIGATE JOB SITE BEFOREHAND

- When working at the edge of an excavation or on a road shoulder, the machine could tip over, possibly resulting in serious injury or death.
  - Investigate the configuration and ground conditions of the job site beforehand to prevent the machine from falling and to prevent the ground, stockpiles, or banks from collapsing.
  - Make a work plan. Use machines appropriate to the work and job site.
  - Reinforce ground, edges, and road shoulders as necessary. Keep the machine well back from the edges of excavations and road shoulders.
  - When working on an incline or on a road shoulder, employ a signal person as required.
  - Confirm that your machine is equipped a FOPS cab before working in areas where the possibility of falling stones or debris exist.
  - When the footing is weak, reinforce the ground before starting work.
  - When working on frozen ground, be extremely alert. As ambient temperatures rise, footing becomes loose and slippery.
  - Beware the possibility of fire when operating the machine near flammable objects such as dry grass.



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## SAFETY

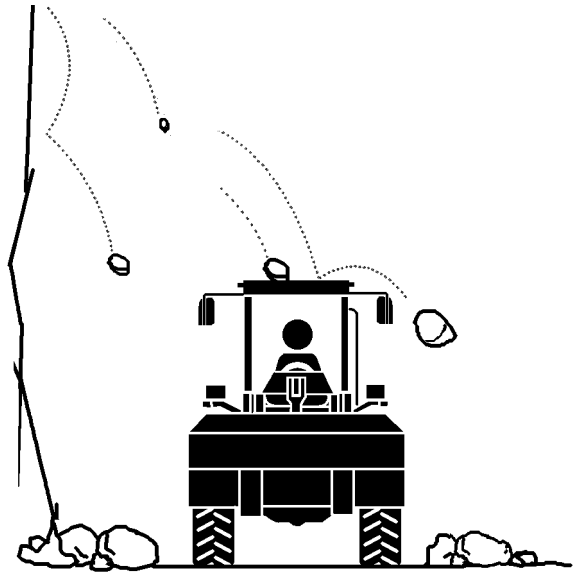
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### EQUIPMENT OF HEAD GUARD, ROPS, FOPS

In case the machine is operated in areas where the possibility of falling stones or debris exist, equip a head guard, ROPS, or FOPS according to the potential hazardous conditions. (The standard cab for this machine corresponds to ROPS and FOPS.)

ROPS: Roll-Over Protective Structure

FOPS: Falling Object Protective Structure



SA-521

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### PROVIDE SIGNALS FOR JOBS INVOLVING MULTIPLE NUMBERS OF MACHINES

- For jobs involving multiple numbers of machines, provide signals commonly known by all personnel involved. Also, appoint a signal person to coordinate the job site. Make sure that all personnel obey the signal person's directions.



018-E01A-0481

SA-481

# SAFETY

## KEEP RIDERS OFF MACHINE

- Riders on machine are subject to injury such as being struck by foreign objects and being thrown off the machine.
  - Only the operator should be on the machine. Keep riders off.
  - Riders also obstruct the operator's view, resulting in the machine being operated in an unsafe manner.

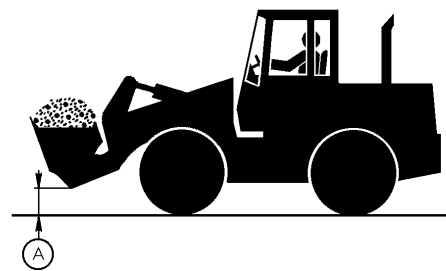


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SA-427

## DRIVE SAFELY

- Beware of the possibility of slipping and/or turning over the machine when driving on a slope.
  - When driving on level ground, hold the bucket at mark (A) 400 to 500 mm above the ground as illustrated.
  - Avoid driving over any obstacles.
  - Drive the machine slowly when driving on rough terrain.
  - Avoid quick direction changes. Failure to do so may cause the machine to turn over.
  - If the engine stops while driving, the steering function becomes inoperative. Immediately stop the machine by applying the brake to prevent personal accident.

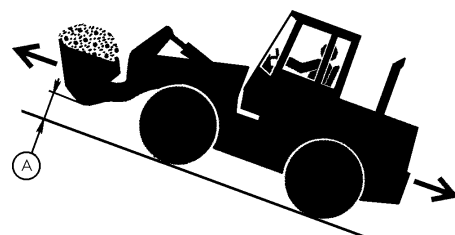


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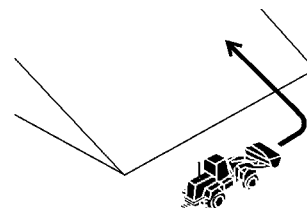
SA-448

## DRIVE MACHINE SAFELY (WORK SITE)

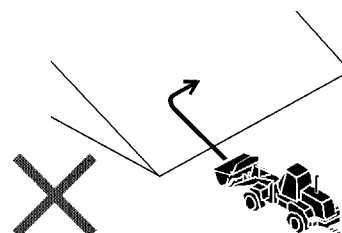
- Before driving the machine, always confirm that the steering wheel/F-N-R lever direction corresponds to the direction you wish to drive.
  - Be sure to detour around any obstructions.
- Driving on a slope may cause the machine to slip or overturn, possibly resulting in serious injury or death.
  - When driving up or down a slope, keep the bucket facing the direction of travel, approximately 200 to 300 mm (approximately 8 to 12 in) (A) above the ground.
  - If the machine starts to skid or becomes unstable, immediately lower the bucket to the ground and stop.
- Driving across the face of a slope or steering on a slope may cause the machine to skid or overturn. If the direction must be changed, move the machine to level ground, then, change the direction to ensure safe operation.



SA-449



SA-450



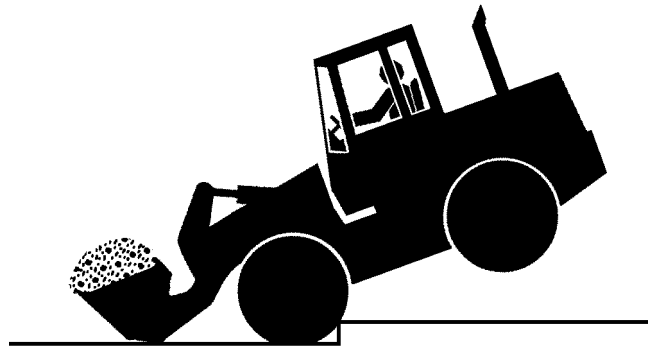
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SA-451

## SAFETY

### DRIVE SAFELY WITH BUCKET LOADED

- If the machine is incorrectly operated while driving with the bucket loaded, turning over of the machine may result. Be sure to follow all the instructions indicated below.
  - When driving the machine on a job site with the bucket loaded, hold the bucket as low as possible to keep the machine balanced and to have good visibility.
  - Do not exceed the rated load capacity. Always operate the machine within the rated load capacity.
  - Avoid fast starts, stops, and quick turns. Failure to do so may result in personal injury and/or death.
  - Avoid rapid drive direction changes which could possibly cause personal injury and/or death.

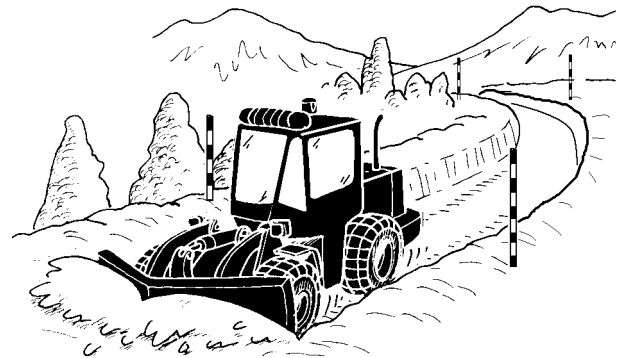


SA-400

051-E02A-0400

### DRIVE ON SNOW SAFELY

- Beware of the possibility of slipping or turning over the machine when driving on frozen snow surfaces.
  - The machine may slip more easily than expected on frozen snow surfaces even if the inclination is small. Reduce speed when driving. Avoid fast starts, stops and quick turns.
  - Road shoulder and/or set-up utilities covered with snow are difficult to locate. Be sure where they are before removing snow.
  - Be sure to use tire chains when driving on snow.
  - Avoid applying the brake for quick stops on snow. If a quick stop is required, lower the bucket to the ground.

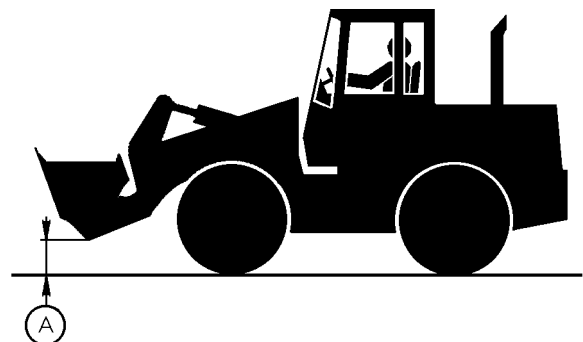


SA-452

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### TRAVEL ON PUBLIC ROADS SAFELY

- This machine is not allowed to drive on public roads with the bucket loaded.
  - Be sure to empty the bucket.
  - Hold the bucket at mark (A) 400 to 500 mm above the road surface as illustrated.



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SA-453

## SAFETY

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### AVOID INJURY FROM ROLLAWAY ACCIDENTS

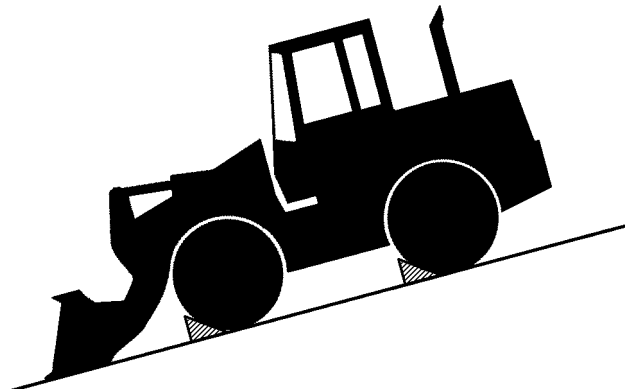
- Death or serious injury may result if you attempt to mount or stop a moving machine.

To avoid rollaways:

- Select level ground when possible to park machine.
- Do not park the machine on a grade.
- Lower the bucket to the ground.
- Place the F-N-R lever in neutral, and put the park brake switch in the ON (parking brake) position.
- Run the engine at slow idle speed without load for 5 minutes to cool down the engine.
- Stop the engine and remove the key from the key switch.
- Pull the lock lever to LOCK position.
- Block both tires and lower the bucket to the ground.
- Position the machine to prevent rolling.
- Park a reasonable distance from other machines.



SA-457



SA-458

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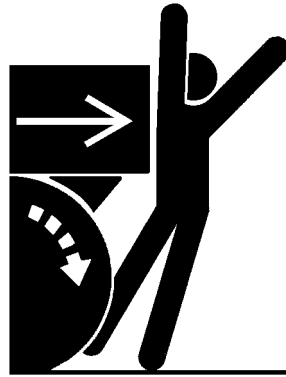
## SAFETY

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### AVOID ACCIDENTS FROM BACKING UP AND TURNING

- Make sure no one is working under or close to the machine before backing up or turning the machine to avoid personal injury and/or death by being run over or entangled in the machine.
  - Keep all personnel away from the machine by sounding the horn and/or using hand signals. Use extra care to be sure no one is in from the articulation area before turning the machine.
  - Keep windows, mirrors, and lights in good condition.
  - Reduce travel speed when dust, heavy rain, fog, etc., reduce the visibility.
  - In case good visibility is not obtained, use a signal person to guide you.

021-E02A-0517



SA-383



SA-312

## SAFETY

### AVOID POSITIONING BUCKET OVER ANYONE

- Never allow the bucket to pass over co-workers and/or the dump truck operator's cab. Falling soil from the bucket or contact with bucket may cause serious personal accidents and/or damage to the machine.
  - Avoid carrying the bucket over the co-workers to ensure safe operation.



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SA-518

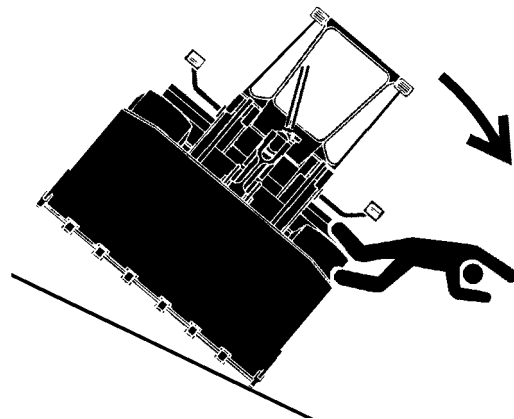
### AVOID TIPPING

**DO NOT ATTEMPT TO JUMP CLEAR OF TIPPING MACHINE. MACHINE WILL TIP OVER FASTER THAN YOU CAN JUMP FREE, POSSIBLY RESULTING IN SERIOUS PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH. IF TIPPING OVER OF THE MACHINE IS PREDICTED, SECURELY HOLD THE STEERING WHEEL TO PREVENT YOUR BODY FROM BEING THROWN OUT OF THE MACHINE.**

**MACHINE WILL TIP OVER FASTER THAN YOU CAN JUMP FREE**

#### **FASTEN YOUR SEAT BELT**

- The danger of tipping is always present when operating on a grade, possibly resulting in serious injury or death.
  - To avoid tipping:
- Be extra careful before operating on a grade.
  - Prepare machine operating area flat.
  - Keep the bucket low to the ground and close to the machine.
  - Reduce operating speeds to avoid tipping or slipping.
  - Avoid changing direction when traveling on grades.
  - NEVER attempt to travel across a grade steeper than 5 degrees if crossing the grade is unavoidable.
  - Reduce swing speed as necessary when swinging loads.
- Be careful when working on frozen ground.
  - Temperature increases will cause the ground to become soft and make ground travel unstable.



SA-463

## SAFETY

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### NEVER UNDERCUT A HIGH BANK

- The edges could collapse or a land slide could occur causing serious injury or death.

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SA-519

### DIG WITH CAUTION

Before digging, check the location of cables, gas lines, and water lines.

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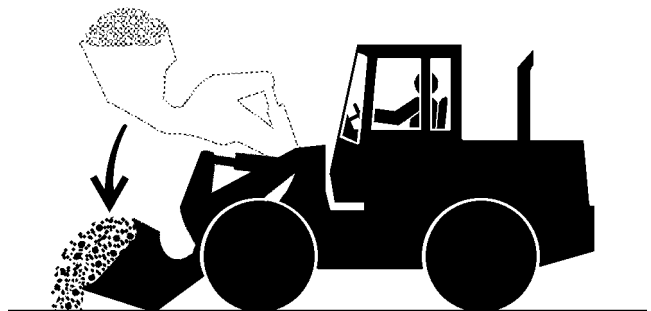


SA-396

### PERFORM TRUCK LOADING SAFELY

- Do not operate the machine involuntarily. Unexpected machine movement may cause personal injury and/or death.
  - Do not lower the bucket with the loader control lever in the FLOAT position. The bucket may free fall, possibly causing personal injury and/or death.
  - Always select a level surface for truck loading.

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SA-397

# SAFETY

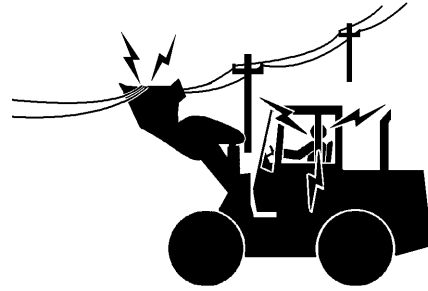
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## AVOID POWER LINES

Serious injury or death can result from contact with electric lines.

Never move any part of the machine or load closer to any electric line than 3 m (10 ft) plus twice the line insulator length.

29-E01A-0455



SA-455

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## PRECAUTIONS FOR OPERATION

- If the front attachment or any part of the machine comes in contact with an overhead obstacle, both the machine and the overhead obstacle may become damaged, and personal injury may result.
  - Take care to avoid coming in contact with overhead obstacles with the bucket or arm during operation.

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## PRECAUTIONS FOR LIGHTENING

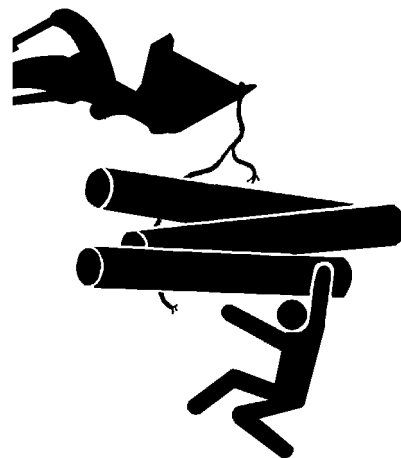
- The machine is vulnerable to lightning strikes.
  - In the event of an electrical storm, immediately stop operation, and lower the bucket to the ground. Evacuate to a safe place far away from the machine.
  - After the electrical storm has passed, check all of the machine safety devices for any failure. If any failed safety devices are found, operate the machine only after repairing them.

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## OBJECT HANDLING

- If a lifted load should fall, any person nearby may be struck by the falling load or may be crushed underneath it, resulting in serious injury or death.
  - When using the machine for craning operations, be sure to comply with all local regulations.
  - Do not use damaged chains or frayed cables, cables, slings, or ropes.
  - Before craning, position the upperstructure with the position of the bucket support located on the chassis at the front.
  - Move the load slowly and carefully. Never move it suddenly.
  - Keep all persons well away from the load.
  - Never move a load over a person's head.
  - Do not allow anyone to approach the load until it is safely and securely situated on supporting blocks or on the ground.
  - Never attach a sling or chain to the bucket teeth. They may come off, causing the load to fall.

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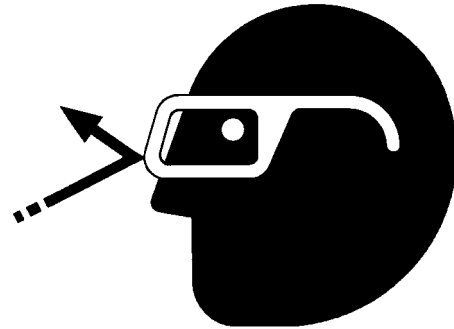


## SAFETY

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### PROTECT AGAINST FLYING DEBRIS

- If flying debris hit eyes or any other part of the body, serious injury may result.
  - Guard against injury from flying pieces of metal or debris; wear goggles or safety glasses.
  - Keep bystanders away from the working area before striking any object.



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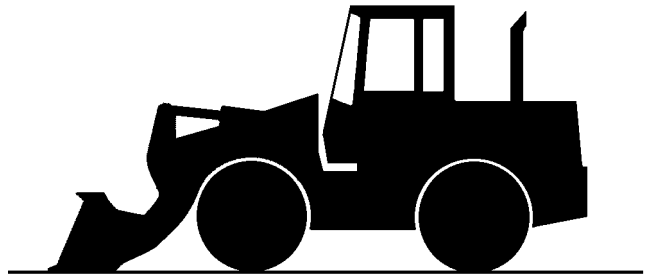
SA-432

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### PARK MACHINE SAFELY

To avoid accidents:

- Park machine on a firm, level surface.
- Lower bucket to the ground.
- Place the F-N-R lever in neutral, and put the park brake switch in the ON (parking brake) position.
- Run engine at slow idle speed without load for 5 minutes.
- Turn key switch to OFF to stop engine.
- Remove the key from the key switch.
- Lower the lock lever to the LOCK position.
- Close windows, roof vent, and cab door.
- Lock all access doors and compartments.



033-E07B-0456

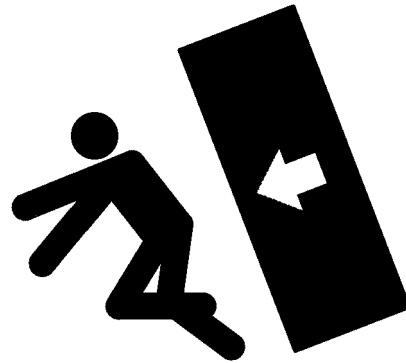
SA-456

# SAFETY

## STORE ATTACHMENTS SAFELY

- Stored attachments such as buckets, hydraulic hammers, and blades can fall and cause serious injury or death.
  - Securely store attachments and implements to prevent falling. Keep children and bystanders away from storage areas.

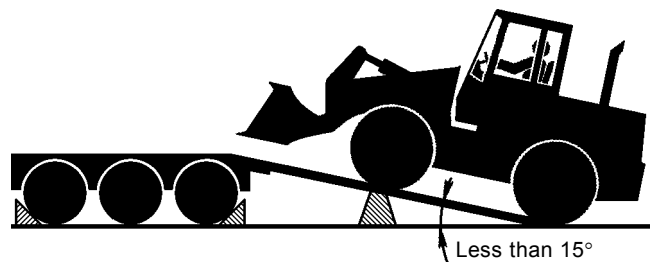
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SA-034

## TRANSPORT SAFELY

- Take care the machine may turn over when loading or unloading the machine onto or off of a truck or trailer.
  - Observe the related regulations and rules for safe transportation.
  - Select an appropriate truck or trailer for the machine to be transported.
  - Be sure to use a signal person.
  - Always follow the following precautions for loading or unloading:
    1. Select solid and level ground.
    2. Always use a ramp or deck strong enough to support the machine weight.
    3. Use the low speed gear.
    4. Never steer the machine while on the ramp. If the traveling direction must be changed while the ramp, unload the machine from the ramp, reposition the machine on the ground, then try loading again.
    5. After loading, install the lock bar to securely hold the articulation mechanism.
    6. Wedge the front and rear of tires. Securely hold the machine to the truck or trailer deck with wire ropes.



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Be sure to further follow the details described in the TRANSPORTING section.

035-E07A-0454

## SAFETY

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### HANDLE FLUIDS SAFELY-AVOID FIRES

- Handle fuel with care; it is highly flammable. If fuel ignites, an explosion and/or a fire may occur, possibly resulting in serious injury or death.
  - Do not refuel the machine while smoking or when near open flame or sparks.
  - Always stop the engine before refueling the machine.
  - Fill the fuel tank outdoors.
- All fuels, most lubricants, and some coolants are flammable.
  - Store flammable fluids well away from fire hazards.
  - Do not incinerate or puncture pressurized containers.
  - Do not store oily rags; they can ignite and burn spontaneously.
  - Securely tighten the fuel and oil filler cap.



SA-018



034-E01A-0496

SA-019

# SAFETY

## PRACTICE SAFE MAINTENANCE

To avoid accidents:

- Understand service procedures before starting work.
- Keep the work area clean and dry.
- Do not spray water or steam inside cab.
- Never lubricate or service the machine while it is moving.
- Keep hands, feet and clothing away from power-driven parts.

Before servicing the machine:

1. Park the machine on a level surface.
2. Lower the bucket to the ground.
3. Turn the auto-idle switch off.
4. Run the engine at slow idle speed without load for 5 minutes.
5. Turn the key switch to OFF to stop engine.
6. Relieve the pressure in the hydraulic system by moving the control levers several times.
7. Remove the key from the switch.
8. Attach a "Do Not Operate" tag on the control lever.
9. Lower the lock lever to the LOCK position.
10. Lock bar connects the front and rear frames.
11. Allow the engine to cool.

- If a maintenance procedure must be performed with the engine running, do not leave machine unattended.
- Never work under a machine raised by the lift arm.
- Inspect certain parts periodically and repair or replace as necessary. Refer to the section discussing that part in the "MAINTENANCE" chapter of operator's manual.
- Keep all parts in good condition and properly installed.
- Fix damage immediately. Replace worn or broken parts. Remove any buildup of grease, oil, or debris.
- When cleaning parts, always use nonflammable detergent oil. Never use highly flammable oil such as fuel oil and gasoline to clean parts or surfaces.
- Disconnect battery ground cable (-) before making adjustments to electrical systems or before performing welding on the machine.

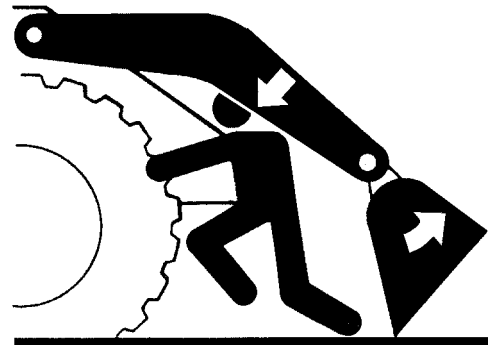
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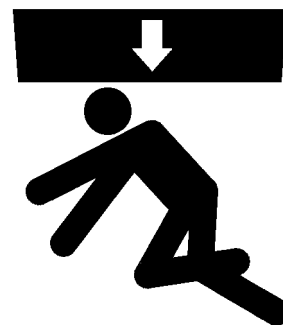
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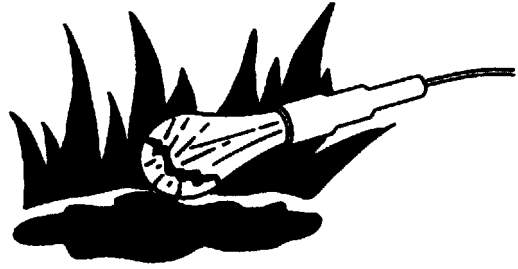


SA-527

## SAFETY

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- Sufficiently illuminate the work site. Use a maintenance work light when working under or inside the machine.
- Always use a work light protected with a guard. In case the light bulb is broken, spilled fuel, oil, anti-freeze fluid, or window washer fluid may catch fire.



SA-037

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### WARN OTHERS OF SERVICE WORK

- Unexpected machine movement can cause serious injury.
  - Before performing any work on the machine, attach a “Do Not Operate” tag on the control lever. This tag is available from your authorized dealer.

501-E01A-0287



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### SUPPORT MACHINE PROPERLY

- Never attempt to work on the machine without securing the machine first.
  - Always lower the attachment to the ground before you work on the machine.
  - If you must work on a lifted machine or attachment, securely support the machine or attachment. Do not support the machine on cinder blocks, hollow tires, or props that may crumble under continuous load. Do not work under a machine that is supported solely by a jack.

519-E01A-0527



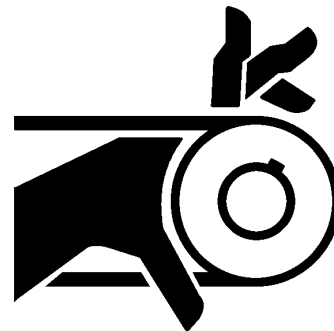
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### STAY CLEAR OF MOVING PARTS

- Entanglement in moving parts can cause serious injury.
  - To prevent accidents, care should be taken to ensure that hands, feet, clothing, jewelry and hair do not become entangled when working around rotating parts.

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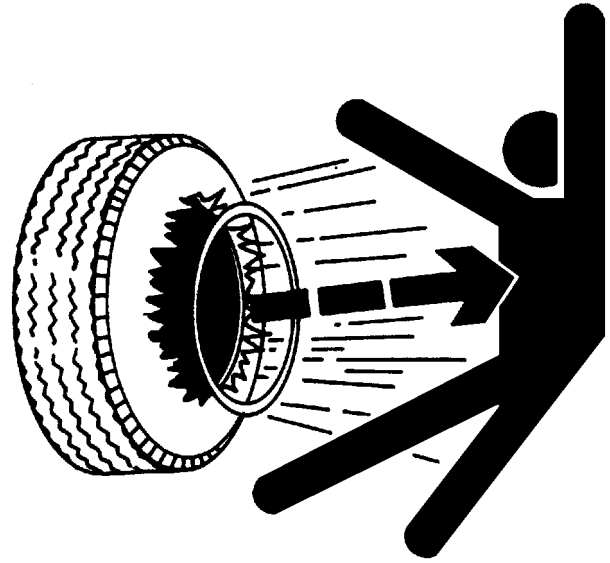
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## SAFETY

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### SUPPORT MAINTENANCE PROPERLY

- Explosive separation of a tire and rim parts can cause serious injury or death.
  - Do not attempt to mount a tire unless you have the proper equipment and experience to perform the job. Have it done by your authorized dealer or a qualified repair service.
  - Always maintain the correct tire pressure. DO NOT inflate tire above the recommended pressure.
  - When inflating tires, use a chip-on chuck and extension hose long enough to allow you to stand to one side and not in front of or over the tire assembly. Use a safety cage if available.
  - Inspect tires and wheels daily. Do not operate with low pressure, cuts bubbles, damaged rims, or missing lug bolts and nuts.
  - Never cut or weld on an inflated tire or rim assembly. Heat from welding could cause an increase in pressure and may result in tire explosion.

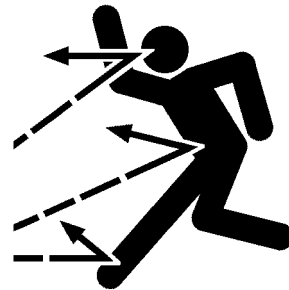


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521-E02A-0249

### PREVENT PARTS FROM FLYING

- Travel reduction gears are under pressure.
  - As pieces may fly off, be sure to keep body and face away from AIR RELEASE PLUG to avoid injury.
  - GEAR OIL is hot. Wait for GEAR OIL to cool, then gradually loosen AIR RELEASE PLUG to release pressure.



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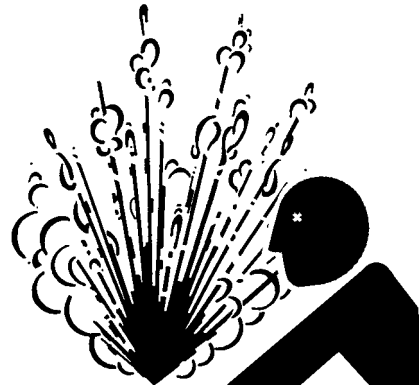
SA-344

# SAFETY

## PREVENT BURNS

Hot spraying fluids:

- After operation, engine coolant is hot and under pressure. Hot water or steam is contained in the engine, radiator and heater lines. Skin contact with escaping hot water or steam can cause severe burns.
  - To avoid possible injury from hot spraying water. DO NOT remove the radiator cap until the engine is cool. When opening, turn the cap slowly to the stop. Allow all pressure to be released before removing the cap.
  - The hydraulic oil tank is pressurized. Again, be sure to release all pressure before removing the cap.



SA-039

Hot fluids and surfaces:

- Engine oil, gear oil and hydraulic oil also become hot during operation. The engine, hoses, lines and other parts become hot as well.
  - Wait for the oil and components to cool before starting any maintenance or inspection work.



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505-E01B-0498

## REPLACE RUBBER HOSES PERIODICALLY

- Rubber hoses that contain flammable fluids under pressure may break due to aging, fatigue, and abrasion. It is very difficult to gauge the extent of deterioration due to aging, fatigue, and abrasion of rubber hoses by inspection alone.
  - Periodically replace the rubber hoses. (See the page of "Periodic replacement of parts" in the operator's manual.)
- Failure to periodically replace rubber hoses may cause a fire, fluid injection into skin, or the front attachment to fall on a person nearby, which may result in severe burns, gangrene, or otherwise serious injury or death.



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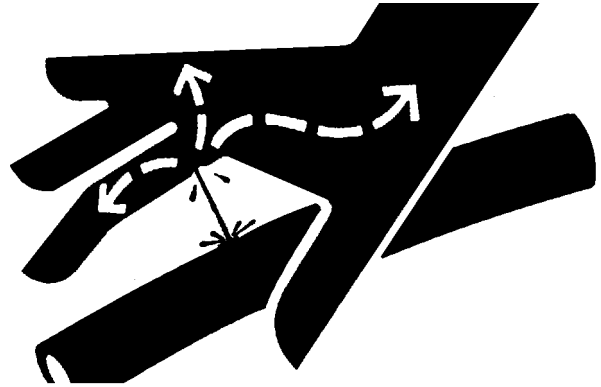
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## SAFETY

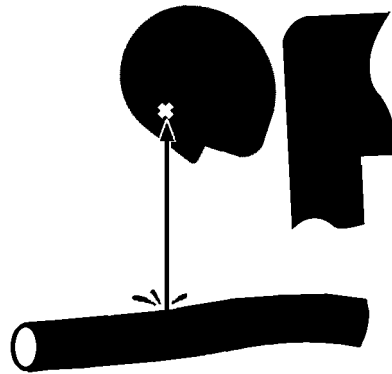
### AVOID HIGH-PRESSURE FLUIDS

- Fluids such as diesel fuel or hydraulic oil under pressure can penetrate the skin or eyes causing serious injury, blindness or death.
  - Avoid this hazard by relieving pressure before disconnecting hydraulic or other lines.
  - Tighten all connections before applying pressure.
  - Search for leaks with a piece of cardboard; take care to protect hands and body from high-pressure fluids. Wear a face shield or goggles for eye protection.
  - If an accident occurs, see a doctor familiar with this type of injury immediately. Any fluid injected into the skin must be surgically removed within a few hours or gangrene may result.

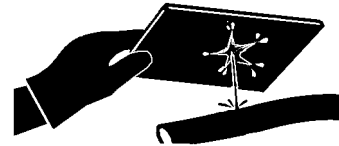
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# SAFETY

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## PREVENT FIRES

### Check for Oil Leaks:

- Fuel, hydraulic oil and lubricant leaks can lead to fires.
  - Check for oil leaks due to missing or loose clamps, kinked hoses, lines or hoses that rub against each other, damage to the oil-cooler, and loose oil-cooler flange bolts.
  - Tighten, repair or replace any missing, loose or damaged clamps, lines, hoses, oil-cooler and oil-cooler flange bolts.
  - Do not bend or strike high-pressure lines.
  - Never install bent or damaged lines, pipes, or hoses.



SA-019

### Check for Shorts:

- Short circuits can cause fires.
  - Clean and tighten all electrical connections.
  - Check before each shift or after eight(8) to ten(10) hours operation for loose, kinked, hardened or frayed electrical cables and wires.
  - Check before each shift or after eight(8) to ten(10) hours operation for missing or damaged terminal caps.
  - DO NOT OPERATE MACHINE if cable or wires are loose, kinked, etc..

### Clean up Flammables:

- Spilled fuel and oil, and trash, grease, debris, accumulated coal dust, and other flammables may cause fires.
  - Prevent fires by inspecting and cleaning the machine daily and by removing spilled or accumulated flammables immediately.

### Check Key Switch:

- If a fire breaks out, failure to stop the engine will escalate the fire, hampering fire fighting.  
Always check key switch function before operating the machine every day:
  1. Start the engine and run it at slow idle.
  2. Turn the key switch to the OFF position to confirm that the engine stops.
  - If any abnormalities are found, be sure to repair them before operating the machine.

508-E02B-0019

### Check Heat Shields:

- Damaged or missing heat shields may lead to fires.
  - Damaged or missing heat shields must be repaired or replaced before operating the machine.

508-E02A-0393

## SAFETY

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### EVACUATING IN CASE OF FIRE

- If a fire breaks out, evacuate the machine in the following way:
  - Stop the engine by turning the key switch to the OFF position if there is time.
  - Use a fire extinguisher if there is time.
  - Exit the machine.

518-E01A-0393

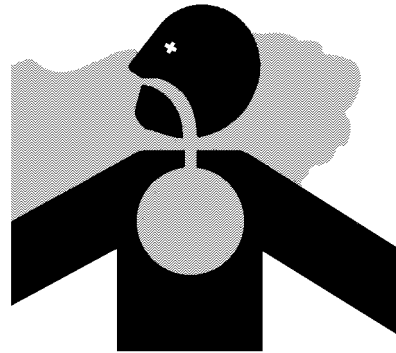


SA-393

### BEWARE OF EXHAUST FUMES

- Prevent asphyxiation. Engine exhaust fumes can cause sickness or death.
  - If you must operate in a building, be sure there is adequate ventilation. Either use an exhaust pipe extension to remove the exhaust fumes or open doors and windows to bring enough outside air into the area.

509-E01A-0016



SA-016

### PRECAUTIONS FOR WELDING AND GRINDING

- Welding may generate gas and/or small fires.
  - Be sure to perform welding in a well ventilated and prepared area. Store flammable objects in a safe place before starting welding.
  - Only qualified personnel should perform welding. Never allow an unqualified person to perform welding.
- Grinding on the machine may create fire hazards. Store flammable objects in a safe place before starting grinding.
- After finishing welding and grinding, recheck that there are no abnormalities such as the area surrounding the welded area still smoldering.

523-E01A-0818



SA-818

## SAFETY

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### AVOID HEATING NEAR PRESSURIZED FLUID LINES

- Flammable spray can be generated by heating near pressurized fluid lines, resulting in severe burns to yourself and bystanders.
  - Do not heat by welding, soldering, or using a torch near pressurized fluid lines or other flammable materials.
  - Pressurized lines can be accidentally cut when heat goes beyond the immediate flame area. Install temporary fireresistant guards to protect hoses or other materials before engaging in welding, soldering, etc..



SA-030

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### AVOID APPLYING HEAT TO LINES CONTAINING FLAMMABLE FLUIDS

- Do not weld or flame cut pipes or tubes that contain flammable fluids.
- Clean them thoroughly with nonflammable solvent before welding or flame cutting them.

510-E01B-0030

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### REMOVE PAINT BEFORE WELDING OR HEATING

- Hazardous fumes can be generated when paint is heated by welding, soldering, or using a torch. If inhaled, these fumes may cause sickness.
    - Avoid potentially toxic fumes and dust.
    - Do all such work outside or in a well-ventilated area. Dispose of paint and solvent properly.
    - Remove paint before welding or heating:
1. If you sand or grind paint, avoid breathing the dust. Wear an approved respirator.
  2. If you use solvent or paint stripper, remove stripper with soap and water before welding. Remove solvent or paint stripper containers and other flammable material from area. Allow fumes to disperse at least 15 minutes before welding or heating.



SA-029

511-E01A-0029

## SAFETY

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### BEWARE OF ASBESTOS DUST

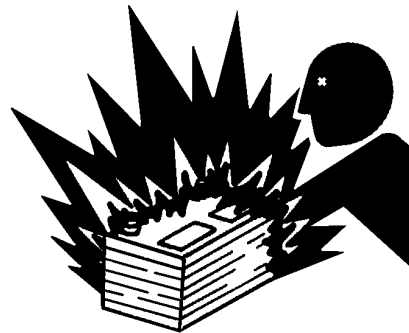
- Take care not to inhale dust produced in the work site. Inhalation of asbestos fibers may be the cause of lung cancer.
  - Depending on the work site conditions, the risk of inhaling asbestos fiber may exist. Spray water to prevent asbestos from becoming airborne. Do not use compressed air.
  - When operating the machine in a work site where asbestos might be present, be sure to operate the machine from the upwind side and wear a mask rated to prevent the inhalation of asbestos.
  - Keep bystanders out of the work site during operation.
  - Asbestos might be present in imitation parts. Use only genuine Hitachi Parts.



SA-029

### PREVENT BATTERY EXPLOSIONS

- Battery gas can explode.
  - Keep sparks, lighted matches, and flame away from the top of battery.
  - Never check battery charge by placing a metal object across the posts. Use a voltmeter or hydrometer.
  - Do not charge a frozen battery; it may explode. Warm the battery to 16 °C (60 °F) first.
  - Do not continue to use or charge the battery when electrolyte level is lower than specified. Explosion of the battery may result.
  - Loose terminals may produce sparks. Securely tighten all terminals.
- Battery electrolyte is poisonous. If the battery should explode, battery electrolyte may be splashed into eyes, possibly resulting in blindness.
  - Be sure to wear eye protection when checking electrolyte specific gravity.



SA-032

512-E01B-0032

### SERVICE AIR CONDITIONING SYSTEM SAFELY

- If spilled onto skin, refrigerant may cause a cold contact burn.
  - Refer to the instructions described on the container for proper use when handling the refrigerant.
  - Use a recovery and recycling system to avoid leaking refrigerant into the atmosphere.
  - Never touch the refrigerant.



513-E01A-0405

SA-405

## SAFETY

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### HANDLE CHEMICAL PRODUCTS SAFELY

- Direct exposure to hazardous chemicals can cause serious injury. Potentially hazardous chemicals used with your machine include such items as lubricants, coolants, paints, and adhesives.
  - A Material Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) provides specific details on chemical products: physical and health hazards, safety procedures, and emergency response techniques.
  - Check the MSDS before you start any job using a hazardous chemical. That way you will know exactly what the risks are and how to do the job safely. Then follow procedures and use recommended equipment.
  - See your authorized dealer for MSDS's (available only in English) on chemical products used with your machine.

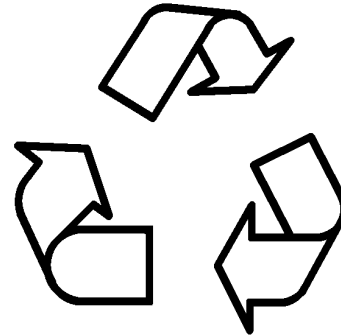


SA-309

515-E01A-0309

### DISPOSE OF WASTE PROPERLY

- Improperly disposing of waste can threaten the environment and ecology. Potentially harmful waste used with HITACHI equipment includes such items as oil, fuel, coolant, brake fluid, filters, and batteries.
  - Use leakproof containers when draining fluids. Do not use food or beverage containers that may mislead someone into drinking from them.
  - Do not pour waste onto the ground, down a drain, or into any water source.
  - Air conditioning refrigerants escaping into the air can damage the Earth's atmosphere. Government regulations may require a certified air conditioning service center to recover and recycle used air conditioning refrigerants.
  - Inquire on the proper way to recycle or dispose of waste from your local environmental or recycling center, or from your authorized dealer.



SA-226

516-E01A-0226

## SAFETY

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### BEFORE RETURNING THE MACHINE TO THE CUSTOMER

- After maintenance or repair work is complete, confirm that:
  - The machine is functioning properly, especially the safety systems.
  - Worn or damaged parts have been repaired or replaced.



S517-E01A-0435

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## SECTION 4 OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST

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Group 2 Standard
Group 3 Engine Test
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Group 5 Component Test
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## SECTION 5 TROUBLESHOOTING

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- Group 2 Control Valve
- Group 3 Hydraulic Fan Motor
- Group 4 Steering Pilot Valve
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- Group 7 Charging Block
- Group 8 Ride Control Valve
- Group 9 Drive Unit
- Group 10 Axle
- Group 11 Brake Valve
- Group 12 Others

*All information, illustrations and specifications in this manual are based on the latest product information available at the time of publication. The right is reserved to make changes at any time without notice.*

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## **WORKSHOP MANUAL**

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- Group 1 Precautions for Disassembling and Assembling
- Group 2 Tightening Torque
- Group 3 Painting
- Group 4 Bleeding Air from Hydraulic Oil Tank

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  - Group 2 Cylinder
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# SECTION 4

# OPERATIONAL

# PERFORMANCE TEST



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# OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Introduction

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## OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TESTS

Use operational performance test procedure to quantitatively check all system and functions on the machine.

### **Purpose of Performance Tests**

1. To comprehensively evaluate each operational function by comparing the performance test data with the standard values.
2. According to the evaluation results, repair, adjust, or replace parts or components as necessary to restore the machine's performance to the desired standard.
3. To economically operate the machine under optimal conditions.

### **Kinds of Tests**

1. Base machine performance test is to check the operational performance of each system such as engine, travel, swing, and hydraulic cylinders.
2. Hydraulic component unit test is to check the operational performance of each component such as hydraulic pump, motor, and various kinds of valves.

### **Performance Standards**

"Performance Standard" is shown in tables to evaluate the performance test data.

### **Precautions for Evaluation of Test Data**

1. To evaluate not only that the test data are correct, but also in what range the test data are.
2. Be sure to evaluate the test data based on the machine operation hours, kinds and state of work loads, and machine maintenance conditions.

The machine performance does not always deteriorate as the working hours increase. However, the machine performance is normally considered to reduce in proportion to the increase of the operation hours. Accordingly, restoring the machine performance by repair, adjustment, or replacement shall consider the number of the machine's working hours.

### **Definition of "Performance Standard"**

1. Operation speed values and dimensions of the new machine.
2. Operational performance of new components adjusted to specifications. Allowable errors will be indicated as necessary.

# OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Introduction

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## PREPARATION FOR PERFORMANCE TESTS

Observe the following rules in order to carry out performance tests accurately and safely.

### THE MACHINE

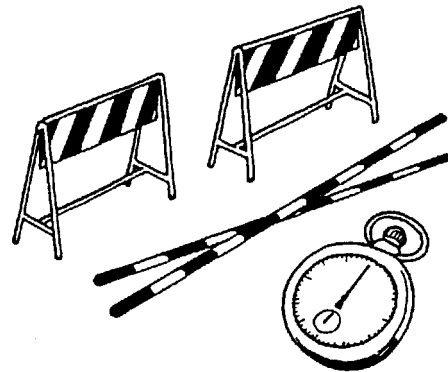
1. Repair any defects and damage found, such as oil or water leaks, loose bolts, cracks and so on, before starting to test.

### TEST AREA

1. Select a hard and flat surface.
2. Secure enough space to allow the machine to run straight more than 200 m (656 ft 2 in), and to operate steering.
3. If required, rope off the test area and provide signboards to keep unauthorized personnel away.

### PRECAUTIONS

1. Before starting to test, agree upon the signals to be employed for communication among coworkers. Once the test is started, be sure to communicate with each other using these signals, and to follow them without fail.
2. Operate the machine carefully and always give first priority to safety.
3. While testing, always take care to avoid accidents due to landslides or contact with high-voltage power lines. Always confirm that there is sufficient space for full swings.
4. Avoid polluting the machine and the ground with leaking oil. Use oil pans to catch escaping oil. Pay special attention to this when removing hydraulic pipings.



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### MAKE PRECISE MEASUREMENT

1. Accurately calibrate test instruments in advance to obtain correct data.
2. Carry out tests under the exact test conditions prescribed for each test item.
3. Repeat the same test and confirm that the test data obtained can be produced repeatedly. Use mean values of measurements if necessary.


## OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Standard

### OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE STANDARD TABLE

The standard performance values are listed in the table below. Refer to the Group T4-3 or later for performance test procedures.

Accelerator Pedal : Full Stroke  
 Driving Mode Switch: H Mode  
 Work Mode Switch : N Mode  
 Hydraulic Oil Temperature : 50±5 °C (122±9 °F)

The following switch positions shall be selected and the hydraulic oil temperature shall be maintained as indicated below as the preconditions of performance tests unless otherwise instructed in each performance test procedure:

 NOTE: 1 mm=0.03937 in


PERFORMANCE TEST DESIGNATION	Performance Standard	Remarks	Reference Page
<b>ENGINE SPEED</b> <span style="float: right;">min<sup>-1</sup></span>			T4-3-1
Slow Idle Speed (without load)	900±25	Value indicated on Dr. ZX	
Fast Idle Speed (without load)	2320±25	↑	
Fast Idle Speed (with engine stalled)	2150±50	↑	
Fast Idle Speed (with engine stalled and relieved)	1720±50	↑	
<b>ENGINE COMPRESSION PRESSURE</b> <span style="float: right;">MPa (kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>, psi)</span>	3.04 (31.0, 442)	Engine speed: 200min <sup>-1</sup>	-
<b>VALVE CLEARANCE (IN, EX)</b> <span style="float: right;">mm</span>	0.254, 0.508	With the engine cold	-
<b>LUBRICANT CONSUMPTION</b> (Rated output) <span style="float: right;">mL/h</span>	50 or less	Hour meter: 2000 hours or less	T4-3-3
<b>DRIVE BELT BEND</b> <span style="float: right;">mm</span>	6 to 8		T4-6-8
<b>RADIATOR CAP OPENING PRESSURE</b> <span style="float: right;">kPa (kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>, psi)</span>	49 (0.5, 7)		-

## OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Standard

PERFORMANCE TEST DESIGNATION	Performance Standard	Remarks	Reference Page
<b>TRAVEL SPEED</b> km/h			T4-4-1
First Gear (Forward/Reverse)	8.0/8.0±0.8	Value indicated on Dr. ZX	
Second Gear (Forward/Reverse)	13.0/13.0±1.3	↑	
Third Gear (Forward/Reverse)	24.5/24.5±3.8	↑	
Fourth (Forward/Reverse)	38.0/38.0±3.8	↑	
<b>SERVICE BRAKE CAPACITY</b> m	14.0 or less		T4-4-2
<b>SERVICE BRAKE WEAR</b> mm			T4-4-3
Brake Disc	6.2	Allowable Limit: 5.3	
Brake Ring (t=15)	5.0	Allowable Limit: 4.5	
Brake Ring (t=5)	5.0	Allowable Limit: 4.3	
<b>PARKING BRAKE CAPACITY</b> mm/5 min	0		T4-4-4
<b>PARKING BRAKE WEAR</b> mm			-
Brake Disc	2.5	Allowable Limit: 2.2	
Brake Ring	1.6	Allowable Limit: 1.4	
<b>BUCKET STOPPER CLEARANCE</b> mm	0		T4-4-6
<b>BELL CRANK STOPPER CLEARANCE</b> mm	2		T4-4-6
<b>FRONT PIN WEAR</b> mm (to new pin outer diameter)	-	Allowable Limit: -1.0	-
<b>FRONT BUSHING WEAR</b> mm (to new pin outer diameter)	-	Allowable Limit: -1.5	-
<b>CLEARANCE BETWEEN FRONT PIN AND BUSHING</b> mm	0.3		-
<b>BUCKET BUMP</b> mm	14		T4-4-11
<b>HYDRAULIC CYLINDER CYCLE TIME</b> sec			T4-4-8
Lift Arm Raise	5.7±0.3		
Lift Arm Lower (Float)	2.9±0.3		
Bucket Roll-Out	1.2±0.3		
Steering (engine: full)	2.5±0.3		
<b>DIG FUNCTION DRIFT CHECK</b> mm/15 min			T4-4-10
Lift Arm Cylinder	45 or less		
Bucket Cylinder	15 or less		
Bucket Bottom	150 or less		


## OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Standard

PERFORMANCE TEST DESIGNATION	Performance Standard	Remarks	Reference Page
<b>CONTROL LEVER OPERATING FORCE</b> N (kgf, lbf)			T4-4-12
Lift Arm Raise (STD/MF)	11 (1.1, 2.5)/ 19 (1.9, 4.3) or less		
Lift Arm Raise Detent (STD/MF)	17 (1.7, 3.8)/ 30 (3.1, 6.8) or less		
Lift Arm Raise Detent Release (STD/MF)	40 (4.1, 9)/ 20(2.0, 4.5) or less		
Lift Arm Lower (STD/MF)	11 (1.1, 2.5)/ 19 (1.9, 4.3) or less		
Lift Arm Lower Float (STD/MF)	17 (1.7, 3.8)/ 30 (3.1, 6.8) or less		
Lift Arm Lower Float Release (STD/MF)	40 (4.1, 9)/ 20 (2.0, 4.5) or less		
Bucket Lever Tilt (STD/MF)	12 (1.2, 2.7)/ 22 (2.2, 5) or less		
Bucket Lever Tilt Detent (STD/MF)	18 (1.8, 4)/ 33 (3.3, 7.4) or less		
Bucket Lever Tilt Detent Release (STD/MF)	40 (4.1, 9)/ 20 (2.0, 4.5) or less		
Bucket Lever Dump (STD/MF)	17(1.7, 3.8)/ 28 (2.9, 6.3) or less		
Steering Wheel (Right/Left)	17 (1.7, 3.8)/ 17 (1.7, 3.8) or less		
Forward/Reverse Lever	$11.8^{+1}_{-2}$ ( $1.2^{+0.1}_{-0.2}$ , $2.7^{+0.2}_{-0.5}$ )/ $11.8^{+1}_{-2}$ ( $1.2^{+0.1}_{-0.2}$ , $2.7^{+0.2}_{-0.5}$ )		
Accelerator Pedal	$25.0 \pm 3.5$ ( $3.6 \pm 0.4$ , $5.6 \pm 0.8$ )		
Brake Pedal Right	$318^{+65}_{-45}$ ( $32.4^{+6.6}_{-4.6}$ , $71.6^{+14.6}_{-10.1}$ )		
Inching Pedal Left	$288^{+80}_{-30}$ ( $29.4^{+8.2}_{-3.1}$ , $64.8^{+18}_{-6.8}$ )		

 **NOTE:** STD: Standard Lever (Two-Lever)  
MF: Multi-Function Lever (Joystick Lever)

## OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Standard

PERFORMANCE TEST DESIGNATION	Performance Standard	Remarks	Reference Page
<b>CONTROL LEVER STROKE</b> mm			T4-4-13
Lift Arm Raise Position (STD/MF)	34±5/63±10		
Lift Arm Raise Detent Position (STD/MF)	54±5/80±10		
Lift Arm Lower Position (STD/MF)	34±5/63±10		
Lift Arm Lower Float Position (STD/MF)	54±5/80±10		
Bucket Lever Tilt Position (STD/MF)	34±5/63±10		
Bucket Lever Tilt Detent Position (STD/MF)	54±5/80±10		
Bucket Lever Dump Position (STD/MF)	54±5/80±10		
Steering Wheel Rotation (Right Max. to Left Max.)	3.5 to 4.0		
Forward/Reverse Lever (F/R)	50±5/50±5		
Accelerator Pedal Depressing Angle (without play)	18.0°±1.5		
Brake Pedal (Right) Depressing Angle (without play)	18.4°±1.0		
Inching Pedal (Left) Depressing Angle (without play)	17.4°±1.0		
Steering Wheel Play	5 to 15		
Brake Pedal Play	12 to 20		
<b>ELECTROLYTE DENSITY</b> (Specification at 20 °C)	1.26	Allowable Limit: 1.16	-
<b>TIRE INFLATION</b> kPa (kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> , psi)	325 (3.25, 46.2)		-

 **NOTE:** STD: Standard Lever (Two-Lever)  
MF: Multi-Function Lever (Joystick Lever)



## OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Standard

PERFORMANCE TEST DESIGNATION	Performance Standard	Remarks	Reference Page
<b>PRIMARY PILOT PRESSURE</b> MPa (kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> , psi)	4.0 <sup>+1.0</sup> <sub>-0.5</sub> (41 <sup>+10</sup> <sub>-5</sub> , 580 <sup>+142</sup> <sub>-71</sub> )		T4-5-1
<b>SECONDARY PILOT PRESSURE</b> MPa (kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> , psi)	3.7 <sup>+0.5</sup> <sub>-0.3</sub> (38 <sup>+5</sup> <sub>-3</sub> , 538 <sup>+73</sup> <sub>-64</sub> )		T4-5-3
<b>SOLENOID VALVE SET PRESSURE</b> MPa (kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> , psi)			T4-5-4
Solenoid Valve Unit Set Pressure	Value indicated on Dr. ZX±0.2 (2, 28)	Value indicated on Dr. ZX	
<b>MAIN PUMP DELIVERY PRESSURE</b> MPa (kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> , psi)	2.0 <sup>+1.0</sup> <sub>-0.5</sub> (20 <sup>+10</sup> <sub>-5</sub> , 100 <sup>+142</sup> <sub>-71</sub> )	In neutral, Value indicated on Dr. ZX	T4-5-6
<b>MAIN RELIEF VALVE PRESSURE</b> MPa (kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> , psi)			T4-5-8
Lift Arm (Relief operation)	27.4 <sup>+2.0</sup> <sub>-0.5</sub> (280 <sup>+20</sup> <sub>-5</sub> , 3983 <sup>+284</sup> <sub>-71</sub> )	Value indicated on Dr. ZX	
Bucket (Relief operation)	27.4 <sup>+2.0</sup> <sub>-0.5</sub> (280 <sup>+20</sup> <sub>-5</sub> , 3983 <sup>+284</sup> <sub>-71</sub> )	Value indicated on Dr. ZX	
<b>OVERLOAD RELIEF PRESSURE</b> MPa (kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> , psi)	(Reference values at 50 L/min)		T4-5-12
Lift Arm Raise	34.3 <sup>+1.0</sup> <sub>-0</sub> (350 <sup>+10</sup> <sub>-0</sub> , 4987 <sup>+142</sup> <sub>-0</sub> )		
Bucket Roll-In	30.4 <sup>+1.0</sup> <sub>-0</sub> (310 <sup>+10</sup> <sub>-0</sub> , 4420 <sup>+142</sup> <sub>-0</sub> )		
Bucket Roll-Out	30.4 <sup>+1.0</sup> <sub>-0</sub> (310 <sup>+10</sup> <sub>-0</sub> , 4420 <sup>+142</sup> <sub>-0</sub> )		
<b>MAIN PUMP FLOW RATE</b> (L/min)	-		T4-5-14
<b>STEERING RELIEF PRESSURE</b> MPa (kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> , psi)	27.4 <sup>+2.0</sup> <sub>-0.5</sub> (280 <sup>+20</sup> <sub>-5</sub> , 3983 <sup>+291</sup> <sub>-73</sub> )	Value indicated on Dr. ZX	T4-5-10
<b>SERVICE BRAKE PRESSURE</b> (Forward/Reverse) MPa (kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> , psi)	4.18±0.85 (42.7±8.7, 608±124)	at Brake Pedal (Right)	T4-5-20
<b>PARKING BRAKE PRESSURE</b> MPa (kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> , psi)	3.7 <sup>+0.5</sup> <sub>-0.3</sub> (38 <sup>+5</sup> <sub>-3</sub> , 538 <sup>+73</sup> <sub>-44</sub> )		T4-5-22
<b>BRAKE ACCUMULATOR PRESSURE</b> MPa (kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> , psi)			T4-5-24
Service Brake	14.7±1.0 (150±10, 2137±145)		
Parking Brake	3.7 <sup>+0.5</sup> <sub>-0.3</sub> (38 <sup>+5</sup> <sub>-3</sub> , 538 <sup>+73</sup> <sub>-44</sub> )		
<b>BRAKE WARNING PRESSURE</b> (Pressure-Decreasing) MPa (kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> , psi)	8±0.5 (82±5, 1163±73)		T4-5-26
<b>BRAKE WARNING PRESSURE</b> (Pressure-Increasing) MPa (kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> , psi)	10±0.5 (102±5, 1454±73)		T4-5-28
<b>TRANSMISSION CLUTCH PRESSURE</b> MPa (kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> , psi)	2.2 to 2.4 (22 to 24, 320 to 349)		T4-5-30
<b>TORQUE CONVERTER PRESSURE</b> (Inlet/Outlet) MPa (kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> , psi)	0.84 to 0.94 (8.6 to 9.6, 122 to 137)/ 0.20 to 0.30 (2.0 to 3.0, 28.4 to 42.7)		T4-5-31

## OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Standard

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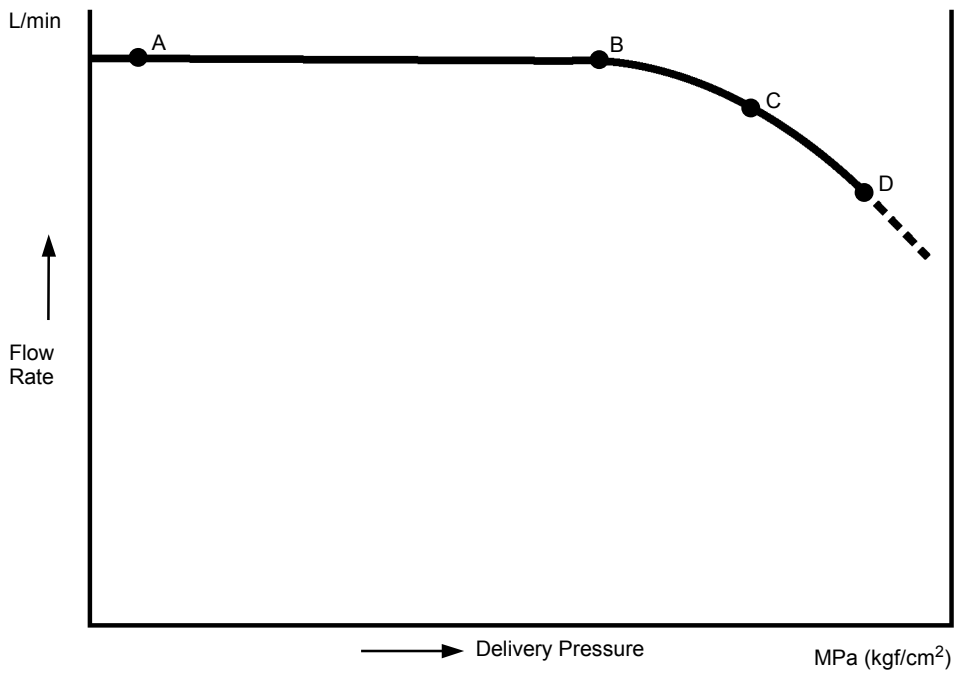
# OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Standard

## MAIN PUMP P-Q CURVE

### P-Q Control (Torque Control)

(REFERENCE: Measured at Test Stand)

- Rated Pump Speed: 2200 min<sup>-1</sup> (rpm)
- Hydraulic Oil Temperature: 50±5 °C (122±9 °F)



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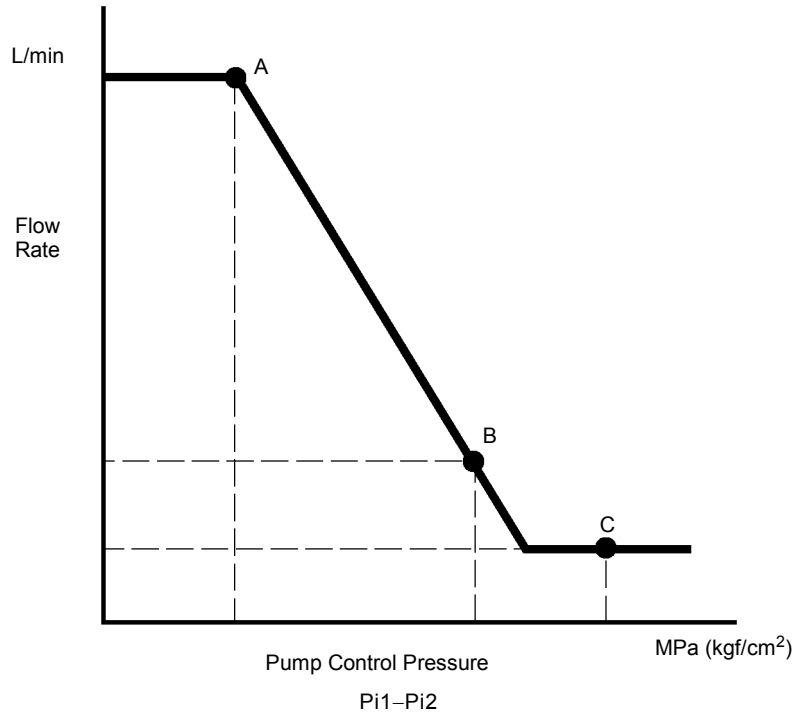
	Delivery Pressure MPa (kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> , psi)	Flow Rate L/min (gpm)
A	4.9 (50, 712)	210±3 (55±0.8)
B	15.7 (160, 2275)	210±5 (55±1.3)
C	23.5 (240, 3413)	185±6 (49±1.6)
D	27.4 (280, 3983)	158±6 (42±1.6)

## OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Standard

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### P-Q Control by Pump Control Pilot Pressure Signal (REFERENCE: Measured at Test Stand)

- Rated Pump Speed: 2200 min<sup>-1</sup> (rpm)
- Hydraulic Oil Temperature: 50±5 °C (122±9 °F)



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	Pump Control Pressure (Pi1-Pi2) MPa (kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> , psi)	Flow Rate L/min (gpm)
A	0.39 <sup>+0.01</sup> <sub>-0</sub> (4 <sup>+0.1</sup> <sub>-0</sub> , 57 <sup>+1.5</sup> <sub>-0</sub> )	210±3 (55±0.8)
B	1.47±0.05 (15±0.5, 214±7)	80±2 (21±0.5)
C	1.67 <sup>+0.01</sup> <sub>-0</sub> (17 <sup>+0.1</sup> <sub>-0</sub> , 243 <sup>+1.5</sup> <sub>-0</sub> )	62±8 (16±2.1)

## OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Standard

### SENSOR ACTIVATING RANGE

#### 1. Checking Method

- Hydraulic Oil Temperature:  $50 \pm 5$  °C (122±9 °F)
- Unless specified:

Engine Speed	Work Mode Switch
Fast Idle	N

- Monitor each sensor by using Dr. ZX.

#### 2. Sensor Activating Range

Item	Operation	Specification MPa (kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> , psi)
Pump Delivery Pressure	Neutral	1.2 to 2.6 (12 to 27, 174 to 378)
	Relieved	26.7 to 30.0 (272 to 306, 3882 to 4361)
Implement Pressure	Neutral	1.2 to 2.6 (12 to 27, 174 to 378)
	Implement Lever: Relieved	26.7 to 30.0 (272 to 306, 3882 to 4361)
Parking Brake Pressure	Parking Brake Switch: ON	0 to 0.1 (0 to 1, 0 to 15)
	Parking Brake Switch: OFF	3.6 to 4.3 (37 to 44, 523 to 625)
Service Brake Pressure	Brake Pedal: Neutral	0 to 0.1 (0 to 1, 0 to 15)
	Brake Pedal: Fully Depressed	3.3 to 5.0 (34 to 51, 480 to 727)

## OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Standard

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# OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Engine Test

## ENGINE SPEED

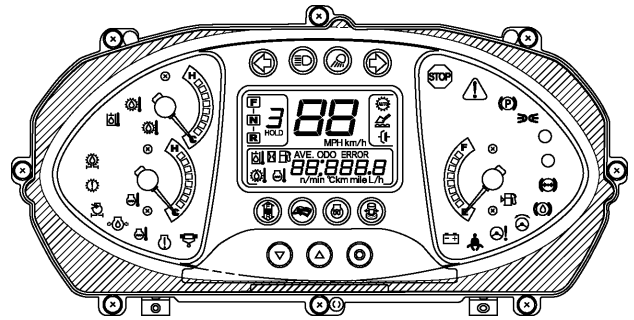
### Summary:

1. Measure the engine speed by using the monitor unit or Dr. ZX.
2. Measure the engine speeds in each mode.

**NOTE:** *If the engine speed is not adjusted correctly, all other performance data will be unreliable. Consequently, measure the engine speed before performing all other tests in order to check that the engine speed meets specification.*

### Preparation:

1. Select the monitor which is started on the service mode or the service menu of Dr. ZX, which is started by MC of the controller.
2. Warm up the machine until coolant temperature reaches 50 °C (122 °F) or more, hydraulic oil temperature is 50±5 °C (122±9 °F) and transmission oil temperature is 85±5 °C (185±9 °F).



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### Measurement:

1. Measure the items as followings: slow idle (with no load), fast idle (with no load), fast idle (when the engine stalls) and fast idle (when the engine stalls and is relieved).
2. When measuring, set the switch and test condition as shown in the table below in response to the engine speed to be measured.

	FNR Lever	Accelerator Pedal	Travel Mode Switch	Work Mode Switch
Slow Idle (with no load)	N	Not depressing	H	N
Fast Idle (with no load)	Forward speed 3/4	Fully depressing	H	N
Fast Idle (when engine stalls)	Forward speed 3/4	Fully depressing	H	N
Fast Idle (when engine stalls and is relieved)	Forward speed 3/4	Fully depressing	H	N

## OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Engine Test

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	Clutch Cut Position Switch	Brake Pedal	Parking Brake Switch	Control Lever (Bucket)
Slow Idle (with no load)	-	-	ON	Transporting position No control lever operation
Fast Idle (with no load)	S	Fully depressing	ON	Transporting position No control lever operation
Fast Idle (when engine stalls)	OFF	Fully depressing	OFF	Transporting position No control lever operation
Fast Idle (when engine stalls and is relieved)	OFF	Fully depressing	OFF	Transporting position Bucket is tilted in and relieved.

**Evaluation:**

Refer to Operational Performance Standard in Group T4-2.

**Remedy:**

Refer to Troubleshooting in Section T5.



# OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Engine Test

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## LUBRICANT CONSUMPTION

### Measuring Method

1. Place the machine on level firm ground and leave the machine for at least one hour in order to let the lubricant lower to the oil pan after the engine stops.  
At this time, confirm that the machine is level by using a leveler.
2. Record read-out A (unit: hour) of the hour meter.
3. Replenish the lubricant up to the high-level gauge.
4. Operate the machine for at least 100 hours or until the oil level lowers to the low-level gauge.

### **IMPORTANT: Keep the machine-leaving time in step 1 above.**

5. Place the machine on level firm ground and leave the machine for at least one hour in order to let the lubricant lower to the oil pan when the engine stops.  
At this time, confirm that the machine is level by using a leveler.
6. Record read-out B (unit: hour) of the hour meter.
7. Replenish the lubricant up to the high-level gauge while measuring the oil-replenishing volume C.

 *NOTE: When measuring, use a high-precision measuring cylinder or the like.*

8. Calculate lubricant consumption from the following equation:  
Oil replenishing volume (C) [mL] / Operating hours (B-A) [hr]

### **Evaluation:**

Refer to Operational Performance Standard in Group T4-2.

**OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Engine Test**

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# OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Wheel Loader Test

## TRAVEL SPEED

### Summary:

1. The overall performance of the travel drive system (torque converter through transmission) is judged by measuring the time necessary for traveling 50 m (164 ft).

### Preparation:

1. Adjust air pressure of the tires evenly in advance.  
Air pressure: 325 kPa (3.25 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>, 46.2 psi)
2. On a firm, level and ground, prepare a 50 m (164 ft) straight travel course, and 70 m (230 ft) acceleration/deceleration zones. (For measurement at speed 4, a acceleration zone of 300 m (984 ft) is needed.)
3. Empty the bucket, and hold the lift arm at 0.4 to 0.5 m (1 ft 4 in to 1 ft 8 in) above the ground.
4. Keep the hydraulic oil temperature at 50±5 °C (122±9 °F). Warm the axle oil by repeating travel and brake operations.  
Warm up the engine so that the needle of the indicators of the engine coolant temperature gauge and the torque converter oil temperature gauge rise above the horizontal positions.

6. Convert the measurement value into km/h.  
Measurement value (seconds) = S (sec)  
Converted value (hourly speed) = A (km/h)

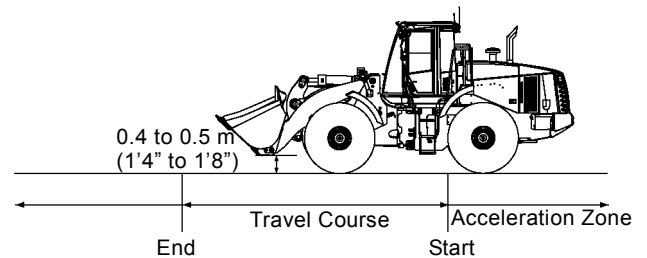
$$A = \frac{50 \times 600}{S \times 1000}$$

### Evaluation:

Refer to Performance Standard Table in Group T4-2.

### Remedy:

Refer to Trouble Shooting in Section T5.



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### Measurement:



**CAUTION: Avoid measurement during travel reverse operation for dangers.**

1. Measure for each mode (Speeds 1 to 4).
2. Select the switches as follows.

	Shift Switch	Parking Brake Switch	Accelerator Pedal	Travel Mode Switch	Work Mode Switch
Speed 1	Speed 1	OFF	Full depression	H	N
Speed 2	Speed 2	OFF	Full depression	H	N
Speed 3	Speed 3	OFF	Full depression	H	N
Speed 4	Speed 4	OFF	Full depression	H	N

3. Set the FNR lever at F (Forward) position. Start driving the vehicle from the acceleration zone with the accelerator pedal at full stroke.
4. Measure the travel speed (sec) of each travel mode.
5. Repeat measurement three times and calculate the average values.

# OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Wheel Loader Test

## SERVICE BRAKE FUNCTION CHECK

### Summary:

1. The overall performance of the service brake is judged.
2. The braking capability of the brake is an item of safety control. Conduct the performance test correctly.

### Preparation:

1. Adjust air pressure of the tires evenly in advance.  
Air pressure: 325 kPa (3.25 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>, 46.2 psi)
2. On a paved dry ground, prepare a 350 m (1148 ft) straight travel course (a 300 m (984 ft) of acceleration/deceleration zone and a 50 m (164 ft) of measurement road), and set the brake starting point.
3. Empty the bucket, and hold the lift arm afloat 0.4 to 0.5 m (1 ft 4 in to 1 ft 8 in) above the ground.
4. Keep hydraulic oil temperature at 50±5 °C (122±41 °F). Warm the axle oil by repeating travel and brake operations.

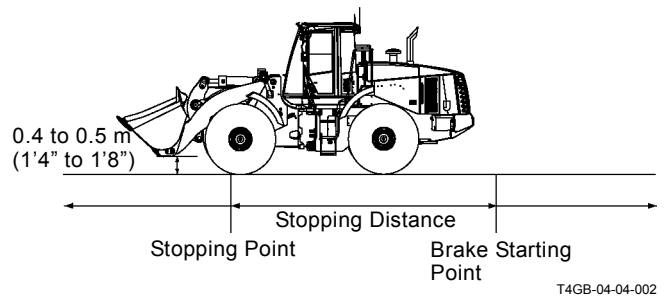
Warm up the engine so that the needle of the indicators of the engine coolant temperature gauge and the torque converter oil temperature gauge rise above the horizontal positions.

### Evaluation:

Refer to Performance Standard Table in Group T4-2.

### Remedy:

Refer to Trouble Shooting in Section T5.



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### Measurement:



**CAUTION: Avoid measurement during travel reverse operation for dangers. (FNR lever: F)**

1. Measurement for high-speed mode.
2. Select the switches as follows.

Shift Switch	Parking Brake Switch	Accelerator Pedal	Travel Mode Switch	Work Mode Switch	Clutch Cut Position Switch
Speed 4	OFF	Full depression	H	N	OFF

3. Put the FNR lever at the F (Forward) position. From the acceleration zone, travel at 35 km/h (22 mph) by depression the accelerator pedal to the stroke end.
4. Depress the brake pedal at the brake starting point, and completely stop the vehicle. (Right Service Brake Pedal)
5. Measure the distance from the brake starting point to the point where the front tire is contacting.
6. Repeat measurement three times and calculate the average values.

# OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Wheel Loader Test

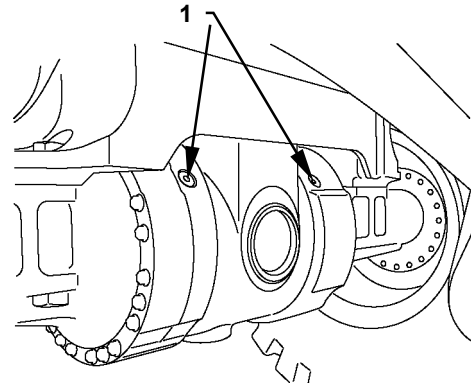
## SERVICE BRAKE WEAR AMOUNT

### Summary:

The extent of wear of the brake disc at the service brake of the axle is judged by the wear gauge.

### Preparation:

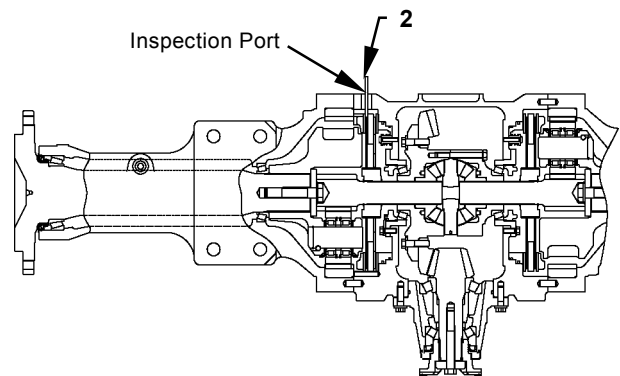
1. Clean inspection plug (1) of the axle. Loosen inspection plug (1).
2. Inspection plug (1) of the rear axle is located below the center line of the differential. Therefore loosen inspection plug (1) after draining axle oil.



T4GB-04-04-004

### Measurement:

1. Operate the service brake by depressing the brake pedal.
2. Insert wear gauge (2) into the inspection port until it contacts brake disc (6) between brake ring (3) and brake ring (4).



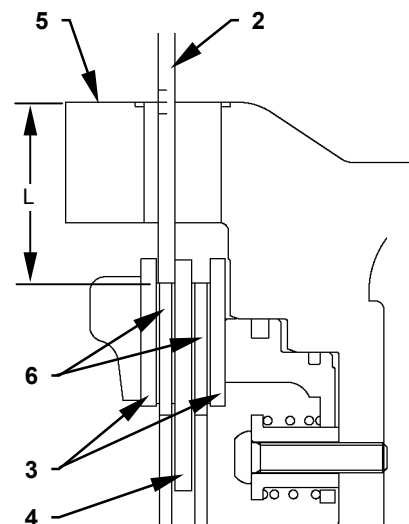
T4GB-04-04-005

### Evaluation:

1. When wear gauge (2) enters between brake rings (3, 4), and the model scale of wear gauge (2) and housing surface (5) are aligned, the wear amount of brake disc (6) is not reached the maximum allowable limit of use.

When wear gauge (2) does not enter between brake rings (3, 4), and the model scale is sticking above housing surface (5), brake disc (6) is worn in excess of the maximum allowable limit.

2. In the method above, in case the maximum allowable limit of use has not reached, or in case the service brake part has been assembled, refer to Performance Standard Table in Group T4-2.



Distance between housing surface (5) and brake disc (6)

Model	L
ZW180	54 mm (2.1 in)

T4GD-04-04-001

# OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Wheel Loader Test

## PARKING BRAKE FUNCTION CHECK

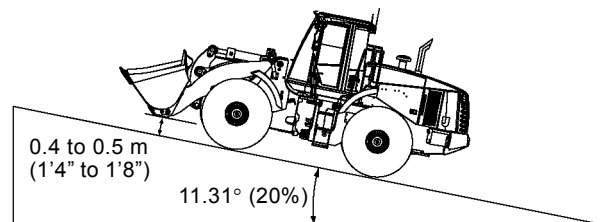
### Summary:

1. The function of the parking brake on a determined slope is measured.
2. The braking capability of the brake is an item of safety control. Conduct the performance test correctly.

### Preparation:

1. Measure the test on a plane slope of  $11.31^\circ$  (20 %).
2. Empty the bucket, and hold the bucket at 0.4 to 0.5 m (1'4" to 1'8") above the ground.
3. Keep hydraulic oil temperature at  $50 \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$  ( $122 \pm 9^\circ\text{F}$ ).
4. Warm the axle oil by repeating travel and brake operations.

Warm up the engine so that the needle of the indicators of the engine coolant temperature gauge and the torque converter oil temperature gauge rise above the horizontal positions.



T4GB-04-04-003

### Measurement:

1. Stop the vehicle on the slope, and put the parking brake switch at the P position.
2. Stop the engine.
3. After the vehicle has stopped, put a mark (white line) on the tire and the ground surface respectively.
4. After five minutes, measure the distance between the white line of the tire and the ground surface.
5. Repeat measurement three times, and calculate the average values.

### Evaluation:

Refer to Performance Standard Table in Group T4-2.

# OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Wheel Loader Test

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## OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Wheel Loader Test

### BUCKET STOPPER AND BELL CRANK STOPPER CLEARANCE

#### Summary:

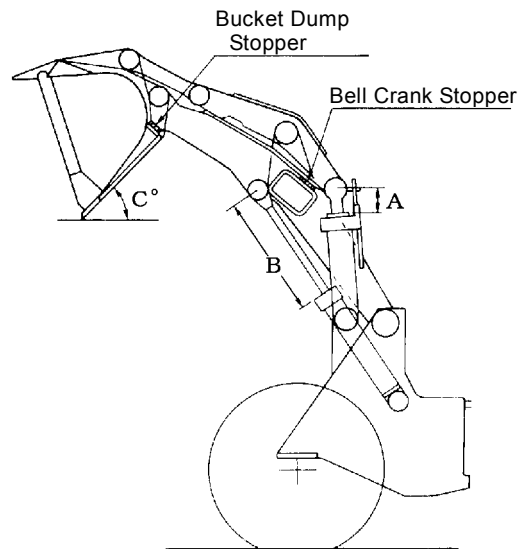
Wear and deformation conditions of the bucket stopper (dump end and crowd end) and the clearance between the bell crank stopper and the cross tube are measured.

#### Preparation:

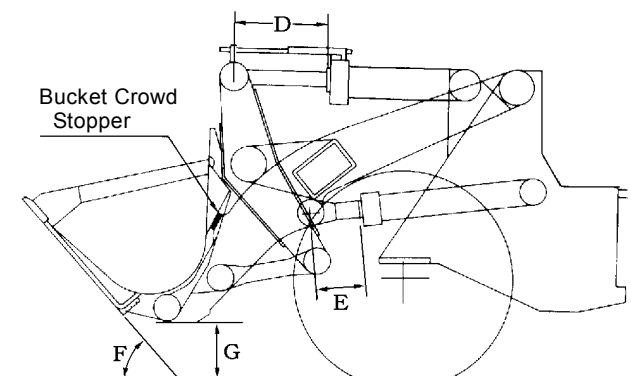
Stop the vehicle on a plane ground and operate the parking brake.

#### Measurement:

1. Bucket dump stopper
  - 1-1. Raise the lift arm at the highest lifting position. Stop the engine.
  - 1-2. While stopping the engine, dump the bucket calmly until the bucket contacts the dump stopper. At this time, measure strokes (A, B) of the bucket cylinder and the lift arm cylinder and dump angle (C) of the bucket. In addition, measure the clearance between the bell crank stopper and the cross tube.
  - 1-3. At the same time, measure the contact conditions of the bucket dump stoppers (left and right).
2. Bucket crowd stopper
  - 2-1. Raise the lift arm until stroke (E) of the lift arm cylinder becomes the length of the standard dimension.
  - 2-2. Set the engine at idling speed, and make crowding operation until the bucket calmly contacts the bucket crowd stopper.
  - 2-3. At this time, measure strokes (D, E) of the bucket cylinder and the lift arm cylinder and crowd angle (F) of the bucket. In addition, measure height (G) from the ground to the bucket lowest position.
  - 2-4. Measure the contact conditions of the bucket crowd stoppers (left and right) at the same time.



T4GB-04-04-008



T4GB-04-04-010



# OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Wheel Loader Test

**Evaluation:**

1. Bucket Dump Stopper

1-1. Cylinder Strokes (A, B)

Model	Bucket Cylinder	Lift Arm Cylinder
	A	B
ZW180	285 mm (11.2")	990 mm (3' 3")

1-2. Bucket Dump Angle ©

Model	C
ZW180	50±2° (119±3.5%)

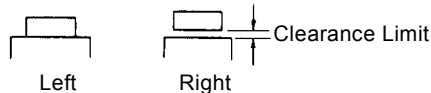
1-3. Clearance between Bell Crank Stopper and Cross Tube

Model		Clearance between Bell Crank Stopper and Cross Tube
ZW180	Standard	2.0 mm (0.08")
	Limit	-

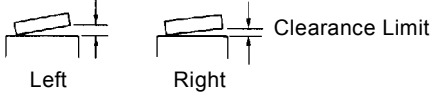
1-4. Clearance between Bucket Dump Stopper and Lift Arm

Model		Clearance at Unsymmetrical Contact	Longitudinal and Lateral Clearance of a Stopper
ZW180	Standard	0	0
	Limit	0.5 mm (0.02")	1.0 mm (0.04")

Clearance at Unsymmetrical Contact



Longitudinal and Lateral Clearance of a Stopper



T4GB-04-04-009

2. Bucket Crowd Stopper

2-1. Cylinder Strokes (D, E)

Model	Bucket Cylinder	Lift Arm Cylinder
	D	E
ZW180	610 mm (2')	326 mm (1')

2-2. Bucket Crowd Angle (F)

Model	F
ZW180	50° (119%)

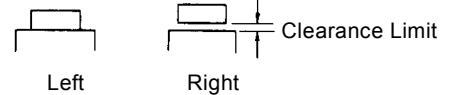
2-3. Height from Ground to Bucket Lowest Position (G)

Model	G
ZW180	450 mm (3' 5.7")

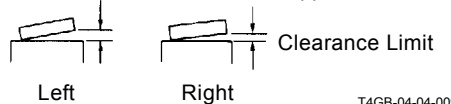
2-4. Clearance between Bucket Dump Stopper and Lift Arm

Model		Clearance at Unsymmetrical Contact	Longitudinal and Lateral Clearance of a Stopper
ZW180	Standard	0	0
	Limit	0.5 mm (0.02")	1.0 mm (0.04")

Clearance at Unsymmetrical Contact



Longitudinal and Lateral Clearance of a Stopper



T4GB-04-04-009

**NOTE:** Standard dimensions indicate those of a new tire at the designated air pressure.

# OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Wheel Loader Test

## HYDRAULIC CYLINDER CYCLE TIME

### Summary:

1. The overall performance of the cylinders drive system (between main pump and each cylinder) is judged by measuring the operating time of the cylinders for the lift arm, bucket and steering.
2. The bucket is made empty in advance.

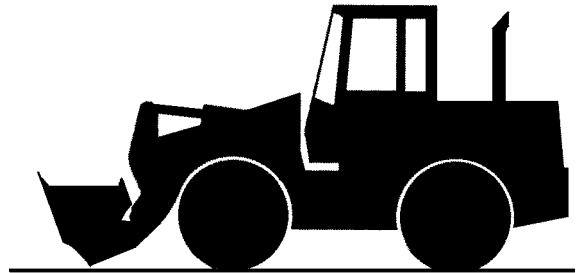
### Preparation:

1. Measurement is made for the following positions.
  - 1-1. Measurement of Lift Arm Cylinder (for Lifting)  
Fully crowd the bucket and lower the lift arm.
  - 1-2. Measurement of Lift Arm Cylinder (for Lowering)  
Lower the lift arm until the bucket bottom surface touches the ground horizontally.
  - 1-3. Measurement of Bucket Cylinder  
Lift the lift arm to the highest position.
  - 1-4. Measurement of Steering Cylinder  
Empty the bucket and set the front attachment at the travel forward position.
2. Keep hydraulic oil temperature at  $50 \pm 5$  °C ( $122 \pm 9$  °F).

**⚠ CAUTION: Perform this test on soft ground in order to reduce damage of the bucket.**

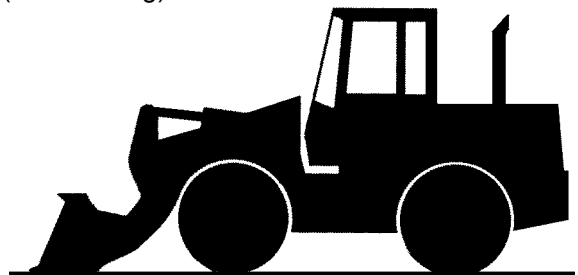
Lift Arm Cylinder:

(for Lifting)



T4GB-04-04-016

(for Lowering)



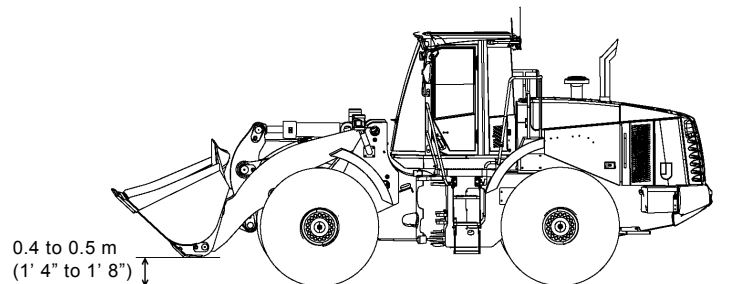
T487-04-03-005

Bucket Cylinder:



T487-04-03-006

Travel Position



M4GB-04-001

## OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Wheel Loader Test

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**Measurement:**

1. Select the pedal, switches and FNR lever as follows.

	Accelerator Pedal	Parking Brake Switch	FNR Lever	Work Mode Switch
Lift Arm (for Lifting)	Full Stroke (Engine: Fast Idle)	ON	N	N
Lift Arm (for Lowering)	Neutral (Engine: Fast Idle)	ON	N	N
Bucket	Full Stroke (Engine: Fast Idle)	ON	N	N
Steering	Full Stroke (Engine: Fast Idle)	OFF	N	N

2. Perform measurement operation as follows. (including the buffer range)
  - 2-1. Measurement of Lift Arm Cylinder (for Lifting)  
Operate the lift arm lever full stroke and measure the movement time of the lift arm from the lowest position to the highest position.
  - 2-2. Measurement of Lift Arm Cylinder (for Lowering)  
Lower the bucket onto the ground. Set the bucket in the horizontal position. Lift the lift arm to the highest position.  
Set the lift arm lever at the float position and measure the movement time of the bucket from the highest position to ground contact position.
  - 2-3. Measurement of Bucket Cylinder  
Operate the bucket lever full stroke and measure the movement time of the bucket from the full crowd position to the full dump position.
  - 2-4. Measurement of Steering Cylinder  
Operate the steering wheel full stroke and measure the movement time of the steering wheel from the right to the left end, and from the left to the right end.



**CAUTION: Before measurement, confirm that there are no person or obstacles in the steering range.**

3. Repeat the measurement three times. Calculate the average value.

**Evaluation:**

Refer to Performance Standard Table in Group T4-2.

**Remedy:**

Refer to Trouble Shooting in Section T5.

# OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Wheel Loader Test

## CYLINDER DRIFT CHECK

### Summary:

1. Internal leakage of the lift arm, bucket cylinders and control valves when the bucket is loaded with load equivalent to the standard load is judged by the settlement (shrinkage) of the cylinder rod.
2. Measurement is made in the standard front attachment configuration (standard bucket).
3. When measurement is made immediately after the cylinder replacement, conduct air venting of the cylinder before measurement by slowly operating the cylinders to the both stroke ends several times.

### Preparation:

1. Load the bucket with weight or sand equivalent to the standard load.  
4480 kg (9877 lb)
2. In the front attachment position, extend the lift arm to the maximum reach, and hold the bucket at an angle of about 5° declined forward from full crowding.



**CAUTION: Do not allow any persons to be under the bucket.**

1. Keep hydraulic oil temperature at  $50 \pm 5$  °C ( $122 \pm 9$  °F).

### Measurement:

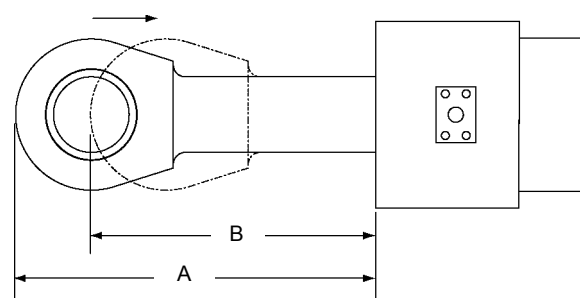
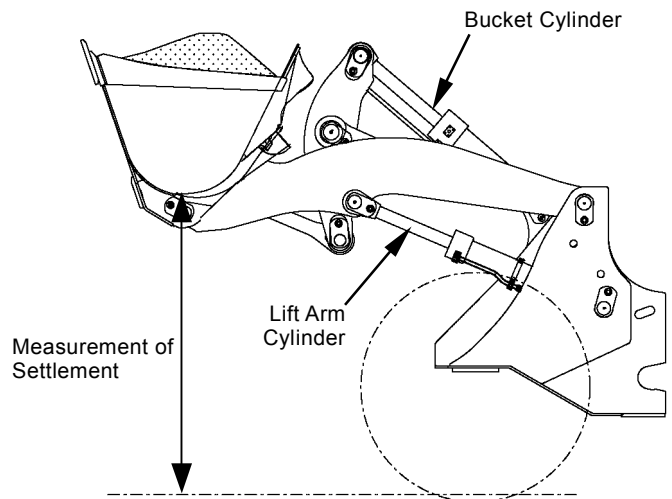
1. Stop the engine.
2. After 15 minutes, measure the shrinkage of the lift arm cylinder, shrinkage of the bucket cylinder, and the settlement of the bucket bottom respectively.
3. Repeat the measurement three times and calculate the average values.

### Evaluation:

Refer to Performance Standard Table in Group T4-2.

### Remedy:

Refer to Trouble Shooting in Section T5.



# OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Wheel Loader Test

## BUCKET LEVELNESS

### Summary:

Left and right inclinations of the bucket are checked in order to prevent uneven wear of the cutting edge of the bucket.

### Preparation:

1. Place the unloaded base machine on a horizontal bed on the ground. (In case a bed is not available, place it on a horizontal flat concrete. Deal with the measurement values as guidelines.)
2. Adjust the tire air pressure to the specified value.
3. Set the bucket bottom horizontal and contact onto the ground.

### Measurement:

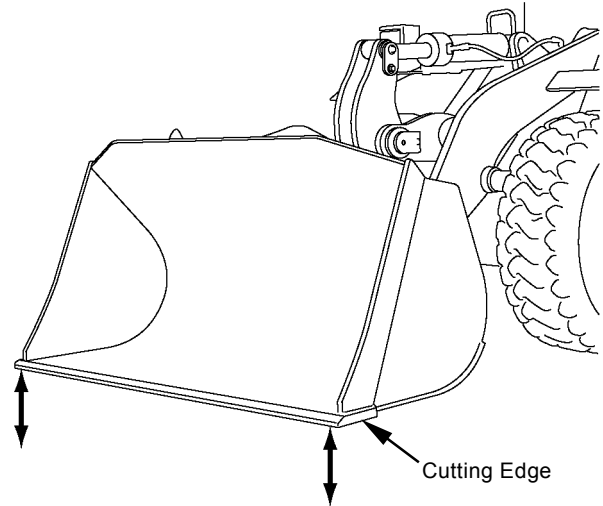
1. Float the bucket bottom slightly above the bed.
2. Measure the vertical distance from the bed and the bottom surface of the cutting edge of the left and right ends.
3. Repeat measurement three times and calculate the average value.



**CAUTION:** Do not put hands, feet and measuring instruments under the bucket.

### Evaluation:

Refer to Performance Standard Table in Group T4-2.



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# OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Wheel Loader Test

## CONTROL LEVER OPERATING FORCE

### Summary:

1. Operating conditions of the levers, pedals and steering wheel are confirmed, and their operating forces are measured.
2. Maximum operating force of the levers, pedals, and steering wheel are measured.
3. Measurement of each operating lever is performed at the center of the grip.  
Measurement of each pedal is performed at 150 mm (6 in) from the pedal support.

### Preparation:

1. In the front attachment position, empty the bucket in advance.
2. Keep hydraulic oil temperature at  $50 \pm 5$  °C ( $122 \pm 9$  °F).

### Measurement:

1. Measurement for each levers, pedals and steering wheel.
2. Select the pedal, switches and FNR lever as follows.

Accelerator Pedal	Parking Brake Switch	FNR Lever
Neutral (Engine Slow Idle)	ON	N

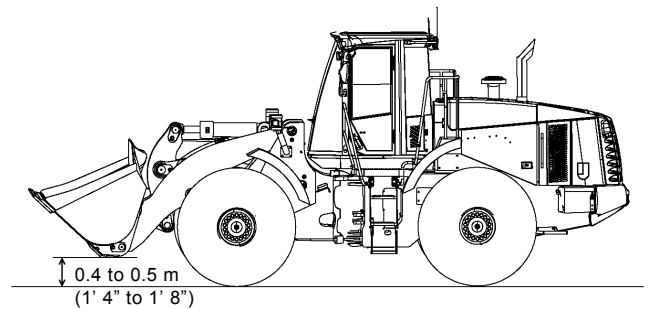
**CAUTION:** Before measurement, confirm that there are no person or obstacles in the steering range.

3. Attach a spring balance scale (tension type) to the lift arm, bucket and FNR lever. Measure the maximum operating force while operating them to the stroke end.
4. For the pedals, attach a spring balance scale (compression type) or a load cell at the measurement position and measure the operating force while slightly depress the pedal.
5. For the steering wheel, attach a spring balance scale (tension type) to the knob, and measure the maximum operating force while operating.
6. Repeat measurement three times and calculate the average values.

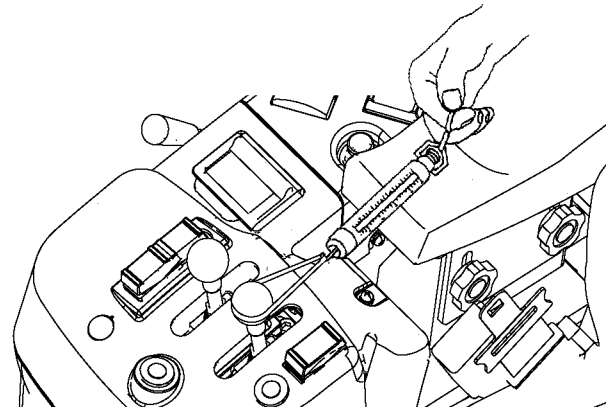
### Evaluation:

Refer to Performance Standard Table in Group T4-2.

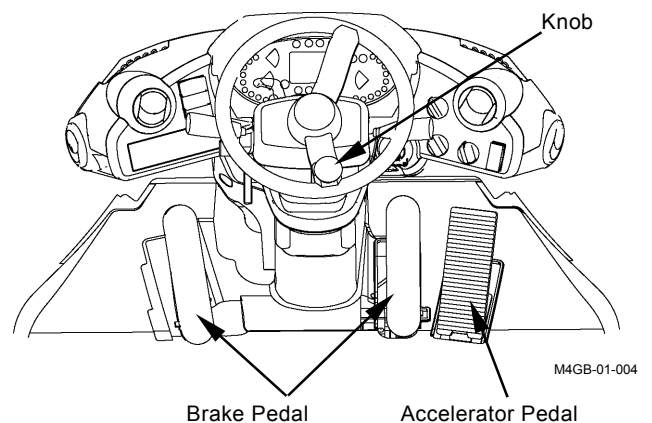
Travel Position



M4GB-04-001



T4GB-04-04-013



M4GB-01-004

# OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Wheel Loader Test

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## CONTROL LEVER STROKE

### Summary:

1. Plays and operating conditions of operating levers, pedals and steering wheel are confirmed, and their strokes are measured.
2. Measurement of each levers is performed at the tip of the grip.  
Measurement of each pedals is performed at the top of the pedal.
3. In case lever stroke play is present in the neutral position, add half (1/2) the play present to both side lever strokes.

### Preparation:

1. Keep hydraulic oil temperature at  $50\pm 5$  °C ( $122\pm 9$  °F).

### Measurement:

1. Measurement of Operating Lever
  - 1-1. Place the bucket bottom onto the ground.
  - 1-2. Stop the engine.
  - 1-3. Measure the stroke from the neutral position to the stroke end of each lift arm, bucket and FNR lever at the top center of the grip.
2. Measurement of Pedal
  - 2-1. Place the bucket onto the ground.
  - 2-2. Stop the engine.
  - 2-3. Measure the stroke from the neutral position to the stroke end of the pedal at the top of the pedal.
3. Measurement of Steering Wheel
  - 3-1. Start the engine. (Low idling)
  - 3-2. Float the bucket slightly above the ground.
  - 3-3. Measure the number of rotations while rotating the steering wheel from the left stroke end to the right. Measure the distance in direct distance.
4. Repeat measurement three times and calculate the average values.

### Evaluation:

Refer to Performance Standard Table in Group T4-2.

## **OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Wheel Loader Test**

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# OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Component Test

## PRIMARY PILOT PRESSURE


(Including Brake Circuit)

**CAUTION:** If air is mixed in the brake system, the brake function is reduced, and serious hazard may occur. Bleed air from the brake system after removing and installing the brake piping, and replacing hydraulic oil. Refer to Troubleshooting B in Group T5-6.

**IMPORTANT:** When pressure in the service brake accumulator lowers, the primary pilot pressure circuit flows pressure oil from the pilot pump to the brake circuit and accumulates pressure in the accumulator. Therefore, pressure on the brake circuit is 15 MPa (153 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>, 2180 psi) or higher and is higher than pressure in the pilot circuit. Use a pressure gauge capable of measuring 15 MPa (153 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>, 2180 psi) or higher.

### Preparation:

1. Stop the engine.
2. Push the air bleed valve of the hydraulic oil tank and release any remaining pressure.
3. Disconnect the hose from the pilot filter inlet or outlet port. Install adapter (13/16-16UNF), a nipple, a pressure gauge and a coupling between the pilot filter and the hose.

 : 22 mm, 24 mm, 27 mm

4. Start the engine. Check for any oil leaks at the pressure gauge connection.
5. Maintain hydraulic oil temperature at 50±5 °C (122±9 °F).

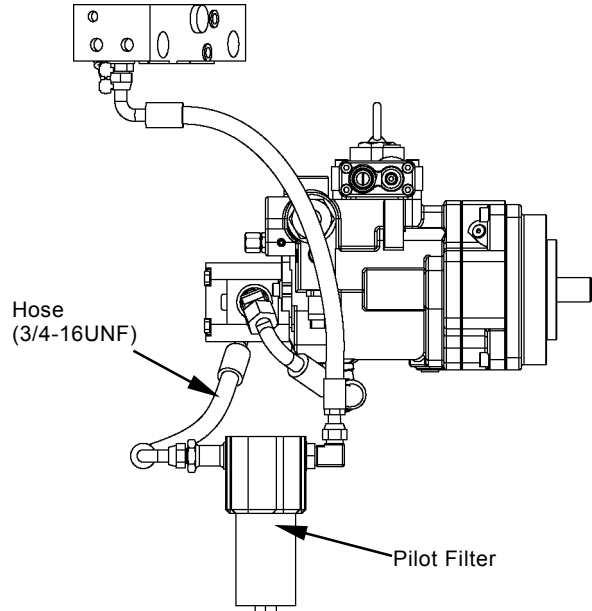
### Measurement:

1. Set engine speed at fast idle. Depress the accelerator pedal fully.
2. Measure pilot pressure without load by using a pressure gauge.
3. Repeat the measurement three times and calculate the average values.

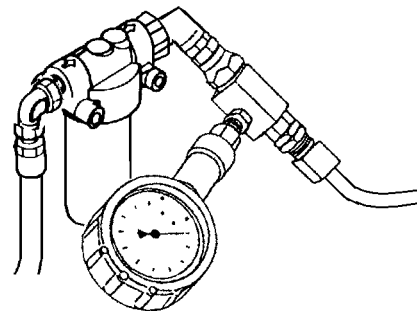
### Evaluation:

Refer to the Performance Standard Table in Group T4-2.

**NOTE:** When pressure in the service brake accumulator lowers during measurement of primary pilot pressure, the measured value is increased to 15 MPa (153 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>, 2180 psi) for several seconds.



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T1F3-04-05-001

# OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Component Test


## Primary Pilot Pressure Adjustment Procedure

### Adjustment:

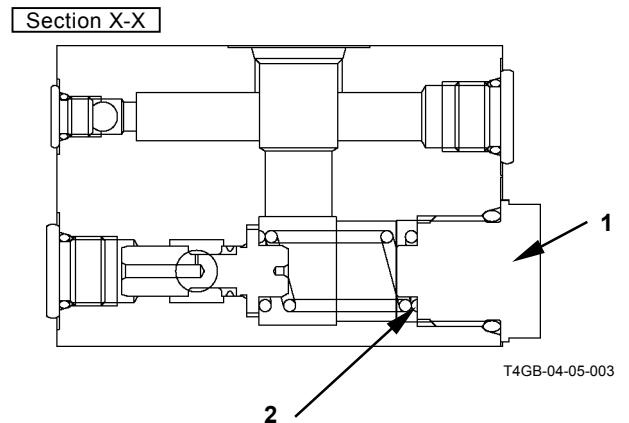
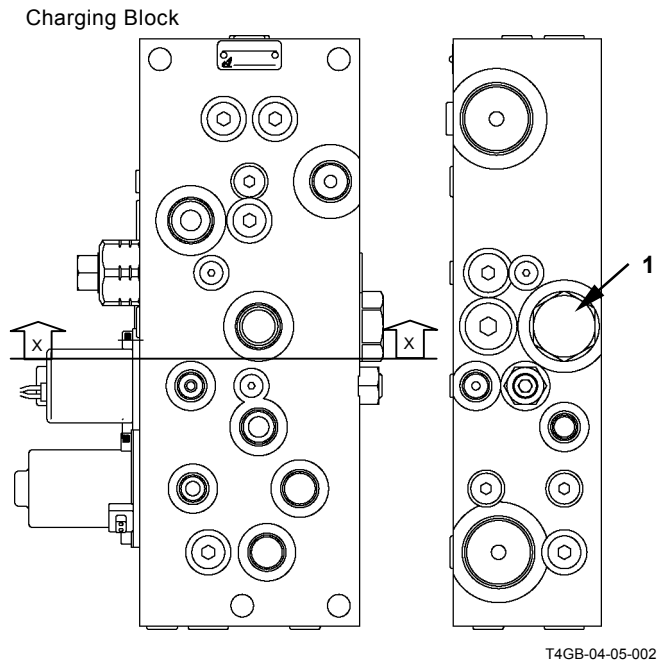
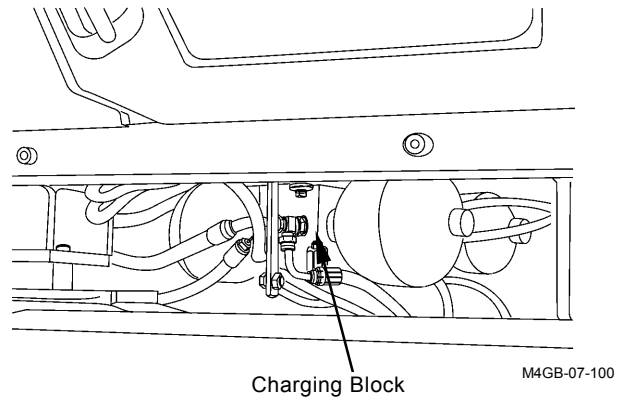
Adjust the relief valve set pressure in the charging block if necessary.

1. Remove plug (1) from the relief valve.  
 : 30 mm
2. Remove shim (2) from the relief valve.
3. Install the estimated number of shim (2).
4. Install shim (2) to the relief valve.  
 Tighten plug (1).  
 :  $98.0 \pm 9.8 \text{ N}\cdot\text{m}$   
 (960 ± 95 kgf·m, 710 ± 71 lbf·ft)

5. After adjustment, check the set relief pressure.

 **NOTE:** Standard Change in Pressure (Reference)  
 Set the thickness of the shims at less than 1.5 mm.

Shim Thickness (mm)	Change in Pressure		
	kPa	(kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> )	(psi)
0.2	61.8	(0.63)	(9)
0.4	124.6	(1.27)	(18)
0.8	249.2	(2.54)	(36)




## OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Component Test

### SECONDARY PILOT PRESSURE

#### Preparation:

1. Stop the engine.
2. Push the air bleed valve of the hydraulic oil tank and release any remaining pressure.
3. Measure pressure at the location between the pilot valve and the main valve.

Disconnect the pilot hose in the circuit to be measured. Install hose (9/16-18UNF length: approx. 400 mm) to the signal control valve side. Install a tee and a pressure gauge between the hoses.

 : 17 mm, 19 mm, 22 mm

4. Start the engine. Check for any oil leaks at the pressure gauge connection.
5. Maintain hydraulic oil temperature at  $50 \pm 5$  °C ( $122 \pm 9$  °F).

#### Measurement:

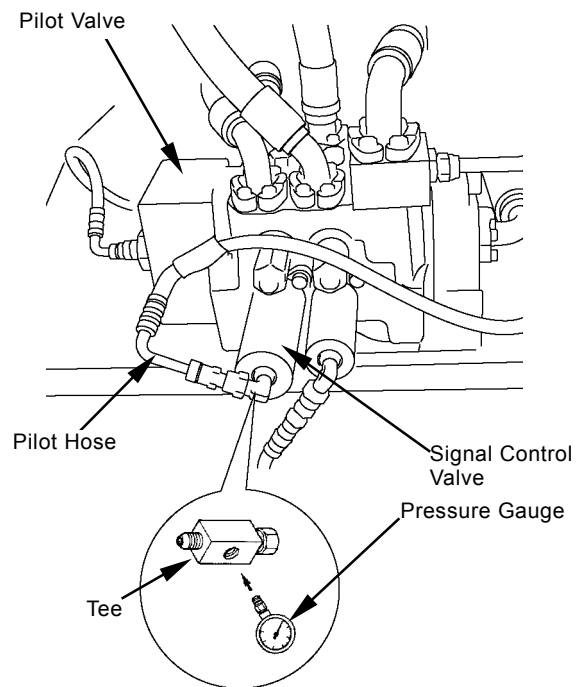
1. Set engine speed at fast idle. Depress the accelerator pedal fully.
2. Measure pilot pressure by using a pressure gauge with the corresponding control lever operated to full stroke.
3. Repeat the measurement three times and calculate the average values.

#### Evaluation:

Refer to the Performance Standard Table in Group T4-2.

#### Remedy:

Refer to Troubleshooting in Section T5.



T4GB-04-05-004

# OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Component Test

## SOLENOID VALVE SET PRESSURE

Measure the solenoid valve set pressure by using both Dr. ZX and a pressure gauge.

### Preparation:

1. Stop the engine.
2. Push the air bleed valve of the hydraulic oil tank and release any remaining pressure.
3. Disconnect the piping from port X in the charging block. Install a tee, a hose and adapter (ST 6461). Install pressure gauge (ST 6942).

🔧 : 17 mm, 19 mm, 22 mm

Install Dr. ZX and select the monitoring function.

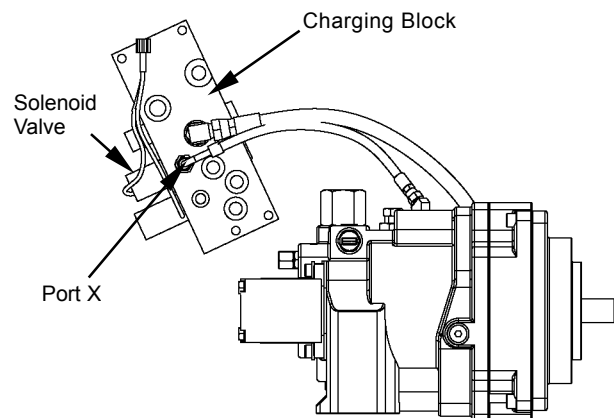
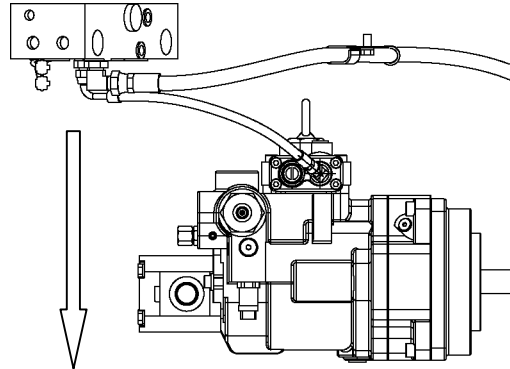
4. Start the engine. Check for any oil leaks at the pressure gauge connection.
5. Maintain hydraulic oil temperature at  $50 \pm 5$  °C ( $122 \pm 9$  °F).

### Measurement:

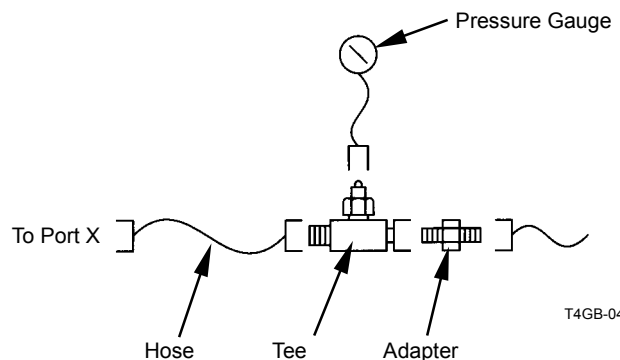
1. Set engine speed at fast idle.
2. Measure without depressing the accelerator pedal. Measure with the accelerator pedal fully depressed.
3. Read the values on both Dr. ZX and the pressure gauge.
4. Repeat the measurement three times and calculate the average values.

### Evaluation:

Refer to the performance Standard Table in Group T4-2.



T4GB-04-05-005




T4GB-04-05-006


# OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Component Test


## Solenoid Valve Set Pressure Adjustment Procedure

**IMPORTANT:** O-ring on the thread part may come off the sealing surface and oil leak may occur. Do not loosen and tighten the adjusting screw excessively.  
Do not loosen the adjusting screw more than 1.2 turns. Do not tighten the adjusting screw more than 2 turns.

1. Loosen lock nut (1). Turn adjusting screw (2) and adjust the set pressure of the solenoid valve.
2. After adjustment, tighten lock nut (1).

 : 18 mm

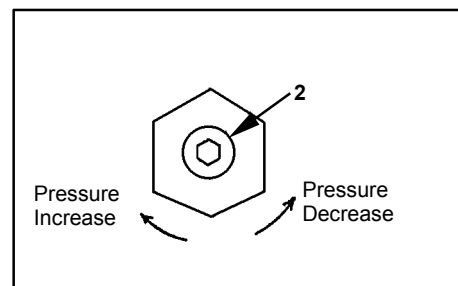
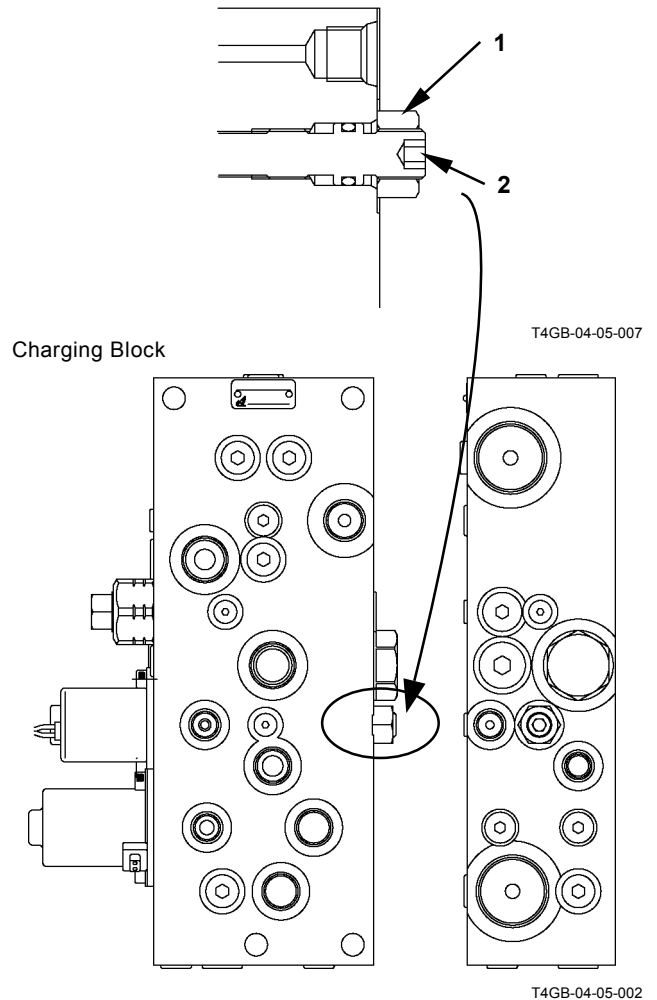
 : 19.6 N·m (2 kgf·m, 14 lbf·ft)

 : 6 mm

3. After adjustment, check the set pressure of the solenoid valve.

 **NOTE:** Standard Change in Pressure (Reference)

Adjusting Screw Turns		1/4	1/2	3/4	1
Change in Pressure	kPa	39.2	80.4	120	160
	(kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> )	(0.4)	(0.82)	(1.22)	(1.63)
	(psi)	(6)	(12)	(17)	(23)



W107-02-05-129

## OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Component Test

### MAIN PUMP DELIVERY PRESSURE


The main pump delivery pressure can also be measured by using Dr. ZX.

#### Summary:

Measure the main pump delivery pressure in order to check performance of the main pump.

#### Preparation:

1. Stop the engine.
2. Push the air bleed valve of the hydraulic oil tank and release any remaining pressure.
3. Remove the plug from the main pump delivery port. Install an adapter, a hose and a pressure gauge.

 : 6 mm

(If Dr. ZX is used, install Dr. ZX and select the controller function diagnosing.)

4. Start the engine. Check for any leaks at the pressure gauge connection.
5. Maintain hydraulic oil temperature at  $50\pm 5$  °C ( $122\pm 9$  °F).

#### Measurement:

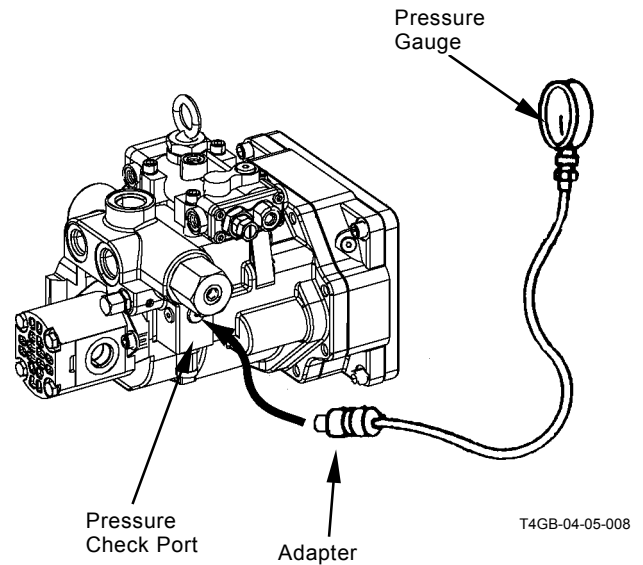
1. Set engine speed at fast idle. Depress the accelerator pedal fully.
2. Measure pressure without load (with the control levers in neutral).
3. Repeat the measurement three times and calculate the average values.

#### Evaluation:

Refer to the Performance Standard Table in Group T4-2.

#### Remedy:

Refer to Troubleshooting in Section T5.



## **OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Component Test**

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# OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Component Test

## MAIN RELIEF PRESSURE


The main relief pressure can also be measured by using Dr. ZX.

### Summary:

Measure the main relief valve set pressure at the main pump delivery port in order to check performance of the main relief valve.

### Preparation:

1. Stop the engine.
2. Push the air bleed valve of the hydraulic oil tank and release any remaining pressure.
3. Remove the plug from the main pump delivery port. Install an adapter, a hose and a pressure gauge.

 : 6 mm

(If Dr. ZX is used, install Dr. ZX and select the controller function diagnosing.)

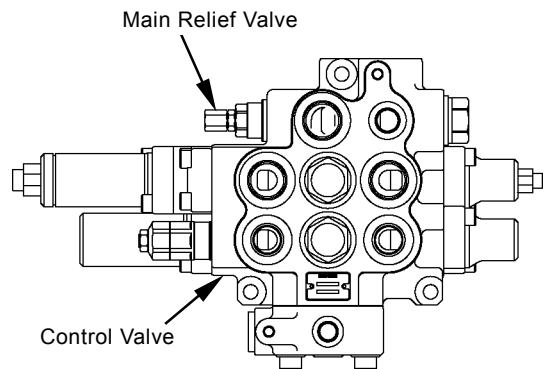
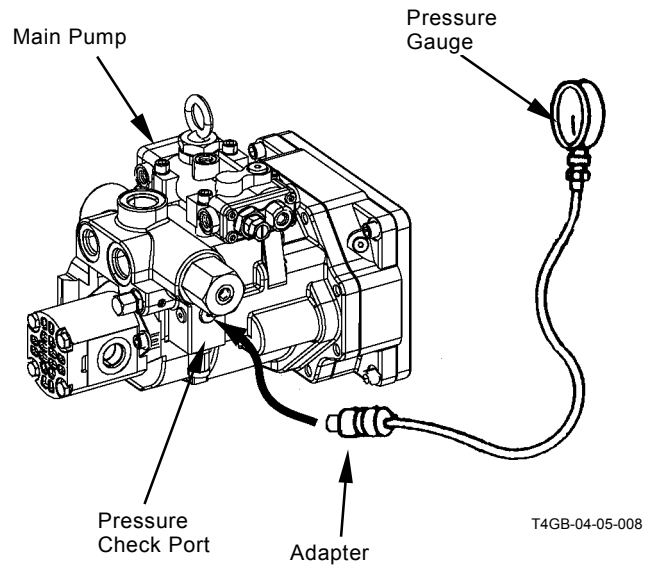
4. Start the engine. Check for any oil leaks at the pressure gauge connection.
5. Maintain hydraulic oil temperature at  $50\pm 5$  °C ( $122\pm 9$  °F).

### Measurement:

1. Set engine speed at fast idle. Depress the accelerator pedal fully.
2. Slowly operate the lift arm or bucket control lever to the stroke end (extend or retract) and relieve each function.
3. Repeat the measurement three times and calculate the average values.

### Evaluation:




Refer to the Performance Standard Table in Group T4-2.

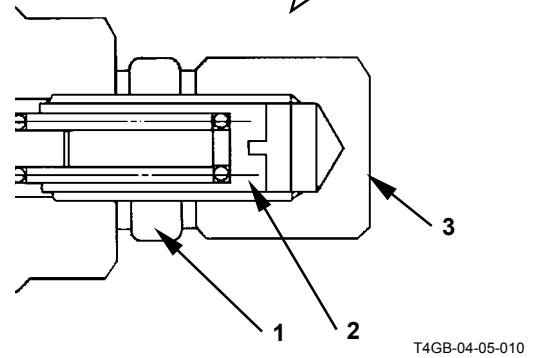
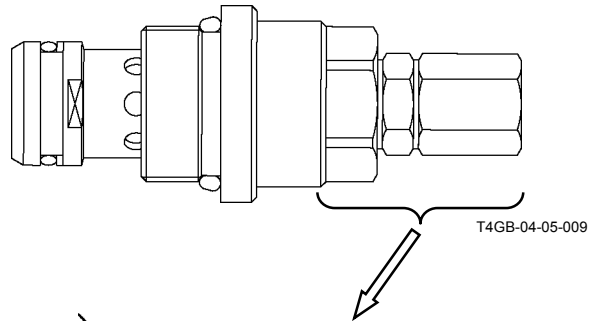





# OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Component Test

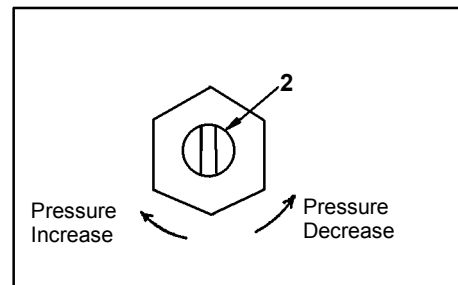
## Main Relief Valve Pressure Adjustment Procedure

1. Secure lock nut (1). Remove nut (3).  
 : 17 mm
2. Secure adjusting screw (2). Loosen lock nut (1).  
 : 17 mm
3. Turn adjusting screw (2) and adjust the relief pressure to the specification.
4. Secure adjusting screw (2). Tighten lock nut (1).  
 : 19.5 N·m (2 kgf·m, 14 lbf·ft)
5. Secure lock nut (1). Tighten nut (3).
6. Check the relief set pressure.



 **NOTE:** Standard Change in Pressure (Reference)

Adjusting Screw Turns		1/4	1/2	3/4	1
Change in Pressure	MPa	2.79	5.59	8.36	11.2
	(kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> )	(28.5)	(57)	(85.2)	(114)
	(psi)	(406)	(813)	(1215)	(1628)



T105-06-05-002

## OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Component Test

### STEERING RELIEF PRESSURE


The steering relief pressure can also be measured by using Dr. ZX.

#### Summary:

Measure the steering relief valve set pressure at the main pump delivery port in order to check performance of the steering relief valve.

#### Preparation:

1. Stop the engine.
2. Push the air bleed valve of the hydraulic oil tank and release any remaining pressure.
3. Remove the plug from the main pump delivery port. Install an adapter, a hose and a pressure gauge.

 : 6 mm

(If Dr.ZX is used, install Dr.ZX and select the controller function diagnosing.)

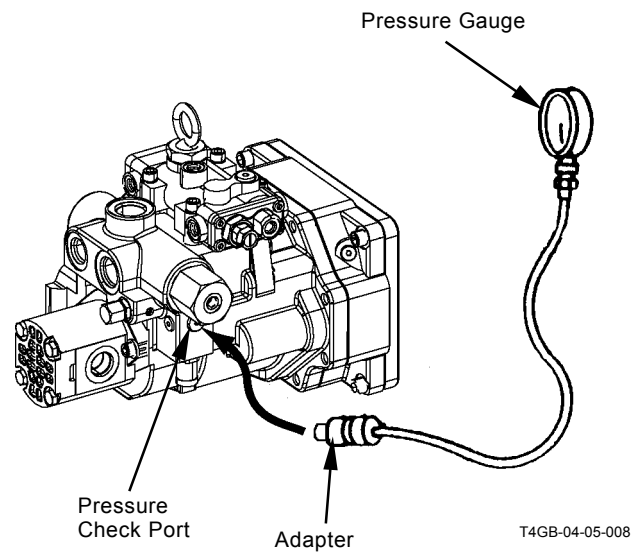
4. Start the engine. Check for any oil leaks at the pressure gauge connection.
5. Maintain hydraulic oil temperature at  $50 \pm 5$  °C ( $122 \pm 9$  °F).

#### Measurement:

1. Set engine speed at fast idle. Depress the accelerator pedal fully.
2. Install an articulation lock bar. Slowly operate the steering handle and relieve the steering function.
3. Repeat the measurement three times and calculate the average values.





#### Evaluation:

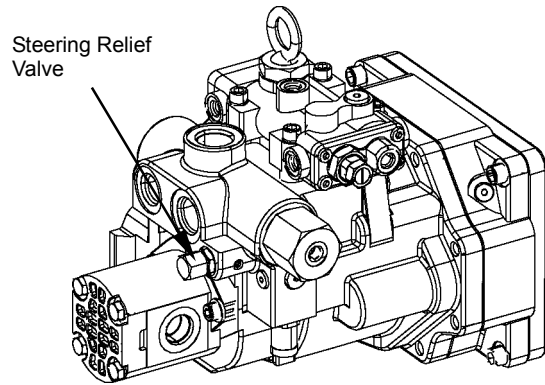
Refer to the Performance Standard Table in Group T4-2.




# OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Component Test

## Steering Relief Valve Pressure Adjustment Procedure

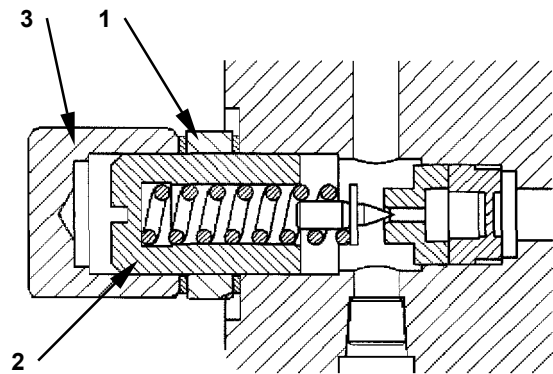
1. Secure lock nut (1). Remove nut (3).  
 : 24 mm
2. Secure adjusting screw (2). Loosen lock nut (1).  
 : 24 mm
3. Turn adjusting screw (2) and adjust the relief pressure to the specification.
4. Secure adjusting screw (2). Tighten lock nut (1).  
 : 46 N·m(4.7 kgf·m, 34 lbf·ft)
5. Secure lock nut (1). Tighten nut (3).  
 : 37 N·m(3.8 kgf·m, 27 lbf·ft)
6. Check the relief set pressure.



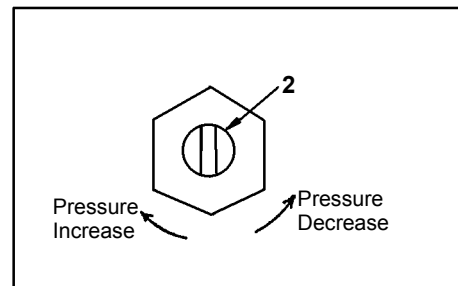
T4GB-04-05-012

 **NOTE:** Standard Change in Pressure (Reference)

Adjusting Screw Turns		1/4	1/2	3/4	1
Change in Pressure	MPa	3.8	7.5	11.3	15.0
	(kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> )	(39)	(77)	(155)	(153)
	(psi)	(552)	(1050)	(1643)	(2181)



T4GB-04-05-013



T105-06-05-002

# OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Component Test


## OVERLOAD RELIEF PRESSURE

### Summary:

1. The circuit pressure must be increased by applying an external force while blocking the return circuit from the control valve. This measuring method is hazardous and the results obtained with this method are unreliable.
2. The oil flow rate used to set the overload relief pressure is far less than that used to set the main relief pressure. Therefore, measuring the overload pressure in the main circuit by increasing the main relief set pressure more than the overload valve set pressure is not a proper method. In addition, in case a main relief valve designed to leak a small quantity of oil before relieving is used, its pre-leaking start pressure must be increased more than the overload relief valve set pressure. However, the pre-leaking start pressure is not always increased more than the overload relief valve set pressure as the adjustable upper limit of the main relief valve set pressure is provided. Accordingly, the overload relief valve assembly should be removed from the machine and checked on a specified test stand at a correct oil flow rate. Some overload relief valves come in contact with the control valve body to block the oil passage. When this type of overload relief valve is checked, the control valve body must be precisely finished as the test unit. Provide one control valve other than that on the machine as a test kit.
3. If the overload relief valve performance must be checked on the machine, however, measure the main relief pressure while releasing each front function respective to the measuring overload relief valve. And, assume that the overload relief valve is functioning correctly if the obtained main relief pressure is within the specified value range. Measure the main pressure by using Dr. ZX.

### Preparation:

1. Stop the engine.
2. Push the air bleed valve of the hydraulic oil tank and release any remaining pressure.
3. Remove the plug from the main pump delivery port. Install an adapter, a hose and a pressure gauge.

 : 6 mm

4. Install Dr. ZX and select the monitoring function. Start the engine. Check for any oil leaks at the pressure gauge connection.
5. Maintain hydraulic oil temperature at  $50 \pm 5$  °C ( $122 \pm 9$  °F).

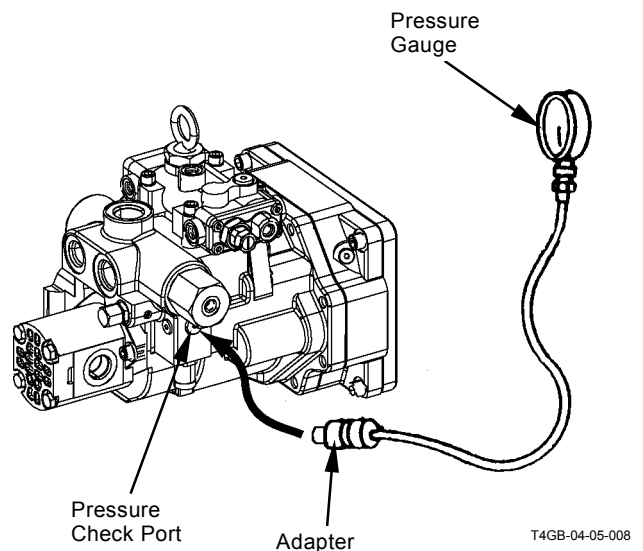
### Measurement:

1. Set engine speed at fast idle. Depress the accelerator pedal fully.
2. Slowly operate the control levers (lift arm or bucket) corresponding to the overload relief valve to be measured to stroke end (extend and retract).
3. Read the pressures on the pressure gauge at this time.
4. Repeat the measurement three times and calculate the average values.

### Evaluation:


Performance of the overload relief valves are normal if the pressure in the measured circuit (bucket or lift arm) is within the specified value range of the main relief pressures.

Refer to the Performance Standard Table in Group T4-2.




# OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Component Test

## Overload Relief Valve Pressure Adjusting Procedure


 **NOTE:** In principle, adjust the overload relief valve pressure on a test stand.

Adjust the pressure of the overload relief valve with adjusting screw (2) after loosening lock nut (1).


1. Loosen lock nut (1).


 : 17 mm

2. Turn adjusting screw (2) and adjust the pressure.

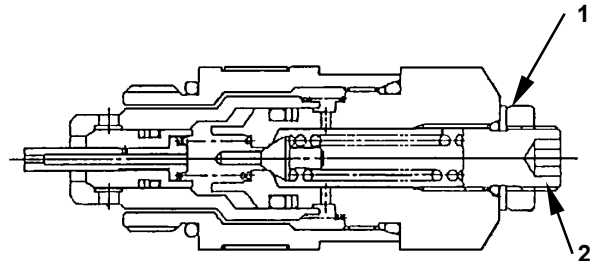
 : 6 mm

3. Tighten lock nut (1).

 : 17 mm

 : 29.5 N·m (3.0 kgf·m, 22 lbf·ft)

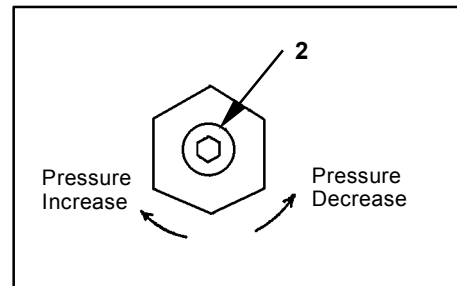
4. After adjustment, check the set pressure.



W107-02-05-128

 **NOTE:** Standard Change in Pressure (Reference)

Adjusting Screw Turns		1/4	1/2	3/4	1
Change in Pressure	MPa	5.2	10.6	15.9	21.1
	(kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> )	(54)	(108)	(162)	(216)
	(psi)	(770)	(1540)	(2300)	(3070)



W107-02-05-129

## OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Component Test

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### MAIN PUMP FLOW RATE

- P-Q Control (Torque Control)


#### Summary:

Main pump performance is checked by measuring the pump flow rate by using a hydraulic tester installed at the main pump delivery port to be measured. Use Dr. ZX and a pressure gauge at the same time.


**IMPORTANT: This measurement procedure is a simple method. The measured data will be lower by approx. 5 % than the accurately measured value. In order to measure accurately, disconnect the return circuit from the control valve and connect it to the hydraulic oil tank.**

#### Preparation:


1. Stop the engine. Push the air bleed valve of the hydraulic oil tank and release any remaining pressure. Install a vacuum pump to the oil filler port.


 *NOTE: Operate the vacuum pump while connecting the pump flow rate test piping.*

2. Disconnect the delivery hose from the main pump. Install pipe (1) to the main pump.


 : 41 mm

3. Connect pipe (1) to hydraulic tester (4) with test hose (2) and adapter (3). Install adapter (5), joint (6) and flange (7).


 : 41 mm

 : 10 mm


4. Connect flange (7) to the delivery hose with split flange (8) and bolt (9).

 : 10 mm

5. Install a pressure gauge to the main pump. (Refer to the page on Main Pump Relief Pressure.)

 : 6 mm

6. Disconnect hose (11) from the regulator. Install plug (G1/4) to the hole on hose (11).

 : 17 mm

7. Remove the vacuum pump. Loosen plug (10) on top of the pump casing. Bleed air from the pump casing until oil only comes out of the plug clearance.

8. Fully open the loading valve of the hydraulic tester.

9. Start the engine. Check for any oil leaks at the pressure gauge connection. Install Dr. ZX and select the monitor display function of MC.

#### Measurement:

1. Maintain hydraulic oil temperature at  $50 \pm 5$  °C ( $122 \pm 9$  °F).

2. Measure the maximum flow rate.

3. Set engine speed at fast idle. Depress the accelerator pedal fully.

4. Adjust the main relief valve relief set pressure in the control valve to each pressure point specified along the main pump P-Q curve. (Refer to T4-2.) Slowly close the loading valve of the hydraulic tester while relieving the pressure in the bucket crowd circuit. Measure the flow rates and engine speeds at the pressure points specified in the P-Q curve.

5. Repeat the measurement three times and calculate the average values.

## OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Component Test

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### Evaluation:

1. Convert the measured flow rates to those at the specified engine speed by using the following formulas:
2. Standard Flow Rate  
Refer to the Performance Standard Table in Group T4-2.

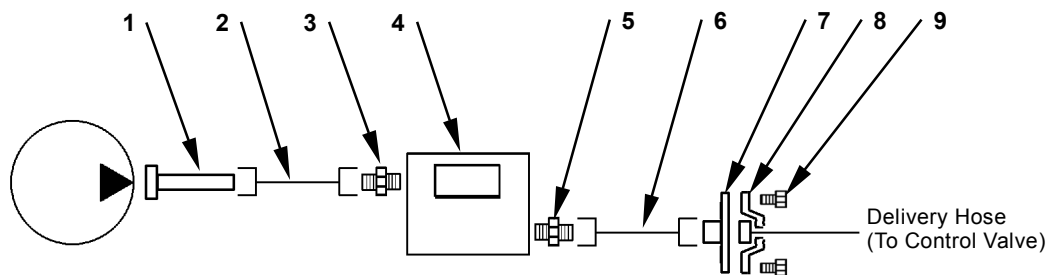
$$Q_c = (N_s \times Q) / N_e$$

Q<sub>c</sub> : Converted Flow Rate

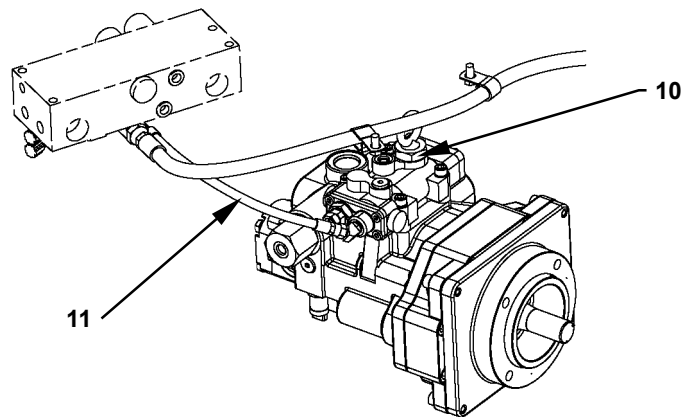
Q : Measured Flow Rate

N<sub>s</sub> : Specified Engine Speed: 2200 min<sup>-1</sup> (rpm)

N<sub>e</sub> : Measured Engine Speed: Value by Dr. ZX



T1F3-04-05-010



T4GB-04-05-014

- |                            |                            |                   |           |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|-----------|
| 1 - Pipe                   | 4 - Hydraulic Tester       | 7 - Flange        | 10 - Plug |
| 2 - Test Hose              | 5 - Adapter (PF1×UNF1-7/8) | 8 - Split Flange  | 11 - Hose |
| 3 - Adapter (PF1×UNF1-7/8) | 6 - Joint                  | 9 - Bolt (4 Used) |           |

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## OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Component Test

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### • Pilot Characteristics

#### Summary:

Main pump performance is checked by measuring the pump flow rate by using a hydraulic tester installed at the main pump delivery port to be measured. Use Dr. ZX and a pressure gauge at the same time.

**IMPORTANT: This measurement procedure is a simple method. The measured data will be lower by approx. 5 % than the accurately measured value. In order to measure accurately, disconnect the return circuit from the control valve and connect it to the hydraulic oil tank.**

#### Preparation:

1. Refer to steps 1 to 4 on page T4-5-14. Install a hydraulic tester to the main pump.
2. Disconnect the hose of port Pi1 from the pump regulator. Install a plug to the removed hose.  
 : 19 mm
3. Install adapters (13) (3 used) to pressure reducing valve (14). Disconnect the hose from port P of the pilot steering valve. Insert tee (10), adapter (11) and hose (12) between pilot steering valve and charging block.  
Connect hose (12) to port P1 of pressure reducing valve (14).  
 : 19 mm
4. Install tee (15) to port P2 of pressure reducing valve (14). Install pressure gauge (16) and hose (12) to tee (15). Connect hose (12) to port Pi1 of the regulator.  
 : 19 mm
5. Connect hose (12) to port T of pressure reducing valve (14). Connect hose (12) to the return piping or the hydraulic oil tank.  
 : 19 mm
6. Connect port Pi2 of the regulator to the hydraulic oil tank. As for the emergency steering, install tee (17), adapter (18) and hose (19) to port E in the emergency steering block. Connect hose (19) to port Pi2 of the regulator.

7. Remove the vacuum pump. Loosen the plug on top of the pump casing. Bleed air from the pump casing until oil only comes out of the plug clearance.
8. Fully open the loading valve of the hydraulic tester.
9. Start the engine. Check for any oil leaks at the piping connection.

#### Measurement:

1. Maintain hydraulic oil temperature at  $50 \pm 5$  °C ( $122 \pm 9$  °F)
2. Measure the pump flow rate in response to the external command pilot pressure.
3. Set engine speed at fast idle. Depress the accelerator pedal fully
4. Adjust the pressure reducing valve set pressure to each pressure point specified along the main pump P-Q curve. (Pilot Characteristics) (Refer to T4-2.) Measure the flow rates and engine speeds at the pressure points specified in the P-Q curve.
5. Repeat the measurement three times and calculate the average values.

#### Evaluation:

1. Convert the measured flow rates to those at the specified engine speed by using the following formulas:

$$Q_c = (N_s \times Q) / N_e$$

Q<sub>c</sub> : Converted Flow Rate

Q : Measured Flow Rate

N<sub>s</sub> : Specified Engine Speed : 2200 min<sup>-1</sup> (rpm)

N<sub>e</sub> : Measured Engine Speed Value by Dr. ZX

2. Standard Flow Rate

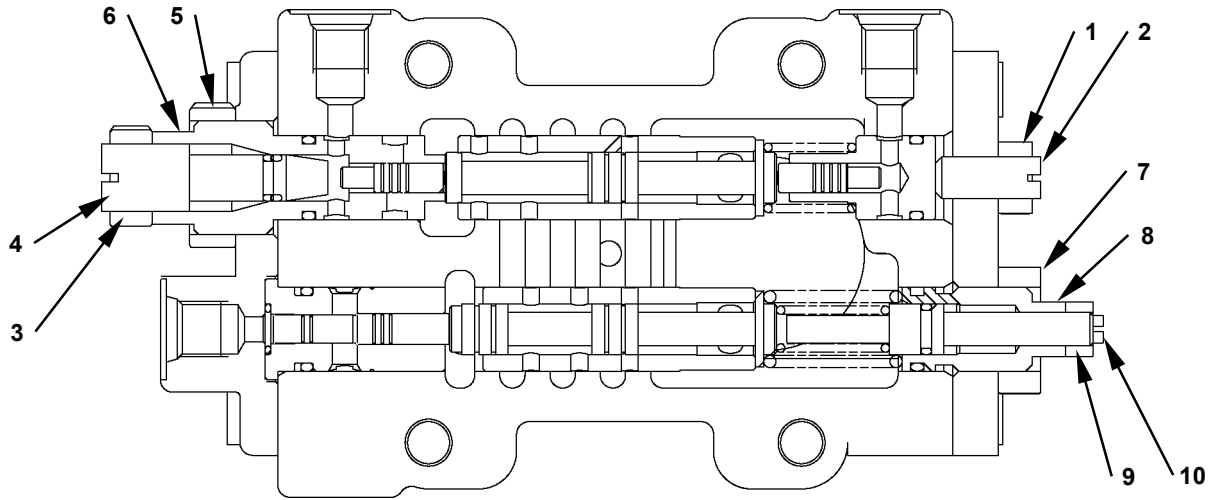
Refer to the Performance Standard Table in Group T4-2.





# OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Component Test

## REGULATOR ADJUSTMENT

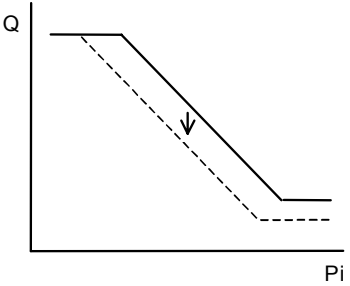


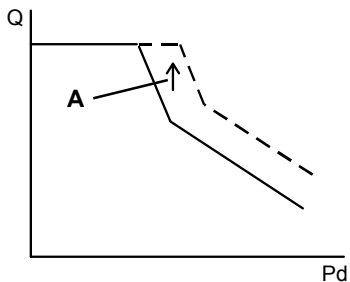
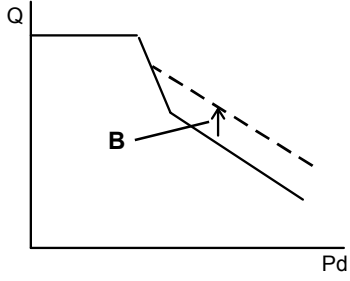






T4GB-04-05-016

- |   |   |                                   |                                    |
|---|---|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 1 - Lock Nut (Minimum Flow Rate)        | 4 - Adjusting Screw (Maximum Flow Rate)             | 7 - Lock Nut (P-Q Control)        | 9 - Lock Nut (P-Q Control)         |
| 2 - Adjusting Screw (Minimum Flow Rate) | 5 - Lock Nut (Pilot Pressure Characteristic)        | 8 - Adjusting Screw (P-Q Control) | 10 - Adjusting Screw (P-Q Control) |
| 3 - Lock Nut (Maximum Flow Rate)        | 6 - Adjusting Screw (Pilot Pressure Characteristic) |                                   |                                    |

Adjustment Item	Adjustment Procedure	Remarks
<p>1. Maximum Flow Rate</p>	<p>Loosen lock nut (5) and turn adjusting screw (6). Turn adjusting screw (6) 1/4 a turn clockwise and the maximum pump flow rate decreases by 11.26 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev. (0.69 in<sup>3</sup>/rev).</p> <p>  : 32 mm   : 40 N·m                      (4.1 kgf·m, 30 lbf·ft)                 </p>	<p>1) Do not turn adjusting screw (6) more than two turns.</p> <p>2) Do not increase the maximum flow rate. In other words, do not turn adjusting screw (6) counterclockwise.</p> <p>3) Secure tighten lock nut (5) after adjustment.</p>

## OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Component Test

Adjustment Item	Adjustment Procedure	Remarks
<p>2. Pilot Pressure Characteristics</p> 	<p>Loosen lock nut (1) and turn adjusting screw (2).</p> <p>Turn adjusting screw (2) 1/4 a turn clockwise and the pump flow rate decreases by 8.08 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev. (0.49 in<sup>3</sup>/rev).</p> <p>  : 17 mm   : 20 N·m                      (2 kgf·m, 15 lbf·ft)                 </p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1) Do not turn adjusting screw (2) more than one turn.</li> <li>2) Securely tighten lock nut (1) after adjustment.</li> </ol>
<p>3. P-Q Control (Torque Adjustment)</p>  	<p>A: Loosen lock nut (7) and turn adjusting screw (8).</p> <p>Turn adjusting screw (8) 1/4 a turn clockwise and the pump flow rate increase by 13.6 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev. (0.83 in<sup>3</sup>/rev.)</p> <p>  : 30 mm   : 30 N·m                      (3.1 kgf·m, 22 lbf·ft)                 </p> <p>B: Loosen lock nut (9) and turn adjusting screw (10).</p> <p>Turn adjusting screw (10) 1/4 a turn clockwise and the pump flow rate increases by 3.9 cm<sup>3</sup>/rev. (0.24 in<sup>3</sup>/rev.)</p> <p>  : 13 mm   : 10 N·m                      (1 kgf·m, 7.5 lbf·ft)                 </p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1) Do not turn adjusting screws (8, 10) more than one turn.</li> <li>2) Rotate adjusting screws (8, 10) while checking the engine performance.</li> <li>3) Securely tighten lock nuts (7, 9) after adjustment.</li> </ol>

## OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Component Test

### SERVICE BRAKE PRESSURE (FRONT AND REAR)

(The pressure can be measured by using Dr. ZX.)

**CAUTION:** If air is mixed in the brake system, the brake function is reduced and serious hazard may occur. Bleed air from the brake system after removing and installing the brake piping, and replacing hydraulic oil. Refer to Troubleshooting B in Group T5-6.

#### Summary:


Measure the pressure at the brake valve pressure check port when the brake pedal is depressed.


#### Preparation:

**CAUTION:** Set the block onto the front and rear tires in order not to move the machine. Keep away from the machine.


1. Stop the engine.
2. Push the air bleed valve of the hydraulic oil tank and release any remaining pressure.
3. Depress the brake at least 50 strokes in order to reduce the accumulated pressure left in the brake circuit.
4. Install the measuring devices to the front and rear wheel brake circuits.


4-1. Front wheel brake circuit pressure: Remove plug (1) from the pressure check port in the brake valve. Install a nipple and a pressure gauge to the pressure check port.

 : 19 mm, 22 mm

 : 6 mm

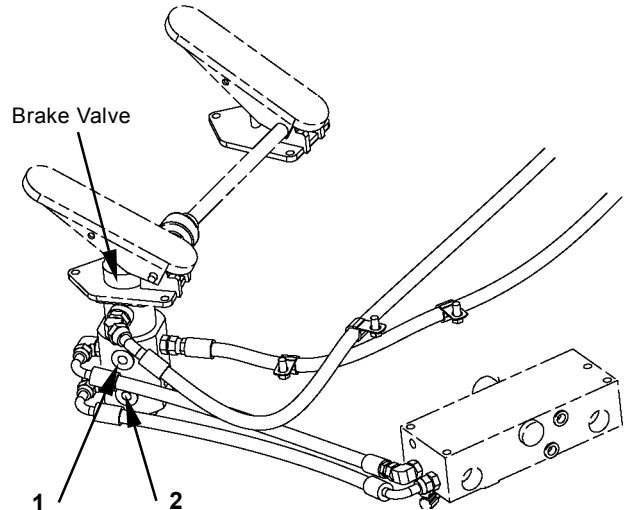
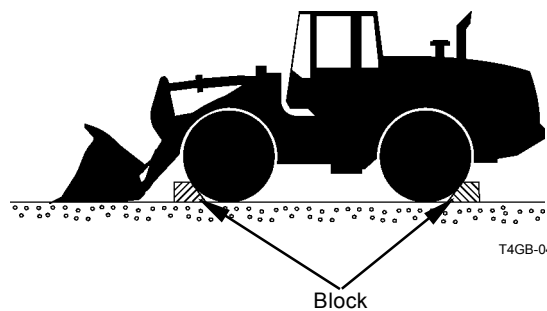
4-2. Rear wheel brake circuit pressure: Remove plug (2) from the pressure check port in the brake valve. Install a nipple and a pressure gauge to the pressure check port.

 : 19 mm, 22 mm

 : 6 mm

5. Start the engine. Check for any oil leaks at the pressure gauge connection.

6. Maintain hydraulic oil temperature at  $50\pm 5$  °C ( $122\pm 9$  °F).



## OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Component Test

---

### Conditions for Measurement:

1. Set engine speed at fast idle.
2. Depress the accelerator pedal fully.

### Measurement:

1. Measure the pressure when fully depressing the brake pedal at left side to the floor.
2. Repeat the measurement three times and calculate the average values.

### Evaluation:

Refer to the Performance Standard Table in Group T4-2.

### Remedy:

Refer to Troubleshooting B in Group T5-6.  
Normally, the front and rear wheel brake pressures become equal. If not, malfunction of the brake valve and dirt caught in the valve are suspected.

# OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Component Test

## PARKING BRAKE PRESSURE

**CAUTION:** If air is mixed in the brake system, the brake function is reduced and serious hazard may occur. Bleed air from the brake system after removing and installing the brake piping, and replacing hydraulic oil. Refer to Troubleshooting B in Group T5-6.


### Summary:

1. Measure the parking brake release pressure in the parking brake release circuit.

### Preparation:

**CAUTION:** Set the block onto the front and rear tires in order not to move the machine. Keep away from the machine.

1. Stop the engine.
2. Push the air bleed valve of the hydraulic oil tank and release any remaining pressure.
3. Remove brake hose (1) from the parking brake side. Install a pressure gauge to the removed hose.

 : 19 mm, 22 mm

4. Start the engine. Check for any oil leaks at the pressure gauge connection.
5. Maintain hydraulic oil temperature at  $50\pm 5$  °C ( $122\pm 9$  °F).

### Conditions for Measurement:

1. Set engine speed at fast idle.
2. Depress the accelerator pedal fully.

### Measurement:

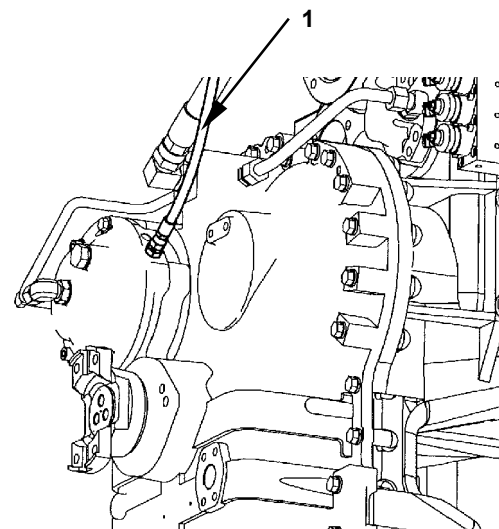
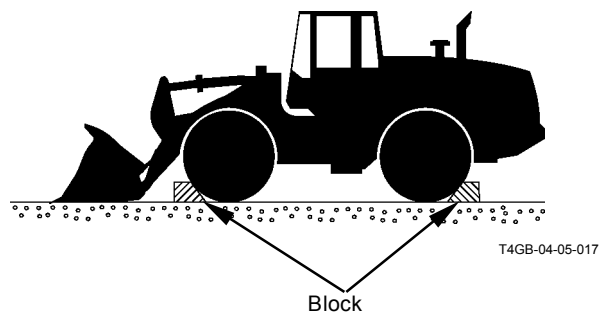
1. Release the parking brake and measure the pressure at this time.
2. Repeat the measurement three times and calculate the average values.

### Evaluation:

Refer to the Performance Standard Table in Group T4-2.

### Remedy:

Refer to Troubleshooting B in Group T5-6.



## **OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Component Test**

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(Blank)

## OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Component Test

### BRAKE ACCUMULATED PRESSURE

(The pressure can be measured by using Dr. ZX.)

**CAUTION:** If air is mixed in the brake system, the brake function is reduced serious hazard may occur. Bleed air from the brake system after removing and installing the brake piping, and replacing hydraulic oil.  
Refer to the Troubleshooting B in Group T5-6.

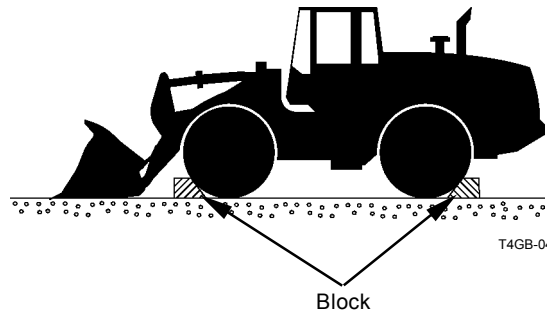
#### Summary:

The accumulated brake pressure is measured at output port of the accumulator. The accumulated brake pressure varies according to operation of the brake. Record the maximum value.

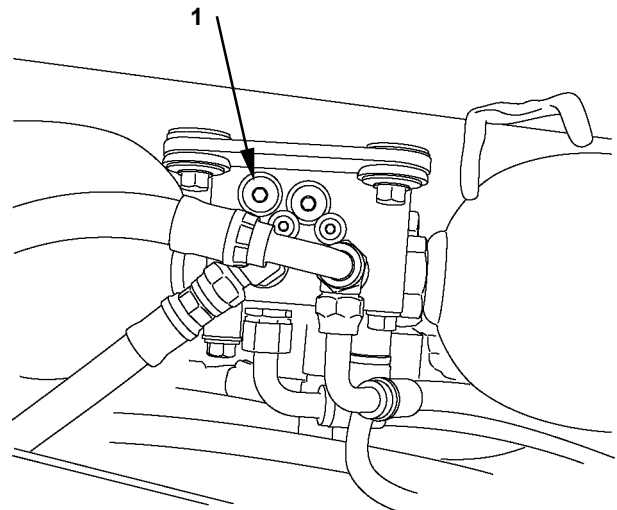
#### Preparation:

**CAUTION:** Set the block onto the front and rear tires in order not to move machine. Keep away from the machine.

1. Stop the engine.
2. Push the air bleed valve of the hydraulic oil tank and release any remaining pressure.
3. Depress the brake at least 50 strokes in order to reduce the accumulated pressure left in the brake circuit.
4. Remove plug (1) from the pressure check port of the charging block in bottom of the cab.  
Install a nipple and a pressure gauge to the pressure check port.  
🔑 : 19 mm, 22 mm  
🔧 : 6 mm
5. Start the engine. Check for any oil leaks at the pressure gauge connection.
6. Maintain hydraulic oil temperature at  $50 \pm 5$  °C ( $122 \pm 9$  °F).



T4GB-04-05-017



T4GB-04-05-019



## OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Component Test

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### Conditions for Measurement:

1. Set engine speed at fast idle.
2. Depress the accelerator pedal fully.

### Measurement:

1. Measure maximum pressure when depressing the brake pedal slowly several times.
2. Repeat the measurement three times and calculate the average values.

### Evaluation:

Refer to the Performance Standard Table in Group T4-2.

### Remedy:

Refer to Troubleshooting B in Group T5-6.

## OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Component Test

### SERVICE BRAKE WARNING SET PRESSURE (DECREASE)

(The pressure can be measured by using Dr. ZX.)

**CAUTION:** If air is mixed in the brake system, the brake function is reduced serious hazard may occur. Bleed air from the brake system after removing and installing the brake piping, and replacing hydraulic oil.  
Refer to the Troubleshooting B in Group T5-6.

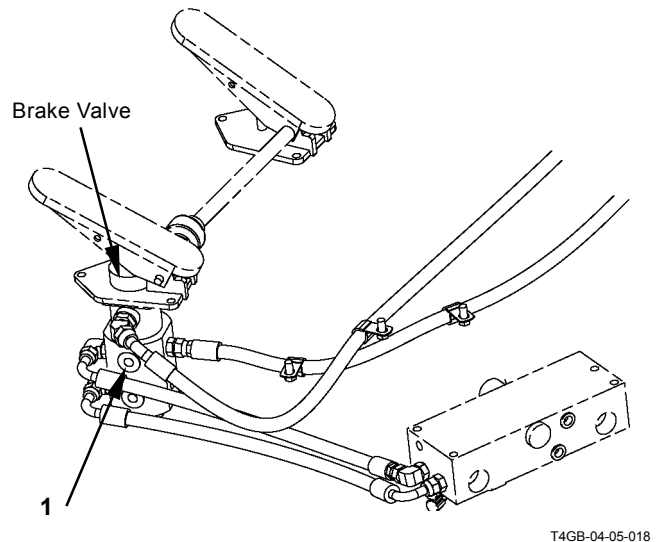
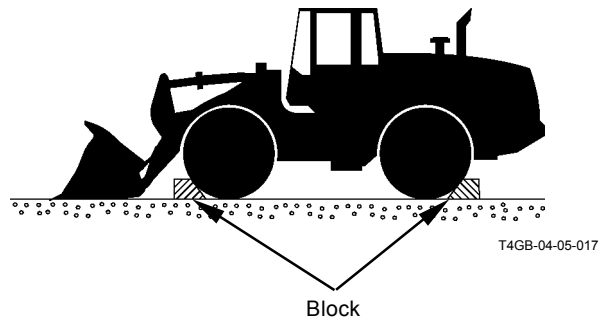
#### Summary:

When the warning buzzer sounds by reducing the accumulated brake pressure, measure the pressure at the output port of the accumulator.

#### Preparation:

**CAUTION:** Set the block onto the front and rear tires in order not to move the machine. Keep away from the machine.

1. Stop the engine.
2. Push the air bleed valve of the hydraulic oil tank and release any remaining pressure.
3. Depress the brake at least 50 strokes in order to reduce the accumulated pressure left in the brake circuit.
4. Remove plug (1) from the charged pressure check port in the brake valve. Install a nipple and a pressure gauge to the pressure check port.  
🔧 : 19 mm, 22 mm  
🔩 : 6 mm
5. Start the engine. Check for any oil leaks at the pressure gauge connection.
6. Maintain hydraulic oil temperature at  $50 \pm 5$  °C ( $122 \pm 9$  °F).



## OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Component Test

---

### Conditions for Measurement:

1. Select the following switch positions.

FNR Lever	Parking Brake Switch
N	P (Parking)

### Measurement:

1. Stop the engine. Turn the key switch to the ON position.
2. Measure the pressure when warning buzzer sounds by depressing the brake pedal several times.
3. Repeat the measurement three times and calculate the average values.

### Evaluation:

Refer to the Performance Standard Table in Group T4-2.

### Remedy:

Refer to Troubleshooting B in Group T5-6.

## OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Component Test

### SERVICE BRAKE WARNING SET PRESSURE (INCREASE)

(The pressure can be measured by using Dr. ZX.)

**CAUTION:** If air is mixed in the brake system, the brake function is reduced serious hazard may occur. Bleed air from the brake system after removing and installing the brake piping, and replacing hydraulic oil. Refer to the Troubleshooting B in Group T5-6.

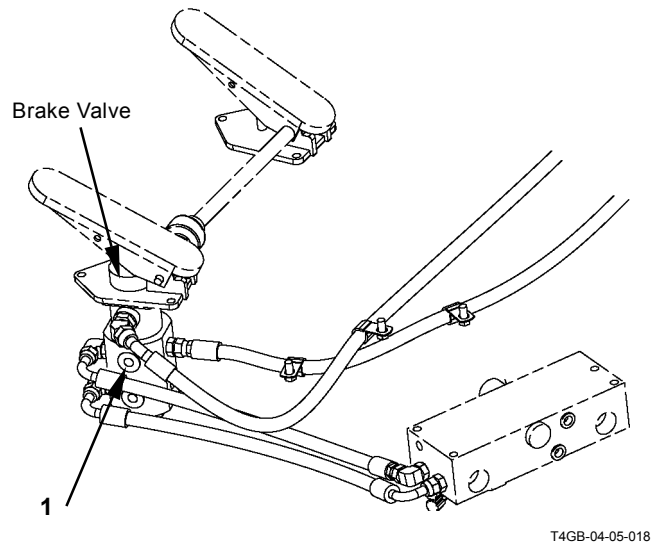
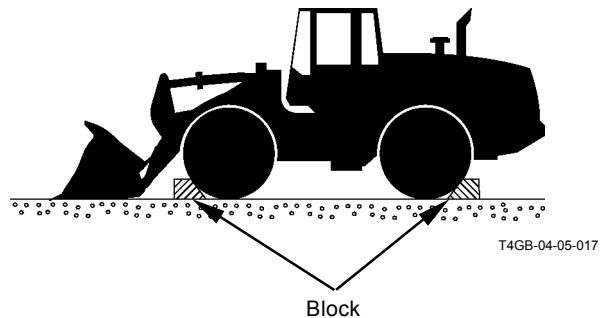
#### Summary:

When the warning buzzer stops sounding by increasing the accumulated brake pressure, measure the pressure at the output port of the accumulator.

#### Preparation:

**CAUTION:** Set the block onto the front and rear tires in order not to move machine. Keep away from the machine.

1. Stop the engine.
2. Push the air bleed valve of the hydraulic oil tank and release any remaining pressure.
3. Depress the brake at least 50 strokes in order to reduce the accumulated pressure left in the brake circuit.
4. Remove plug (1) from the charged pressure check port in the brake valve. Install a nipple and a pressure gauge to the pressure check port.  
🔧 : 19 mm, 22 mm  
🔩 : 6 mm
5. Start the engine. Check for any oil leaks at the pressure gauge connection.
6. Maintain hydraulic oil temperature at  $50\pm 5$  °C ( $122\pm 9$  °F).



## OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Component Test

---

### Conditions for Measurement:

1. Select the following switch positions.

FNR Lever	Parking Brake Switch
N	ON

### Measurement:

1. Stop the engine. Turn the key switch to the ON position.
2. Set the engine control dial to slow idle.
3. Depress the brake pedal several times and make the warning buzzer sound.
4. Start the engine. Measure the pressure when the warning buzzer stops sounding. Notice that it is difficult to read the gauge as the pressure increases rapidly.
5. Repeat the measurement three times and calculate the average values.

### Evaluation:

Refer to the Performance Standard Table in Group T4-2.

### Remedy:

Refer to Troubleshooting B in Group T5-6.

# OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Component Test

## TRANSMISSION CLUTCH PRESSURE

**Summary:**

Measure each operating pressure of the transmission clutch at each port of the transmission control valve.

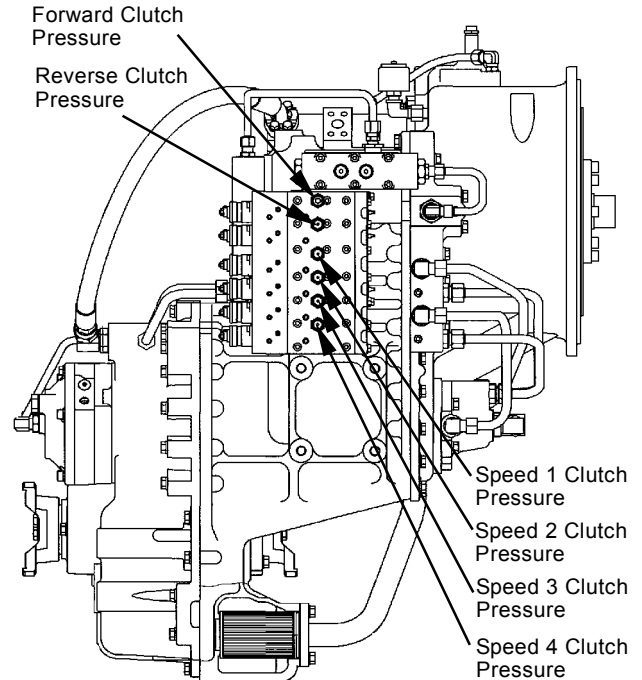
**Preparation:**

1. Stop the engine.
2. Remove the plug from the port. Install a hose, an adapter and a pressure gauge.  
┌ : 8 mm  
└ : 21 mm
3. Start the engine. Check for any oil leaks at the pressure gauge connection.
4. Maintain torque converter oil temperature at 60 to 80 °C (140 to 176 °F).

**Measurement:**

**⚠ CAUTION:** Set the block onto the front and rear tires in order not to move machine. Keep away from the machine.

1. Select the following switch positions.



T4GD-04-05-003

Accelerator Pedal	Brake Pedal	Travel Mode	Clutch Cut Position Switch	Parking Brake Switch
Fully Depressed	Fully Depressed	M	OFF	OFF

2. Operate the FNR lever and the shift switch. Measure each clutch pressure.

		F	R	Speed 1	Speed 2	Speed 3	Speed 4
Travel Switch	FNR Lever	F	R	N	N	N	N
	Shift Switch	4	4	1	2	3	4

3. Repeat the measurement three times and calculate the average values.

**Evaluation:**

Refer to the Performance Standard Table in Group T4-2.

## OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Component Test

### TORQUE CONVERTER PRESSURE (INLET AND OUTLET)

**Summary:**

Measure inlet pressure and outlet pressure of the torque converter pressure at the port of the torque converter housing.

**Preparation:**

1. Stop the engine.
2. Inlet pressure:  
Remove the plug from the port of regulator valve (1). Install a hose, an adapter and a pressure gauge to the open part.  
┌ : 6 mm  
 Outlet pressure:  
 Remove the plug from the port of torque converter housing (2). Install a hose, an adapter and a pressure gauge to the open part.  
┌ : 6 mm
3. Start the engine. Check for any oil leaks at the pressure gauge connection.
4. Maintain torque converter oil temperature at 60 to 80 °C (140 to 176 °F).

**Measurement:**

**⚠ CAUTION:** Set the block onto the front and rear tires in order not to move the machine. Keep away from the machine.

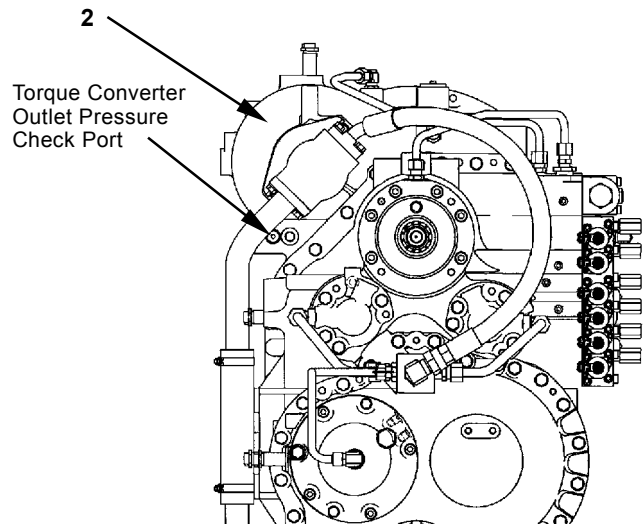
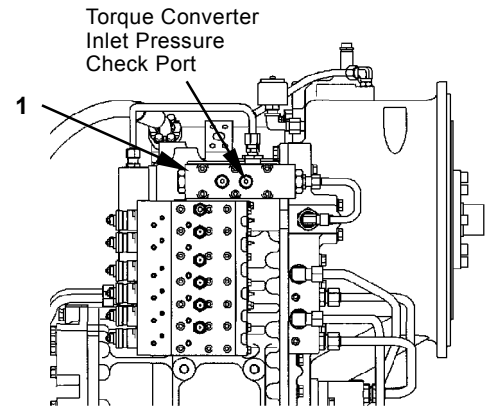
1. Select the following switch positions:

Accelerator Pedal	Brake Pedal	Travel Mode	Clutch Cut Position Switch	Parking Brake Switch
Fully Depressed	Fully Depressed	M	OFF	OFF

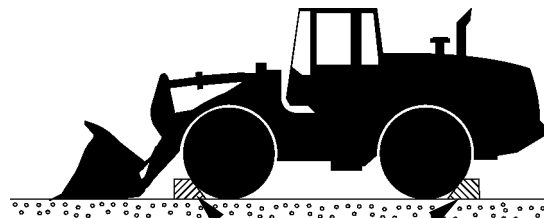
2. Set the FNR lever to "F" (Forward) and the shift switch to "4" (Speed 4). Measure the pressure.
3. Repeat the measurement three times and calculate the average values.

**Evaluation:**

Refer to the Performance Standard Table in Group T4-2.



T4GD-04-05-004



T4GB-04-05-017

## **OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Component Test**

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# OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Adjustment

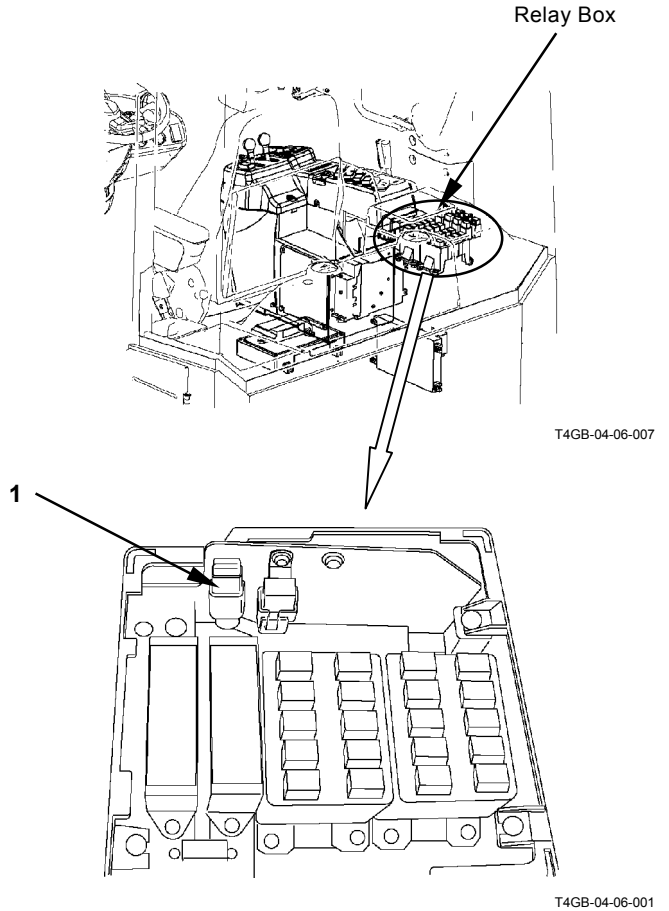
## TRANSMISSION LEARNING

After removing and/or replacing the components as described below for repair, perform the transmission learning (calibration).

- Replacement or repair of the transmission assembly, the transmission control valve or the clutch pack
- Replacement or repair of MC (Main Controller)

**Preparation:**

1. Start the service mode in the monitor. Start the engine. (Refer to T5-1-6.)
2. Select the transmission oil temperature on the monitor. (Refer to T5-1-7.)
3. Warm up transmission oil.
  - 3-1. Disconnect connector (1) (6-pole, gray) in the relay box from the dummy connector.
  - 3-2. Select or operate the switches from the left item in the table below.



Clutch Cut Position Switch	Shift Switch	Parking Brake Switch	Brake Pedal	Accelerator Pedal	FNR Lever
OFF	Speed 2	OFF	Fully Depressed	Fully Depressed	F

- 3-3. Stall the transmission and warm up transmission oil to 90 °C (194 °F).
- 3-4. When transmission oil temperature on the monitor reaches 90 °C (194 °F), return the FNR lever to neutral (N) and stop the engine.

## OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Adjustment

### Learning

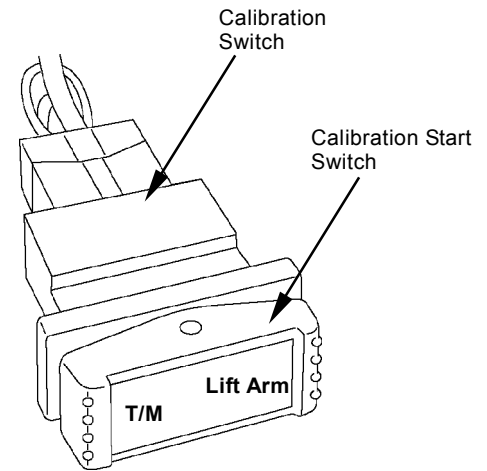
1. Connect the calibration switch to the connector (6-pole, gray) in the relay box in 10 seconds after turning the key switch OFF (the battery relay is tuned OFF). At this time, return the calibration start switch to neutral.

**IMPORTANT: If the battery relay is not turned OFF, calibration cannot be performed. It takes 10 seconds to turn the battery relay OFF after turning the key switch OFF.**

2. Start the monitor in the service mode. Start the engine. Set engine speed at idling speed. (Refer to T5-1-6.)
3. Select the transmission oil temperature on the monitor. (Refer to T5-1-7.)

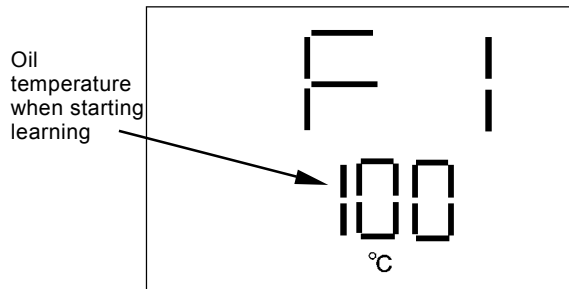
**IMPORTANT: Do not operate each switch and lever until calibration is finished.**

4. When transmission oil temperature reaches 75 °C (167 °F), push T/M in the calibration start switch. The start of learning display as illustrated in the right is selected on the monitor.
5. When learning is finished, the end of learning display as illustrated in the right is selected on the monitor. Return the calibration start switch to neutral.
6. Disconnect the calibration switch from the connector and stop the engine.



T4GB-04-06-003

### Start of Learning

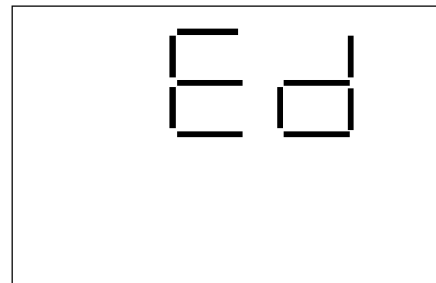


T4GB-04-06-004

The speed shift during learning is displayed on the monitor.

11 to 13: Speed 1, 21 to 23: Speed 2,  
31 to 33: Speed 3, 41 to 43: Speed 4,  
F1 to F3: Forward, A1 to A3: Reverse

### End of Learning



T4GB-04-06-006

# OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Adjustment

## Error Display

When calibration fails, the error is displayed on the monitor.

The error consists of two types; when start of calibration fails, when calibration is aborted during calibration.

- Error display when start of calibration fails  
If the error display as figure 1 is displayed before starting calibration, calibration cannot be continued. After the trouble corresponding to error No. is solved, start calibration again.

Error No.	Error
2	The FNR lever is not in "N".
3	The parking brake is not in "ON".
4	The machine is driving.
5	T/M temperature is lower than specification. *1
6	T/M temperature is higher than specification. *1
7	Engine speed is lower than specification. *2
8	Engine speed is higher than specification. *2

\*1: Error No. and T/M temperature at this time (figure 2) are displayed alternately.

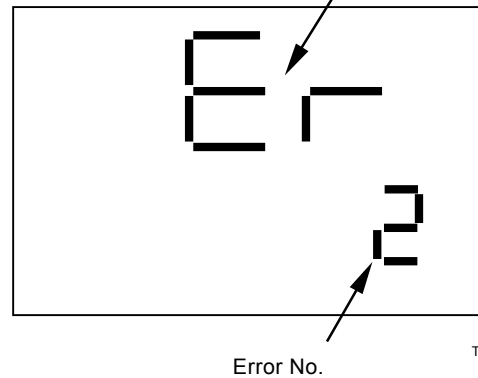
\*2: Error No. and engine speed at this time (figure 3) are displayed alternately.

**NOTE:** If error No. 2, 3 or 4 is displayed, set the switch and lever corresponding to this error to the correct position so that SR is displayed on the monitor.

If error No. 6 is displayed, wait until transmission oil temperature reaches specification so that SR is displayed on the monitor.

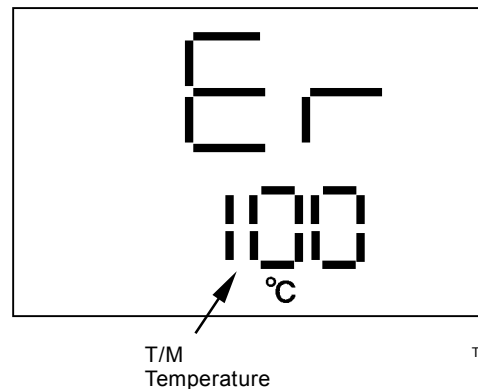
When SR is displayed, push the calibration start switch again and calibration can be started.

Figure 1 Error Display



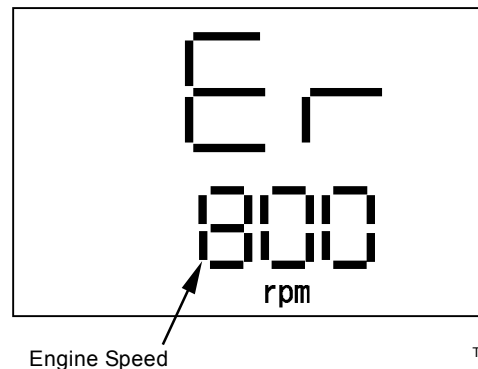
T4GB-04-06-009

Figure 2



T4GB-04-06-010


Figure 3



T4GB-04-06-011

## OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Adjustment

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 NOTE: If error No. 5, 7 or 8 is displayed, stop the engine. Disconnect the calibration switch from the connector and solve the trouble. Then, start calibration again.

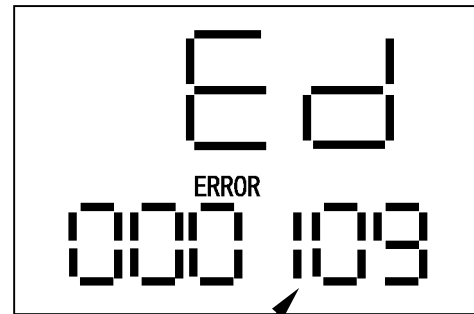
## OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Adjustment

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- Error display when calibration is aborted during calibration

When calibration is aborted during calibration, the error display as illustrated in the right is selected. After the trouble is solved, start calibration again.

Error No.	Error
000108	The key is turned into OFF.
000208	Engine speed is out of specification.
000308	The parking brake is turned into OFF.
000408	The machine starts traveling.
000508	The FNR lever is operated.
000109 000209 000309	Failure of learning at Speed 1.
000110 000210 000310	Failure of learning at Speed 2.
000111 000211 000311	Failure of learning at Speed 3.
000112 000212 000312	Failure of learning at Speed 4.
000113 000213 000313	Failure of learning at forward.
000114 000214 000314	Failure of learning at reverse.



T4GB-04-06-013

**NOTE:** Cause of the error No. display on failure of learning (from Speed 1 to reverse): The clutch at the speed shift 1 when the error occurs may be out of correctable range (malfunction of drive unit parts) or the transmission oil temperature may be beyond the specification.

## OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Adjustment

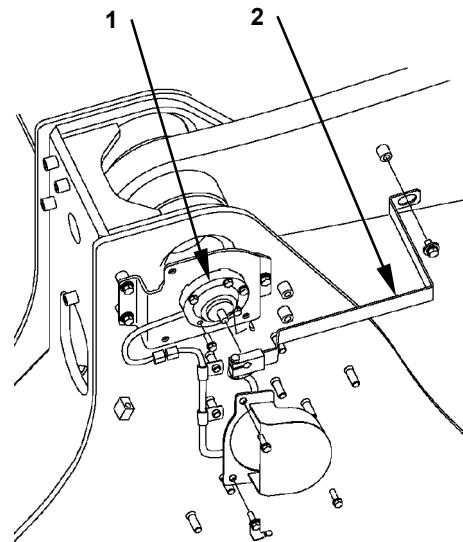
### LIFT ARM ANGLE SENSOR LEARNING (OPTIONAL)

After removing and/or replacing the components as described below for repair, perform the left arm angle learning (calibration).

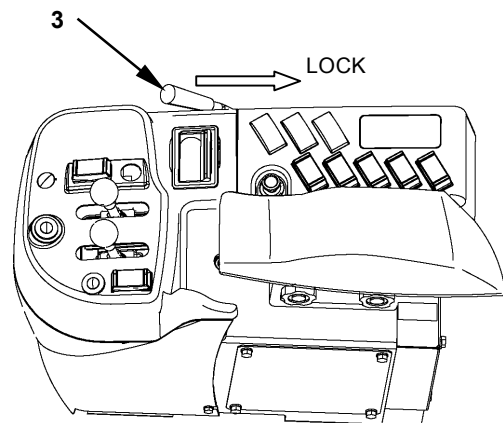
- Removal and installation of the angle sensor, Replacement of the angle sensor
- Replacement or repair of MC (Main Controller)

#### Preparation:

1. Install Dr. ZX and start the engine.  
Select Boom Anlge and Angle Sensor Learning Status on the main controller screen in Dr. ZX.
2. Raise the lift arm to the highest position.  
At this time, check if voltage at Boom Angle on the display in Dr. ZX is  $3.78\pm 0.5$  V.
3. If voltage  $3.78\pm 0.5$  V is not displayed, the followings may be caused. Conduct the remedy.
  - The rotation shaft in angle sensor (1) turns with sensor lever (2) together.
  - Angle sensor (1) failure
4. Set control lever lock (3) to the LOCK position and stop the engine.



T4GB-04-06-008



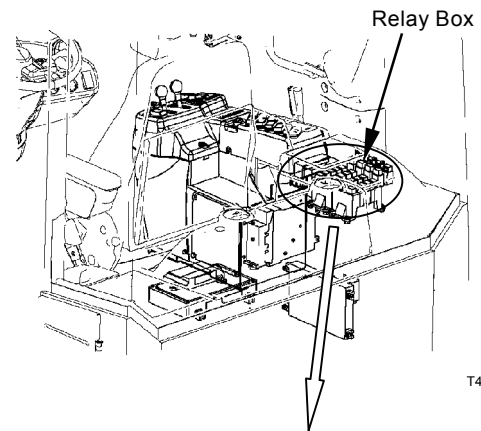
M4GB-01-050

## OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Adjustment

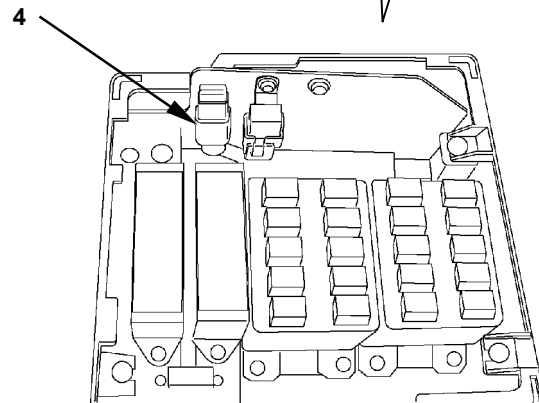
5. Connect calibration switch (5) to connector (4) (6-pole, gray) in the relay box in 10 seconds after turning the key switch OFF (the battery relay is tuned OFF). At this time, return calibration start switch (6) to neutral.

**IMPORTANT: If the battery relay is not turned OFF, calibration cannot be performed. It takes 10 seconds to turn the battery relay OFF after turning the key switch OFF.**

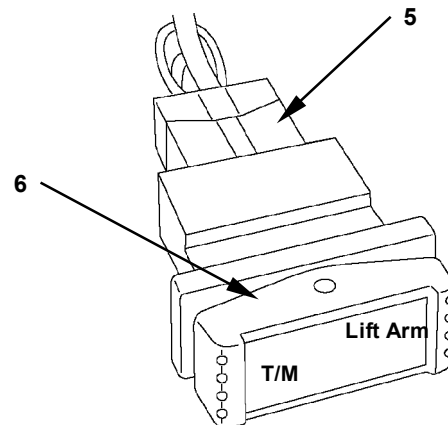
6. Lay down calibration start switch (6) to the lift arm side. Start the engine at idling speed.
7. If "Finish" in Angle Sensor Learning Status on Dr. ZX is turned into black, learning is finished. Return calibration start switch (6) to OFF (neutral). If "Failed" or "Not Learn" in Angle Sensor Learning Status on Dr. ZX is turned into black, repeat the procedures from step 1.
8. Return the control lever lock to UNLOCK. Lower the lift arm onto the ground. Stop the engine.
9. After learning of the lift arm angle sensor, set the stop position of lift arm. (Refer to the Operator's Manual.)



T4GB-04-06-007



T4GB-04-06-001



T4GB-04-06-003

# OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST / Adjustment

## DRIVE BELT TENSION ADJUSTMENT

### Summary:

If the drive belt is loosened, the charge is defective of the battery or wear-out at early stage of the drive belt occurs.

If the drive belt is too tight, the water pump and the bearing of the alternator are damaged.

Adjust the drive belt within specification.

### Measurement:

Push the drive belt between water pump (1) and alternator (2) pulley by finger. Measure slack of the drive belt.

Pushing force: Approx. 98 N (10 kgf, 72 lbf)

**CAUTION:** The engine becomes hot during operation. Wait for the engine to cool before starting the measurement.

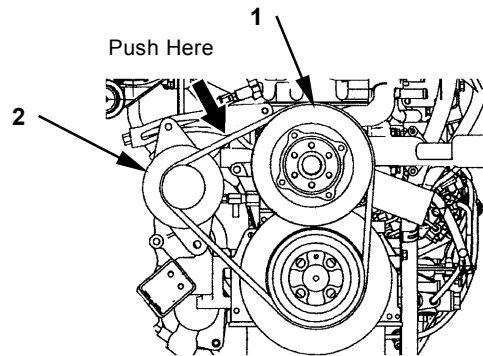
Evaluation:

Slack of drive belt: 6 to 8 mm (0.24 to 0.31 in)

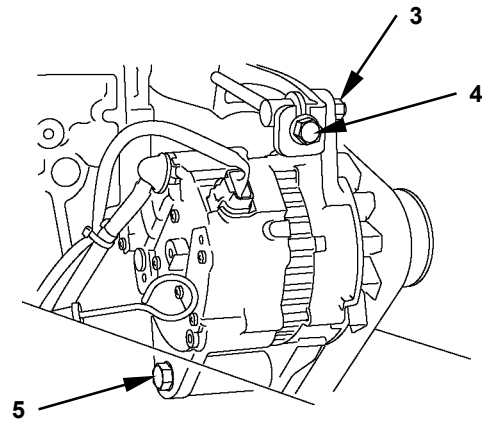
### Adjustment:

1. Loosen nut (3) and bolt (5).
  2. Adjust tension of the drive belt to specification with bolt (4).
  3. Tighten nut (3) and bolt (5).
- After tightening, check slack of the drive belt.

**NOTE:** When the drive belt is replaced with the new one, the drive belt does not fit first. After the engine is running at slow idle for 3 to 5 minutes, check slack of the drive belt.



M4GB-07-082



T4GB-04-03-001







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# SECTION 5 TROUBLESHOOTING



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# TROUBLESHOOTING / Diagnosing Procedure

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## INTRODUCTION

Refer to the inspection and troubleshooting procedures after any machine trouble has occurred. The inspection and troubleshooting procedures are presented in an orderly fashion in this section to quickly find the cause of the machine trouble and solution.

The troubleshooting section in this manual consists of 8 groups; Diagnosing Procedure, Dr. ZX, e-Wheel, Component Layout, Troubleshooting A (base machine diagnosis by using fault codes), Troubleshooting B (base machine diagnosis starting with inspection of abnormal operational status), Troubleshooting C (monitor diagnosis) and Electrical System Inspection.

- Dr. ZX  
This group contains the operating procedures for Dr. ZX.
  - e-Wheel  
Refer to these procedures if any fault codes are displayed when ICF (information controller) and satellite communication controller are diagnosed by using Dr. ZX. (ICF and satellite communication controller self-diagnosing functions retain a record of the electrical signal system malfunction in the form of fault codes. At the same time, as the satellite communication controller sends information onto CAN, the fault code of satellite communication controller can be checked by using ICF.)  
This group contains as follows.  
Download data from ICF and Upload  
Various setting procedures when starting satellite communication, when installing the satellite communication controller and when replacing ICF  
Explanation for the satellite communication system
  - Component Layout  
Refer to this group when required to check where the components and inner parts are located.
  - Troubleshooting A (base machine diagnosis by using fault codes)  
Refer to these procedures if any fault codes are displayed when each controller of ICF (information controller) is diagnosed by using Dr. ZX (or the service mode of monitor).
- IMPORTANT: Each controller self-diagnosing function retains a record of the electrical signal system malfunction in the form of fault codes. At the same time, as each controller sends information onto CAN, the fault code of all controllers can be checked by using ICF.) ICF records the fault code of each controller and the date when the malfunction occurs.**
- Troubleshooting B (base machine diagnosis starting with inspection of abnormal operational status)  
Refer to these procedures when no fault codes are displayed after diagnosing the machine with Dr. ZX (or the service mode of monitor).
  - Troubleshooting C (monitor diagnosis)  
Refer to these procedures when gauges and/or indicators are malfunctioning.
  - Electrical System Inspection  
Refer to this group when required to obtain precautions and/or information for the electrical system inspection.

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Diagnosing Procedure

## DIAGNOSING PROCEDURE

These six basic steps are essential for efficient troubleshooting:

### 1. Study the System

Study the machine's technical manuals. Know the system and how it works, and what the construction, functions and specifications of the system components are.



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### 2. Ask the operator

Before inspecting, get the full story of malfunctions from the operator below.

- (a) How is the machine being used? (Find out if the machine is being operated correctly)
- (b) When was the trouble noticed, and what types of work the machine doing at that time?
- (c) What are the details of the trouble? Is the trouble getting worse, or did it appear suddenly for the first time?
- (d) Did the machine have any other troubles previously? If so, which parts were repaired before?



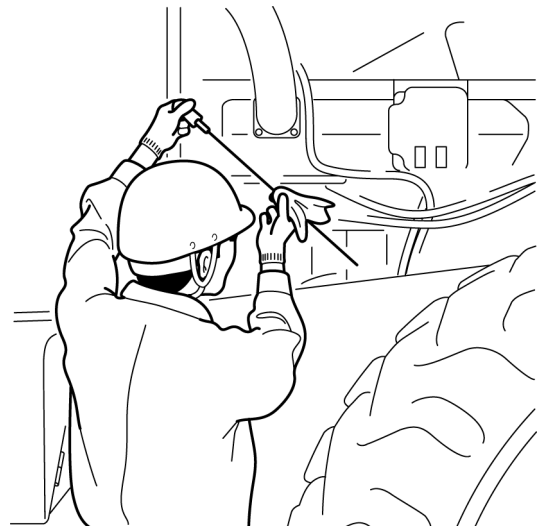
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### 3. Inspect the machine

Before starting the troubleshooting procedure, check the machine's daily maintenance points, as shown in the operator's manual.

Also, check the electrical system, including the batteries, as troubles in the electrical system such as low battery voltage, loose connections and blown fuses will result in malfunction of the controllers, causing total operational failure of the machine.

If troubleshooting is started without checking for blown fuses, a wrong diagnosis may result, wasting time. Check for blown fuses before troubleshooting. Even if a fuse looks normal by visual inspection, a fine crack is difficult to find. Always use a tester when checking the fuses.



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## TROUBLESHOOTING / Diagnosing Procedure


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### 4. Operate the machine yourself

Try to identify the trouble by operating the machine yourself.

If the trouble cannot be confirmed (this states are repeated that the trouble is resolved later although the trouble sometimes occurs), stop the engine and obtain further details of the malfunction from the operator.

Also, check for any incomplete connections of the wire harnesses corresponding to the trouble.

 **NOTE:** *It should take time to required to find the malfunction according to the trouble during the troubleshooting. The malfunction may occur due to up and down of hydraulic temperature, weather and under the special condition including expansion by heat and shorted harness by moisture. The informations of weather when the mulfunction occurs, time from the engine start to the trouble occurrence are also important.*

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Diagnosing Procedure

### 5. Perform troubleshooting



**CAUTION:** Do not disconnect harnesses or hydraulic lines while the engine is running. The machine may malfunction or pressurized oil may spout, possibly resulting in personal injury. Stop the engine before disconnecting harnesses or hydraulic lines.

Perform diagnosis by connecting Dr. ZX to the machine or by using the service mode of monitor. In case any fault code has been displayed by diagnosis by using Dr. ZX or the service mode of monitor, check the cause of the trouble by referring to Troubleshooting A in this section. In case any fault code has been displayed by diagnosis by using Dr. ZX or the service mode of monitor, write the fault code. Delete the fault code once and retry self-diagnosis again. If the fault code is displayed again, check the cause of the trouble by referring to Troubleshooting A in this section. After the machine trouble has been corrected, the fault code (displayed by the service mode of monitor) will be deleted. Therefore, in case problems which are not easily re-predictable are encountered (this states are repeated that the trouble is resolved later although the trouble sometimes occurs), check the fault code by using Dr. ZX.



**NOTE:** As for teach controller, the fault code and date when the trouble occurred, which are recorded by ICF, are effective in order to resolve the problem which are not easily re-predictable. (Refer to e-Wheel in this section.)

In case the fault code is not displayed, check operating condition of each component by referring to Troubleshooting B in this section and by using Dr.ZX or the service mode of monitor.



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T4GB-05-01-005



T4GB-05-01-006

## **TROUBLESHOOTING / Diagnosing Procedure**

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Note that the fault codes displayed do not necessarily indicate machine trouble. The controller stores even temporary electrical malfunctions, such as a drop in battery output voltage or disconnections of the switches, sensors, etc., for inspections.

For this reason, the "RETRIAL" is required to erase the accumulated fault codes from the controller memory and to confirm if any fault codes are indicated after the "RETRIAL".

### 6. Trace possible causes

Before reaching a conclusion, check the most likely causes again. Try to identify the actual cause of the trouble.

Based on your conclusion, make a plan for appropriate repairs to avoid consequent malfunctions.

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Diagnosing Procedure


## HOW TO OPERATE SERVICE MODE OF MONITOR

In case the engine starts in normal, the monitor is started in normal mode and only the items, which can be displayed in normal mode, are displayed on the liquid crystal display (LCD). (Refer to the next page.)

When the monitor is started in service mode according to the following procedures, the items which can be displayed in normal mode, the fault code and one part of monitor items can be displayed. (Refer to the next page.)


### How to Start Monitor in Service Mode

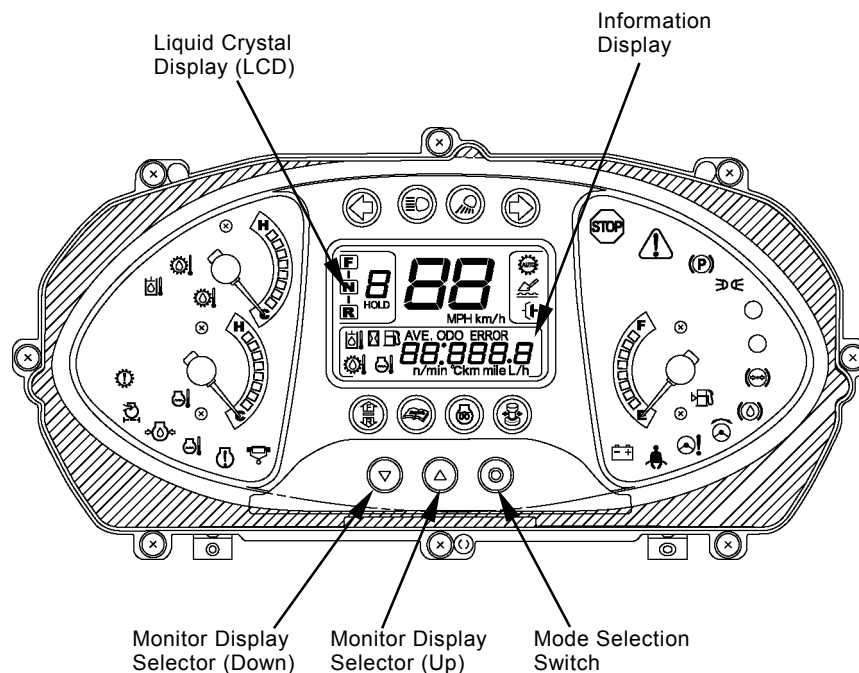
1. While pushing the monitor display selector (up) and (down) in the monitor at the same time, turn the key switch ON.

 **NOTE:** Although the engine starts, the monitor is started in normal.

### How to Used Monitor in Service Mode

1. Whenever pushing the monitor display selector (up) in the monitor, the display in information display is changed.

 **NOTE:** The fault code is indicated in the display order 11. All fault codes can be indicated. In case more than one fault code is indicated, they will be displayed with an interval of 1 second in order. After the machine malfunction has been repaired, the fault codes are automatically deleted. Accordingly, if any trouble, which is not reproducible, is encountered (this states are repeated that the trouble is resolved later although the trouble sometimes occurs), it is recommended to use Dr. ZX in order to check the fault code history.



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## TROUBLESHOOTING / Diagnosing Procedure

### DISPLAY LIST OF MONITOR SERVICE MODE

Display Order	Description	Monitored Result	Unit	Remark
1	Model	○○○○○○	-	Service Mode
2	Clock (24 hour)	○○:○○	hh:mm	Normal Mode
3	Hour Meter	○○○○○○.○ h	hour	Normal Mode
4	Odometer	○○○○○○	km or mile	Normal Mode ("Mile" is displayed when pushing the mode selection switch.)
5	Fuel Consumption Amount	○○○○○○.○	L/h	Service Mode
5-1	Average Fuel Consumption Amount	○○○○○○.○	L/h	Normal Mode (Displayed when pushing the monitor display selector (down) with "5" displayed, Re-set when pushing the mode selection switch)
6	Other Information	InFo	-	Normal Mode
6-1	Remainder Time when Hydraulic Oil can be used	○○○○○○.○	hour	Normal Mode (Displayed when pushing the monitor display selector down) with "6" displayed)
6-2	Remainder Time when Hydraulic Oil Filter 1 can be used	○○○○○○.○	hour	Normal Mode (Displayed when pushing the monitor display selector (down) with "6-1" displayed)
6-3	Remainder Time when Hydraulic Oil Filter 2 can be used	○○○○○○.○	hour	Normal Mode (Displayed when pushing the monitor display selector (down) with "6-2" displayed)
6-4	Remainder Time when Transmission Oil can be used	○○○○○○.○	hour	Normal Mode (Displayed when pushing the monitor display selector (down) with "6-3" displayed)
6-5	Remainder Time when Transmission Oil Filter can be used	○○○○○○.○	hour	Normal Mode (Displayed when pushing the monitor display selector (down) with "6-4" displayed)
6-6	Remainder Time when Engine Oil can be used	○○○○○○.○	hour	Normal Mode (Displayed when pushing the monitor display selector (down) with "6-5" displayed)
6-7	Remainder Time when Engine Oil Filter can be used	○○○○○○.○	hour	Normal Mode (Displayed when pushing the monitor display selector (down) with "6-6" displayed)
6-8	Remainder Time when Fuel Filter can be used	○○○○○○.○	hour	Normal Mode (Displayed when pushing the monitor display selector (down) with "6-7" displayed)
6-9	Remainder Time when Axle Oil can be used	○○○○○○.○	hour	Normal Mode (Displayed when pushing the monitor display selector (down) with "6-8" displayed)

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Diagnosing Procedure

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Display Order	Description	Monitored Result	Unit	Remark
7	Engine Speed	○○○○○	min <sup>-1</sup>	Service Mode
8	Coolant Temperature	○○○○○	°C	Service Mode
9	Transmission Oil Temperature	○○○○○	°C	Service Mode
10	Hydraulic Oil Temperature	○○○○○	°C	Service Mode
11	Fault Code	○○○○○○	ERROR	Service Mode

## **TROUBLESHOOTING / Dr. ZX**

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### **OUTLINE**

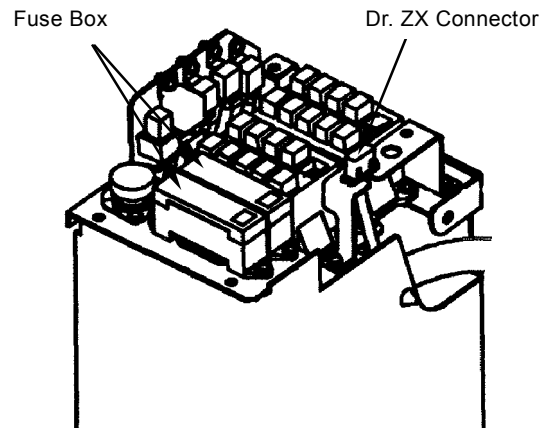
Dr. ZX is used for diagnosis of the electrical system including MC (main controller), ECM (engine control module), ICF (information controller) and the monitor unit. Dr. ZX is connected to ICF and the failure of each controller and each sensor is displayed as a fault code. (Self-Diagnostic Result)

Dr. ZX displays the input status of the sensors and the switches connected to each controller and the output status to the actuator including the solenoid valve from the controller with the machine operated in real time. (Controller Diagnosis)

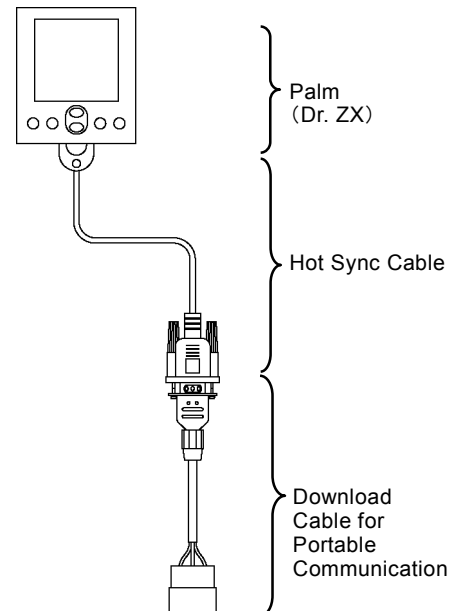
## TROUBLESHOOTING / Dr. ZX

### OPERATION

1. Connect Palm (Dr. ZX) to the diagnosing connector in the cab by using the Hot Sync cable and the harness.
2. Turn the key switch ON or start the engine.
3. When turning Palm ON, the following screen is displayed on the display of Palm.
  - 3-1 Initial Screen  
Select Dr. ZX icon.
  - 3-2 Password Setup Screen (When the password has unset)  
Set the password.
  - 3-3 Service Software Selection Screen  
 Select ZX-3 Mid.
  - 3-4 Function Selection Screen  
 Self-Diagnostic Result  
 Select Controller
4. Select Self-Diagnostic Result and operate according to the instruction under display screen.



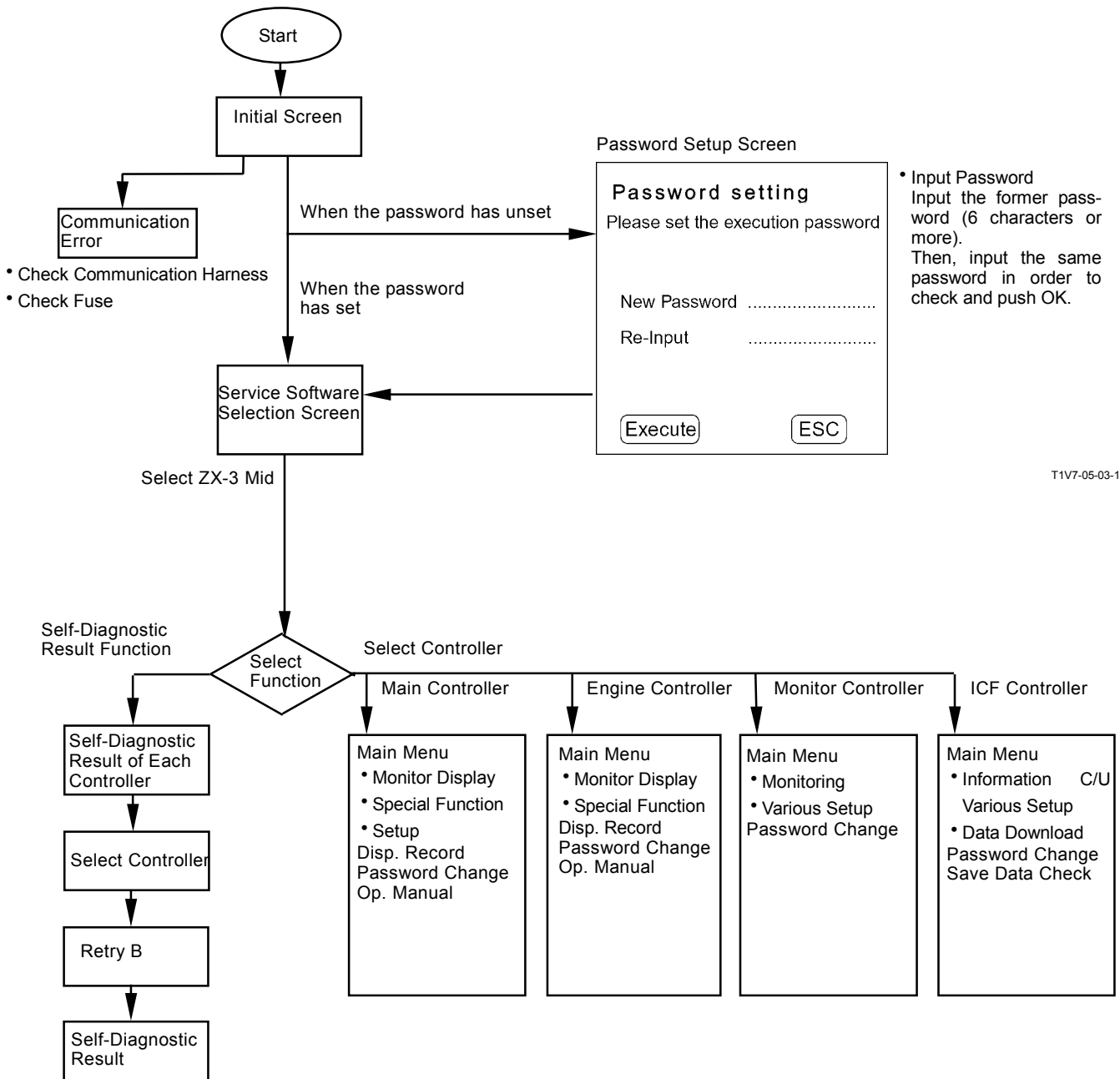
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T1V1-05-07-002



# TROUBLESHOOTING / Dr. ZX

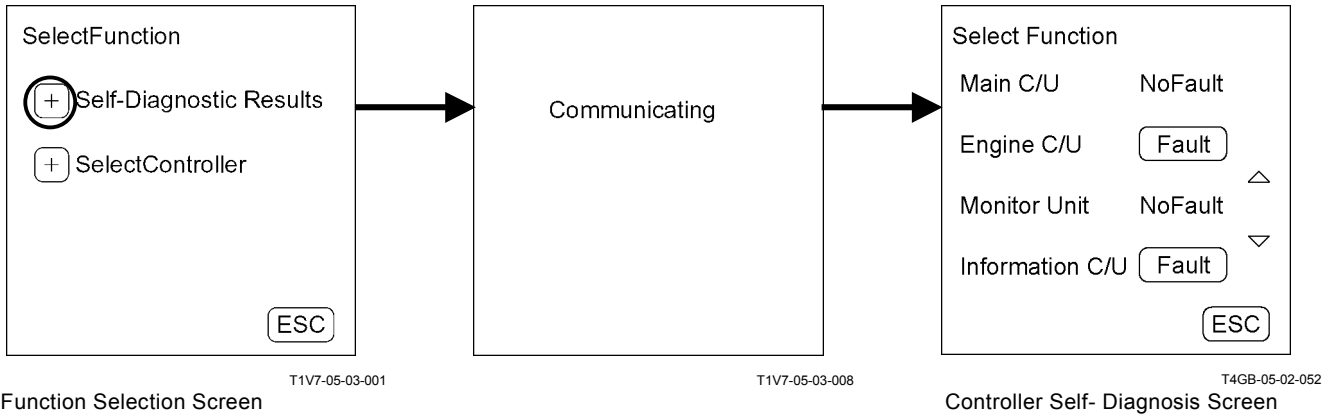



## TROUBLESHOOTING / Dr. ZX


### SELF-DIAGNOSTIC RESULT

The self-diagnostic result of each controller is displayed.

After starting Dr. ZX, push Self-Diagnostic Results.



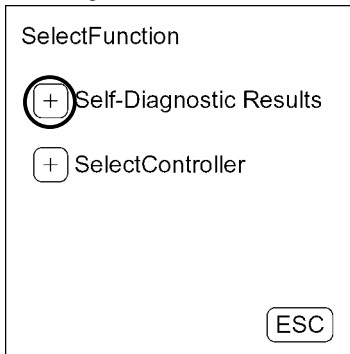
 **NOTE:** Main C/U: MC  
Engine C/U: ECM  
Monitor Unit: Monitor Unit  
Information C/U: ICF

 **NOTE:** Self-diagnosis of ICF controller is done on the next page.

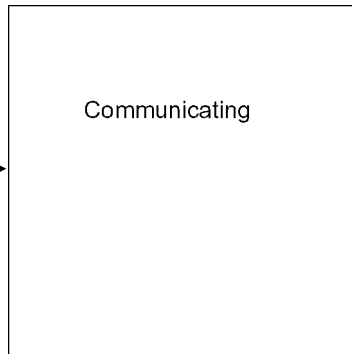
# TROUBLESHOOTING / Dr. ZX

## Self-Diagnosis

After starting Dr. ZX, push Self-Diagnostic Results.

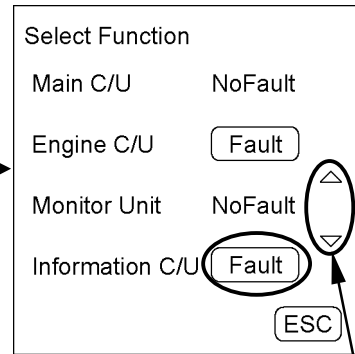


Function Selection Screen T1V7-05-03-001



T1V7-05-03-008

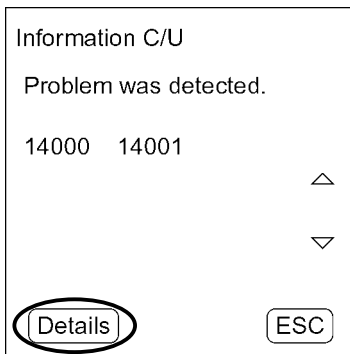
Push Fault of ICF Controller. In case of no faulty, No Fault is displayed.



Controller Self-Diagnosis Screen T4GB-05-02-052

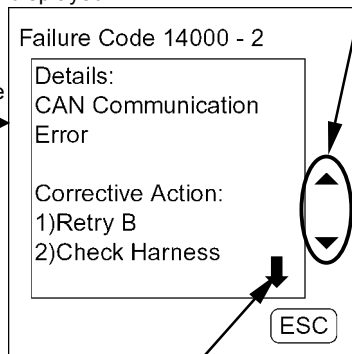
By changing the page, the forward or backward controller is displayed.

Push Details, and Details of the fault code and Corrective Action are displayed. Push ESC and Retry B Screen is displayed.



Fault Code Screen T1V7-05-03-003

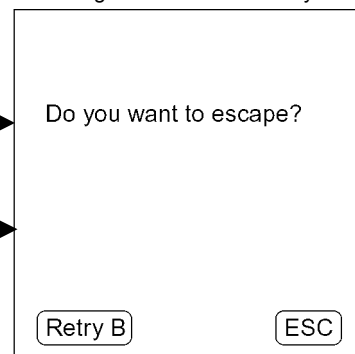
Push ESC and Retry B Screen is displayed.



T1V7-05-03-005

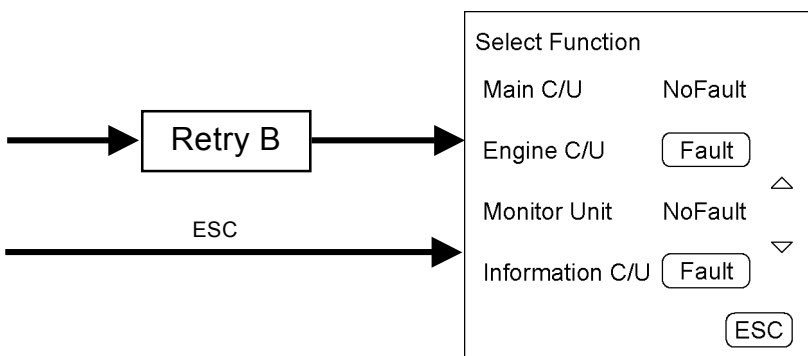
By changing the page, the forward or backward fault code is displayed.

Push Retry B and return to Controller Self-Diagnosis Screen after executing Retry B. Push ESC and return to Controller Self-Diagnosis Screen directly.



Retry B Screen T1V7-05-03-007

If the message of Details is long, push the arrow and change the screen.



T4GB-05-02-052

Controller Self-Diagnosis Screen

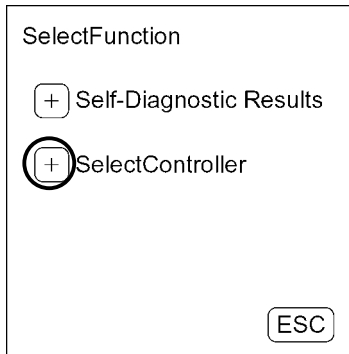
## TROUBLESHOOTING / Dr. ZX

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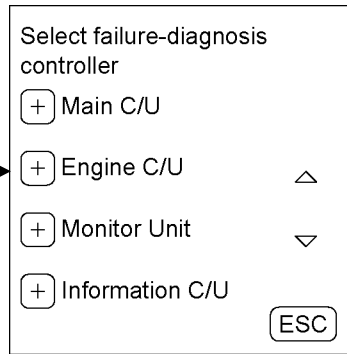
### SELECT CONTROLLER

Select the failure-diagnosis controller.


After starting Dr. ZX, push Select Controller.



Function Selection Screen T1V7-05-03-001



Controller Selection Screen T4GB-05-02-053

 **NOTE:** Main C/U: MC  
Engine C/U: ECM  
Monitor Unit: Monitor Unit  
Information C/U: ICF

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Dr. ZX

## MAIN CONTROLLER

### Main Menu

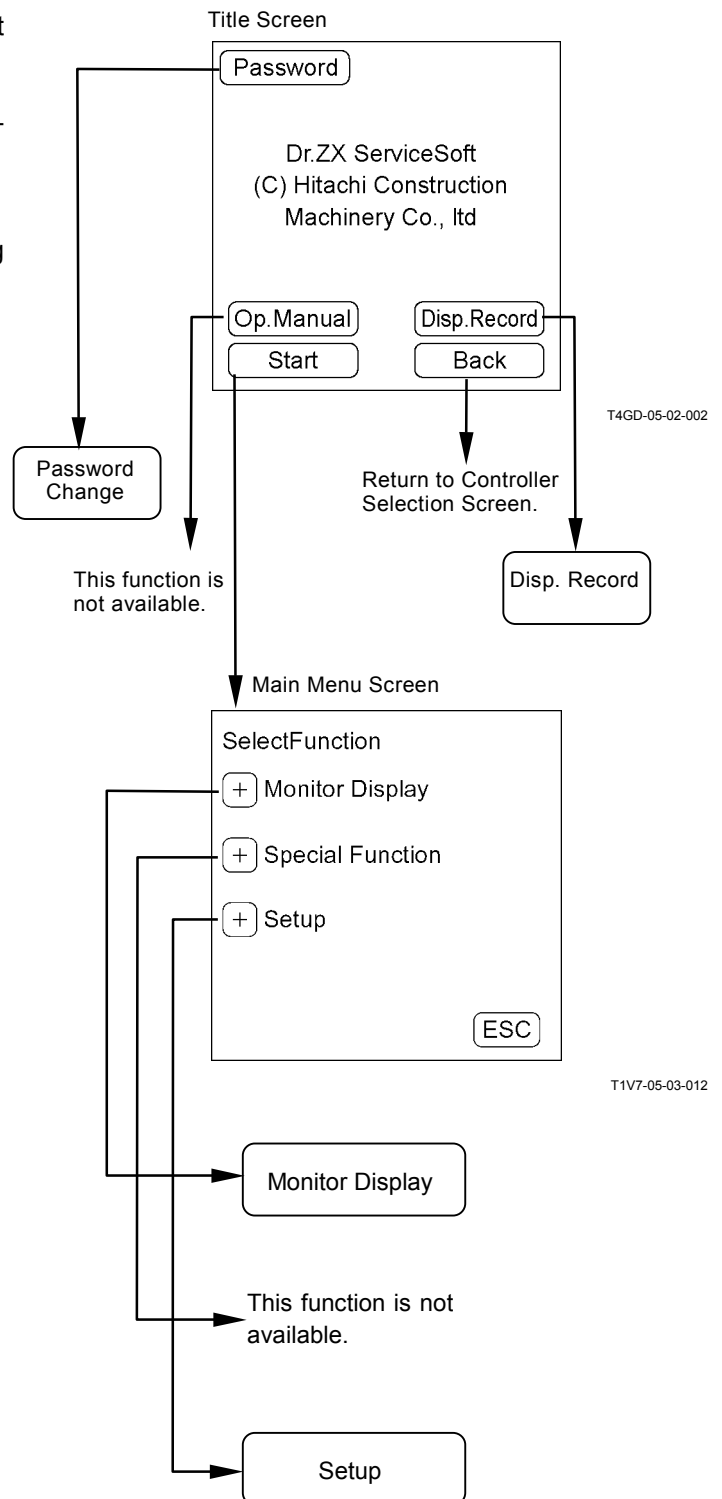
- Monitor Display  
To display the control signals of MC and the input status from each switch and sensor.
- Setup  
To adjust target the engine idling speed, the engine warming-up speed and so on.

### Disp. Record

To display data recorded in MC by one time by using Dr. ZX.

### Password

To change the password input when setting.



## TROUBLESHOOTING / Dr. ZX

### MAIN MENU MONITOR DISPLAY

Dr. ZX displays the control signals from MC and the input status from the switches and the sensors

#### MC List of Monitor Item

Item	Data	Unit
Required Engine Speed	Control instruction value of engine speed to ECM	min <sup>-1</sup>
Hydraulic Fan Target Speed	Control instruction value to fan flow rate control valve	min <sup>-1</sup>
Actual Engine Speed	Detected value of torque converter input speed sensor	min <sup>-1</sup>
Torque Converter Output Speed	Detected value of torque converter output speed sensor	min <sup>-1</sup>
Medium Gear Speed	Detected value of transmission middle shaft sensor	min <sup>-1</sup>
Transmission Output speed	Detected value of vehicle speed sensor	min <sup>-1</sup>
Engine Speed Deviation	Difference between required engine speed and actual engine speed	min <sup>-1</sup>
Torque Converter Speed Ratio	Ratio of the detected value of torque converter output speed sensor in that of torque converter input speed sensor	No unit
Travel Speed	Value converted the detected value of vehicle speed sensor into speed per hour	Km/h
Pump Pressure	Detected value to main pump delivery pressure sensor	MPa
Pump Displacement Proportional Valve Output	Control instruction value to pump displacement proportional solenoid valve	MPa
Hydraulic Drive Fan Proportional Valve	Control instruction value to hydraulic drive fan flow rate control solenoid valve	mA
Ride Control Proportional Valve Output (Optional)	Control instruction value to ride control solenoid valve	MPa
Pump Displacement Proportional Valve FB	Feedback value from pump displacement proportional solenoid valve	mA
Hydraulic Drive Fan Proportional Valve FB	Feedback value from hydraulic drive fan flow rate control solenoid valve	mA
Ride Control Proportional Valve Output FB (Optional)	Feedback value from ride control solenoid valve	mA
Accelerator Pedal	Output value of accelerator pedal sensor	V
Parking Brake Pressure	Detected value of parking brake pressure sensor	MPa
Pedal Brake Pressure (Low)	Detected value of service brake pressure sensor	MPa
Lift Cylinder Bottom Pressure	Detected value of lift arm cylinder bottom pressure sensor	MPa
Lift Cylinder Rod Pressure	Detected value of lift arm cylinder rod pressure sensor	MPa
Boom Angle (Optional)	Output value of lift arm angle sensor	V
Key Switch	Key ON signal from key switch to each controller	OFF ON
Ride Control Switch (Optional)	Continuity status in ride control switch	OFF ON
A/C Clutch SW	Continuity status in air conditioner switch	OFF ON
Fan Reversing SW	Continuity status in hydraulic drive fan reversing switch	OFF ON
FNR SW	Selected status of FNR lever	N F R Err N
Speed Gear SW	Selected status of shift switch	1 2 3 4
Implement FNR SW	Selected status of FNR switch	N F R Err N
Implement FNR Selector SW	Continuity status in FNR selector switch	OFF ON
USS SW	Continuity status in up shift switch	OFF ON
DSS SW	Continuity status in down shift switch	OFF ON
Speed Gear Hold SW	Continuity status in hold switch	OFF ON
Selected Speed Gear	Selected speed gear	R4 R3 R2 R1 N F1 F2 F3 F4
Actual Speed Gear	Actual speed gear	R4 R3 R2 R1 N F1 F2 F3 F4
Boom Height Kickout SW	Continuity status in lift arm auto leveler switch (raise)	OFF ON
Boom Height Kickout Setup SW	Continuity status in lift arm auto leveler switch (raise) set switch	OFF ON
Ground Stop SW (Optional)	Continuity status in lift arm auto leveler switch (lower)	OFF ON
Ground Stop Setup SW	Continuity status in lift arm auto leveler switch (lower) set switch	OFF ON
Engine Torque Selection	Instruction signal of engine torque selection to ECM	T1 T2
Pump Torque Selection	Selection status of work mode selection switch	LD/Cry Normal Power

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Dr. ZX

Item	Data	Unit
Hold Mode	Enabled/disabled status of hold mode	OFF ON
Option FNR Mode	Enabled/disabled status of FNR switch use mode	NotAct Acr
Auto/Manual Selection	Selected status (auto/manual) of travel mode selector switch	Manual Auto
Auto Gear Shifting Mode	Selected status (gear shifting timing) of travel mode selector switch	L1-4 N2-4 H1-4
Clutch Cut-Off Switch	Selected status (ON/OFF) of clutch cut position switch	OFF ON
Clutch Cut-Off Mode	Selected status (clutch cut-off position) of clutch cut position switch	Low Medium High
T/M Clutch Forward Proportional Valve Output	Instruction value of forward proportional solenoid valve output	mA
T/M Clutch Reverse Proportional Valve Output	Instruction value of reverse proportional solenoid valve output	mA
T/M Clutch First Gear Proportional Valve Output	Instruction value of speed 1 proportional solenoid valve output	mA
T/M Clutch Second Gear Proportional Valve Output	Instruction value of speed 2 gear proportional solenoid valve output	mA
T/M Clutch Third Gear Proportional Valve Output	Instruction value of speed 3 proportional solenoid valve output	mA
T/M Clutch Fourth Gear Proportional Valve Output	Instruction value of speed 4 proportional solenoid valve output	mA
T/M Clutch Forward Proportional Valve FB	Feedback value of forward proportional solenoid valve output	mA
T/M Clutch Reverse Proportional Valve FB	Feedback value of reverse proportional solenoid valve output	mA
T/M Clutch First Gear Proportional Valve FB	Feedback value of speed 1 proportional solenoid valve output	mA
T/M Clutch Second Gear Proportional Valve FB	Feedback value of speed 2 proportional solenoid valve output	mA
T/M Clutch Third Gear Proportional Valve FB	Feedback value of speed 3 proportional solenoid valve output	mA
T/M Clutch Fourth Gear Proportional Valve FB	Feedback value of speed 4 proportional solenoid valve output	mA
Hydraulic Drive Fan Reversing Valve	Instruction signal to hydraulic drive fan reversing solenoid valve	OFF ON
Implement FNR Operating Light	Continuity status to enabled indicator in FNR switch	OFF ON
Back Alarm	Excited condition of reverse relay in MC	OFF ON
Boom Height Kickout	Excited status of solenoid valve at lift arm raise side in pilot valve	OFF ON
Ground Stop System	Excited status of solenoid valve at lift arm lower side in pilot valve	OFF ON
Neutral Signal	Forward/reverse neutral signal status	OFF ON
Parking brake Light	Excited status of parking brake relay 1 and continuity status to parking brake indicator	OFF ON
T/M Warning Light	Continuity status to transmission warning indicator	OFF ON
Ambient Temperature	Detected value of fresh air temperature sensor	°C
Hydraulic Oil Temperature	Detected value of hydraulic oil temperature sensor	°C
Radiator Coolant Temperature	Detected value of coolant temperature sensor	°C
T/M Torque Converter Oil Temperature	Detected value of torque converter oil temperature sensor	°C
AEB Status (Main Code)	Transmission learning process status code	Normal Mode
AEB Status (Sub Code)	Transmission learning failure position code	Enabled Learning
Learning Step	Learning detail position of transmission learning process status each code	1 2 3
Learning Warning Step	Learning failure detail position of transmission learning failure position code	1 2 3
Learning Warning Crash	Crash grounds of transmission learning	Ky Eng Pbrk Spd FNR
Angle Sensor Learning Status	Lift arm angle sensor learning status	Not Learn Finish Failure

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Dr. ZX

## Monitor Display

After starting Dr. ZX, push Select Controller.

SelectFunction

- Self-Diagnostic Results
- SelectController

ESC

T1V7-05-03-001

Function Selection Screen

Push Main C/U.

Select failure-diagnosis controller

- Main C/U
- Engine C/U
- Monitor Unit
- Information C/U

ESC

T4GB-05-02-053

Controller Selection Screen

Push Start.

Dr.ZX ServiceSoft  
(C) Hitachi Construction Machinery Co., Ltd

Start

ESC

T4GB-05-02-002

Title Screen

To the lower

Push OK.

Model: XXXXXX  
ControllerVer: XXXX

Is it correct?

OK

ESC

T4GB-05-02-004

Main Controller Screen

Push Monitor Display.

SelectFunction

- Monitor Display
- Special Function
- Setup

ESC

T1V7-05-03-012

Main Menu Screen

Enter Model and Serial No.

Model \_\_\_\_\_  
Ex.Product No.(4GCP000001)  
Model(04GC)

Serial No.: \_\_\_\_\_  
Ex.Product No.(4GCP000001)  
S/N(000001)

OK

ESC

T4GB-05-02-054

Enter Model and Serial No. Screen

To the lower

Input the model code and serial No. and push OK. If this procedure is not done, monitor data cannot be recorded. Push ESC and return to Main Menu Screen.

Enter Model and Serial No.

Model 04GC  
Ex.Product No.(04GCP00001)  
Model(04GC)

Serial No.: 000001  
Ex.Product No.(04GCP00001)  
S/N(000001)

OK

ESC

T4GB-05-02-055

Enter Model and Serial No. Screen

Push the item for Monitor Display and push OK. Refer to T5-2-8, 9 as for the monitor item. Push ESC and return to Main Menu Screen.

Select item

- Requested Engine Speed
- Target Hyd. Fan Speed
- Actual Engine Speed
- Engine Speed Deviation

ESC

T4GB-05-02-007

Display Item Selection Screen

Push HOLD and the monitor are stopped temporarily. When the monitor is started again, push Hold again. Push ESC and return to Display Item Selection Screen.

Req.Eng 700 min-1

Fan Speed 500 min-1

Actual Speed 700 min-1

EngSpeedDeviat 0 min-1

Record HOLD ESC

T4GB-05-02-008

Monitor Screen

To the next page



# TROUBLESHOOTING / Dr. ZX

Push Record.

Req.Eng	700	min-1
Fan Speed	500	min-1
Actual Speed	700	min-1
EngSpeedDeviat	0	min-1
<input type="button" value="Record"/> <input type="button" value="HOLD"/> <input type="button" value="ESC"/>		

T4GB-05-02-008

Monitor data

"Now Recording"

T1V7-05-03-096

Push Rec. No. and the recording screen for Rec. No. is made.

Select Write Data-Bank

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16

T1V7-05-03-097

Monitor Screen

If Rec. No. has already been recorded and push Overwrite, data is overwritten. Push ESC and return to Main Menu Screen.

Rec. No.: 1  
Data: 2003/01/12 04:01:52

Model: 04GC  
Serial No.: 000001

(1)Req.Eng (2)Fan Speed  
(3)Actual Speed (4)Eng.Speed

T4GB-05-02-056

If Rec. No. has not been recorded yet and push Overwrite, data is written to the recording screen. Push ESC and return to Main Menu Screen.

Rec. No.: 2  
Data: 2003/01/12 04:08:32

Model: 04GC  
Serial No.: 000001

(1)Req.Eng (2)Fan Speed  
(3)Actual Speed (4)Eng.Speed

T1V7-05-03-100

Select Write Data-Bank Screen

Push Comment. Push ESC and return to Main Menu Screen.

Rec. No.: 2  
Data: 2003/01/12 04:08:32

Model: 04GC  
Serial No.: 000001

(1)Req.Eng (2)Fan Speed  
(3)Actual Speed (4)Eng.Speed

T4GB-05-02-057

Recording Screen

Recording Screen

Input weather and person's name in change and push OK.

Rec. No.: 2  
Data: 2003/01/12 04:08:32

Model: 04GC  
Serial No.: 000001

(1)Req.Eng (2)Fan Speed  
(3)Actual Speed (4)Eng.Speed

T4GB-05-02-058

Push OK and the recording screen (making) is finished.

Rec. No.: 2  
Data: 2003/01/12 04:08:32

fine  
Mr.umino

Model: 04GC  
Serial No.: 000001

(1)Req.Eng (2)Fan Speed  
(3)Actual Speed (4)Eng.Speed

T4GB-05-02-059

Push Re-Input and return to Recording Screen (Comment Input). Push ESC and return to Monitor Screen.

Rec. No.: 2  
Data: 2003/01/12 04:08:32

Model: 04GC  
Serial No.: 000001

(1)Req.Eng (2)Fan Speed  
(3)Actual Speed (4)Eng.Speed

T4GB-05-02-060

Recording Screen (Comment Input)

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Dr. ZX

### SETTING

Target engine idling speed, engine warming-up speed and so on can be adjusted.

#### MC List of Parameter Change Item

Item	Unit	Data
Request Speed I Calibration	min <sup>-1</sup>	Adjustment of engine idling speed
Warning Up Speed Calibration	min <sup>-1</sup>	Adjustment of engine warming-up speed
Warming Up Control Deactivation Flag	ON, OFF	Selection (enable/ disable) of engine warming-up control
Set Torque Calibration	N·m	Adjustment of main pump target torque

#### MC List of Adjustment Data

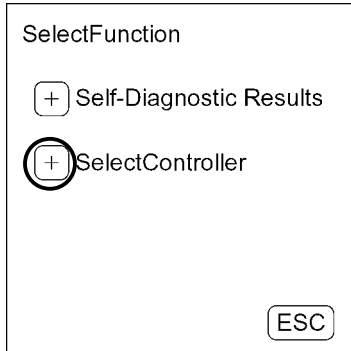
Data	Adjustment Minimum Unit	Adjustable Range	Adjustment Value When Delivering	Remark
Request Speed I Calibration	1 min <sup>-1</sup>	0 to 200	0 min <sup>-1</sup>	
Warning Up Speed Calibration	1 min <sup>-1</sup>	-200 to 200	0 min <sup>-1</sup>	
Warming Up Control Deactivation Flag	-	ON or OFF	OFF	
Set Torque Calibration	3 N·m	-45 to 45	0 N·m	

# TROUBLESHOOTING/ Dr. ZX

## Setting

- Parameter Change

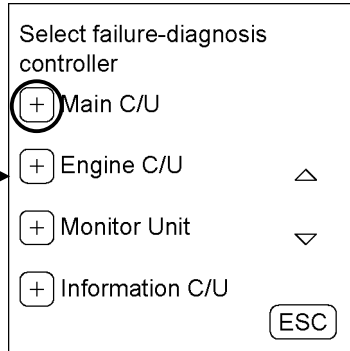
After starting Dr. ZX, push Select Controller.



T1V7-05-03-001

Function Selection Screen

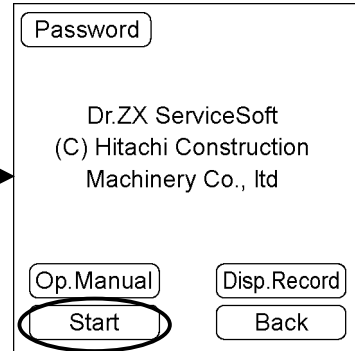
Push Main C/U.



T4GB-05-02-053

Controller Selection Screen

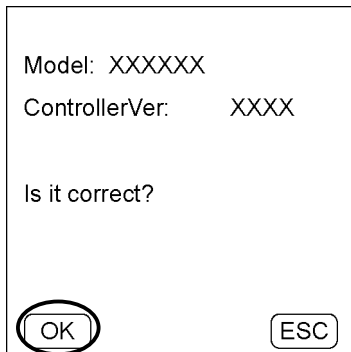
Push Start.



T4GD-05-02-002

Title Screen

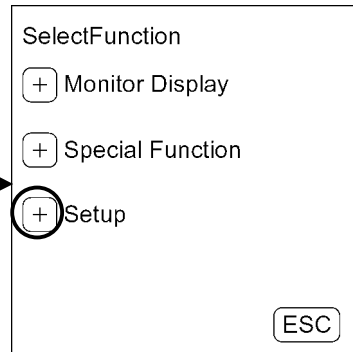
Push OK.



T4GB-05-02-004

Main Controller Screen

Push Setup.



T1V7-05-03-012

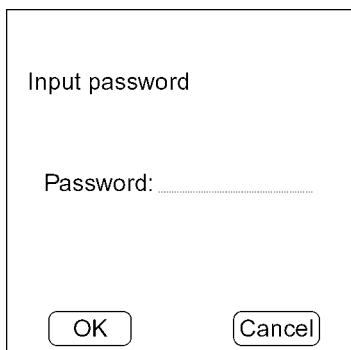
Main Menu Screen

Boot up Service Program

To the lower

T1V7-05-03-016

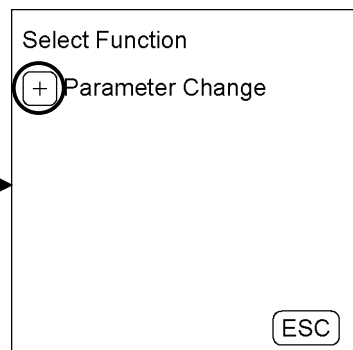
Input the password and push OK. Push Cancel and return to Main Menu Screen.



T1V7-05-03-022

Setup Password Input Screen

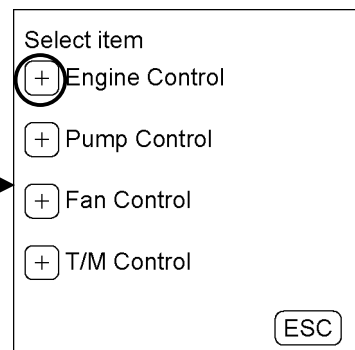
Push Parameter Change. Push ESC and return to Main Menu Screen.



T4GB-05-02-014

Setup Item Selection Screen

Refer to T5-2-12 as for the item of Parameter Change. Push Engine Control.



T4GB-05-02-015

Parameter Change Selection Screen

# TROUBLESHOOTING/ Dr. ZX

## Parameter Input

**Example: Engine Control Target Speed I Correction**

**Input Value = Normal Value**

Push Request Speed I Calibration.

Select item

- Request Speed I Calibration
- Warming Up Speed Calibration
- Warming Up Ctrl Deactivation Flag

T4GB-05-02-016

Parameter Change Selection Screen

Input the value and push Exec. Push ESC and return to Parameter Change Selection Screen.

Requested Speed I Calibration

Adjustable range  
0 ~ 200min-1

Initial                    0 min-1

Current                    0 min-1

Adjustment :            10 min-1

T4GD-05-02-003

Parameter Input Screen

Check Adjustment and push Exec. Push ESC and return to Parameter Change Selection Screen.

**\*Adjust Data Confirm\***

Adjust Data Name:  
Requested Speed I Calibration

Current                    0 min-1

Adjustment                +10 min-1

T4GD-05-02-004

To the lower

Push ESC and return to Parameter Change Selection Screen.

Data has canged

T1V7-05-03-107

# TROUBLESHOOTING/ Dr. ZX

## Input Value = Current Value

Push Request Speed I Calibration.

Select item

- Request Speed I Calibration
- Warming Up Speed Calibration
- Warming Up Ctrl Deactivation Flag

T4GB-05-02-016

Input the value and push Exec. Push ESC and return to Parameter Change Selection Screen.

Requested Speed I Calibration

Adjustable range  
0 ~ 200min-1

Initial                    0 min-1

Current                    0 min-1

Adjustment : \_\_\_\_\_ 0 min-1

T4GD-05-02-005

Push Exec. Push ESC and return to Parameter Change Selection Screen.

Adjustment is same as current value. Is it correct?

Current:            0                    min-1

Adjustment :       0                    min-1

T4GD-05-02-006

Parameter Change Selection Screen

Parameter Input Screen

Push ESC and return to Parameter Change Selection Screen.

Data has canged

T1V7-05-03-107

To the lower

# TROUBLESHOOTING/ Dr. ZX

## Input Value > Maximum Value (Input Value < Minimum Value)

Push Request Speed I Calibration.

Select item

- Request Speed I Calibration
- Warming Up Speed Calibration
- Warming Up Ctrl Deactivation Flag

T4GB-05-02-016

Parameter Change Selection Screen

Input the value and push Execution  
Push ESC and return to Parameter Change Selection Screen.

Requested Speed I Calibration  
Adjustable range  
0 ~ 200min-1

Initial                    0 min-1  
Current                    0 min-1

Adjustment :     300 min-1

T4GB-05-02-020

Parameter Input Screen

Push Re-Input and return to Parameter Input Screen. Push Max and the maximum value is input. Push ESC and return to Parameter Change Selection Screen.

An approximate deviation is unaccep table.  
Input maximum deviation or Re-input in the range

Maximum:            200            min-1

T4GB-05-02-021

To the lower

Push ESC and return to Parameter Change Selection Screen.

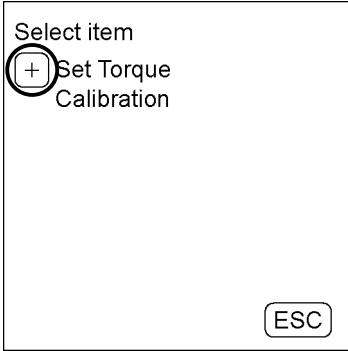
Data has canged

T1V7-05-03-107

# TROUBLESHOOTING/ Dr. ZX

**When the input value cannot be divided**  
**Example: Pump Control Set Torque Calibration**

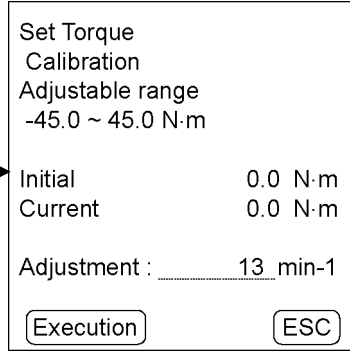
Push Set Torque Calibration.



T4GB-05-02-022

Parameter Change Selection Screen

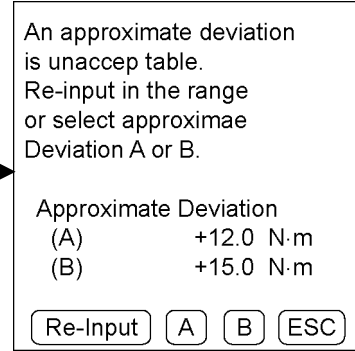
Input the value and push Execution. Push ESC and return to Parameter Change Selection Screen.



T4GB-05-02-023

Parameter Input Screen

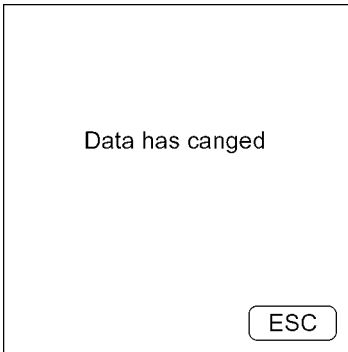
Push Re-Input and return to Parameter Input Screen. Push A or B and the value of A or B is input. Push ESC and return to Parameter Change Selection Screen.



T4GB-05-02-024

To the lower

Push ESC and return to Parameter Change Selection Screen.



T1V7-05-03-107

# TROUBLESHOOTING/ Dr. ZX

## Status Selection

### Example : Engine Control Warming Up Control Deactivation Flag

Push Warming Up Ctrl Deactivation Flag.

Select item

- Request Speed I Calibration
- Warming Up Speed Calibration
- Warming Up Ctrl Deactivation Flag

ESC

T4GB-05-02-016

Parameter Change Selection Screen

Push OFF and push Exec. Push ESC and return to Parameter Change Selection Screen.

Warning Up Ctrl Deactivation Flag

Status:  ON

OFF  ON

Exec ESC

T4GD-05-02-010

Status Selection Screen

Check contents and push Execute. Push ESC and return to Parameter Change Selection Screen.

\*Adjust Data Confirm\*

Adjust Data Name: Warming Up Ctrl Deactivation Flag

Current  ON

Adjustment  OFF

Execute ESC

T4GB-05-02-026

To the lower

Push ESC and return to Parameter Change Selection Screen.

Data has canged

ESC

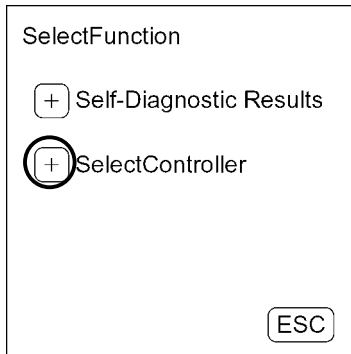
T1V7-05-03-107



# TROUBLESHOOTING/ Dr. ZX

## RECORDED DATA DISPLAY

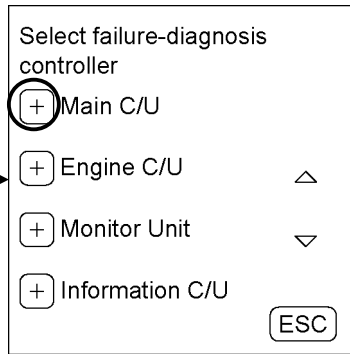
After starting Dr. ZX, push Select Controller.



T1V7-05-03-001

Function Selection Screen

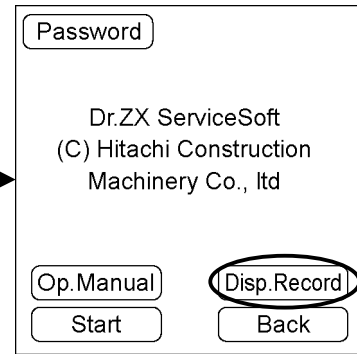
Push Main C/U.



T4GB-05-02-053

Controller Selection Screen

Push Disp Record



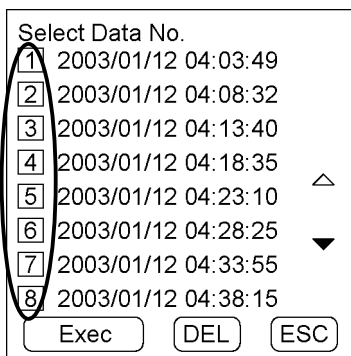
T4GD-05-02-002

Title Screen

To the lower

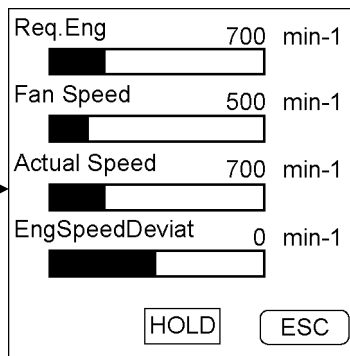
Push and select No. Push Exec and the recorded data is regenerated. Push DEL and data of selected No. is deleted.

Push HOLD and the monitor are stopped temporarily. Push HOLD again and restart regeneration. Push ESC and Recorded Data Selection Screen is displayed.



T4GD-05-02-007

Recorded Data Selection Screen



T4GB-05-02-027

Recorded Data Regeneration Screen

# TROUBLESHOOTING/ Dr. ZX

## PASSWORD CHANGE

After starting Dr. ZX, push Select Controller.

SelectFunction

- Self-Diagnostic Results
- SelectController

ESC

T1V7-05-03-001

Function Selection Screen

Push Main C / U.

Select failure-diagnosis controller

- Main C/U
- Engine C/U
- Monitor Unit
- Information C/U

ESC

T4GB-05-02-053

Controller Selection Screen

Push Password.

Password

Dr.ZX ServiceSoft  
(C) Hitachi Construction Machinery Co., Ltd

Start    Disp.Record  
Back

T1V7-05-03-011

Title Screen

To the lower

Input the registered password and push OK.

Input password

Password: .....

OK    Cancel

T1V7-05-03-126

Input the new password and push OK.

Input new password

New Password: .....

Re-Input .....

OK    Cancel

T1V7-05-03-127

Input the new password again and push OK.

Input new password

New Password: .....

Re-Input .....

OK    Cancel

T1V7-05-03-169

To the lower

Push OK and return to Title Screen.

Password has set

OK

T1V7-05-03-128

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Dr. ZX

## ENGINE CONTROLLER

### Main Menu

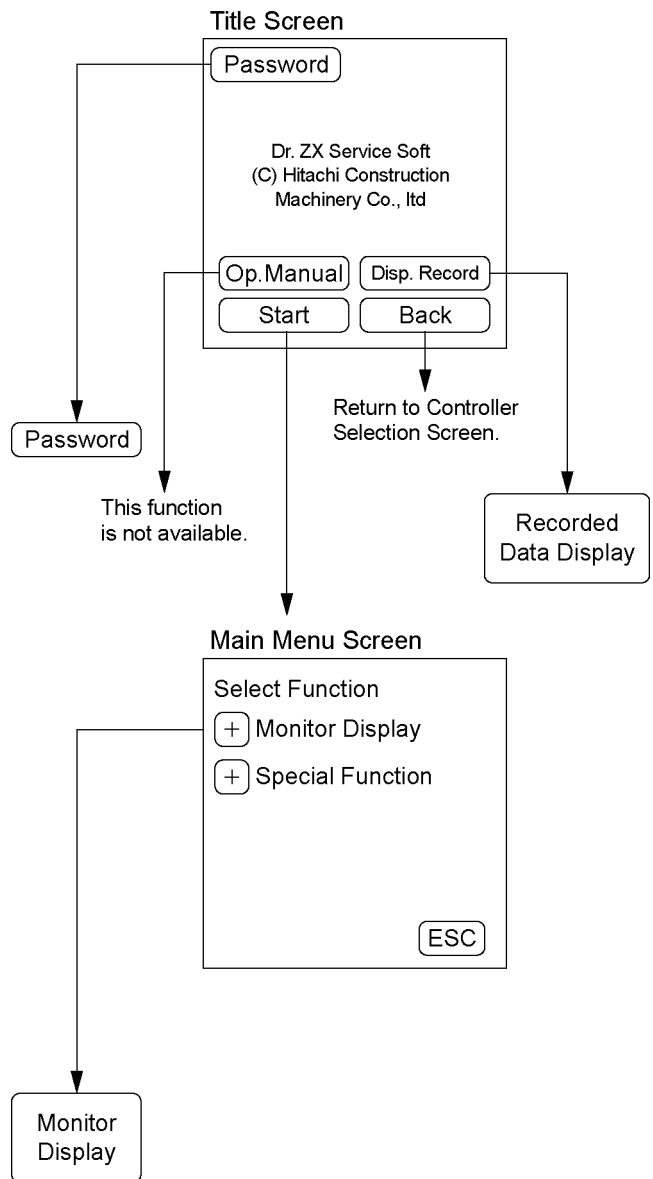
- Monitor Display  
Dr. ZX displays the input status from the sensors and the control signals of ECM.

### Disp. Record

Data recorded in ECM can be displayed by one time by using Dr. ZX.

### Password

The password can be changed.



T4GD-05-02-008

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Dr. ZX

### MONITOR DISPLAY

#### ECM List of Monitor Item

Item		Unit	Data
Selecting	Monitoring		
Engine Torque	Engine Torque	%	Input signal from ECM
Actual Engine Speed (Engine Speed)	Actual Engine Speed	min <sup>-1</sup>	Input signal from crank speed sensor and cam angle sensor
Coolant Temperature (Engine Coolant Temperature)	Coolant Temperature (E)	°C	Input signal from coolant temperature sensor
Engine Oil Pressure	Engine Oil Pressure	kPa	Input signal from engine oil pressure sensor
Fuel Flow Rate	Fuel Flow	L/h	Input signal from ECM
Atmospheric Pressure	Barometric Pressure	kPa	Input signal from atmospheric pressure sensor
Boost Pressure	Boost Pressure	kPa	Input signal from boost pressure sensor
Boost Temperature	Boost Temperature	°C	Input signal from boost temperature sensor
Battery Voltage	Battery Voltage	V	Input signal from ECM
Total Amount of Fuel Use	Total Used Fuel	L	Input signal from ECM

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Dr. ZX

---

(Blank)

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Dr. ZX

## Monitor Display

After starting Dr. ZX, push Select Controller.

SelectFunction

- Self-Diagnostic Results
- SelectController

ESC

T1V7-05-03-001

Function Selection Screen

Push Engine C/U.

Select failure-diagnosis controller

- Main C/U
- Engine C/U
- Monitor Unit
- Information C/U

ESC

T4GB-05-02-053

Controller Selection Screen

Push Start.

Password

Dr.ZX ServiceSoft  
(C) Hitachi Construction Machinery Co., Ltd

To the lower

Op.Manual    Disp.Record

Start    Back

T4GD-05-02-002

Title Screen

Push OK.

Model: XXXXXX  
ControllerVer: XXXX

Is it correct?

OK    ESC

T4GB-05-02-004

Engine Controller Screen

Push Monitor Display.

SelectFunction

- Monitor Display
- Special Function

ESC

T4GD-05-02-009

Main Menu Screen

Enter Model and Serial No.

Model \_\_\_\_\_  
Ex.Product No.(4GCP000001)  
Model(04GC)

Serial No.: \_\_\_\_\_  
Ex.Product No.(4GCP000001)  
S/N(000001)

OK    ESC

To the lower

T4GB-05-02-061

Enter Model and Serial No. Screen

Input the model code and serial No. and push OK. If this procedure is not done, monitor data cannot be recorded. Push ESC and return to Main Menu Screen.

Enter Model and Serial No.

Model 04GC  
Ex.Product No.(04GCP00001)  
Model(04GC)

Serial No.: 000001  
Ex.Product No.(04GCP00001)  
S/N(000001)

OK    ESC

T4GB-05-02-062

Enter Model and Serial No. Screen

Push the item for Monitor Display and push OK. Refer to T5-2-22 as for the monitor item. Push ESC and return to Main Menu Screen.

Select item

- Engine Torque
- Actual Engine Speed (Engine Speed)
- Target Engine Speed
- Glow Signal

ESC

Start    Clear

T1V7-05-03-132

Display Item Selection Screen

Push HOLD and the monitor are stopped temporarily. When the monitor is started again, push HOLD again. Push ESC and return to Display Item Selection Screen.

Engine Torque 0 min-1

Act.Eng Speed 0 min-1

Tar.Eng Speed 800.0 min-1

Glow Signal OFF ON

Record    HOLD    ESC

Start recoding.  
To the next page

T1V7-05-03-133

Monitor Screen

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Dr. ZX

Push Record.

Engine Torque	0	min-1
<div style="background-color: black; width: 100px; height: 10px;"></div>		
Act. Eng Speed	0	min-1
<div style="background-color: black; width: 100px; height: 10px;"></div>		
Tar. Eng Speed	800.0	min-1
<div style="background-color: black; width: 100px; height: 10px;"></div>		
Glow Signal	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF <input type="checkbox"/> ON	
<input type="button" value="Record"/> <input type="button" value="HOLD"/> <input type="button" value="ESC"/>		

T1V7-05-03-133

Monitor Screen

Monitor data

Now Recording

T1V7-05-03-134

Push Rec. No. and the recording screen for Rec. No. is made.

Select Write Data-Bank

<input type="button" value="1"/>	<input type="button" value="2"/>	<input type="button" value="3"/>	<input type="button" value="4"/>	<input type="button" value="5"/>	<input type="button" value="6"/>	<input type="button" value="7"/>	<input type="button" value="8"/>
<input type="button" value="9"/>	<input type="button" value="10"/>	<input type="button" value="11"/>	<input type="button" value="12"/>	<input type="button" value="13"/>	<input type="button" value="14"/>	<input type="button" value="15"/>	<input type="button" value="16"/>

T1V7-05-03-135

Select Write Data-Bank Screen

If Rec. No. has already been recorded and push Overwrite, data is overwritten. Push ESC and return to Main Menu Screen.

Rec. No.: 1  
Data: 2003/01/12 04:56:11

Model: 04GC  
Serial No.: 000001

(1)Engine Torque (2)Act.Eng Speed  
(3)Tar.Eng Speed (4)Glow Signal

T4GB-05-02-063

Recording Screen

If Rec. No. has not been recorded yet and push Overwrite, data is written to the recording screen. Push ESC and return to Main Menu Screen.

Rec. No.: 2  
Data: 2003/01/12 04:56:11

T4GB-05-02-030

Recording Screen

Push Comment. Push ESC and return to Main Menu Screen.

Rec. No.: 2  
Data: 2003/01/12 04:56:11

Model: 04GC  
Serial No.: 000001

(1)Engine Torque (2)Act.Eng Speed  
(3)Tar.Eng Speed (4)Glow Signal

T4GB-05-02-064

Push Re-Input and return to Recording Screen (Comment Input). Push ESC and return to Main Menu Screen.

Input weather and person's name in change and push OK.

Rec. No.: 2  
Data: 2003/01/12 04:56:11

.....  
.....

Model: 04GC  
Serial No.: 000001

(1)Engine Torque (2)Act.Eng Speed  
(3)Tar.Eng Speed (2)Glow Signal

T4GB-05-02-065

Recording Screen (Comment Input)

Push OK and the recording screen (making) is finished.

Rec. No.: 2  
Data: 2003/01/12 04:56:11

fine  
.....  
Mr. umino

Model: 04GC  
Serial No.: 000001

(1)Engine Torque (2)Act.Eng Speed  
(3)Tar.Eng Speed (4)Glow Signal

T4GB-05-02-066

Rec. No.: 2  
Data: 2003/01/12 04:56:11

.....  
.....

Model: 04GC  
Serial No.: 000001

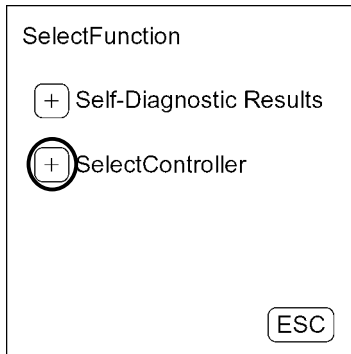
(1)Engine Torque (2)Act.Eng Speed  
(3)Tar.Eng Speed (2)Glow Signal

T4GB-05-02-067

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Dr. ZX

## RECORDED DATA DISPLAY

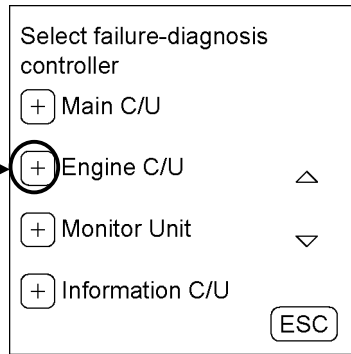
After starting Dr. ZX, push Select Controller.



T1V7-05-03-001

Function Selection Screen

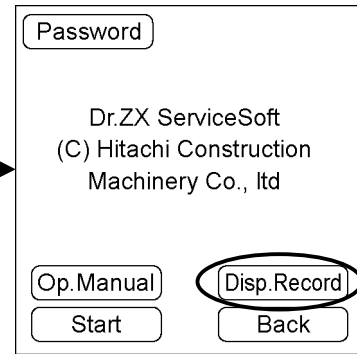
Push Engine C/U.



T4GB-05-02-053

Controller Selection Screen

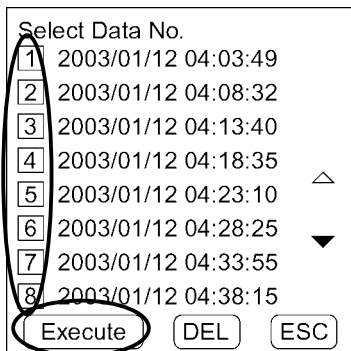
Push Disp. Record.



T4GD-05-02-002

Title Screen

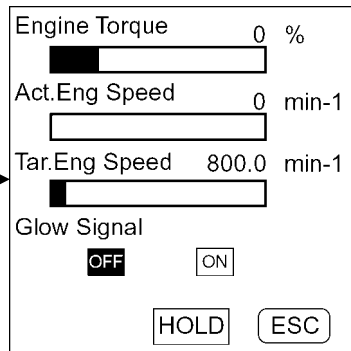
Push and select No. Push Execute and the recorded data is regenerated. Push DEL and data of selected No. is deleted. Push ESC and return to Title Screen.



T1V7-05-03-124

Recorded Data Selection Screen

Push HOLD and the monitor is stopped temporarily. When the monitor is started again, push HOLD again. Push ESC and return to Recorded Data Selection Screen.



T1V7-05-03-141

Recorded Data Regeneration Screen



# TROUBLESHOOTING / Dr. ZX

## PASSWORD CHANGE

After starting Dr. ZX, push Select Controller.

SelectFunction

- Self-Diagnostic Results
- SelectController

ESC

T1V7-05-03-001

Function Selection Screen

Push Engine C/U.

Select failure-diagnosis controller

- Main C/U
- Engine C/U
- Monitor Unit
- Information C/U

ESC

T4GB-05-02-053

Controller Selection Screen

Push Password.

Password

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Op.Manual    Disp.Record

Start        Back

T4GD-05-02-002

Title Screen

To the lower

Input the registered password and push OK.

Input password

Password: .....

OK    Cancel

T1V7-05-03-126

Input the new password and push OK.

Input new password

New Password: .....

Re-Input .....

OK    Cancel

T1V7-05-03-127

Input the new password again and push OK.

Input new password

New Password: .....

Re-Input .....

OK    Cancel

T1V7-05-03-169

To the lower

Push OK and return to Title Screen.

Password has set

OK

T1V7-05-03-128

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Dr. ZX

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(Blank)

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Dr. ZX

## ICF CONTROLLER

### Main Menu

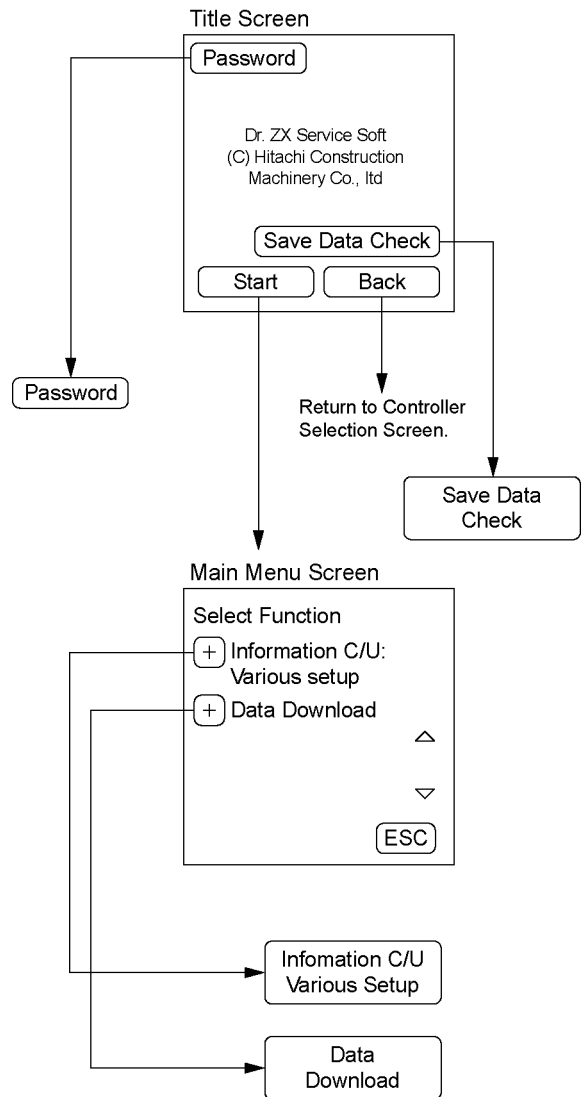
- Information C/U Various Setup  
Initialization of information C/U, setting of model, serial No. and time, and initialization of control data can be done.
- Data Download  
Daily report data, frequency distribution data, total operating hours, alarm and fault, which are recorded in ICF, can be downloaded to Dr. ZX.

### Save Data Check

Daily report data, frequency distribution data, total operating hours, alarm and fault code, which are saved in ICF, can be checked by using Dr. ZX.

### Password

The password can be changed.



T4GD-05-02-011

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Dr. ZX

### INFORMATION C/U VARIOUS SETUP

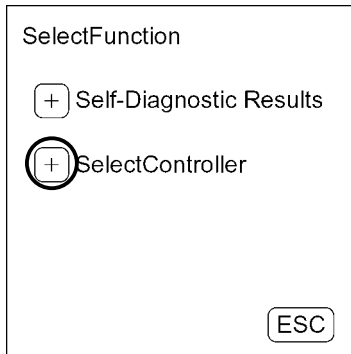
#### ICF List of Controller Data Setting Item

Item		Range of Data	
Information C/U: Initialize		Initialize/ESC	
Enter Model and Serial No.	Model	ASCII (4 characters) 0 to 9, A to Z	
	Serial No.	000000 to 999999	
Enter Date and Time	Date	YY	2000 to 2100
		MM	1 to 12
		DD	1 to 31
	Time	HH	0 to 23
		MM	0 to 59
Control Data: Initialize		Initialize/ESC	
Satellite Terminal: Initialize		DEL/ESC	
Satellite Terminal No. Confirmation		12 digits: 0 to 9, A to Z	
Communicating State Check	ICF < = > Satellite Terminal	Connect	Conn/UnConn
		Comm.	OK/NG
	Satellite Terminal	Power	ON/OFF
		Comm.	Enable/Stop
	Rod Aerial		OK/NG
	GPS Aerial		OK/NG
	Wave State		ON/OFF
	Un-Transmit Data Number		0~99
	Last Transmitting Time		YYYY/MM/DD hh: mm: ss
Satellite Comm. Start/Stop		Start/Stop	

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Dr. ZX

## Information C/U : Initialize

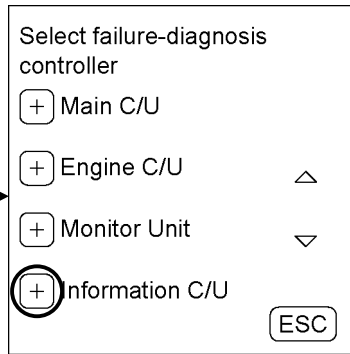
After starting Dr. ZX, push Select Controller.



T1V7-05-03-001

Function Selection Screen

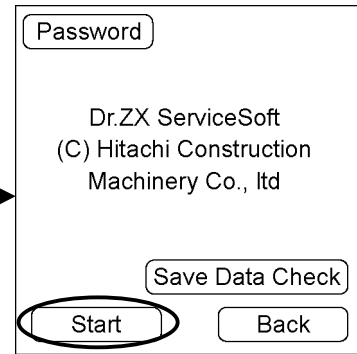
Push Information C/U.



T4GB-05-02-053

Controller Selection Screen

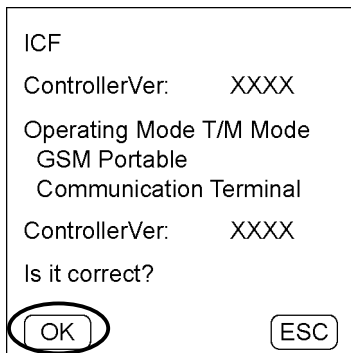
Push Start.



T4GD-05-02-013

Title Screen

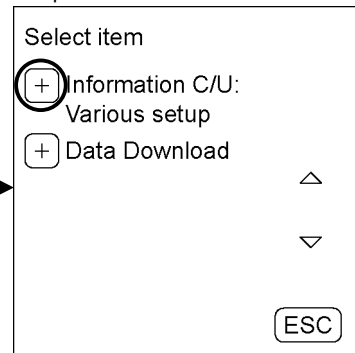
Push OK.



T4GD-05-02-012

ICF Controller Screen

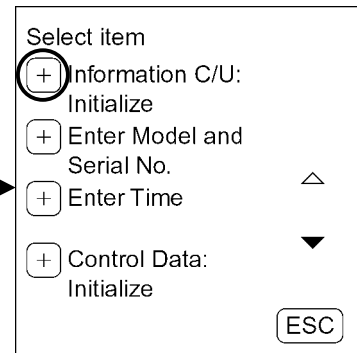
Push Information C/U: Various setup.



T4GD-05-02-014

Main Menu Screen

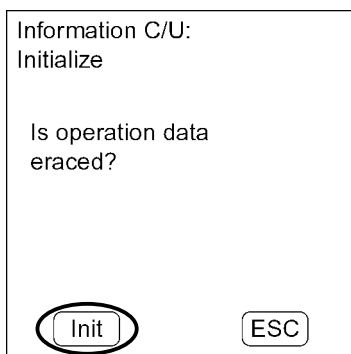
Push Information C/U: Initialize.



T1V7-05-03-027

Information C/U: Various Setup Screen

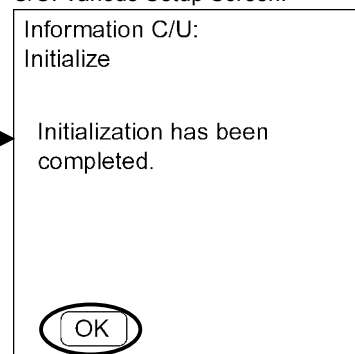
Push Init and the controller operating data is initialized. Push ESC and return to Information C/U: Various Setup Screen.



T1V7-05-03-028

Information C/U: Initialize Screen

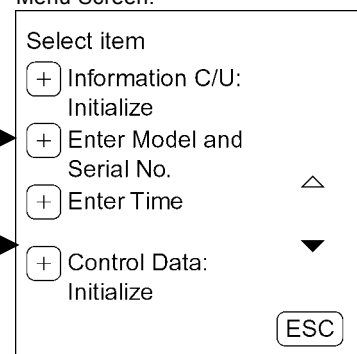
Push OK and return to Information C/U: Various Setup Screen.



T1V7-05-03-029

Information C/U: Initialize Screen

Push ESC and return to Main Menu Screen.



T1V7-05-03-027

Information C/U: Various Setup Screen

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Dr. ZX

## Enter Model and Serial No.

After starting Dr. ZX, push Select Controller.

SelectFunction

Self-Diagnostic Results

SelectController

T1V7-05-03-001

Function Selection Screen

Push Information C/U.

Select failure-diagnosis controller

Main C/U

Engine C/U

Monitor Unit

Information C/U

T4GB-05-02-053

Controller Selection Screen

Push Start.

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T4GD-05-02-013

Title Screen

To the lower

Push OK.

ICF

ControllerVer: XXXX

Operating Mode T/M Mode  
GSM Portable  
Communication Terminal

ControllerVer: XXXX

Is it correct?

T4GD-05-02-012

ICF Controller Screen

Push Information C/U: Various setup.

Select item

Information C/U: Various setup

Data Download

T4GD-05-02-014

Main Menu Screen

Push Enter Model and Serial No.

Select item

Information C/U: Initialize

Enter Model and Serial No.

Enter Time

Control Data: Initialize

T1V7-05-03-027

Information C/U: Various Setup Screen

To the lower

Push Exec, and model and serial No. can be input.  
Push ESC and return to Information C/U: Various Setup Screen.

Enter Model and Serial No.

Model 04GC

Serial No. 000001

T4GB-05-02-068

Enter Model and Serial No. Screen

Push OK after inputting model and serial No. and return to Enter Model and Serial No. Screen.  
Push ESC and return to Information C/U: Various Setup Screen.

Enter Model and Serial No.

Model |\_\_\_\_\_

Ex. Mach.No.(HCM4GC00P00001) Model(04GC)

Serial No. \_\_\_\_\_

Ex. Mach.No.(HCM4GC00P00001) Serial No.(000001)

T4GB-05-02-069

Push ESC and return to Main Menu Screen.

Select item

Information C/U: Initialize

Enter Model and Serial No.

Enter Time

Control Data: Initialize

T1V7-05-03-027

Information C/U: Various Setup Screen

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Dr. ZX

## Enter Date and Time

After starting Dr. ZX, push Select Controller.

SelectFunction

- Self-Diagnostic Results
- SelectController

T1V7-05-03-001

Function Selection Screen

Push Information C/U.

Select failure-diagnosis controller

- Main C/U
- Engine C/U
- Monitor Unit
- Information C/U

T4GB-05-02-053

Controller Selection Screen

Push Start.

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T4GD-05-02-013

Title Screen

To the lower

Push OK.

ICF

ControllerVer: XXXX

Operating Mode T/M Mode  
GSM Portable  
Communication Terminal

ControllerVer: XXXX

Is it correct?

T4GD-05-02-012

ICF Controller Screen

Push Information C/U: Various setup.

Select item

- Information C/U: Various setup
- Data Download

T4GD-05-02-014

Main Menu Screen

Push Enter Time.

Select item

- Information C/U: Initialize
- Enter Model and Serial No.
- Enter Time
- Control Data: Initialize

T1V7-05-03-027

Information C/U: Various Setup Screen

To the lower

Push Set or ESC and return to Information C/U: Various Setup Screen.

Enter Date and Time

YY  MM  DD

HH  MM

T1V7-05-03-032

Enter Date and Time Screen

YY, MM, DD, HH and MM  
The focused item is displayed reversely.  
At first, the focused item is YY.

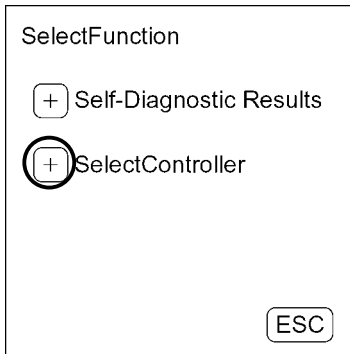
YY, MM, DD, HH and MM  
Move the focused item.  
No repeat input.

YY, MM, DD, HH and MM  
Value of the focused item is increased or decreased one by one.  
In case value is beyond maximum one: Change value into the minimum one  
In case value is below minimum one: Change value into the maximum one  
No repeat input.

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Dr. ZX

## Control Data: Initialize

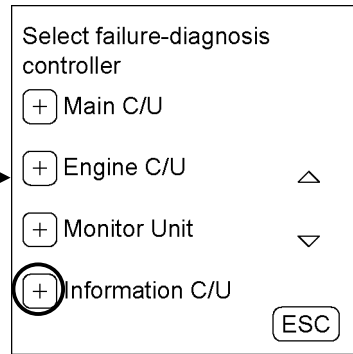
After starting Dr. ZX, push Select Controller.



T1V7-05-03-001

Function Selection Screen

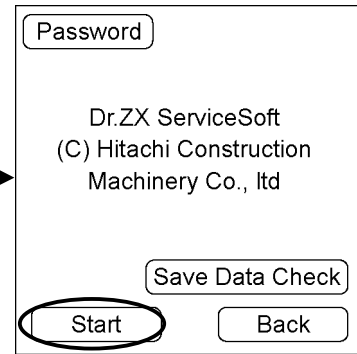
Push Information C/U.



T4GB-05-02-053

Controller Selection Screen

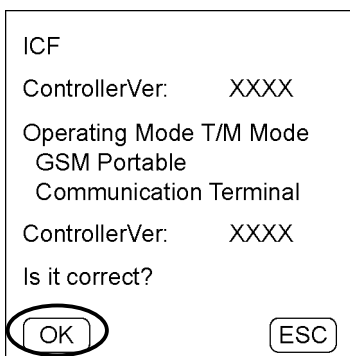
Push Start.



T4GD-05-02-013

Title Screen

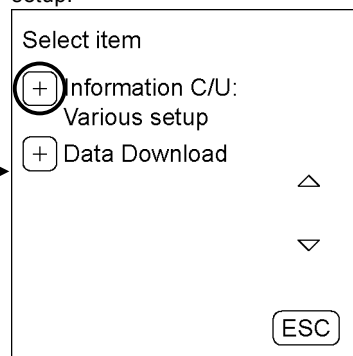
Push OK.



T4GD-05-02-012

ICF Controller Screen

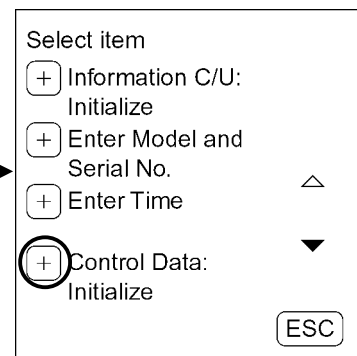
Push Information C/U: Various setup.



T4GD-05-02-014

Main Menu Screen

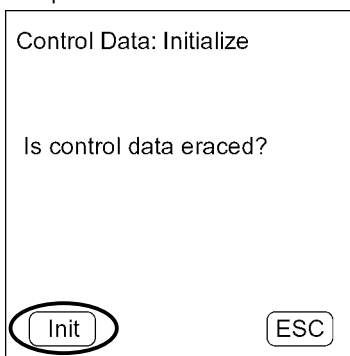
Push Control Data: Initialize.



T1V7-05-03-027

Information C/U: Various Setup Screen

Push Init and the controller control data is initialized. Push ESC and return to Information C/U: Various Setup Screen.



T1V7-05-03-033

Control Data: Initialize Screen

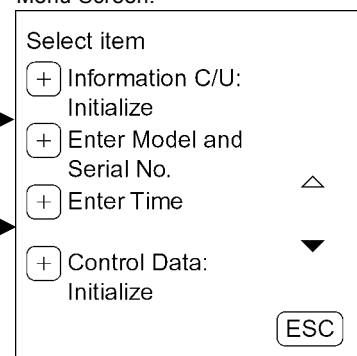
Push OK and return to Information C/U: Various Setup Screen.



T1V7-05-03-034

Control Data: Initialize Screen

Push ESC and return to Main Menu Screen.



T1V7-05-03-027

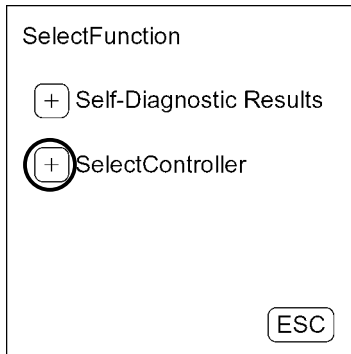
Information C/U: Various Setup Screen



# TROUBLESHOOTING / Dr. ZX

## Satellite Terminal: Initialize

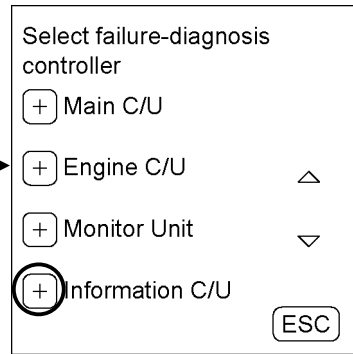
After starting Dr. ZX, push Select Controller.



T1V7-05-03-001

Function Selection Screen

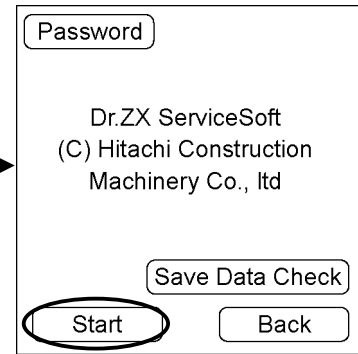
Push Information C/U.



T4GB-05-02-053

Controller Selection Screen

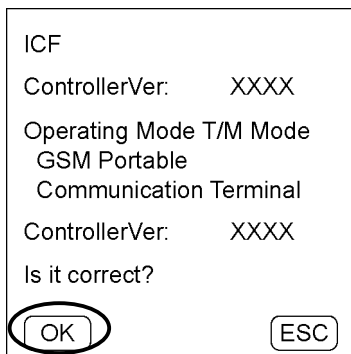
Push Start.



T4GD-05-02-013

Title Screen

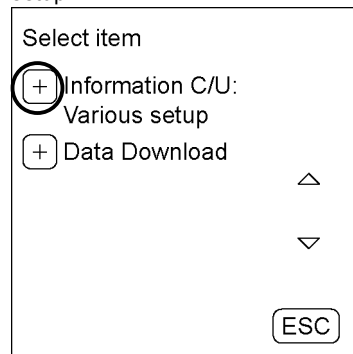
Push OK.



T4GD-05-02-012

ICF Controller Screen

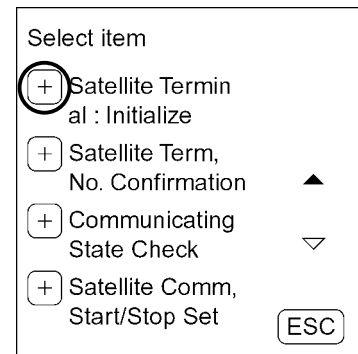
Push Information C/U: Various setup.



T4GD-05-02-014

Main Menu Screen

Push ▼ and move to the next screen of Information C/U: Various Setup Screen. Push Satellite Terminal: Initialize.

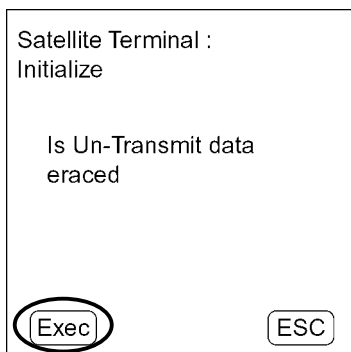


T1V7-05-03-035

Information C/U: Various Setup Screen

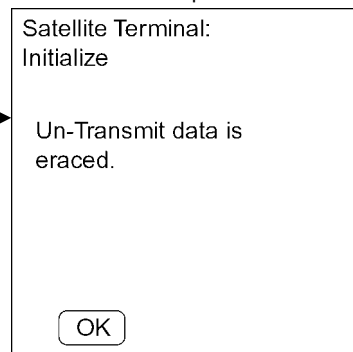
Push Exec.

Push ESC and return to Information C/U: Various Setup Screen.

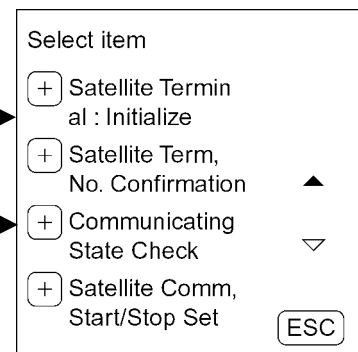


T1V7-05-03-036

Push OK and return to Information C/U: Various Setup Screen.



T1V7-05-03-145



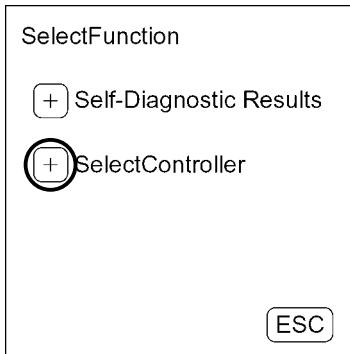
T1V7-05-03-035

Information C/U: Various Setup Screen

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Dr. ZX

## Satellite Terminal No. Confirmation

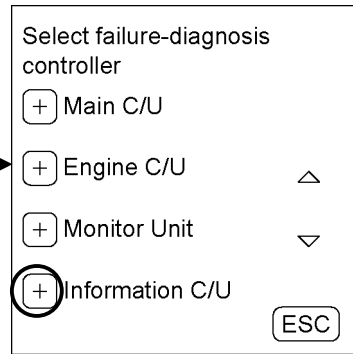
After starting Dr. ZX, push Select Controller.



T1V7-05-03-001

Function Selection Screen

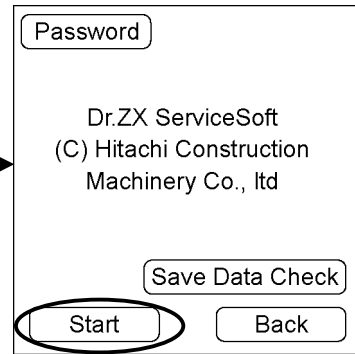
Push Information C/U.



T4GB-05-02-053

Controller Selection Screen

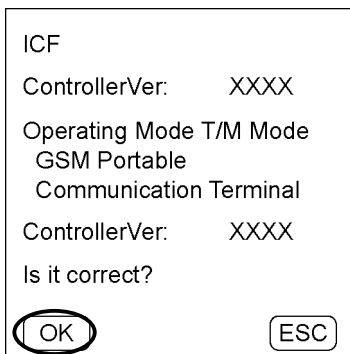
Push Start.



T4GD-05-02-013

Title Screen

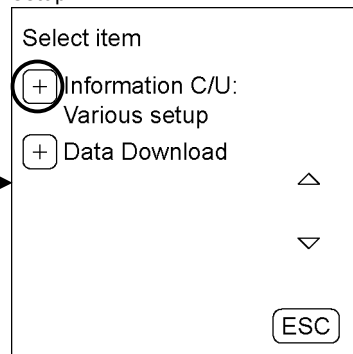
Push OK.



T4GD-05-02-012

ICF Controller Screen

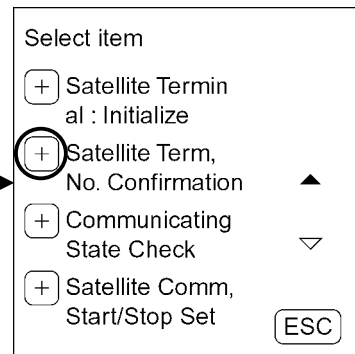
Push Information C/U: Various setup.



T4GD-05-02-014

Main Menu Screen

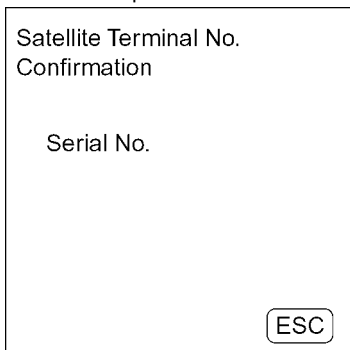
Push ▼ and move to the next screen of Information C/U: Various Setup Screen. Push Satellite Terminal No. Confirmation.



T1V7-05-03-035

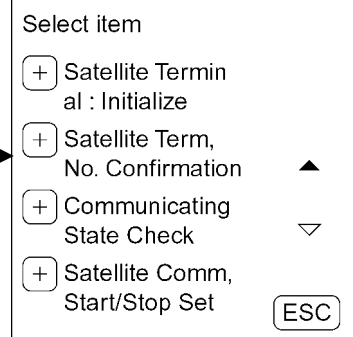
Information C/U: Various Setup Screen

Confirm serial No. (12 digits). Push ESC and return to Information C/U: Various Setup Screen.



T1V7-05-03-037

Satellite Terminal No. Confirmation Screen



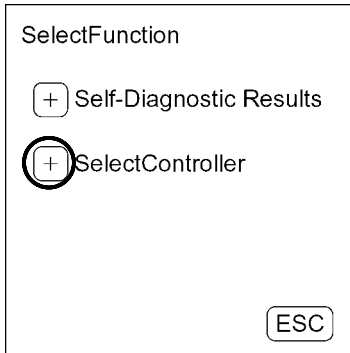
T1V7-05-03-035

Information C/U: Various Setup Screen

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Dr. ZX

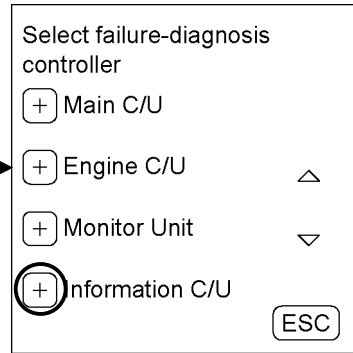
## Communicating State Check

After starting Dr. ZX, push Select Controller.



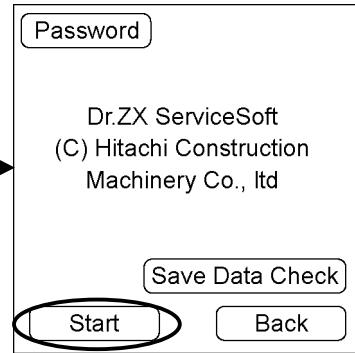
Function Selection Screen

Push Information C/U.



Controller Selection Screen

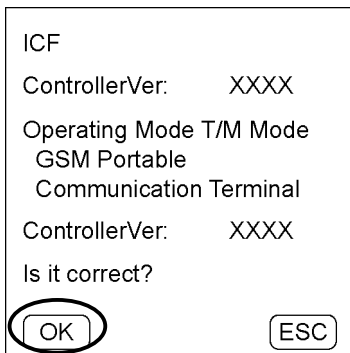
Push Start.



Title Screen

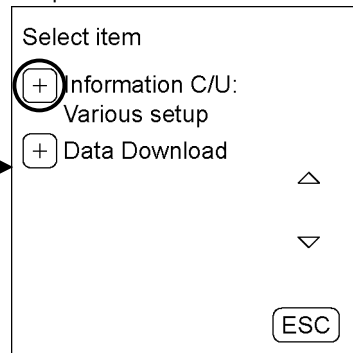
To the lower

Push OK.



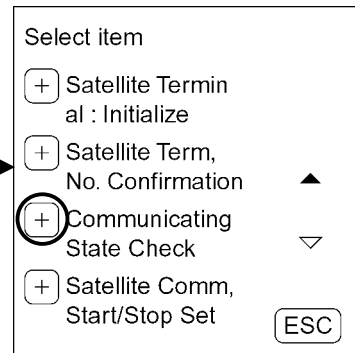
ICF Controller Screen

Push Information C/U: Various setup.



Main Menu Screen

Push ▼ and move to the next screen of Information C/U: Various Setup Screen. Push Communicating State Check.



Information C/U: Various Setup Screen

To the lower

Check communicating state.

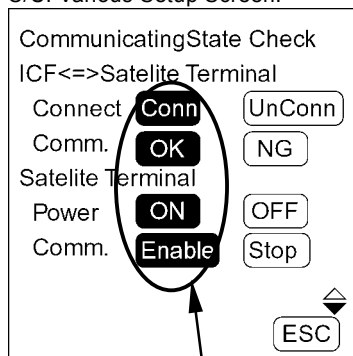
UnConn: Faulty harness

NG: Faulty harness for Comm.

OFF: Faulty harness, Faulty controller

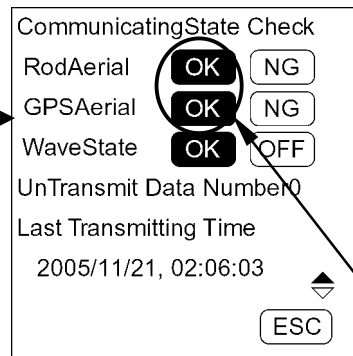
Stop: Enter Satellite Comm. Start/Stop

Push ESC and return to Information C/U: Various Setup Screen.



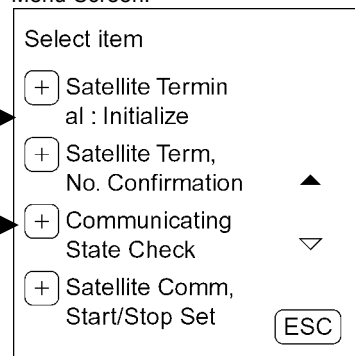
Check the enclosed state.

Push ▼ and move to the next screen. Check communicating state of Rod Antenna and GPS Antenna. Push ESC and return to Information C/U: Various Setup Screen.



T1V7-05-03-143

Push ESC and return to Main Menu Screen.



T1V7-05-03-035

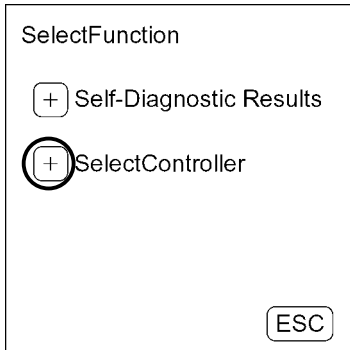
When electrical wave of the satellite is caught, the items are turned into OK.

**IMPORTANT: Check this with the key of machine ON in outdoor. According to state of electrical wave, it may take a little longer time.**

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Dr. ZX

## Satellite Comm. Start / Stop

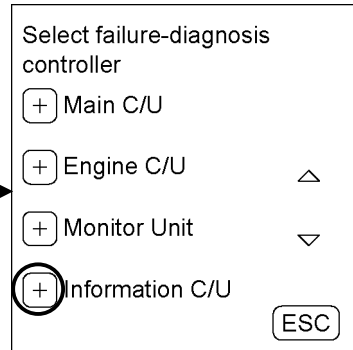
After starting Dr. ZX, push Select Controller.



T1V7-05-03-001

Function Selection Screen

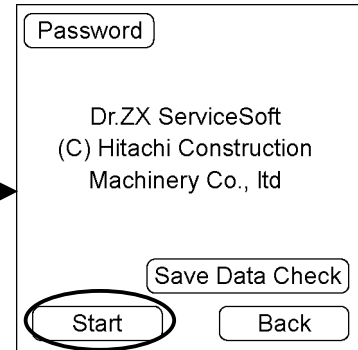
Push Information C/U.



T4GB-05-02-053

Controller Selection Screen

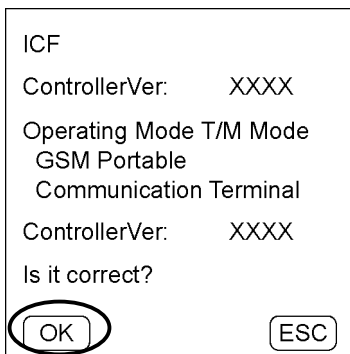
Push Start.



T4GD-05-02-013

Title Screen

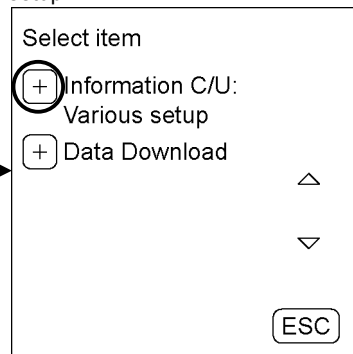
Push OK.



T4GD-05-02-012

ICF Controller Screen

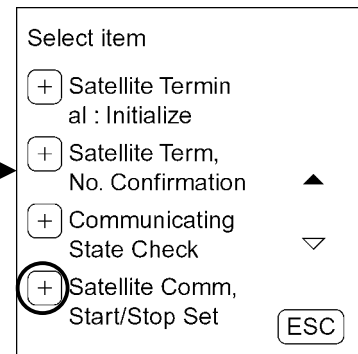
Push Information C/U: Various setup.



T4GD-05-02-014

Main Menu Screen

Push ▼ and move to the next screen of Information C/U: Various Setup Screen. Push Satellite Comm. Start/Stop.

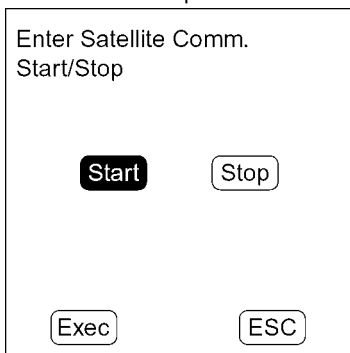


T1V7-05-03-035

Information C/U: Various Setup Screen

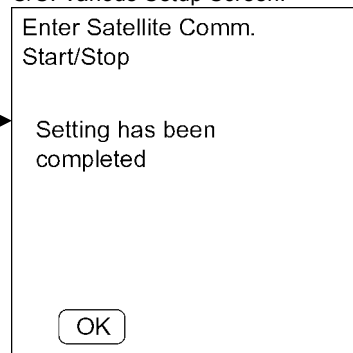
When starting Satellite Comm., push Start and push Exec. When stopping Satellite Comm., push Stop and push Exec.

Push ESC and return to Information C/U: Various Setup Screen.



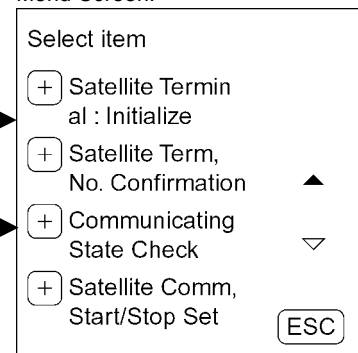
T1V7-05-03-146

Push OK and return to Information C/U: Various Setup Screen.



T1V7-05-03-147

Push ESC and return to Main Menu Screen.



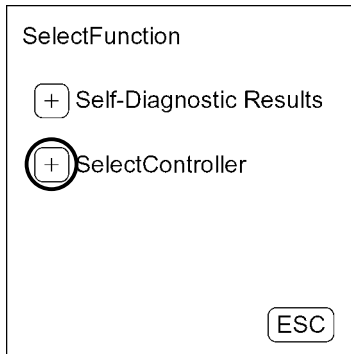
T1V7-05-03-035

Information C/U: Various Setup Screen

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Dr. ZX

## Data Download

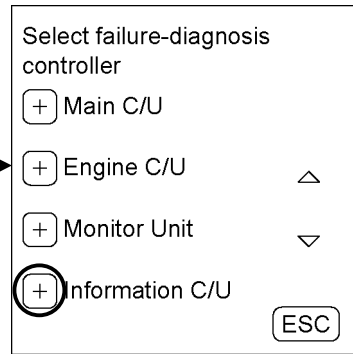
After starting Dr. ZX, push Select Controller.



T1V7-05-03-001

Function Selection Screen

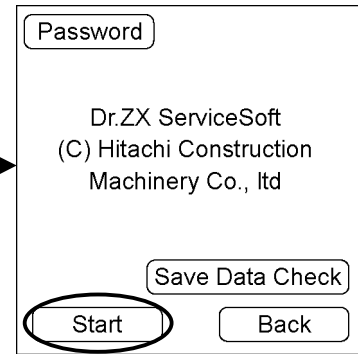
Push Information C/U.



T4GB-05-02-053

Controller Selection Screen

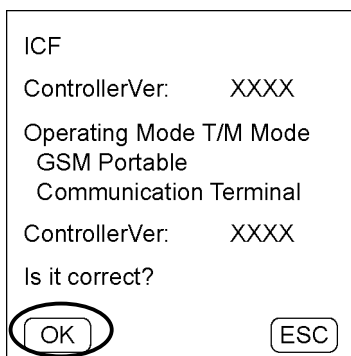
Push Start.



T4GD-05-02-013

Title Screen

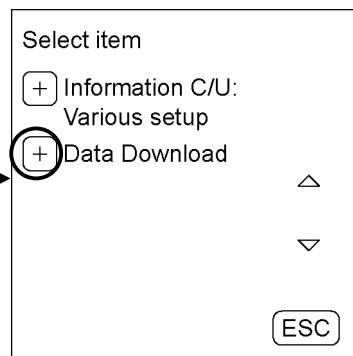
Push OK.



T4GD-05-02-012

ICF Controller Screen

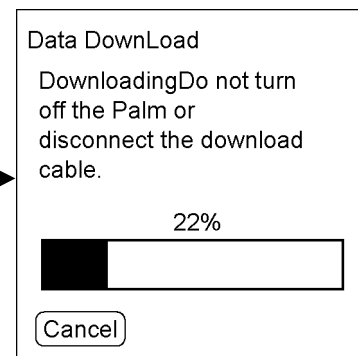
Push Data Download.



T4GD-05-02-014

Main Menu Screen

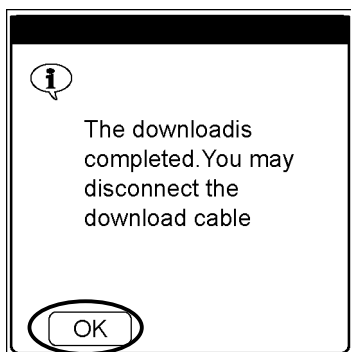
While downloading data, Download Screen is displayed.



T1V7-05-03-038

Data Download Screen

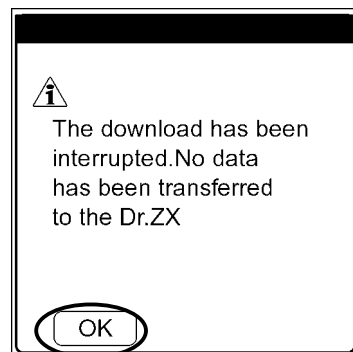
When downloading is completed normally, Normal End Screen is displayed. Push OK and return to Main Menu Screen.



T1V7-05-03-039

Normal End Screen

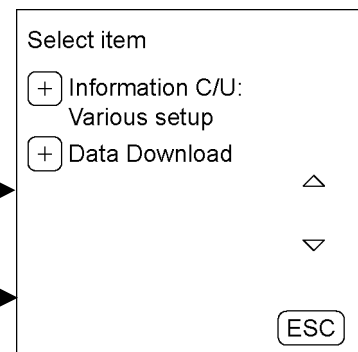
If pushing Cancel on Data Download Screen, Alarm Screen is displayed. Push OK and return to Main Menu Screen.



T1V7-05-03-148

Alarm Screen

Push ESC and return to Title Screen.



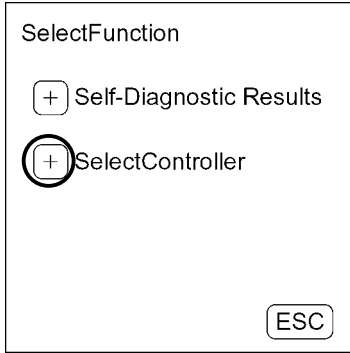
T4GD-05-02-014

Main Menu Screen

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Dr. ZX

## SAVE DATA CHECK

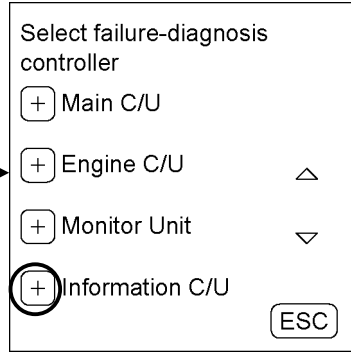
After starting Dr. ZX, push Select Controller.



T1V7-05-03-001

Function Selection Screen

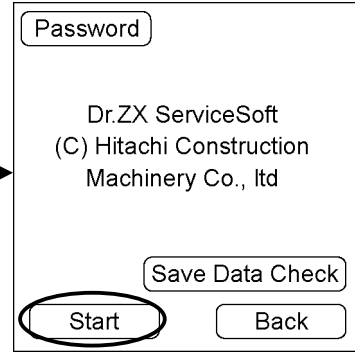
Push Information C/U.



T4GB-05-02-053

Controller Selection Screen

Push Start.

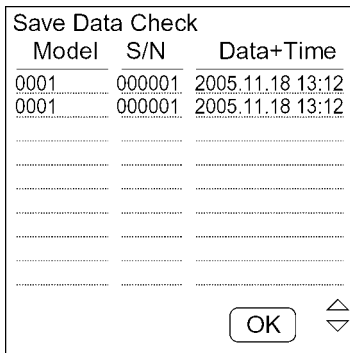


T4GD-05-02-013

Title Screen

To the lower

Data saved in ICF is displayed.  
Push OK and return to Main Menu Screen.



T1V7-05-03-040

Save Data Check Screen

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Dr. ZX

## PASSWORD CHANGE

After starting Dr. ZX, push Select Controller.

SelectFunction

- Self-Diagnostic Results
- SelectController

ESC

T1V7-05-03-001

Function Selection Screen

Push Information C/U.

Select failure-diagnosis controller

- Main C/U
- Engine C/U
- Monitor Unit
- Information C/U

ESC

T4GB-05-02-053

Controller Selection Screen

Push Password.

Password

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Save Data Check

Start Back

To the lower

T4GD-05-02-013

Title Screen

Input the registered password and push OK.

Input password

Password: .....

OK Cancel

T1V7-05-03-126

Input the new password and push OK.

Input new password

New Password: .....

Re-Input .....

OK Cancel

T1V7-05-03-127

Input the new password again and push OK.

Input new password

New Password: .....

Re-Input .....

OK Cancel

To the lower

T1V7-05-03-169

Push OK and return to Title Screen.

Password has set

OK

T1V7-05-03-128

**TROUBLESHOOTING / Dr. ZX**

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(Blank)



# TROUBLESHOOTING / Dr. ZX

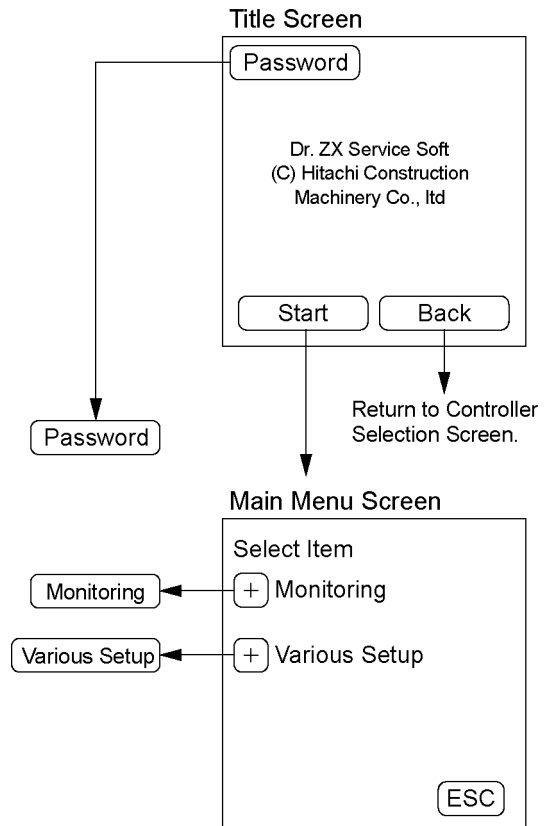
## MONITOR UNIT

### Main Menu

- Monitoring  
Dr. ZX displays the input status from each sensor and switch.
- Various Settings  
Dr. ZX can set inner hour meter synchronization.

### Password

The password can be changed.



T4GB-05-02-039

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Dr. ZX

### MONITORING

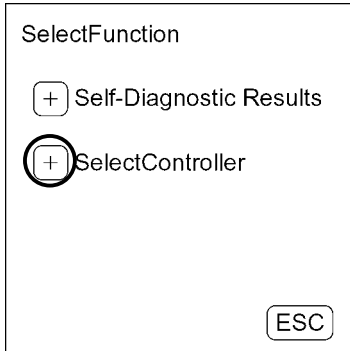
#### List of Monitoring Item

Item	Data	Unit
Radiator Coolant Temperature	Signal to coolant temperature gauge	°C
Fuel Level	Signal to fuel gauge	%
T/M Torque Converter Oil Temperature	Signal to transmission oil temperature gauge	°C
Steering Pressure	Continuity status in emergency steering pressure switch	OFF ON
Service Brake Pressure	Detected value in brake primary pressure sensor	MPa
Ride Control Switch	Continuity status in ride control switch	OFF ON
Axle Oil Temperature	Detected value in axle oil temperature sensor	°C
Brake Oil Level Switch of Service Brake	Continuity status to brake oil level indicator	OFF ON
Emergency Steering Pump Pressure Switch	Continuity status in emergency steering pump delivery pressure switch	OFF ON
Neutral Signal	Excited status in neutral relay	OFF ON
Overheat Switch	Continuity status to overheat indicator	OFF ON
Engine Oil Pressure Switch	Continuity status to engine oil pressure indicator	OFF ON
Air Filter Restriction	Continuity status to air filter restriction indicator	OFF ON
Heated Window Switch (Optional)	Continuity status in heated window switch (optional)	OFF ON
Emergency Steering Operation Check Switch	Continuity status in emergency steering check switch	OFF ON
Front Wiper Switch	Continuity status in front wiper switch	OFF ON
Engine Warning Switch	Continuity status to engine warning indicator	OFF ON
Engine STOP Switch	Continuity status to stop indicator	OFF ON
Model Selector Switch 1	Switch 1 OFF, switch 2 ON: ZW 180	OFF ON
Model Selector Switch 2	Switch 1 OFF, switch 2 OFF: ZW220/250 Switch 1 ON, switch 2 OFF: ZW310	OFF ON
Glow Switch	Continuity status to glow signal	OFF ON
T/M Warning Switch	Continuity status to transmission warning indicator	OFF ON
Buzzer Output	Continuity status to buzzer	OFF ON
Load Dump Relay Output	Excited status in load dump relay	OFF ON
Emergency Steering Relay Output	Excited status in emergency steering relay	OFF ON
Front Wiper Relay Output	Excited status in front wiper relay	OFF ON
Heated Window Relay Output	Excited status in heated window relay	OFF ON
Parking Brake Relay Output	Excited status in parking brake relay	OFF ON
Parking Brake Signal Output	Sending status of parking brake operating signal to TCU	OFF ON
Parking Brake input	Continuity status in parking brake switch	OFF ON

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Dr. ZX

## Monitoring

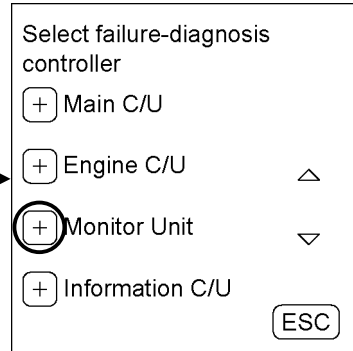
After starting Dr. ZX, push Select Controller.



T1V7-05-03-001

Function Selection Screen

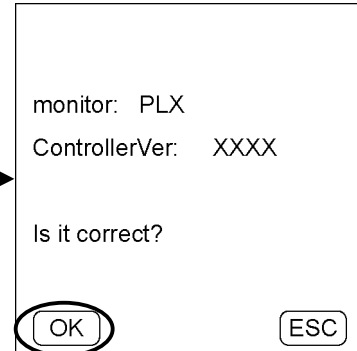
Push Monitor Unit.



T4GB-05-02-053

Controller Selection Screen

Push OK.



T4GB-05-02-040

Monitor Controller Screen

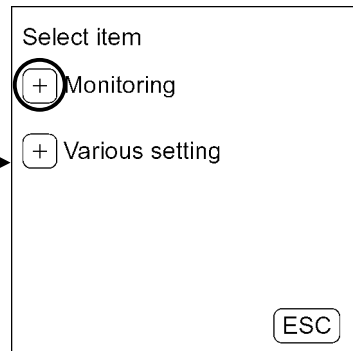
Push Start.



T1V7-05-03-025

Title Screen

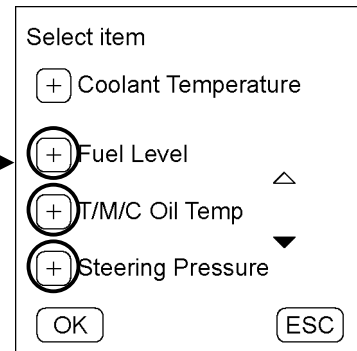
Push Monitoring.



T1V7-05-03-042

Main Menu Screen

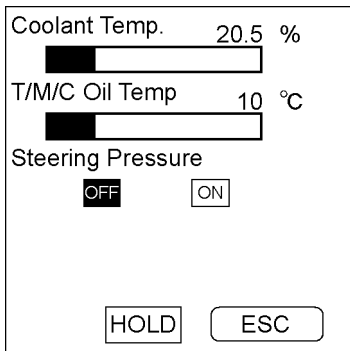
Push item for monitoring and push OK. Refer to T5-2-44 as for the monitoring item. Push ESC and return to Main Menu Screen.



T4GB-05-02-041

Monitoring Item Selection Screen

When pushing HOLD, the monitor is stopped temporarily. When re-starting the monitor, push HOLD again. Push ESC and return to Monitoring Item Selection Screen.



T4GB-05-02-042

Monitoring Screen

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Dr. ZX

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### VARIOUS SETTINGS

#### Monitor Unit List of Setup Item

Item	Data
Internal Hour Meter Sync.	Synchronization of hour meter data in both monitor unit and ICF

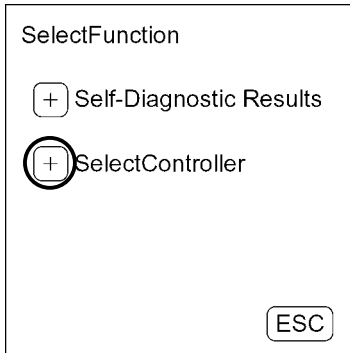
#### MC List of Adjustment Data

Data	Adjustment Minimum Unit	Adjustable Range	Adjustment Minimum Unit	Remark
Internal Hour Meter Sync.	-	ON only	-	

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Dr. ZX

## INTERNAL HOUR METER SYNCHRONIZATION

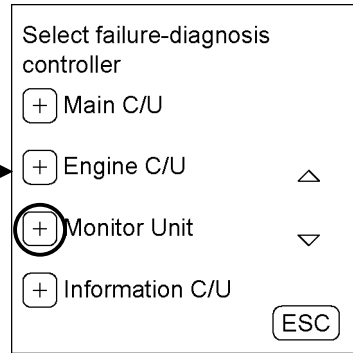
After starting Dr. ZX, push Select Controller.



T1V7-05-03-001

Function Selection Screen

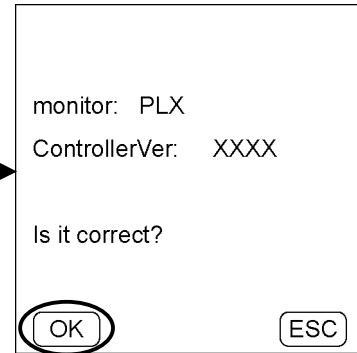
Push Monitor Unit.



T4GB-05-02-053

Controller Selection Screen

Push OK.



T4GB-05-02-040

Monitor Controller Screen

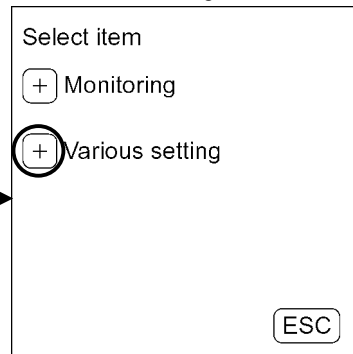
Push Start.



T1V7-05-03-025

Title Screen

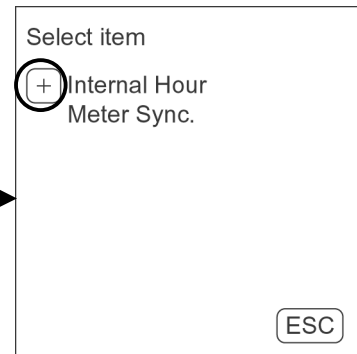
Push Various setting.



T1V7-05-03-042

Main Menu Screen

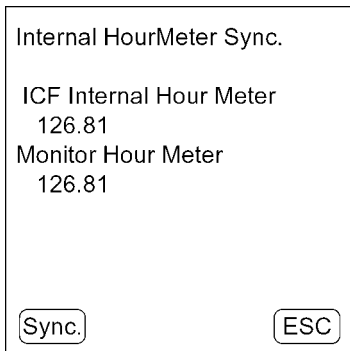
Push Internal Hour Meter Sync.



T4GB-05-02-043

Various Setup Item Screen

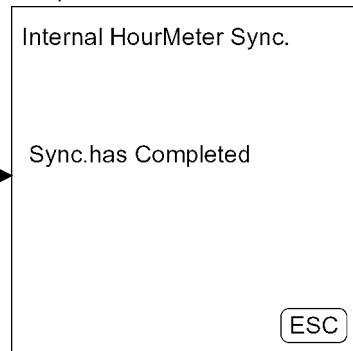
Push Sync. Push ESC and return to the former screen.



T1V7-05-03-085

Maintenance Set Item Screen

Push ESC and return to Various Setup Item Screen.



T1V7-05-03-086

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Dr. ZX

## PASSWORD CHANGE

After starting Dr. ZX, push Select Controller.

SelectFunction

- Self-Diagnostic Results
- SelectController

ESC

T1V7-05-03-001

Function Selection Screen

Push Monitor Unit.

Select failure-diagnosis controller

- Main C/U
- Engine C/U
- Monitor Unit
- Information C/U

ESC

T4GB-05-02-053

Controller Selection Screen

Push OK.

monitor: PLX  
ControllerVer: XXXX

Is it correct?

OK

ESC

T4GB-05-02-040

Monitor Controller Screen

To the lower

Push Password.

Password

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Start Back

T1V7-05-03-025

Title Screen

Input the registered password and push OK.

Input password

Password: .....

OK Cancel

T1V7-05-03-126

Main Menu Screen

Input the new password and push OK.

Input new password

New Password: .....

Re-Input .....

OK Cancel

T1V7-05-03-127

To the lower

Input the new password again and push OK.

Input new password

New Password: \*\*\*\*\*

Re-Input \*\*\*\*\*

OK Cancel

T1V7-05-03-169

Push OK and return to Title Screen.

Password has set

OK

T1V7-05-03-128

## TROUBLESHOOTING / e-Wheel

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### OUTLINE

ICF (Information Controller) saves the input signals from various sensors and switches of the machine as data by using CAN from each controller.

Various input signals are recorded as “list of daily report data”, “list of frequency distribution data”, “list of total operating hours”, “list of alarm” and “list of failure” in ICF.


The recorded data is downloaded to the personal computer and is uploaded to the center server via LAN, so that the data can be used as “e-Service”.

The machine equipped with the optional satellite communication terminal can send the data to center server by using satellite communication. (As for the satellite communication system, refer to T5-3-24.)

## TROUBLESHOOTING / e-Wheel

### LIST OF DAILY REPORT DATA

	Item	Details
1.	Date	Date of daily report data
2.	Fuel Level	The value of the final remained fuel during a day when the engine stops
3.	Fuel Usage Amount	The value of fuel used during a day
4.	Machine Hour Meter	Hour meter cumulative hours
5.	Engine Operating Hours	Total engine operating hours during a day
6.	Operating Distance	Traveling distance during a day
7.	Manual Transmission Operating Hours	Total manual transmission operating hours during a day
8.	Automatic Transmission Operating Hours	Total automatic transmission operating hours during a day
9.	L Mode Operating Hours	Total hours operating L mode of work mode selection switch during a day
10.	N Mode Operating Hours	Total hours operating N mode of work mode selection switch during a day
11.	P Mode Operating Hours	Total hours operating P mode of work mode selection switch during a day
12.	Radiator Coolant Temperature	The highest radiator coolant temperature during a day
13.	Hydraulic Oil Temperature	The highest hydraulic oil temperature during a day
14.	Outside Temperature	The highest fresh air temperature during a day
15.	Fuel Temperature	The highest fuel temperature during a day
16.	Torque Converter Oil Temperature	The highest torque converter oil temperature during a day
17.	Engine Operating Hour Distribution	Engine operating hour distribution during a day (Operating hours are recorded only when alternator output signal is continuously delivered for more than 10 minutes.)

 **NOTE:** *The daily operation in this table is equivalent to the hours between 0:00 and 23:59:59 counted by the ICF built-in clock. In case the engine is kept operated beyond 0:00, such data are recorded as those for the following day.*



## TROUBLESHOOTING / e-Wheel

### LIST OF FREQUENCY DISTRIBUTION DATA

	Item	Details
1.	Output Shaft Speed Distribution	Frequency distribution of output shaft speed
2.	Pump Load Distribution	Frequency distribution of main pump delivery pressure
3.	Axle Oil Temperature Distribution	Frequency distribution of axle oil temperature
4.	Travel Load Distribution	Frequency distribution of travel torque
5.	Radiator Coolant Temperature Distribution	Frequency distribution of coolant temperature
6.	Hydraulic Oil Temperature Distribution	Frequency distribution of hydraulic oil temperature
7.	Radiator Coolant Temperature - Outside Temperature Distribution	Frequency distribution on temperature in which fresh air temperature is pulled from coolant temperature
8.	Engine Speed Distribution	Frequency distribution of engine speed
9.	Brake Pressure Distribution	Frequency distribution of secondary brake pressure
10.	Torque Converter Oil Temperature Distribution	Frequency distribution of torque converter oil temperature
11.	Torque Converter Speed Ratio Distribution	Frequency distribution of ratio of torque converter speed
12.	Manual Transmission Speed Distribution	Frequency distribution of speed in manual transmission
13.	Automatic Transmission Speed Distribution	Frequency distribution of speed in automatic transmission
14.	Outside Temperature/Engine Torque Distribution	Frequency distribution of fresh air temperature and engine torque
15.	Radiator Coolant Temperature/Torque Converter Oil Temperature Distribution	Frequency distribution of coolant temperature and torque converter oil temperature
16.	Brake Pressure/Output Shaft Speed Distribution	Frequency distribution of brake pressure and output shaft speed
17.	Travel Load/Output Shaft Speed Distribution	Frequency distribution of travel torque and output shaft speed

## TROUBLESHOOTING / e-Wheel

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### LIST OF TOTAL OPERATING HOURS

	Item	Details
1.	Hour Meter (ICF)	Hour meter's value accumulated inside ICF
2.	Hour Meter (Monitor Unit)	Hour meter's value accumulated in monitor unit
3.	Engine Operating Hour	Total engine operating hours
4.	Traveling Distance	Total traveling distance
5.	Manual Transmission Operating Hours	Total manual transmission operating hours
6.	Automatic Transmission Operating Hours	Total automatic transmission operating hours
7.	L Mode Operating Hours	Total hours operating L mode of work mode selection switch
8.	N Mode Operating Hours	Total hours operating N mode of work mode selection switch
9.	P Mode Operating Hours	Total hours operating P mode of work mode selection switch
10.	MC Abnormal Communication Hours	Total abnormal communication hours with MC during engine operating
11.	Monitor Unit Abnormal Communication Hours	Total abnormal communication hours with monitor unit during engine operating
12.	ECM Communication Time-Out Hours	Total abnormal communication hours with ECM during engine operating

## TROUBLESHOOTING / e-Wheel

### LIST OF ALARM

	Item	Details
1.	Overheat Alarm	Date when the overheat indicator lights
2.	Engine Warning Alarm	Date when the engine warning indicator lights
3.	Engine Oil Pressure Alarm	Date when the engine oil pressure indicator lights
4.	Alternator Indicator Alarm	Date when the alternator indicator lights
5.	Air Filter Restriction Alarm	Date when the air filter restriction indicator lights
6.	Service Brake Oil Level Alarm	Date when the service brake oil level indicator lights
7.	Service Brake Oil Pressure Alarm	Date when the service brake oil pressure indicator lights
8.	Emergency Steering Operation Alarm	Date when the emergency steering operation indicator lights
9.	Steering Oil Pressure Alarm	Date when the steering oil pressure indicator lights
10.	Transmission Oil Temperature Alarm	Date when the transmission oil temperature indicator lights
11.	Hydraulic Oil Temperature Alarm	Date when the hydraulic oil temperature indicator lights
12.	Transmission Failure Alarm	Date when the transmission failure indicator lights
13.	Axle Oil Temperature Alarm	Date when the axle oil temperature indicator lights
14.	Transmission Alarm Overrun	Date when the overrun alarm buzzer sounds

 **NOTE:** When the alarm above is recorded, check each item.  
If the monitor is faulty, refer to Trouble-shooting C.

## **TROUBLESHOOTING / e-Wheel**

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### **LIST OF FAILURE**

When the fault code occurs, ICF records the fault code and the date.

Use the list of failure when the malfunction occurs, which is difficult to identify, as the remedy information. Refer to Troubleshooting A.

If the machine is operated properly with the fault code recorded, the machine can continue to be operated.

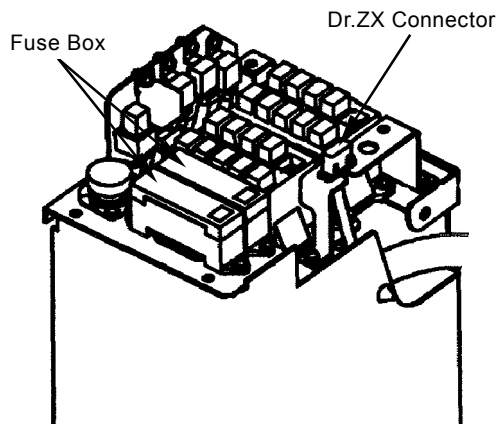
## TROUBLESHOOTING / e-Wheel

### HOW TO DOWNLOAD AND UPLOAD DATA OF ICF

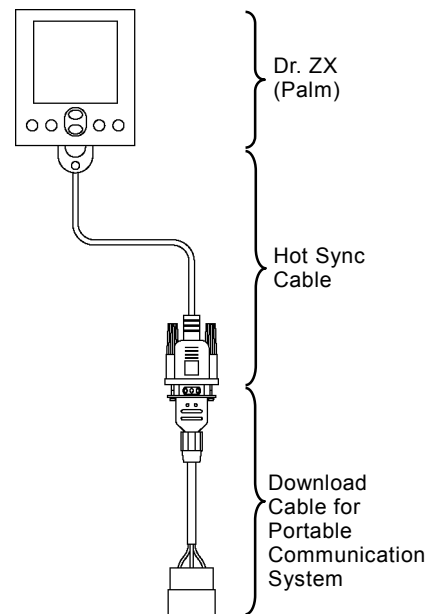
After the data saved in ICF is downloaded to Dr. ZX, is uploaded to the personal computer, and is uploaded to the center server by using LAN, the data can be used as “e-Service”.

#### How to Download Data from Machine to Dr. ZX

1. Connect Dr. ZX to the machine by using the Hot Sync cable and download cable for portable communication system.
2. Turn Dr. ZX ON and start downloading the data.  
(Refer to the next page.)



T4GD-05-02-001

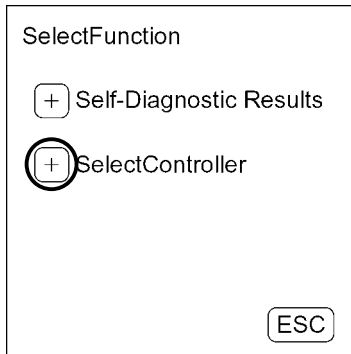


T1V1-05-07-002

# TROUBLESHOOTING / e-Wheel

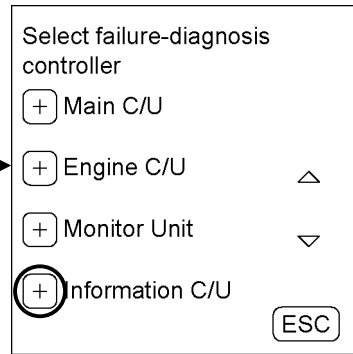
## Data Download

After starting Dr. ZX, push Select Controller.



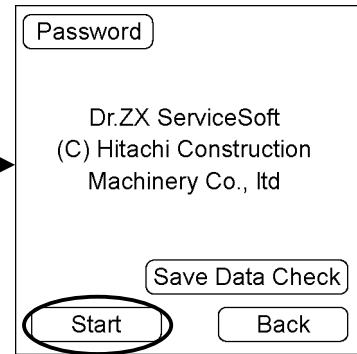
Function Selection Screen T1V7-05-03-001

Push Information C/U.



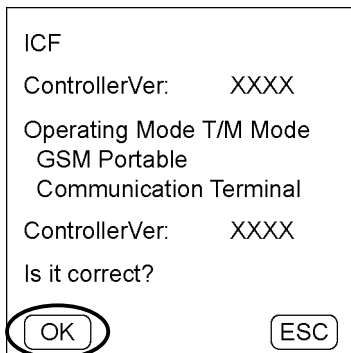
Controller Selection Screen T4GB-05-02-053

Push Start.



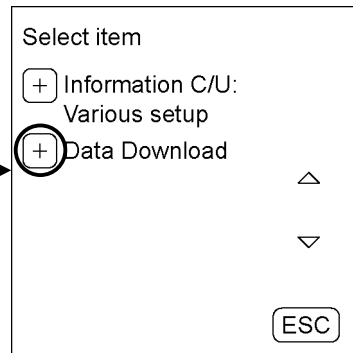
Title Screen T4GD-05-02-013

Push OK.



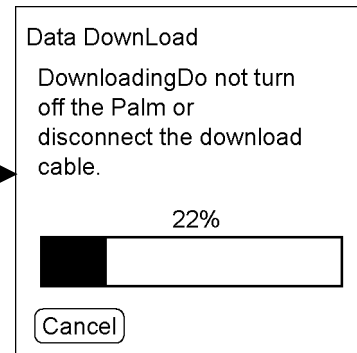
ICF Controller Screen 0T4GD-05-02-012

Push Data Download.



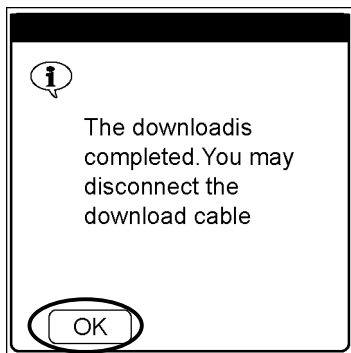
Main Menu Screen T4GD-05-02-014

While downloading data, Data Download Screen is displayed.



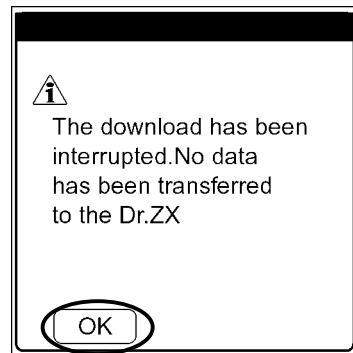
Data Download Screen T1V7-05-03-038

When downloading is completed normally, Normal End Screen is displayed. Push OK and return to Main Menu Screen.



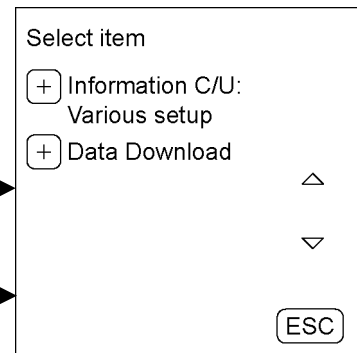
Normal End Screen T1V7-05-03-039

If pushing Cancel on Data Download Screen, Alarm Screen is displayed. Push OK and return to Main Menu Screen.



Alarm Screen T1V7-05-03-148

Push ESC and return to Title Screen.




Main Menu Screen T4GD-05-02-014

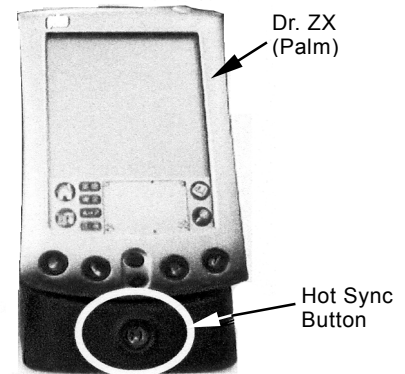
## TROUBLESHOOTING / e-Wheel

---

### How to Upload Data from Dr. ZX (Palm) to Personal Computer

1. Connect the cable to Dr. ZX. Connect the USB cable to the personal computer.
2. Push the Hot Sync button.

 **NOTE:** When pushing the Hot Sync button and uploading the data to the personal computer, the Palm Desktop software attached with Dr. ZX (Palm) need to be installed.



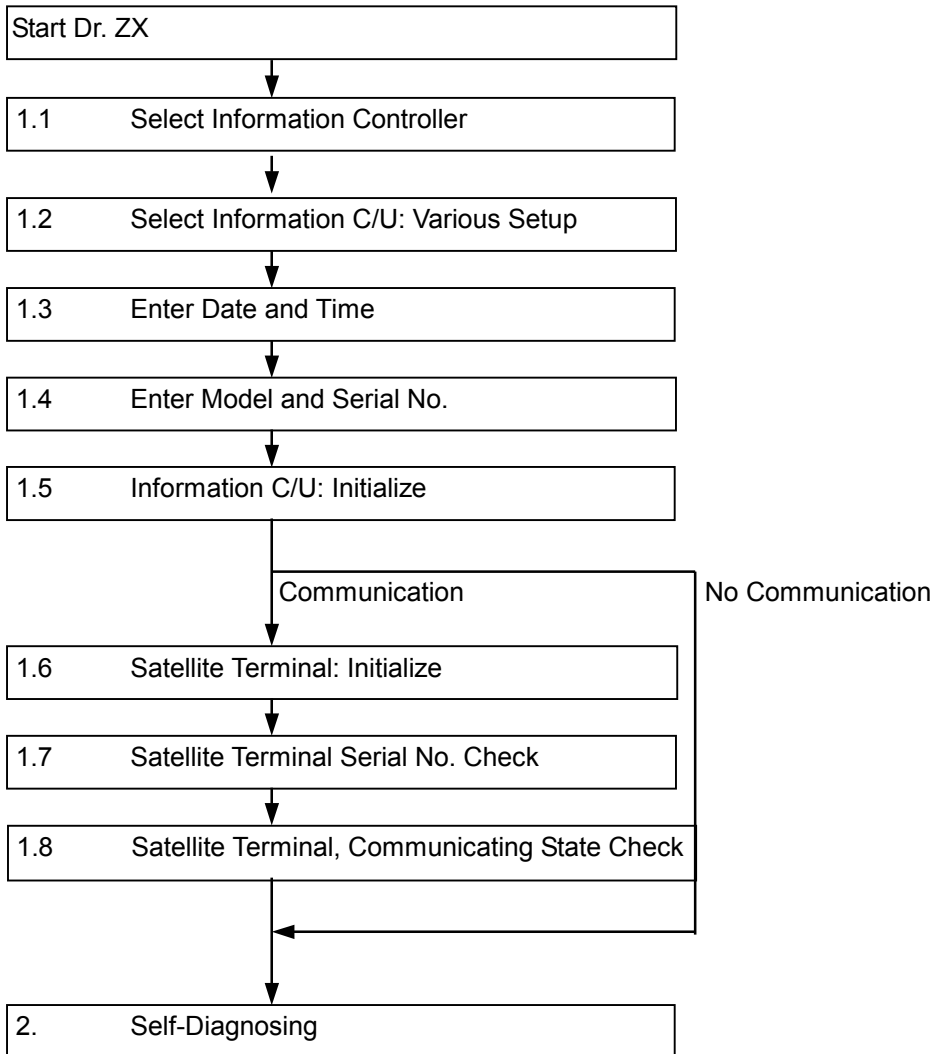
T178-05-07-033

## TROUBLESHOOTING / e-Wheel

### VARIOUS SETUP OF ICF AND SATELLITE COMMUNICATION TERMINAL BY USING Dr. ZX

Before starting satellite communication, installing the satellite communication terminal and replacing ICF, perform the following procedures by using Dr. ZX.

#### ICF Setup Procedures

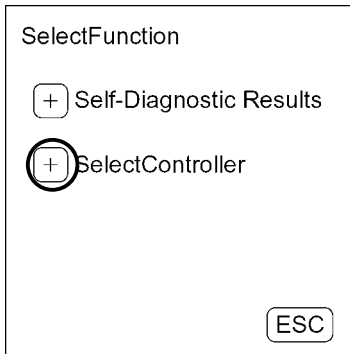




# TROUBLESHOOTING / e-Wheel

## 1.1 Select Information Controller

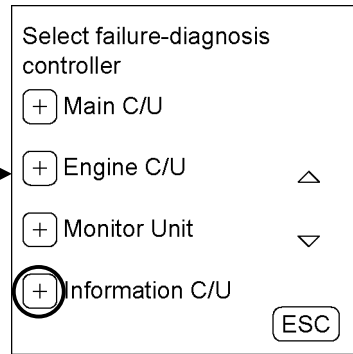
After starting Dr. ZX, push Select Controller.



T1V7-05-03-001

Function Selection Screen

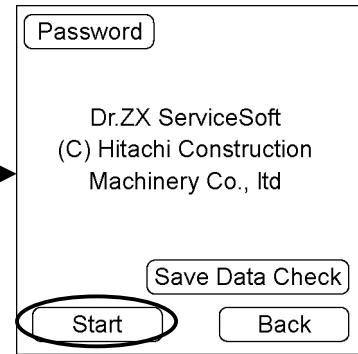
Push Information C/U.



T4GB-05-02-053

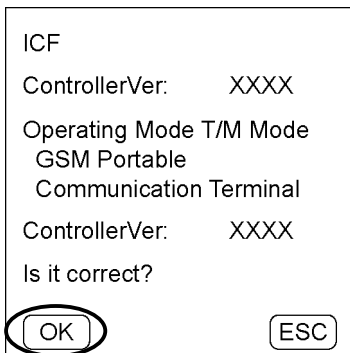
Controller Selection Screen

Push Start.



Title Screen

Push OK.

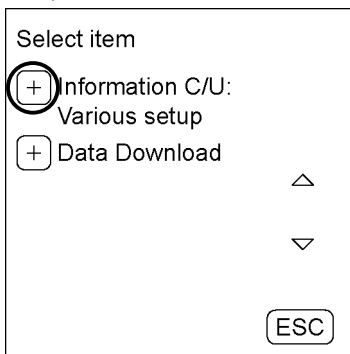


T4GD-05-02-012

ICF Controller Screen

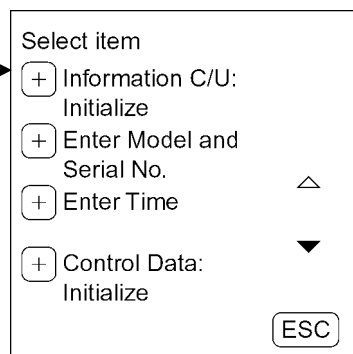
## 1.2 Select Information C/U: Various Setup

Push Information C/U: Various Setup.



T4GD-05-02-014

Main Menu Screen



T1V7-05-03-027

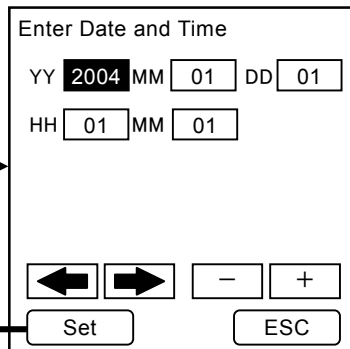
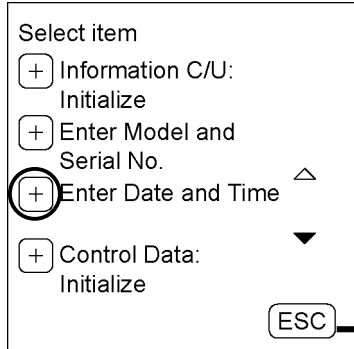
Information C/U: Variou Setup Screen

# TROUBLESHOOTING / e-Wheel

## 1.3 Enter Date and Time

Push Enter Date and Time.  
Push ESC and return to Main Menu Screen.

Push Set or ESC and return to Information C/U: Various Setup Screen.



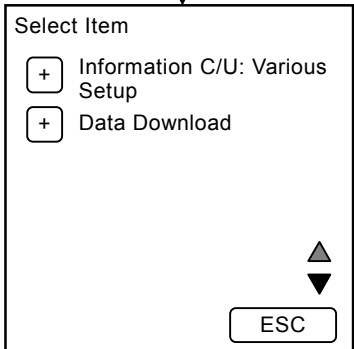
YY, MM, DD, HH and MM  
The focused item is displayed reversely.  
At first, the focused item is YY.



YY, MM, DD, HH and MM  
Move the focused item.  
No repeat input.



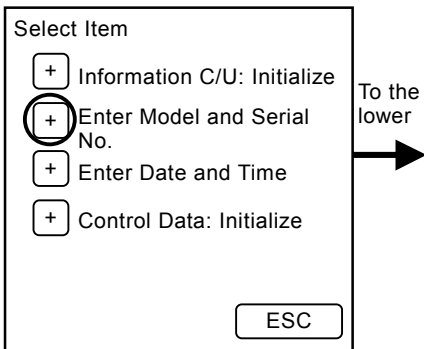
YY, MM, DD, HH and MM  
Value of the focused item is increased or decreased one by one.  
In case value is beyond maximum one: Change value into the minimum one  
In case value is below minimum one: Change value into the maximum one  
No repeat input.



# TROUBLESHOOTING / e-Wheel

## 1.4 Enter Model and Serial No.

Push Enter Model and Serial No.

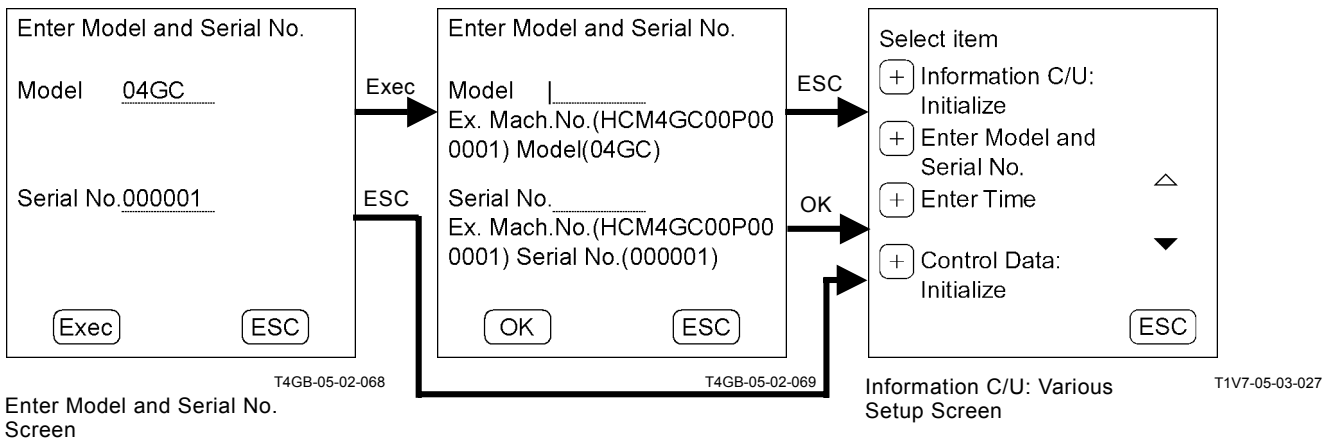


Information C/U: Various Setup Screen

Push Exec and model and serial No. can be input.  
Push ESC and return to Information C/U: Various Setup Screen.

Push OK after inputting model and serial No. and return to Enter Model and Serial No. Screen.  
Push ESC and return to Information C/U: Various Setup Screen.

Push ESC and return to Main Menu Screen.



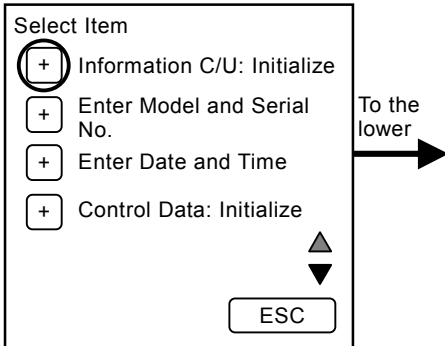
Enter Model and Serial No. Screen

Information C/U: Various Setup Screen

# TROUBLESHOOTING / e-Wheel

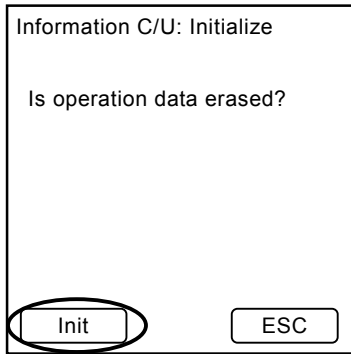
## 1.5 Information C/U: Initialize

Push Information C/U: Initialize.



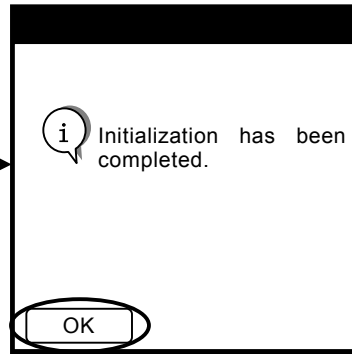
Information C/U: Various Setup Screen

Push Init and the controller operating data is initialized.  
Push ESC and return to Information C/U: Various Setup Screen.

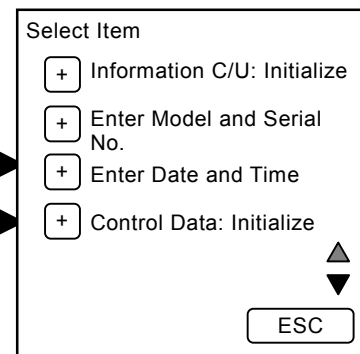


Information C/U: Initialize Screen

Push OK and return to Information C/U: Various Setup Screen.



Push ESC and return to Main Menu Screen.

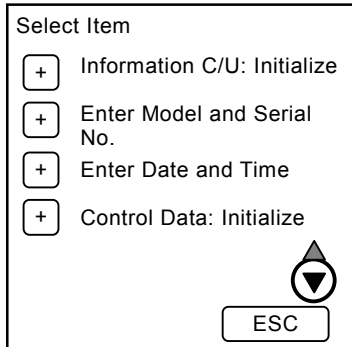


Information C/U: Various Setup Screen

# TROUBLESHOOTING / e-Wheel

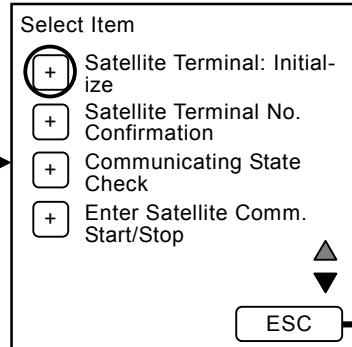
## 1.6 Satellite Terminal: Initialize

Display the next screen of Information C/U: Various Setup Screen.



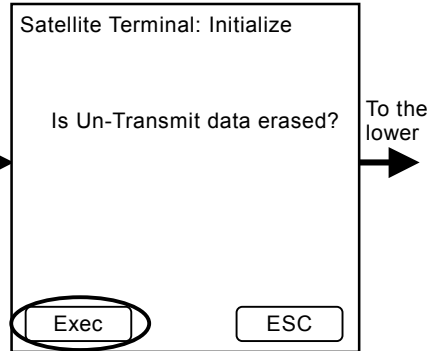
Information C/U: Various Setup Screen

Push Satellite Terminal: Initialize. Push ESC and return to Main Menu Screen.



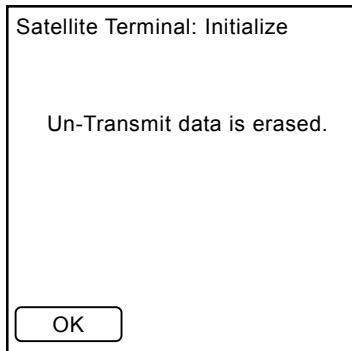
Next Screen of Information C/U: Various Setup Screen

Push Exec. Push ESC and return to Information C/U: Various Setup Screen.

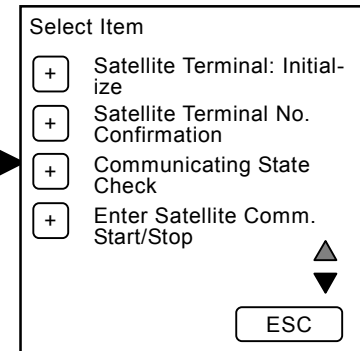


Satellite Terminal: Initialize

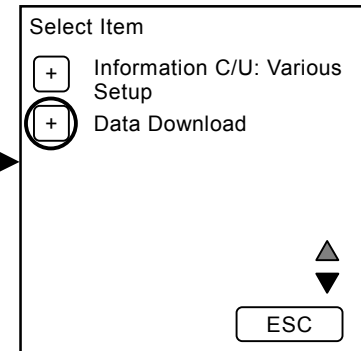
Push OK and return to Information C/U: Various Setup Screen.



Satellite Terminal: Initialize



Information C/U: Various Setup Screen



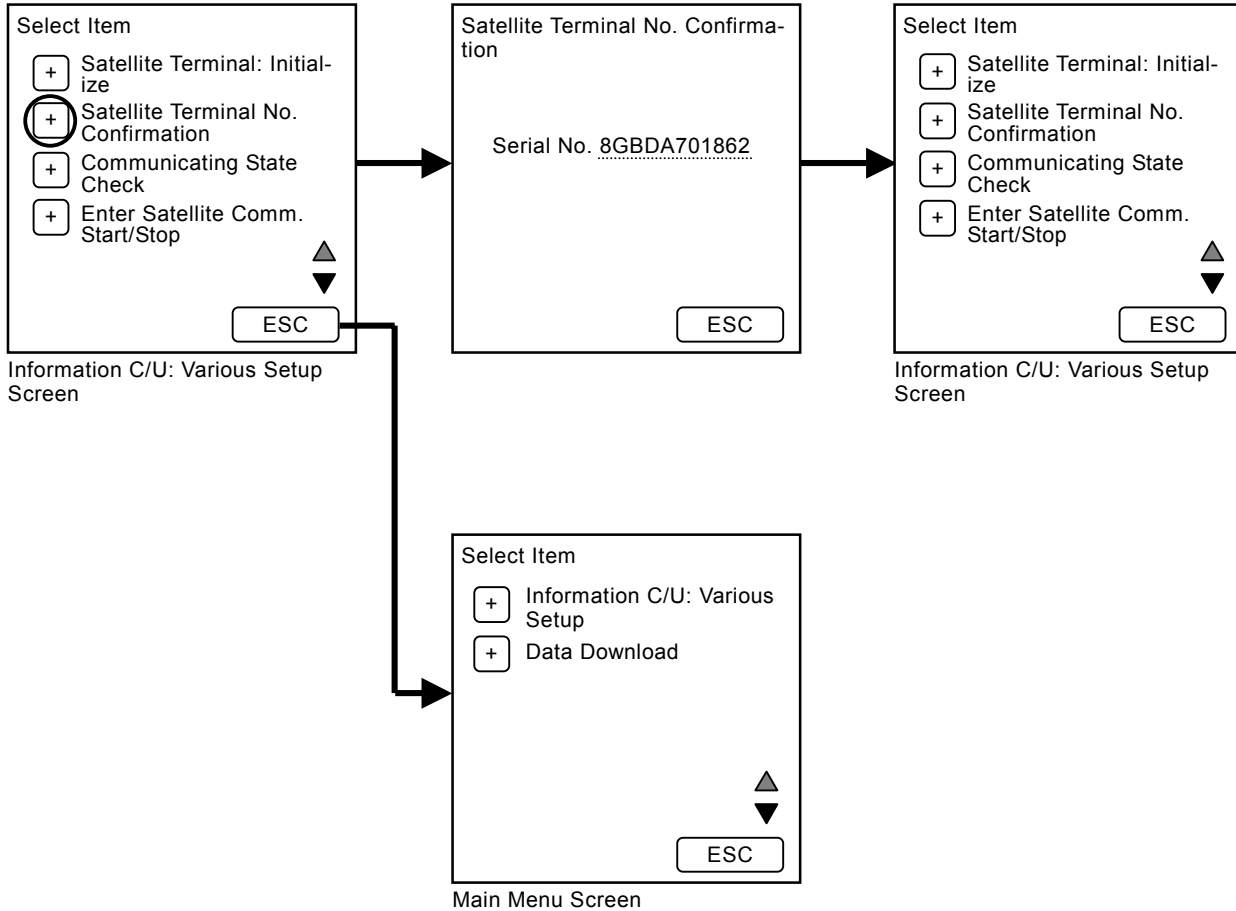
Main Menu Screen

# TROUBLESHOOTING / e-Wheel

## 1.7 Satellite Terminal Serial No. Check

Push Satellite Terminal No. Confirmation.  
Push ESC and return to Main Menu Screen.

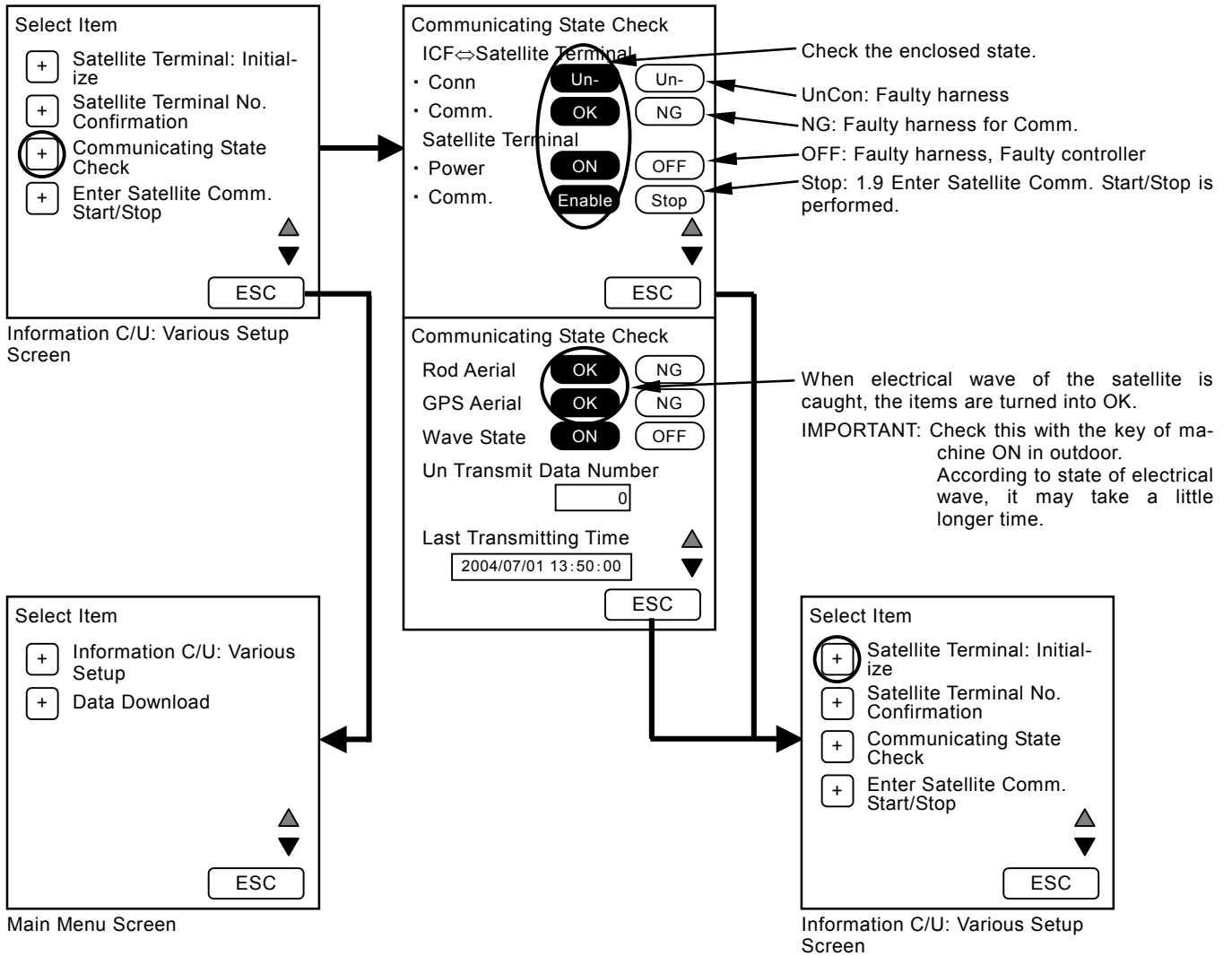
Confirm serial no. (12 digits).  
Push ESC and return to Information C/U: Various Setup Screen.



# TROUBLESHOOTING / e-Wheel

## 1.8 Satellite Terminal, Communicating State Check

Push Communicating State Check.  
Push ESC and return to Main Menu Screen.



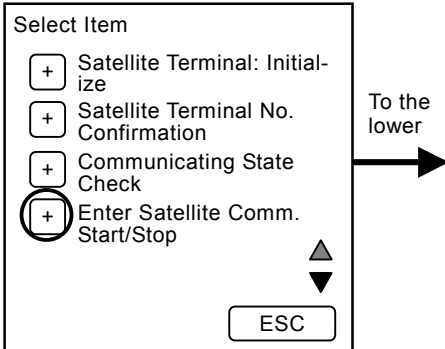
# TROUBLESHOOTING / e-Wheel

## 1.9 Enter Satellite Comm.

### Start/Stop

Push ▼ and move to the next screen of Information C/U: Various Setup Screen.

Push Enter Satellite Comm. Start/Stop.



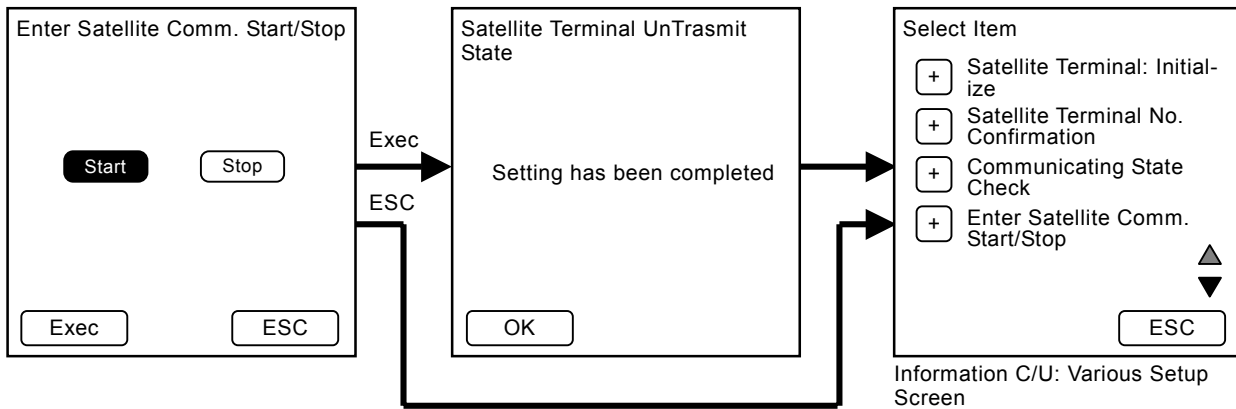
Information C/U: Various Setup Screen

In normal, Start is selected. When stopping Satellite Comm., due to some reasons, push Stop and push Exec.

Push ESC and return to Information C/U: Various Setup Screen.

Push OK and return to Information C/U: Various Setup Screen.

Push ESC and return to Main Menu Screen.



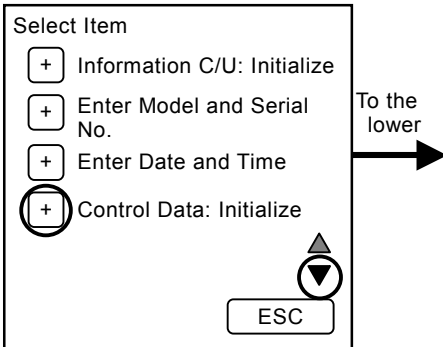
**CAUTION:** This procedure need not be done in normal.



# TROUBLESHOOTING / e-Wheel

## 1.10 Control Data: Initialize

Push Control Data: Initialize.

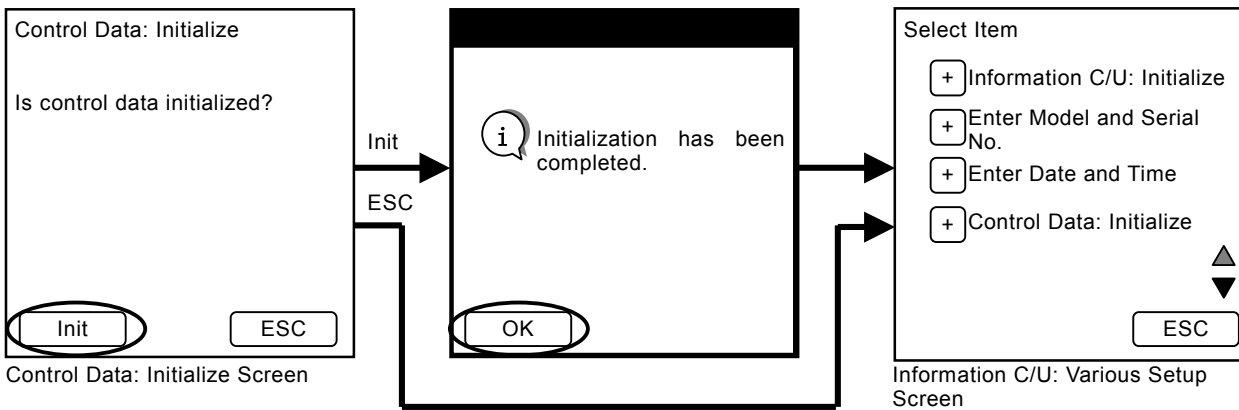


Information C/U: Various Setup Screen

Push Init and the controller operating data is initialized. Push ESC and return to Information C/U: Various Setup Screen.

Push OK and return to Information C/U: Various Setup Screen.

Push ESC and return to Main Menu Screen.



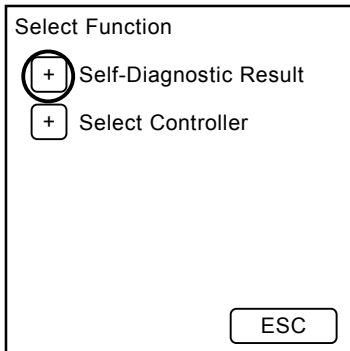
Control Data: Initialize Screen

Information C/U: Various Setup Screen

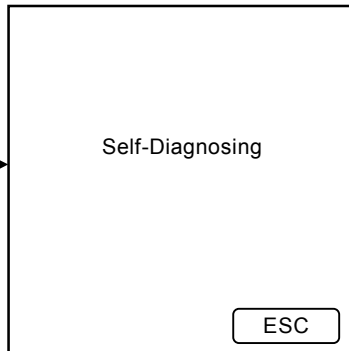
# TROUBLESHOOTING / e-Wheel

## 2. Self-Diagnosing

After starting Dr. ZX, push Self-Diagnostic Result.

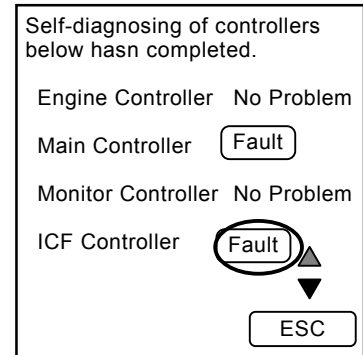


Function Selection Screen



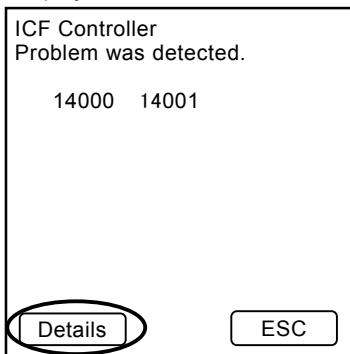
Change the page and the fault code of before and after is displayed.

Push Fault of ICF Controller. If there is no trouble, No Problem is displayed.



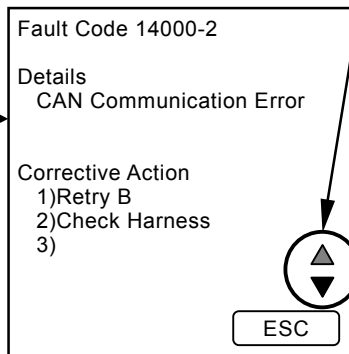
Controller Self-Diagnosing Screen

Push Details, and Details and Corrective Action are displayed. Push ESC and Retry B Screen is Displayed.

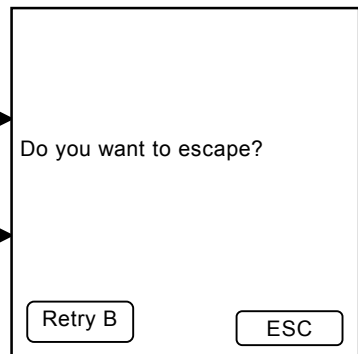


Fault Code Screen

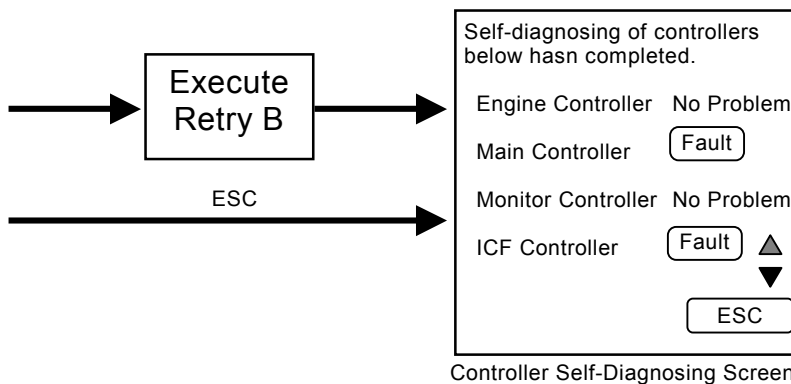
Push ESC and Retry B Screen is Displayed.



Push Retry B and return to Controller Self-Diagnosing Screen after retry B. Push ESC and return to Controller Self-Diagnosing Screen.



Retry B Screen



**TROUBLESHOOTING / e-Wheel**

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## TROUBLESHOOTING / e-Wheel

### LIST OF ICF FAULT CODE

Fault Code	Details	Remedy
14000-2	Abnormal CAN Communication CAN Communication Error	Execute retry B in self-diagnosing. If this error code is displayed after retrieval, check the following item. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check the CAN communication line (check the harness).</li> </ul>
14001-2	Abnormal Flash Memory Read / Write Error	Execute retry B in self-diagnosing and execute the following item. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Execute 1.5 Information C/U: Initialize (T5-3-14).</li> </ul>
14002-2	Abnormal External RAM Read / Write Error	
14003-2	Abnormal EEPROM Sum Check Error	Execute retry B in self-diagnosing. If this error code is displayed after retrieval, check the following item. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Execute 1.4 Enter Model and Serial No. (T5-3-13).</li> <li>2. Execute 1.10 Control Data: Initialize (T5-3-19).</li> </ol> <p>Then, execute self-diagnosing and execute retry B.</p>
14006-2	Communication Error Impossible to communicate with MC	Execute retry B in self-diagnosing. If this error code is displayed after retrieval, check the following item. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check the communication line.</li> <li>• Check the power source line of satellite terminal.</li> <li>• Check the fuse.</li> </ul> <p>Then, execute self-diagnosing and execute retry B.</p>
14008-2	Abnormal RAM Read / Write Error	Execute retry B in self-diagnosing. If this error code is displayed after retrieval, replace the controller.

## TROUBLESHOOTING / e-Wheel

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### LIST OF FAULT CODE OF SATELLITE COMMUNICATION TERMINAL

Fault Code	Details	Remedy
14100-2	Internal Error Abnormal EEPROM	Execute retry B in self-diagnosing. If this error code is displayed after retrieval, replace the controller.
14101-2	Internal Error Abnormal IB/OB Queue	
14102-2	Internal Error Abnormal Local Loop Back	
14103-2	Communication Error The satellite is not found.	
14104-2	Internal Error Fail 1 of Remote Loop Back	
14105-2	Communication Error Fail 2 of Remote Loop Back	
14106-2	Abnormal Harness Sending and receiving data are unmatched.	

## TROUBLESHOOTING / e-Wheel

### SATELLITE COMMUNICATION SYSTEM

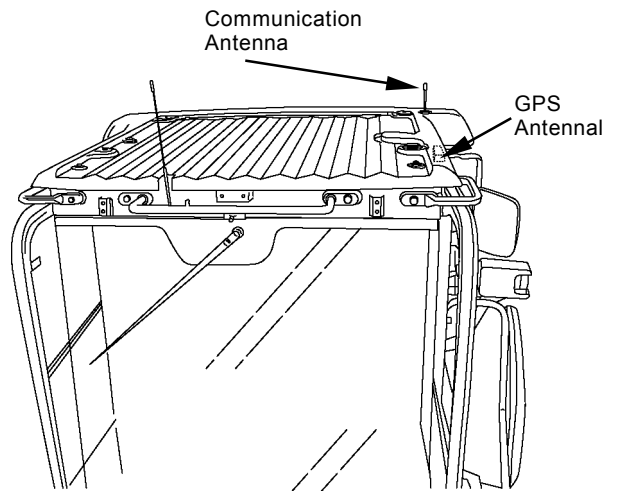
The satellite communication system is used for maintenance of the machine, "e-Service" by transmitting various data of the machine regularly via a low earth orbit satellite.

 **NOTE:** Depending on the circumstances of the machine (ex. in the constructions, in the tunnel, affected by the surrounding building and affected of noise), the data transfer rate may become slower, or the communication might not be established.  
The satellite communication system using a low earth orbit satellite transmits digital data through the radio wave. If there is excessively noise or use of electrical equipment which causes noise near the machine, they cause reduces data transfer rate or communication might not be established at worst.

The satellite communication system consists of satellite communication terminal, GPS antenna and communication antenna.

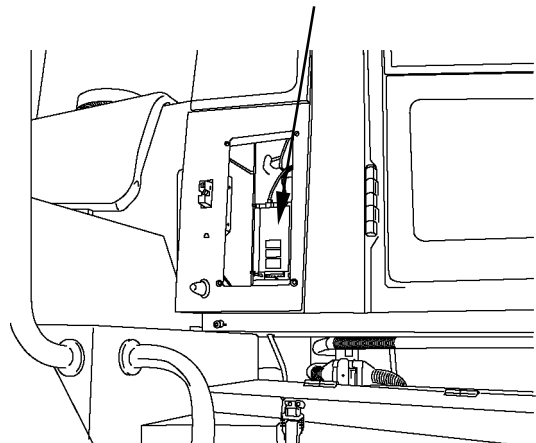
The functions of each equipment are:

- **Satellite Communication Terminal**  
Receives the data from ICF and GPS antennas, and sends the data to the communication antenna.
- **GPS Aerial**  
Receives location information of the machine from a low earth orbit satellite.
- **Communication Antenna**  
Communicates the data with a low earth orbit satellite.



T4GB-05-07-001

Satellite Communication Terminal



T4GB-05-07-002

## TROUBLESHOOTING / e-Wheel

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On the machine equipped with the satellite communication system, the data are sent according to the condition as follows:

Data type sent from the machine by using satellite communication:

Items	Kinds of Data	Condition
Periodical Transmission	Daily Report Data, Latest Location Information, Fuel Level	The data are sent once a day. In order to avoid congested traffic in the communication line, the data is sent randomly between 0:00 and 02:00.
Transmitting Data at Engine Start	Latest Location Information	The data is sent only when the machine is moved more than 5 km from the place where it is recorded last time.
Emergency Transmission	Alarm and Error Information	The transmission starts immediately when the alarm and error occurs.
Hour Meter 100 Hours Transmission	Frequency Distribution Information	The data is sent when the hour meter exceeds every 100 hours.

**TROUBLESHOOTING / e-Wheel**

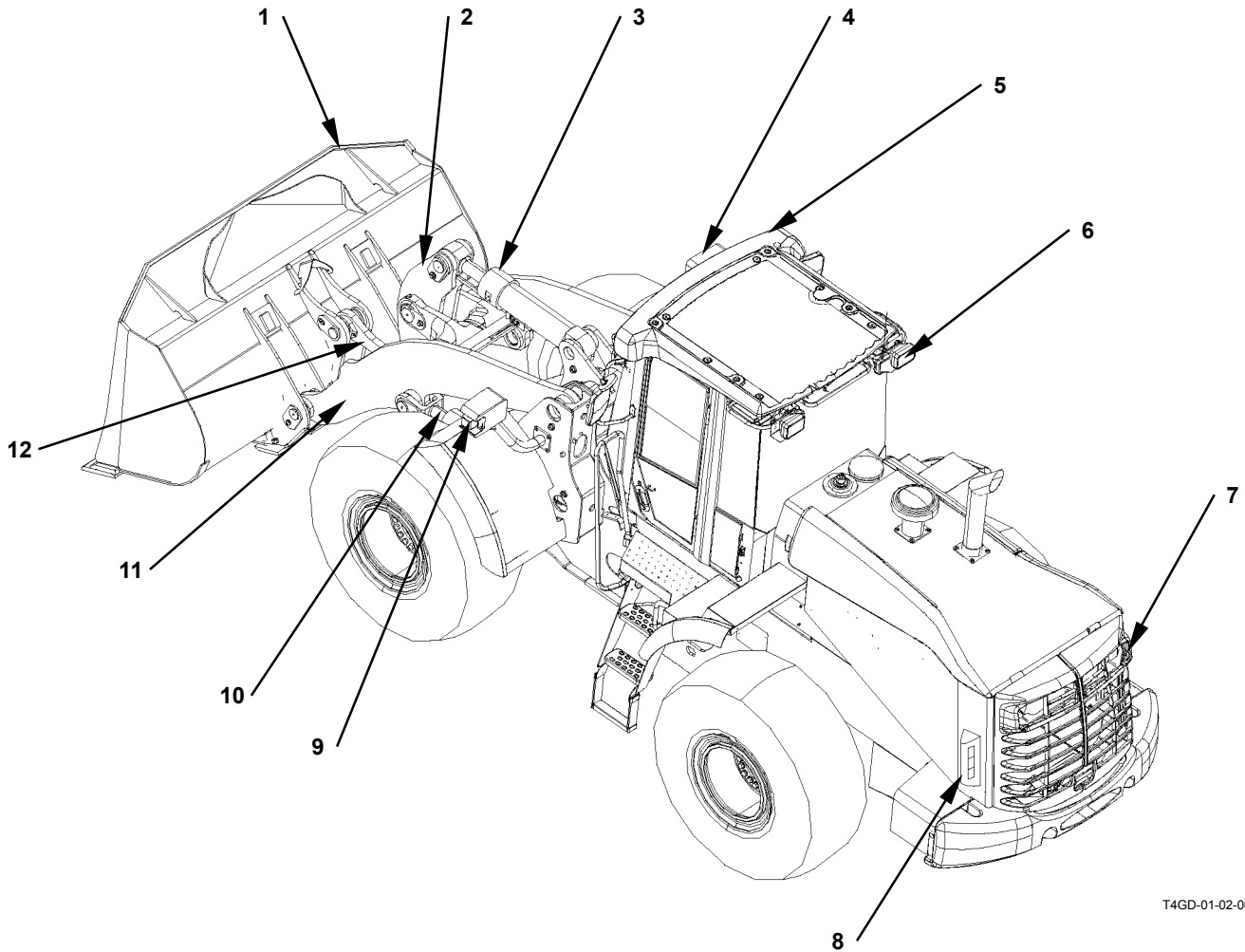
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# TROUBLESHOOTING / Component Layout

## MAIN COMPONENT (OVERVIEW)



T4GD-01-02-005

1 - Bucket  
2 - Bell Crank

4 - Head Light  
5 - Front Working Light

7 - Rear Working Light  
8 - Rear Combination Light  
(Turn Signal, Hazard Light,  
Clearance Light, Brake  
Light, Reverse Light)

10 - Lift Arm Cylinder  
11 - Lift Arm

3 - Bucket Cylinder

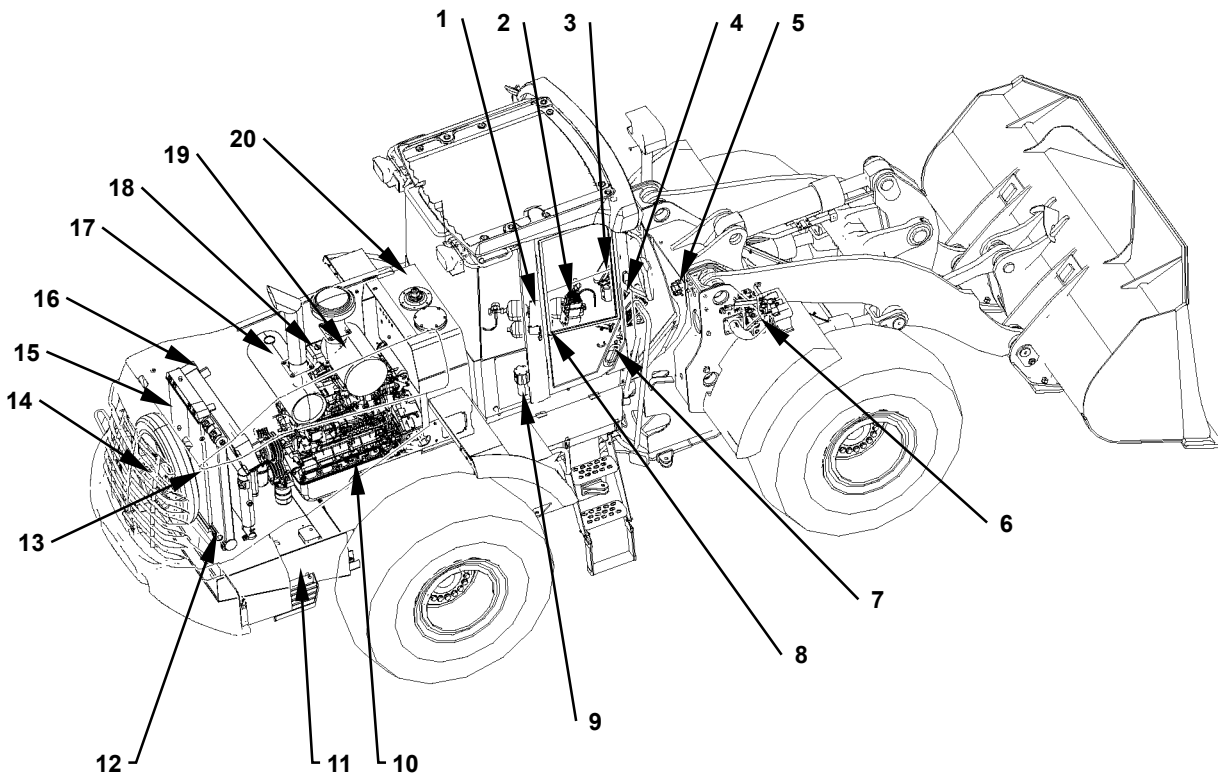
6 - Rear Working Light  
(Optional)

9 - Turn Signal, Hazard Light  
and Clearance Light

12 - Bucket Link

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Component Layout

## MAIN COMPONENT (UPPERSTRUCTURE)

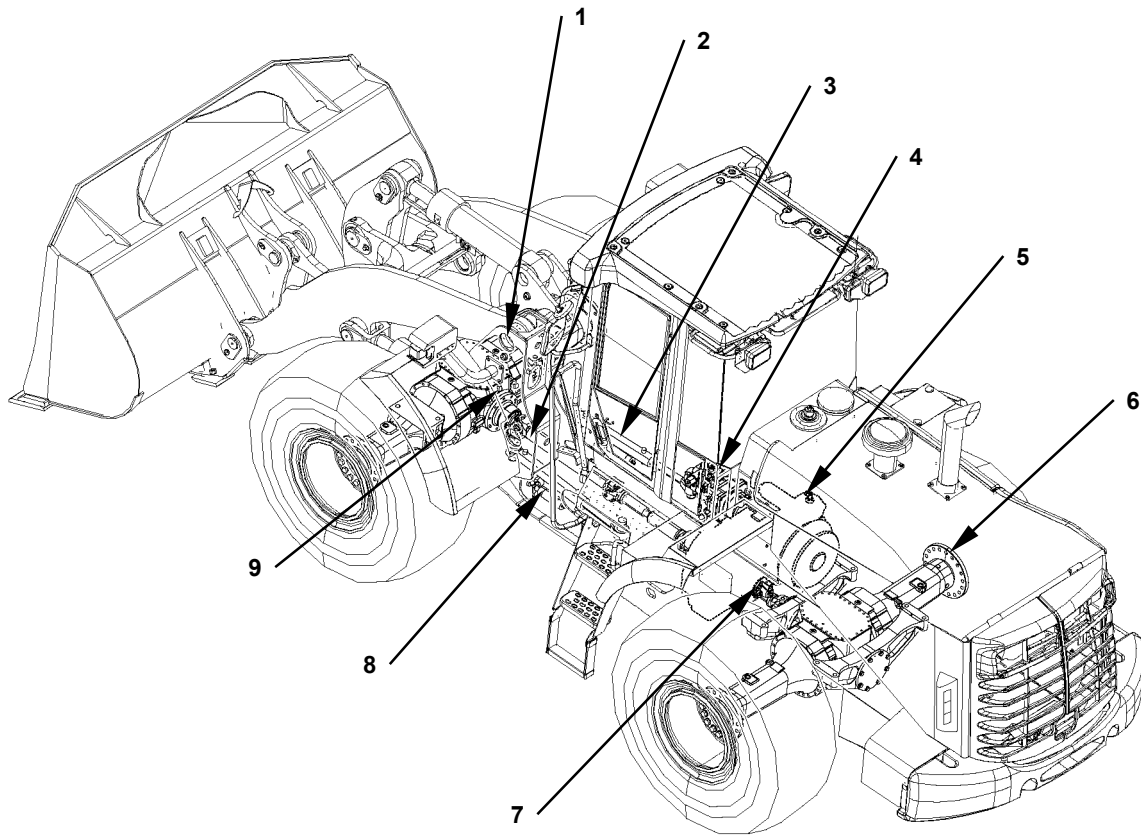


T4GD-01-02-006

- |                          |                          |                              |                         |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 - Charging Block       | 6 - Control Valve        | 11 - Fuel Tank               | 16 - Oil Cooler         |
| 2 - Pilot Valve          | 7 - Stop Valve           | 12 - Intercooler             | 17 - Muffler            |
| 3 - Brake Valve          | 8 - Pilot Shut-Off Valve | 13 - Torque Converter Cooler | 18 - Coolant Reservoir  |
| 4 - Steering Pilot Valve | 9 - Pilot Filter         | 14 - Fan Motor               | 19 - Air Cleaner        |
| 5 - Steering Valve       | 10 - Engine              | 15 - Radiator                | 20 - Hydraulic Oil Tank |

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Component Layout

### MAIN COMPONENT (TRAVEL SYSTEM)



T4GD-01-02-007

1 - Front Axle  
2 - Propeller Shaft (Front)  
3 - Steering Cylinder

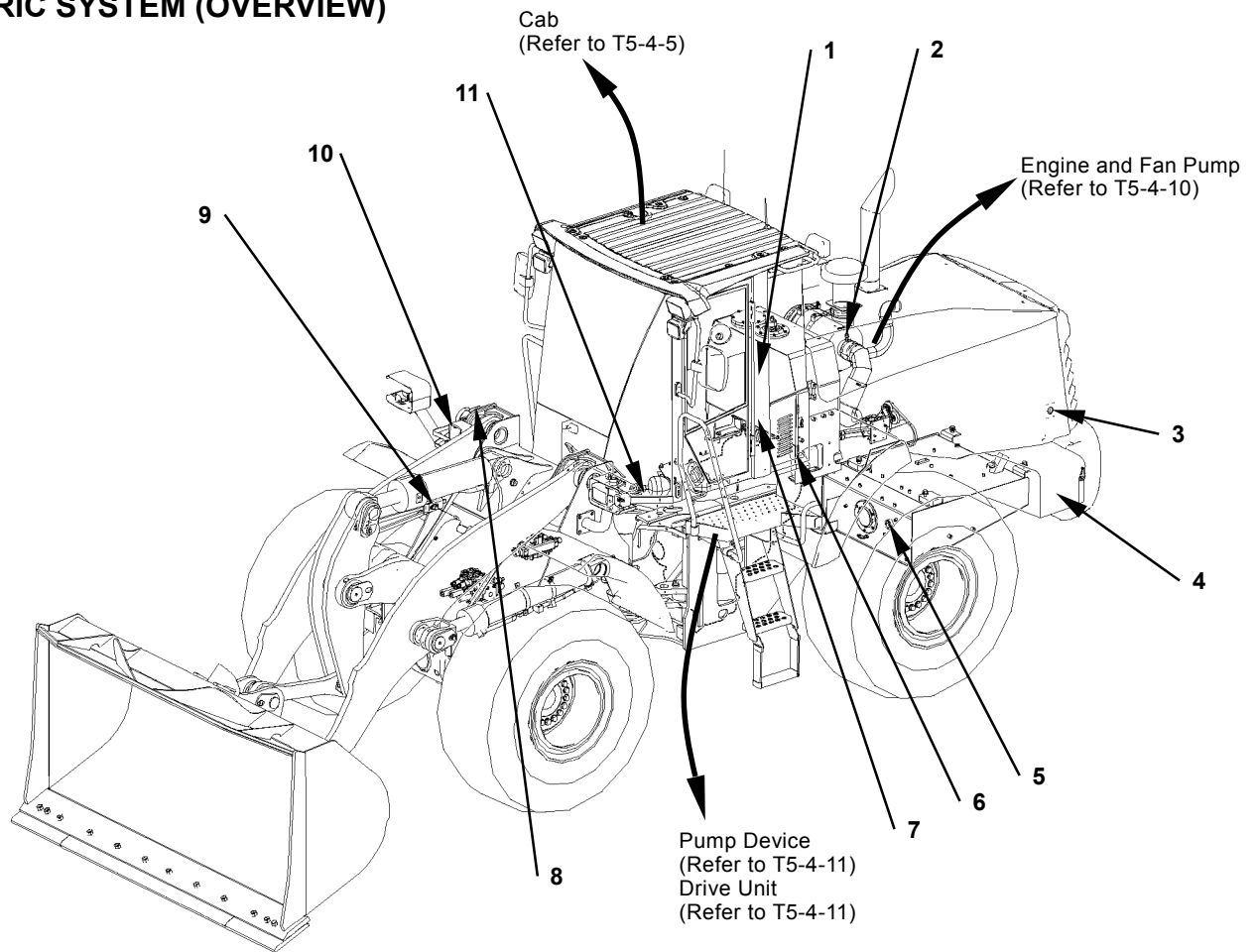
4 - Pump Device  
5 - Transmission

6 - Rear Axle  
7 - Propeller Shaft (Rear)

8 - Steering Accumulator  
9 - Brake Pressure Sensor

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Component Layout

## ELECTRIC SYSTEM (OVERVIEW)

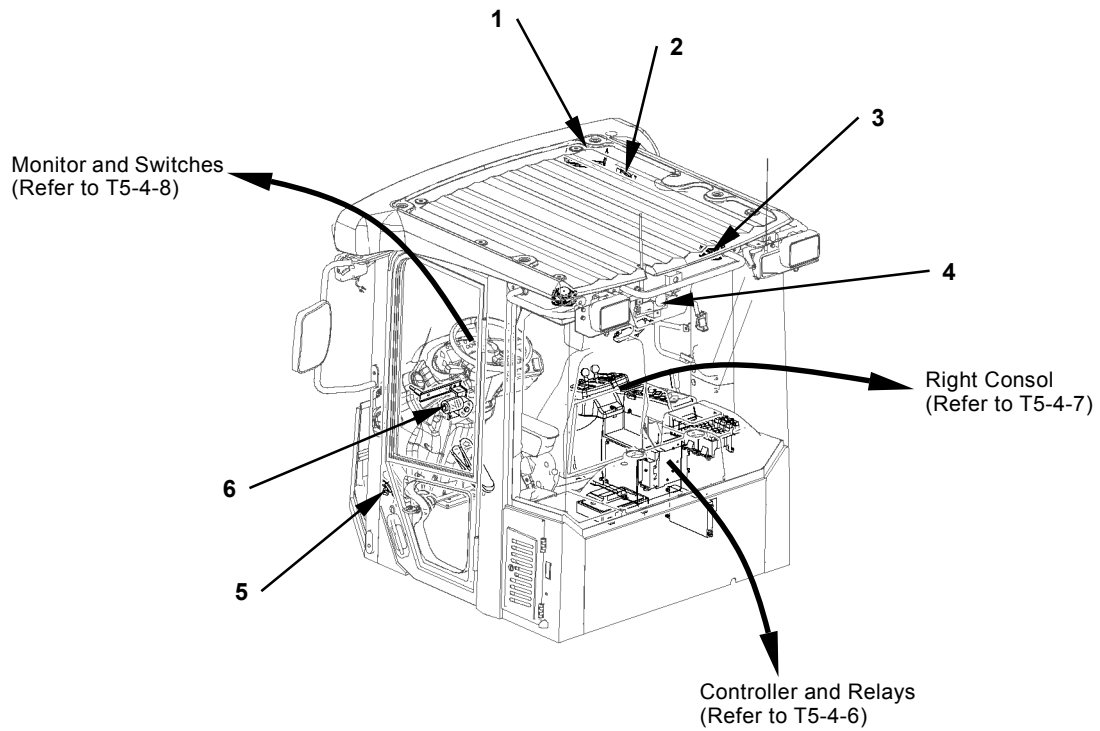


T4GD-01-02-008

- |                                   |   |   |                                      |
|-----------------------------------|---|---|--------------------------------------|
| 1 - Hydraulic Oil Level Switch    | 4 - Battery                             | 7 - Emergency Steering Pump<br>Delivery Pressure Switch | 10 - Lift Arm Proximity Switch       |
| 2 - Air Filter Restriction Switch | 5 - Fuel Level Sensor                   | 8 - Lift Arm Angle Sensor<br>(Optional)                 | 11 - Fresh Air Temperature<br>Sensor |
| 3 - Reverse Buzzer                | 6 - Hydraulic Oil<br>Temperature Sensor | 9 - Bucket Proximity Switch                             |                                      |

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Component Layout

## ELECTRICAL SYSTEM (CAB)



T4GB-01-02-006

1 - Radio  
2 - Auxiliary Switch Panel  
(Optional)

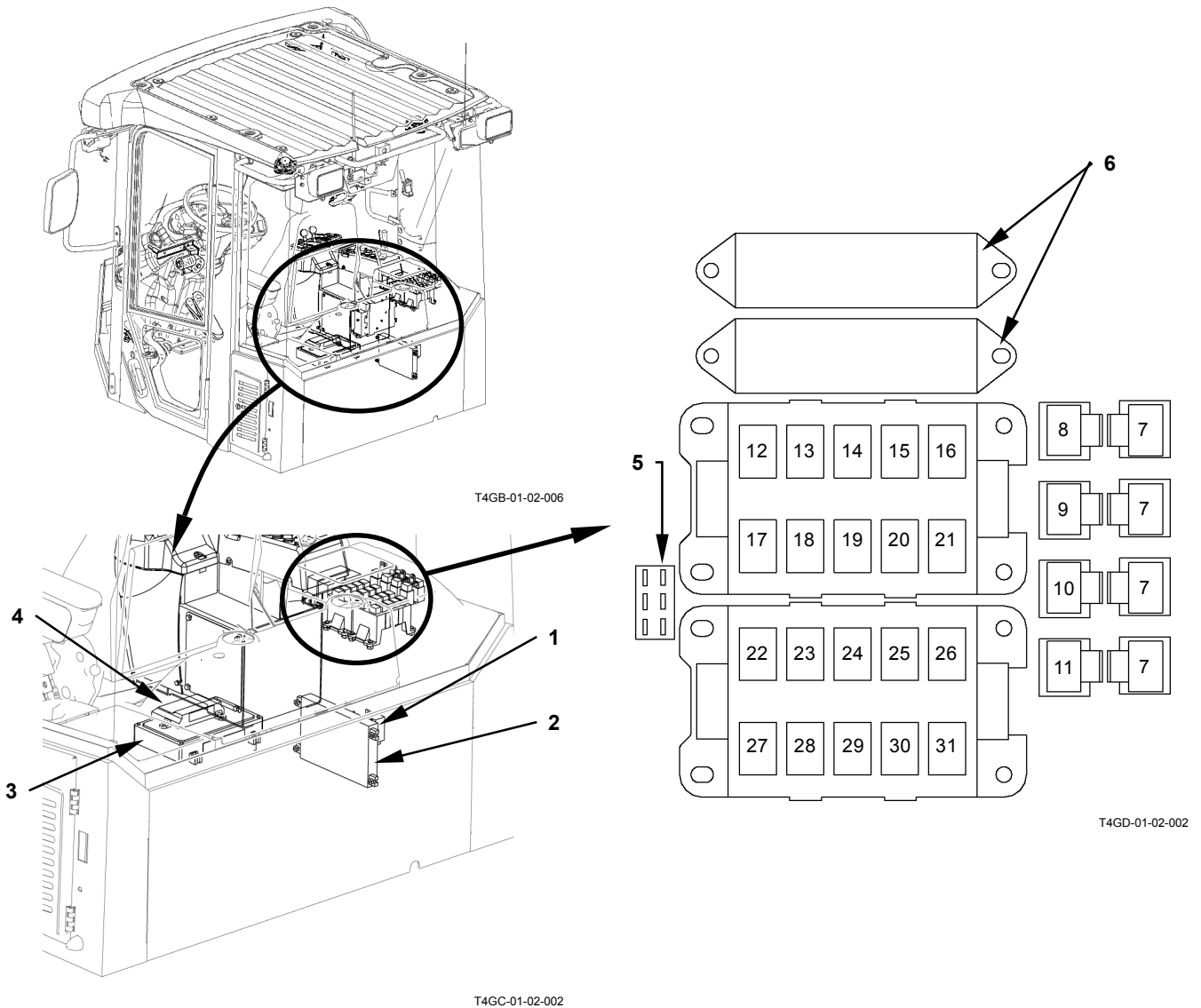
3 - Speaker  
4 - Rear Wiper Motor

5 - Brake Lamp Switch

6 - Front Wiper Motor

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Component Layout

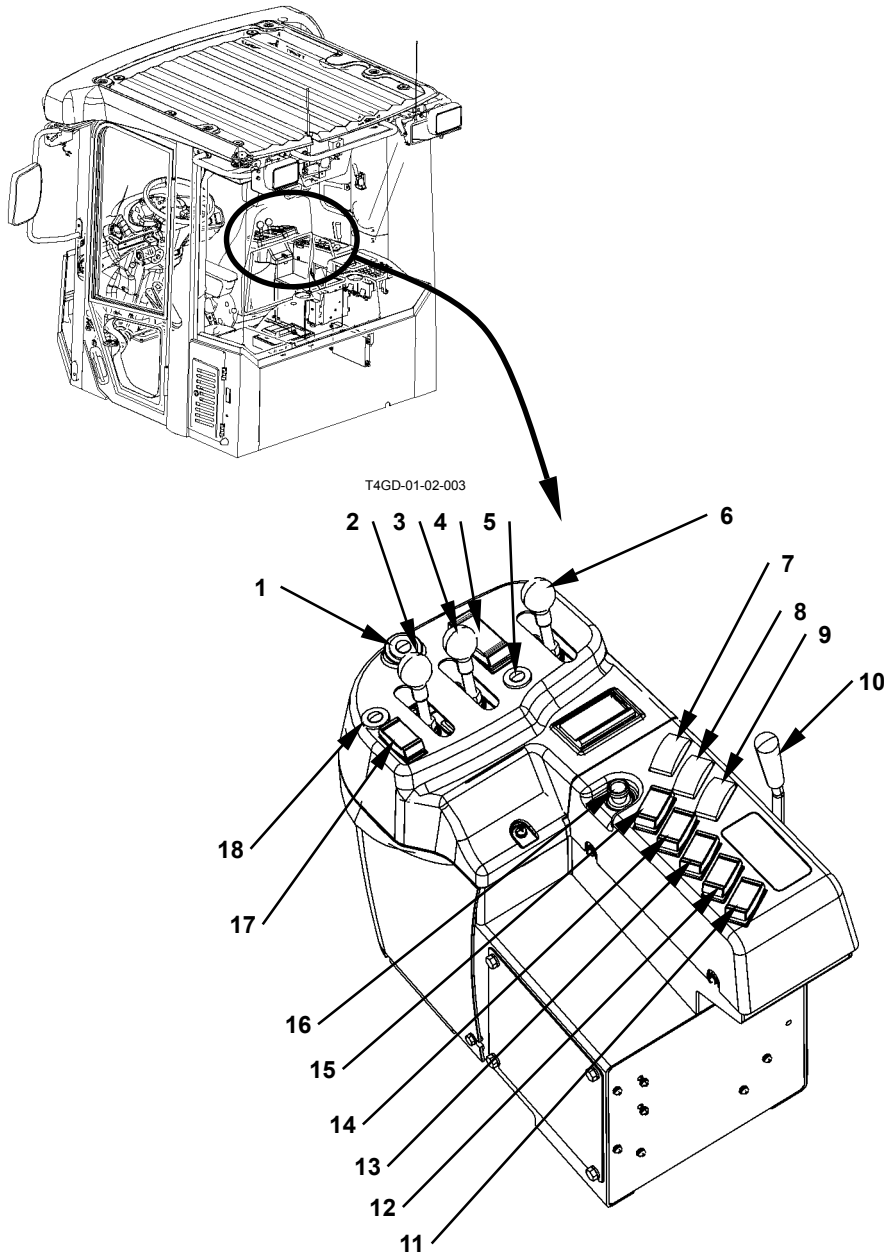
## Controller and Relays



- |                                  |                                      |   |                                       |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|
| 1 - Flusher Relay                | 9 - Parking Brake Relay 1            | 17 - Emergency Steering Relay (A-R10)   | 25 - Overheat Relay (B-R2)            |
| 2 - Option Controller (Optional) | 10 - Parking Brake Relay 2           | 18 - Turn Signal Relay (Left) (A-R9)    | 26 - Engine Oil Pressure Relay (B-R1) |
| 3 - MC                           | 11 - Front Wiper Relay               | 19 - Turn Signal Relay (Right) (A-R8)   | 27 - Kick-Out Relay (B-R10)           |
| 4 - ICF                          | 12 - Horn Relay (A-R5)               | 20 - Working Light Relay (Rear) (A-R7)  | 28 - Leveler Relay (B-R9)             |
| 5 - Dr. ZX Connector             | 13 - Brake Light Relay (A-R4)        | 21 - Working Light Relay (Front) (A-R6) | 29 - Rear Washer Relay (B-R8)         |
| 6 - Fuse Box                     | 14 - High Beam Relay (A-R3)          | 22 - Back Buzzer Relay (B-R5)           | 30 - Rear Wiper Relay (B-R7)          |
| 7 - Auxiliary Relay (4 Used)     | 15 - Head Light Relay (Right) (A-R2) | 23 - Neutral Relay (B-R4)               | 31 - Register Relay (B-R6)            |
| 8 - ECM Relay                    | 16 - Head Light Relay (Left) (A-R1)  | 24 - Load Dump Relay (B-R3)             |                                       |

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Component Layout

## Right Console

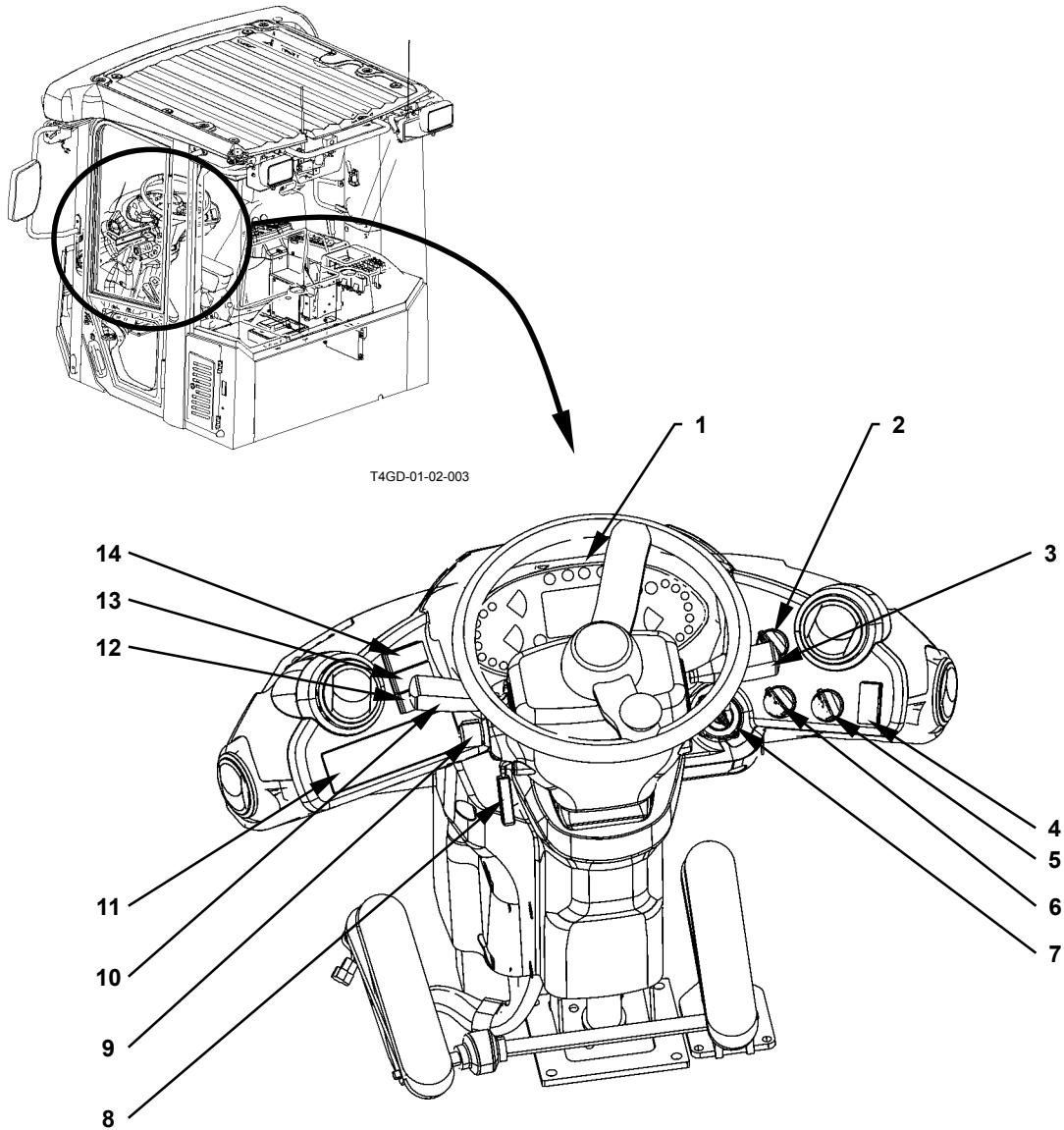


T4GB-01-02-023

- |                             |  |   |   |
|-----------------------------|--|---|---|
| 1 - DDS (Down Shift) Switch | 6 - Auxiliary Control Lever (Optional)                   | 11 - Emergency Steering Check Switch (Optional) | 15 - FNR Selector Switch                  |
| 2 - Bucket Control Lever    | 7 - Quick Coupler Switch (Optional)                      | 12 - Fan Reversing Switch                       | 16 - Cigar Lighter                        |
| 3 - Lift Arm Control Lever  | 8 - Lift Arm Auto Leveler Downward Set Switch (Optional) | 13 - Fog Light Switch (Optional)                | 17 - DSS/USS (Down shift/Up-shift Switch) |
| 4 - FNR Switch              | 9 - Lift Arm Auto Leveler Upward Set Switch (Optional)   | 14 - Ride Control Switch (Optional)             | 18 - Hold Switch                          |
| 5 - Horn Switch             | 10 - Front Control Lock Lever                            |   |   |

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Component Layout

## Monitor and Switches

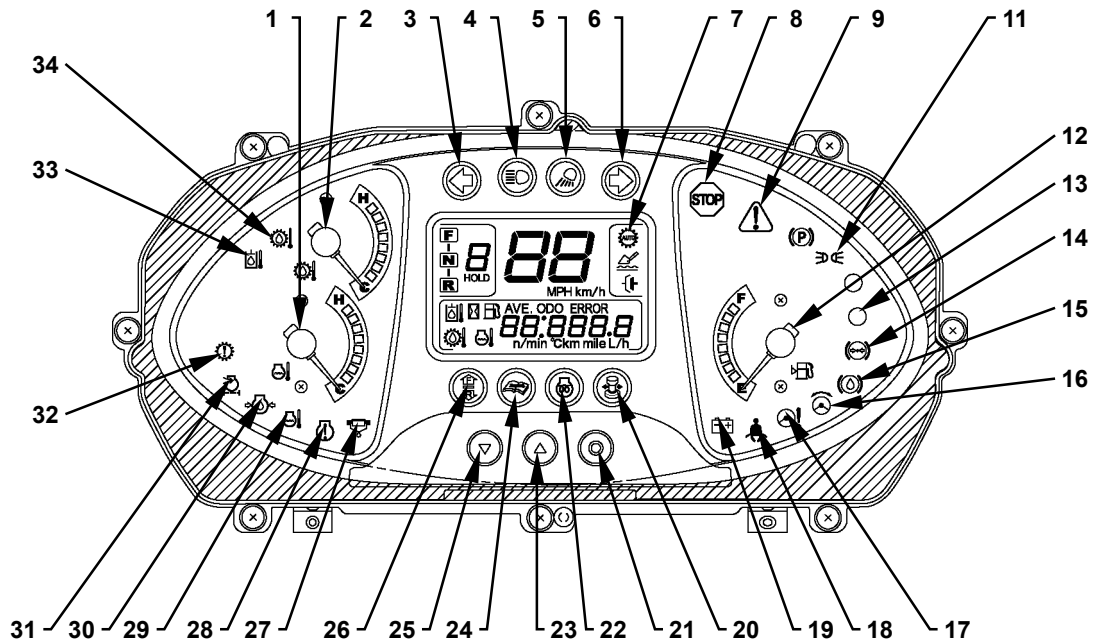


- |   |   |                                      |                           |
|---|---|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1 - Monitor Panel<br>(Refer to T5-4-9)                    | 5 - Work Mode Selector Switch                 | 9 - Front Wiper Switch               | 12 - Rear Wiper Switch    |
| 2 - Driving Mode Switch                                   | 6 - Clutch Cut Position Switch                | 10 - FNR Lever/Shift Switch          | 13 - Working Light Switch |
| 3 - Turn Signal Lever /Head Light<br>Switch/Dimmer Switch | 7 - Key Switch                                | 11 - Air Conditioner Switch<br>Panel | 14 - Hazard Light Switch  |
| 4 - Parking Brake Switch                                  | 8 - Steering Column Tilt<br>/Telescopic Lever |                                      |                           |



# TROUBLESHOOTING / Component Layout

## Monitor Panel

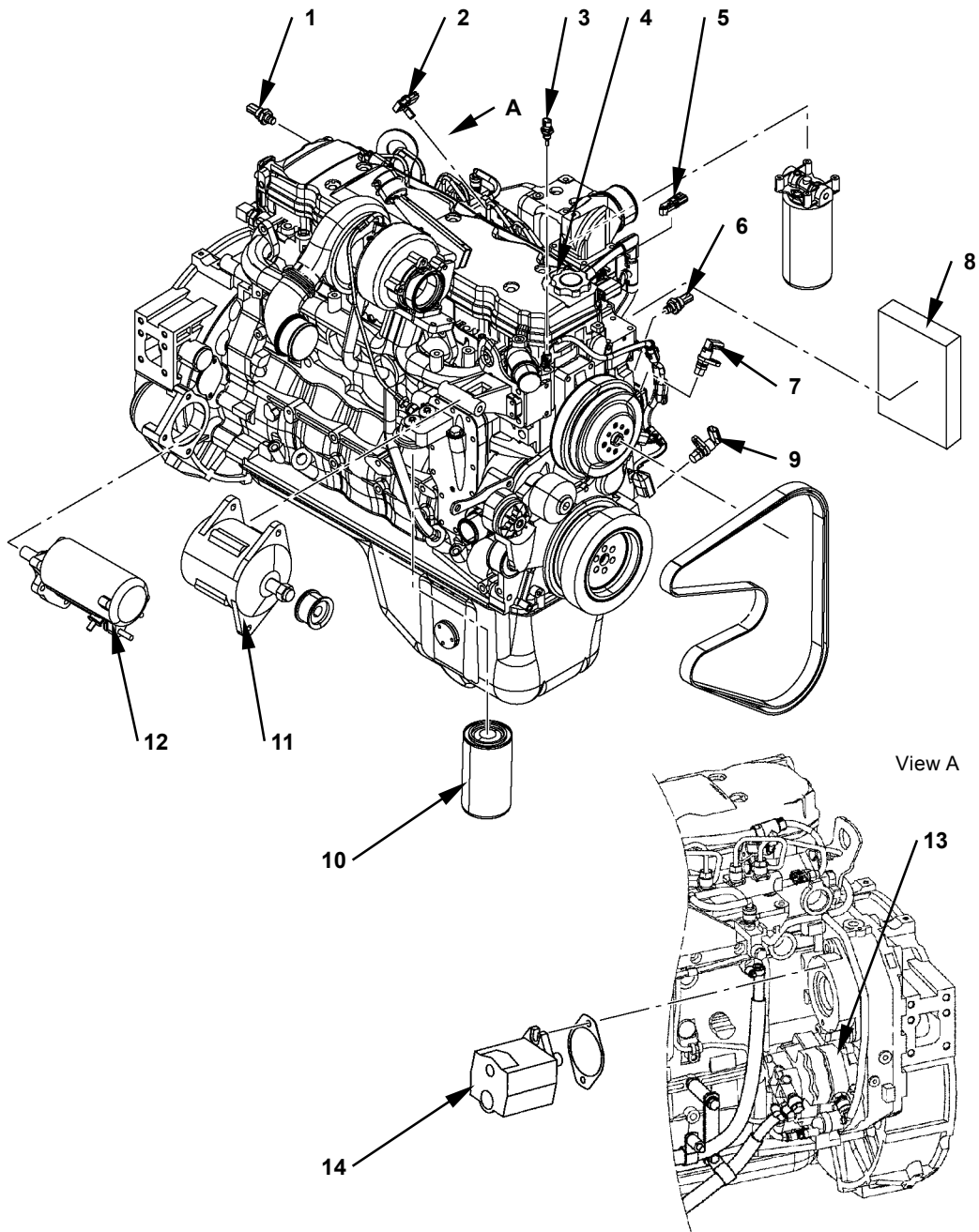


T4GD-01-02-001

- |  |  |  |   |
|--|--|--|---|
| 1 - Engine Coolant Temperature Gauge   | 10 - Parking Brake Indicator                 | 19 - Discharge Warning Indicator         | 28 - Engine Failure Indicator               |
| 2 - Transmission Oil Temperature Gauge | 11 - Clearance Light Indicator               | 20 - Lever Steering Indicator (Optional) | 29 - Overheat Indicator                     |
| 3 - Left Turn Signal Indicator         | 12 - Fuel Gauge                              | 21 - Monitor Mode Selector               | 30 - Engine Oil Low Pressure Indicator      |
| 4 - High Beam Indicator                | 13 - Axle Oil Temperature Indicator          | 22 - Preheat Indicator                   | 31 - Air Filter Restriction Indicator       |
| 5 - Working Light Indicator            | 14 - Brake Oil Low Pressure Indicator        | 23 - Monitor Display Selector (Up)       | 32 - Transmission Warning Indicator         |
| 6 - Right Turn Signal Indicator        | 15 - Brake Oil Low Level Indicator           | 24 - Maintenance Indicator               | 33 - Hydraulic Oil Temperature Indicator    |
| 7 - Monitor Display                    | 16 - Emergency Steering Indicator (Optional) | 25 - Monitor Display Selector (Down)     | 34 - Transmission Oil Temperature Indicator |
| 8 - Stop Indicator                     | 17 - Low Steering Oil Pressure Indicator     | 26 - FNR Switch Indicator                |   |
| 9 - Service Indicator                  | 18 - Seat Belt Indicator (Optional)          | 27 - Fan Reverse Indicator               |   |

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Component Layout

## ENGINE AND FAN PUMP

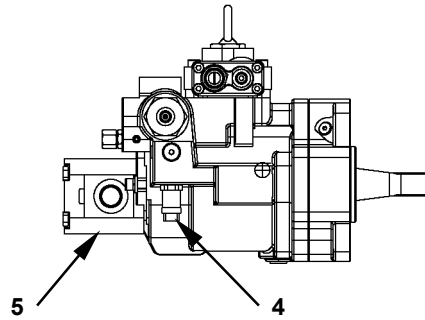
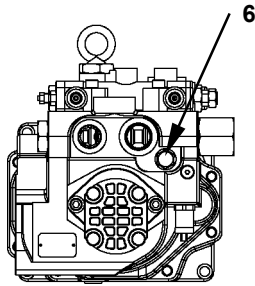
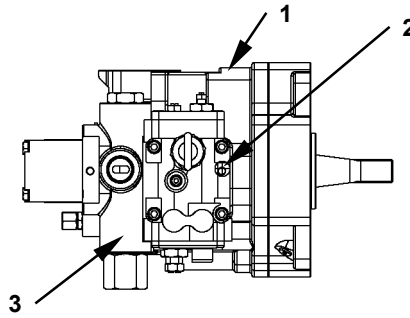


- |   |                                       |                                      |                         |
|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 - Common Rail Pressure Sensor                                 | 5 - Ambient Pressure Sensor           | 9 - Engine Speed Sensor (Crankshaft) | 12 - Starter            |
| 2 - Intake Manifold Pressure/Intake Manifold Temperature Sensor | 6 - Engine Oil Pressure Switch        | 10 - Engine Oil Filter               | 13 - High-Pressure Pump |
| 3 - Coolant Temperature Sensor                                  | 7 - Engine Position Sensor (Camshaft) | 11 - Alternator                      | 14 - Fan Pump           |
| 4 - Injector  | 8 - ECM                               |                                      |                         |

T4GD-01-02-009

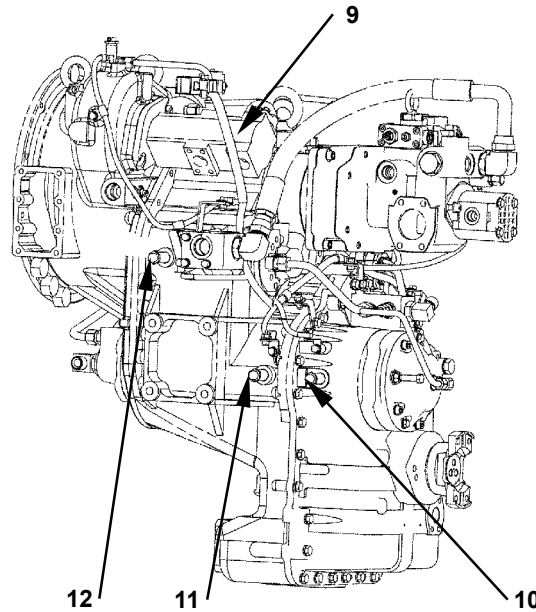
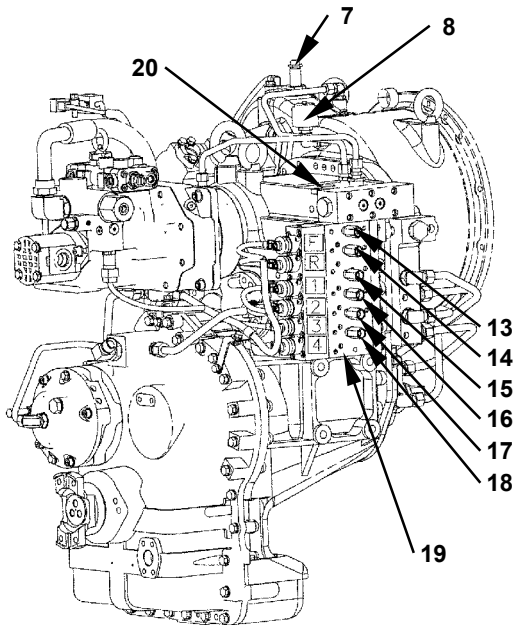
# TROUBLESHOOTING / Component Layout

## PUMP DEVICE



T4GB-01-02-009

## DRIVE UNIT

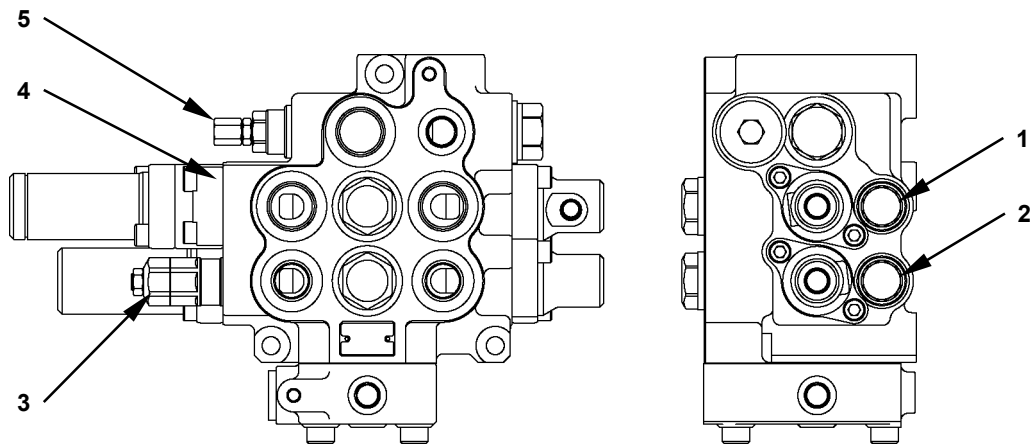


T4GD-01-02-004

- |                                   |   |                                       |                                      |
|-----------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1 - Main Pump                     | 6 - Steering Relief Valve               | 11 - Transmission Output Speed Sensor | 16 - 2nd Speed Clutch Solenoid Valve |
| 2 - Regulator                     | 7 - Torque Converter Input Speed Sensor | 12 - Transmission Middle Shaft Sensor | 17 - 3rd Speed Clutch Solenoid Valve |
| 3 - Priority Valve                | 8 - Air Breather                        | 13 - Forward Clutch Solenoid Valve    | 18 - 4th Speed Clutch Solenoid Valve |
| 4 - Pump Delivery Pressure Sensor | 9 - Charge Pump                         | 14 - Reverse Clutch Solenoid Valve    | 19 - Transmission Control Valve      |
| 5 - Pilot Pump                    | 10 - Vehicle Speed Sensor               | 15 - 1st Speed Clutch Solenoid Valve  | 20 - Regulator Valve                 |

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Component Layout

### CONTROL VALVE



T4GB-01-02-027

1 - Over Load Relief Valve  
(Lift Arm: Bottom side)  
2 - Over Load Relief Valve  
(Bucket: Bottom Side)

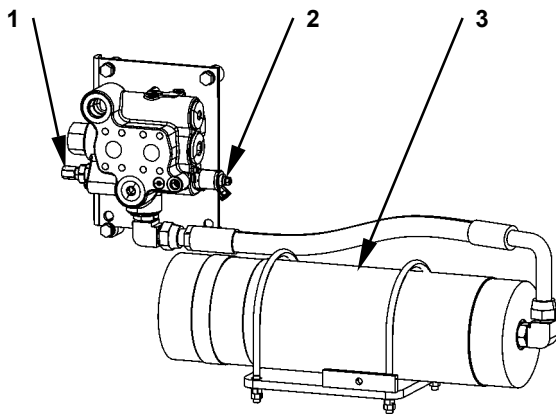
3 - Over Load Relief Valve  
(Bucket: Rod Side)

4 - Make-Up Valve  
(Lift Arm: Rod Side)

5 - Main Relief Valve

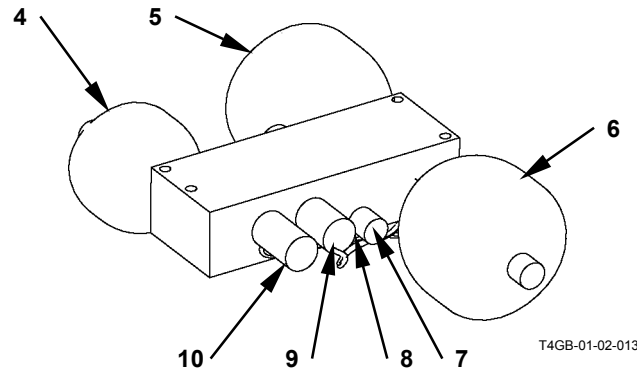
## TROUBLESHOOTING / Component Layout

### RIDE CONTROL VALVE



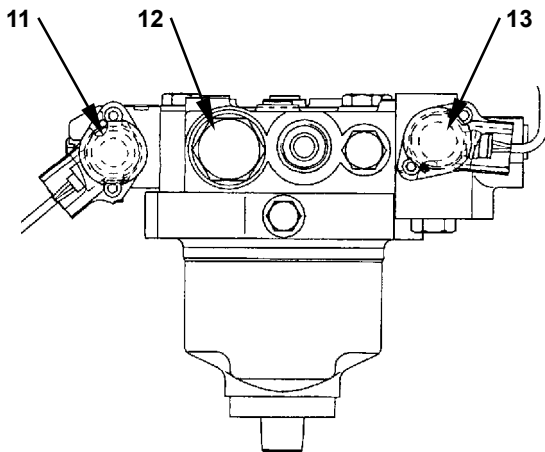
T4GB-01-02-014

### CHARGING BLOCK



T4GB-01-02-013

### FAN MOTOR



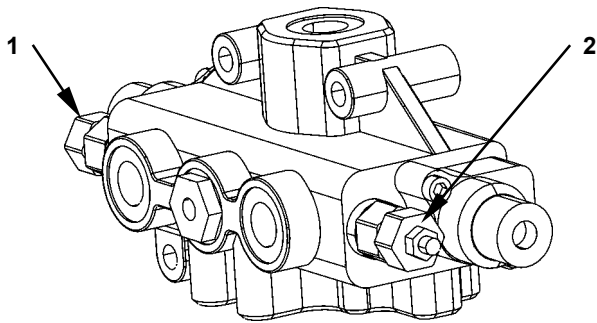
T4GB-01-02-012

- |                                 |                                       |   |                                       |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|
| 1 - Overload Relief Valve       | 5 - Service Brake Accumulator (Front) | 8 - Pilot Relief Valve                              | 11 - Reverse Control Solenoid Valve   |
| 2 - Ride Control Solenoid Valve | 6 - Service Brake Accumulator (Rear)  | 9 - Pump Torque Control Proportional Solenoid Valve | 12 - Relief Valve                     |
| 3 - Ride Control Accumulator    | 7 - Relief Valve                      | 10 - Parking Brake Solenoid Valve                   | 13 - Flow Rate Control Solenoid Valve |
| 4 - Pilot Accumulator           |                                       |   |                                       |

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Component Layout

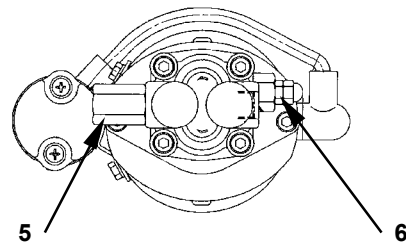
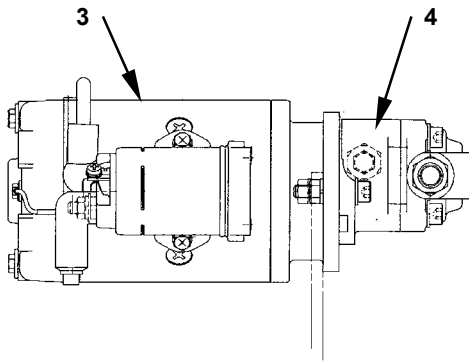
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### STEERING VALVE



T4GB-01-02-020

### EMERGENCY STEERING PUMP (OPTIONAL)



T4GB-01-02-010

1 - Overload Relief Valve  
2 - Overload Relief Valve

3 - Electric Motor  
4 - Gear Pump

5 - Check Valve

6 - Relief Valve

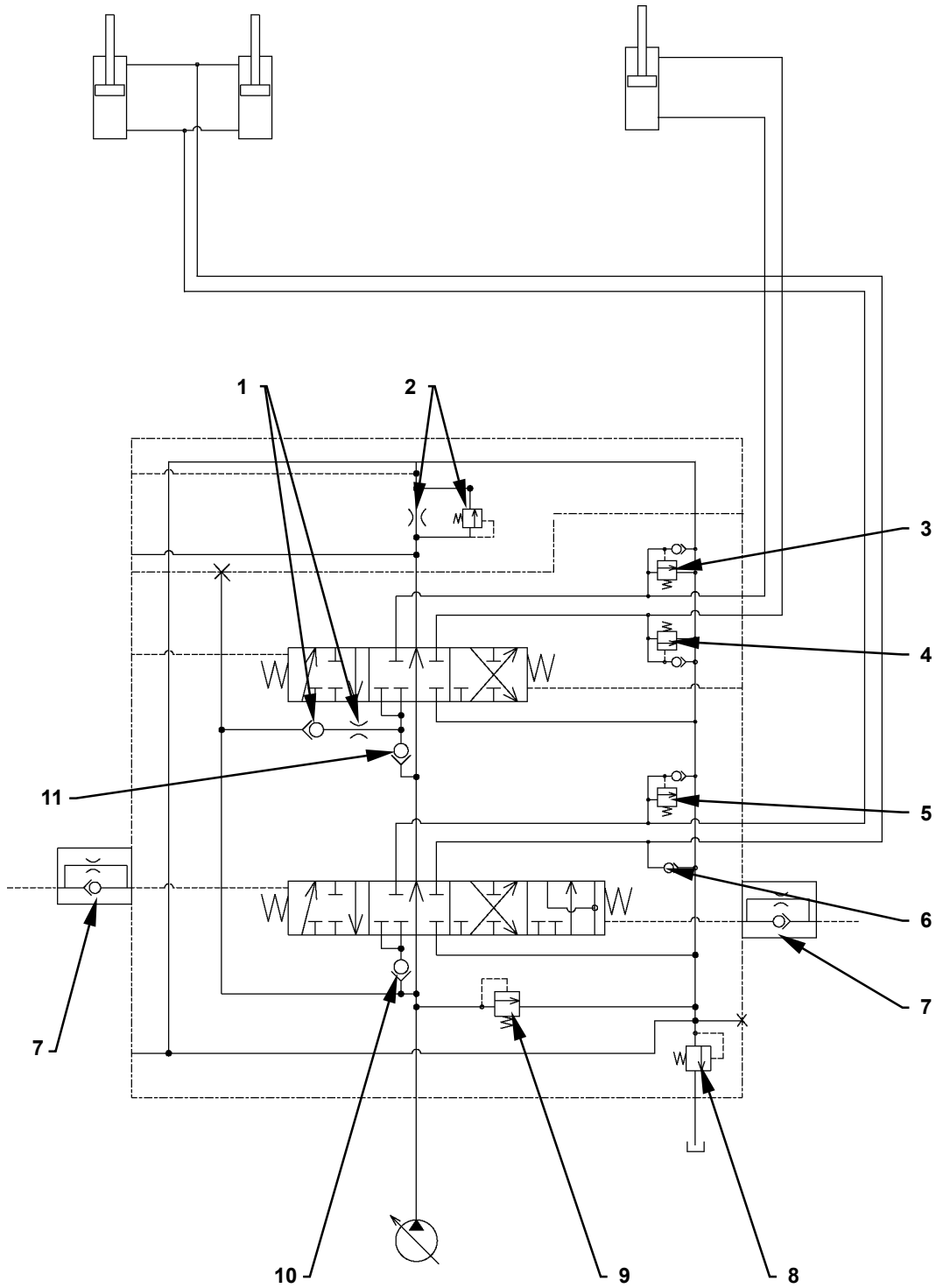
## TROUBLESHOOTING / Component Layout

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# TROUBLESHOOTING / Component Layout

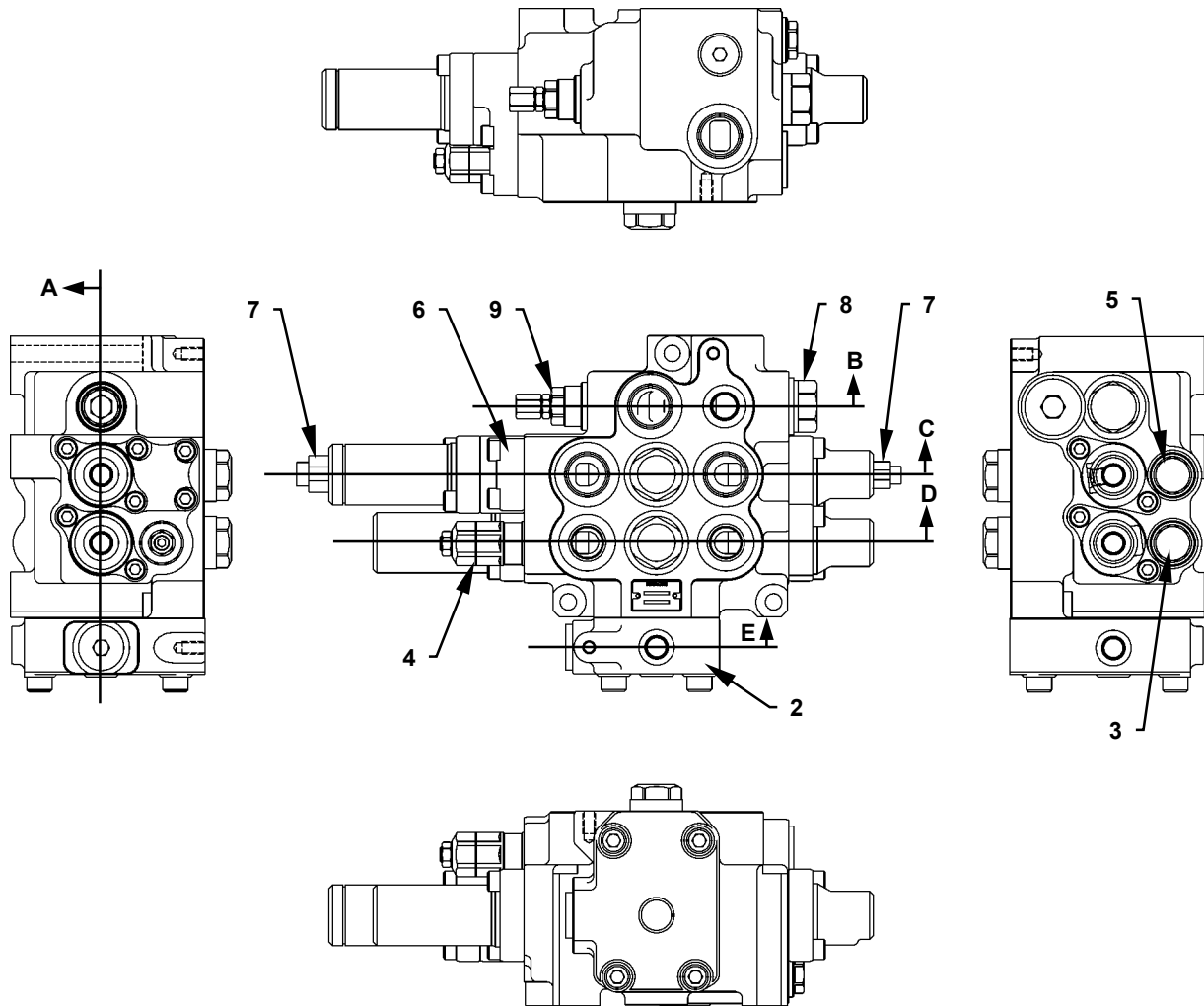
## COMPONENTS IN CONTROL VALVE



T4GB-03-02-003



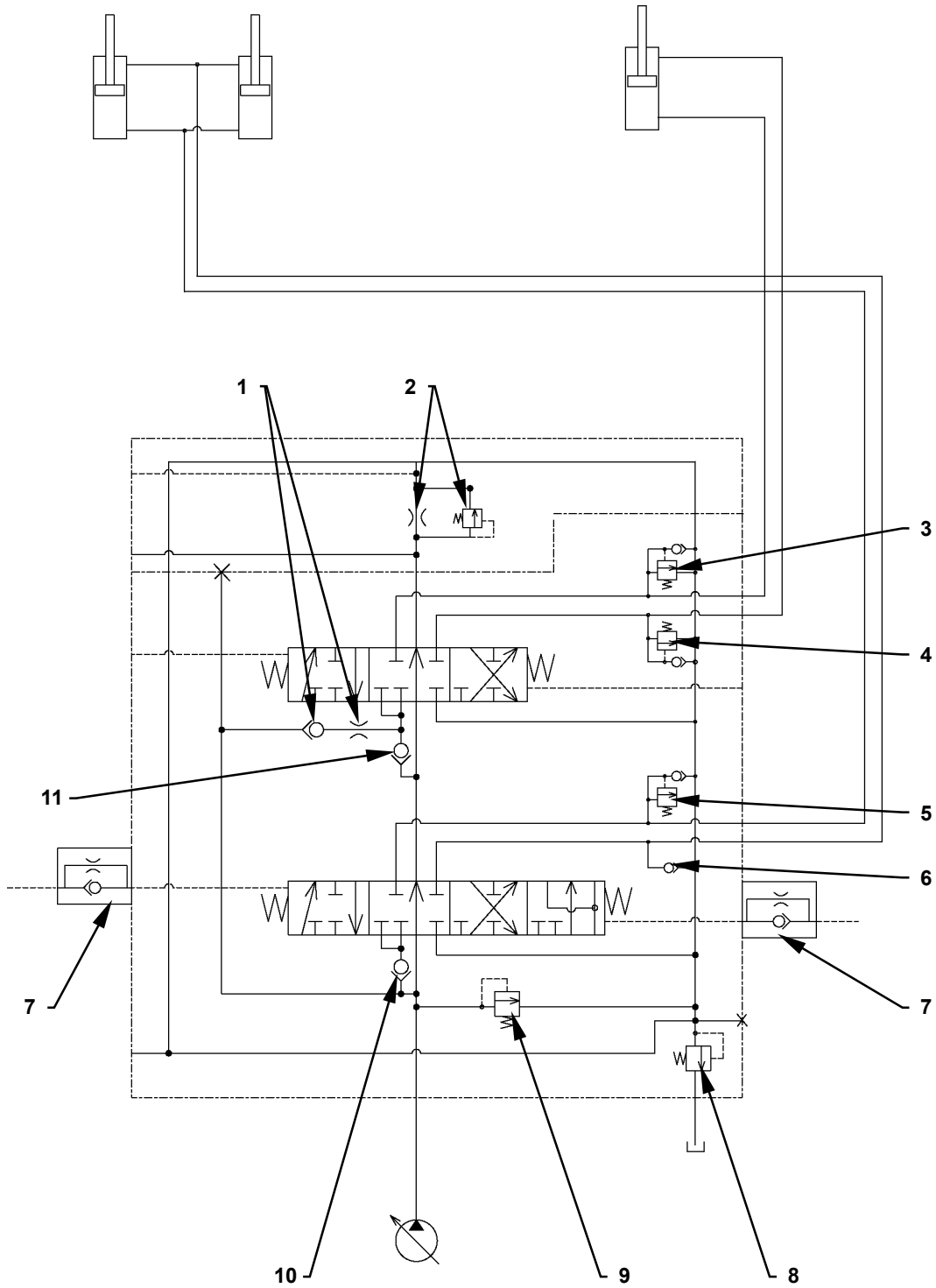
## TROUBLESHOOTING / Component Layout



T4GB-03-02-004

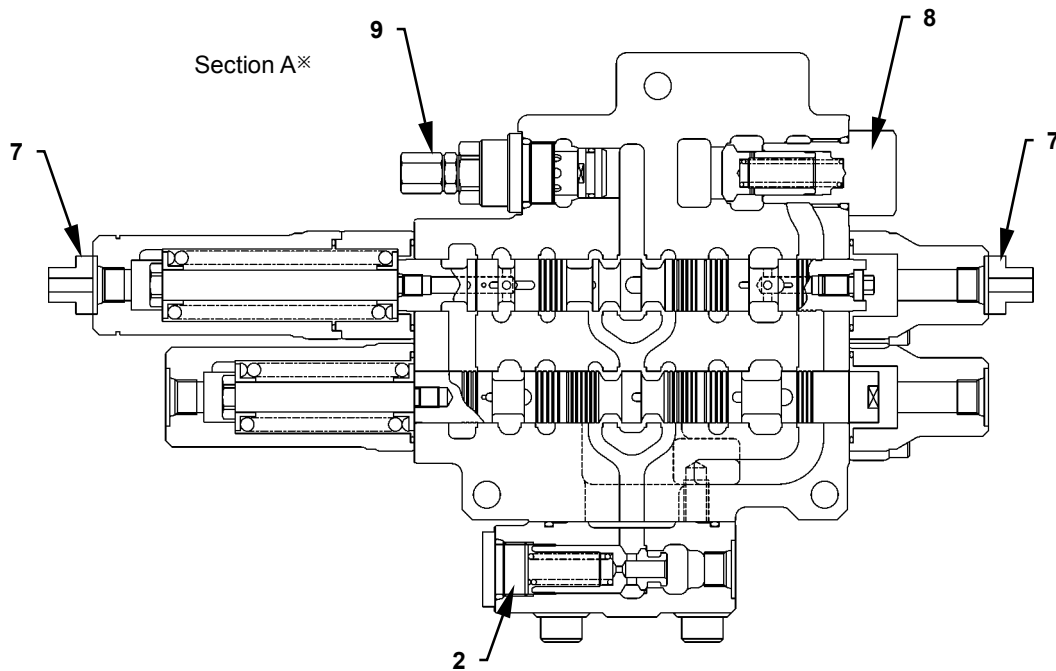
- |  |  |                               |   |
|--|--|-------------------------------|---|
| 1 - Bucket Flow Control Valve                      | 4 - Overload Relief Valve<br>(Bucket: Rod Side)      | 7 - Restriction Valve         | 10 - Load Check Valve<br>(Arm Lift Circuit) |
| 2 - Negative Control Valve                         | 5 - Overload Relief Valve<br>(Lift Arm: Bottom Side) | 8 - Low-pressure Relief Valve | 11 - Load Check Valve<br>(Bucket Circuit)   |
| 3 - Overload Relief Valve<br>(Bucket: Bottom Side) | 6 - Make-up Valve<br>(Lift Arm: Rod Side)            | 9 - Main Relief Valve         |   |

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Component Layout



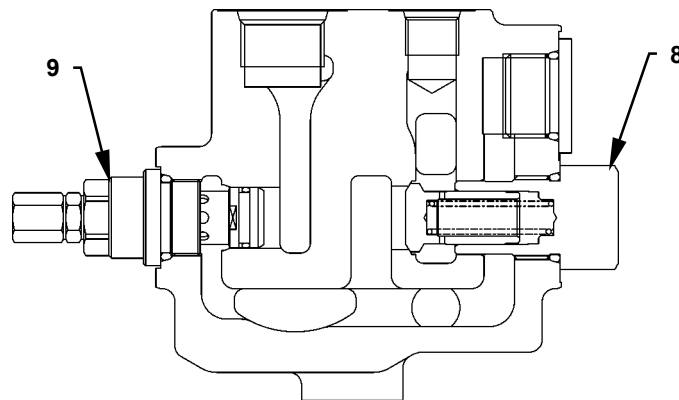
T4GB-03-02-003

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Component Layout



T4GB-03-02-005

Section B\*

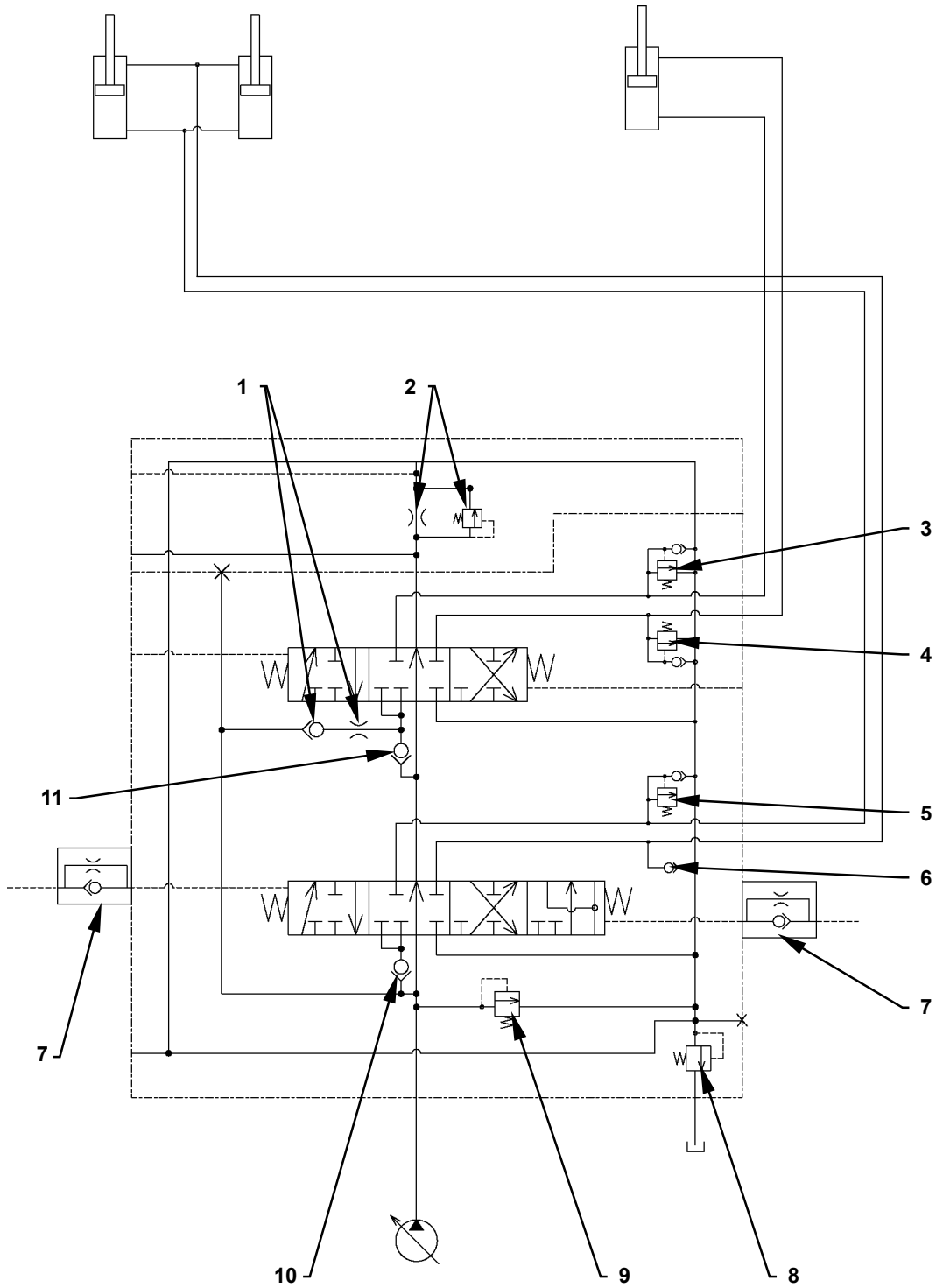


T4GB-03-02-006

- |  |  |                               |   |
|--|--|-------------------------------|---|
| 1 - Bucket Flow Control Valve                      | 4 - Overload Relief Valve<br>(Bucket: Rod Side)      | 7 - Restriction Valve         | 10 - Load Check Valve<br>(Arm Lift Circuit) |
| 2 - Negative Control Valve                         | 5 - Overload Relief Valve<br>(Lift Arm: Bottom Side) | 8 - Low-pressure Relief Valve | 11 - Load Check Valve<br>(Bucket Circuit)   |
| 3 - Overload Relief Valve<br>(Bucket: Bottom Side) | 6 - Make-up Valve<br>(Lift Arm: Rod Side)            | 9 - Main Relief Valve         |   |

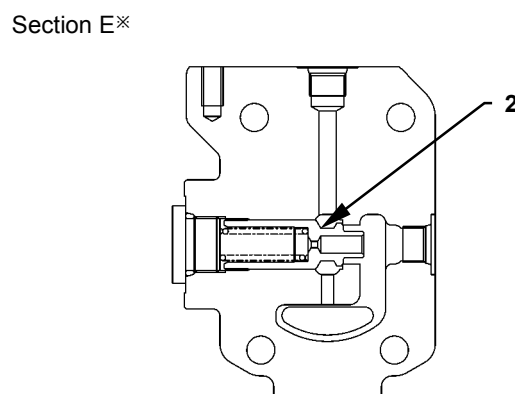
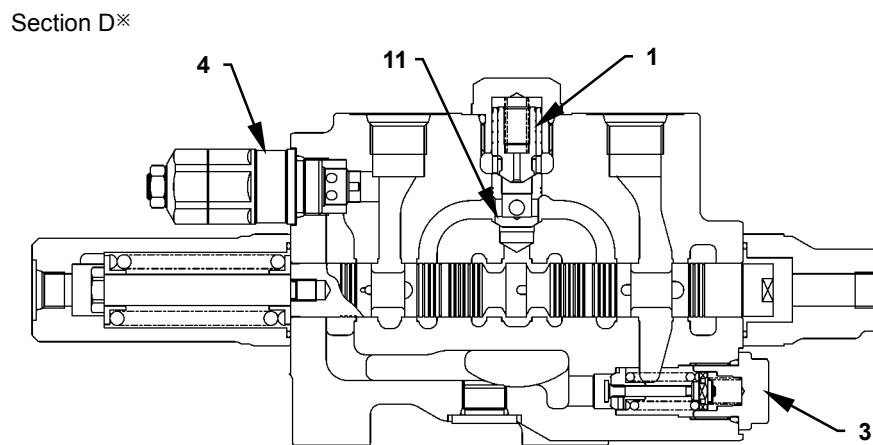
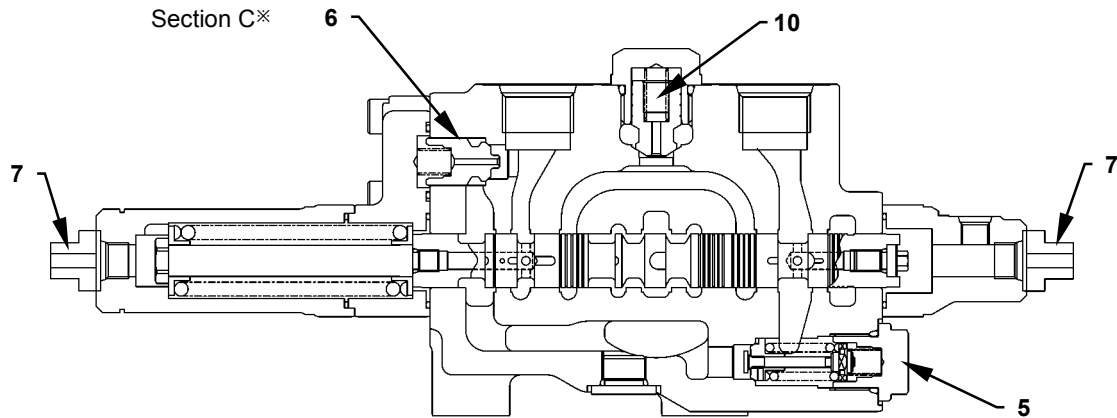
※ Refer to T5-4-17.

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Component Layout



T4GB-03-02-003

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Component Layout

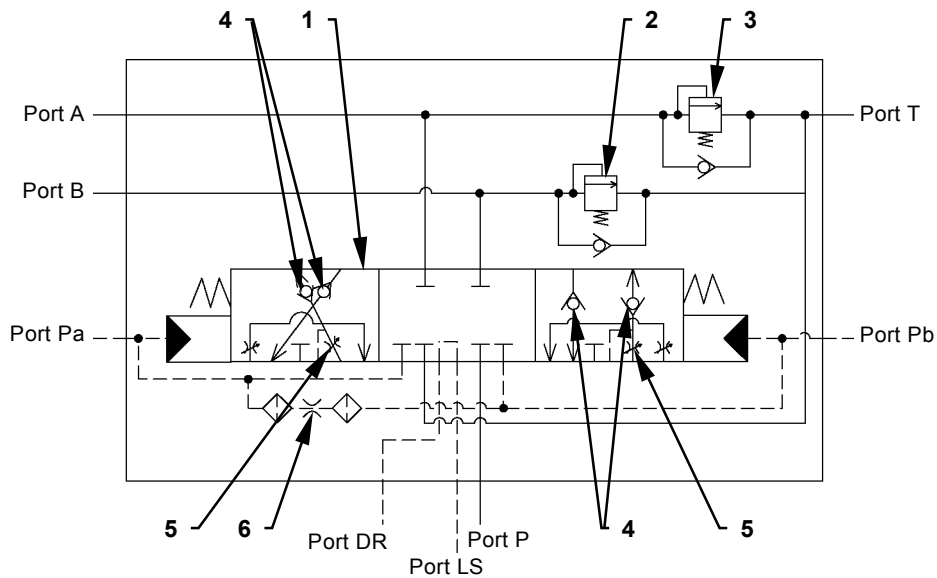


- |  |  |                               |   |
|--|--|-------------------------------|---|
| 1 - Bucket Flow Control Valve                      | 4 - Overload Relief Valve<br>(Bucket: Rod Side)      | 7 - Restriction Valve         | 10 - Load Check Valve<br>(Arm Lift Circuit) |
| 2 - Negative Control Valve                         | 5 - Overload Relief Valve<br>(Lift Arm: Bottom Side) | 8 - Low-pressure Relief Valve | 11 - Load Check Valve<br>(Bucket Circuit)   |
| 3 - Overload Relief Valve<br>(Bucket: Bottom Side) | 6 - Make-up Valve<br>(Lift Arm: Rod Side)            | 9 - Main Relief Valve         |   |
- ※ Refer to T5-4-17.

T4GB-03-02-007

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Component Layout

## COMPONENTS IN STEERING VALVE



T4GB-03-04-002

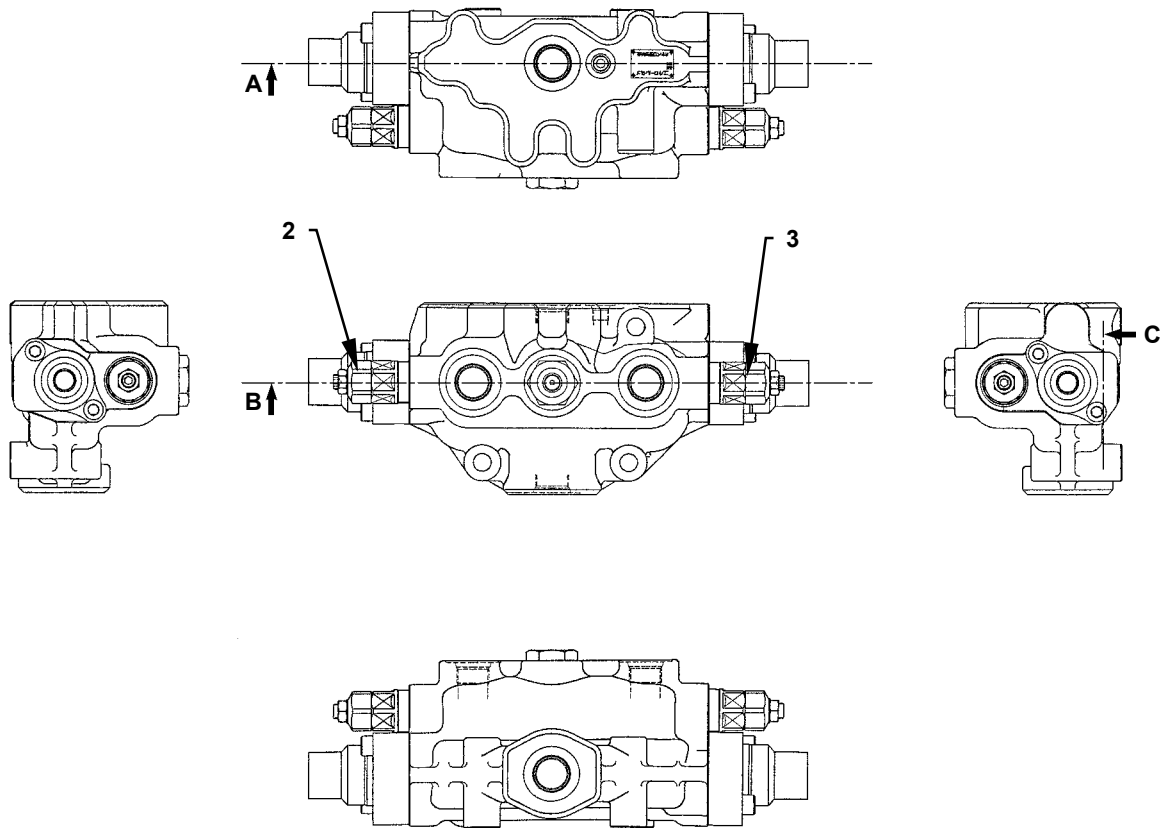
Port A: Pressure for Steering  
Right  
Port P: From Main Pump

Port B: Pressure for Steering  
Left  
Port T: Return to Hydraulic Oil  
Tank

Port Pa: Pilot Pressure for  
Steering Right  
Port LS: To Port LS of Priority  
Valve

Port Pb: Pilot Pressure for  
Steering Left  
Port DR: Return to Hydraulic Oil  
Tank

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Component Layout



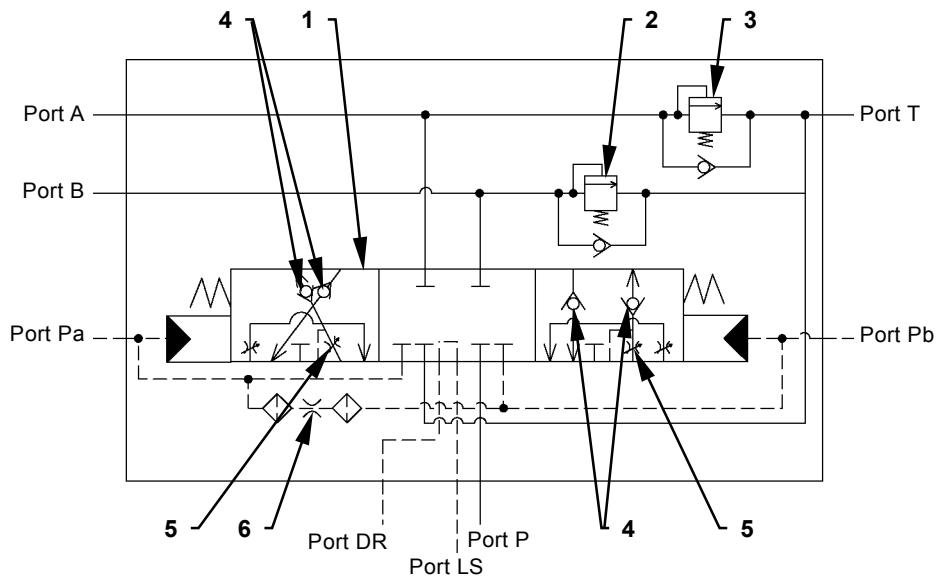
T4GB-03-04-001

1 - Spool  
2 - Overload Relief Valve

3 - Overload Relief Valve  
4 - Lord Check Valve

5 - Variable Orifice  
6 - Fixed Orifice

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Component Layout



T4GB-03-04-002

Port A: Pressure for Steering  
Right  
Port P: From Main Pump

Port B: Pressure for Steering  
Left  
Port T: Return to Hydraulic Oil  
Tank

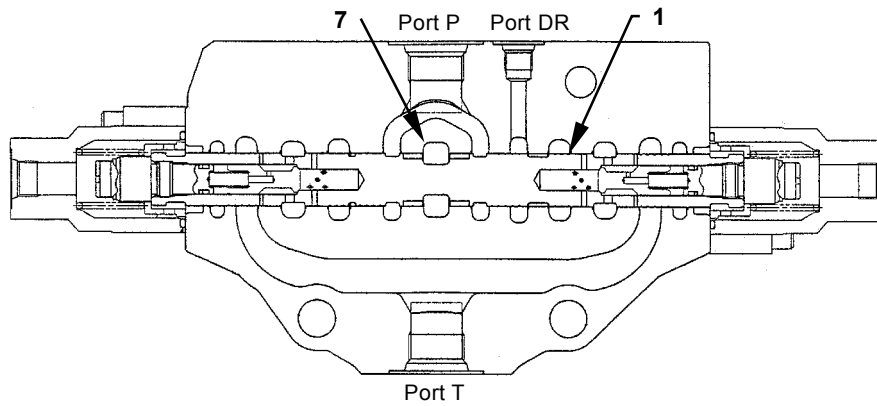
Port Pa: Pilot Pressure for  
Steering Right  
Port LS: To Port LS of Priority  
Valve

Port Pb: Pilot Pressure for  
Steering Left  
Port DR: Return to Hydraulic Oil  
Tank

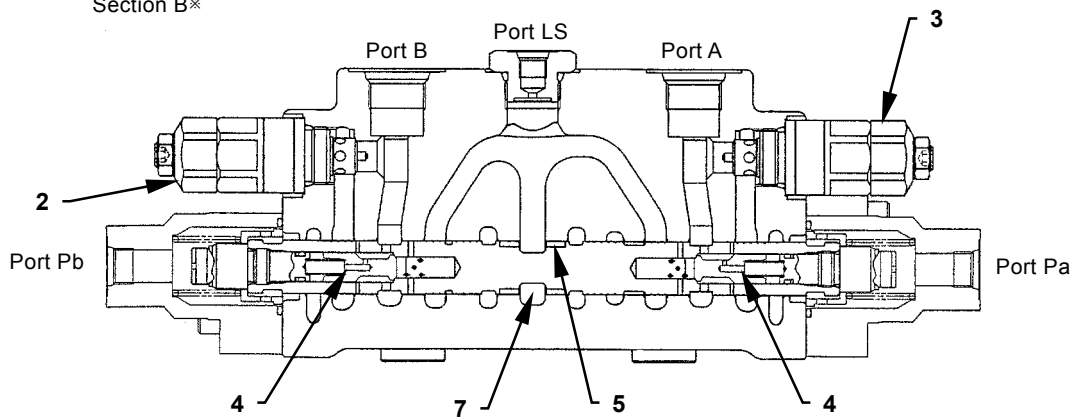


# TROUBLESHOOTING / Component Layout

Section A\*

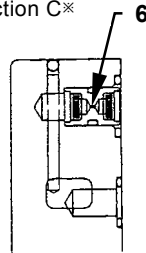


Section B\*



T4GB-03-04-003

Section C\*



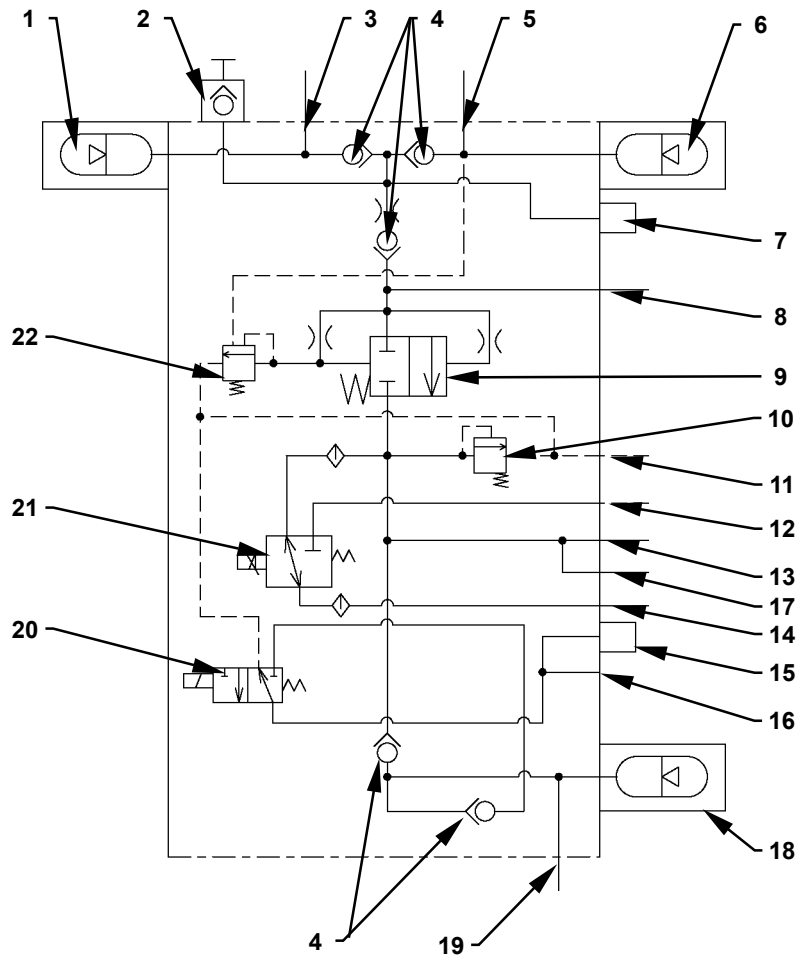
T4GB-03-04-006

- |                           |                           |                      |               |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|---------------|
| 1 - Spool                 | 3 - Overload Relief Valve | 5 - Variable Orifice | 7 - Passage A |
| 2 - Overload Relief Valve | 4 - Lord Check Valve      | 6 - Fixed Orifice    |               |

\*: Refer to T5-4-23.

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Component Layout

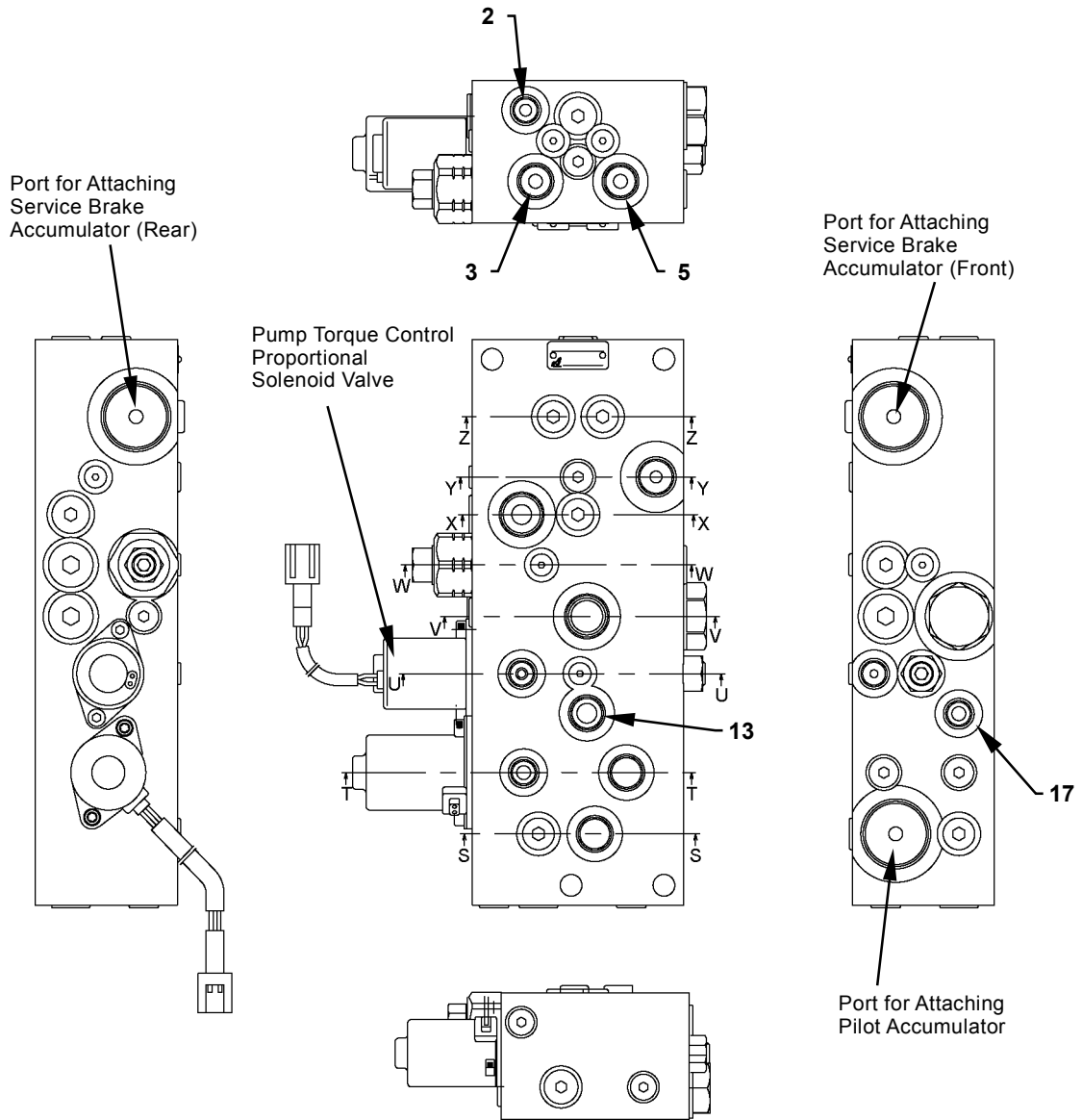
## COMPONENTS IN CHARGING BLOCK



T4GD-03-07-001

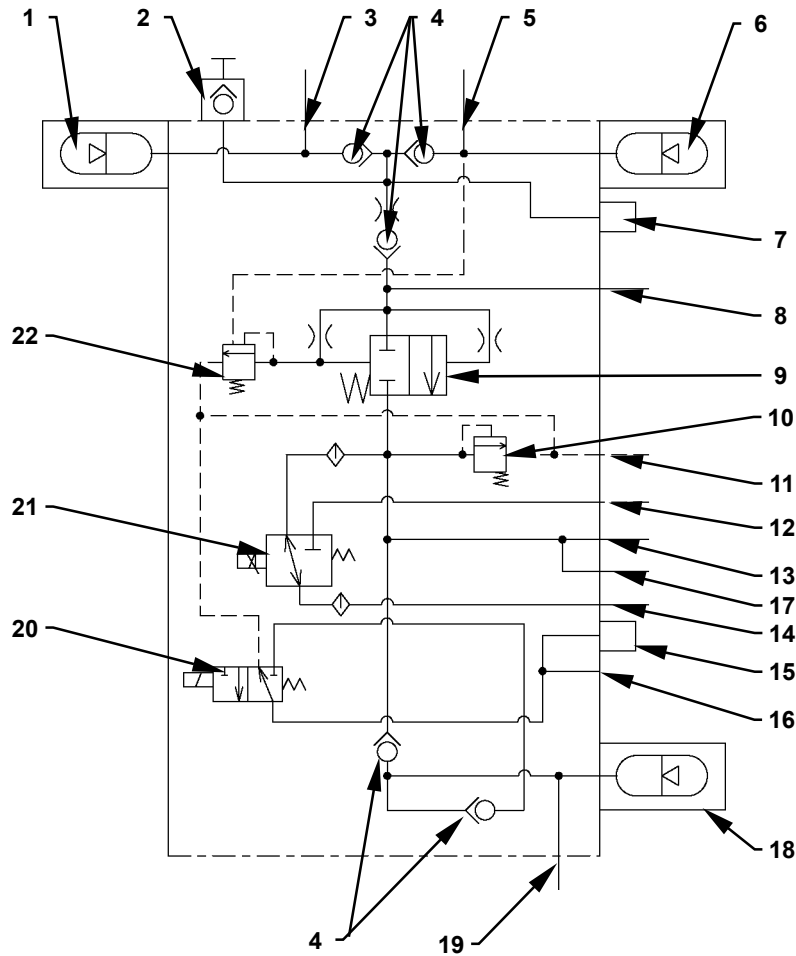
- |   |   |  |
|---|---|--|
| 1 - Service Brake Accumulator (Front)     | 9 - Priority Valve                      | 16 - Port BR3 (To Parking Brake)   |
| 2 - Adaptor                               | 10 - Pilot Relief Valve                 | 17 - Port PS2 (To Main Pump Regulator and Ride Control Valve (Optional)) |
| 3 - Port M2 (To Front End of Brake Valve) | 11 - Port DR (To Hydraulic Oil Tank)    | 18 - Pilot Accumulator   |
| 4 - Check Valve                           | 12 - Port DR2 (To Hydraulic Oil Tank)   | 19 - Port PP (To Pilot Shutoff Valve)                                    |
| 5 - Port M1 (To Rear End of Brake Valve)  | 13 - Port PS1 (To Steering Pilot Valve) | 20 - Parking Brake Solenoid Valve  |
| 6 - Service Brake Accumulator (Rear)      | 14 - Port X (To Main Pump Regulator)    | 21 - Pump Torque Control Proportional Solenoid Valve                     |
| 7 - Service Brake Pressure Sensor         | 15 - Parking Brake Pressure Sensor      | 22 - Relief Valve  |
| 8 - Port P (from Pilot Pump)              |   |  |

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Component Layout



T4GD-03-07-002

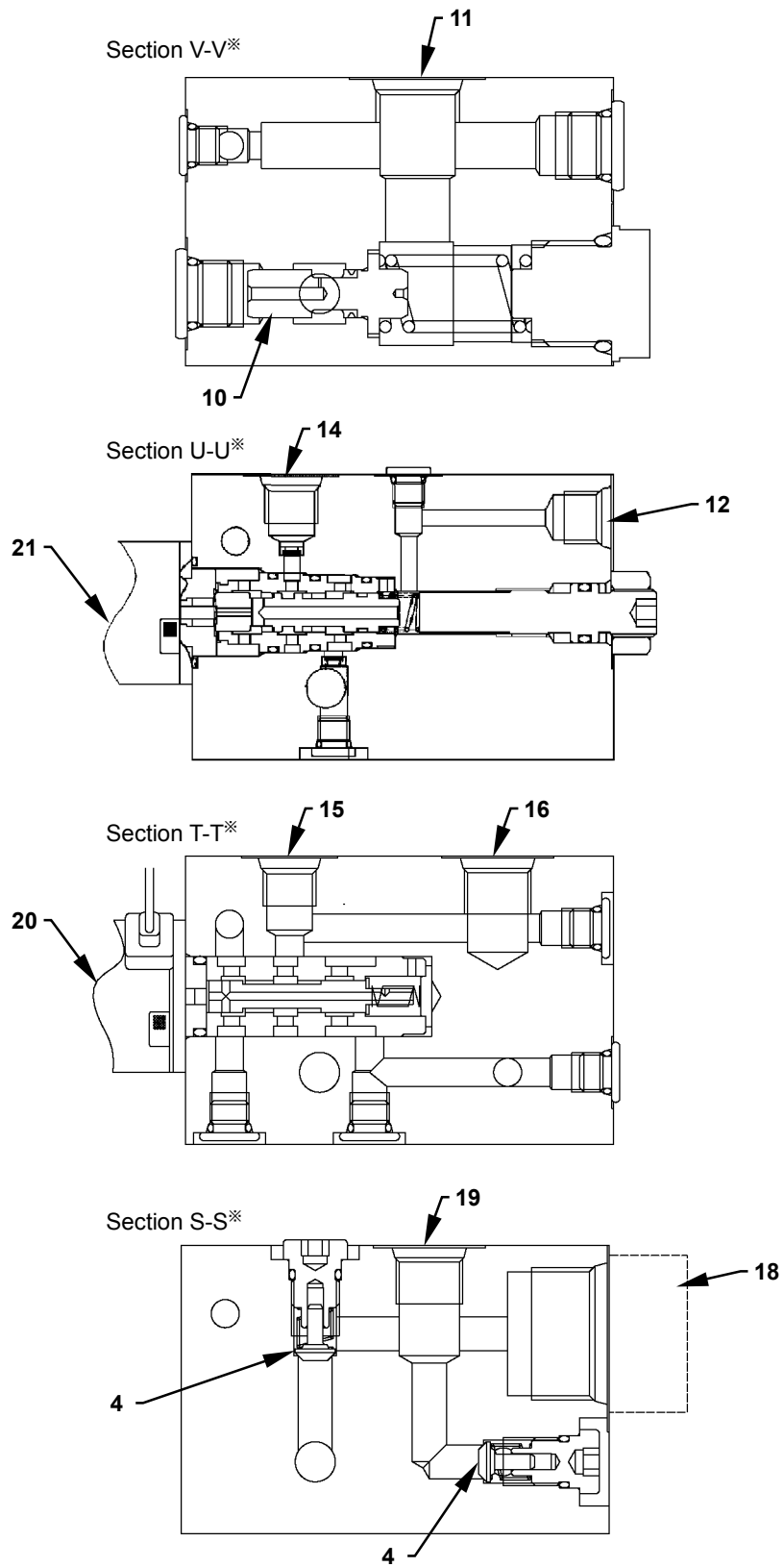
## TROUBLESHOOTING / Component Layout



T4GD-03-07-001

- |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| <p>1 - Service Brake Accumulator (Front)</p> <p>2 - Adaptor</p> <p>3 - Port M2 (To Front End of Brake Valve)</p> <p>4 - Check Valve</p> <p>5 - Port M1 (To Rear End of Brake Valve)</p> <p>6 - Service Brake Accumulator (Rear)</p> <p>7 - Service Brake Pressure Sensor</p> <p>8 - Port P (from Pilot Pump)</p> | <p>9 - Priority Valve</p> <p>10 - Pilot Relief Valve</p> <p>11 - Port DR (To Hydraulic Oil Tank)</p> <p>12 - Port DR2 (To Hydraulic Oil Tank)</p> <p>13 - Port PS1 (To Steering Pilot Valve)</p> <p>14 - Port X (To Main Pump Regulator)</p> <p>15 - Parking Brake Pressure Sensor</p> | <p>16 - Port BR3 (To Parking Brake)</p> <p>17 - Port PS2 (To Main Pump Regulator and Ride Control Valve (Optional))</p> <p>18 - Pilot Accumulator</p> <p>19 - Port PP (To Pilot Shutoff Valve)</p> <p>20 - Parking Brake Solenoid Valve</p> <p>21 - Pump Torque Control Proportional Solenoid Valve</p> <p>22 - Relief Valve</p> |
|--|--|--|

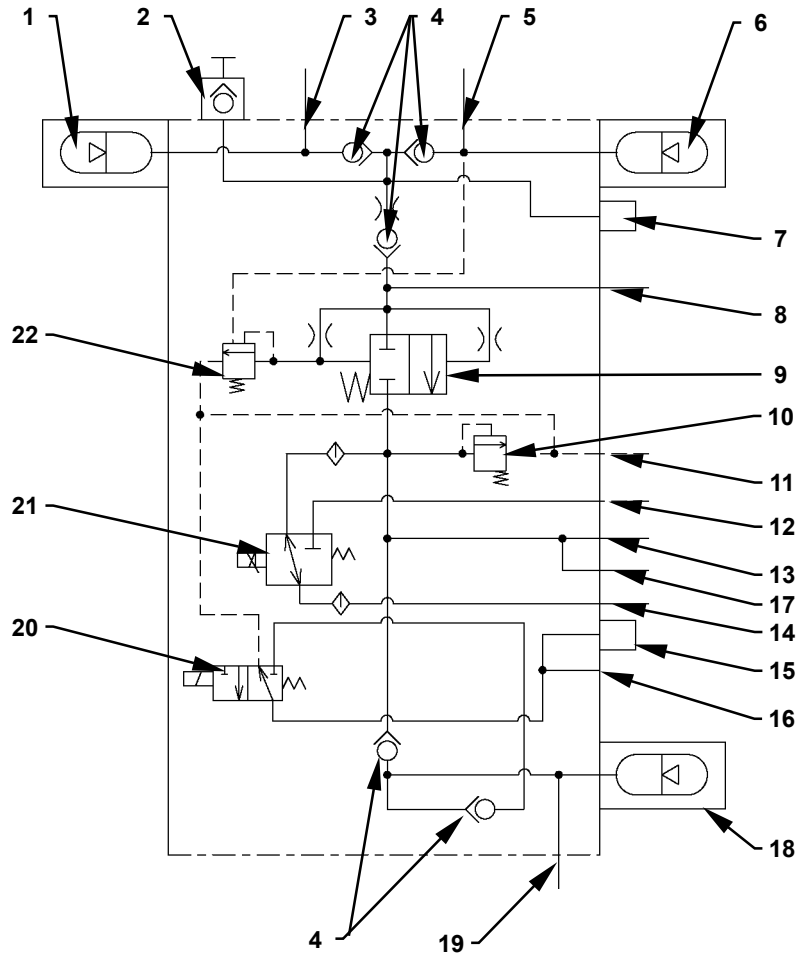
# TROUBLESHOOTING / Component Layout



T4GD-03-07-004

※Refer to T5-4-27.

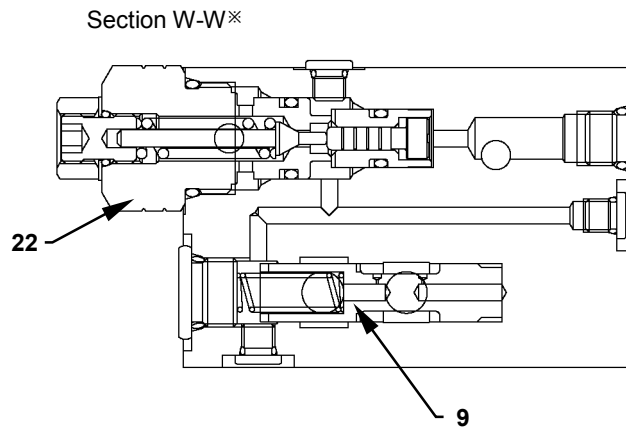
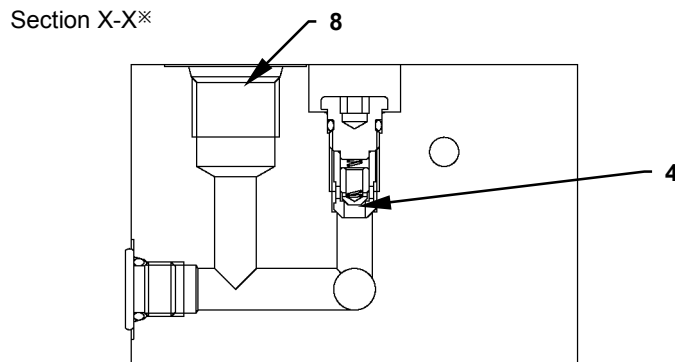
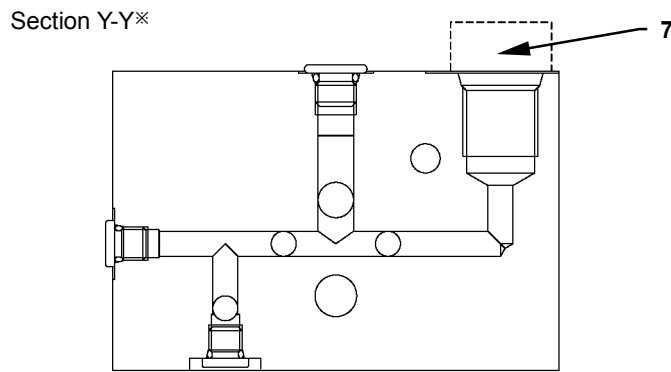
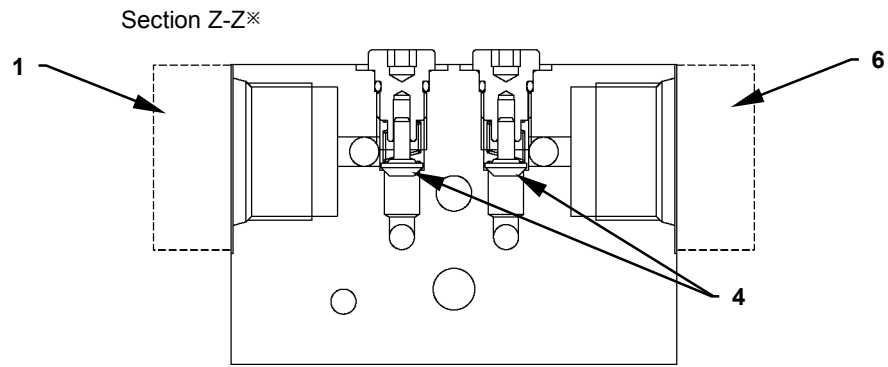
## TROUBLESHOOTING / Component Layout



T4GD-03-07-001

- |   |   |  |
|---|---|--|
| 1 - Service Brake Accumulator (Front)     | 9 - Priority Valve                      | 16 - Port BR3 (To Parking Brake)   |
| 2 - Adaptor                               | 10 - Pilot Relief Valve                 | 17 - Port PS2 (To Main Pump Regulator and Ride Control Valve (Optional)) |
| 3 - Port M2 (To Front End of Brake Valve) | 11 - Port DR (To Hydraulic Oil Tank)    | 18 - Pilot Accumulator   |
| 4 - Check Valve                           | 12 - Port DR2 (To Hydraulic Oil Tank)   | 19 - Port PP (To Pilot Shutoff Valve)                                    |
| 5 - Port M1 (To Rear End of Brake Valve)  | 13 - Port PS1 (To Steering Pilot Valve) | 20 - Parking Brake Solenoid Valve  |
| 6 - Service Brake Accumulator (Rear)      | 14 - Port X (To Main Pump Regulator)    | 21 - Pump Torque Control Proportional Solenoid Valve                     |
| 7 - Service Brake Pressure Sensor         | 15 - Parking Brake Pressure Sensor      | 22 - Relief Valve  |
| 8 - Port P (From Pilot Pump)              |   |  |

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Component Layout

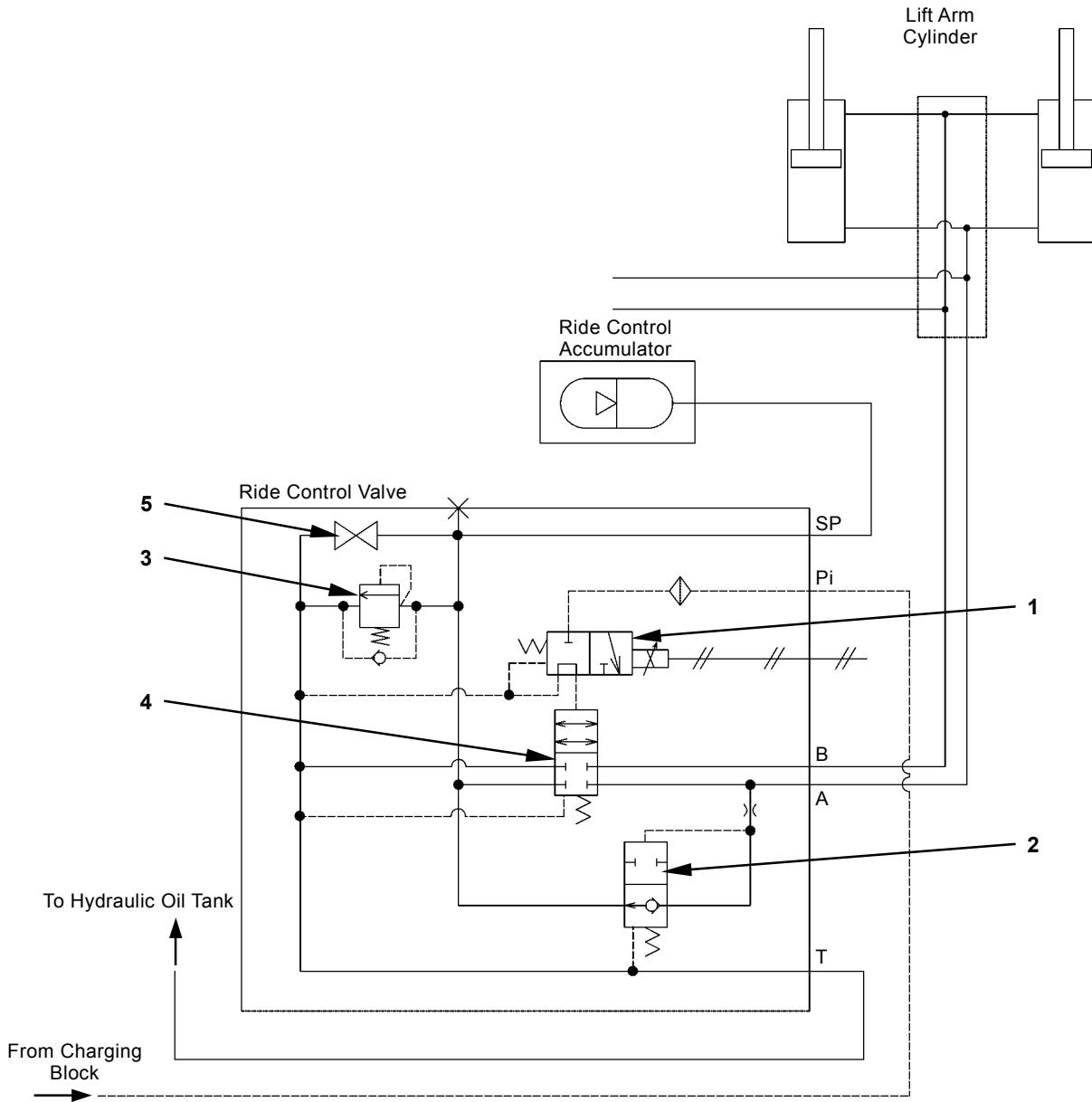


※Refer to T5-4-27.

T4GB-03-06-004

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Component Layout

## COMPONENTS IN RIDE CONTROL VALVE



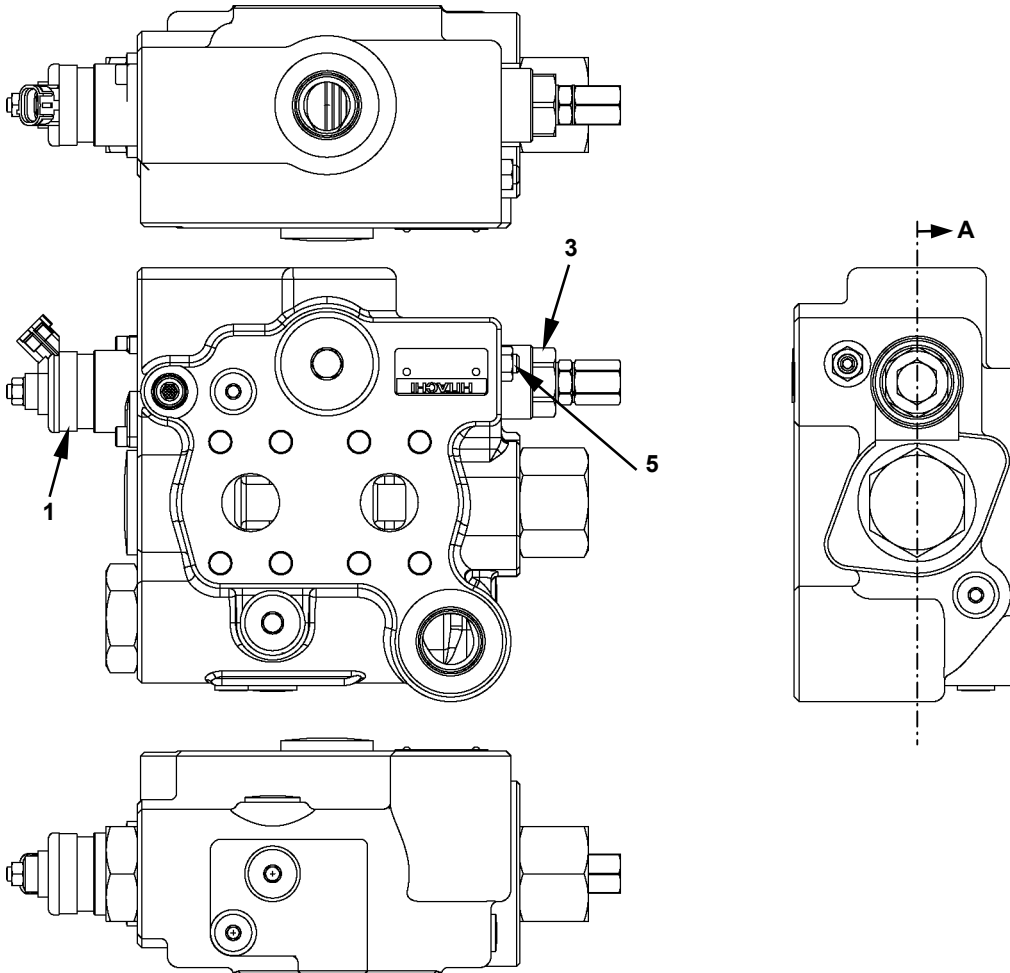
T4GB-03-08-002

- |                                 |                           |                |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------|
| 1 - Ride Control Solenoid Valve | 3 - Overload Relief Valve | 5 - Drain Plug |
| 2 - Charge-Cut Spool            | 4 - Spool                 |                |



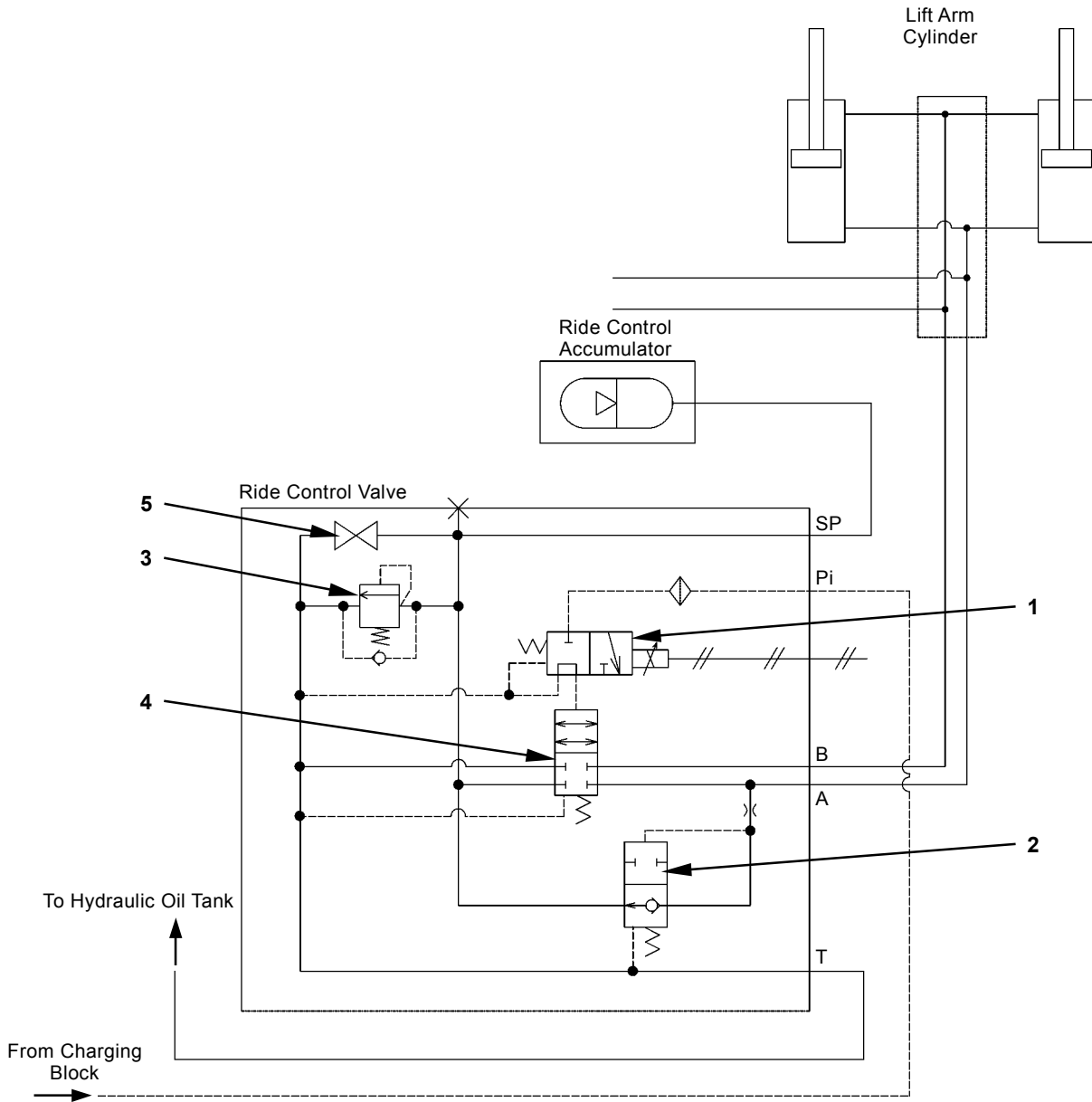
## TROUBLESHOOTING / Component Layout

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T4GB-03-08-001

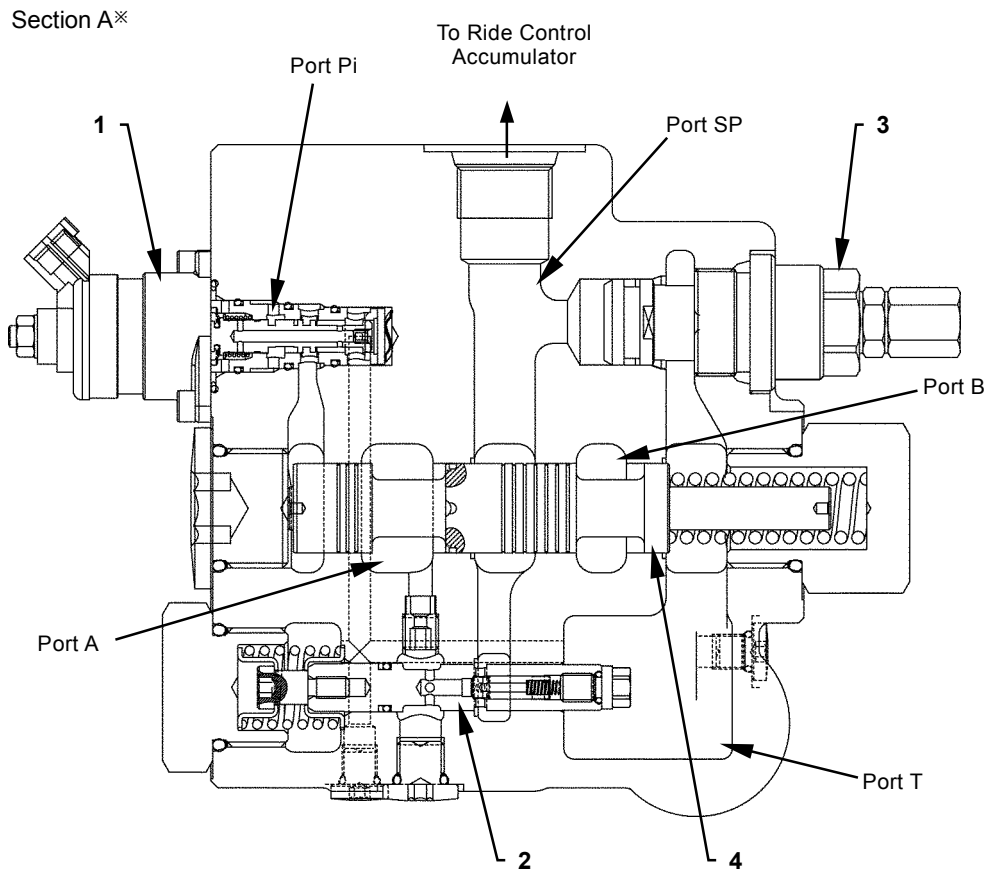
# TROUBLESHOOTING / Component Layout



T4GB-03-08-002

- |                                 |                           |                |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------|
| 1 - Ride Control Solenoid Valve | 3 - Overload Relief Valve | 5 - Drain Plug |
| 2 - Charge-Cut Spool            | 4 - Spool                 |                |

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Component Layout

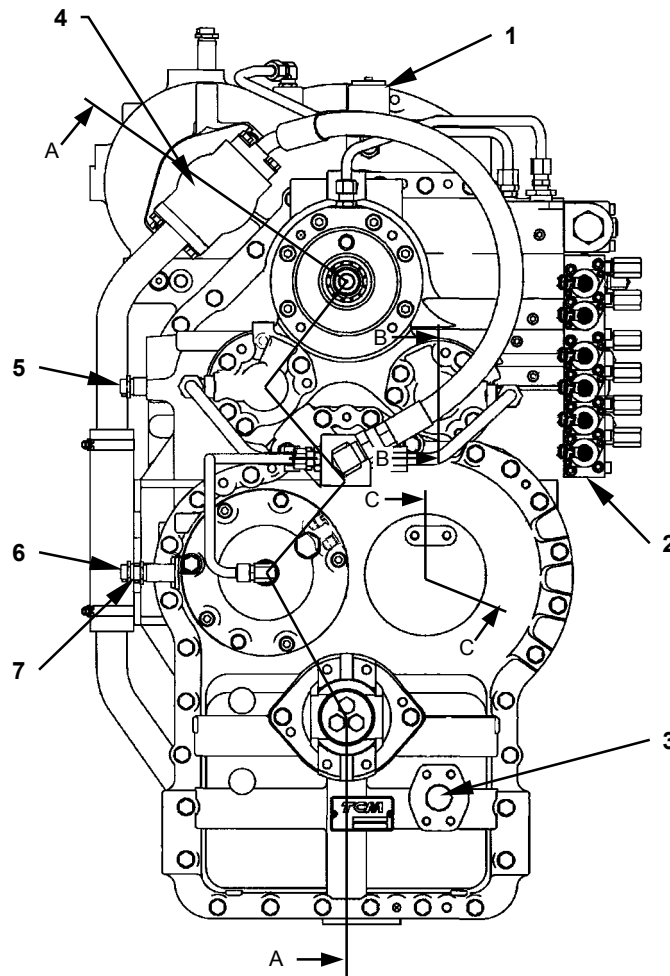


T4GB-03-08-003

※Refer to T5-4-33.

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Component Layout

## FRONT VIEW OF TRANSMISSION



T4GD-03-09-003

1 - Breather  
2 - Control Valve

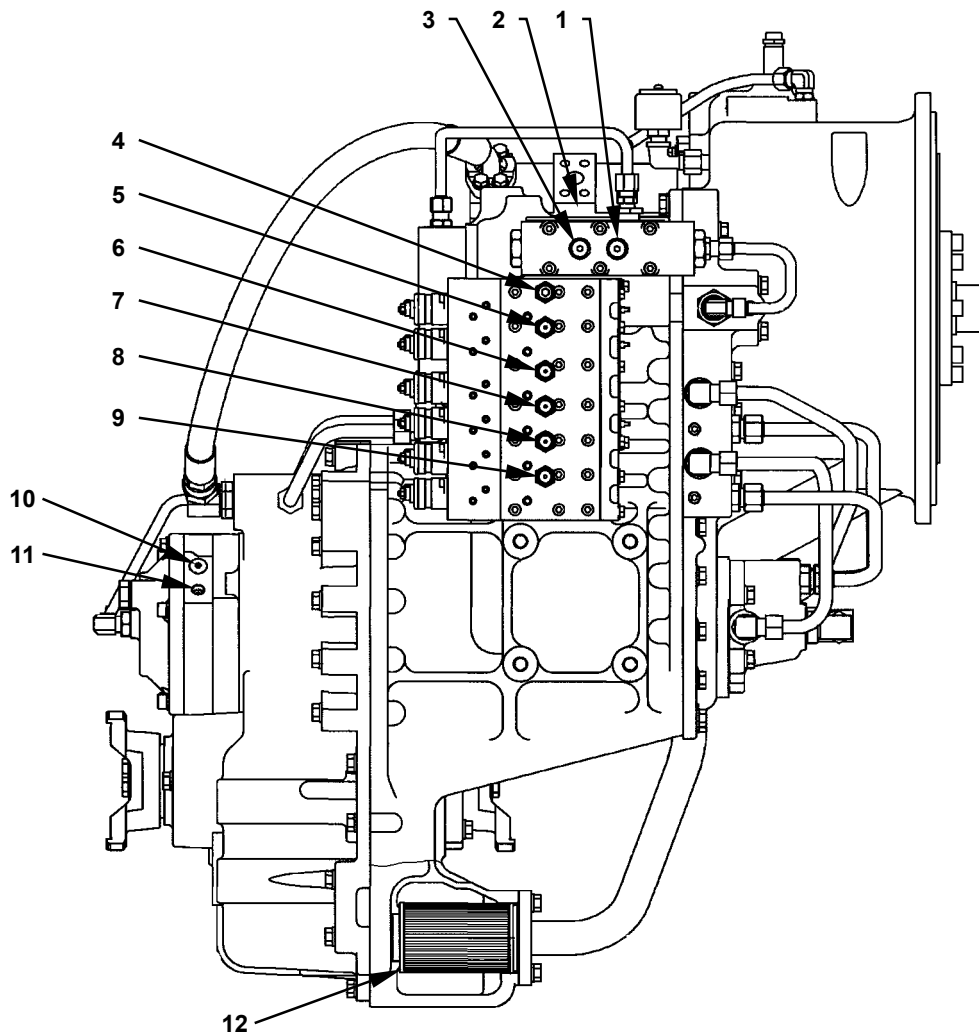
3 - Oil Feed Port  
4 - Charging Pump

5 - Rotation Sensor (A)  
6 - Rotation Sensor (B)

7 - Vehicle Speed Sensor

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Component Layout

## SIDE VIEW OF TRANSMISSION

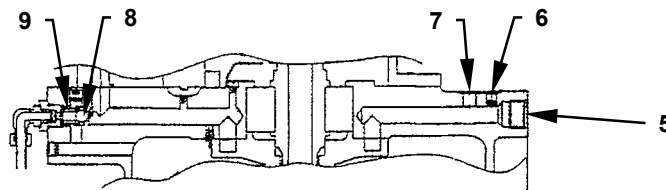
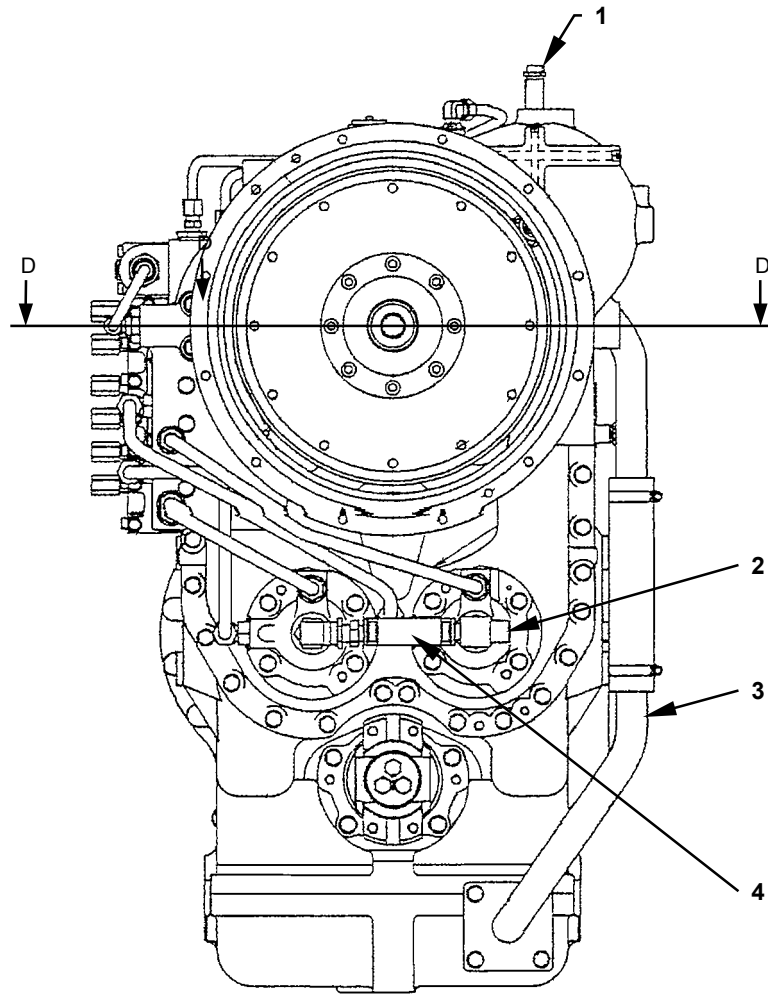


T4GD-03-09-004

- |                                   |                                    |                                    |   |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| 1 - Converter Inlet Pressure Port | 4 - Forward Clutch Pressure Port   | 7 - 2nd Speed Clutch Pressure Port | 10 - Parking Brake Pressure Port          |
| 2 - Regulator Valve               | 5 - Reverse Clutch Pressure Port   | 8 - 3rd Speed Clutch Pressure Port | 11 - Parking Brake Release Pressure Inlet |
| 3 - Regulator Pressure Port       | 6 - 1st Speed Clutch Pressure Port | 9 - 4th Speed Clutch Pressure Port | 12 - Strainer                             |

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Component Layout

## REAR VIEW OF TRANSMISSION



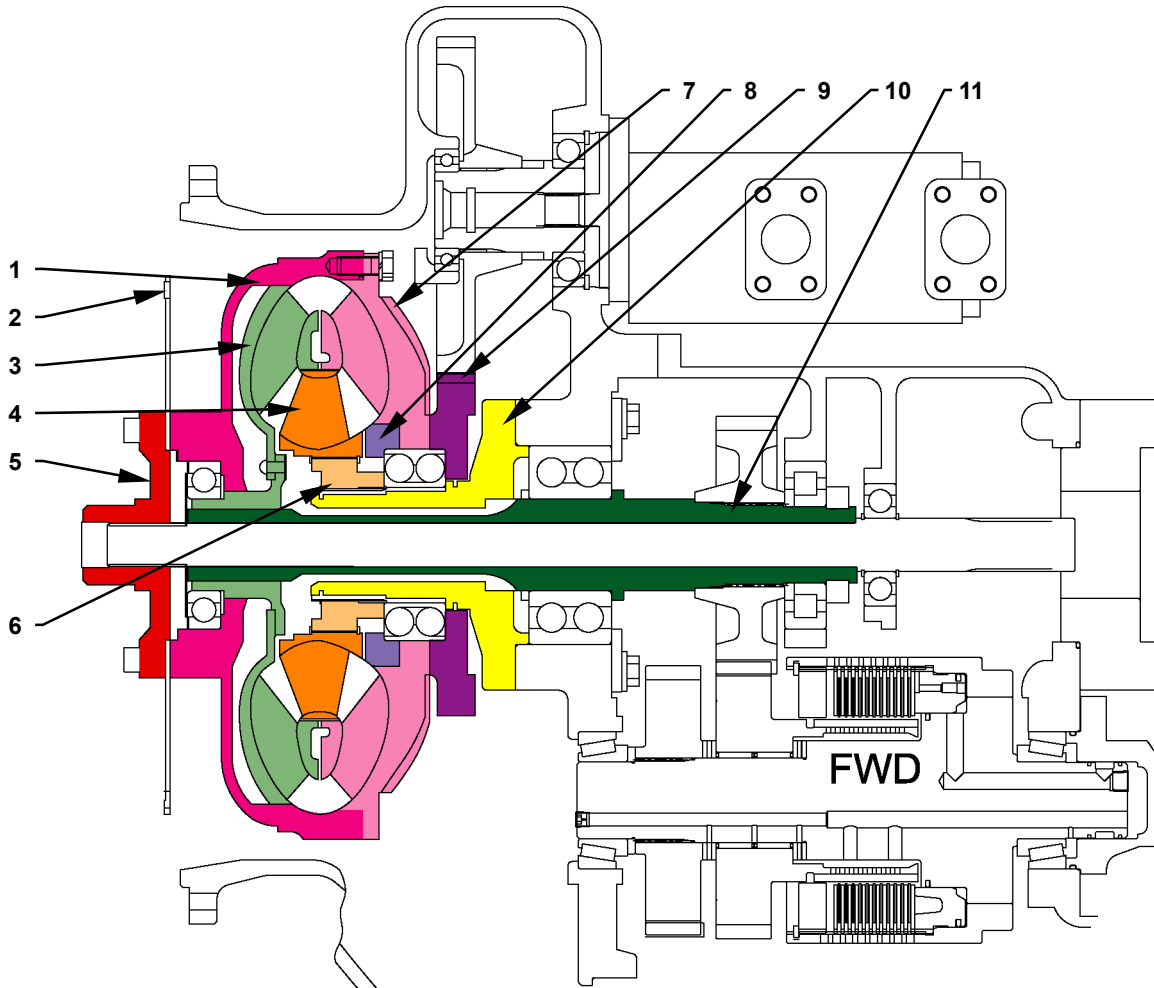
Section D-D

T4GD-03-09-001

- |                         |                   |  |                  |
|-------------------------|-------------------|--|------------------|
| 1 - Engine Speed Sensor | 4 - Hose          | 6 - Converter Outlet Pressure Port                 | 8 - Relief Valve |
| 2 - From Oil Cooler     | 5 - To Oil Cooler | 7 - Hydraulic Oil Temperature Sensor Mounting Port | 9 - Spring       |
| 3 - Suction Tube        |                   |  |                  |

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Component Layout

## CROSS-SECTIONAL DRAWING OF TORQUE CONVERTER

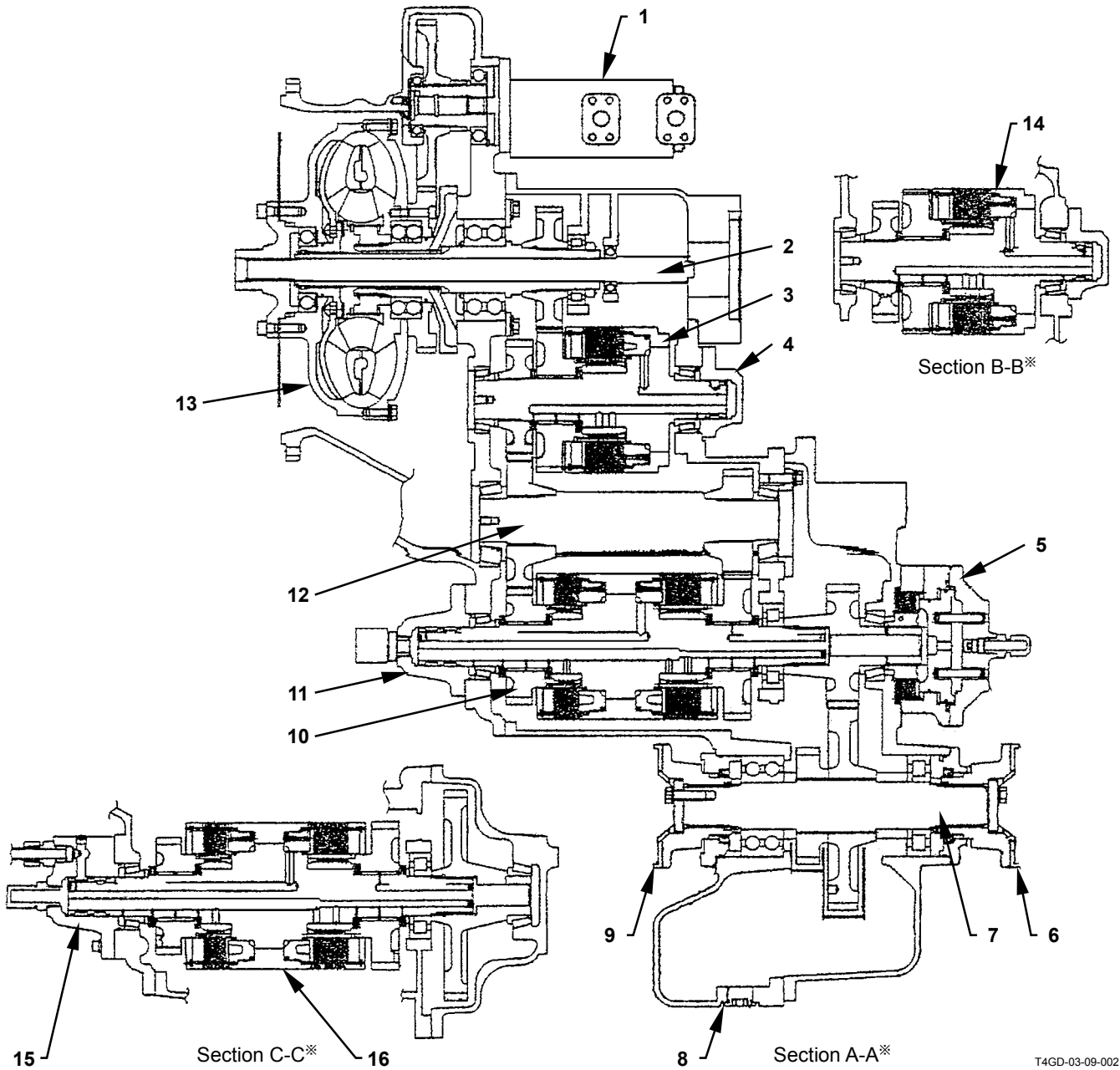


T4GD-03-09-018

- |                   |                  |                     |                    |
|-------------------|------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| 1 - Cover Wheel   | 4 - Stator Wheel | 7 - Impeller Wheel  | 10 - Guide Carrier |
| 2 - Input Plate   | 5 - Input Guide  | 8 - Impeller Hub    | 11 - Turbine Shaft |
| 3 - Turbine Wheel | 6 - Stator Hub   | 9 - Pump Drive Gear |                    |

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Component Layout

## CROSS-SECTIONAL DRAWING OF TRANSMISSION



T4GD-03-09-002

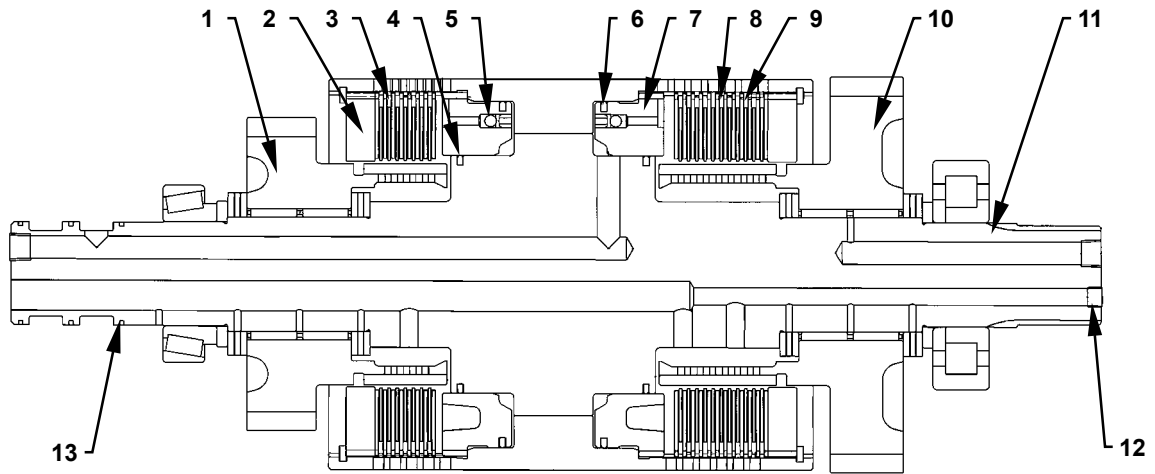
- |                      |                         |                            |                            |
|----------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1 - Charging Pump    | 5 - Parking Brake       | 9 - Rear Output Flange     | 13 - Torque Converter      |
| 2 - Pump Drive Shaft | 6 - Front Output Flange | 10 - 1st/2nd Speeds Clutch | 14 - Reverse Clutch        |
| 3 - Forward Clutch   | 7 - Output Shaft        | 11 - Distributor Cap       | 15 - Distributor Cap       |
| 4 - Distributor Cap  | 8 - Drain Plug          | 12 - Idler Shaft           | 16 - 3rd/4th Speeds Clutch |

※Refer to T5-4-36.



## TROUBLESHOOTING / Component Layout

### CROSS-SECTIONAL DRAWING OF CLUTCH SHAFT



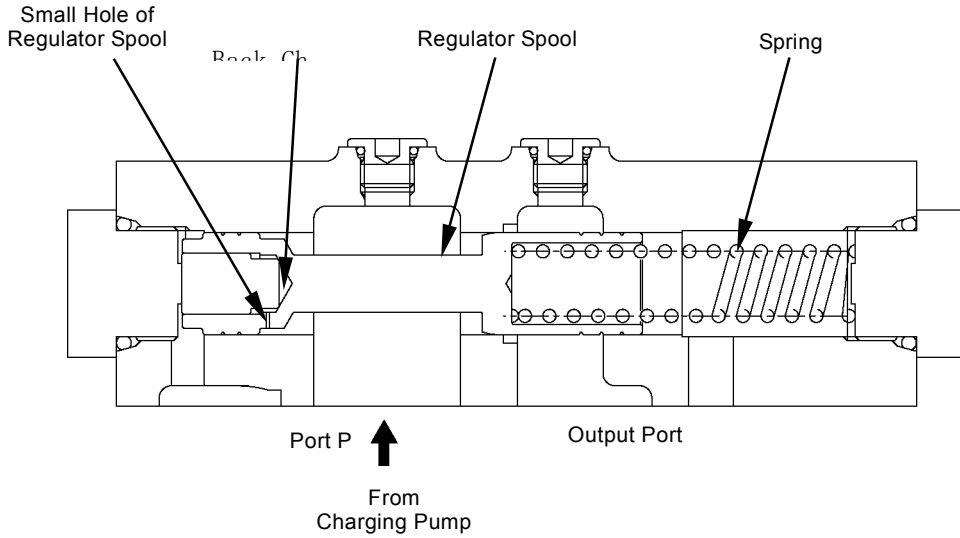
T4GD-03-09-007

- |                       |                       |               |                |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------------|----------------|
| 1 - Hub Gear          | 5 - Bleed Valve       | 8 - Disc      | 11 - Shaft     |
| 2 - End Plate         | 6 - Seal Ring (Outer) | 9 - Plate     | 12 - Plug      |
| 3 - Return Spring     | 7 - Clutch Piston     | 10 - Hub Gear | 13 - Seal Ring |
| 4 - Seal Ring (Inner) |                       |               |                |

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Component Layout

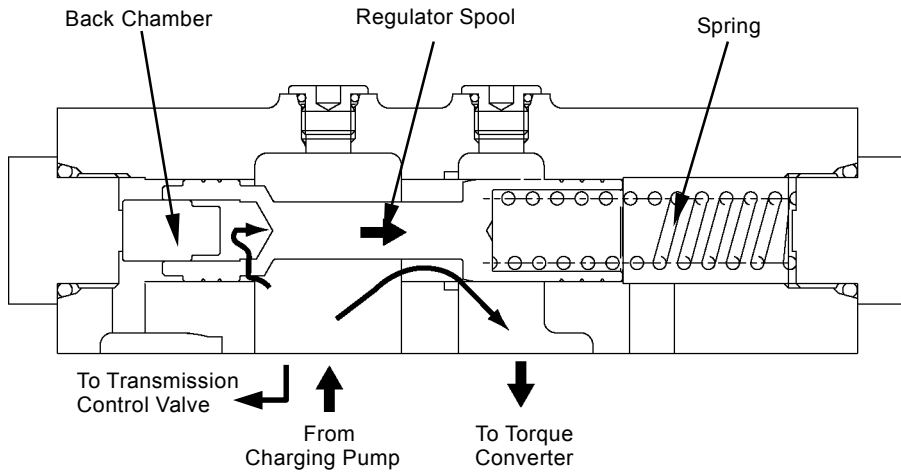
## CROSS-SECTIONAL DRAWING OF TRANSMISSION REGULATOR VALVE

Normal state



T4GC-03-09-025

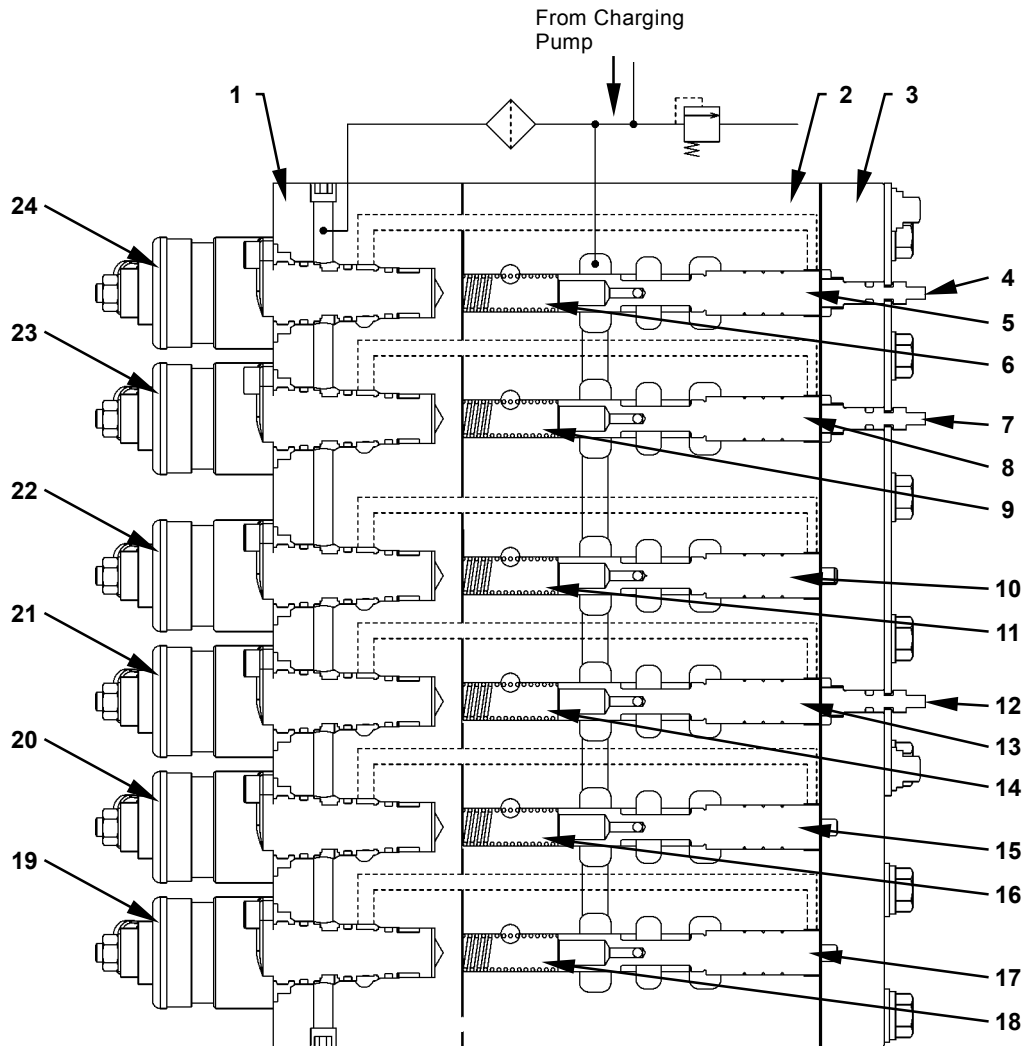
Overflowing state



T4GC-03-09-026

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Component Layout

## CROSS-SECTIONAL DRAWING OF TRANSMISSION CONTROL VALVE



T4GD-03-09-011

- |                                    |                                       |                                  |  |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| 1 - Solenoid Body                  | 7 - Reverse Emergency Travel Spool    | 13 - 2nd Speed Modulation Spool  | 19 - 4th Speed Proportional Solenoid Valve |
| 2 - Valve Body                     | 8 - Reverse Modulation Spool          | 14 - 2nd Speed Modulation Spring | 20 - 3rd Speed Proportional Solenoid Valve |
| 3 - Cover                          | 9 - Reverse Modulation Spring         | 15 - 3rd Speed Modulation Spool  | 21 - 2nd Speed Proportional Solenoid Valve |
| 4 - Forward Emergency Travel Spool | 10 - 1st Speed Modulation Spool       | 16 - 3rd Speed Modulation Spring | 22 - 1st Speed Proportional Solenoid Valve |
| 5 - Forward Modulation Spool       | 11 - 1st Speed Modulation Spring      | 17 - 4th Speed Modulation Spool  | 23 - Reverse Proportional Solenoid Valve   |
| 6 - Forward Modulation Spring      | 12 - 2nd Speed Emergency Travel Spool | 18 - 4th Speed Modulation Spring | 24 - Forward Proportional Solenoid Valve   |

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Component Layout

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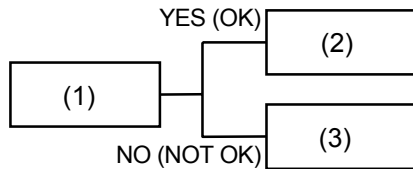
(Blank)

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

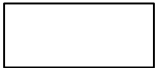


## TROUBLESHOOTING A PROCEDURE


Refer to troubleshooting A in case any fault codes are displayed after diagnosing by using Dr. ZX or the service mode of the monitor unit.

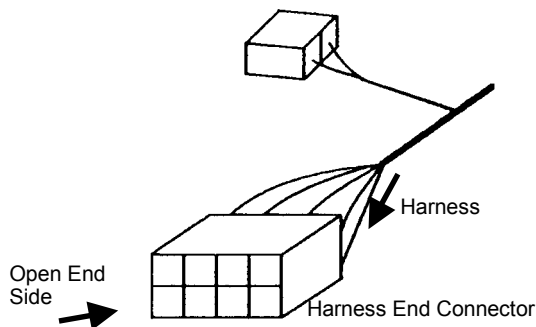
- How to Read Troubleshooting Flow Charts



After completing the checking and/or measuring procedures in box (1), select YES (OK) or NO (NOT OK) and proceed to box (2) or (3).

-  Instructions, reference, and/or inspection methods and/or measurements are occasionally described under the box. If incorrectly checked or measured, not only will troubleshooting be unsuccessful but also damage to the components may result.  
· Key switch: ON
-  Use Dr. ZX for descriptions in the double-line box.
-  Causes of machine problems are stated in the thick-line box. Scanning quickly through the thick-line boxes allows you to estimate the possible causes before actually following the flow chart.

 **NOTE:** *Harness end connector viewed from the open end side by the all connectors image shown in this section.*



T158-05-03-001

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

### MC FAULT CODE LIST

#### Controller Hardware Failure

Fault Code	Trouble	Cause	Influenced Control
11000-2	Abnormal EEPROM	Faulty MC	All Controls
11001-2	Abnormal RAM	Faulty MC	All Controls
11002-2	Abnormal A/D (Analog to Digital) Conversion	Faulty MC	All Controls
11003-3	Abnormal Sensor Voltage	Faulty sensor because of shorted circuit in harness. Faulty MC	All Controls
11004-2	CAN Communication Error	Faulty sensor because of shorted circuit in harness. Faulty MC	All Pump Controls All Transmission Controls All Engine Controls Hydraulic Drive Fan Cooling Control Ride Control CAN Cycle Data Communication

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

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Symptoms in Machine Operation When Trouble Occurs	Remark
There is something wrong with machine operation.	Retrial B Replace MC.
There is something wrong with machine operation.	Retrial B Replace MC.
As the latest, normal value AD (analog to digital conversion) is enabled, the machine may be operated incorrectly or slowly.	Retrial B Replace MC.
Inputs from all sensors are uncertain.	Retrial B Check the harness. Replace MC.
As engine speed is kept at 1000 min <sup>-1</sup> (1000 rpm), the work may be inoperable.	Retrial B Check the CAN harness. Replace MC.

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

### Engine Failure

Fault Code	Trouble	Cause	Influenced Control
11103-3	Abnormal Accelerator Pedal High Voltage	Voltage: more than 4.75 V	Pump Torque Decrease Control Engine Accelerator Pedal Control
11103-4	Abnormal Accelerator Pedal Low Voltage	Voltage: less than 0.25 V	Pump Torque Decrease Control Engine Accelerator Pedal Control
11105-3	Abnormal Torque Converter Input Shaft Sensor	When engine speed is 0 min <sup>-1</sup> , ECM engine speed is more than 500 min <sup>-1</sup> .	Hydraulic Drive Fan Cooling Control



## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

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Symptoms in Machine Operation When Trouble Occurs	Remedy
The accelerator pedal is inoperable. As engine speed kept at 1000 min <sup>-1</sup> (1000 rpm), the work may be inoperable.	Retrial B Check the harness. Replace the accelerator pedal. Replace MC.
The accelerator pedal is inoperable. As engine speed kept at 1000 min <sup>-1</sup> (1000 rpm), the work may be inoperable.	Retrial B Check the harness. Replace the accelerator pedal. Replace MC.
As fan speed is controlled by temperature only, when oil and coolant temperature are high, the machine starts slowly. Fuel consumption becomes bad.	Retrial B Check the harness. Replace the torque converter input shaft sensor. Replace MC.

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

### Pump Failure

Fault Code	Trouble	Cause	Influenced Control
11204-3	Abnormal Pump Delivery Pressure Sensor High Voltage	Output voltage: more than 4.75 V	Disable Pump Torque Decrease Control
11204-4	Abnormal Pump Delivery Pressure Sensor Low Voltage	Output voltage: less than 0.25 V	Disable Pump Torque Decrease Control

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

Symptoms in Machine Operation When Trouble Occurs	Remedy
As the pump is controlled by pump standard torque control, the performance of the front attachment becomes low. Fuel consumption becomes bad.	Retrial B Check the harness. Replace the pump delivery pressure sensor. Replace MC.
As the pump is controlled by pump standard torque control, the performance of the front attachment becomes low. Fuel consumption becomes bad.	Retrial B Check the harness. Replace pump delivery pressure sensor. Replace MC.

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

### Pilot Failure

Fault Code	Trouble	Cause	Influenced Control
11312-3	Abnormal Brake Pedal Pressure Sensor High Voltage	Voltage: more than 4.75 V	Clutch Cut Control
11312-4	Abnormal Brake Pedal Pressure Sensor Low Voltage	Voltage: less than 0.25 V	Clutch Cut Control
11313-3	Abnormal Parking Brake Pressure Sensor High Voltage	Output voltage: more than 4.75 V	Parking Brake Indicator Control
11313-4	Abnormal Parking Brake Pressure Sensor Low Voltage	Output voltage: less than 0.25 V	Parking Brake Indicator Control

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

Symptoms in Machine Operation When Trouble Occurs	Remedy
As clutch cut control is disabled, the clutch cut is inoperable. Fuel consumption becomes bad.	Retrial B Check the harness. Replace the brake pedal pressure sensor. Replace MC.
As clutch cut control is disabled, the clutch cut is inoperable. Fuel consumption becomes bad.	Retrial B Check the harness. Replace the brake pedal pressure sensor. Replace MC.
As the parking brake is forcibly released, the machine can travel with the parking brake switch ON.	Retrial B Check the harness. Replace the parking brake pressure sensor. Replace MC.
As the parking brake is forcibly released, the machine can travel with the parking brake switch ON.	Retrial B Check the harness. Replace the parking brake pressure Sensor. Replace MC.

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

### Proportional Solenoid Valve Failure

Fault Code	Trouble	Cause	Influenced Control
11412-2	Abnormal Feedback of Hydraulic Drive Fan Flow Rate Control Solenoid Valve	The feedback current to MC becomes the uncertain value.	Hydraulic Drive Fan Cooling Control
11412-3	Abnormal Feedback High Current of Hydraulic Drive Fan Flow Rate Control Solenoid Valve	The feedback current to MC exceeds the upper limit.	Hydraulic Drive Fan Cooling Control
11412-4	Abnormal Feedback Low Current of Hydraulic Drive Fan Flow Rate Control Solenoid Valve	While the command from MC is output, the feedback current to MC is 56 mA or less.	Hydraulic Drive Fan Cooling Control
11413-2	Abnormal Feedback of Pump Torque Control Solenoid Valve	The feedback current to MC becomes the uncertain value.	Pump Standard Torque Control
11413-3	Abnormal Feedback High Current of Pump Torque Control Solenoid Valve	The feedback current to MC exceeds the upper limit.	Pump Standard Torque Control
11413-4	Abnormal Feedback Low Current of Pump Torque Control Solenoid Valve	While the command from MC is output, the feedback current to MC is 56 mA or less.	Pump Standard Torque Control
11414-2	Abnormal Feedback of Transmission Clutch Speed 1 Proportional Solenoid Valve	The feedback current to MC becomes the uncertain value.	All Transmission Controls
11414-3	Abnormal Feedback High Current of Transmission Clutch Speed 1 Proportional Solenoid Valve	The feedback current to MC exceeds the upper limit.	All Transmission Controls

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

Symptoms in Machine Operation When Trouble Occurs	Remedy
As the fan rotation is kept at maximum, the machine starts slowly. Fuel consumption becomes bad.	Retrial B Check the harness. (Feedback line from the flow rate control solenoid valve to MC) Replace the hydraulic drive fan flow rate control solenoid valve. Replace MC.
As the fan rotation is kept at maximum, the machine starts slowly. Fuel consumption becomes bad.	Retrial B Check the harness. (Feedback line from the flow rate control solenoid valve to MC) Replace the hydraulic drive fan flow rate control solenoid valve. Replace MC.
As the fan rotation is kept at maximum, the machine starts slowly. Fuel consumption becomes bad.	Retrial B Check the harness. (Feedback line from the flow rate control solenoid valve to MC) Replace the hydraulic drive fan flow rate control solenoid valve. Replace MC.
As the pump is kept at minimum displacement, the performance of the front attachment becomes low.	Retrial B Check the harness. (Feedback line from the torque control solenoid valve to MC) Replace the pump torque control solenoid valve. Replace MC.
As the pump is kept at minimum displacement, the performance of the front attachment becomes low.	Retrial B Check the harness. (Feedback line from the torque control solenoid valve to MC) Replace the pump torque control solenoid valve. Replace MC.
As the pump is kept at minimum displacement, the performance of the front attachment becomes low.	Retrial B Check the harness. (Feedback line from the torque control solenoid valve to MC) Replace the pump torque control solenoid valve. Replace MC.
As speed is kept at speed 2 in spite of the shift switch, there is some influence on the work.	Retrial B Check the harness. (Feedback line from speed 1 proportional solenoid valve to MC) Replace the speed 1 proportional solenoid valve. Replace MC.
As speed is kept at speed 2 in spite of the shift switch, there is some influence on the work.	Retrial B Check the harness. (Feedback line from speed 1 proportional solenoid valve to MC) Replace the speed 1 proportional solenoid valve. Replace MC.

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

Fault Code	Trouble	Cause	Influenced Control
11414-4	Abnormal Feedback Low Current of Transmission Clutch Speed 1 Proportional Solenoid Valve	The feedback current to MC is 20 mA or less.	All Transmission Controls
11415-2	Abnormal Feedback of Transmission Clutch Speed 2 Proportional Solenoid Valve	The feedback current to MC becomes the uncertain value.	All Transmission Controls
11415-3	Abnormal Feedback High Current of Transmission Clutch Speed 2 Proportional Solenoid Valve	The feedback current to MC exceeds the upper limit.	All Transmission Controls
11415-4	Abnormal Feedback Low Current of Transmission Clutch Speed 2 Proportional Solenoid Valve	The feedback current to MC is 20 mA or less.	All Transmission Controls
11416-2	Abnormal Feedback of Transmission Clutch Speed 3 Proportional Solenoid Valve	The feedback current to MC becomes the uncertain value.	All Transmission Controls
11416-3	Abnormal Feedback High Current of Transmission Clutch Speed 3 Proportional Solenoid Valve	The feedback current to MC exceeds the upper limit.	All Transmission Controls
11416-4	Abnormal Feedback Low Current of Transmission Clutch Speed 3 Proportional Solenoid Valve	The feedback current to MC is 20 mA or less.	All Transmission Controls
11417-2	Abnormal Feedback of Transmission Clutch Speed 4 Proportional Solenoid Valve	The feedback current to MC becomes the uncertain value.	All Transmission Controls



## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

Symptoms in Machine Operation When Trouble Occurs	Remedy
As speed is kept at speed 2 in spite of the shift switch, there is some influence on the work.	Retrial B Check the harness. (Feedback line from the speed 1 proportional solenoid valve to MC) Replace the speed 1 proportional solenoid valve. Replace MC.
As speed is kept at speed 1 in spite of the shift switch, there is some influence on the work.	Retrial B Check the harness. (Feedback line from the speed 2 proportional solenoid valve to MC) Replace the speed 2 proportional solenoid valve. Replace MC.
As speed is kept at speed 1 in spite of the shift switch, there is some influence on the work.	Retrial B Check the harness. (Feedback line from the speed 2 proportional solenoid valve to MC) Replace the speed 2 proportional solenoid valve. Replace MC.
As speed is kept at speed 1 in spite of the shift switch, there is some influence on the work.	Retrial B Check the harness. (Feedback line from the speed 2 proportional solenoid valve to MC) Replace the speed 2 proportional solenoid valve. Replace MC.
As speed is kept at speed 2 in spite of the shift switch, there is some influence on the work.	Retrial B Check the harness. (Feedback line from the speed 3 proportional solenoid valve to MC) Replace the speed 3 proportional solenoid valve. Replace MC.
As speed is kept at speed 2 in spite of the shift switch, there is some influence on the work.	Retrial B Check the harness. (Feedback line from the speed 3 proportional solenoid valve to MC) Replace the speed 3 proportional solenoid valve. Replace MC.
As speed is kept at speed 2 in spite of the shift switch, there is some influence on the work.	Retrial B Check the harness. (Feedback line from the speed 3 proportional solenoid valve to MC) Replace the speed 3 proportional solenoid valve. Replace MC.
As speed is kept at speed 2 in spite of the shift switch, there is some influence on the work.	Retrial B Check the harness. (Feedback line from the speed 4 proportional solenoid valve to MC) Replace the speed 4 proportional solenoid valve. Replace MC.

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

Fault Code	Trouble	Cause	Influenced Control
11417-3	Abnormal Feedback High Current of Transmission Clutch Speed 4 Proportional Solenoid Valve	The feedback current to MC exceeds the upper limit.	All Transmission Controls
11417-4	Abnormal Feedback Low Current of Transmission Clutch Speed 4 Proportional Solenoid Valve	The feedback current to MC is 20 mA or less.	All Transmission Controls
11418-2	Abnormal Feedback of Transmission Clutch Forward Proportional Solenoid Valve	The feedback current to MC becomes the uncertain value.	All Transmission Controls
11418-3	Abnormal Feedback High Current of Transmission Clutch Forward Proportional Solenoid Valve	The feedback current to MC exceeds the upper limit.	All Transmission Controls
11418-4	Abnormal Feedback Low Current of Transmission Clutch Forward Proportional Solenoid Valve	The feedback current to MC is 20 mA or less.	All Transmission Controls
11419-2	Abnormal Feedback of Transmission Clutch Reverse Proportional Solenoid Valve	The feedback current to MC becomes the uncertain value.	All Transmission Controls
11419-3	Abnormal Feedback High Current of Transmission Clutch Reverse Proportional Solenoid Valve	The feedback current to MC exceeds the upper limit.	All Transmission Controls
11419-4	Abnormal Feedback Low Current of Transmission Clutch Reverse Proportional Solenoid Valve	The feedback current to MC is 20 mA or less.	All Transmission Controls

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

Symptoms in Machine Operation When Trouble Occurs	Remedy
As speed is kept at speed 2 in spite of the shift switch, there is some influence on the work.	Retrial B Check the harness. (Feedback line from the speed 4 proportional solenoid valve to MC) Replace the speed 4 proportional solenoid valve. Replace MC.
As speed is kept at speed 2 in spite of the shift switch, there is some influence on the work.	Retrial B Check the harness. (Feedback line from the speed 4 proportional solenoid valve to MC) Replace the speed 4 proportional solenoid valve. Replace MC.
As speed is kept at speed 2 in spite of the shift switch, there is some influence on the work.	Retrial B Check the harness. (Feedback line from forward proportional solenoid valve to MC) Replace the forward proportional solenoid valve. Replace MC.
As speed is kept at speed 2 in spite of the shift switch, there is some influence on the work.	Retrial B Check the harness. (Feedback line from forward proportional solenoid valve to MC) Replace the forward proportional solenoid valve. Replace MC.
As speed is kept at speed 2 in spite of the shift switch, there is some influence on the work.	Retrial B Check the harness. (Feedback line from forward proportional solenoid valve to MC) Replace the forward proportional solenoid valve. Replace MC.
As speed is kept at speed 2 in spite of the shift switch, there is some influence on the work.	Retrial B Check the harness. (Feedback line from reverse proportional solenoid valve to MC) Replace the reverse proportional solenoid valve. Replace MC.
As speed is kept at speed 2 in spite of the shift switch, there is some influence on the work.	Retrial B Check the harness. (Feedback line from reverse proportional solenoid valve to MC) Replace the reverse proportional solenoid valve. Replace MC.
As speed is kept at speed 2 in spite of the shift switch, there is some influence on the work.	Retrial B Check the harness. (Feedback line from reverse proportional solenoid valve to MC) Replace the reverse proportional solenoid valve. Replace MC.

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

<b>Transmission Failure</b>			
Fault Code	Trouble	Cause	Influenced Control
11600-3	Abnormal Vehicle Speed Sensor	<p>The abnormal value below is detected with the clutch connected.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Vehicle speed sensor=0 min<sup>-1</sup></li> <li>• Middle shaft sensor&gt;300 min<sup>-1</sup></li> <li>• Torque converter output speed sensor&gt;500 min<sup>-1</sup></li> <li>• Detected voltage under the open circuit with key ON: more than 4.5 V</li> </ul>	All Transmission Controls
11600-4	Abnormal Low Voltage of Vehicle Speed Sensor	Detected voltage under the shorted circuit with key ON: less than 1.5 V	All Transmission Controls
11601-3	Abnormal Torque Converter Output Speed Sensor	<p>The abnormal value below is detected with the clutch connected.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Torque converter output speed sensor=0 min<sup>-1</sup></li> <li>• Middle shaft sensor&gt;300 min<sup>-1</sup></li> <li>• Vehicle speed sensor&gt;300 min<sup>-1</sup></li> </ul>	Pump Torque Decrease Control
11602-3	Abnormal Transmission Middle Shaft Sensor	<p>The abnormal value below is detected with the clutch connected.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Middle shaft sensor =0 min<sup>-1</sup></li> <li>• Vehicle speed sensor&gt;500 min<sup>-1</sup></li> <li>• Torque converter output speed sensor&gt;500 min<sup>-1</sup></li> </ul>	All Transmission Controls
11904-2	Abnormal FNR Lever	The forward/reverse signals are turned ON for 80 ms or longer at the same time.	All Transmission Controls
11905-2	Abnormal FNR Switch	The forward/reverse signals are turned ON for 80 ms or longer at the same time.	All Transmission Controls

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

Symptoms in Machine Operation When Trouble Occurs	Remedy
As travel speed is calculated at the middle shaft sensor, there is no influence on the machine. Travel speed moves over about 2 km/h when shifting the gears.	Retrial B Check the harness. Replace the vehicle speed sensor. Replace MC.
As travel speed is calculated at the middle shaft sensor, there is no influence on the machine. Travel speed moves over about 2 km/h when shifting the gears.	Retrial B Check the harness. Replace the vehicle speed sensor.
As travel speed rate becomes 0, torque decrease control is disabled and base torque control is operable. The performance and fuel consumption may become bad. There may be some shock when shifting the gears.	Retrial B Check the harness. Replace the torque converter output speed sensor. Replace MC.
As backup travel speed calculation is disabled, travel speed is not displayed in case of the abnormal vehicle speed sensor.	Retrial B Check the harness. Replace the transmission middle shaft sensor. Replace MC.
As the FNR lever is forcibly turned to neutral in case of the abnormal FNR lever, the machine cannot start.	Retrial B Check the harness. Replace the FNR lever. Replace MC.
The FNR lever only is operable in case of the abnormal FNR switch.	Retrial B Check the harness. Replace the FNR switch. Replace MC.

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

### CAN Data Reception Failure

Fault Code	Trouble	Cause	Influenced Control
11910-2	Actual Engine Speed Receive Error Sent from ECM	Faulty Harness Faulty ECM	Transmission Control (Error judgment of engine pulse sensor)
11914-2	Radiator Coolant Temperature Receive Error Sent from Monitor Unit	Faulty Harness Faulty Monitor Unit	Hydraulic Drive Fan Cooling Control
11920-2	Fuel Flow Rate Receive Error Sent from ECM	Faulty Harness Faulty ECM	

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

Symptoms in Machine Operation When Trouble Occurs	Remedy
Error of the torque converter input speed sensor cannot be judged.	Retrial B Check the CAN communication line. Replace the engine speed sensor. Replace MC.
As the fan rotation is always kept at maximum, the machine starts slowly. Fuel consumption becomes bad.	Retrial B Check the CAN communication line. Replace the monitor unit. Replace MC.
Fuel consumption is not displayed on the monitor.	Retrial B Check the CAN communication line. Replace ECM. Replace MC.

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

<b>Other Failures</b>			
Fault Code	Trouble	Cause	Influenced Control
11901-3	Hydraulic Oil Temperature Sensor High Voltage	Voltage: more than 4.52 V	Auto-Warming Up Control Hydraulic Drive Fan Cooling Control
11901-4	Hydraulic Oil Temperature Sensor Low Voltage	Voltage: less than 0.23 V	Auto-Warming Up Control Hydraulic Drive Fan Cooling Control



## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

Symptoms in Machine Operation When Trouble Occurs	Remedy
In low temperature (hydraulic oil temperature is less than 0 °C (32 °F)), the auto-warming up control is impossible. Fuel consumption becomes bad. The hydraulic oil temperature calculating part is kept at maximum.	Retrial B Check the harness. Replace the hydraulic oil temperature sensor. Replace MC.
In low temperature (hydraulic oil temperature is less than 0 °C (32 °F)), the auto-warming up control is impossible. Fuel consumption becomes bad. The hydraulic oil temperature calculating part is kept at maximum.	Retrial B Check the harness. Replace the hydraulic oil temperature sensor. Replace MC.

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

### ECM FAULT CODE LIST

Fault Code (Dr. ZX)	Fault Description (Reason)	Fault Effect
84-2	Wheel-Based Vehicle Speed-Data Erratic, Intermittent, or Incorrect. The ECM lost the vehicle speed signal.	Engine speed limited to Maximum Engine Speed without VSS parameter value. Cruise control, gear-down protection, and road speed governor will not work.
84-10	Wheel-Based Vehicle Speed Sensor Circuit tampering has been detected-Abnormal Rate of Change. Signal indicates an intermittent connection or VSS tampering.	Engine speed limited to Maximum Engine Speed without VSS parameter value. Cruise control, gear-down protection, and road speed governor will not work.
91-0	Accelerator Pedal or Lever Position Sensor 1-Data Valid but Above Normal Operational Range-Most Severe Level. A frequency of more than 1500 Hz has been detected at the frequency throttle input to the ECM.	Severe derate in power output of the engine. Limp home power only.
91-1	Accelerator Pedal or Lever Position 1 Sensor Circuit Frequency-Data Valid but Below Normal Operational Range-Most Severe Level. A frequency of less than 100 Hz has been detected at the frequency throttle input to the ECM.	Severe derate in power output of the engine. Limp home power only.
91-3	Accelerator Pedal or Lever Position Sensor 1 Circuit-Voltage Above Normal, or Shorted to High Source. High voltage detected at accelerator pedal position circuit.	Severe derate in power output of the engine. Limp home power only.
91-4	Accelerator Pedal or Lever Position Sensor 1 Circuit-Voltage Below Normal, or Shorted to Low Source. Low voltage detected at accelerator pedal position signal circuit.	Severe derate in power output of the engine. Limp home power only.
91-19	SAE J1939 Multiplexed Accelerator Pedal or Lever Sensor System-Received Network Data In Error. The OEM vehicle electronic control unit (VECU) detected a fault with its accelerator pedal.	Engine may only idle or engine will not accelerate to full speed.
93-2	Auxiliary Alternate Torque Validation Switch-Data Erratic, Intermittent, or Incorrect.	None on performance.

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

Fault Code (Dr. ZX)	Fault Description (Reason)	Fault Effect
97-3	Water in Fuel Indicator Sensor Circuit-Voltage Above Normal, or Shorted to High Source. High voltage detected at the water in fuel circuit.	None on performance. No water in fuel warning available.
97-4	Water in Fuel Indicator Sensor Circuit-Voltage Below Normal, or Shorted to Low Source. Low voltage detected at the water in fuel circuit.	None on performance. No water in fuel warning available.
97-15	Water in Fuel Indicator-Data Valid but Above Normal Operational Range-Least Severe Level. Water has been detected in the fuel filter.	Possible white smoke, loss of power, or hard starting.
100-1	Engine Oil Rifle Pressure-Data Valid but Below Normal Operational Range-Most Severe Level. Oil pressure signal indicates oil pressure below the engine protection critical limit.	Progressive Engine protection SPEED derate increasing in severity from time of alert. If Engine Protection Shutdown feature is enabled, engine will shut down 30 seconds after stop Indicator starts flashing.
100-2	Engine Oil Rifle Pressure-Data Erratic, Intermittent, or Incorrect. An error in the engine oil pressure switch signal was detected by the ECM.	None on performance.
100-3	Engine Oil Rifle Pressure 1 Sensor Circuit-Voltage Above Normal, or Shorted to High Source. High signal voltage detected at the engine oil pressure circuit.	None on performance.
100-4	Engine Oil Rifle Pressure 1 Sensor Circuit-Voltage Below Normal, or Shorted to Low Source. Low signal voltage detected at engine oil pressure circuit.	None on performance.

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

Fault Code (Dr. ZX)	Fault Description (Reason)	Fault Effect
100-18	Engine Oil Rifle Pressure-Data Valid but Below Normal Operational Range-Moderately Severe Level.	Engine protection TORQUE derate.
102-2	Intake Manifold 1 Pressure-Data Erratic, Intermittent, or Incorrect. The ECM has detected an intake manifold pressure signal that is too high or low for current engine operating conditions.	Engine power derate.
102-3	Intake Manifold 1 Pressure Sensor Circuit-Voltage Above Normal, or Shorted to High Source. High signal voltage detected at the intake manifold pressure circuit.	Engine power derate.
102-4	Intake Manifold 1 Pressure Sensor Circuit-Voltage Below Normal, or Shorted to Low Source. Low signal voltage or open circuit detected at the intake manifold pressure circuit.	Engine power derate.
102-16	Intake Manifold 1 Pressure-Data Valid but Above Normal Operational Range-Moderately Severe Level. Intake manifold pressure has exceeded the maximum limit for the given engine rating.	Engine power derate.
103-10	Turbocharger 1 Speed-Abnormal Rate of Change. The turbocharger speed sensor has detected an erroneous speed value.	Engine power derate.
103-16	Turbocharger 1 Speed-Data Valid but Above Normal Operational Range-Moderately Severe Level. High turbocharger speed has been detected.	Engine power derate. The ECM uses an estimated turbocharger speed.
103-18	Turbocharger 1 Speed-Data Valid but Below Normal Operational Range-Moderately Severe Level. Low turbocharger speed detected by the ECM.	Engine power derate. The ECM uses an estimated turbocharger speed.

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

Fault Code (Dr. ZX)	Fault Description (Reason)	Fault Effect
105-0	Intake Manifold 1 Temperature-Data Valid but Above Normal Operational Range-Most Severe Level. Intake manifold air temperature signal indicates intake manifold air temperature above engine protection critical limit.	Progressive Engine protection SPEED derate increasing in severity from time of alert. If Engine Protection Shutdown feature is enabled, engine will shut down 30 seconds after stop Indicator starts flashing.
105-3	Intake Manifold 1 Temperature Sensor Circuit-Voltage Above Normal, or Shorted to High Source. High signal voltage detected at intake manifold air temperature circuit.	Possible white smoke. Fan will stay ON if controlled by ECM. No engine protection for intake manifold air temperature.
105-4	Intake Manifold 1 Temperature Sensor Circuit-Voltage Below Normal, or Shorted to Low Source. Low signal voltage detected at intake manifold air temperature circuit.	Possible white smoke. Fan will stay ON if controlled by ECM. No engine protection for intake manifold air temperature.
105-16	Intake Manifold 1 Temperature-Data Valid but Above Normal Operational Range-Moderately Severe Level. Intake manifold air temperature signal indicates intake manifold air temperature is above the engine protection warning limit.	Progressive Engine protection TORQUE derate increasing in severity from time of alert.
108-3	Barometric Pressure Sensor Circuit-Voltage Above Normal, or Shorted to High Source. High signal voltage detected at barometric pressure circuit.	Engine power derate.
108-4	Barometric Pressure Sensor Circuit-Voltage Below Normal, or Shorted to Low Source. Low signal voltage detected at barometric pressure circuit.	Engine power derate.
110-0	Engine Coolant Temperature-Data Valid but Above Normal Operational Range-Most Severe Level. Engine coolant temperature signal indicates engine coolant temperature above engine protection critical limit.	Progressive Engine protection SPEED derate increasing in severity from time of alert. If Engine Protection Shutdown feature is enabled, engine will shut down 30 seconds after stop Indicator starts flashing.

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

Fault Code (Dr. ZX)	Fault Description (Reason)	Fault Effect
110-2	Engine Coolant Temperature-Data Erratic, Intermittent, or Incorrect. The engine coolant temperature reading is not changing with engine operating conditions.	The ECM will estimate engine coolant temperature.
110-3	Engine Coolant Temperature 1 Sensor Circuit-Voltage Above Normal, or Shorted to High Source. High signal voltage or open circuit detected at engine coolant temperature circuit.	Possible white smoke. Fan will stay ON if controlled by ECM. No engine protection for engine coolant temperature.
110-4	Engine Coolant Temperature 1 Sensor Circuit-Voltage Below Normal, or Shorted to Low Source. Low signal voltage detected at engine coolant temperature circuit.	Possible white smoke. Fan will stay ON if controlled by ECM. No engine protection for engine coolant temperature.
110-16	Engine Coolant Temperature-Data Valid but Above Normal Operational Range-Moderately Severe Level. Engine coolant temperature signal indicates engine coolant temperature is above engine protection warning limit.	Progressive Engine protection TORQUE derate increasing in severity from time of alert.
111-1	Coolant Level-Data Valid but Below Normal Operational Range-Most Severe Level. Low engine coolant level detected.	Progressive Engine protection derate increasing in severity from time of alert. If Engine Protection Shutdown feature is enabled, engine will shut down 30 seconds after stop Indicator starts flashing.
111-3	Coolant Level Sensor 1 Circuit-Voltage Above Normal, or Shorted to High Source. High signal voltage detected at engine coolant level circuit.	None on performance.
111-4	Coolant Level Sensor 1 Circuit-Voltage Below Normal, or Shorted to Low Source. Low signal voltage detected at engine coolant level circuit.	None on performance.

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

Fault Code (Dr. ZX)	Fault Description (Reason)	Fault Effect
111-18	Coolant Level-Data Valid but Below Normal Operational Range-Moderately Severe Level. Low coolant level has been detected.	None on performance.
157-0	Injector Metering Rail 1 Pressure-Data Valid but Above Normal Operational Range-Most Severe Level.	None or possible engine noise associated with higher injection pressures (especially at idle or light load). Engine power is reduced.
157-1	Injector Metering Rail 1 Pressure-Data Valid but Below Normal Operational Range-Most Severe Level. The ECM has detected that fuel pressure is lower than commanded pressure.	Possibly hard to start, low power, or engine smoke.
157-2	Injector Metering Rail 1 Pressure-Data Erratic, Intermittent, or Incorrect. The ECM has detected that the fuel pressure signal is not changing.	Possibly hard to start, low power, or engine smoke.
157-3	Injector Metering Rail 1 Pressure Sensor Circuit-Voltage Above Normal, or Shorted to High Source. High signal voltage detected at the rail fuel pressure sensor circuit.	Power and or speed derate.
157-4	Injector Metering Rail 1 Pressure Sensor Circuit-Voltage Below Normal, or Shorted to Low Source. Low signal voltage detected at the rail fuel pressure sensor circuit.	Power and or speed derate.
157-16	Injector Metering Rail 1 Pressure-Data Valid but Above Normal Operational Range-Moderately Severe Level. The ECM has detected that fuel pressure is higher than commanded pressure.	None or possible engine noise associated with higher injection pressures (especially at idle or light load). Engine power is reduced.

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

Fault Code (Dr. ZX)	Fault Description (Reason)	Fault Effect
157-18	Injector Metering Rail 1 Pressure-Data Valid but Below Normal Operational Range-Moderately Severe Level. The ECM has detected that fuel pressure is lower than commanded pressure.	Possibly hard to start, low power, or engine smoke.
168-16	Battery 1 Voltage-Data Valid but Above Normal Operational Range-Moderately Severe Level. ECM supply voltage is above the maximum system voltage level.	Possible electrical damage to all electrical components.
168-18	Battery 1 Voltage-Data Valid but Below Normal Operational Range-Moderately Severe Level. ECM supply voltage is below the minimum system voltage level.	Engine may stop running or be difficult to start.
190-0	Engine Crankshaft Speed/Position-Data Valid but Above Normal Operational Range-Most Severe Level. Engine speed signal indicates engine speed above engine protection limit.	Fuel injection disabled until engine speed falls below the overspeed limit.
190-2	Engine Crankshaft Speed/Position-Data Erratic, Intermittent, or Incorrect. Loss of signal from crankshaft sensor.	Engine can run rough. Possibly poor starting capability. Engine runs using backup speed sensor. Engine power is reduced.
190-2	Engine Crankshaft Speed/Position-Data Erratic, Intermittent, or Incorrect. Crankshaft engine speed sensor intermittent synchronization.	Possible low power.
251-2	Real Time Clock Power Interrupt-Data Erratic, Intermittent, or Incorrect. Real Time Clock lost power.	None on performance. Data in the ECM will not have accurate time and date information.



## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

Fault Code (Dr. ZX)	Fault Description (Reason)	Fault Effect
441-3	Auxiliary Temperature Sensor Input 1 Circuit-Voltage Above Normal, or Shorted to High Source. High signal voltage or open circuit detected at the OEM auxiliary temperature circuit.	None on performance.
441-4	Auxiliary Temperature Sensor Input 1 Circuit-Voltage Below Normal, or Shorted to Low Source. Low signal voltage detected at the OEM auxiliary temperature circuit.	None on performance.
441-14	Auxiliary Temperature Sensor Input 1-Special Instructions.	Possible engine power derate.
558-2	Accelerator Pedal or Lever Idle Validation Switch-Data Erratic, Intermittent, or Incorrect. Voltage detected simultaneously on both idle validation and off-idle validation switches.	Engine will only idle.
558-13	Accelerator Pedal or Lever Idle Validation Circuit-Out of Calibration. Voltage at idle validation on-idle and off-idle circuit does not match accelerator pedal position.	Engine will only idle.
611-2	Auxiliary Intermediate (PTO) Speed Switch Validation-Data Erratic, Intermittent, or Incorrect.	None on performance.
611-31	Electronic Control Module data lost-Condition Exists. Severe loss of data from the ECM.	Possible no noticeable performance effects, engine dying, or hard starting.
612-2	Engine Magnetic Crankshaft Speed/Position lost both of two signals-Data Erratic, Intermittent, or Incorrect. The ECM has detected that the primary engine speed sensor and the backup engine speed sensor signals are reversed.	Fueling to injectors is disabled and the engine can not be started.

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

Fault Code (Dr. ZX)	Fault Description (Reason)	Fault Effect
625-2	OEM Datalink Cannot Transmit-Data Erratic, Intermittent, or Incorrect. Communications within the OEM datalink network is intermittent.	None on performance
627-2	Power Supply Lost With Ignition On-Data Erratic, Intermittent, or Incorrect. Supply voltage to the ECM fell below 6.2 volts momentarily, or the ECM was not allowed to power down correctly (retain battery voltage for 30 seconds after key OFF).	Possible no noticeable performance effects or engine dying or hard starting. Fault information, trip information, and maintenance monitor data may be inaccurate.
627-12	Injector Power Supply-Bad Intelligent Device or Component. The ECM measured injector boost voltage is low.	Possible smoke, low power, engine misfire, and/or engine will not start.
629-12	Engine Control Module Critical Internal Failure-Bad Intelligent Device or Component. Error internal to the ECM related to memory hardware failures or internal ECM voltage supply circuits.	Possible no noticeable performance effects, engine dying, or hard starting.
629-12	Engine Control Module Warning internal hardware failure-Bad Intelligent Device or Component. Internal ECM failure.	No performance effects or possible severe power derate.
630-13	Electronic Calibration Code Incompatibility-Out of Calibration. An incompatible calibration has been detected in the ECM.	Possible no noticeable performance effects, engine dying, or hard starting.
633-31	Electronic Fuel Injection Control Valve Circuit-Condition Exists. Fuel pump actuator circuit resistance too high or too low.	Engine may exhibit misfire as control switches from the primary to the backup speed sensor. Engine power is reduced while the engine operates on the backup speed sensor.

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

Fault Code (Dr. ZX)	Fault Description (Reason)	Fault Effect
639-9	SAE J1939 Multiplexing PGN Timeout Error-Abnormal Update Rate. The ECM expected information from a multiplexed device but did not receive it soon enough or did not receive it at all.	At least one multiplexed device will not operate properly.
639-13	SAE J1939 Multiplexing Configuration Error-Out of Calibration. The ECM expected information from a multiplexed device but only received a portion of the necessary information.	At least one multiplexed device will not operate properly.
640-14	Auxiliary Commanded Dual Output Shutdown-Special Instructions.	Engine is shutdown if Dual Output based shutdown is enabled
641-3	VGT Actuator Driver Circuit-Voltage Above Normal, or Shorted to High Source. Open circuit or high voltage detected at turbocharger control valve circuit.	Variable geometry turbocharger may be in either the open or closed position.
641-4	VGT Actuator Driver Circuit-Voltage Below Normal, or Shorted to Low Source. Low voltage detected at turbocharger control valve circuit.	Variable geometry turbocharger may be in either the open or closed position.
644-2	External Speed Command Input (Multiple Unit Synchronization)-Data Erratic, Intermittent, or Incorrect. Communication between multiple engines may be intermittent.	Synchronisation is lost
647-3	Fan Control Circuit-Voltage Above Normal, or Shorted to High Source. Open circuit or high voltage detected at the fan control circuit.	The fan may stay on continuously or not run at all.
647-4	Fan Control Circuit-Voltage Below Normal, or Shorted to Low Source. Low signal voltage detected at the fan control circuit when commanded on.	The fan may stay on continuously or not run at all.

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

Fault Code (Dr. ZX)	Fault Description (Reason)	Fault Effect
651-5	Injector Solenoid Driver Cylinder 1 Circuit-Current Below Normal, or Open Circuit. High resistance detected on injector Number 1 circuit or no current detected at Number 1 Injector driver or return pin when the voltage supply at the harness is on.	Engine can possibly misfire or run rough.
652-5	Injector Solenoid Driver Cylinder 2 Circuit-Current Below Normal, or Open Circuit. High resistance detected on injector Number 2 circuit or no current detected at Number 2 injector driver or return pin when the voltage supply at the harness is on.	Engine can possibly misfire or run rough.
653-5	Injector Solenoid Driver Cylinder 3 Circuit-Current Below Normal, or Open Circuit. High resistance detected on injector Number 3 circuit or no current detected at Number 3 injector driver or return pin when the voltage supply at the harness is on.	Engine can possibly misfire or run rough.
654-5	Injector Solenoid Driver Cylinder 4 Circuit-Current Below Normal, or Open Circuit. High resistance detected on injector Number 4 circuit or no current detected at Number 4 injector driver or return pin when the voltage supply at the harness is on.	Engine can possibly misfire or run rough.
655-5	Injector Solenoid Driver Cylinder 5 Circuit-Current Below Normal, or Open Circuit. High resistance detected on injector Number 5 circuit or no current detected at Number 5 injector driver or return pin when the voltage supply at the harness is on.	Engine can possibly misfire or run rough.

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

Fault Code (Dr. ZX)	Fault Description (Reason)	Fault Effect
656-5	Injector Solenoid Driver Cylinder 6 Circuit-Current Below Normal, or Open Circuit. High resistance detected on injector Number 6 circuit or no current detected at Number 6 injector driver or return pin when the voltage supply at the harness is on.	Engine can possibly misfire or run rough.
677-3	Starter Relay Driver Circuit-Voltage Above Normal, or Shorted to High Source. Open circuit or high voltage detected at starter lockout circuit.	Either the engine will not start or the engine will not have starter lockout protection.
677-4	Starter Relay Driver Circuit-Voltage Below Normal, or Shorted to Low Source. Low voltage detected at starter lockout circuit.	The engine will not have starter lockout protection.
697-3	Auxiliary PWM Driver 1 Circuit-Voltage Above Normal, or Shorted to High Source. High signal voltage detected at the analog torque circuit.	Cannot control transmission.
697-4	Auxiliary PWM Driver 1 Circuit-Voltage Below Normal, or Shorted to Low Source. Low signal voltage detected at the analog torque circuit.	Cannot control transmission.
702-3	Auxiliary Input/Output 2 Circuit-Voltage Above Normal, or Shorted to High Source. High signal voltage or open circuit has been detected at the auxiliary input/output 2 circuit.	None on performance.
703-3	Auxiliary Input/Output 3 Circuit-Voltage Above Normal, or Shorted to High Source. Low signal voltage has been detected at the auxiliary input/output 2 circuit.	None on performance.
723-2	Engine Camshaft Speed / Position Sensor-Data Erratic, Intermittent, or Incorrect. The ECM has detected an error in the camshaft position sensor signal.	Possible poor starting. Engine power derate.

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

Fault Code (Dr. ZX)	Fault Description (Reason)	Fault Effect
723-2	Engine Camshaft Speed / Position Sensor-Data Erratic, Intermittent, or Incorrect. Camshaft engine speed sensor intermittent synchronization.	Possible low power.
723-7	Engine Speed / Position Camshaft and Crankshaft Misalignment-Mechanical System Not Responding Properly or Out of Adjustment. Mechanical misalignment between the crankshaft and camshaft engine speed sensors.	Engine will run derated. Excessive black smoke, hard start, and rough idle possible.
723-11	Auxiliary Equipment Sensor Input 3-Root Cause Not Known.	Possible engine power derate.
729-3	Intake Air Heater 1 Circuit-Voltage Above Normal, or Shorted to High Source. High voltage detected at the intake air heater signal circuit.	The intake air heaters may be ON or OFF all the time.
729-4	Intake Air Heater 1 Circuit-Voltage Below Normal, or Shorted to Low Source. Low voltage detected at the intake air heater signal circuit.	The intake air heaters may be ON or OFF all the time.
974-3	Remote Accelerator Pedal or Lever Position Sensor 1 Circuit-Voltage Above Normal, or Shorted to High Source. High voltage detected at remote accelerator pedal position circuit.	Remote accelerator will not operate. Remote accelerator position will be set to zero percent.
974-4	Remote Accelerator Pedal or Lever Position Sensor 1 Circuit-Voltage Below Normal, or Shorted to Low Source. Low voltage detected at remote accelerator pedal position signal circuit.	Remote accelerator will not operate. Remote accelerator position will be set to zero percent.
974-19	SAE J1939 Multiplexing Remote Accelerator Pedal or Lever Position Sensor Circuit-Received Network Data In Error. The OEM vehicle electronic control unit (VECU) detected a fault with the remote accelerator.	The engine will not respond to the remote throttle. Engine may only idle. The primary or cab accelerator may be able to be used.

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

Fault Code (Dr. ZX)	Fault Description (Reason)	Fault Effect
1075-3	Electric Lift Pump for Engine Fuel Supply Circuit-Voltage Above Normal, or Shorted to High Source. High voltage or open detected at the fuel lift pump signal circuit.	Engine may be difficult to start.
1075-4	Electric Lift Pump for Engine Fuel Supply Circuit-Voltage Below Normal, or Shorted to Low Source. Low signal voltage detected at the fuel lift pump circuit.	Engine may be difficult to start.
1172-3	Turbocharger 1 Compressor Inlet Temperature Circuit-Voltage Above Normal, or Shorted to High Source. High signal voltage detected at turbocharger compressor inlet air temperature circuit.	Engine power derate.
1172-4	Turbocharger 1 Compressor Inlet Temperature Circuit-Voltage Below Normal, or Shorted to Low Source. Low signal voltage detected at turbocharger compressor inlet air tempera	Engine power derate.
1347-3	Fuel Pump Pressurizing Assembly 1 Circuit-Voltage Above Normal, or Shorted to High Source. High signal voltage or open circuit detected at the fuel pump actuator circuit.	Engine will not run or engine will run poorly.
1347-4	Fuel Pump Pressurizing Assembly 1 Circuit-Voltage Below Normal, or Shorted to Low Source. Low signal voltage detected at the fuel pump actuator circuit.	Engine will run poorly at idle. Engine will have low power. Fuel pressure will be higher than commanded.
1347-7	Fuel Pump Pressurizing Assembly 1-Mechanical System Not Responding Properly or Out of Adjustment.	Engine will not run or possible low power.

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

Fault Code (Dr. ZX)	Fault Description (Reason)	Fault Effect
1377-2	Multiple Unit Synchronization Switch-Data Erratic, Intermittent, or Incorrect.	None on performance.
1388-3	Auxiliary Pressure Sensor Input 1 Circuit-Voltage Above Normal, or Shorted to High Source. High signal voltage detected at the OEM pressure circuit.	None on performance.
1388-4	Auxiliary Pressure Sensor Input 1 Circuit-Voltage Below Normal, or Shorted to Low Source. Low signal voltage or open circuit detected at the OEM pressure circuit.	None on performance.
1388-14	Auxiliary Pressure Sensor Input 1-Special Instructions.	Possible engine power derate.
2789-15	Turbocharger Turbine Inlet Temperature (Calculated)-Data Valid but Above Normal Operational Range-Least Severe Level. Turbocharger turbine inlet temperature has exceeded the engine protection limit.	Engine power derate.
2789-15	Turbocharger Compressor Outlet Temperature (Calculated)-Data Valid but Above Normal Operational Range-Least Severe Level.	Engine power derate.
3509-3	Sensor Supply 1 Circuit-Voltage Above Normal, or Shorted to High Source. High voltage detected at sensor supply number 1 circuit.	Engine power derate.
3509-4	Sensor Supply 1 Circuit-Voltage Below Normal, or Shorted to Low Source. Low voltage detected at sensor supply number 1 circuit.	Engine power derate.
3510-3	Sensor Supply 2 Circuit-Voltage Above Normal, or Shorted to High Source. High voltage detected at sensor supply number 2 circuit.	Engine power derate.



## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

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Fault Code (Dr. ZX)	Fault Description (Reason)	Fault Effect
3510-4	Sensor Supply 2 Circuit-Voltage Below Normal, or Shorted to Low Source. Low voltage detected at the sensor supply number 2 circuit.	Engine power derate.
3512-3	Sensor Supply 4 Circuit-Voltage Above Normal, or Shorted to High Source. High voltage detected at +5 volt sensor supply circuit to the accelerator pedal position sensor.	Engine will only idle.
3512-4	Sensor Supply 4 Circuit-Voltage Below Normal, or Shorted to Low Source. Low voltage detected at +5 volt sensor supply circuit to the accelerator pedal position sensor.	Engine will only idle.
3611-4	Sensor Supply 3 Circuit-Voltage Below Normal, or Shorted to Low Source. Low voltage detected on the +5 volt sensor supply circuit to the engine speed sensor.	Possible hard starting and rough running.

## TROUBLESHOOTING/ Troubleshooting A

### ICF FAULT CODE LIST

Fault Code	Trouble	Cause
14000-2	Abnormal CAN Communication	Data cannot be received due to the noise on the CAN bus line.
14001-2	ICF: Flash Memory: Read / Write Error	The internal memory is abnormal when the key is turned ON.
14002-2	ICF: External RAM: Read / Write Error	The internal memory is abnormal when the key is turned ON.
14003-2	ICF: EEPROM: Sum Check Error	The internal memory is abnormal when the key is turned ON.
14006-2	ICF: Satellite Communication Terminal: Communication Error	Communication to the satellite terminal cannot be done over 30 seconds.
14008-2	ICF: Abnormal Internal RAM	The internal memory is abnormal when the key is turned ON.

## TROUBLESHOOTING/ Troubleshooting A

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### Remedy

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If trouble is not resolved after retrial B, check the CAN communication bus line.

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After initializing the information C/U by using Dr. ZX, retry in the troubleshooting.

If the error code is displayed after retrial, ICF may be broken.

Replace ICF.


 *NOTE: When initialising the information C/U, all stored data is deleted.*

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After initializing the information C/U by using Dr. ZX, retry in the troubleshooting.

If the error code is displayed after retrial, ICF may be broken.

Replace ICF.

 *NOTE: When initialising the information C/U, all stored data is deleted.*

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If trouble is not resolved after retrial B, ICF may be broken. Replace ICF.

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Check the items below.

1. Retrial B.
  2. Check if the communication line is abnormal.
  3. Check if the electrical power source of communication terminal is abnormal.
    - Electrical power source
    - Fuses
  3. Check if the satellite terminal is broken.
- 

Retry in the troubleshooting by using Dr.ZX.

If the error code is displayed after retrial, ICF may be broken. Replace ICF.

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## TROUBLESHOOTING/ Troubleshooting A

### SATELLITE TERMINAL FAULT CODE LIST

Fault Code	Trouble	Cause
14100-2	Satellite Communication Terminal: Abnormal EEPROM	The internal memory is abnormal.
14101-2	Satellite Communication Terminal: Abnormal IB/OB Queue	The internal memory is abnormal.
14102-2	Satellite Communication Terminal: Abnormal Local Loop Back	The data cannot be received from the satellite terminal.
14103-2	Satellite Communication Terminal: The satellite cannot be found.	The satellite terminal cannot be caught.
14104-2	Satellite Communication Terminal: Remote Loop Back Failure 1	Communication to the satellite terminal base station is impossible.
14105-2	Satellite Communication Terminal: Remote Loop Back Failure 2	Communication to the satellite terminal base station is impossible.
14106-2	Satellite Communication Terminal: The received data is not same with the sent data.	The received data is not same with the sent data.

## TROUBLESHOOTING/ Troubleshooting A

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### Remedy

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Retrial B  
Replace the ICF controller.

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Retrial B  
Replace the ICF controller.

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Retrial B  
Check the communication antenna for the satellite.  
Replace the ICF controller.

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Retrial B  
Check the communication antenna for the satellite.  
Replace the ICF controller.

---

Retrial B  
Replace the ICF controller.

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Retrial B  
Replace the ICF controller.

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Retrial B  
Replace the ICF controller.

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## TROUBLESHOOTING/ Troubleshooting A

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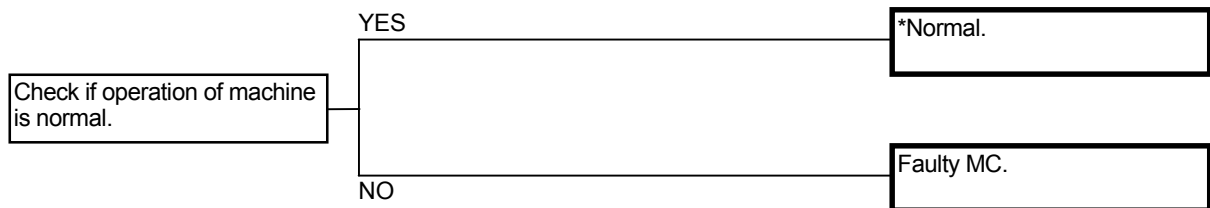
### MONITOR UNIT FAULT CODE LIST

Fault Code	Trouble	Cause
13306-2	Abnormal EEPROM	Failure reading EEPROM occurs.
13308-2	Abnormal CAN Communication	Bus off occurs beyond five times.
13312-2	Abnormal Transmission Oil Temperature Sensor	Shorted ground circuit in the transmission oil temperature sensor.
13314-3	Service Brake Pressure Sensor High Voltage	Voltage at the signal line in the service brake pressure sensor: more than 4.75 V
13314-4	Service Brake Pressure Sensor Low Voltage	Voltage at the signal line in the service brake pressure sensor: less than 0.25

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

### CONTROLLER HARDWARE FAILURE MC FAULT CODES 11000 to 11002

Fault Code	Trouble	Cause	Influenced Control
11000-2	Abnormal EEPROM	Faulty MC	All Controls
11001-2	Abnormal RAM	Faulty MC	All Controls
11002-2	Abnormal A/D Conversion	Faulty MC	All Controls

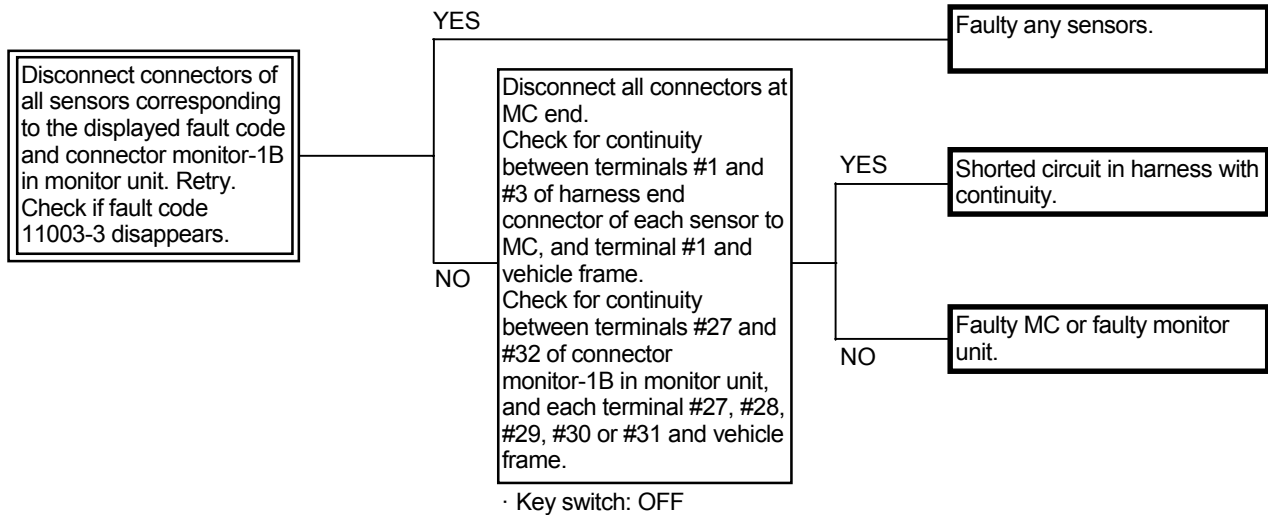


\* When the fault code is displayed after retrieval and If operation of the engine or the machine is normal, the machine can be operated.

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

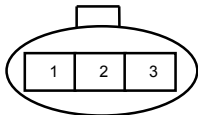
## MC FAULT CODE 11003

Fault Code	Trouble	Cause	Influenced Control
11003-3	Abnormal Sensor Voltage	Shorted circuit in harness Faulty sensor Faulty MC	All Controls

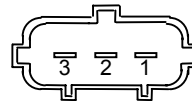


Connector (Harness end of connector viewed from the open end side)

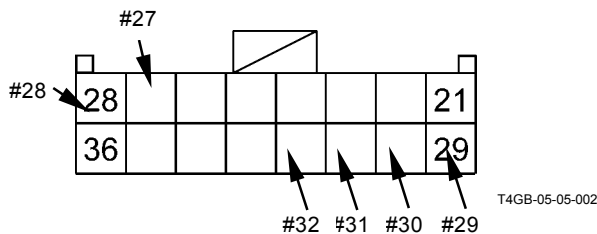
- Parking Brake Pressure Sensor



- Pump Delivery Pressure Sensor



Monitor Unit  
Connector Monitor-1B  
(Harness end)

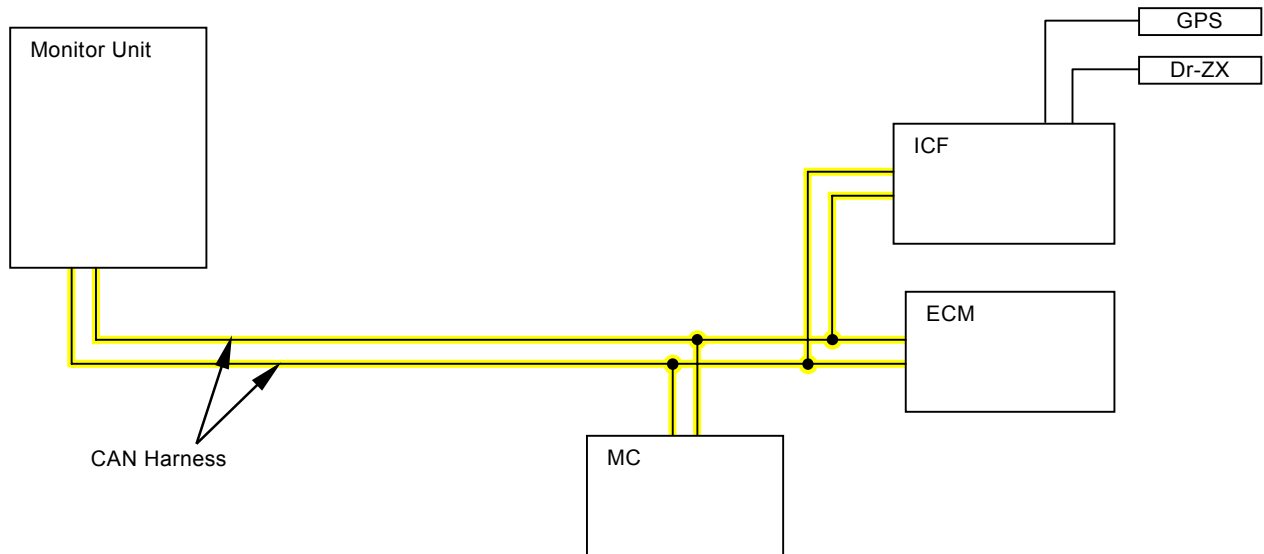




## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

### MC FAULT CODE 11004

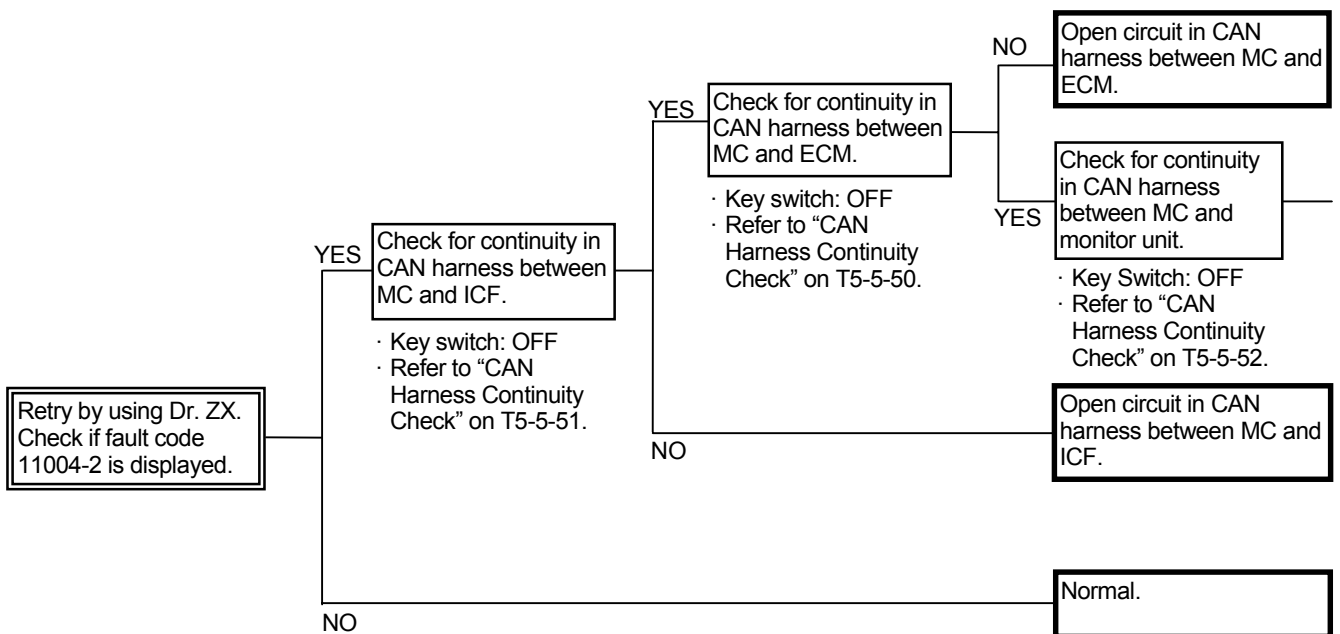
Fault Code	Trouble	Cause	Influenced Control
11004-2	Abnormal CAN Communication	Shorted circuit in harness Faulty MC	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• All Pump Controls</li><li>• All Transmission Controls</li><li>• All Engine Controls</li><li>• Hydraulic Drive Fan Cooling Control</li><li>• Ride Control</li><li>• CAN Cycle Data Communication</li></ul>



## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

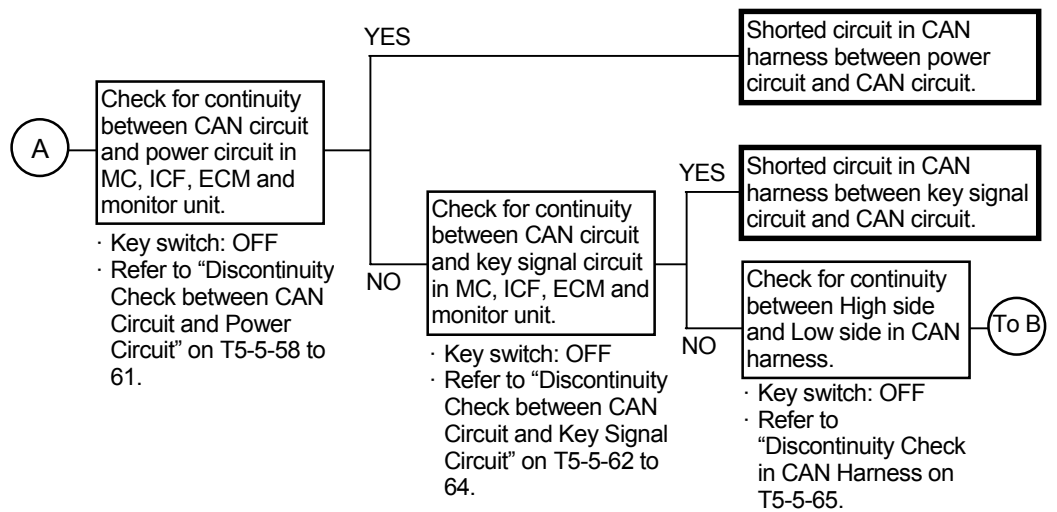
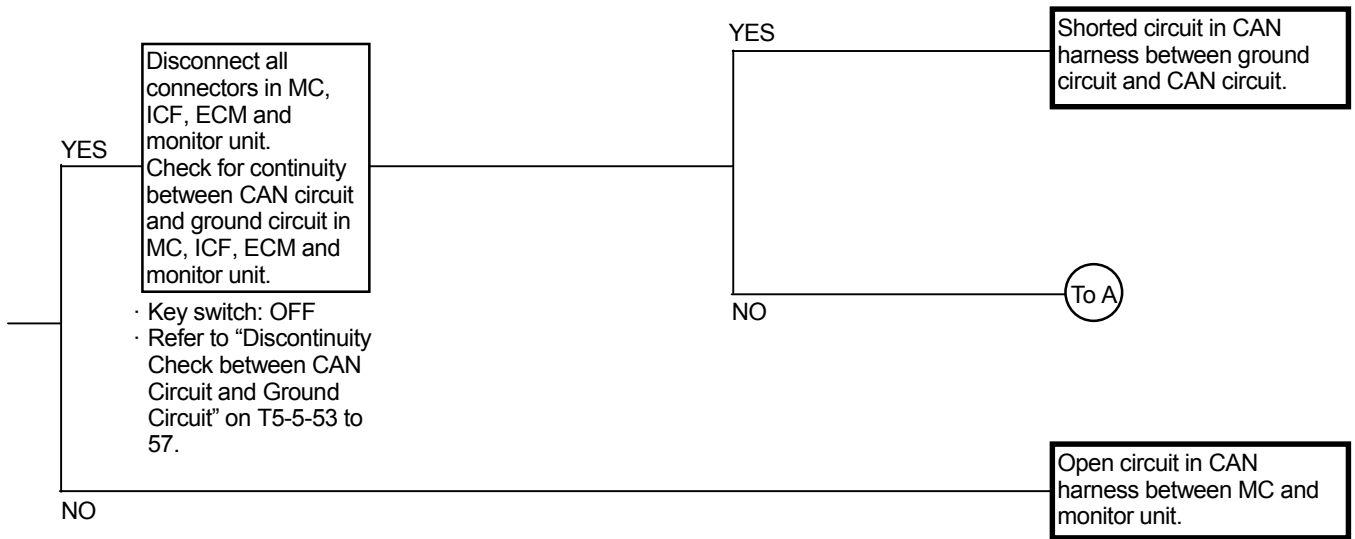
### CAN HARNESS CHECK

- Check the wiring connections first.

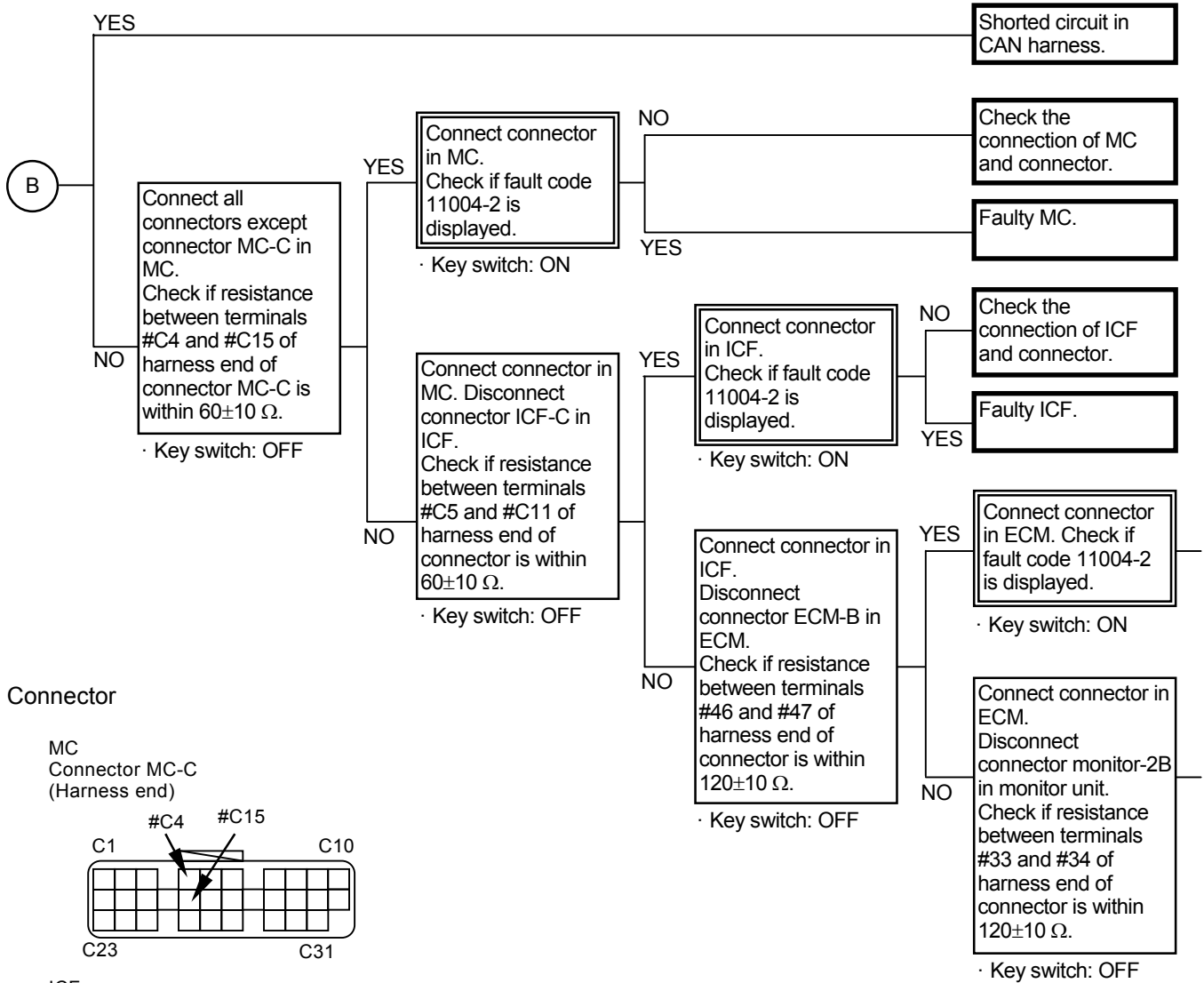


**IMPORTANT:** If the CAN harness is completely opened in circuit, the controller name is not displayed on the diagnosing screen of Dr. ZX (refer to T5-2-4).

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

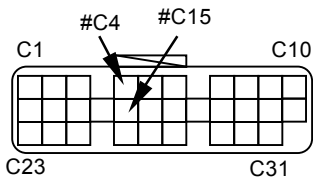


# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

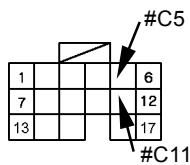


## Connector

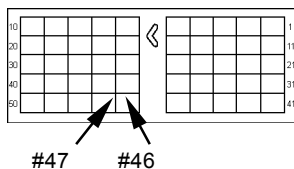
MC  
Connector MC-C  
(Harness end)



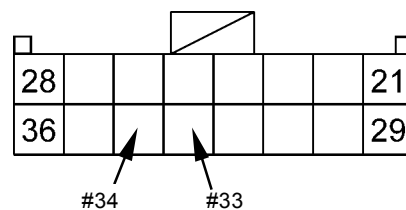
ICF  
Connector ICF-C  
(Harness end)



ECM  
Connector ECM-B  
(Harness end)



Monitor Unit  
Connector Monitor-2B  
(Harness end)



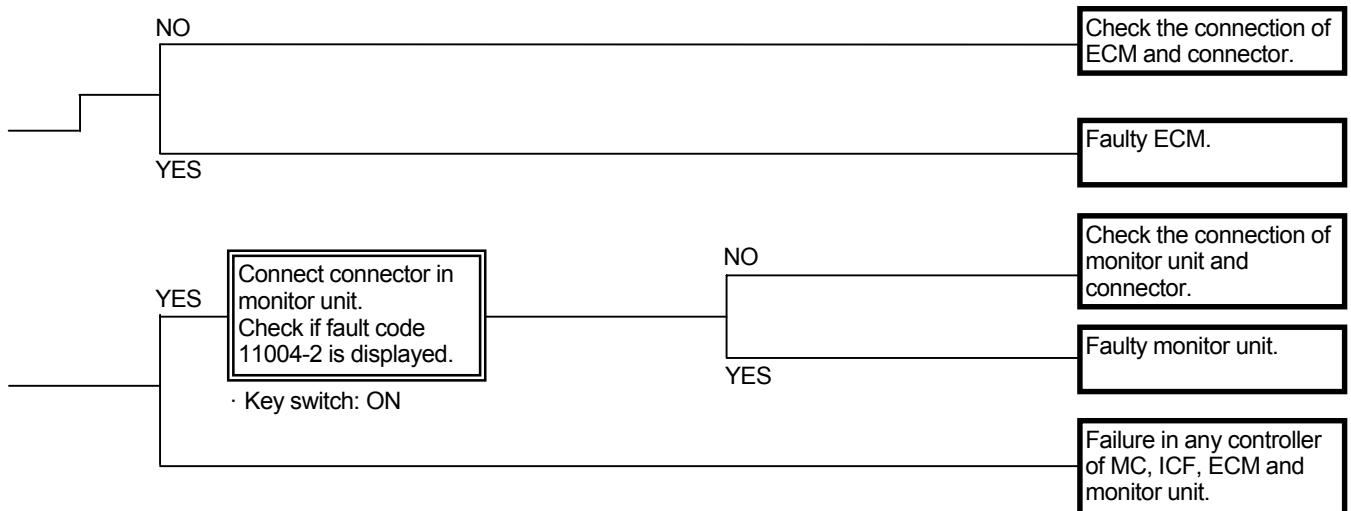
T1V1-05-04-002

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T4GB-05-05-002

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

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# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

## CAN Harness Continuity Check

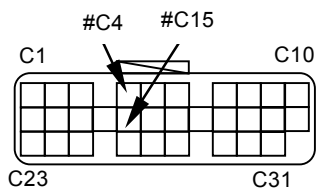
**IMPORTANT: Before continuity check, turn the key switch OFF.**

- Between MC and ECM  
CAN Harness (High Side)  
Check for continuity between terminal #C4 of harness end of connector MC-C in MC and terminal #46 of harness end of connector ECM-B in ECM.

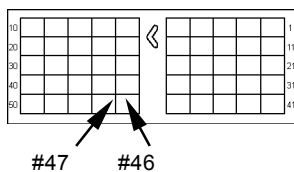
CAN Harness (Low Side)  
Check for continuity between terminal #C15 of harness end of connector MC-C in MC and terminal #47 of harness end of connector ECM-B in ECM.

### Connector

MC  
Connector MC-C  
(Harness end)



ECM  
Connector ECM-B  
(Harness end)



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## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

---

- Between MC and ICF

CAN Harness (High Side)

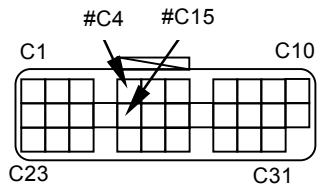
Check for continuity between terminal #C4 of harness end of connector MC-C in MC and terminal #C5 of harness end of connector ICF-C in ICF.

CAN Harness (Low Side)

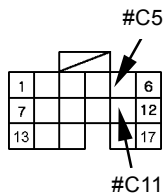
Check for continuity between terminal #C15 of harness end of connector MC-C in MC and terminal #C11 of harness end of connector ICF-C in ICF.

### Connector

MC  
Connector MC-C  
(Harness end)



ICF  
Connector ICF-C  
(Harness end)



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## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

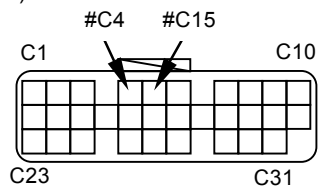
---

- Between MC and Monitor Unit  
CAN Harness (High Side)  
Check for continuity between terminal #C4 of harness end of connector MC-C in MC and terminal #33 of harness end of connector monitor-2B in the monitor unit.

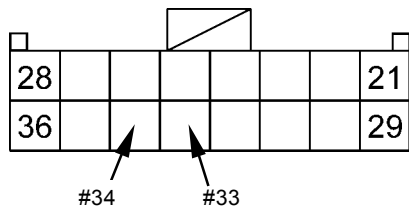
CAN Harness (Low Side)  
Check for continuity between terminal #C15 of harness end of connector MC-C in MC and terminal #34 of harness end of connector monitor-2B in the monitor unit.

### Connector

MC  
Connector MC-C  
(Harness end)



Monitor Unit  
Connector Monitor-2B  
(Harness end)



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## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

### Discontinuity Check between CAN Circuit and Ground Circuit

**IMPORTANT: Before continuity check, turn the key switch OFF.**

- In case of continuity, the circuit between CAN circuit and ground circuit is shorted.
- In case of discontinuity, the circuit is normal.

• MC

Between CAN Circuit (High Side) and Ground Circuit

Check for continuity between terminal #C4 of harness end of connector MC-C and terminal #A2 of harness end of connector MC-A.

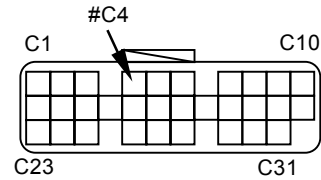
Check for continuity between terminal #C4 of harness end of connector MC-C and terminal #A13 of harness end of connector MC-A.

Check for continuity between terminal #C4 of harness end of connector MC-C and terminal #B8 of harness end of connector MC-B.

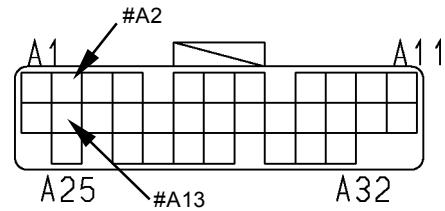
Check for continuity between terminal #C4 of harness end of connector MC-C and terminal #B18 of harness end of connector MC-B.

#### Connector

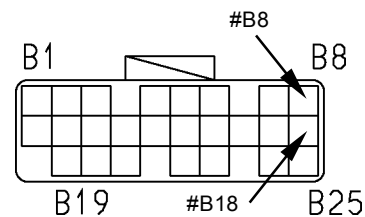
MC  
Connector MC-C  
(Harness end)



MC  
Connector MC-A  
(Harness end)



MC  
Connector MC-B  
(Harness end)



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## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

Between CAN Circuit (Low Side) and Ground Circuit

Check for continuity between terminal #C15 of harness end of connector MC-C and terminal #A2 of harness end of connector MC-A.

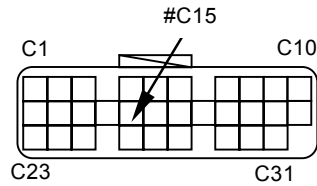
Check for continuity between terminal #C15 of harness end of connector MC-C and terminal #A13 of harness end of connector MC-A.

Check for continuity between terminal #C15 of harness end of connector MC-C and terminal #B8 of harness end of connector MC-B.

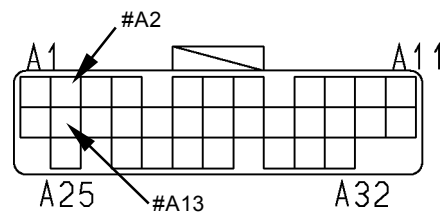
Check for continuity between terminal #C15 of harness end of connector MC-C and terminal #B18 of harness end of connector MC-B.

Connector

MC  
Connector MC-C  
(Harness end)

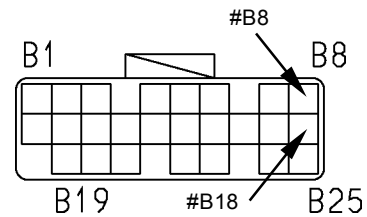


MC  
Connector MC-A  
(Harness end)



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MC  
Connector MC-B  
(Harness end)



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# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

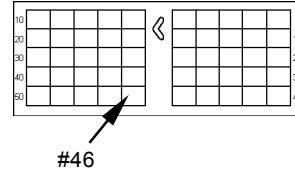
• ECM

Between CAN Circuit (High Side) and Ground Circuit

Check for continuity between terminal #46 of harness end of connector ECM-B and terminal #1 of harness end of connector ECM-A.

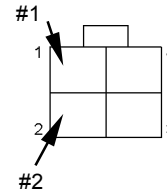
Check for continuity between terminal #46 of harness end of connector ECM-B and terminal #2 of harness end of connector ECM-A.

ECM  
Connector ECM-B  
(Harness end)



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ECM  
Connector ECM-A  
(Harness end)



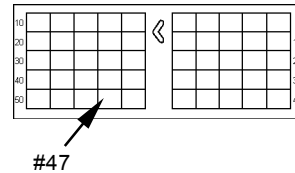
T4GD-05-05-002

Between CAN Circuit (Low Side) and Ground Circuit

Check for continuity between terminal #47 of harness end of connector ECM-B and terminal #1 of harness end of connector ECM-A.

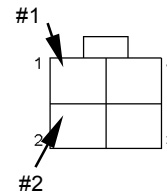
Check for continuity between terminal #47 of harness end of connector ECM-B and terminal #2 of harness end of connector ECM-A.

ECM  
Connector ECM-B  
(Harness end)



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ECM  
Connector ECM-A  
(Harness end)



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## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

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- ICF

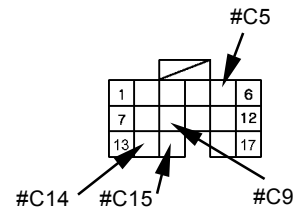
Between CAN Circuit (High Side) and Ground Circuit

Check for continuity between terminals #C5 and #C9 of harness end of connector ICF-C.

Check for continuity between terminals #C5 and #C14 of harness end of connector ICF-C.

Check for continuity between terminals #C5 and #C15 of harness end of connector ICF-C.

ICF  
Connector ICF-C  
(Harness end)



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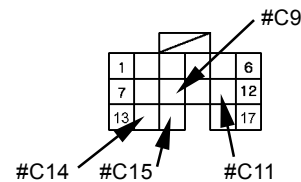
Between CAN Circuit (Low Side) and Ground Circuit

Check for continuity between terminals #C11 and #C9 of harness end of connector ICF-C.

Check for continuity between terminals #C11 and #C14 of harness end of connector ICF-C.

Check for continuity between terminals #C11 and #C15 of harness end of connector ICF-C.

ICF  
Connector ICF-C  
(Harness end)



T1V1-05-04-002

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

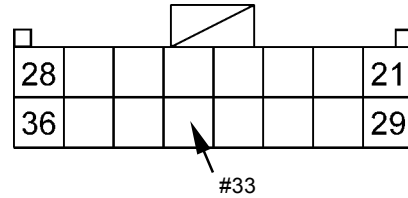
• Monitor Unit

Between CAN Circuit (High Side) and Ground Circuit

Check for continuity between terminal #33 of harness end of connector monitor-2B and terminal #19 of harness end of connector monitor-2A.

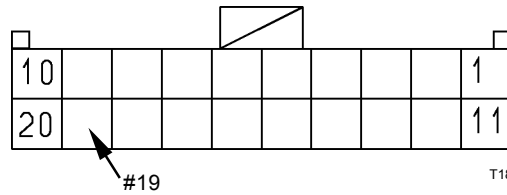
Check for continuity between terminal #33 of harness end of connector monitor-2B and terminal #4 of harness end of connector monitor-1A.

Monitor Unit  
Connector Monitor-2B  
(Harness end)



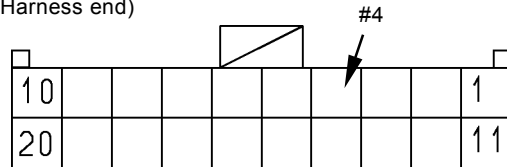
T4GB-05-05-002

Monitor Unit  
Connector Monitor-2A  
(Harness end)



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Monitor Unit  
Connector Monitor-1A  
(Harness end)



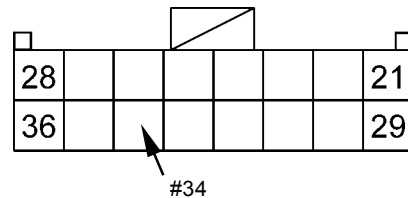
T183-05-04-013

Between CAN Circuit (Low Side) and Ground Circuit

Check for continuity between terminal #34 of harness end of connector monitor-2B and terminal #19 of harness end of connector monitor-2A.

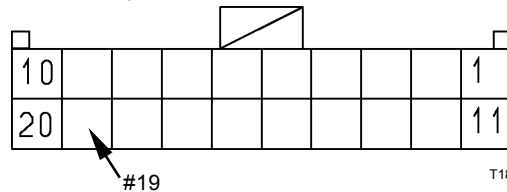
Check for continuity between terminal #34 of harness end of connector monitor-2B and terminal #4 of harness end of connector monitor-1A.

Monitor Unit  
Connector Monitor-2B  
(Harness end)



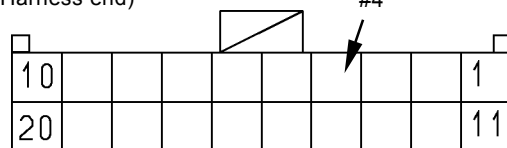
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Monitor Unit  
Connector Monitor-2A  
(Harness end)



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Monitor Unit  
Connector Monitor-1A  
(Harness end)



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## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

### Discontinuity Check between CAN Circuit and Power Circuit

**IMPORTANT: Before continuity check, turn the key switch OFF.**

- In case of continuity, the circuit between CAN circuit and power circuit is shorted.
- In case of discontinuity, the circuit is normal.

• MC

Between CAN Circuit (High Side) and Power Circuit

Check for continuity between terminal #C4 of harness end of connector MC-C and terminal #A1 of harness end of connector MC-A.

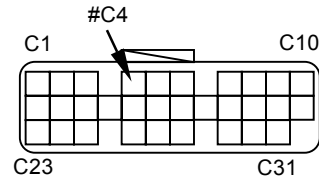
Check for continuity between terminal #C4 of harness end of connector MC-C and terminal #A12 of harness end of connector MC-A.

Check for continuity between terminal #C4 of harness end of connector MC-C and terminal #B7 of harness end of connector MC-B.

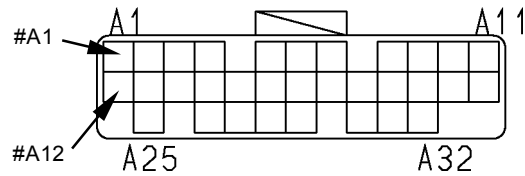
Check for continuity between terminal #C4 of harness end of connector MC-C and terminal #B17 of harness end of connector MC-B.

#### Connector

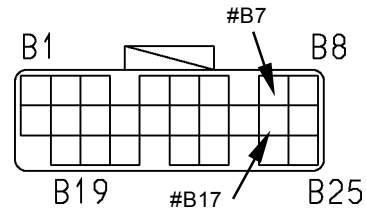
MC  
Connector MC-C  
(Harness end)



MC  
Connector MC-A  
(Harness end)



MC  
Connector MC-B  
(Harness end)



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## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

Between CAN Circuit (Low Side) and Power Circuit

Check for continuity between terminal #C15 of harness end of connector MC-C and terminal #A2 of harness end of connector MC-A.

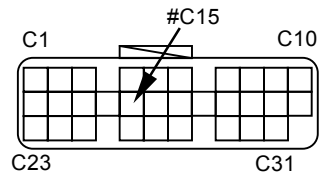
Check for continuity between terminal #C15 of harness end of connector MC-C and terminal #A12 of harness end of connector MC-A.

Check for continuity between terminal #C15 of harness end of connector MC-C and terminal #B7 of harness end of connector MC-B.

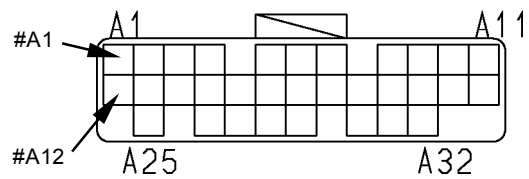
Check for continuity between terminal #C15 of harness end of connector MC-C and terminal #B17 of harness end of connector MC-B.

### Connector

MC  
Connector MC-C  
(Harness end)

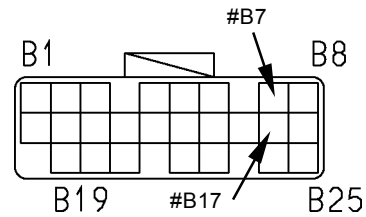


MC  
Connector MC-A  
(Harness end)



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MC  
Connector MC-B  
(Harness end)



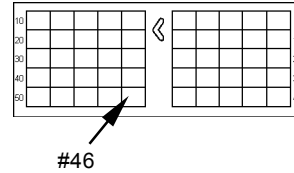
T183-05-04-021

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

• ECM

Check for continuity between terminal #46 of harness end of connector ECM-B and terminal #1 of harness end of connector ECM-A.

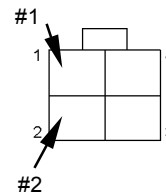
ECM  
Connector ECM-B  
(Harness end)



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Check for continuity between terminal #46 of harness end of connector ECM-B and terminal #2 of harness end of connector ECM-A.

ECM  
Connector ECM-A  
(Harness end)

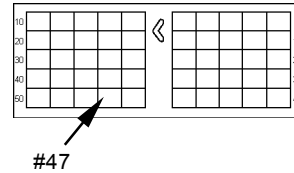


T4GD-05-05-002

Between CAN Circuit (Low Side) and Power Circuit

Check for continuity between terminal #47 of harness end of connector ECM-B and terminal #1 of harness end of connector ECM-A.

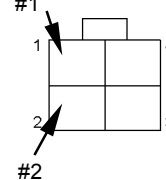
ECM  
Connector ECM-B  
(Harness end)



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Check for continuity between terminal #47 of harness end of connector ECM-B and terminal #2 of harness end of connector ECM-A.

ECM  
Connector ECM-A  
(Harness end)



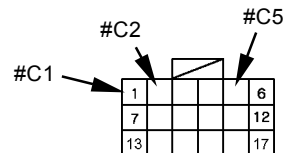
T4GD-05-05-002

• ICF

Between CAN Circuit (High Side) and Power Circuit

Check for continuity between terminals #C5 and #C1 of harness end of connector ICF-C.

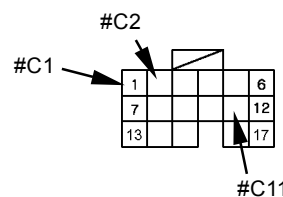
ICF  
Connector ICF-C  
(Harness end)



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Check for continuity between terminals #C5 and #C2 of harness end of connector ICF-C.

ICF  
Connector ICF-C  
(Harness end)



T1V1-05-04-002

Between CAN Circuit (Low Side) and Power Circuit

Check for continuity between terminals #C11 and #C1 of harness end of connector ICF-C.

Check for continuity between terminals #C11 and #C2 of harness end of connector ICF-C.

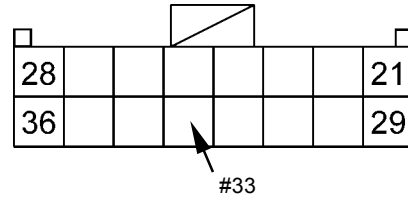


# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

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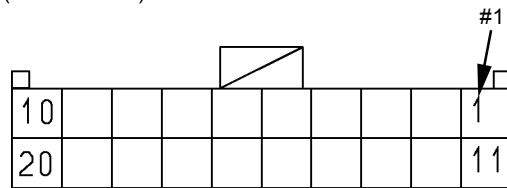
- Monitor Unit  
Between CAN Circuit (High Side) and Power Circuit  
Check for continuity between terminal #33 of harness end of connector monitor-2B and terminal #1 of harness end of connector monitor-1A.

Monitor Unit  
Connector Monitor-2B  
(Harness end)



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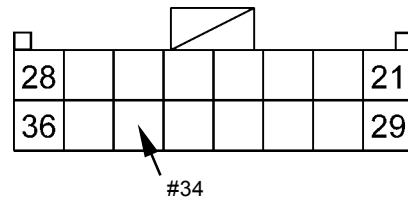
Monitor Unit  
Connector Monitor-1A  
(Harness end)



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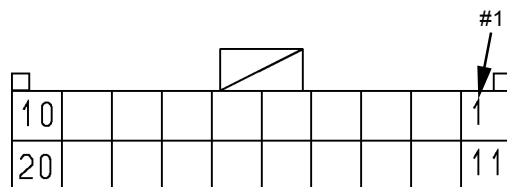
- Between CAN Circuit (Low Side) and Power Circuit  
Check for continuity between terminal #34 of harness end of connector monitor-2B and terminal #1 of harness end of connector monitor-1A.

Monitor Unit  
Connector Monitor-2B  
(Harness end)



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Monitor Unit  
Connector Monitor-1A  
(Harness end)



T183-05-04-013

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

### Discontinuity Check between CAN Circuit and Key Signal Circuit

**IMPORTANT:** Before continuity check, turn the key switch OFF.

- In case of continuity, the circuit between CAN circuit and key signal circuit is shorted.
- In case of discontinuity, the circuit is normal.

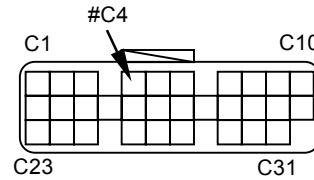
• MC

Between CAN Circuit (High Side) and Key Signal Circuit

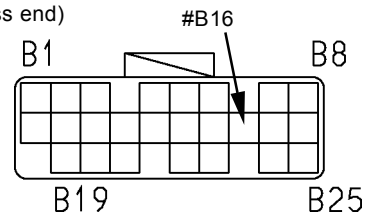
Check for continuity between terminal #C4 of harness end of connector MC-C and terminal #B16 of harness end of connector MC-B.

Connector

MC  
Connector MC-C  
(Harness end)



MC  
Connector MC-B  
(Harness end)



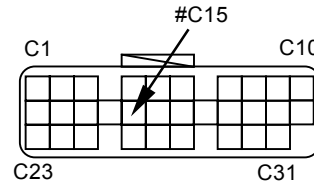
T183-05-04-021

Between CAN Circuit (Low Side) and Key Signal Circuit

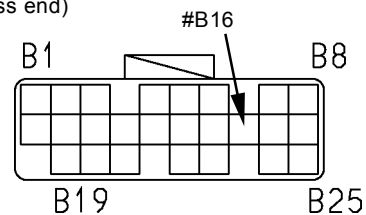
Check for continuity between terminal #C15 of harness end of connector MC-C and terminal #B16 of harness end of connector MC-B.

Connector

MC  
Connector MC-C  
(Harness end)



MC  
Connector MC-B  
(Harness end)



T183-05-04-021

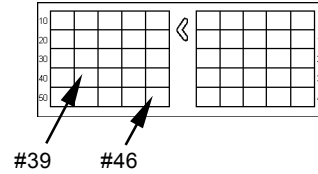
# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

• ECM

Between CAN Circuit (High Side) and Key Signal Circuit

Check for continuity between terminals #46 and #39 of harness end of connector ECM-B.

ECM  
Connector ECM-B  
(Harness end)

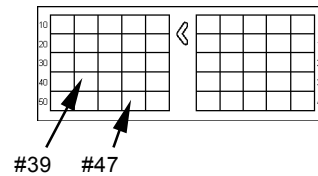


T4GD-05-05-001

Between CAN Circuit (Low Side) and Key Signal Circuit

Check for continuity between terminals #47 and #39 of harness end of connector ECM-B.

ECM  
Connector ECM-B  
(Harness end)



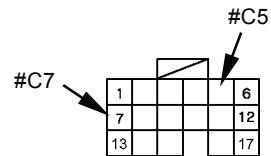
T4GD-05-05-001

• ICF

Between CAN Circuit (High Side) and Key Signal Circuit

Check for continuity between terminals #C5 and #C7 of harness end of connector ICF-C.

ICF  
Connector ICF-C  
(Harness end)

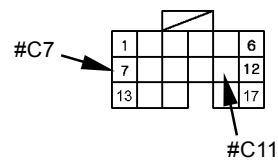


T1V1-05-04-002

Between CAN Circuit (Low Side) and Key Signal Circuit

Check for continuity between terminals #C11 and #C7 of harness end of connector ICF-C.

ICF  
Connector ICF-C  
(Harness end)



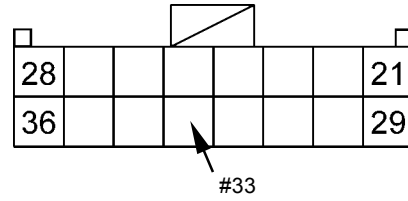
T1V1-05-04-002

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

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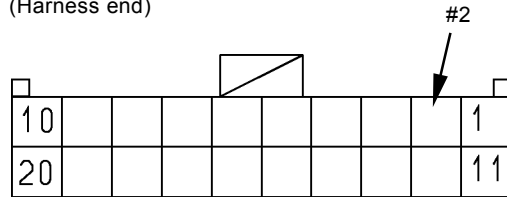
- Monitor Unit  
 Between CAN Circuit (High Side) and Key Signal Circuit  
 Check for continuity between terminal #33 of harness end of connector monitor-2B and terminal #2 of harness end of connector monitor-1A.

Monitor Unit  
 Connector Monitor-2B  
 (Harness end)



T4GB-05-05-002

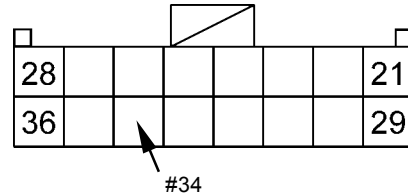
Monitor Unit  
 Connector Monitor-1A  
 (Harness end)



T183-05-04-013

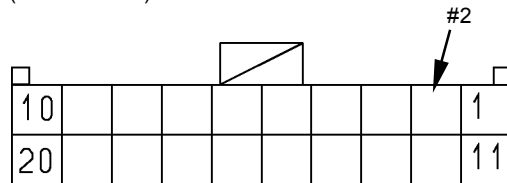
- Between CAN Circuit (Low Side) and Key Signal Circuit  
 Check for continuity between terminal #34 of harness end of connector monitor-2B and terminal #2 of harness end of connector monitor-1A.

Monitor Unit  
 Connector Monitor-2B  
 (Harness end)



T4GB-05-05-002

Monitor Unit  
 Connector Monitor-1A  
 (Harness end)



T183-05-04-013

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

## Discontinuity Check in CAN Harness

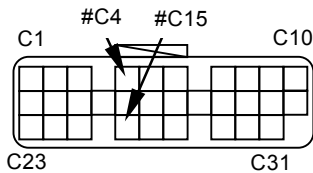
**IMPORTANT: Before continuity check, turn the key switch OFF.**

- In case of continuity, the circuit between CAN (High side) circuit and CAN (Low side) circuit is shorted.
- In case of discontinuity, the circuit is normal.

- Connector MC-C

Check for continuity between terminals #C4 and #C15 of harness end of connector MC-C in MC.

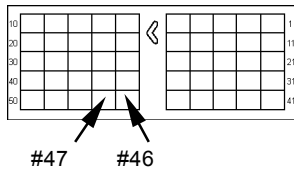
MC  
Connector MC-C  
(Harness end)



- Connector ECM

Check for continuity between terminals #46 and #47 of harness end of connector ECM-B in ECM.

ECM  
Connector ECM-B  
(Harness end)

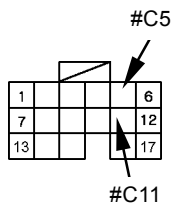


T4GD-05-05-001

- Connector ICF-C

Check for continuity between terminals #C5 and #C11 of harness end of connector ICF-C in ICF.

ICF  
Connector ICF-C  
(Harness end)

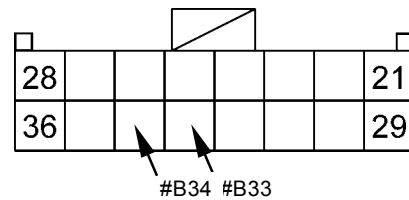


T1V1-05-04-002

- Connector Monitor-2B in Monitor Unit

Check for continuity between terminals #B33 and #B34 of harness end of connector monitor-2B in the monitor unit.

Monitor Unit  
Connector Monitor-2B  
(Harness end)

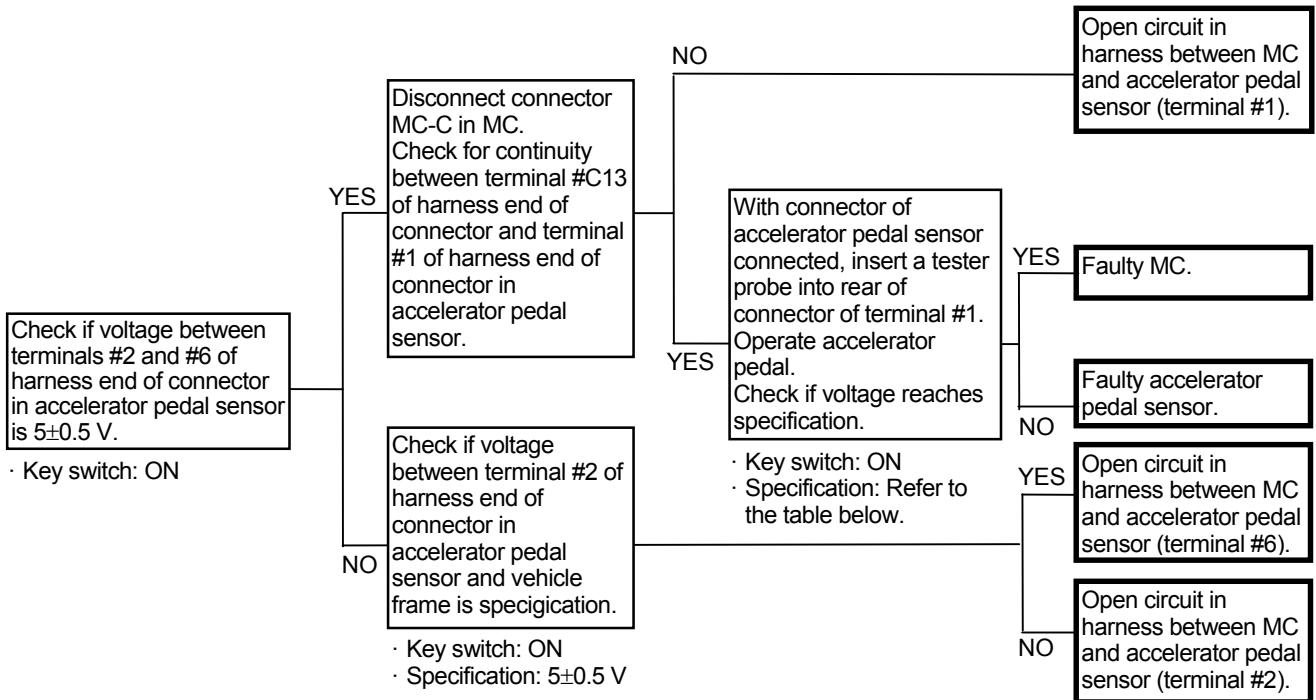


T4GB-05-05-002

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

## ENGINE FAILURE MC FAULT CODE 11103

Fault Code	Trouble	Cause	Influenced Control
11103-3	Abnormal Accelerator Pedal High Voltage	Voltage: more than 4.75 V	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Pump Torque Decrease Control</li> <li>• Engine Accelerator Pedal Control</li> </ul>
11103-4	Abnormal Accelerator Pedal Low Voltage	Voltage: less than 0.25 V	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Pump Torque Decrease Control</li> <li>• Engine Accelerator Pedal Control</li> </ul>

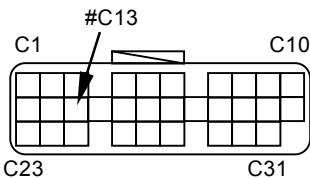


### Specification of Accelerator Pedal Sensor

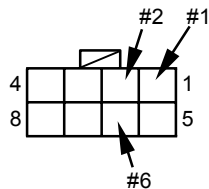
Slow Idle	0.5 to 0.65 V
Fast Idle	4.35 to 4.5 V

Connector (Harness end of connector viewed from the open end side)

MC  
Connector MC-C



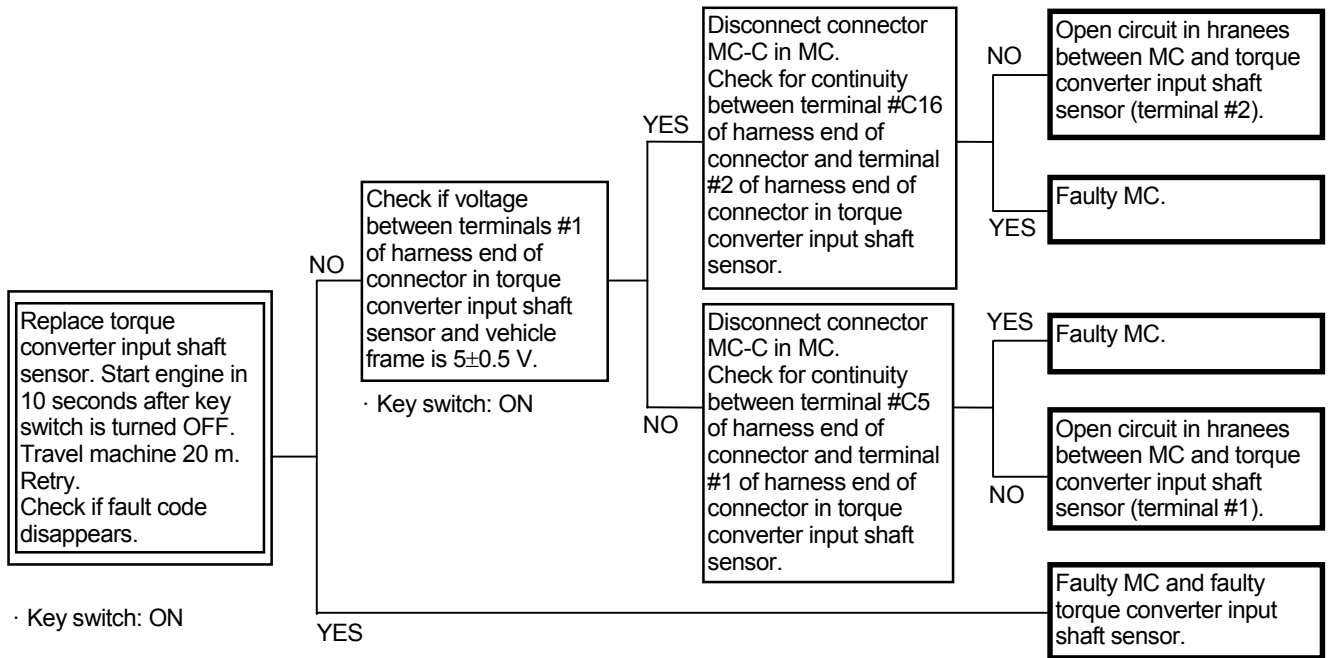
Accelerator Pedal Sensor Connector



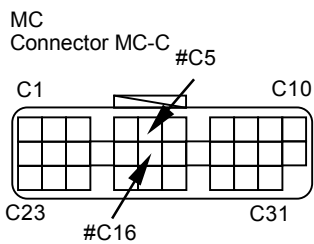
# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

## MC FAULT CODE 11105

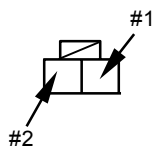
Fault Code	Trouble	Cause	Influenced Control
11105-3	Abnormal Torque Converter Input Shaft Sensor	Engine speed=0 min <sup>-1</sup> ECM engine speed>500 min <sup>-1</sup>	• Hydraulic Drive Fan Cooling Control



Connector (Harness end of connector viewed from the open end side)



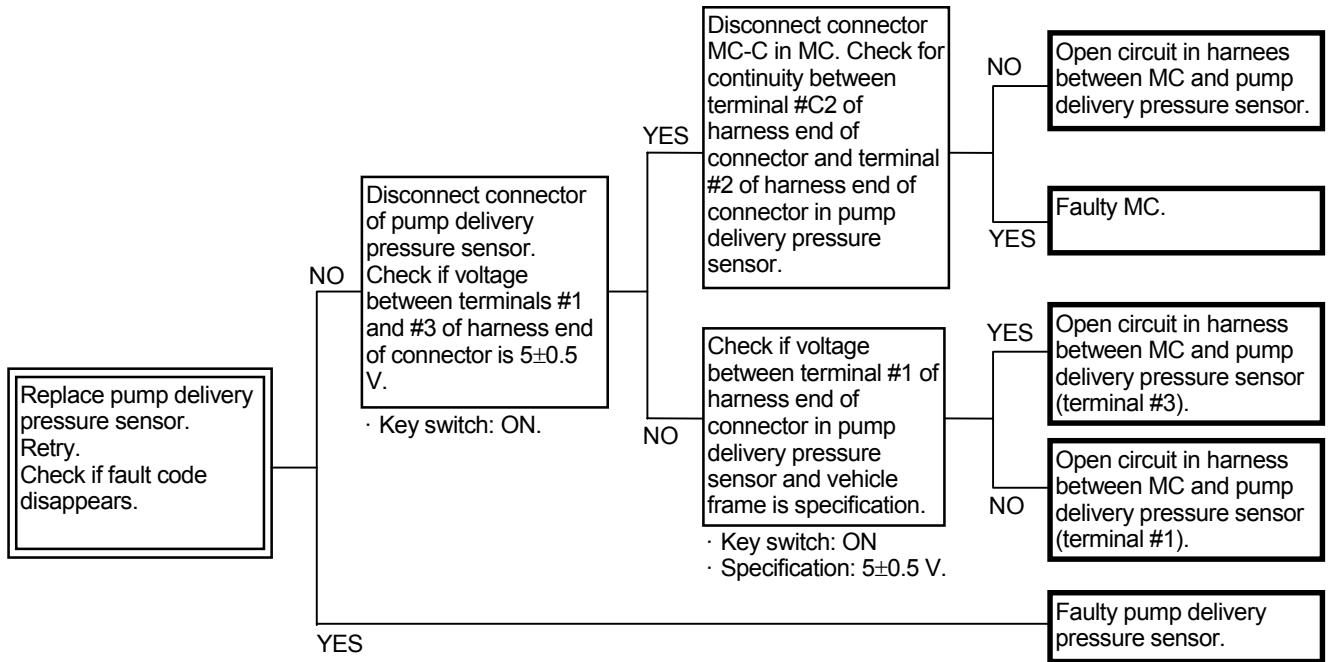
Torque Converter Input Shaft Sensor Connector



# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

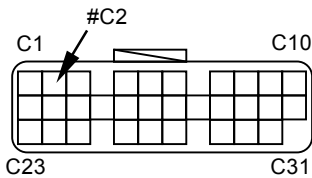
## PUMP FAILURE MC FAULT CODE 11204

Fault Code	Trouble	Cause	Influenced Control
11204-3	Abnormal Pump Delivery Pressure Sensor High Voltage	Output voltage: more than 4.75 V	• Disable Pump Torque Decrease Control
11204-4	Abnormal Pump Delivery Pressure Sensor Low Voltage	Output voltage: less than 0.25 V	• Disable Pump Torque Decrease Control

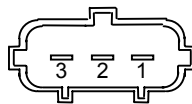


Connector (Harness end of connector viewed from the open end side)

MC  
Connector MC-C



Pump Delivery  
Pressure Sensor

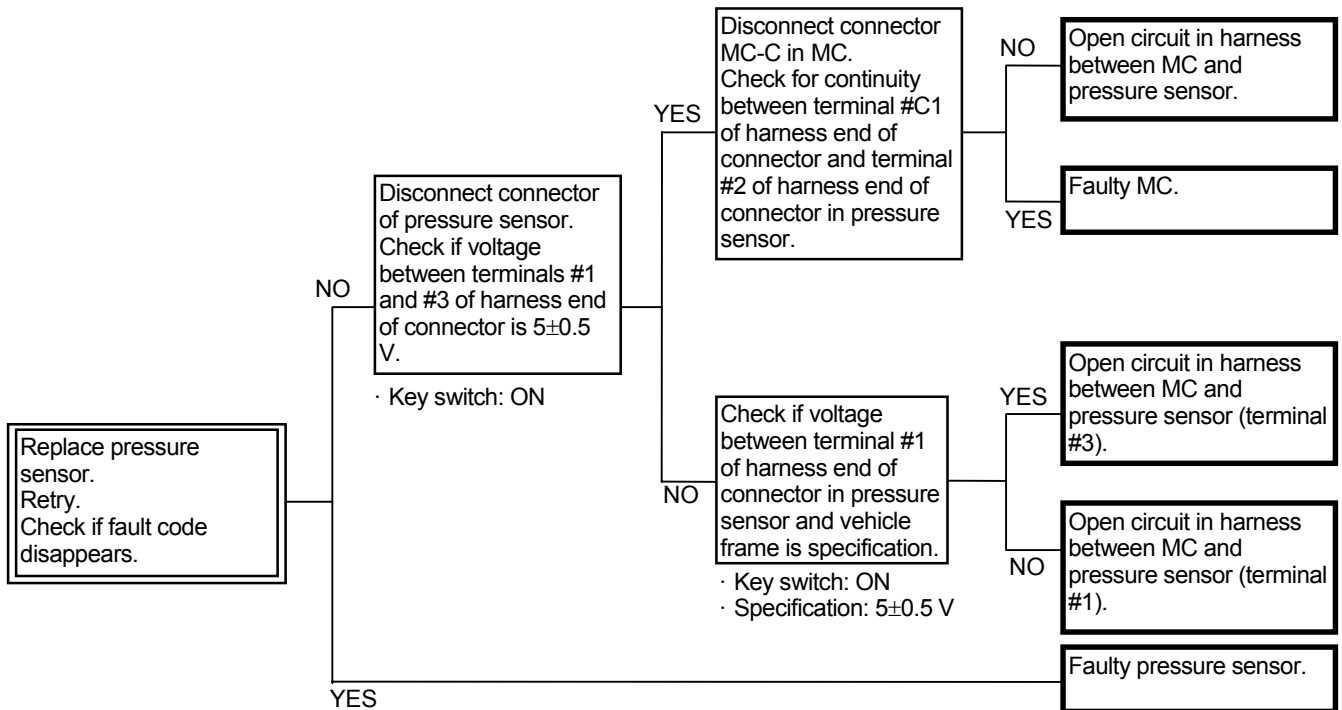




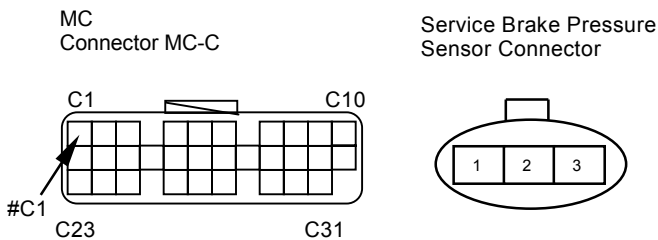
# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

## PILOT FAILURE MC FAULT CODE 11312

Fault Code	Trouble	Cause	Influenced Control
11312-3	Abnormal Brake Pedal Pressure Sensor (Service Brake Pressure Sensor) High Voltage	Voltage: more than 4.75 V	• Clutch Cut Control
11312-4	Abnormal Brake Pedal Pressure Sensor (Service Brake Pressure Sensor) Low Voltage	Voltage: less than 0.25 V	• Clutch Cut Control



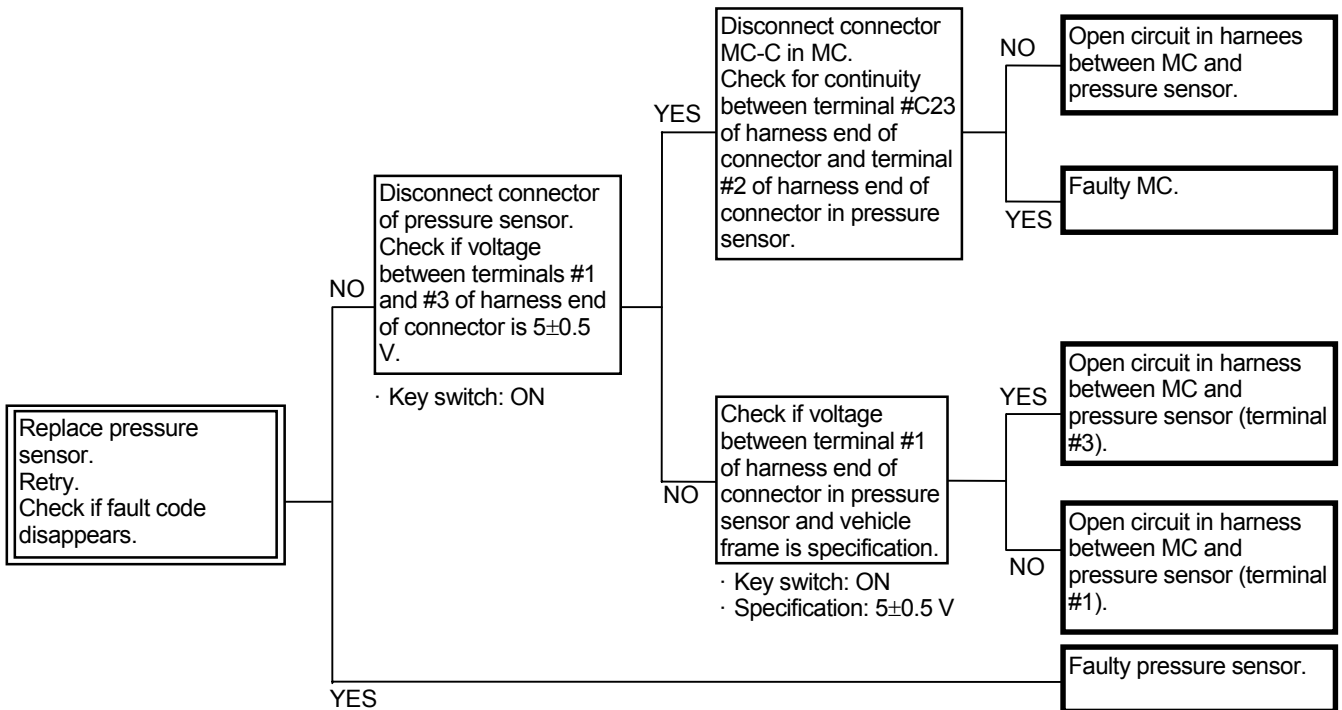
Connector (Harness end of connector viewed from the open end side)



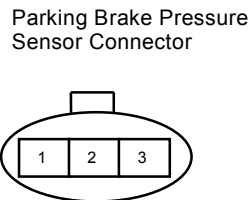
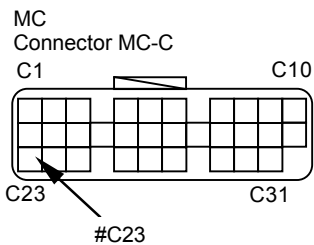
# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

## MC FAULT CODE 11313

Fault Code	Trouble	Cause	Influenced Control
11313-3	Abnormal Parking Brake Pressure Sensor High Voltage	Output voltage: more than 4.75 V	• Parking Brake Indicator Control
11313-4	Abnormal Parking Brake Pressure Sensor Low Voltage	Output voltage: less than 0.25 V	• Parking Brake Indicator Control



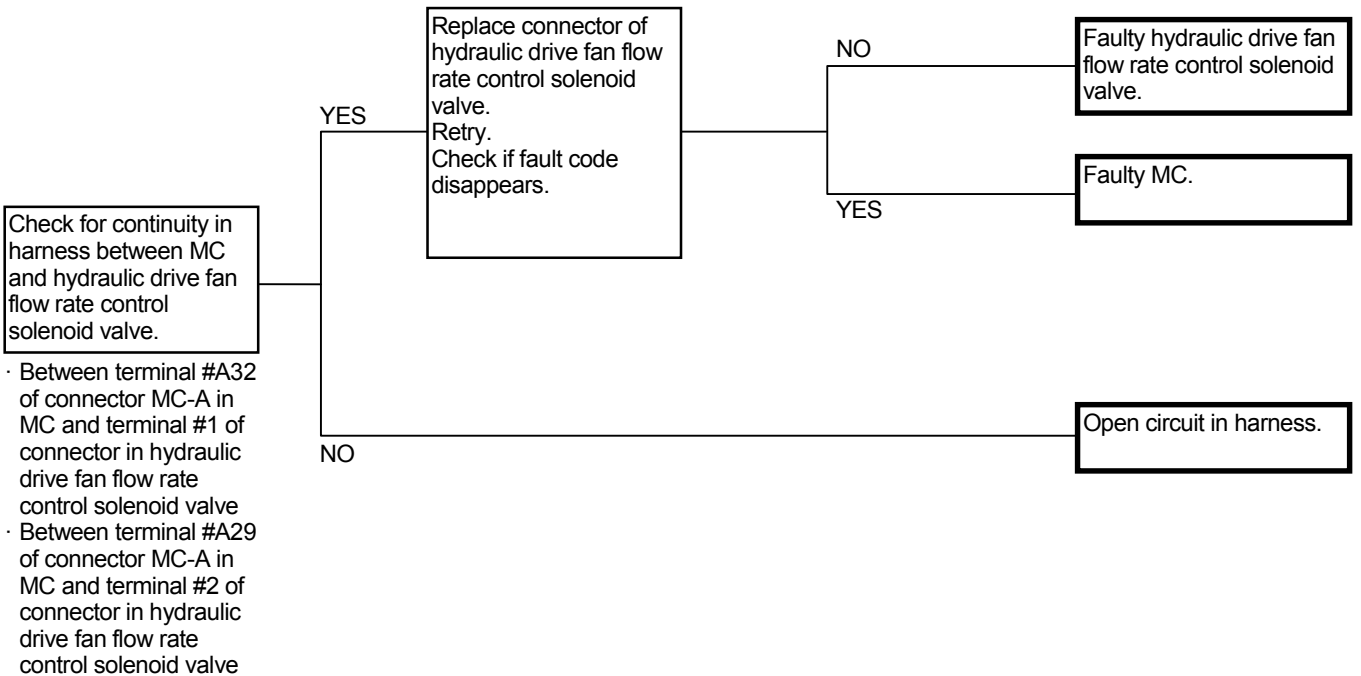
Connector (Harness end of connector viewed from the open end side)



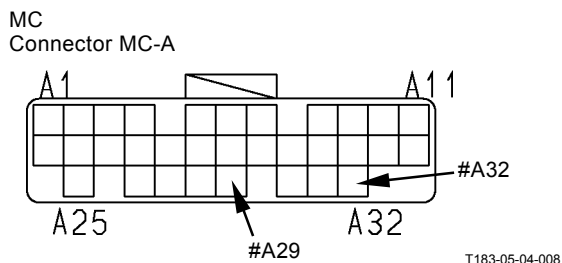
## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

### PROPORTIONAL SOLENOID VALVE FAILURE MC FAULT CODE 11412

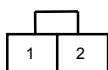
Fault Code	Trouble	Cause	Influenced Control
11412-2	Abnormal Feedback of Hydraulic Drive Fan Flow Rate Control Solenoid Valve	The feedback current to MC becomes the uncertain value.	Hydraulic Drive Fan Cooling Control
11412-3	Abnormal Feedback High Current of Hydraulic Drive Fan Flow Rate Control Solenoid Valve	The feedback current to MC exceeds the upper limit.	Hydraulic Drive Fan Cooling Control
11412-4	Abnormal Feedback Low Current of Hydraulic Drive Fan Flow Rate Control Solenoid Valve	While the command from MC is output, the feedback current to MC is 56 mA or less.	Hydraulic Drive Fan Cooling Control



Connector (Harness end of connector viewed from the open end side)



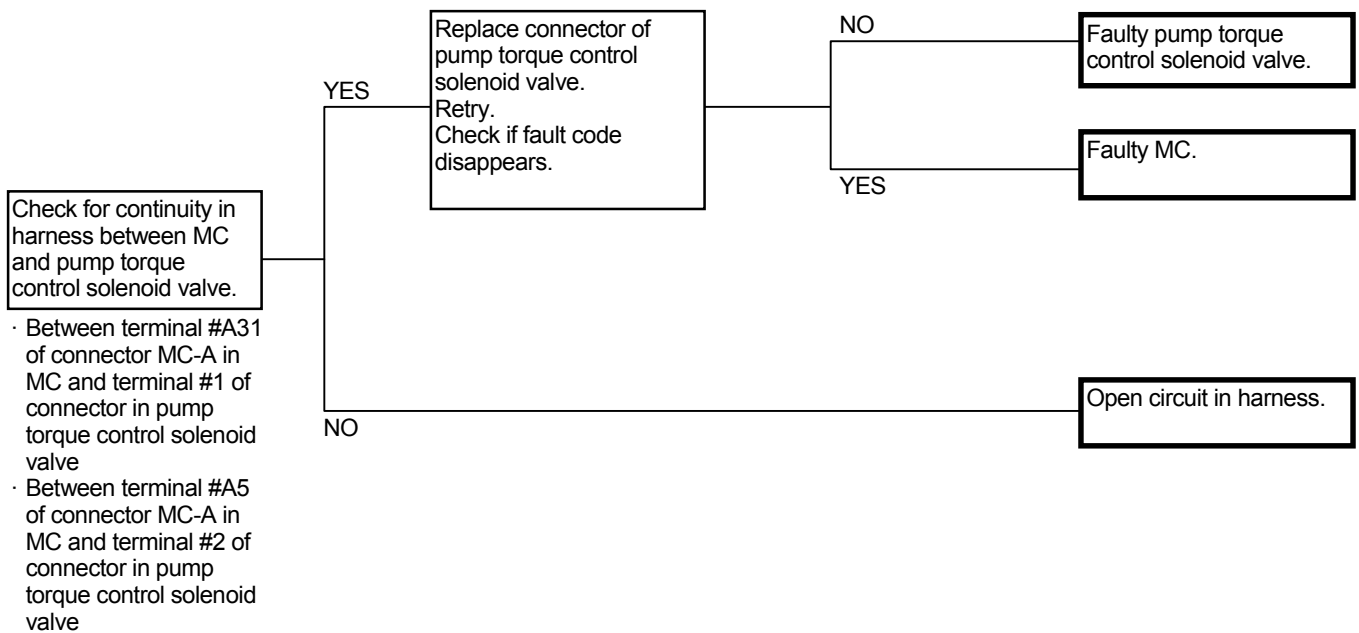
Hydraulic Drive Fan Flow Rate Control Solenoid Valve Connector



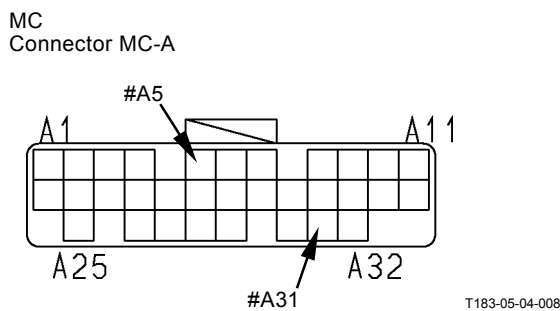
# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

## MC FAULT CODE 11413

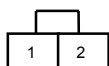
Fault Code	Trouble	Cause	Influenced Control
11413-2	Abnormal Feedback of Pump Torque Control Solenoid Valve	The feedback current to MC becomes the uncertain value.	• Pump Standard Torque Control
11413-3	Abnormal Feedback High Current of Pump Torque Control Solenoid Valve	The feedback current to MC exceeds the upper limit.	• Pump Standard Torque Control
11413-4	Abnormal Feedback Low Current of Pump Torque Control Solenoid Valve	While the command from MC is output, the feedback current to MC is 56 mA or less.	• Pump Standard Torque Control



Connector (Harness end of connector viewed from the open end side)



Pump Torque Control Solenoid Valve Connector



## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

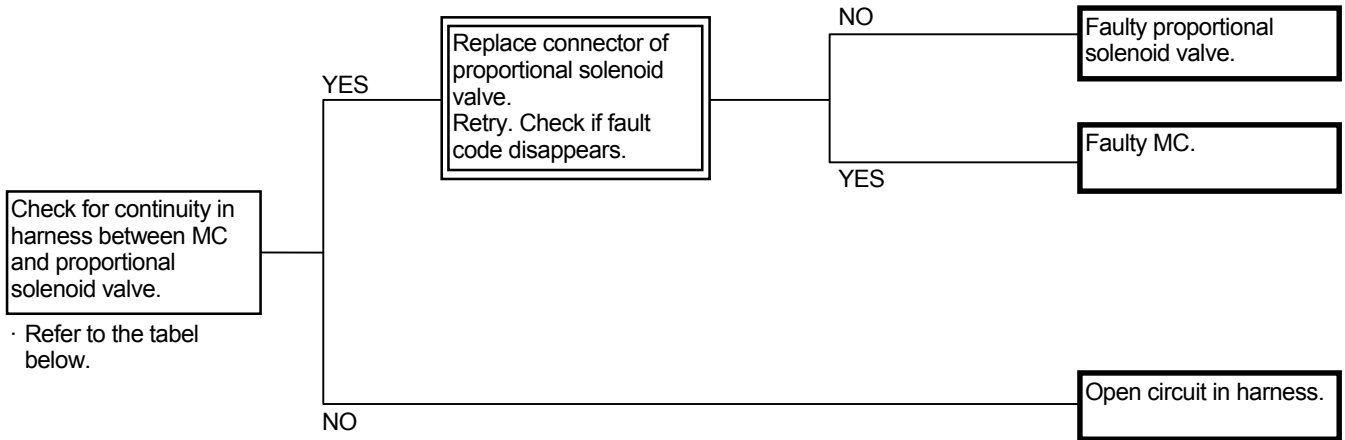
### MC FAULT CODES 11414, 11415, 11416, 11417, 11418, 11419

Fault Code	Trouble	Cause	Influenced Control
11414-2	Abnormal Feedback of Transmission Clutch Speed 1 Proportional Solenoid Valve	The feedback current to MC becomes the uncertain value.	• All Transmission Controls
11414-3	Abnormal Feedback High Current of Transmission Clutch Speed 1 Proportional Solenoid Valve	The feedback current to MC exceeds the upper limit.	• All Transmission Controls
11414-4	Abnormal Feedback Low Current of Transmission Clutch Speed 1 Proportional Solenoid Valve	The feedback current to MC is 20 mA or less.	• All Transmission Controls
11415-2	Abnormal Feedback of Transmission Clutch Speed 2 Proportional Solenoid Valve	The feedback current to MC becomes the uncertain value.	• All Transmission Controls
11415-3	Abnormal Feedback High Current of Transmission Clutch Speed 2 Proportional Solenoid Valve	The feedback current to MC exceeds the upper limit.	• All Transmission Controls
11415-4	Abnormal Feedback Low Current of Transmission Clutch Speed 2 Proportional Solenoid Valve	The feedback current to MC is 20 mA or less.	• All Transmission Controls
11416-2	Abnormal Feedback of Transmission Clutch Speed 3 Proportional Solenoid Valve	The feedback current to MC becomes the uncertain value.	• All Transmission Controls
11416-3	Abnormal Feedback High Current of Transmission Clutch Speed 3 Proportional Solenoid Valve	The feedback current to MC exceeds the upper limit.	• All Transmission Controls
11416-4	Abnormal Feedback Low Current of Transmission Clutch Speed 3 Proportional Solenoid Valve	The feedback current to MC is 20 mA or less.	• All Transmission Controls
11417-2	Abnormal Feedback of Transmission Clutch Speed 4 Proportional Solenoid Valve	The feedback current to MC becomes the uncertain value.	• All Transmission Controls
11417-3	Abnormal Feedback High Current of Transmission Clutch Speed 4 Proportional Solenoid Valve	The feedback current to MC exceeds the upper limit.	• All Transmission Controls
11417-4	Abnormal Feedback Low Current of Transmission Clutch Speed 4 Proportional Solenoid Valve	The feedback current to MC is 20 mA or less.	• All Transmission Controls

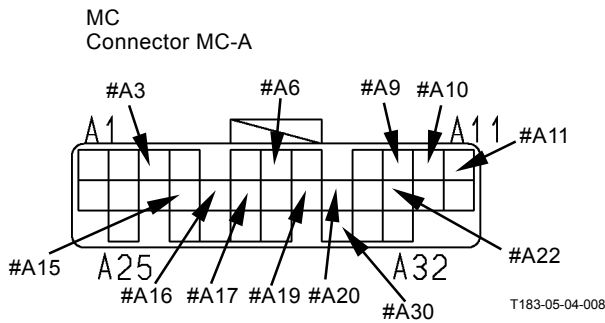
## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

Fault Code	Trouble	Cause	Influenced Control
11418-2	Abnormal Feedback of Transmission Clutch Forward Proportional Solenoid Valve	The feedback current to MC becomes the uncertain value.	• All Transmission Controls
11418-3	Abnormal Feedback High Current of Transmission Clutch Forward Proportional Solenoid Valve	The feedback current to MC exceeds the upper limit.	• All Transmission Controls
11418-4	Abnormal Feedback Low Current of Transmission Clutch Forward Proportional Solenoid Valve	The feedback current to MC is 20 mA or less.	• All Transmission Controls
11419-2	Abnormal Feedback of Transmission Clutch Reverse Proportional Solenoid Valve	The feedback current to MC becomes the uncertain value.	• All Transmission Controls
11419-3	Abnormal Feedback High Current of Transmission Clutch Reverse Proportional Solenoid Valve	The feedback current to MC exceeds the upper limit.	• All Transmission Controls
11419-4	Abnormal Feedback Low Current of Transmission Clutch Reverse Proportional Solenoid Valve	The feedback current to MC is 20 mA or less.	• All Transmission Controls

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A



Connector (Harness end of connector viewed from the open end side)



Proportional Solenoid Valve Connector



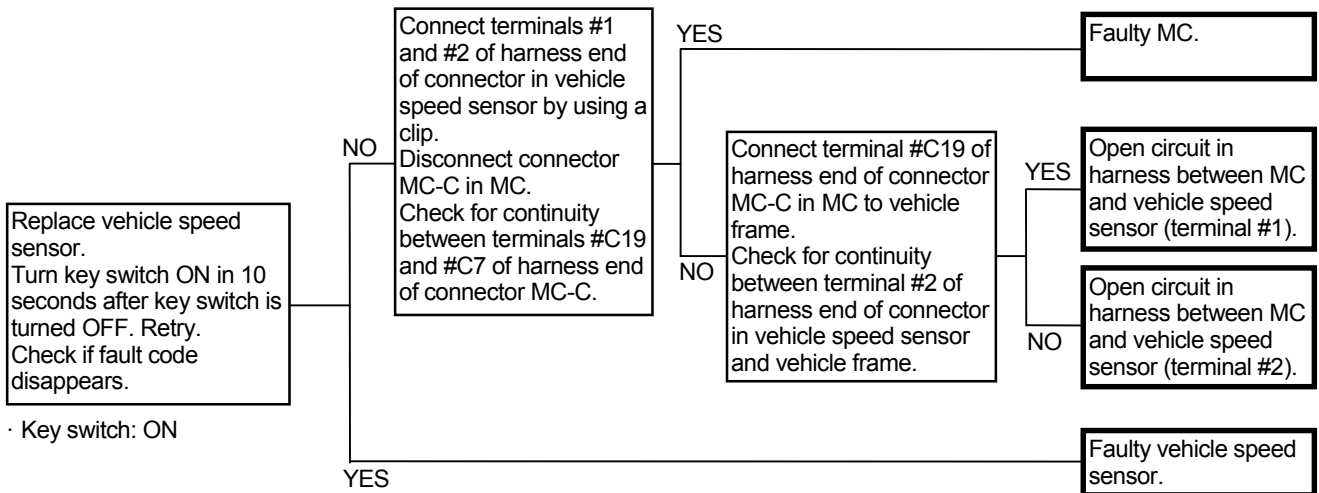
List of connection relationship between each proportional solenoid valve connector terminal and connector MC-A terminal

Connector MC-A	Speed Proportional Solenoid Valve Connector 1		Speed Proportional Solenoid Valve Connector 2		Speed Proportional Solenoid Valve Connector 3		Speed Proportional Solenoid Valve Connector 4		Forward Proportional Solenoid Valve Connector		Reverse Proportional Solenoid Valve Connector	
	#1	#2	#1	#2	#1	#2	#1	#2	#1	#2	#1	#2
Connector MC-A	#A10	#A6	#A22	#A16	#A20	#A3	#A11	#A17	#A30	#A19	#A9	#A15

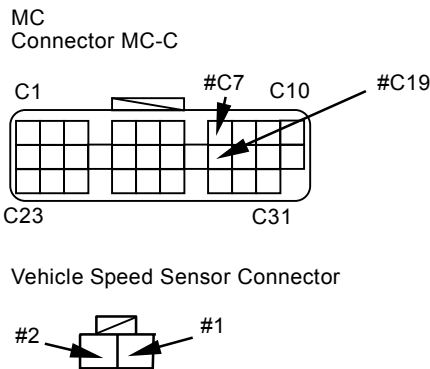
# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

## TRANSMISSION FAILURE MC FAULT CODE 11600

Fault Code	Trouble	Cause	Influenced Control
11600-3	Abnormal Vehicle Speed Sensor	The abnormal value below is detected with the clutch connected. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Vehicle speed sensor=0 min<sup>-1</sup></li> <li>• Middle shaft sensor&gt;300 min<sup>-1</sup></li> <li>• Torque converter output speed sensor&gt;500 min<sup>-1</sup></li> <li>• Detected voltage under the shorted circuit with key ON: more than 4.5 V</li> </ul>	All Transmission Controls
11600-4	Abnormal Low Voltage of Vehicle Speed Sensor	Detected voltage under the shorted circuit with key ON: less than 1.5 V	All Transmission Controls



Connector (Harness end of connector viewed from the open end side)

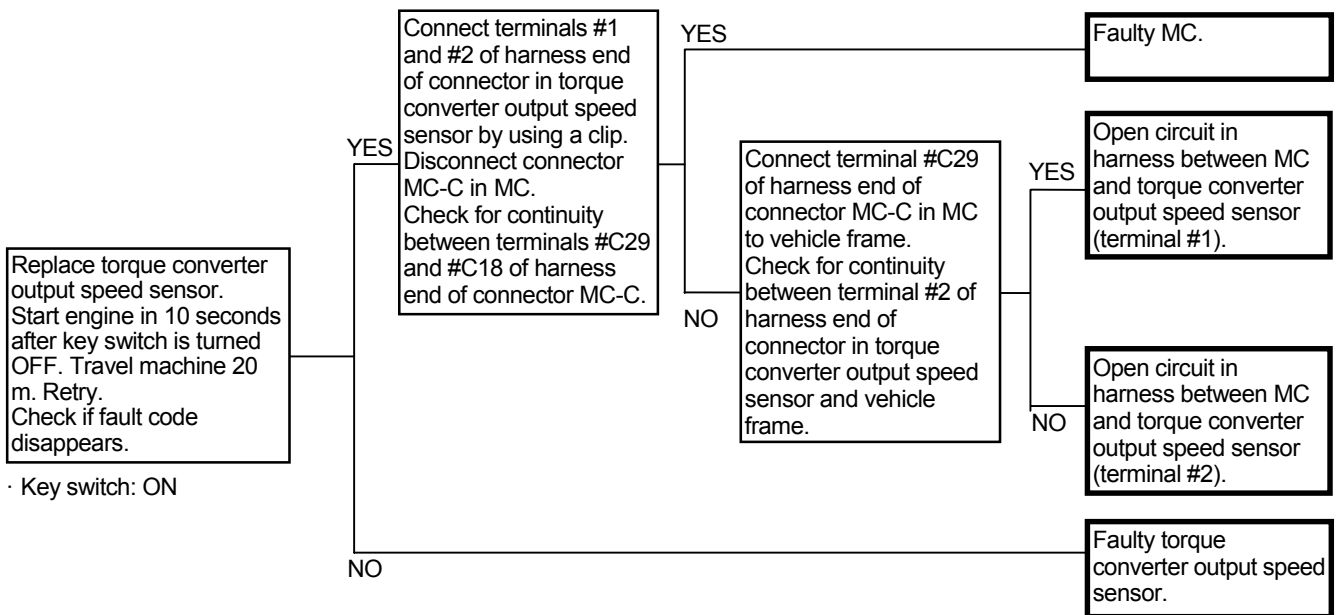




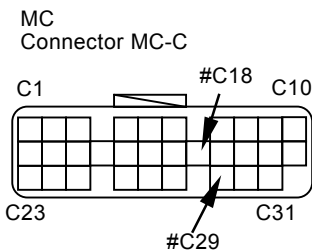
# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

## MC FAULT CODE 11601

Fault Code	Trouble	Cause	Influenced Control
11601-3	Abnormal Torque Converter Output Speed Sensor	The abnormal value below is detected with the clutch connected. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Torque converter output speed sensor=0 min<sup>-1</sup></li> <li>• Middle shaft sensor&gt;300 min<sup>-1</sup></li> <li>• Vehicle speed sensor&gt;300 min<sup>-1</sup></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Pump Torque Decrease Control</li> </ul>



Connector (Harness end of connector viewed from the open end side)



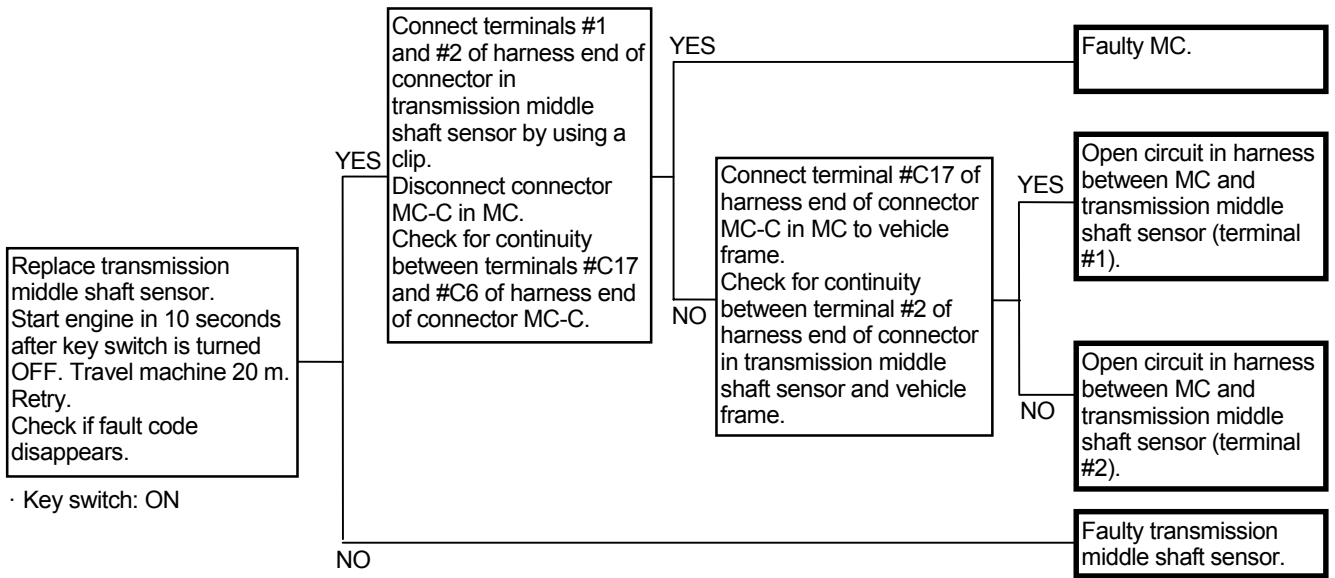
Torque Converter Output Speed Sensor Connector



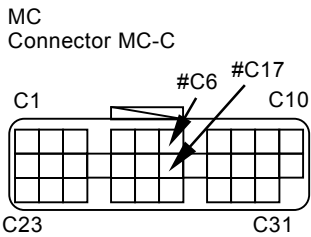
# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

## MC FAULT CODE 11602

Fault Code	Trouble	Cause	Influenced Control
11602-3	Abnormal Transmission Middle Shaft Sensor	The abnormal value below is detected with the clutch connected. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Middle shaft sensor =0 min<sup>-1</sup></li> <li>• Vehicle speed sensor &gt;500 min<sup>-1</sup></li> <li>• Torque converter output speed sensor &gt;500 min<sup>-1</sup></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• All Transmission Controls</li> </ul>



Connector (Harness end of connector viewed from the open end side)



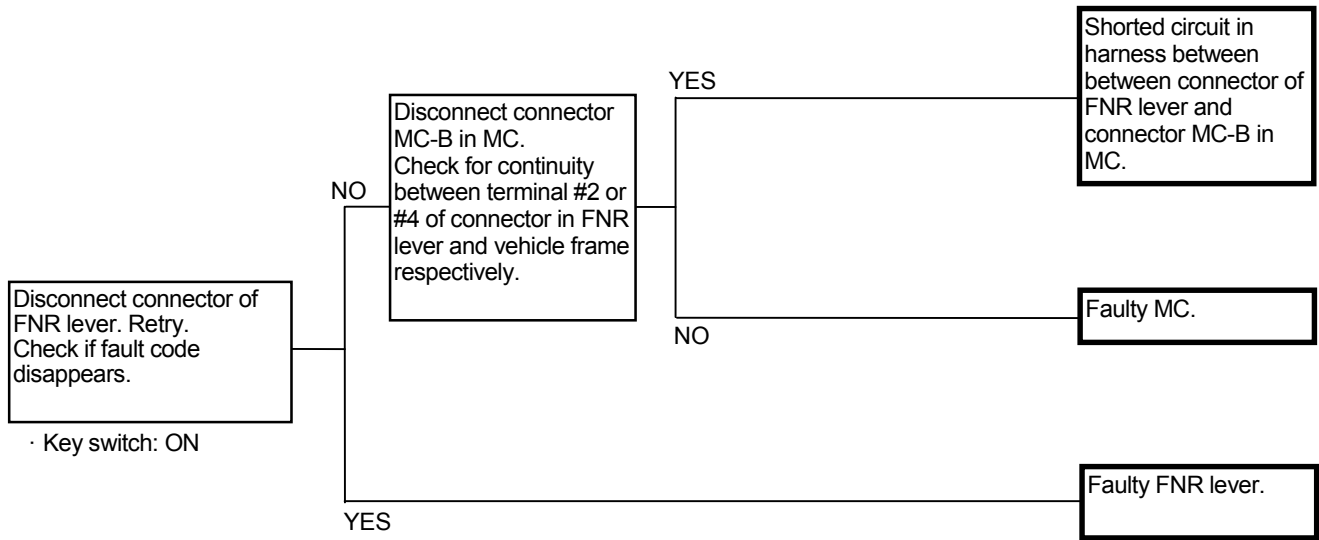
Transmission Middle Shaft Sensor Connector



## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

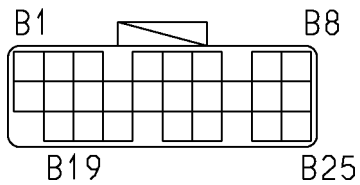
### MC FAULT CODE 11904

Fault Code	Trouble	Cause	Influenced Control
11904-2	Abnormal FNR Lever	The forward/reverse signals are turned ON for 80 ms or longer at the same time.	All Transmission Controls



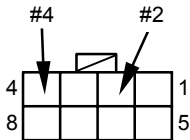
Connector (Harness end of connector viewed from the open end side)

MC  
Connector MC-C



T183-05-04-021

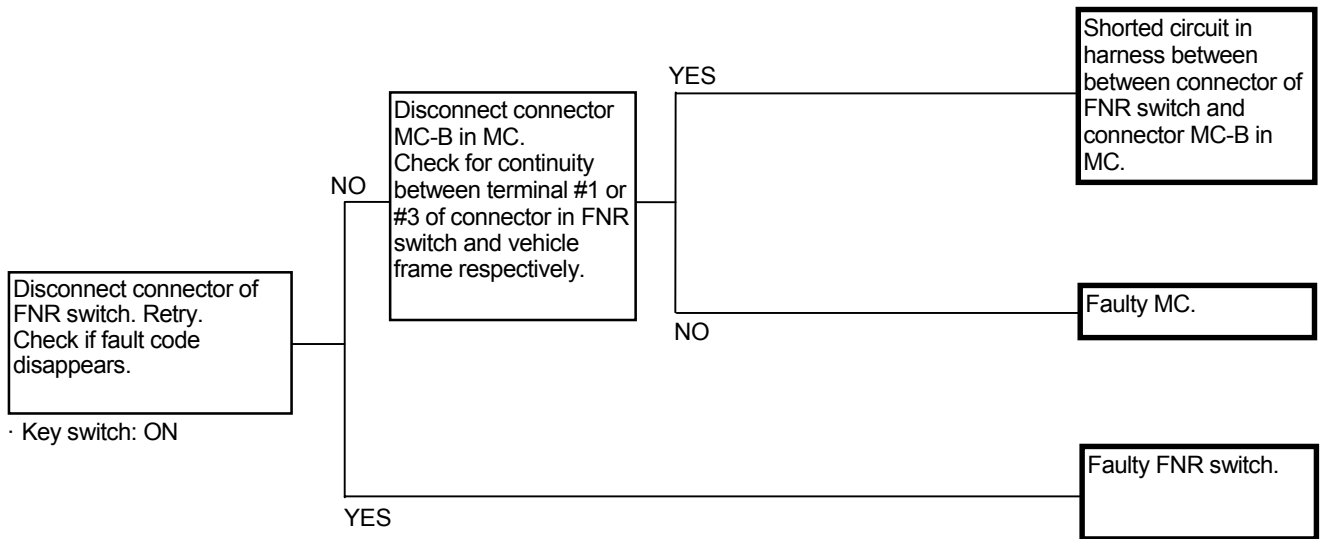
FNR Lever Connector



# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

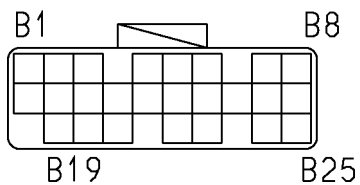
## MC FAULT CODE 11905

Fault Code	Trouble	Cause	Influenced Control
11905-2	Abnormal FNR Switch	The forward/reverse signals are turned ON for 80 ms or longer at the same time.	All Transmission Controls



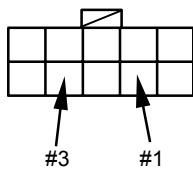
Connector (Harness end of connector viewed from the open end side)

MC  
Connector MC-B



T183-05-04-021

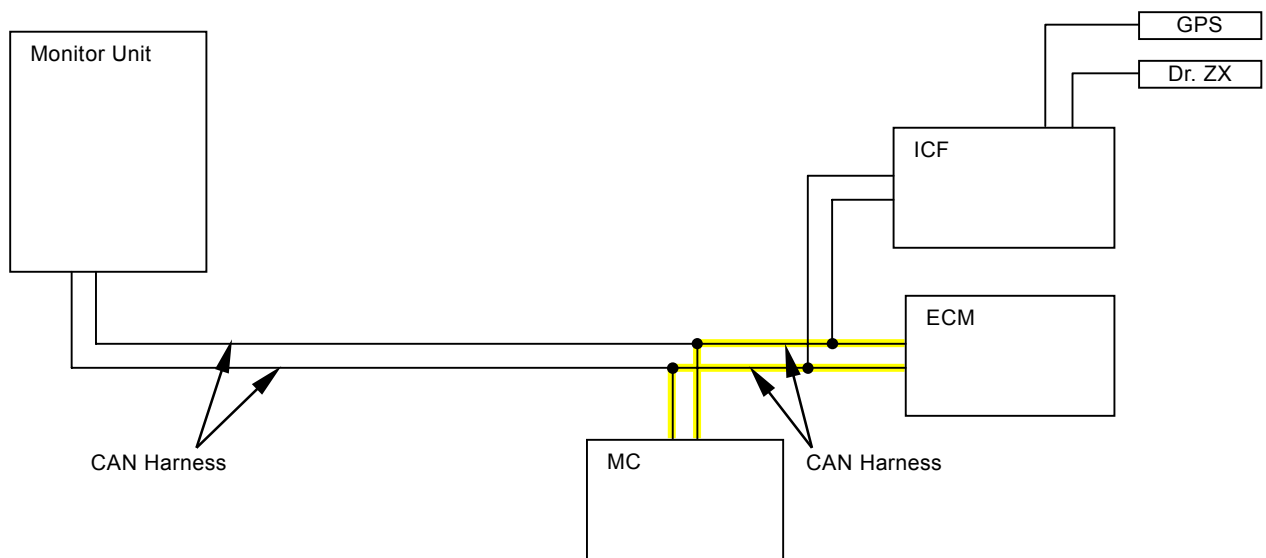
FNR Switch Connector



## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

### CAN DATA RECEPTION FAILURE MC FAULT CODES 11910, 11920

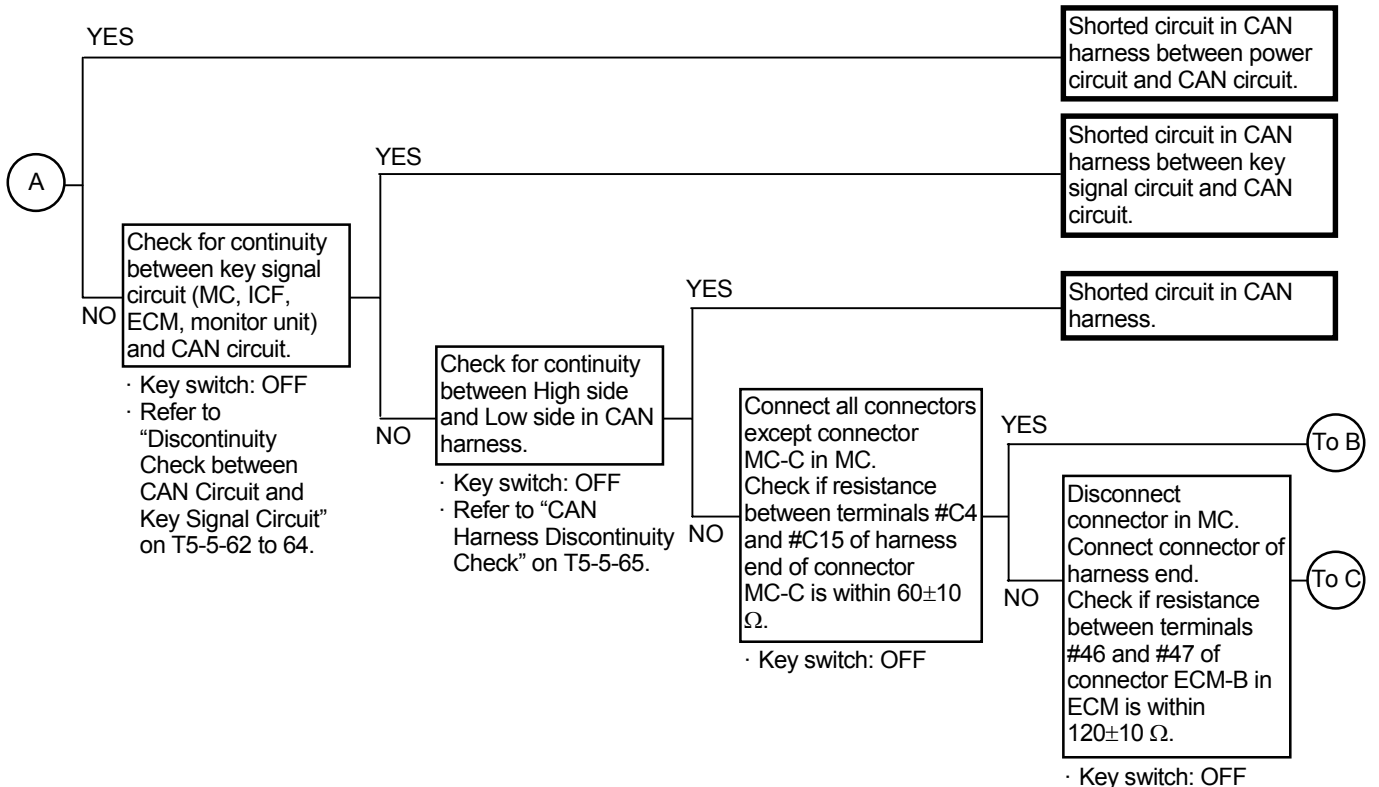
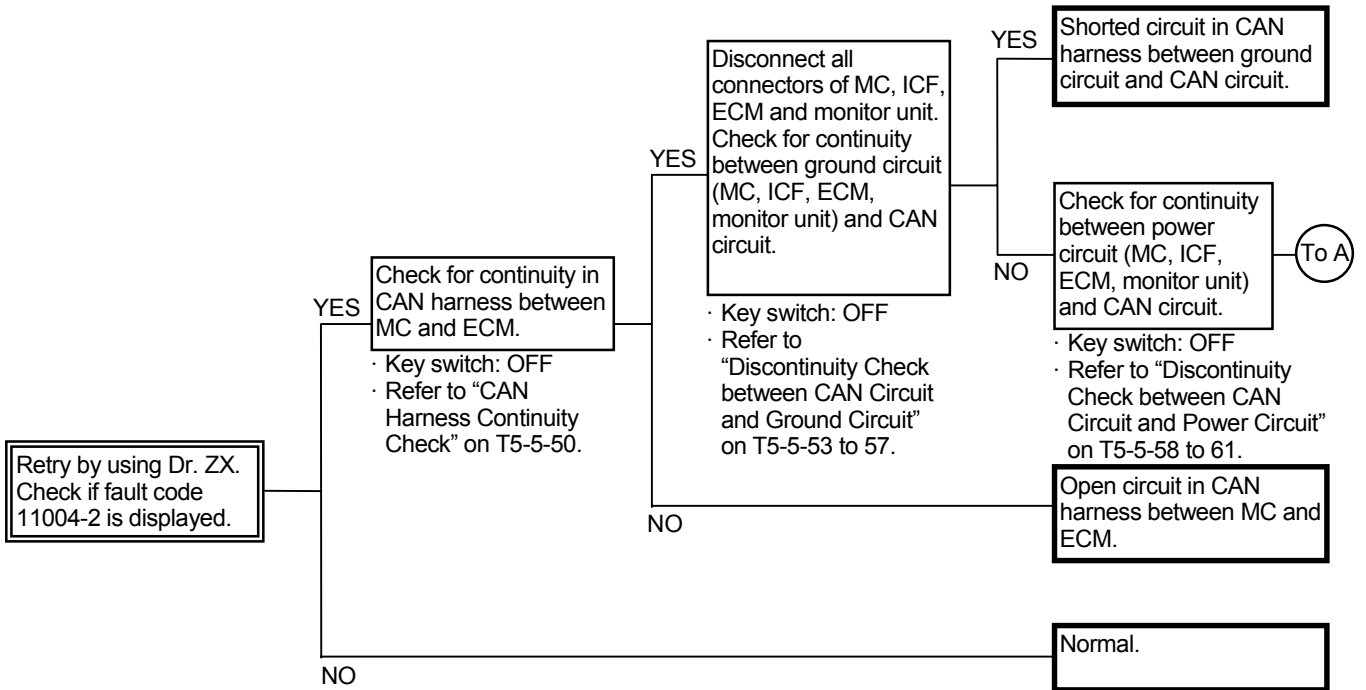
Fault Code	Trouble	Cause	Influenced Control
11910-2	Actual Engine Speed Receive Error Sent from ECM	Faulty Harness Faulty ECM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Pump Torque Decrease Control</li> <li>• Hydraulic Drive Fan Cooling Control</li> </ul>
11920-2	Fuel Flow Rate Receive Error Sent from ECM	Faulty Harness Faulty ECM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Engine Speed Decrease Control</li> </ul>



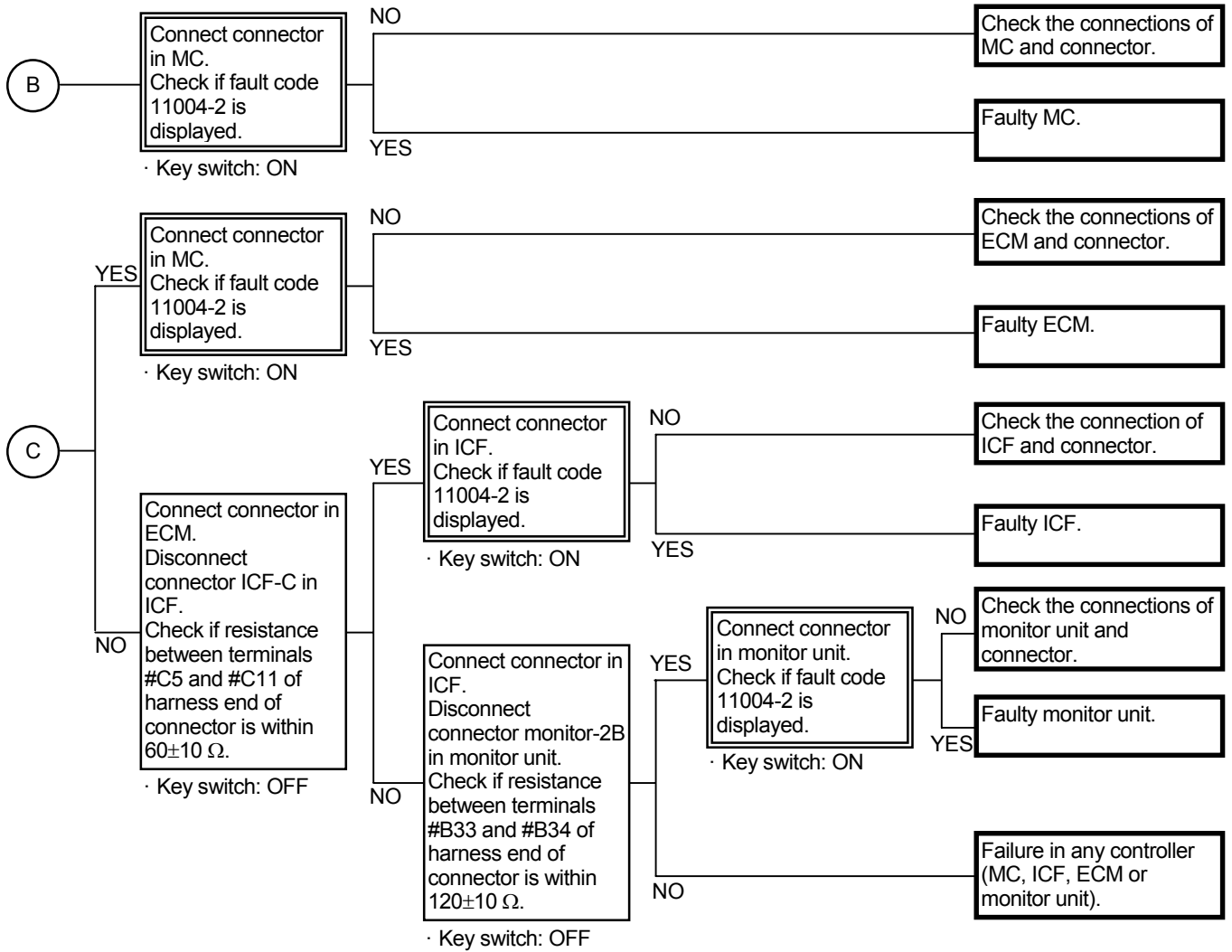
# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

## CAN HARNESS CHECK MC FAULT CODES 11910, 11920

- Check the wiring connections first.

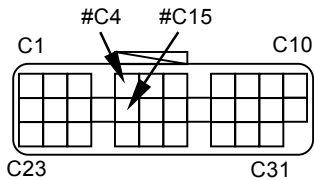


# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

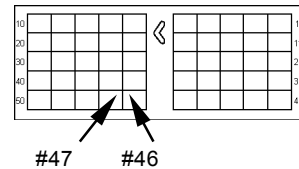


## Connector

MC  
Connector MC-C  
(Harness end)

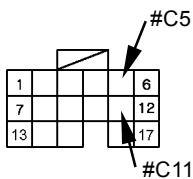


ECM  
Connector ECM-B  
(Harness end)



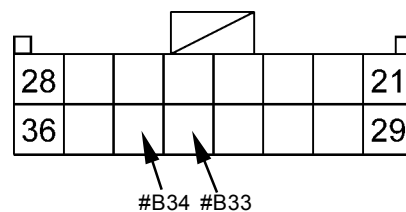
T4GD-05-05-001

ICF  
Connector ICF  
(Harness end)



T1V1-05-04-002

Monitor Unit  
Connector Monitor-2B  
(Harness end)



T4GB-05-05-002

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

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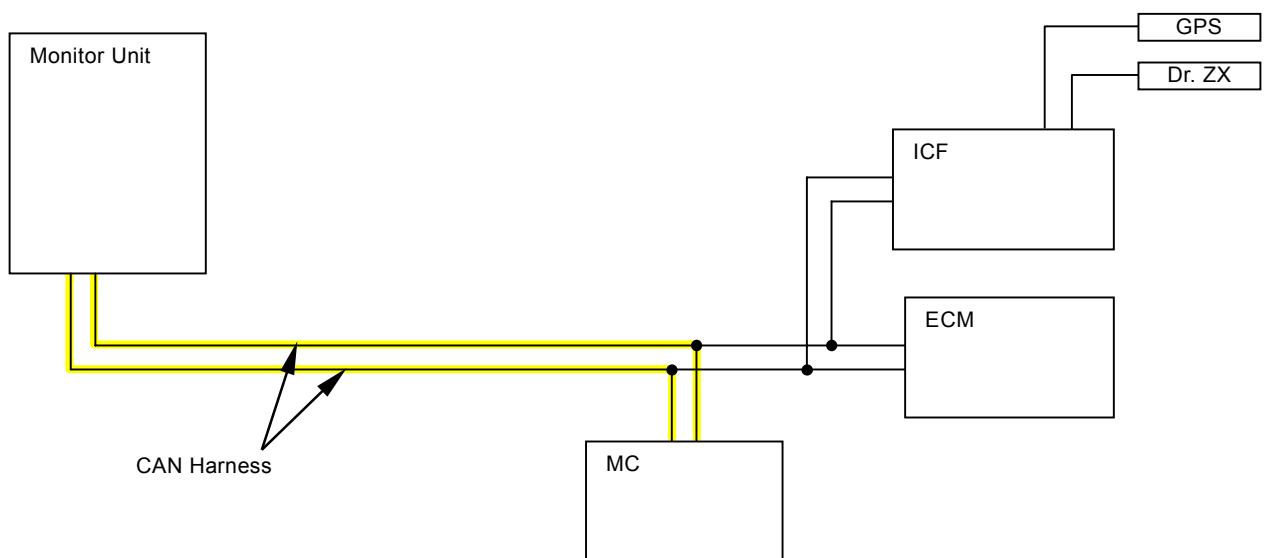
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## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

### MC FAULT CODE 11914

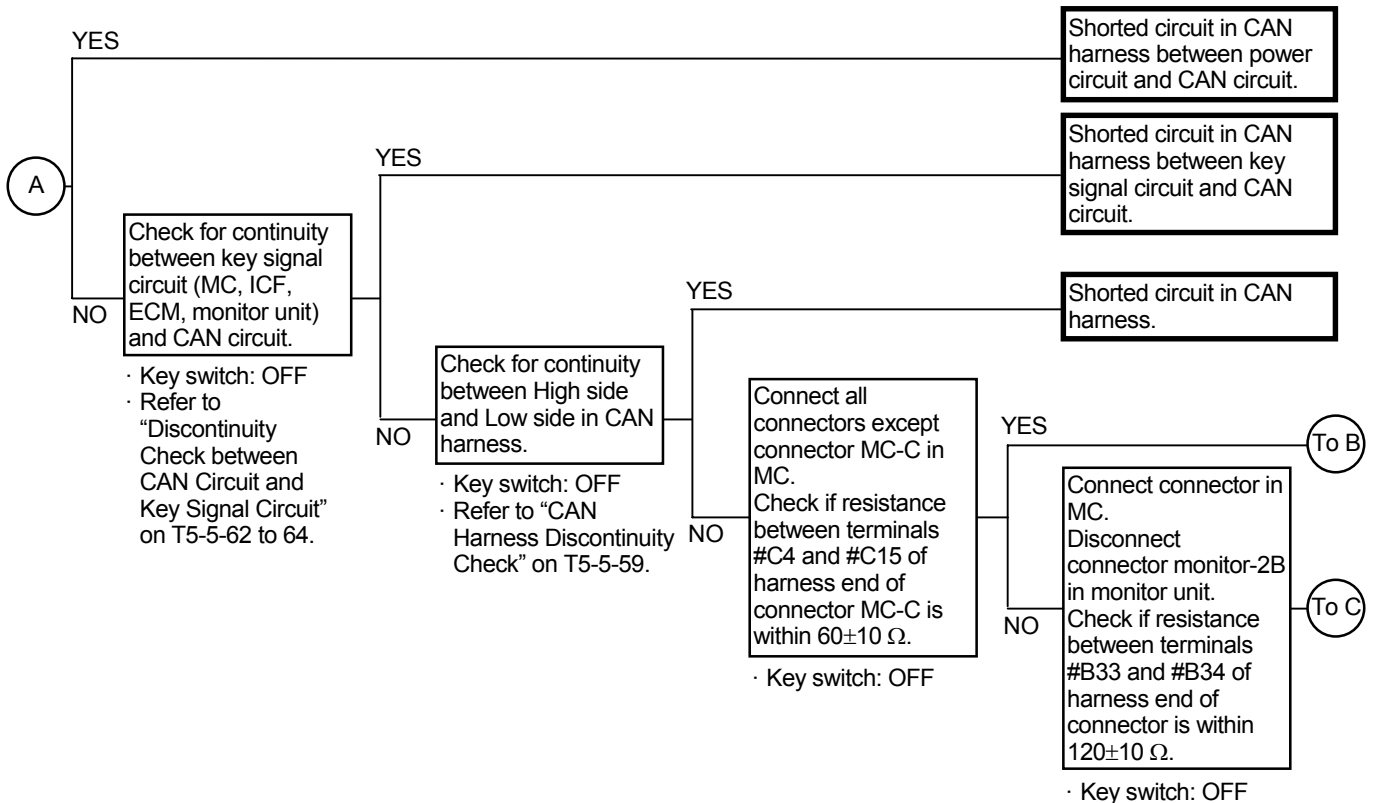
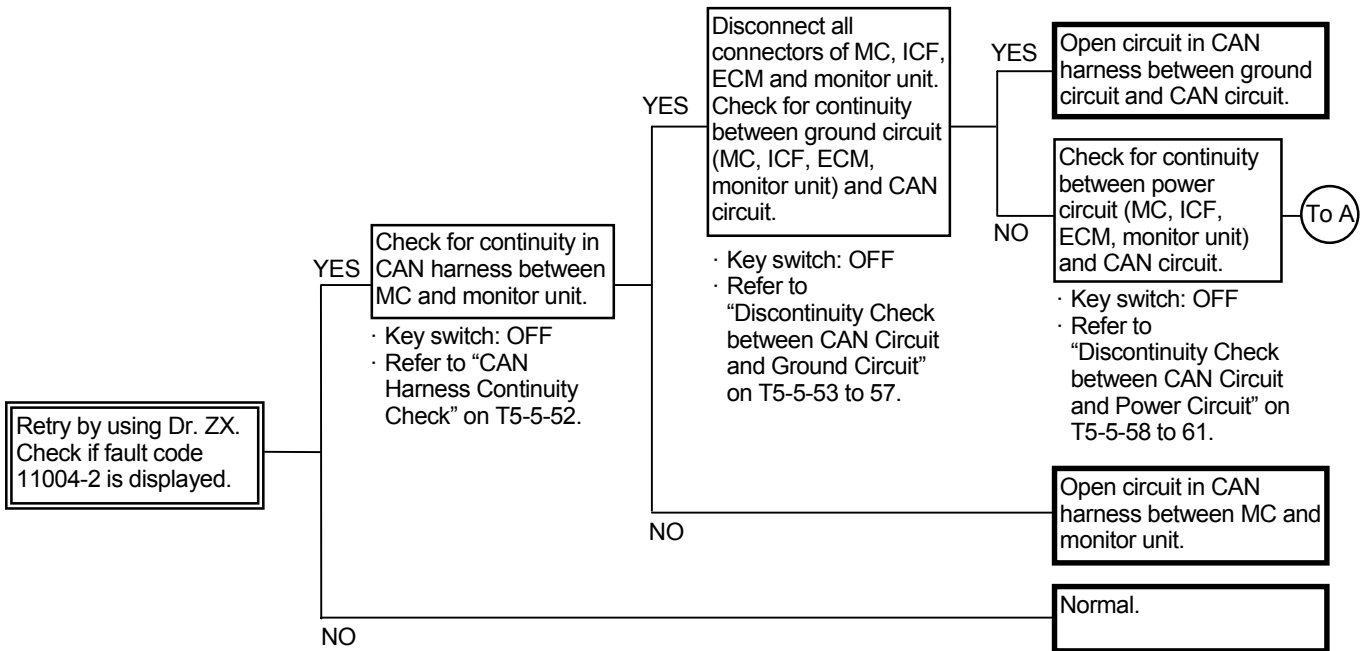
Fault Code	Trouble	Cause	Influenced Control
11914-2	Radiator Coolant Temperature Receive Error Sent from Monitor Unit	Faulty Harness Faulty Monitor Unit	• Hydraulic Drive Fan Cooling Control



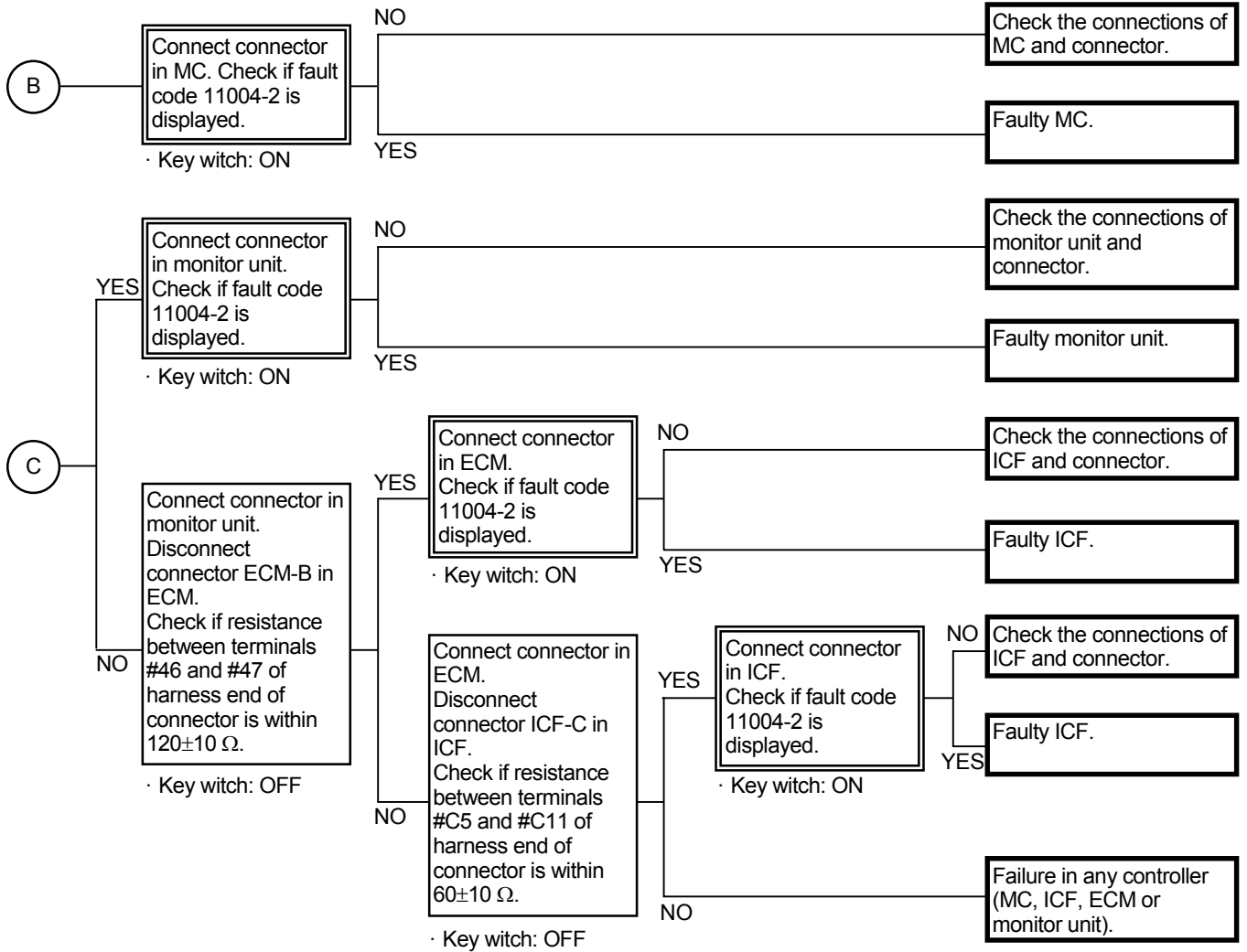
# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

## CAN HARNESS CHECK FAULT CODE 11914

- Check the wiring connections first.

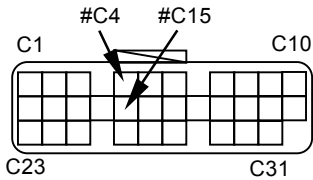


# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

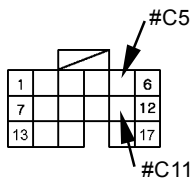


## Connector

MC  
Connector MC-C  
(Harness end)

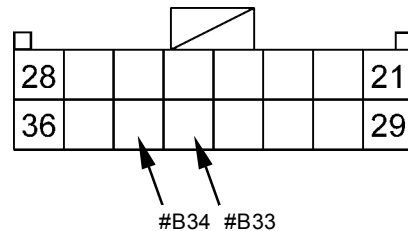


ICF  
Connector ICF-C  
(Harness end)



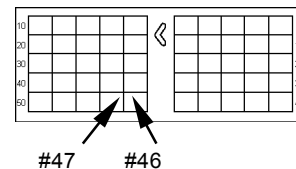
T1V1-05-04-002

Monitor Unit  
Connector Monitor-2B  
(Harness end)



T4GB-05-05-002

ECM  
Connector ECM-B  
(Harness end)



T4GD-05-05-001

## **TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A**

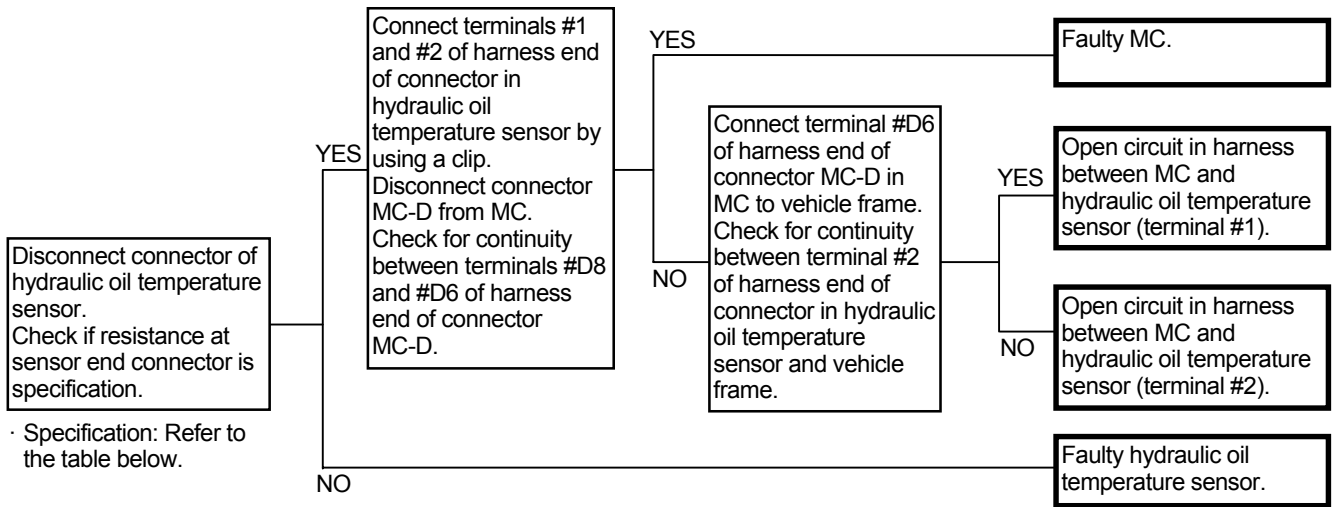
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# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

## OTHER FAILURES MC FAULT CODE 11901

Fault Code	Trouble	Cause	Influenced Control
11901-3	Hydraulic Oil Temperature Sensor High Voltage	Voltage: more than 4.52 V	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Auto Warming-Up Control</li> <li>• Hydraulic Drive Fan Cooling Control</li> </ul>
11901-4	Hydraulic Oil Temperature Sensor Low Voltage	Voltage: less than 0.23 V	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Auto Warming-Up Control</li> <li>• Hydraulic Drive Fan Cooling Control</li> </ul>



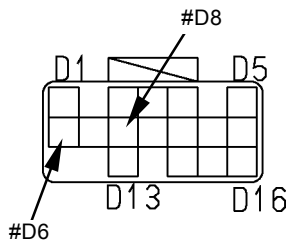
### Specification of Hydraulic Oil Temperature Sensor

Hydraulic Oil Temperature (°C, °F)	Resistance (kΩ)
-20, -4	16.2±1.6
0, 32	(5.88)
20, 68	2.45±0.24
40, 104	(1.14)
60, 140	(0.534)
80, 176	0.322

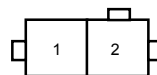
**NOTE:** If fault code 11901-4 is not displayed and hydraulic oil temperature “-30°C” is displayed on the monitor by using Dr. ZX, the circuit in hydraulic oil temperature sensor may be opened.

Connector (Harness end of connector viewed from the open end side)

MC  
Connector MC-D



Hydraulic Oil Temperature  
Sensor Connector

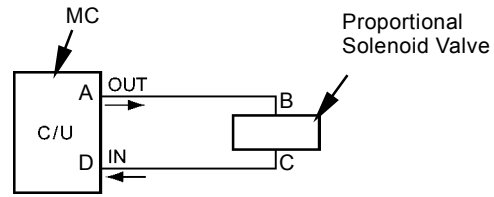


T183-05-04-009

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

### PROPORTIONAL SOLENOID VALVE TROUBLE CHECK

When the harness in the proportional solenoid valve is faulty, the fault code may not be detected. If the trouble is related to the proportional solenoid valve, disconnect the connectors between MC the and proportional solenoid valve. Then check for continuity.

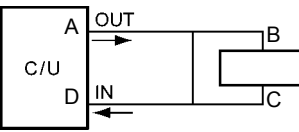
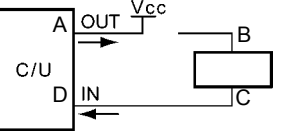
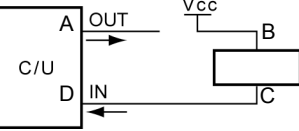
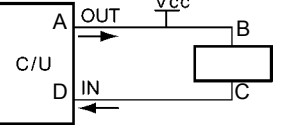
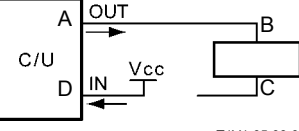
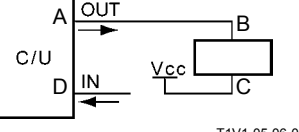
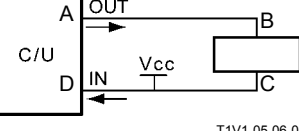


T1V1-05-06-008

- : Fault code can be detected.
- △: Fault code can be detected according to trouble.
- ×: Fault code cannot be detected.

Circuit Condition in Trouble	Trouble	Fault Code	Damaged Parts in MC
<p style="text-align: center; font-size: small;">T1V1-05-06-006</p>	Open circuit in A-B	△	None
<p style="text-align: center; font-size: small;">T1V1-05-06-007</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Open circuit in A-B</li> <li>• Harness in side B is shorted to the ground.</li> </ul>	○	None
<p style="text-align: center; font-size: small;">T1V1-05-06-009</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Open circuit in A-B</li> <li>• Harness in side A is shorted to the ground.</li> </ul>	△	FET
<p style="text-align: center; font-size: small;">T1V1-05-06-010</p>	Shorted circuit in A-B	○	FET
<p style="text-align: center; font-size: small;">T1V1-05-06-011</p>	Open circuit in C-D	△	None
<p style="text-align: center; font-size: small;">T1V1-05-06-012</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Open circuit in C-D</li> <li>• Harness in side C is shorted to the ground.</li> </ul>	△	None
<p style="text-align: center; font-size: small;">T1V1-05-06-013</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Open circuit in C-D</li> <li>• Harness in side D is shorted to the ground.</li> </ul>	○	None
<p style="text-align: center; font-size: small;">T1V1-05-06-014</p>	Shorted circuit in C-D	△	None

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

Circuit Condition in Trouble	Trouble	Fault Code	Damaged Parts in MC
 <p style="text-align: center; font-size: small;">T1V1-05-06-015</p>	Shorted circuit in harness between A-B and C-D	×	Resistance
 <p style="text-align: center; font-size: small;">T1V1-05-06-016</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Open circuit in A- B</li> <li>• Harness in side A is shorted to the power source.</li> </ul>	△	None
 <p style="text-align: center; font-size: small;">T1V1-05-06-017</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Open circuit in A- B</li> <li>• Harness in side B is shorted to the power source.</li> </ul>	○	None
 <p style="text-align: center; font-size: small;">T1V1-05-06-018</p>	Harness in A-B is shorted to the power source.	○	None
 <p style="text-align: center; font-size: small;">T1V1-05-06-019</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Open circuit in C-D</li> <li>• Harness in side D is shorted to the power source.</li> </ul>	○	Resistance
 <p style="text-align: center; font-size: small;">T1V1-05-06-020</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Open circuit in C-D</li> <li>• Harness in side C is shorted to the power source.</li> </ul>	△	None
 <p style="text-align: center; font-size: small;">T1V1-05-06-021</p>	Harness in C-D is shorted to the power source.	○	Resistance

## **TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A**

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## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

### ECM FAULT CODE CONTRAST LIST

Fault Code (Dr. ZX)	Fault Description (Cause)	Fault Code (INSITE)	Lighting Indicator
84-2	Wheel-Based Vehicle Speed-Data Erratic, Intermittent, or Incorrect. The ECM lost the vehicle speed signal.	241	Service Indicator
84-10	Wheel-Based Vehicle Speed Sensor Circuit tampering has been detected-Abnormal Rate of Change. Signal indicates an intermittent connection or VSS tampering.	242	Service Indicator
91-0	Accelerator Pedal or Lever Position Sensor 1-Data Valid but Above Normal Operational Range-Most Severe Level. A frequency of more than 1500 Hz has been detected at the frequency throttle input to the ECM.	148	Stop Indicator
91-1	Accelerator Pedal or Lever Position 1 Sensor Circuit Frequency-Data Valid but Below Normal Operational Range-Most Severe Level. A frequency of less than 100 Hz has been detected at the frequency throttle input to the ECM.	147	Stop Indicator
91-3	Accelerator Pedal or Lever Position Sensor 1 Circuit-Voltage Above Normal, or Shorted to High Source. High voltage detected at accelerator pedal position circuit.	131	Stop Indicator
91-4	Accelerator Pedal or Lever Position Sensor 1 Circuit-Voltage Below Normal, or Shorted to Low Source. Low voltage detected at accelerator pedal position signal circuit.	132	Stop Indicator
91-19	SAE J1939 Multiplexed Accelerator Pedal or Lever Sensor System-Received Network Data In Error. The OEM vehicle electronic control unit (VECU) detected a fault with its accelerator pedal.	287	Service Indicator
93-2	Auxiliary Alternate Torque Validation Switch-Data Erratic, Intermittent, or Incorrect.	528	Service Indicator

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

Fault Code (Dr. ZX)	Fault Description (Cause)	Fault Code (INSITE)	Lighting Indicator
97-3	Water in Fuel Indicator Sensor Circuit-Voltage Above Normal, or Shorted to High Source. High voltage detected at the water in fuel circuit.	428	Service Indicator
97-4	Water in Fuel Indicator Sensor Circuit-Voltage Below Normal, or Shorted to Low Source. Low voltage detected at the water in fuel circuit.	429	Service Indicator
97-15	Water in Fuel Indicator-Data Valid but Above Normal Operational Range-Least Severe Level. Water has been detected in the fuel filter.	418	Service Indicator (Blinking)
100-1	Engine Oil Rifle Pressure-Data Valid but Below Normal Operational Range-Most Severe Level. Oil pressure signal indicates oil pressure below the engine protection critical limit.	415	Stop Indicator
100-2	Engine Oil Rifle Pressure-Data Erratic, Intermittent, or Incorrect. An error in the engine oil pressure switch signal was detected by the ECM.	435	Service Indicator
100-3	Engine Oil Rifle Pressure 1 Sensor Circuit-Voltage Above Normal, or Shorted to High Source. High signal voltage detected at the engine oil pressure circuit.	135	Service Indicator
100-4	Engine Oil Rifle Pressure 1 Sensor Circuit-Voltage Below Normal, or Shorted to Low Source. Low signal voltage detected at engine oil pressure circuit.	141	Service Indicator

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

Fault Code (Dr. ZX)	Fault Description (Cause)	Fault Code (INSITE)	Lighting Indicator
100-18	Engine Oil Rifle Pressure-Data Valid but Below Normal Operational Range-Moderately Severe Level.	143	Service Indicator
102-2	Intake Manifold 1 Pressure-Data Erratic, Intermittent, or Incorrect. The ECM has detected an intake manifold pressure signal that is too high or low for current engine operating conditions.	2973	Service Indicator
102-3	Intake Manifold 1 Pressure Sensor Circuit-Voltage Above Normal, or Shorted to High Source. High signal voltage detected at the intake manifold pressure circuit.	122	Service Indicator
102-4	Intake Manifold 1 Pressure Sensor Circuit-Voltage Below Normal, or Shorted to Low Source. Low signal voltage or open circuit detected at the intake manifold pressure circuit.	123	Service Indicator
102-16	Intake Manifold 1 Pressure-Data Valid but Above Normal Operational Range-Moderately Severe Level. Intake manifold pressure has exceeded the maximum limit for the given engine rating.	124	Service Indicator
103-10	Turbocharger 1 Speed-Abnormal Rate of Change. The turbocharger speed sensor has detected an erroneous speed value.	2345	Service Indicator
103-16	Turbocharger 1 Speed-Data Valid but Above Normal Operational Range-Moderately Severe Level. High turbocharger speed has been detected.	595	Service Indicator
103-18	Turbocharger 1 Speed-Data Valid but Below Normal Operational Range-Moderately Severe Level. Low turbocharger speed detected by the ECM.	687	Service Indicator

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

Fault Code (Dr. ZX)	Fault Description (Cause)	Fault Code (INSITE)	Lighting Indicator
105-0	Intake Manifold 1 Temperature-Data Valid but Above Normal Operational Range-Most Severe Level. Intake manifold air temperature signal indicates intake manifold air temperature above engine protection critical limit.	155	Stop Indicator
105-3	Intake Manifold 1 Temperature Sensor Circuit-Voltage Above Normal, or Shorted to High Source. High signal voltage detected at intake manifold air temperature circuit.	153	Service Indicator
105-4	Intake Manifold 1 Temperature Sensor Circuit-Voltage Below Normal, or Shorted to Low Source. Low signal voltage detected at intake manifold air temperature circuit.	154	Service Indicator
105-16	Intake Manifold 1 Temperature-Data Valid but Above Normal Operational Range-Moderately Severe Level. Intake manifold air temperature signal indicates intake manifold air temperature is above the engine protection warning limit.	488	Service Indicator
108-3	Barometric Pressure Sensor Circuit-Voltage Above Normal, or Shorted to High Source. High signal voltage detected at barometric pressure circuit.	221	Service Indicator
108-4	Barometric Pressure Sensor Circuit-Voltage Below Normal, or Shorted to Low Source. Low signal voltage detected at barometric pressure circuit.	222	Service Indicator
110-0	Engine Coolant Temperature-Data Valid but Above Normal Operational Range-Most Severe Level. Engine coolant temperature signal indicates engine coolant temperature above engine protection critical limit.	151	Stop Indicator

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

Fault Code (Dr. ZX)	Fault Description (Cause)	Fault Code (INSITE)	Lighting Indicator
110-2	Engine Coolant Temperature-Data Erratic, Intermittent, or Incorrect. The engine coolant temperature reading is not changing with engine operating conditions.	334	Service Indicator
110-3	Engine Coolant Temperature 1 Sensor Circuit-Voltage Above Normal, or Shorted to High Source. High signal voltage or open circuit detected at engine coolant temperature circuit.	144	Service Indicator
110-4	Engine Coolant Temperature 1 Sensor Circuit-Voltage Below Normal, or Shorted to Low Source. Low signal voltage detected at engine coolant temperature circuit.	145	Service Indicator
110-16	Engine Coolant Temperature-Data Valid but Above Normal Operational Range-Moderately Severe Level. Engine coolant temperature signal indicates engine coolant temperature is above engine protection warning limit.	146	Service Indicator
111-1	Coolant Level-Data Valid but Below Normal Operational Range-Most Severe Level. Low engine coolant level detected.	235	Stop Indicator
111-3	Coolant Level Sensor 1 Circuit-Voltage Above Normal, or Shorted to High Source. High signal voltage detected at engine coolant level circuit.	195	Service Indicator
111-4	Coolant Level Sensor 1 Circuit-Voltage Below Normal, or Shorted to Low Source. Low signal voltage detected at engine coolant level circuit.	196	Service Indicator

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

Fault Code (Dr. ZX)	Fault Description (Cause)	Fault Code (INSITE)	Lighting Indicator
111-18	Coolant Level-Data Valid but Below Normal Operational Range-Moderately Severe Level. Low coolant level has been detected.	197	Service Indicator
157-0	Injector Metering Rail 1 Pressure-Data Valid but Above Normal Operational Range-Most Severe Level.	449	Stop Indicator
157-1	Injector Metering Rail 1 Pressure-Data Valid but Below Normal Operational Range-Most Severe Level. The ECM has detected that fuel pressure is lower than commanded pressure.	2249	Service Indicator
157-2	Injector Metering Rail 1 Pressure-Data Erratic, Intermittent, or Incorrect. The ECM has detected that the fuel pressure signal is not changing.	554	Service Indicator
157-3	Injector Metering Rail 1 Pressure Sensor Circuit-Voltage Above Normal, or Shorted to High Source. High signal voltage detected at the rail fuel pressure sensor circuit.	451	Service Indicator
157-4	Injector Metering Rail 1 Pressure Sensor Circuit-Voltage Below Normal, or Shorted to Low Source. Low signal voltage detected at the rail fuel pressure sensor circuit.	452	Service Indicator
157-16	Injector Metering Rail 1 Pressure-Data Valid but Above Normal Operational Range-Moderately Severe Level. The ECM has detected that fuel pressure is higher than commanded pressure.	553	Service Indicator

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

Fault Code (Dr. ZX)	Fault Description (Cause)	Fault Code (INSITE)	Lighting Indicator
157-18	Injector Metering Rail 1 Pressure-Data Valid but Below Normal Operational Range-Moderately Severe Level. The ECM has detected that fuel pressure is lower than commanded pressure.	559	Service Indicator
168-16	Battery 1 Voltage-Data Valid but Above Normal Operational Range-Moderately Severe Level. ECM supply voltage is above the maximum system voltage level.	442	Service Indicator
168-18	Battery 1 Voltage-Data Valid but Below Normal Operational Range-Moderately Severe Level. ECM supply voltage is below the minimum system voltage level.	441	Service Indicator
190-0	Engine Crankshaft Speed/Position-Data Valid but Above Normal Operational Range-Most Severe Level. Engine speed signal indicates engine speed above engine protection limit.	234	Stop Indicator
190-2	Engine Crankshaft Speed/Position-Data Erratic, Intermittent, or Incorrect. Loss of signal from crankshaft sensor.	689	Service Indicator
190-2	Engine Crankshaft Speed/Position-Data Erratic, Intermittent, or Incorrect. Crankshaft engine speed sensor intermittent synchronization.	2321	None
251-2	Real Time Clock Power Interrupt-Data Erratic, Intermittent, or Incorrect. Real Time Clock lost power.	319	Service Indicator (Blinking)

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

Fault Code (Dr. ZX)	Fault Description (Cause)	Fault Code (INSITE)	Lighting Indicator
441-3	Auxiliary Temperature Sensor Input Circuit-Voltage Above Normal, or Shorted to High Source. High signal voltage or open circuit detected at the OEM auxiliary temperature circuit.	293	Service Indicator
441-4	Auxiliary Temperature Sensor Input 1 Circuit-Voltage Below Normal, or Shorted to Low Source. Low signal voltage detected at the OEM auxiliary temperature circuit.	294	Service Indicator
441-14	Auxiliary Temperature Sensor Input 1-Special Instructions.	292	Stop Indicator
558-2	Accelerator Pedal or Lever Idle Validation Switch-Data Erratic, Intermittent, or Incorrect. Voltage detected simultaneously on both idle validation and off-idle validation switches.	431	Service Indicator
558-13	Accelerator Pedal or Lever Idle Validation Circuit-Out of Calibration. Voltage at idle validation on-idle and off-idle circuit does not match accelerator pedal position.	432	Stop Indicator
611-2	Auxiliary Intermediate (PTO) Speed Switch Validation-Data Erratic, Intermittent, or Incorrect.	523	Service Indicator
611-31	Electronic Control Module data lost-Condition Exists. Severe loss of data from the ECM.	757	Service Indicator
612-2	Engine Magnetic Crankshaft Speed/Position lost both of two signals-Data Erratic, Intermittent, or Incorrect. The ECM has detected that the primary engine speed sensor and the backup engine speed sensor signals are reversed.	115	Stop Indicator



## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

Fault Code (Dr. ZX)	Fault Description (Cause)	Fault Code (INSITE)	Lighting Indicator
625-2	OEM Datalink Cannot Transmit-Data Erratic, Intermittent, or Incorrect. Communications within the OEM datalink network is intermittent.	1633	Service Indicator
627-2	Power Supply Lost With Ignition On-Data Erratic, Intermittent, or Incorrect. Supply voltage to the ECM fell below 6.2 volts momentarily, or the ECM was not allowed to power down correctly (retain battery voltage for 30 seconds after key OFF).	1117	None
627-12	Injector Power Supply-Bad Intelligent Device or Component. The ECM measured injector boost voltage is low.	351	Service Indicator
629-12	Engine Control Module Critical Internal Failure-Bad Intelligent Device or Component. Error internal to the ECM related to memory hardware failures or internal ECM voltage supply circuits.	111	Stop Indicator
629-12	Engine Control Module Warning internal hardware failure-Bad Intelligent Device or Component. Internal ECM failure.	343	Service Indicator
630-13	Electronic Calibration Code Incompatibility-Out of Calibration. An incompatible calibration has been detected in the ECM.	342	Stop Indicator
633-31	Electronic Fuel Injection Control Valve Circuit-Condition Exists. Fuel pump actuator circuit resistance too high or too low.	2311	Service Indicator

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

Fault Code (Dr. ZX)	Fault Description (Cause)	Fault Code (INSITE)	Lighting Indicator
639-9	SAE J1939 Multiplexing PGN Timeout Error-Abnormal Update Rate. The ECM expected information from a multiplexed device but did not receive it soon enough or did not receive it at all.	285	Service Indicator
639-13	SAE J1939 Multiplexing Configuration Error-Out of Calibration. The ECM expected information from a multiplexed device but only received a portion of the necessary information.	286	Service Indicator
640-14	Auxiliary Commanded Dual Output Shutdown-Special Instructions.	599	Stop Indicator
641-3	VGT Actuator Driver Circuit-Voltage Above Normal, or Shorted to High Source. Open circuit or high voltage detected at turbocharger control valve circuit.	2385	Service Indicator
641-4	VGT Actuator Driver Circuit-Voltage Below Normal, or Shorted to Low Source. Low voltage detected at turbocharger control valve circuit.	2384	Service Indicator
644-2	External Speed Command Input (Multiple Unit Synchronization)-Data Erratic, Intermittent, or Incorrect. Communication between multiple engines may be intermittent.	237	Service Indicator
647-3	Fan Control Circuit-Voltage Above Normal, or Shorted to High Source. Open circuit or high voltage detected at the fan control circuit.	2377	Service Indicator
647-4	Fan Control Circuit-Voltage Below Normal, or Shorted to Low Source. Low signal voltage detected at the fan control circuit when commanded on.	245	Service Indicator

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

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Fault Code (Dr. ZX)	Fault Description (Cause)	Fault Code (INSITE)	Lighting Indicator
651-5	Injector Solenoid Driver Cylinder 1 Circuit-Current Below Normal, or Open Circuit. High resistance detected on injector Number 1 circuit or no current detected at Number 1 Injector driver or return pin when the voltage supply at the harness is on.	322	Service Indicator
652-5	Injector Solenoid Driver Cylinder 2 Circuit-Current Below Normal, or Open Circuit. High resistance detected on injector Number 2 circuit or no current detected at Number 2 injector driver or return pin when the voltage supply at the harness is on.	331	Service Indicator
653-5	Injector Solenoid Driver Cylinder 3 Circuit-Current Below Normal, or Open Circuit. High resistance detected on injector Number 3 circuit or no current detected at Number 3 injector driver or return pin when the voltage supply at the harness is on.	324	Service Indicator
654-5	Injector Solenoid Driver Cylinder 4 Circuit-Current Below Normal, or Open Circuit. High resistance detected on injector Number 4 circuit or no current detected at Number 4 injector driver or return pin when the voltage supply at the harness is on.	332	Service Indicator
655-5	Injector Solenoid Driver Cylinder 5 Circuit-Current Below Normal, or Open Circuit. High resistance detected on injector Number 5 circuit or no current detected at Number 5 injector driver or return pin when the voltage supply at the harness is on.	323	Service Indicator

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

Fault Code (Dr. ZX)	Fault Description (Cause)	Fault Code (INSITE)	Lighting Indicator
656-5	Injector Solenoid Driver Cylinder 6 Circuit-Current Below Normal, or Open Circuit. High resistance detected on injector Number 6 circuit or no current detected at Number 6 injector driver or return pin when the voltage supply at the harness is on.	325	Service Indicator
677-3	Starter Relay Driver Circuit-Voltage Above Normal, or Shorted to High Source. Open circuit or high voltage detected at starter lockout circuit.	584	Service Indicator
677-4	Starter Relay Driver Circuit-Voltage Below Normal, or Shorted to Low Source. Low voltage detected at starter lockout circuit.	585	Service Indicator
697-3	Auxiliary PWM Driver 1 Circuit-Voltage Above Normal, or Shorted to High Source. High signal voltage detected at the analog torque circuit.	2557	Service Indicator
697-4	Auxiliary PWM Driver 1 Circuit-Voltage Below Normal, or Shorted to Low Source. Low signal voltage detected at the analog torque circuit.	2558	Service Indicator
702-3	Auxiliary Input/Output 2 Circuit-Voltage Above Normal, or Shorted to High Source. High signal voltage or open circuit has been detected at the auxiliary input/output 2 circuit.	527	Service Indicator
703-3	Auxiliary Input/Output 3 Circuit-Voltage Above Normal, or Shorted to High Source. Low signal voltage has been detected at the auxiliary input/output 2 circuit.	529	Service Indicator
723-2	Engine Camshaft Speed / Position Sensor-Data Erratic, Intermittent, or Incorrect. The ECM has detected an error in the camshaft position sensor signal.	778	Service Indicator

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

Fault Code (Dr. ZX)	Fault Description (Cause)	Fault Code (INSITE)	Lighting Indicator
723-2	Engine Camshaft Speed / Position Sensor-Data Erratic, Intermittent, or Incorrect. Camshaft engine speed sensor intermittent synchronization.	2322	None
723-7	Engine Speed / Position Camshaft and Crankshaft Misalignment-Mechanical System Not Responding Properly or Out of Adjustment. Mechanical misalignment between the crankshaft and camshaft engine speed sensors.	731	Service Indicator
723-11	Auxiliary Equipment Sensor Input 3-Root Cause Not Known.	779	Service Indicator
729-3	Intake Air Heater 1 Circuit-Voltage Above Normal, or Shorted to High Source. High voltage detected at the intake air heater signal circuit.	2555	Service Indicator
729-4	Intake Air Heater 1 Circuit-Voltage Below Normal, or Shorted to Low Source. Low voltage detected at the intake air heater signal circuit.	2556	Service Indicator
974-3	Remote Accelerator Pedal or Lever Position Sensor 1 Circuit-Voltage Above Normal, or Shorted to High Source. High voltage detected at remote accelerator pedal position circuit.	133	Stop Indicator
974-4	Remote Accelerator Pedal or Lever Position Sensor 1 Circuit-Voltage Below Normal, or Shorted to Low Source. Low voltage detected at remote accelerator pedal position signal circuit.	134	Stop Indicator
974-19	SAE J1939 Multiplexing Remote Accelerator Pedal or Lever Position Sensor Circuit-Received Network Data In Error. The OEM vehicle electronic control unit (VECU) detected a fault with the remote accelerator.	288	Stop Indicator

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

Fault Code (Dr. ZX)	Fault Description (Cause)	Fault Code (INSITE)	Lighting Indicator
1075-3	Electric Lift Pump for Engine Fuel Supply Circuit-Voltage Above Normal, or Shorted to High Source. High voltage or open detected at the fuel lift pump signal circuit.	2265	Service Indicator
1075-4	Electric Lift Pump for Engine Fuel Supply Circuit-Voltage Below Normal, or Shorted to Low Source. Low signal voltage detected at the fuel lift pump circuit.	2266	Service Indicator
1172-3	Turbocharger 1 Compressor Inlet Temperature Circuit-Voltage Above Normal, or Shorted to High Source. High signal voltage detected at turbocharger compressor inlet air temperature circuit.	691	Service Indicator
1172-4	Turbocharger 1 Compressor Inlet Temperature Circuit-Voltage Below Normal, or Shorted to Low Source. Low signal voltage detected at turbocharger compressor inlet air tempera	692	Service Indicator
1347-3	Fuel Pump Pressurizing Assembly 1 Circuit-Voltage Above Normal, or Shorted to High Source. High signal voltage or open circuit detected at the fuel pump actuator circuit.	272	Service Indicator
1347-4	Fuel Pump Pressurizing Assembly 1 Circuit-Voltage Below Normal, or Shorted to Low Source. Low signal voltage detected at the fuel pump actuator circuit.	271	Service Indicator
1347-7	Fuel Pump Pressurizing Assembly 1-Mechanical System Not Responding Properly or Out of Adjustment.	281	Service Indicator

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

Fault Code (Dr. ZX)	Fault Description (Cause)	Fault Code (INSITE)	Lighting Indicator
1377-2	Multiple Unit Synchronization Switch-Data Erratic, Intermittent, or Incorrect.	497	Service Indicator
1388-3	Auxiliary Pressure Sensor Input 1 Circuit-Voltage Above Normal, or Shorted to High Source. High signal voltage detected at the OEM pressure circuit.	297	Service Indicator
1388-4	Auxiliary Pressure Sensor Input 1 Circuit-Voltage Below Normal, or Shorted to Low Source. Low signal voltage or open circuit detected at the OEM pressure circuit.	298	Service Indicator
1388-14	Auxiliary Pressure Sensor Input 1-Special Instructions.	296	Stop Indicator
2789-15	Turbocharger Turbine Inlet Temperature (Calculated)-Data Valid but Above Normal Operational Range-Least Severe Level. Turbocharger turbine inlet temperature has exceeded the engine protection limit.	2346	None
2789-15	Turbocharger Compressor Outlet Temperature (Calculated)-Data Valid but Above Normal Operational Range-Least Severe Level.	2347	None
3509-3	Sensor Supply 1 Circuit-Voltage Above Normal, or Shorted to High Source. High voltage detected at sensor supply number 1 circuit.	386	Service Indicator
3509-4	Sensor Supply 1 Circuit-Voltage Below Normal, or Shorted to Low Source. Low voltage detected at sensor supply number 1 circuit.	352	Service Indicator
3510-3	Sensor Supply 2 Circuit-Voltage Above Normal, or Shorted to High Source. High voltage detected at sensor supply number 2 circuit.	227	Service Indicator

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

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Fault Code (Dr. ZX)	Fault Description (Cause)	Fault Code (INSITE)	Lighting Indicator
3510-4	Sensor Supply 2 Circuit-Voltage Below Normal, or Shorted to Low Source. Low voltage detected at the sensor supply number 2 circuit.	187	Service Indicator
3512-3	Sensor Supply 4 Circuit-Voltage Above Normal, or Shorted to High Source. High voltage detected at +5 volt sensor supply circuit to the accelerator pedal position sensor.	2185	Service Indicator
3512-4	Sensor Supply 4 Circuit-Voltage Below Normal, or Shorted to Low Source. Low voltage detected at +5 volt sensor supply circuit to the accelerator pedal position sensor.	2186	Service Indicator
3611-4	Sensor Supply 3 Circuit-Voltage Below Normal, or Shorted to Low Source. Low voltage detected on the +5 volt sensor supply circuit to the engine speed sensor.	238	Service Indicator



## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

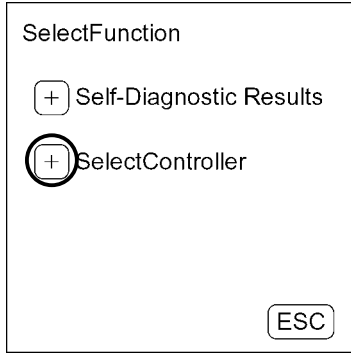
### ICF, SATELLITE TERMINAL FAULT CODES 14000 to 14003

Fault Code	Trouble	Remedy
14000-2	Abnormal CAN Communication	Execute retrieval B in self-diagnosing. If this error code is displayed after retrieval, check the following item. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Check the CAN communication line (harness).</li></ul>
14001-2	ICF: Flash Memory Read / Write Error	Execute retrieval B in self-diagnosing and execute the following item. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Execute "Information C/U: Initialize".</li></ul>
14002-2	ICF: External RAM Read/Write Error	
14003-2	ICF: EEPROM Sum Check Error	Execute retrieval B in self-diagnosing. If this error code is displayed after retrieval, check the following item. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Execute "Control Data: Initialize".</li><li>• Execute "Enter Model and Serial No.".</li></ul> Then, execute self-diagnosing and execute retrieval B.

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

## Information C/U : Initialize

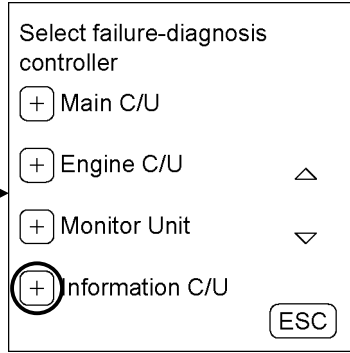
After starting Dr. ZX, push Select Controller.



T1V7-05-03-001

Function Selection Screen

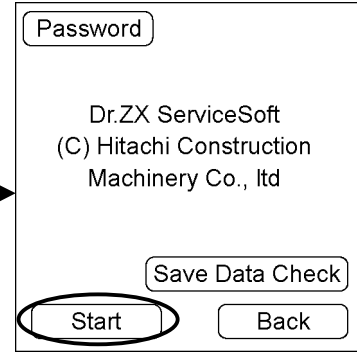
Push Information C/U.



T4GB-05-02-053

Controller Selection Screen

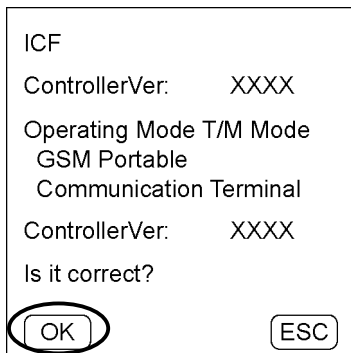
Push Start.



T4GD-05-02-013

Title Screen

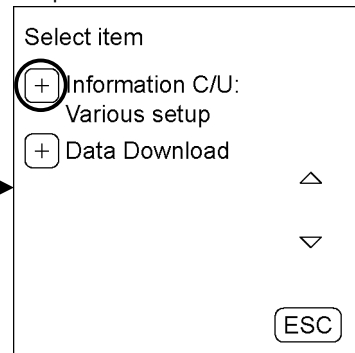
Push OK.



T4GD-05-02-012

ICF Controller Screen

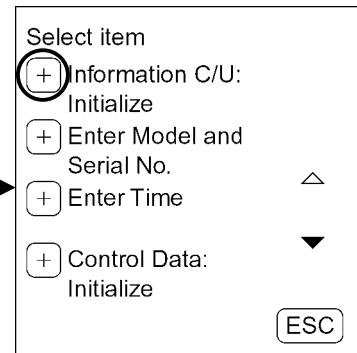
Push Information C/U: Various setup.



T4GD-05-02-014

Main Menu Screen

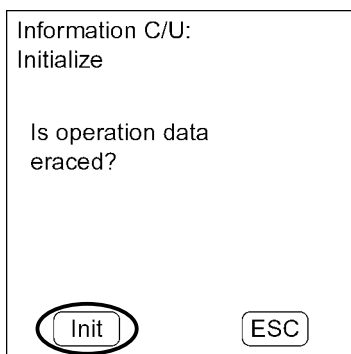
Push Information C/U: Initialize.



T1V7-05-03-027

Information C/U: Various Setup Screen

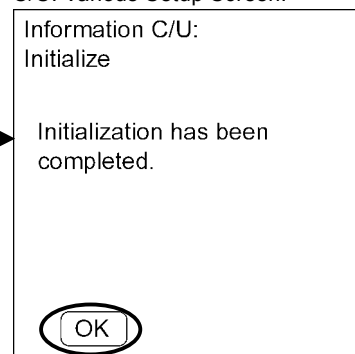
Push Init and the controller operating data is initialized. Push ESC and return to Information C/U: Various Setup Screen.



T1V7-05-03-028

Information C/U: Initialize Screen

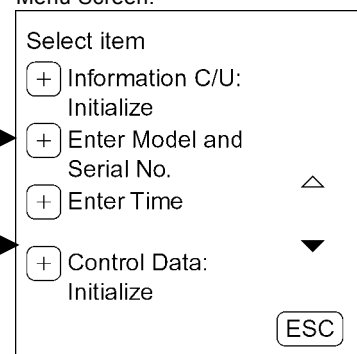
Push OK and return to Information C/U: Various Setup Screen.



T1V7-05-03-029

Information C/U: Initialize Screen

Push ESC and return to Main Menu Screen.



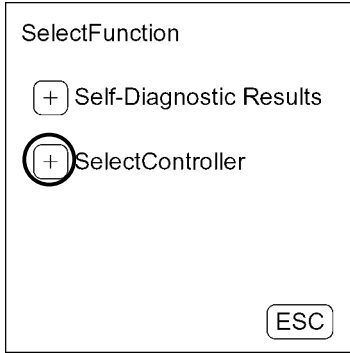
T1V7-05-03-027

Information C/U: Various Setup Screen

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

## Control Data: Initialize

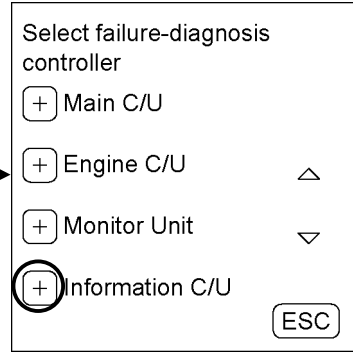
After starting Dr. ZX, push Select Controller.



T1V7-05-03-001

Function Selection Screen

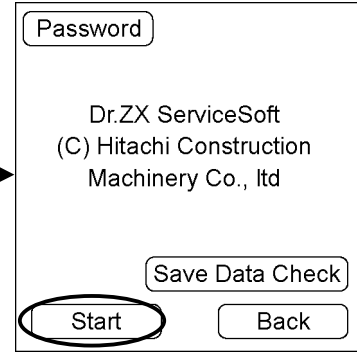
Push Information C/U.



T4GB-05-02-053

Controller Selection Screen

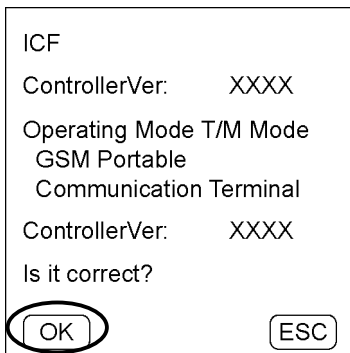
Push Start.



T4GD-05-02-013

Title Screen

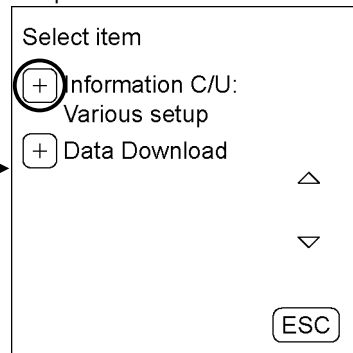
Push OK.



T4GD-05-02-012

ICF Controller Screen

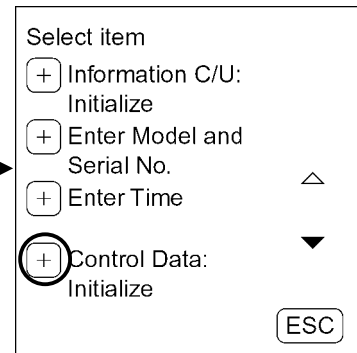
Push Information C/U: Various setup.



T4GD-05-02-014

Main Menu Screen

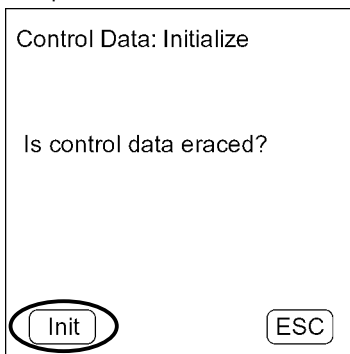
Push Control Data: Initialize.



T1V7-05-03-027

Information C/U: Various Setup Screen

Push Init and the controller control data is initialized. Push ESC and return to Information C/U: Various Setup Screen.



T1V7-05-03-033

Control Data: Initialize Screen

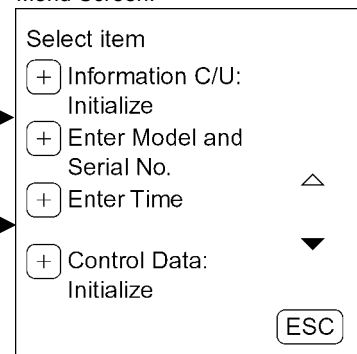
Push OK and return to Information C/U: Various Setup Screen.



T1V7-05-03-034

Control Data: Initialize Screen

Push ESC and return to Main Menu Screen.



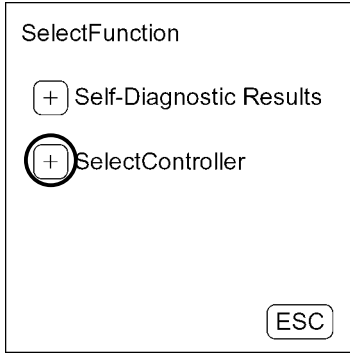
T1V7-05-03-027

Information C/U: Various Setup Screen

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

## Enter Model and Serial No.

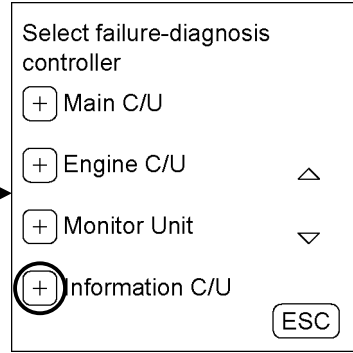
After starting Dr. ZX, push Select Controller.



T1V7-05-03-001

Function Selection Screen

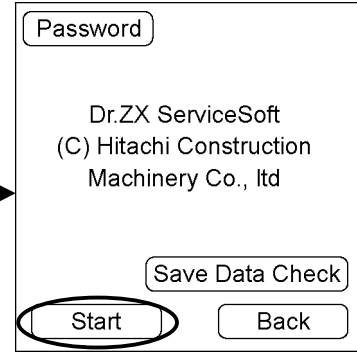
Push Information C/U.



T4GB-05-02-053

Controller Selection Screen

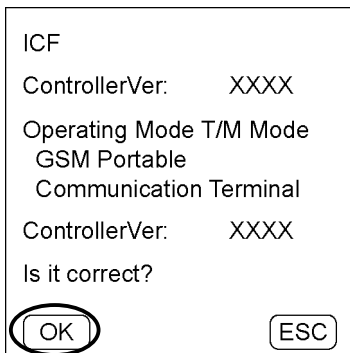
Push Start.



T4GD-05-02-013

Title Screen

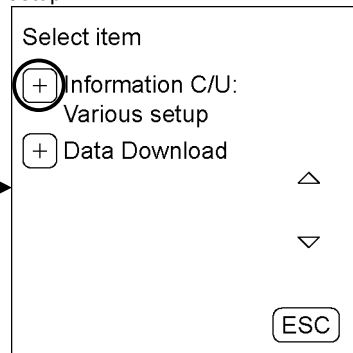
Push OK.



T4GD-05-02-012

ICF Controller Screen

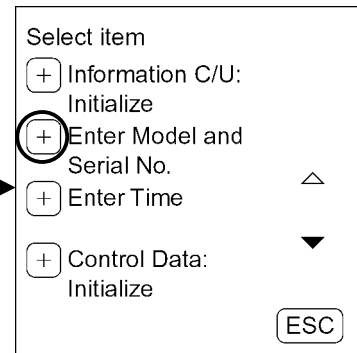
Push Information C/U: Various setup.



T4GD-05-02-014

Main Menu Screen

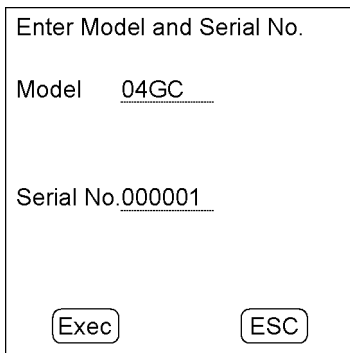
Push Enter Model and Serial No.



T1V7-05-03-027

Information C/U: Various Setup Screen

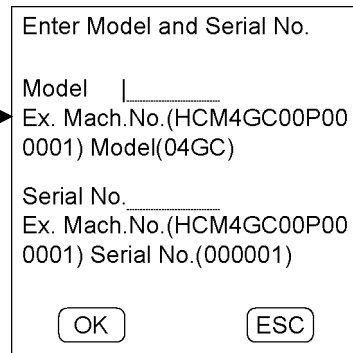
Push Exec, and model and serial No. can be input.  
Push ESC and return to Information C/U: Various Setup Screen.



T4GB-05-02-068

Enter Model and Serial No. Screen

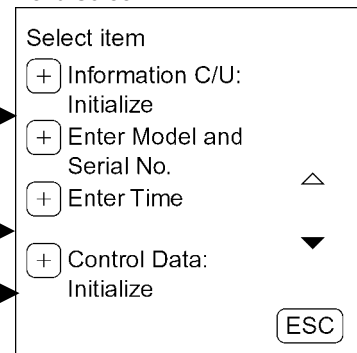
Push OK after inputting model and serial No. and return to Enter Model and Serial No. Screen.  
Push ESC and return to Information C/U: Various Setup Screen.



T4GB-05-02-069

Enter Model and Serial No. Screen

Push ESC and return to Main Menu Screen.



T1V7-05-03-027

Information C/U: Various Setup Screen

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

### ICF, SATELLITE TERMINAL FAULT CODES 14006, 14008, 14100 to 14106

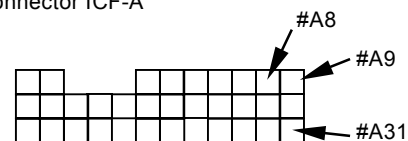
Fault Code	Trouble	Remedy
14006-2	ICF: Satellite Communication Terminal Communication Error	Execute retrieval B in self-diagnosing. If this error code is displayed after retrieval, check the following item. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check the communication line.</li> <li>• Check the power source line of the satellite terminal.</li> <li>• Check the fuse.</li> </ul> Then, execute self-diagnosing and execute retrieval B.
14008-2	ICF: Abnormal Internal RAM	Execute retrieval B in self-diagnosing. If this error code is displayed after retrieval, replace the controller.
14100-2	Satellite Communication Terminal: Abnormal EEPROM	
14101-2	Satellite Communication Terminal: Abnormal IB/OB Queue	
14102-2	Satellite Communication Terminal: Abnormal Local Loop Back	
14103-2	Satellite Communication Terminal: The satellite cannot be found.	Check the communication antenna for the satellite. (Refer to T5-5-114.)
14104-2	Satellite Communication Terminal: Remote Loop Back Failure 1	Execute retry B in self-diagnosing. If this error code is displayed after retrieval, replace the controller.
14105-2	Satellite Communication Terminal: Remote Loop Back Failure 2	
14106-2	Satellite Communication Terminal: The received data is not same with the sent data.	

#### Fault Code 14006-2

- Check the communication line
1. Check for continuity between terminal #A8 of harness end of connector ICF-A in ICF and terminal #10 of harness end of connector A in the satellite terminal.
  2. Check for continuity between terminal #A9 of harness end of connector ICF-A in ICF and terminal #20 of harness end of connector A in the satellite terminal.
  3. Check for continuity between terminal #A31 of harness end of connector ICF-A in ICF and terminal #2 of harness end of connector B in the satellite terminal.
- Check the power source line of the satellite terminal
1. Check the battery power  
Check if voltage between terminal #2 of harness end of connector A in the satellite terminal and the vehicle frame is 24 V.
  2. Check the main power  
With the key switch ON, check if voltage between terminal #1 of harness end of connector A in the satellite terminal and the vehicle frame is 24 V.
  3. Check the ground circuit  
Check for continuity between terminals #11 and #12 of harness end of connector A in the satellite terminal.

Connector (Harness end of connector viewed from the open end side)

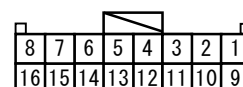
ICF  
Connector ICF-A



Satellite Terminal  
Connector A

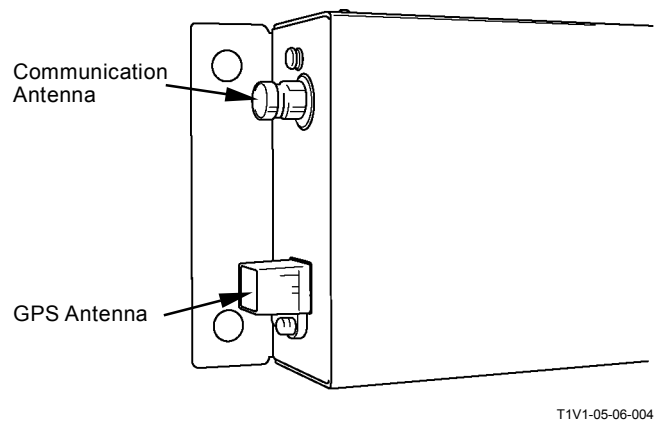
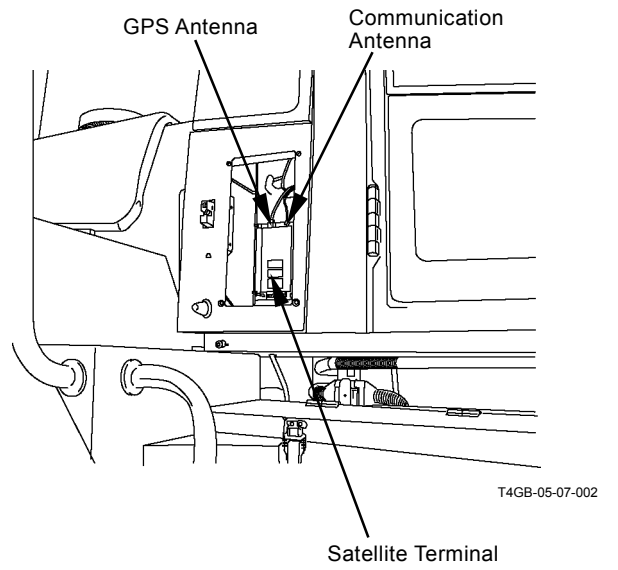


Satellite Terminal  
Connector B



# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

Fault Codes 14102-2, 14103-2



## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

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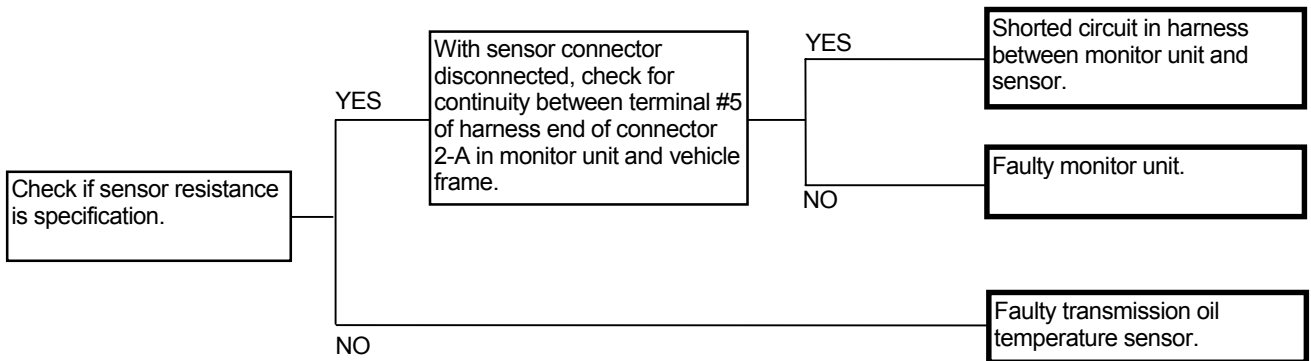
### MONITOR UNIT FAULT CODES 13306, 13308

Fault Code	Trouble	Remedy
13306-2	Abnormal EEPROM	If this error code is displayed after retrieval, replace the monitor unit.
13308-2	Abnormal CAN Communication	Execute retrieval. Refer to "Check CAN Harness" (T5-5-54).

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

### MONITOR UNIT FAULT CODE 13312

Fault Code	Trouble	Remedy
13312-2	Abnormal Transmission Oil Temperature Sensor	Execute retrieval. Check the transmission oil temperature sensor and the harness.

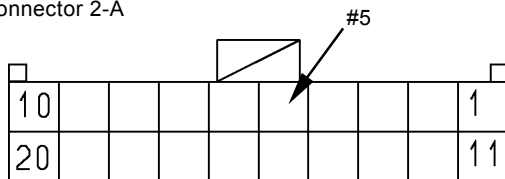


#### Transmission Oil Temperature Sensor

Coolant Temperature (°C, °F)	Resistance (kΩ)
25, 77	7.6±0.76
40, 104	4.0±0.35
50, 122	2.7±0.22
80, 176	0.92±0.07
95, 203	0.56±0.04
105, 221	0.42±0.03
120, 248	0.28±0.01

Connector (Harness end of connector viewed from the open end side)

Monitor Unit  
Connector 2-A



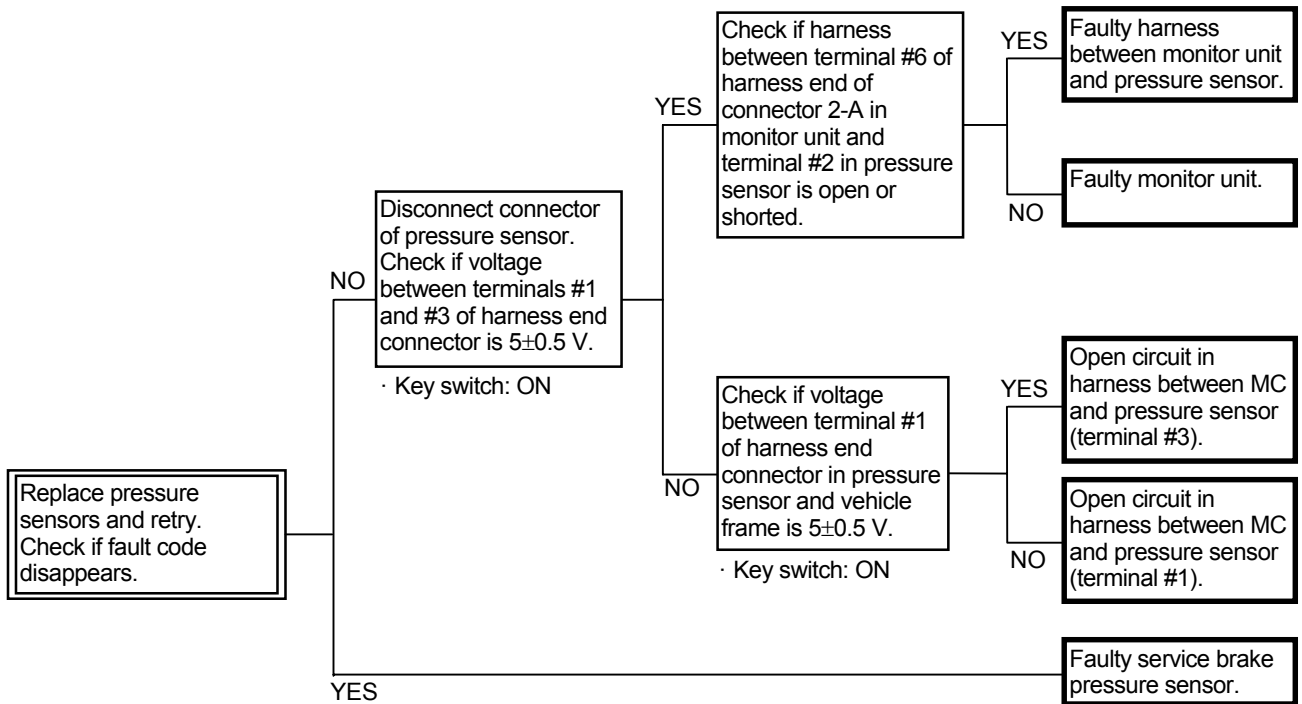
T183-05-04-013



# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

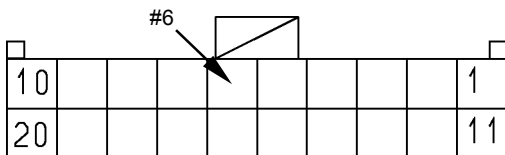
## MONITOR UNIT FAULT CODE 13314

Fault Code	Trouble	Remedy
13314-3	Service Brake Pressure Sensor High Voltage	Execute retrieval. Check the service brake pressure sensor and the harness.
13314-4	Service Brake Pressure Sensor Low Voltage	Execute retrieval. Check the service brake pressure sensor and the harness.



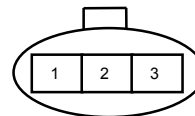
Connector (Harness end of connector viewed from the open end side)

Monitor Unit  
Connector 2-A



T183-05-04-013

Service Brake Pressure Sensor Connector



## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

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# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

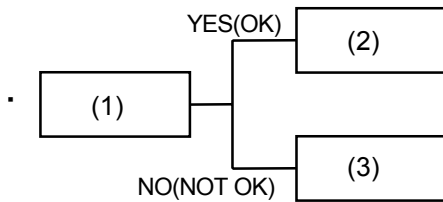
## TROUBLESHOOTING B PROCEDURE

Apply troubleshooting B procedure when no fault code is displayed on the service mode in monitor and Dr. ZX although the machine operation is abnormal.

On the front section pages of this group are the tables indicating the relationship between machine trouble symptoms and related parts which may cause such trouble if failed.

Start the troubleshooting with more probable causes selected by referring to these tables.

### • How to Read the Troubleshooting Flow Charts

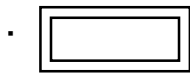


- After checking or measuring item (1), select either YES (OK) or NO (NOT OK) and proceed to item (2) or (3), as appropriate.



- Special instructions or reference item are indicated in the spaces under the box. Incorrect measuring or checking methods will render troubleshooting impossible, and may damage components as well.

• Key switch: ON



- Use the service mode in monitor and the diagnosing system/controller diagnosing system in Dr.ZX.



- Causes are stated in a thick-line box. Scanning through thick-line boxes, possible causes can be seen without going through the flow chart.

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### RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN MACHINE TROUBLE SYMPTOMS AND RELATED PARTS

This table indicates the relationship between machine trouble symptoms and the potential problem parts, which may cause trouble if failed, and the evaluation methods of these components.

Parts	Item	Function	Symptoms in control system when trouble occurs.	Symptoms in machine operation when trouble occurs.
FNR Lever		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This lever sends the command signal on forward/reverse to MC.</li> <li>This lever sends the signal on forward/reverse to the neutral relay.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>MC keeps this lever in neutral when traveling.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Although the FNR lever is operated, the machine does not travel.</li> <li>Although the FNR lever is in reverse, the backlight and back buzzer are not operated.</li> </ul>
Shift Switch		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This switch sends the command signal on speed gear to MC.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Particular speed gear only can be operated according to condition of the shorted or open circuit.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>When the travel mode switch is manually operated, the machine can travel at particular speed gear only.</li> <li>When the travel mode switch is automatically operated, speed can be shifted to particular speed gear only.</li> </ul>
Parking Brake Switch		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This switch sends releases/applies the parking brake.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The parking brake cannot be released or applied.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Although the parking brake switch is OFF, the machine cannot operate in the forward or reverse direction.</li> <li>Although the parking brake switch is ON on the slope, the machine moves.</li> </ul>
Travel Mode Selector Switch		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This switch sends the command signal on travel mode to MC.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>MC makes only the travel mode in manual gear shifting operable.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>When the automatic gear shifting is selected, the machine can travel in the travel mode in manual gear shifting only.</li> </ul>
Work Mode Selector Switch		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This switch sends the command signal on work mode to MC.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>MC keeps the work mode selector switch in normal mode.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Although mode L has been used, fuel consumption on the service mode monitor suddenly increases after certain week or month.</li> <li>Machine operation may be normal according to the switch to reduce engine output at low speed gear.</li> </ul>
Clutch Cut-Off Position Switch		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This switch sends the command signal on clutch cut-off to MC.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>MC makes the clutch cut-off mode disabled.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Although mode S,N or D in the clutch cut-off mode switch is selected and the brake pedal is depressed, the clutch cut-off is not operated.</li> </ul>
Down-Shift Switch Down-Shift/Up-Shift Switch		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This switch sends the command signal on down-shift/up-shift switch to MC. (The circuit in down-shift switch is connected to that at down-shift side in down-shift/up-shift switch.)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>MC makes down-shift/up-shift switch control disabled.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Although the down-shift/up-shift switch is pushed, down-shift/up-shift is not operated.</li> <li>Although the down-shift switch is pushed, down-shift is not operated.</li> </ul>
Hold Switch		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This switch sends the command signal on hold switch to MC.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>MC makes hold switch control disabled.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Although the auto speed gear shifting is selected and the hold switch is pushed, travel speed gear is not fixed.</li> </ul>

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Evaluation by Fault Code	Evaluation by Monitor Function	NOTE	Descriptions of Control (Operational Principle Section in T/M)
MC: 11904	MC Monitor Item: FNR switch, Selected speed gear, Actual speed gear, Backward alarm, Neutral signal	-	T2-1, T2-4
-	MC Monitor Item: Selected speed gear, Actual speed gear, Speed gear	-	T2-1, T2-4
-	-	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The parking brake circuit is one of the negative control circuit (The parking brake is released with the parking brake switch OFF).</li> <li>• If the parking brake pressure sensor is faulty, the parking brake indicator does not light with the parking brake switch ON.</li> </ul>	T2-1, T2-3, T2-4
-	MC Monitor Item: Auto/manual selection, Auto speed gear shifting mode	-	T2-1
-	MC Monitor Item: Engine torque control, Pump torque control	-	T2-1
-	MC Monitor Item: Clutch cut-off switch, Clutch cut-off mode	-	T2-1
-	MC Monitor Item: DSS switch, USS switch	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Although other levers and switches corresponding to travel are operated and the down-shift/up-shift switch control is disabled, this condition is normal.</li> </ul>	T2-1
-	MC Monitor Item: Speed gear hold switch, Hold mode	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Although other levers and switches corresponding to travel are operated and the hold switch control is disabled, this condition is normal.</li> </ul>	T2-1

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Parts \ Item	Function	Symptoms in control system when trouble occurs.	Symptoms in machine operation when trouble occurs.
FNR Switch	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This switch sends the command signal on forward/reverse to MC.</li> <li>When the machine travels forward, the signal on forward is sent to the neutral relay in FNR switch.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>MC makes FNR switch control disabled during the work.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The machine cannot travel forward/reverse by using the FNR switch during the work.</li> <li>Although the forward/reverse selector switch is turned ON and the FNR switch indicator on monitor lights during the work, the machine does not travel forward/reverse.</li> </ul>
Forward/Reverse Selector Switch	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This switch sends the command signal that the FNR switch is enabled during the work to MC.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The machine cannot travel forward/reverse by using the FNR switch.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The machine cannot travel forward/reverse by using the FNR switch during the work.</li> <li>Although the forward/reverse selector switch is turned ON, the FNR switch indicator on monitor does not light during the work.</li> </ul>
Fan Reversing Switch	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This switch sends the command signal that the fan motor rotates reverse to MC.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The hydraulic drive fan cleaning control cannot be selected or released.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Although the switch is turned ON, the cooling fan does not rotate reverse.</li> <li>Although the switch is turned OFF, the cooling fan does not rotate forward.</li> <li>If the switch is turned OFF and the FNR switch is operated, engine speed does not increase.</li> </ul>
Ride Control Switch	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This switch sends the command signal on ride control to MC.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Ride control cannot be stopped or operated.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Although the ride control switch is turned ON, ride control is not operated. (Travel speed: 7 km/h or faster)</li> <li>Although the ride control switch is turned OFF, ride control is not stopped.</li> </ul>
Emergency Steering Check Switch	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This switch sends the operating command signal on emergency steering pump unit to the monitor unit.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The command signal is not sent to the monitor unit.</li> <li>The command signal continues to be sent to the monitor unit.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Emergency steering check operation cannot be operated.</li> <li>Whenever the engine starts, the emergency steering pump unit is operated for 30 seconds.</li> </ul>
Lift Arm Auto Leveler Set Switch (Optional)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This switch sends the operating command signal on lift arm auto level to MC.</li> <li>This switch sends the setting signal on lift arm stop position to MC.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The lift arm auto level cannot be operated or stopped.</li> <li>The lift arm stop position cannot be set randomly.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Although the switch is turned ON, the lift arm does not stop at the set position.</li> <li>Although the switch is turned OFF, the lift arm stops at the set position.</li> </ul>

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Evaluation by Fault Code	Evaluation by Monitor Function	NOTE	Descriptions of Control (Operational Principle Section in T/M)
MC: 11905	MC Monitor Item: Implement FNR switch, Selected speed gear, Actual speed gear, Implement FNR mode, Backward alarm, Neutral signal	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Although the FNR lever is operated and the FNR switch operation is disabled during the work, this condition is normal.</li> </ul>	T2-1
-	MC Monitor Item: Implement FNR selector switch, Implement FNR mode, Implement FNR operating light	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Although the FNR lever is operated and the command signal from forward/reverse selector switch is disabled during the work, this condition is normal.</li> </ul>	T2-1
-	MC Monitor Item: Fan reversing switch	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>If the switch is turned ON under the certain conditions, the fan reversing control cannot be operated.</li> <li>If the key switch is turned OFF and the fan reversing switch is turned OFF, turn the key ON in 10 seconds. If not, the fan reversing control is operated on the logic in MC. When the switches corresponding to travel are operated, engine speed is fixed to the idling speed. This condition is normal.</li> </ul>	T2-1, T2-3
-	MC Monitor Item: Ride control switch	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>If the travel speed sensor is faulty, ride control is disabled.</li> </ul>	T2-1, T2-3
-	Monitor Unit Monitor Item: Emergency steering operation check switch	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>When the engine starts, the emergency steering pump unit is operated for 2 seconds. This condition is normal.</li> </ul>	T2-1, T2-4
-	MC Monitor Item: Boom height kickout switch, Boom height kickout setup switch, Ground stop switch, Ground stop setup switch	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The lift arm auto leveler upward set switch and lift arm auto leveler downward set switch are installed.</li> <li>Each lift arm auto leveler set switch consists of the auto leveler ON/OFF switch and lift arm stop position setup switch.</li> <li>The lift arm stop position cannot be set without learning the angle sensor. (Refer to T4-6.)</li> </ul>	T2-1

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Parts \ Item	Function	Symptoms in control system when trouble occurs.	Symptoms in machine operation when trouble occurs.
Accelerator Pedal Sensor	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This sensor sends the command signal on accelerator depressing to MC.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>MC fixes engine speed to 1100 min<sup>-1</sup>.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>As the accelerator pedal is depressed and engine speed does not increase, the machine moves slowly.</li> </ul>
Coolant Temperature Sensor	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This sensor sends the signal on coolant temperature to the monitor unit.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Coolant temperature cannot be detected.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Auto warming-up control is operated abnormally.</li> <li>The coolant temperature gauge is operated abnormally.</li> </ul>
Hydraulic Oil Level Sensor	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This sensor sends the signal on hydraulic oil level to the monitor unit.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Hydraulic oil level cannot be detected.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The brake oil indicator is operated abnormally.</li> </ul>
Air Filter Restriction Switch	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This switch sends the signal on air filter in-take pressure to the monitor unit.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Air filter intake pressure cannot be detected.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The air filter restriction indicator is operated abnormally.</li> </ul>
Fuel Level Sensor	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This sensor sends the signal on fuel level to the monitor unit.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Fuel level cannot be detected.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The fuel gauge is operated abnormally.</li> </ul>
Hydraulic Oil Temperature Sensor	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This sensor sends the signal on hydraulic oil temperature to MC.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Hydraulic oil temperature cannot be detected.</li> <li>MC fixes the cooling fan to the maximum speed.</li> <li>Engine auto warming-up control cannot be operated.</li> <li>Although outside air temperature is high, auto warming-up control is operated.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Hydraulic drive fan cooling control cannot be operated. (Cooling fan: Maximum speed)</li> <li>The hydraulic oil temperature indicator is operated abnormally.</li> </ul>
Bucket Proximity Switch	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This switch uses for bucket auto leveler control.</li> <li>ON: While the bar is passed in front, OFF: When the bar is out of front</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The bar cannot be detected.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The bucket auto leveler cannot be used.</li> </ul>
Lift Arm Proximity Switch	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This switch uses for lift arm height kickout control.</li> <li>ON: While the plate is passed in front, OFF: When the plate is out of front</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The plate cannot be detected.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The lift arm height kickout cannot be used.</li> </ul>
Lift Arm Angle Sensor (Optional)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This sensor uses for lift arm auto leveler control (optional).</li> <li>This sensor sends the signal on lift arm operating angle to MC.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Lift arm operating angle cannot be detected.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The lift arm auto leveler control (optional) cannot be used.</li> </ul>
Torque Converter Oil Temperature Sensor (Torque Converter Cooler Piping Upper)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This sensor sends the signal on torque converter oil temperature to the monitor unit.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Torque converter oil temperature cannot be detected.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Hydraulic drive fan cooling control cannot be operated. (Cooling fan: Maximum speed)</li> <li>The transmission oil temperature gauge is operated abnormally.</li> </ul>
Fresh Air Temperature Sensor (for Air Conditioner)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This sensor sends the signal on air temperature to the air conditioner controller.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Auto temperature control in the air conditioner cannot be operated.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The cab inside becomes cold or hot rapidly.</li> </ul>



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Evaluation by Fault Code	Evaluation by Monitor Function	NOTE	Descriptions of Control (Operational Principle Section in T/M)
MC: 11103	MC Monitor Item: Required engine speed deviation, Engine speed deviation, Accelerator pedal, ECM Monitor Item: Actual engine speed, Target engine speed	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>If MC malfunctions, ECM set engine speed to 1100min<sup>-1</sup>. In this case, if the accelerator pedal wiring is connected to ECM directly, engine speed control becomes possible.</li> </ul>	T2-1
ECM: 110	ECM Monitor Item: Coolant temperature Monitor Unit Monitor Item: Radiator coolant temperature (possible to be displayed by using the service mode on monitor)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The harnesses from same sensors are connected to ECM and the monitor unit respectively. If both temperature displays are abnormal, the sensor may be faulty. If one temperature display is abnormal, the controller including the abnormal harness may be faulty.</li> </ul>	T2-1
-	MC Monitor Item: Service brake oil level switch	-	-
-	Monitor Unit Monitor Item: Air filter restriction	-	-
-	Monitor Unit Monitor Item: Fuel level	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>If the circuit is opened or shorted, the fuel gauge points to "E".</li> </ul>	-
MC: 11901	MC Monitor Item: Hydraulic oil temperature (possible to be displayed by using the service mode on monitor)	-	T2-1, T2-3
-	-	-	T2-1
-	-	-	T2-1
-	MC Monitor Item: Boom angle, Angle sensor learning status	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>If the angle sensor learning is not completed, the lift arm stop position cannot be set. (Refer to T4-6.)</li> </ul>	T2-1
-	-	-	T2-1, T2-3, T3-12
-	-	-	-

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Parts \ Item	Function	Symptoms in control system when trouble occurs.	Symptoms in machine operation when trouble occurs.
Fresh Air Temperature Sensor (for MC)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This sensor sends the signal on air temperature to MC.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Air temperature cannot be detected.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Just after the engine starts, the air conditioning is weak with the air conditioner switch ON. (No cooled wind blows.)</li> </ul>
Torque Converter Input Speed Sensor	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This sensor sends the signal on torque converter inlet speed to MC.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Torque converter inlet speed cannot be detected.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>As torque decrease control cannot be operated, the engine has a load during combined operation of travel and front attachment.</li> <li>Gear shifting shock may become big when traveling.</li> </ul>
Torque Converter Output Speed Sensor	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This sensor sends the signal on torque converter outlet speed to MC.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Torque converter outlet speed cannot be detected.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>As torque decrease control cannot be operated, the engine has a load during combined operation of travel and front attachment.</li> <li>Gear shifting shock may become big when traveling</li> </ul>
Transmission Control Valve	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This valve is installed to the transmission.</li> <li>This valve decreases oil pressure from the drive unit pump and supplies clutch connection pressure.</li> <li>The spool moves according to the transmission proportional solenoid valve and clutch connection pressure is supplied to the certain clutch pack.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Speed gear cannot be shifted normally.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The following troubles may occur according to malfunction. As the serious accident including the transmission break occurs, judge the trouble carefully.</li> <li>Although the FNR lever is in Neutral, the machine moves.</li> <li>Although the accelerator pedal is depressed, the machine moves slowly or does not move at all. At this time, although engine speed increases, the engine has a heavy load.</li> </ul>
Transmission Proportional Solenoid Valve	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This valve is installed to the transmission control valve.</li> <li>This valve consists of 6 solenoid valves for forward, reverse, 1st speed, 2nd speed, 3rd speed and 4th speed. This valve is operated by the command signal from MC and shifts the spool in transmission control valve.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Speed gear cannot be shifted normally.</li> <li>Travel speed is fixed to 1st speed or 2nd speed due to the abnormal proportional solenoid valve.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Big shock occurs when speed gear is shifted.</li> <li>Speed gear is fixed to 1st speed or 2nd speed.</li> </ul>
Transmission Oil Temperature Sensor	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This sensor is installed to the transmission.</li> <li>This sensor sends the signal on oil temperature to MC.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Transmission oil temperature cannot be detected.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Transmission oil temperature is not displayed on Dr. ZX and the monitor.</li> <li>Transmission learning cannot be performed.</li> </ul>

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Evaluation by Fault Code	Evaluation by Monitor Function	NOTE	Descriptions of Control (Operational Principle Section in T/M)
-	MC Monitor Item: Outside air temperature	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The cooling fan rotates slowly just after the engine starts. At this time, if the air conditioner switch is turned ON, the air conditioning becomes weak. When air temperature is high and hydraulic oil and coolant temperature are low, if the air conditioner switch is turned ON, MC increases target fan speed.</li> </ul>	-
MC: 11105	MC Monitor Item: Actual engine speed, Engine speed deviation, Torque converter speed ratio (Actual engine speed can be displayed by using the service mode on monitor)	-	T2-1, T3-9
MC: 11601	MC Monitor Item: Torque converter output speed, Torque converter speed ratio	-	T2-1, T3-9
-	-	-	T3-9
MC: 11414, 11415, 11416, 11417, 11418, 11419	MC monitor Item: T/M clutch proportional solenoid valve, T/M clutch proportional solenoid valve FB (for each for forward, reverse, 1st speed, 2nd speed, 3rd speed and 4th speed)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>If the travel mode switch is in Auto, only speed gear which is selected by using the shift switch can be operated. This condition is normal.</li> </ul>	T2-1, T3-9
Monitor Unit: 13312	Monitor Unit Monitor Item: T/M torque converter (possible to be displayed by using the service mode on monitor)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>If the circuit is shorted, overheating is displayed. (red zone)</li> </ul>	T3-9

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

Parts \ Item	Function	Symptoms in control system when trouble occurs.	Symptoms in machine operation when trouble occurs.
Transmission Middle Shaft Sensor	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This sensor sends the signal on transmission middle shaft speed to MC.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>MC cannot calculate travel speed.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>If the travel speed sensor malfunctions, travel speed is not displayed on the monitor.</li> </ul>
Vehicle Speed Sensor	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This sensor sends the signal on transmission output shaft speed to MC.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>MC cannot calculate travel speed.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Auto gear shifting cannot be operated.</li> </ul>
Axle Oil Temperature Sensor	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This sensor is installed to the axle upper.</li> <li>This sensor sends the signal on axle oil temperature to the monitor unit.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Axle oil temperature cannot be detected.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Although axle oil temperature is over 120 °C, the service indicator does not light.</li> <li>Although axle oil temperature is less than 120°C, the service indicator lights.</li> </ul>
Service Brake Pressure Sensor	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This sensor is installed to the service brake pressure outlet port in front axle.</li> <li>This sensor sends the signal on pressure to MC.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>MC makes clutch cut-off control disabled.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Although S, N or D in the clutch cut-off mode switch is selected, clutch cut-off is not operated when the brake pedal is depressed.</li> </ul>
Priority Valve (Main Pump)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This valve divides main pump delivery pressure oil into the steering valve and the control valve effectively.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Division of main pump delivery pressure oil becomes less efficient.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The steering or front attachment is operated slowly according to malfunction.</li> </ul>
Main Pump Delivery Pressure Sensor	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This sensor sends the signal on main pump delivery pressure to MC.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Main pump delivery pressure cannot be detected.</li> <li>MC makes torque decrease control disabled.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Although engine torque control cannot be operated properly, clear malfunction may not occur except bad fuel consumption.</li> <li>As torque decrease control cannot be operated, the engine has a load during combined operation of travel and front attachment.</li> </ul>
Steering Relief Valve	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This valve is installed to the priority valve (main pump) side on main pump upper.</li> <li>This valve is operated when steering circuit pressure exceeds the specification in order to protect the steering circuit.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>If the valve is kept open, the priority valve (main pump) is operated abnormally.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>If the valve is kept open, the priority valve (main pump) spool stops and pressure oil is supplied to the control valve. Then, steering is operated slowly.</li> <li>If the valve is kept closed, the steering circuit may be damaged.</li> </ul>

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Evaluation by Fault Code	Evaluation by Monitor Function	NOTE	Descriptions of Control (Operational Principle Section in T/M)
MC: 5160, 5660, 5665, 5670, 5675, 5680, 5685	MC Monitor Item: Middle gear speed	-	T2-1, T3-9
MC: 11602	MC Monitor Item: Travel speed, Transmission output speed	-	T2-1, T3-9
Monitor Unit: 13318	Monitor Unit Monitor Item: Axle oil temperature	-	-
MC: 11312	MC Monitor Item: Pedal brake pressure	-	T2-1
-	-	-	T2-3, T3-1
MC: 11204	MC Monitor Item: Pump pressure	-	T2-1, T2-3, T3-1
-	-	-	T2-3, T3-1

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

Parts \ Item	Function	Symptoms in control system when trouble occurs.	Symptoms in machine operation when trouble occurs.
Negative Control Valve in Control Valve	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This valve supplies front/rear pressures at the orifice in neutral circuit in control valve to the main pump regulator.</li> <li>As pressure difference becomes large with the front attachment in neutral, the main pump regulator decreases main pump delivery flow rate.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Main pump delivery flow rate cannot be controlled properly.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>If pressure difference becomes small, there is no efficiency to the machine operation. In the long and medium terms, fuel consumption may become bad.</li> <li>If pressure difference becomes large, the front attachment and steering are operated slowly.</li> </ul>
Bucket Flow Rate Control Valve in Control Valve	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This valve controls pressure oil flow rate to the bucket cylinder during combined operation of bucket and lift arm in order to operate combined operation smoothly.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Pressure oil flow rate to the bucket cylinder cannot be controlled properly.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Speed ratio during combined operation of front attachment changes.</li> </ul>
Steering Valve	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This valve controls pressure oil flow rate to the steering cylinder.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The steering cylinder cannot be controlled.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>According to malfunction, the troubles may occur including the steering is operated slowly, the steering is operated without operating the steering wheel, and so on.</li> <li>When the steering is operated, hunting may occur.</li> </ul>
Steering Accumulator	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This absorbs pulsation in the steering circuit.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Pulsation in the steering circuit cannot be absorbed.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>When the steering is operated, hunting occurs easily.</li> </ul>
Stop Valve	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This valve stops supplying pressure oil to the steering valve from the steering pilot valve when the steering is operated to the stroke end, comes in contact with the frame and closes the valve.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Pressure oil flow rate to the steering valve from the steering pilot valve cannot be controlled.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>When the valve is kept open, although the steering is operated to the stroke end, the steering wheel can be operated.</li> <li>When the valve is kept closed, the steering wheel is operated hardly or cannot be operated.</li> </ul>
Steering Pilot Valve	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This valve controls pilot pressure oil flow rate and direction to the steering valve spool end according to steering wheel operating speed and direction.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Pilot pressure oil flow rate cannot be controlled properly.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>According to malfunction, the troubles may occur including; although the steering wheel is operated fast, the steering is operated slowly, although the steering wheel is operated slowly, the steering is operated fast.</li> </ul>

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

Evaluation by Fault Code	Evaluation by Monitor Function	NOTE	Descriptions of Control (Operational Principle Section in T/M)
-	-	If vehicle becomes small, pump delivery pressure becomes over 2 MPa (20kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> ) when the engine speed is at fast idle in neutral.	T2-3, T3-2
-	-	-	T2-3, T3-2
-	-	-	T2-3, T3-5
-	-	-	T2-3
-	-	-	T2-3
-	-	-	T2-3, T3-4

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

Parts	Item	Function	Symptoms in control system when trouble occurs.	Symptoms in machine operation when trouble occurs.
Ride Control Valve		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This valve supplies lift arm cylinder bottom pressure to the accumulator through the charge cut-off spool with the ride control switch OFF.</li> <li>This valve closes the charge cut-off spool and blocks the circuit to lift arm cylinder bottom side when accumulated pressure in the accumulator exceeds the specification.</li> <li>This valve operates the solenoid valve by the command signal from MC, moves the main spool and connects the circuits between lift arm cylinder bottom side and accumulator, between lift arm rod side and hydraulic oil tank when travel speed reaches 7km/h or faster with the ride control switch ON.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Pressure cannot be accumulated in the accumulator.</li> <li>The solenoid valve and main spool cannot be controlled.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Ride control is not operated. (Shock when traveling is continued.)</li> <li>Ride control can not turned off. (Shock when traveling is always reduced.)</li> </ul>
Emergency Steering Pressure Switch		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This switch is installed to emergency steering block in circuit upper between main pump and steering valve.</li> <li>This switch sends the signal on steering circuit pressure to the monitor unit.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Steering circuit pressure cannot be detected.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Although there is no trouble in the steering circuit, the emergency steering pump is operated.</li> </ul>
Emergency Steering Pump Delivery Pressure Switch		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This switch is installed to between emergency steering pump and emergency steering block.</li> <li>When pressure oil beyond specification from the emergency steering pump is supplied, the connection is disconnected and the monitor unit judges that the emergency steering switch is operated correctly.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The normal signal on pressure occurrence is not sent to the monitor unit.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Although the emergency steering pump auto check circuit is operated when the engine starts, the emergency steering pump indicator blinks.</li> </ul>
Hydraulic Fan Motor		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This motor operates the flow rate adjustment solenoid valve by the command signal from MC. Controls pressure oil flow rate to the fan motor by operating the flow rate control valve. Increases or decreases cooling fan speed.</li> <li>This motor operates the reverse control solenoid valve by the command signal from MC. This motor shifts the outlet port for pressure oil to the fan motor by operating the reverse control valve. This motor switches the cooling fan in reverse rotation.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The flow rate control valve cannot be controlled.</li> <li>The reverse control valve cannot be controlled.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Cooling fan speed cannot be controlled.</li> <li>Cooling fan reverse control cannot be operated.</li> </ul>



## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

Evaluation by Fault Code	Evaluation by Monitor Function	NOTE	Descriptions of Control (Operational Principle Section in T/M)
-	MC Monitor Item: Ride control proportional valve output, Ride control proportional valve output FB	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>If the vehicle speed sensor malfunctions, MC makes ride control disabled.</li> </ul>	T2-1, T2-3, T3-8
Monitor Unit: 13313	Monitor Unit Monitor Item: Steering pressure	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Although the emergency steering pump is operated for 2 seconds when the engine starts, this condition is normal.</li> </ul>	T2-3, T2-4, T3-12
-	Monitor Unit Monitor Item: Emergency steering pump pressure switch	-	T2-3, T2-4
MC: 11412	MC Monitor Item: Hydraulic fan target speed, Hydraulic drive fan proportional valve, Hydraulic drive fan proportional valve FB, Hydraulic drive fan reverse valve	-	T2-1, T2-3, T3-3

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

Parts \ Item	Function	Symptoms in control system when trouble occurs.	Symptoms in machine operation when trouble occurs.
Charging Block	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This block divides pilot pump pressure oil into the brake circuit and the pilot circuit effectively.</li> <li>This block accumulates pressure at outlets of brake circuit and pilot circuit and supplies stable pressure to both circuits.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Stable pressure cannot be supplied to the brake circuit or the pilot circuit.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The brake oil pressure indicator lights.</li> <li>The parking brake cannot be released.</li> <li>The front attachment/steering are cylinders operated slowly.</li> </ul>
Priority Valve (Charging Block)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This valve is installed in the charging block. This valve divides pilot pump pressure oil into the brake circuit and the pilot circuit effectively.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Stable pressure cannot be supplied to the brake circuit or the pilot circuit.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The brake oil pressure indicator lights.</li> <li>The parking brake cannot be released.</li> </ul>
Primary Brake Pressure Sensor	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This sensor is installed in the charging block. This sensor monitors accumulated pressure in the service brake accumulator.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Accumulated pressure in the the service brake accumulator cannot be detected.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The brake oil pressure indicator on monitor always lights.</li> <li>Although the trouble in the service brake circuit due to pressure decrease, the brake oil pressure indicator on monitor does not light.</li> </ul>
Service Brake Relief Valve	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This valve is installed in the charging block. This valve is operated when accumulated pressure in the service brake accumulator exceeds the specification.</li> <li>This valve supplies pilot pump delivery oil to the pilot circuit after the priority valve (charging block) is open.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Accumulated pressure in the the service brake accumulator cannot be controlled.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>According to malfunction, the service brake efficiency becomes bad or the parts in service brake circuit are damaged.</li> <li>According to malfunction, the parking brake is completely not released or the parts in parking brake circuit are damaged.</li> </ul>
Pump Torque Control Proportional Solenoid Valve	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This valve is installed in the charging block. This valve is operated by the command signal from MC.</li> <li>This valve supplies pilot pressure for pump delivery flow rate control to the main pump regulator.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Pilot pressure to the main pump regulator cannot be controlled and supplied.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>According to malfunction, the troubles may occur including the front attachment/steering are operated slowly, the engine stalled during combined operation of front attachment and travel or engine idling.</li> </ul>
Parking Brake Solenoid Valve	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This valve controls that the parking brake is applied or released.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The parking brake cannot be controlled to apply or release.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>According to malfunction, the parking brake cannot be applied or released.</li> </ul>
Parking Brake Pressure Sensor	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This sensor sends the signal on parking brake circuit pressure to MC.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Parking brake circuit pressure cannot be detected.</li> <li>MC makes the parking brake indicator go off forcibly.</li> <li>MC makes forward/reverse operation disabled when the parking brake is applied.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The machine cannot travel forward/reverse.</li> <li>The parking brake indicator does not light with the parking brake switch OFF.</li> <li>Although the parking brake is applied, the machine can travel.</li> </ul>
Electromagnet in Pilot Valve	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This valve fixes the control lever by the magnetic force when the electromagnet in pilot valve is magnetized and the control lever in pilot valve is moved to the detent position.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The control lever in pilot valve is not fixed in the detent position.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Although the electromagnet in pilot valve is magnetized, the control lever is not fixed.</li> </ul>
Brake Valve	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>This valve supplies pilot pressure according to brake pedal depression from the outlet port and operates the service brake.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Pilot pressure cannot be controlled.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The service brake does not function.</li> </ul>

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

Evaluation by Fault Code	Evaluation by Monitor Function	NOTE	Descriptions of Control (Operational Principle Section in T/M)
-	-	-	T2-3, T3-7
-	-	-	T2-3, T3-7
Monitor Unit: 13314	Monitor Unit Monitor Item: Service brake pressure	-	T2-3, T3-7
-	-	-	T2-3, T3-7
MC: 11413	MC Monitor Item: Pump displacement proportional valve output, Pump displacement proportional valve output FB	-	T2-1, T2-3, T3-7
-	-	-	T2-1, T2-3, T2-4, T3-12
MC: 11313	MC Monitor Item: Parking brake pressure Monitor Unit Monitor Item: Parking brake signal, Parking brake pressure switch	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The parking brake body circuit is separated from the parking brake operation monitoring circuit. Therefore, although the parking brake operation monitoring circuit malfunctions, if the parking brake body circuit is normal, the parking brake can be operated.</li> </ul>	T2-1, T2-3, T2-4, T3-12
-	MC Monitor Item: Boom height kickout, Lift arm auto leveler	-	T2-1, T3-6
-	-	-	T2-1, T2-3, T3-11

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

### CORRELATION BETWEEN TROUBLE SYMPTOMS AND PART FAILURES

This table indicates the relationship between machine troubles and parts contributing to the cause of the trouble if failed.

- : Related, required to check
- : Related. However, in case this component fails, other trouble symptom will be more noticeable so that this component will not be the direct cause of the trouble concerned.

#### Engine System Troubleshooting

Trouble Symptom	E-1	E-2	E-3
	Starter does not rotate.	Even if starter rotates, engine does not start.	Engine is difficult to start at low temperature.
<b>Parts</b>			
Battery Relay	●		
Glow Relay			●
Starter Relay	●		
Neutral Relay	●		
ECM Relay		●	
MC			
ECM		●	●
Key Switch	●		
FNR Lever	●		
FNR Switch	●		
Fan Reverse Switch			
Accelerator Pedal Sensor			
Main Pump Regulator			
Fuel Pump		●	○
Pump Delivery Pressure Sensor			
Pump Torque Control Proportional Solenoid Valve			
Engine Unit		●	●
Engine Electrical Equipment	●	●	●
Remarks	Check fuse and battery.	Check intake and fuel systems. (filter, piping)	Check fuse and battery.




## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

### Front Attachment System Troubleshooting

Parts	Trouble Symptom	F-1	F-2	F-3
		All front attachments does not move.	All front attachment operations are slow/ weak.	Certain front attachment is slow/ weak.
MC			●	
ECM			○	
Shift Switch				
Work Mode Selector Switch				
Accelerator Pedal Sensor			○	
Lift Arm Proximity Switch				
Torque Converter Input Speed Sensor				
Torque Converter Output Speed Sensor				
Main Pump			●	
Main Pump Regulator			○	
Priority Valve (Main Pump)			●	
Main Pump Delivery Pressure Sensor			●	
Steering Relief Valve			●	
Pilot Pump	○		●	
Control Valve Spool			○	●
Main Relief Valve in Control Valve			○	○
Overload Relief Valve in Control Valve				●
Load Check Valve in Control Valve				●
Make-Up Valve in Control Valve				●
Restriction Valve in Control Valve				●
Bucket Flow Rate Control Valve in Control Valve				●
Cylinder				●
Steering Valve			○	
Steering Pilot Valve			○	
Charging Block			●	
Priority Valve (Charging Block)			●	
Service Brake Relief Valve			●	
Pilot Relief Valve	○		●	
Pump Torque Control Proportional Solenoid Valve			●	
Pilot Valve				●
Electromagnet in Pilot Valve				
Pilot Shut-Off Valve	●		●	
Engine Unit			●	
Engine Electrical Equipment			●	
Remarks			Check fuse and battery.	



## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

 **NOTE:** The trouble symptoms in this table are described provided that each trouble occurs independently.

*In case more than one trouble occurs at the same time, find out all faulty components while checking all suspected components in each trouble symptom.*

Trouble Symptom	F-9	F-10	F-11	F-12	F-13
	Lift arm float is not operated.	Bucket auto leveler is not operated.	Lift arm auto lever is not operated. (optional)	Lift arm auto lever stop position cannot be set. (optional)	Ride control is not effective.
<b>Parts</b>					
MC			●	●	●
Ride Control Switch					●
Lift Arm Auto Leveler Set Switch (Optional)			●	●	
Bucket Proximity Switch		●			
Lift Arm Angle Sensor (Optional)			●	●	
Vehicle Speed Sensor					●
Control Valve Spool					○
Overload Relief Valve in Control Valve					○
Cylinder					○
Ride Control Valve					●
Charging Block					○
Priority Valve (Charging Block)					○
Service Brake Relief Valve					○
Pilot Relief Valve					○
Electromagnet in Pilot Valve	●	●	●		
Remarks			When the lift arm angle sensor does not learn and the stop position is not set, lift arm auto leveler is not operated.		

- : Related, required to check
- : Related. However, in case this component fails, other trouble symptom will be more noticeable so that this component will not be the direct cause of the trouble concerned.



## **TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B**

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## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

### Travel System Troubleshooting

Trouble Symptom	T-1	T-2	T-3	T-4
	Machine does not travel forward/reverse.	Machine does not travel forward or reverse.	Machine moves with lever in neutral.	Even if travel speed is turned up or down, travel speed gear is not changed.
Parts				
MC	●	●	●	●
FNR Lever	●	●	●	
Shift Switch				●
Travel Mode Selector Switch				
Down-Shift Switch				
Down-Shift/Up-Shift Switch				
Hold Switch				
FNR Switch	●	●	●	
Forward/Reverse Selector Switch	●			
Drive Unit Charging Pump	●			
Torque Converter	●			
Transmission Control Valve	●	●	●	●
Transmission Proportional Solenoid Valve		●	●	●
Transmission		●	●	●
Vehicle Speed Sensor				●
Axle	○			
Service Brake	○			
Service Brake Pressure Sensor	●			
Propeller Shaft	○			
Parking Brake Pressure Sensor	●			
Brake Valve	●			
Engine Unit	○			
Engine Electrical Equipment	○			
Remarks				



## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

 **NOTE:** The trouble symptoms in this table are described provided that each trouble occurs independently.

*In case more than one trouble occurs at the same time, find out all faulty components while checking all suspected components in each trouble symptom.*

Trouble Symptom	T-8	T-9
	Travel mode is not shifted.	Clutch cut-off is not operated.
Parts		
MC	●	●
Monitor Unit	●	●
Travel Mode Selector Switch	●	
Clutch Cut-Off Position Switch		●
Torque Converter Input Speed Sensor	○	
Torque Converter Output Speed Sensor	○	
Vehicle Speed Sensor	○	
Service Brake Pressure Sensor		●
Remarks		

- : Related, required to check
- : Related. However, in case this component fails, other trouble symptom will be more noticeable so that this component will not be the direct cause of the trouble concerned.

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

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## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

### Brake System Troubleshooting

Parts	B-1	B-2	B-3
	Parking brake is not released.	Parking brake is not locked.	Service brake efficiency is bad or low.
Parking Brake Relay 1	●		
Parking Brake Relay 2	●	●	
Monitor Unit	●		
Parking Brake Switch	●	●	
Parking Brake	●	●	
Service Brake			●
Pilot Pump	○		○
Charging Block	○		
Priority Valve (Charging Block)	○		
Service Brake Relief Valve	○		
Pilot Relief Valve			●
Parking Brake Solenoid Valve	●	●	
Brake Valve			●
Engine Electrical Equipment	○		
Remarks			

- : Related, required to check
- : Related. However, in case this component fails, other trouble symptom will be more noticeable so that this component will not be the direct cause of the trouble concerned.

 **NOTE:** The trouble symptoms in this table are described provided that each trouble occurs independently.  
 In case more than one trouble occurs at the same time, find out all faulty components while checking all suspected components in each trouble symptom.

## **TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B**

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## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

### Steering/Other System Troubleshooting

Trouble Symptom	H-1	O-1
	Parts	Steering cylinder operation is slow or does not move.
Main Pump	○	
Main Pump Regulator	○	
Priority Valve (Main Pump)	●	
Steering Relief Valve	●	
Pilot Pump	○	
Cylinder	●	
Steering Valve	●	
Steering Overload Relief Valve	●	
Stop Valve	●	
Steering Pilot Valve	●	
Charging Block	○	
Priority Valve (Charging Block)	○	
Pilot Relief Valve	○	
Other Electrical Equipment		●
Remarks	Check if the steering shaft is normal.	

- : Related, required to check
- : Related. However, in case this component fails, other trouble symptom will be more noticeable so that this component will not be the direct cause of the trouble concerned.

 **NOTE:** The trouble symptoms in this table are described provided that each trouble occurs independently.

*In case more than one trouble occurs at the same time, find out all faulty components while checking all suspected components in each trouble symptom.*



## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

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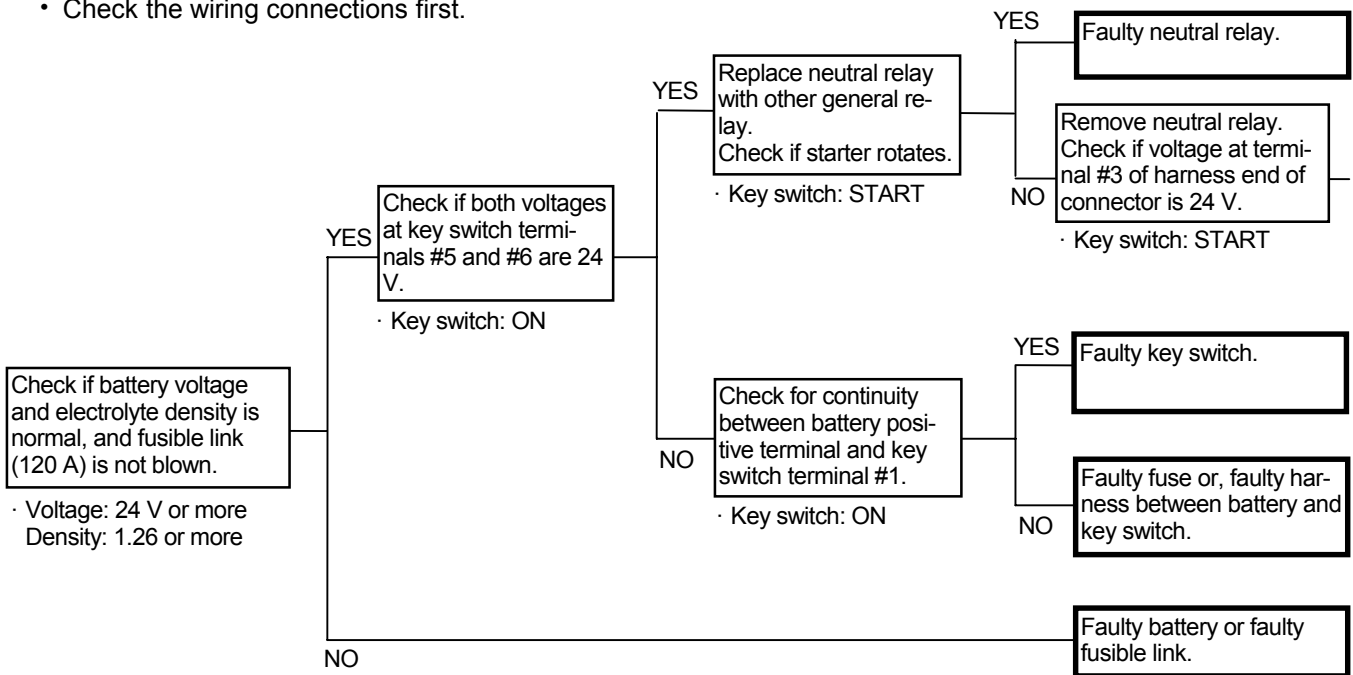
# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

## ENGINE SYSTEM TROUBLESHOOTING

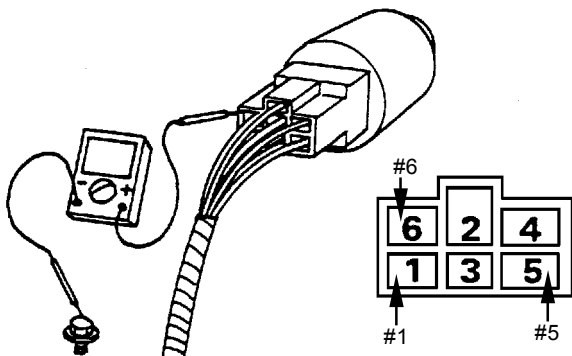
### E-1 Starter does not rotate.

**IMPORTANT:** As current from the key switch is not routed to the starter relay with the FNR lever or FNR switch in Forward or Reverse position, the starter does not rotate. (Refer to SYSTEM / Electrical System.)

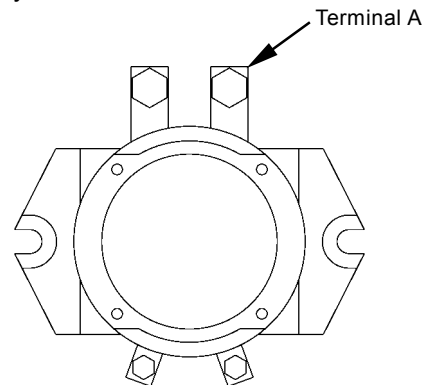
- This trouble has nothing to do with the electronic control system such as MC.
- Check the wiring connections first.



Key Switch:



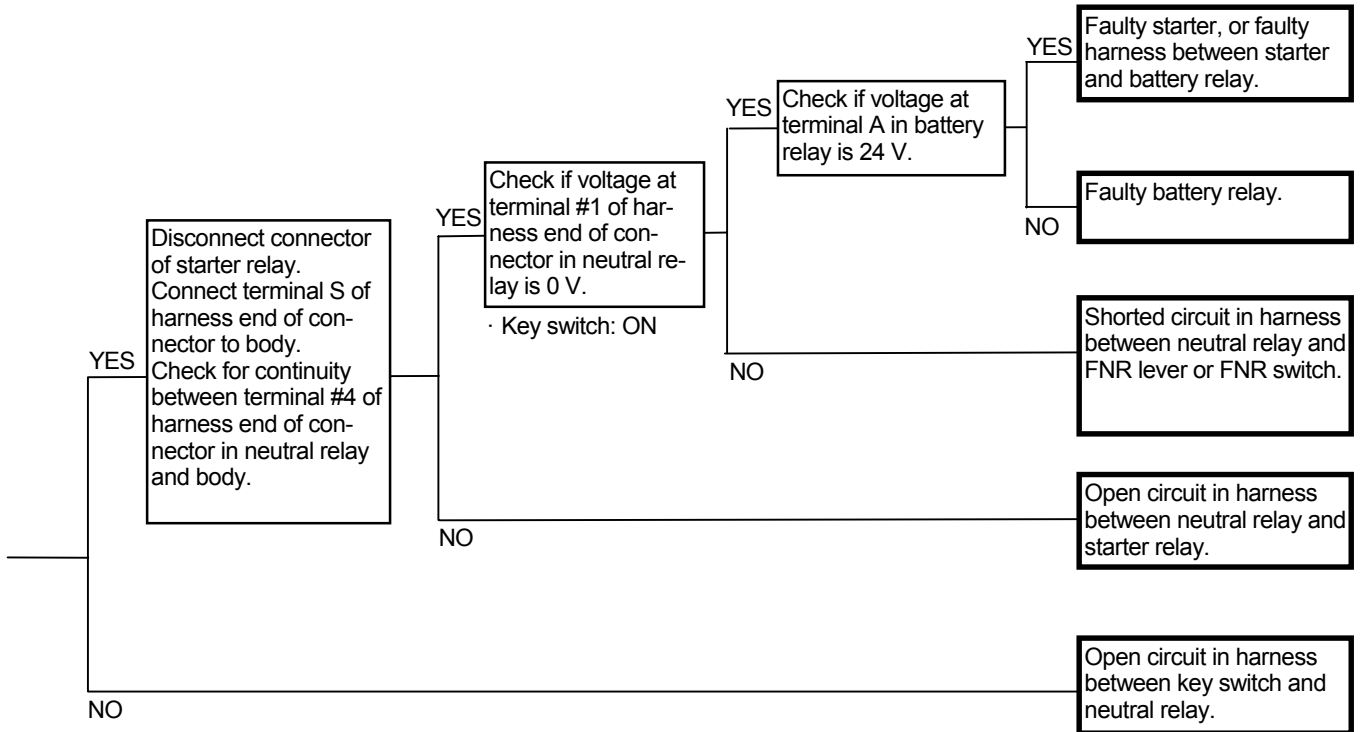
Battery Relay:



T105-07-04-002

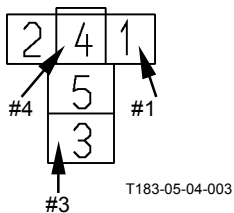
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## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

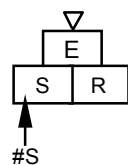


Connector (Harness end of connector viewed from the open end side)

Neutral Relay



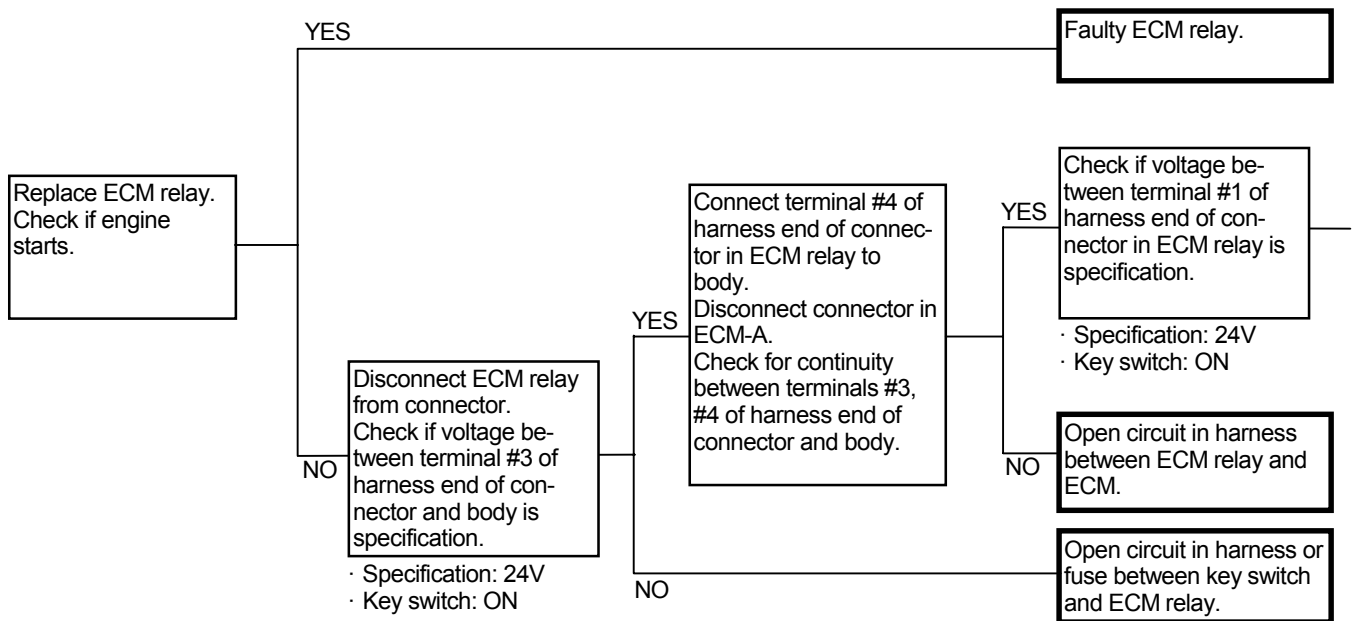
Starter Relay



## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

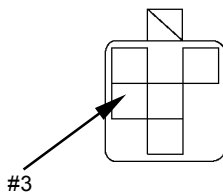
### E-2 Even if starter rotates, engine does not start

- Check the wiring connections first.
- Check if the fuel system is faulty, the fuel filter is clogged, or the fuel pump works properly when the key is turned ON.



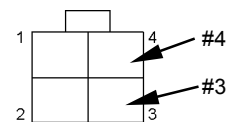
Connector (Harness end of connector viewed from the open side)

ECM Relay Connector



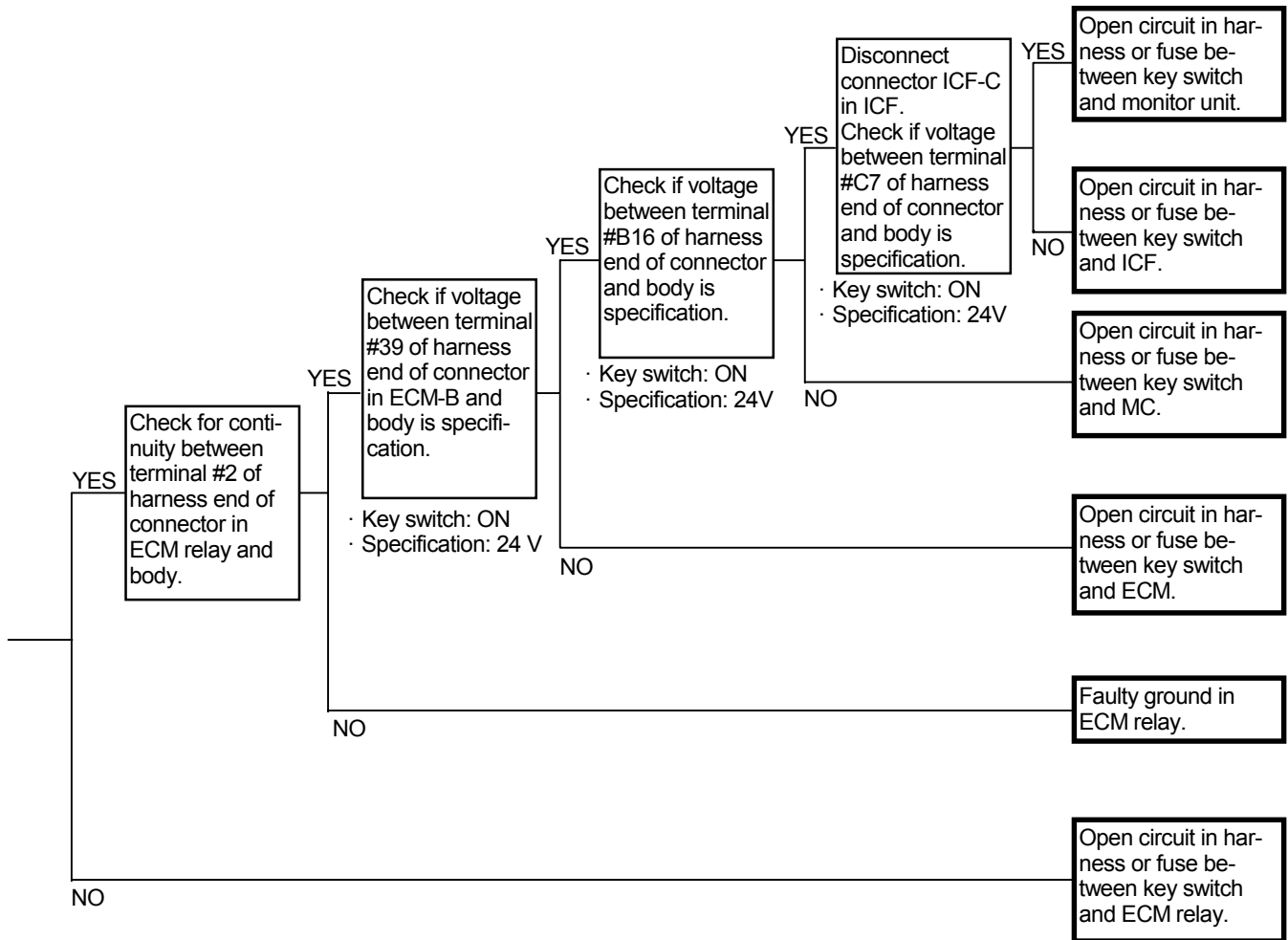
T4GD-05-06-001

ECM Connector ECM-A

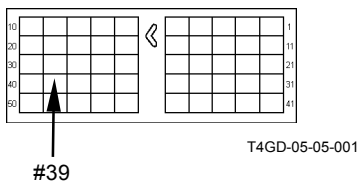


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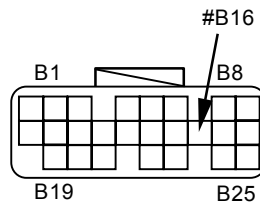
# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B



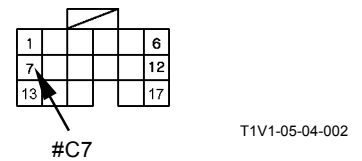
ECM  
Connector ECM-B



Connector MC-B




Connector ICF-C

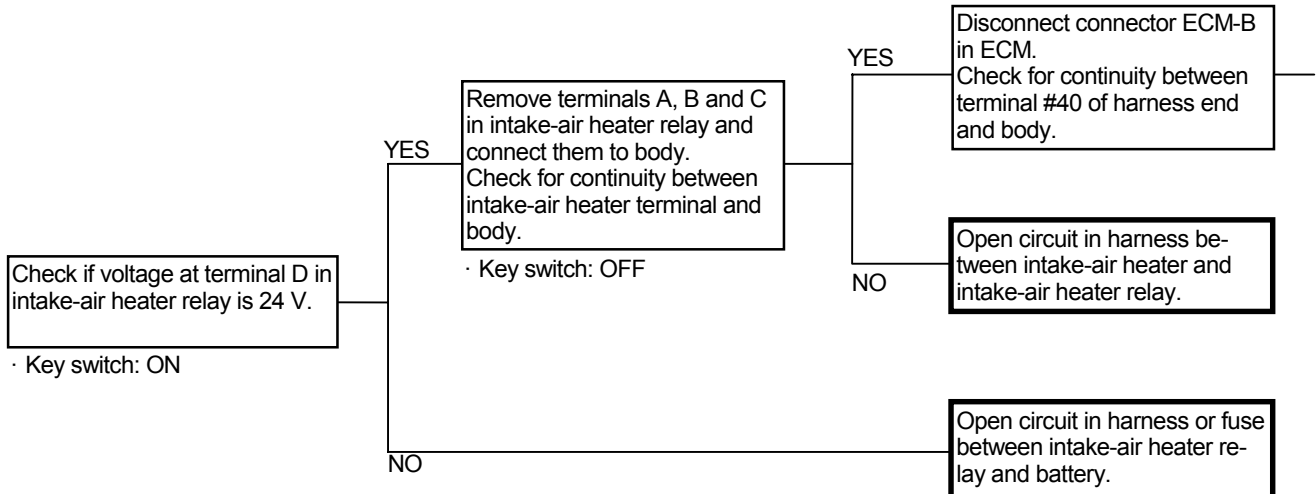


## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

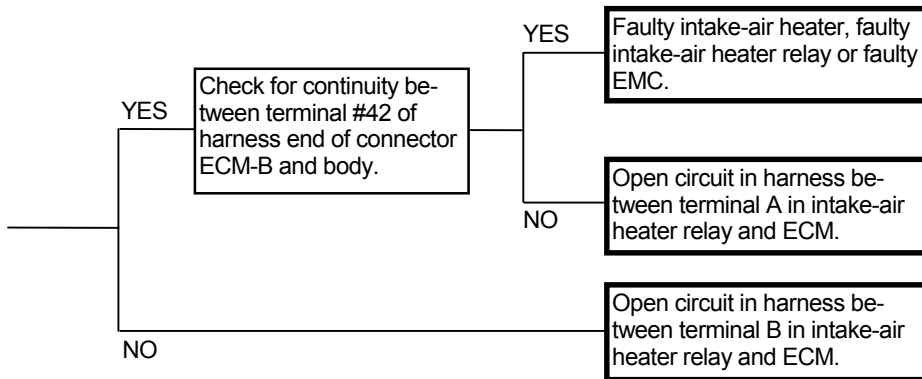
### E-3 Engine is difficult to start at low temperature

- Check the battery.
- Check the wiring connections first.

 **NOTE:** When there is no fault in any of the followings and starting of engine is not smooth only when the engine is cold, the fuel pump performance may be deteriorated.

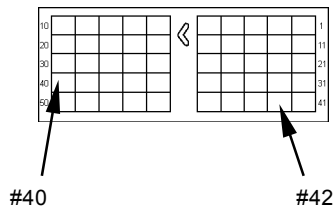


# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B



Connector (Harness end of connector viewed from the open side)

ECM  
Connector ECM-B



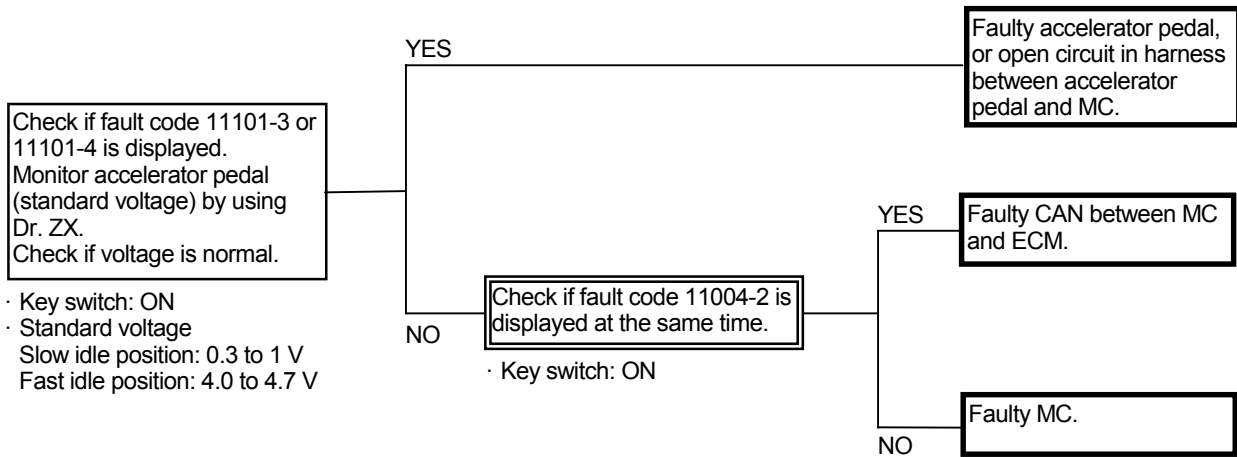
T4GD-05-05-001

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

**E-4 Even if accelerator pedal is depressed, engine speed remains unchanged.**

**Related MC Fault Code: 11004-2, 11101-3, 11101-4**

- Check the wiring connections first.
- Turn the key switch OFF with the fan reversing switch ON. Turn the fan reversing switch OFF within 10 seconds and start the engine. When the machine travels, engine speed is fixed to idling speed. This condition is normal. Although the fan reversing switch is OFF, if the same trouble occurs, the harness to the fan reversing switch or MC may be shorted.

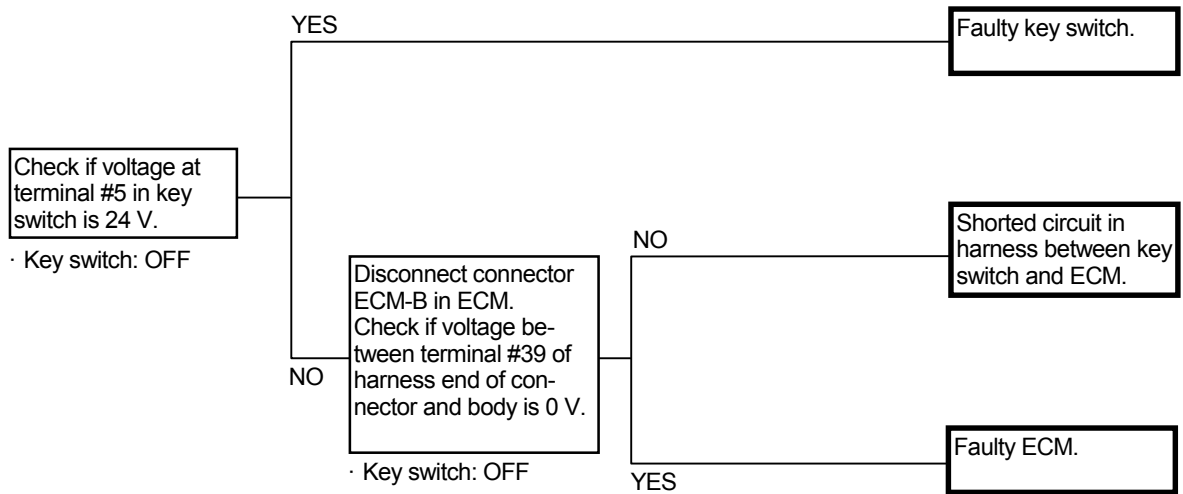




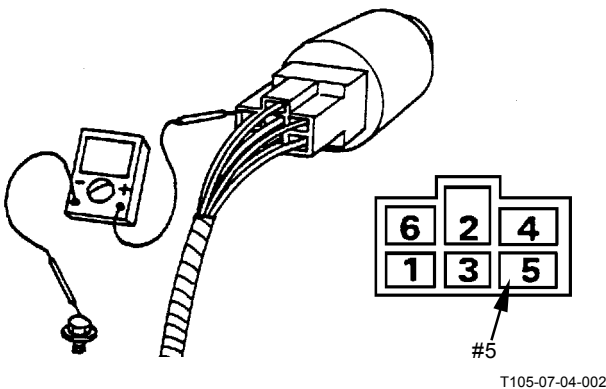
## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

### E-5 Even if key switch is turned OFF, engine does not stop.

- Check the wiring connections first.
- The trouble may occur such that even if accelerator pedal is depressed, engine speed remains unchanged. Execute the troubleshooting procedures on this trouble.

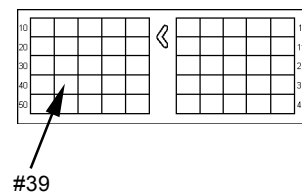


Key Switch:



Connector (Harness end of connector viewed from the open end side)

ECM  
Connector ECM-B (Harness End)



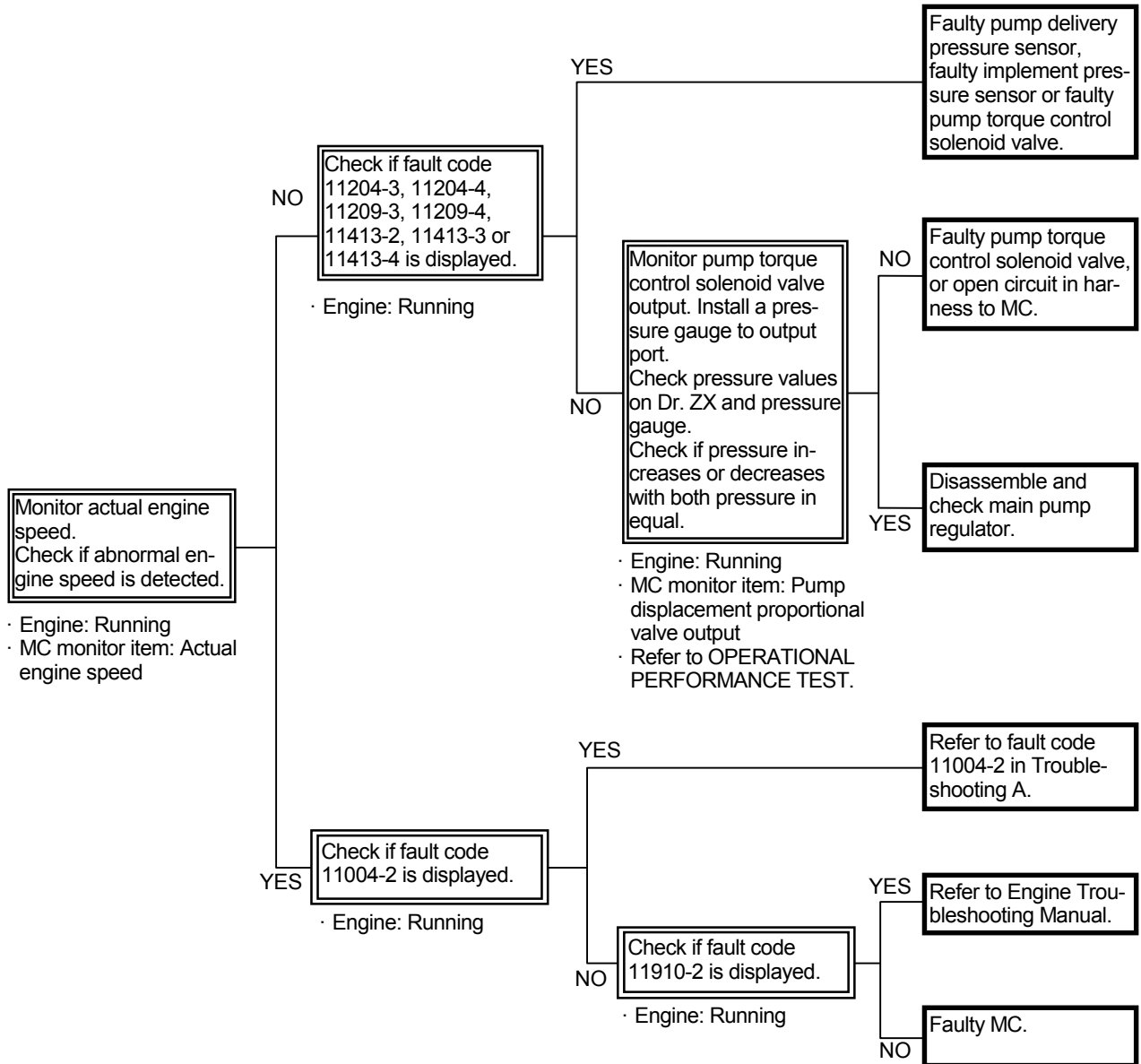
T4GD-05-05-001

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

**E-6 Engine stalls during operation under adverse condition such as at high altitude.**

**Related MC Fault Code: 11004-2, 11910-2, 11209-3, 11209-4, 11413-2, 11413-3, 11413-4**

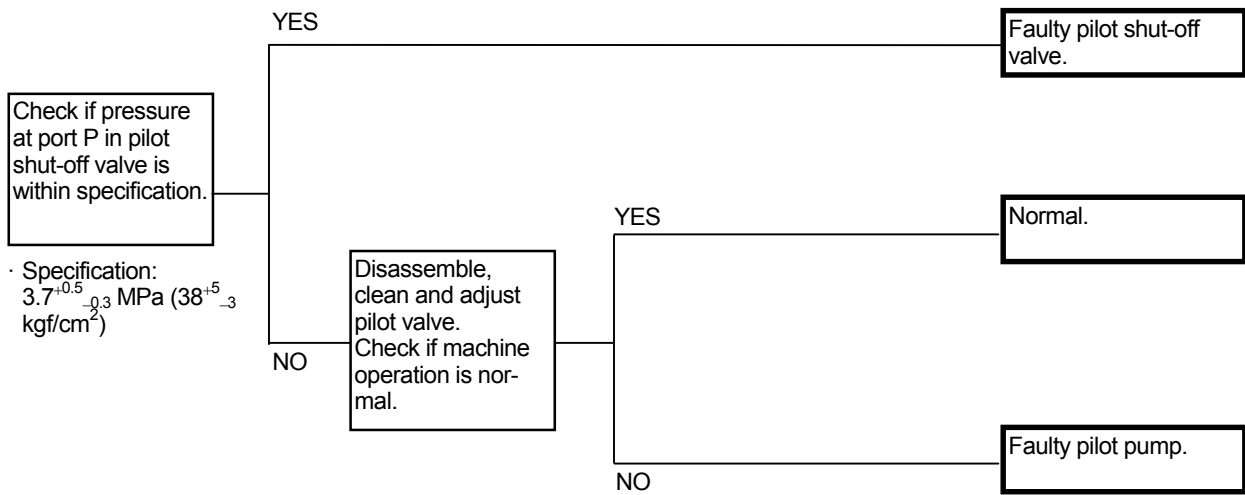
- Check the wiring connections first.
- Check if fuel system malfunctions, the fuel filter is clogged or the fuel pump is properly operated when the key is turned ON.



## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

### FRONT ATTACHMENT SYSTEM TROUBLESHOOTING

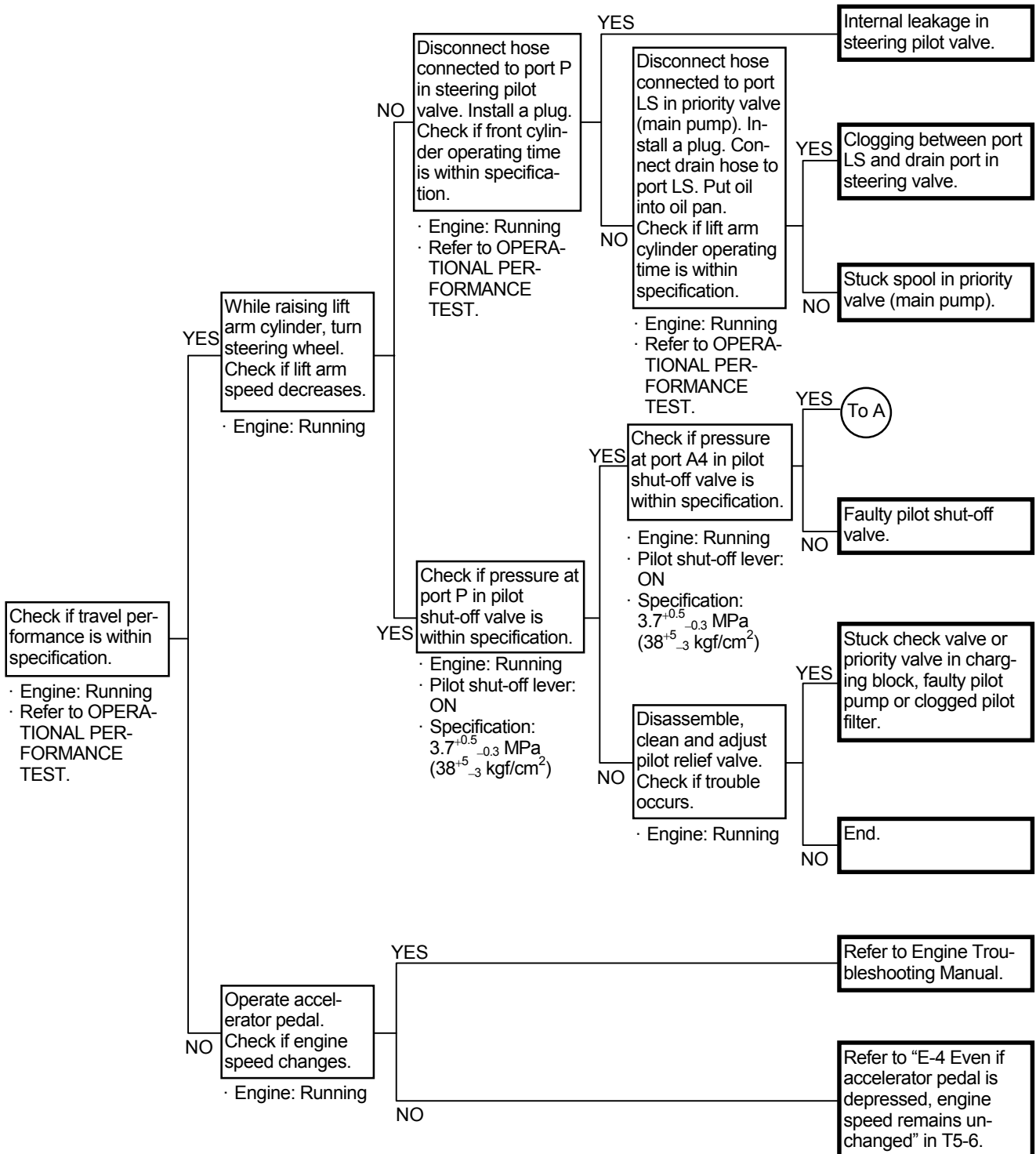
F-1 All front attachments do not move.



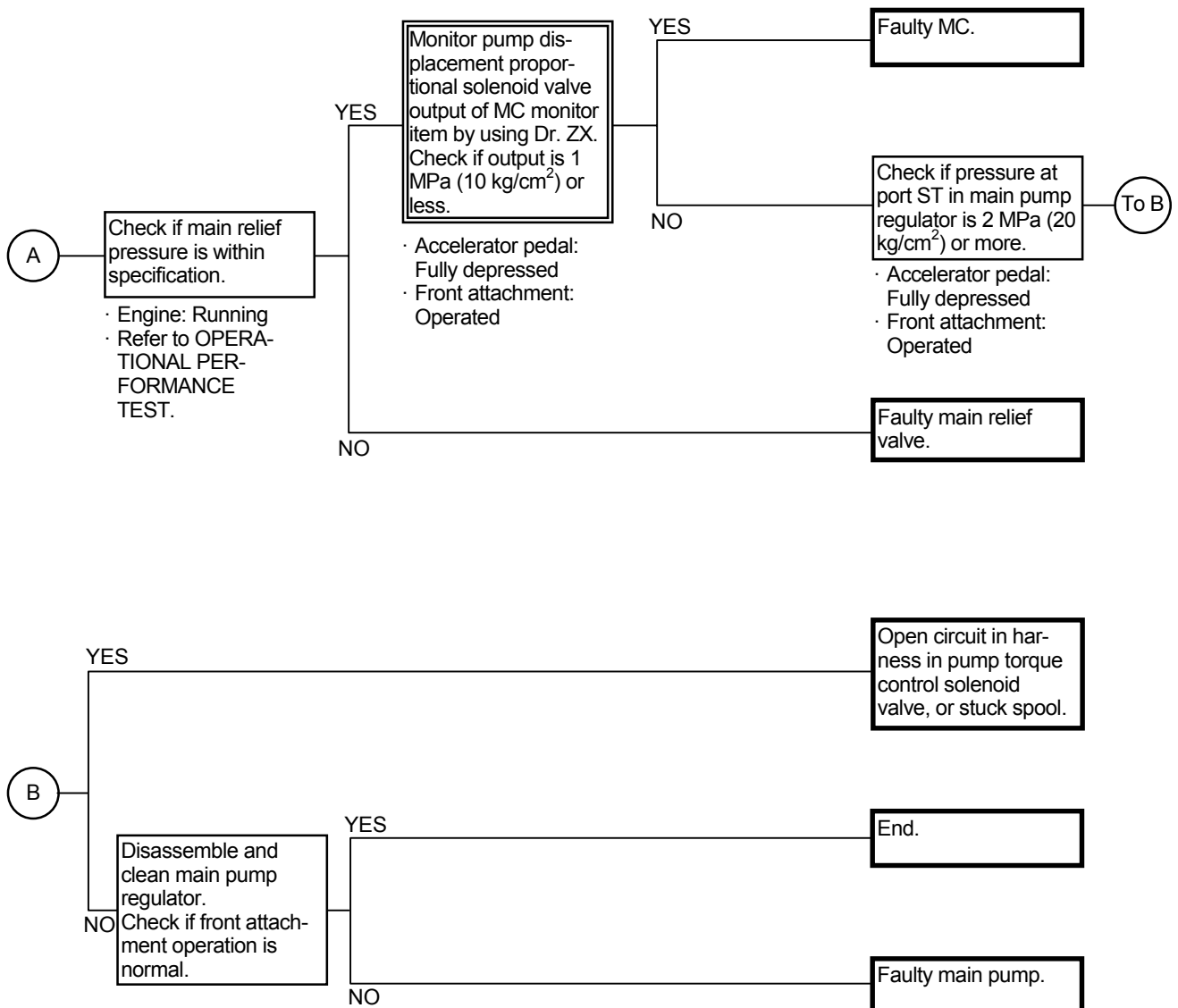
## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

### F-2 All front attachment operations are slow / weak.

- When the service brake valve is kept closed, trouble may occur. In this case, as the pilot hose or pilot filter is damaged, this is not included here.



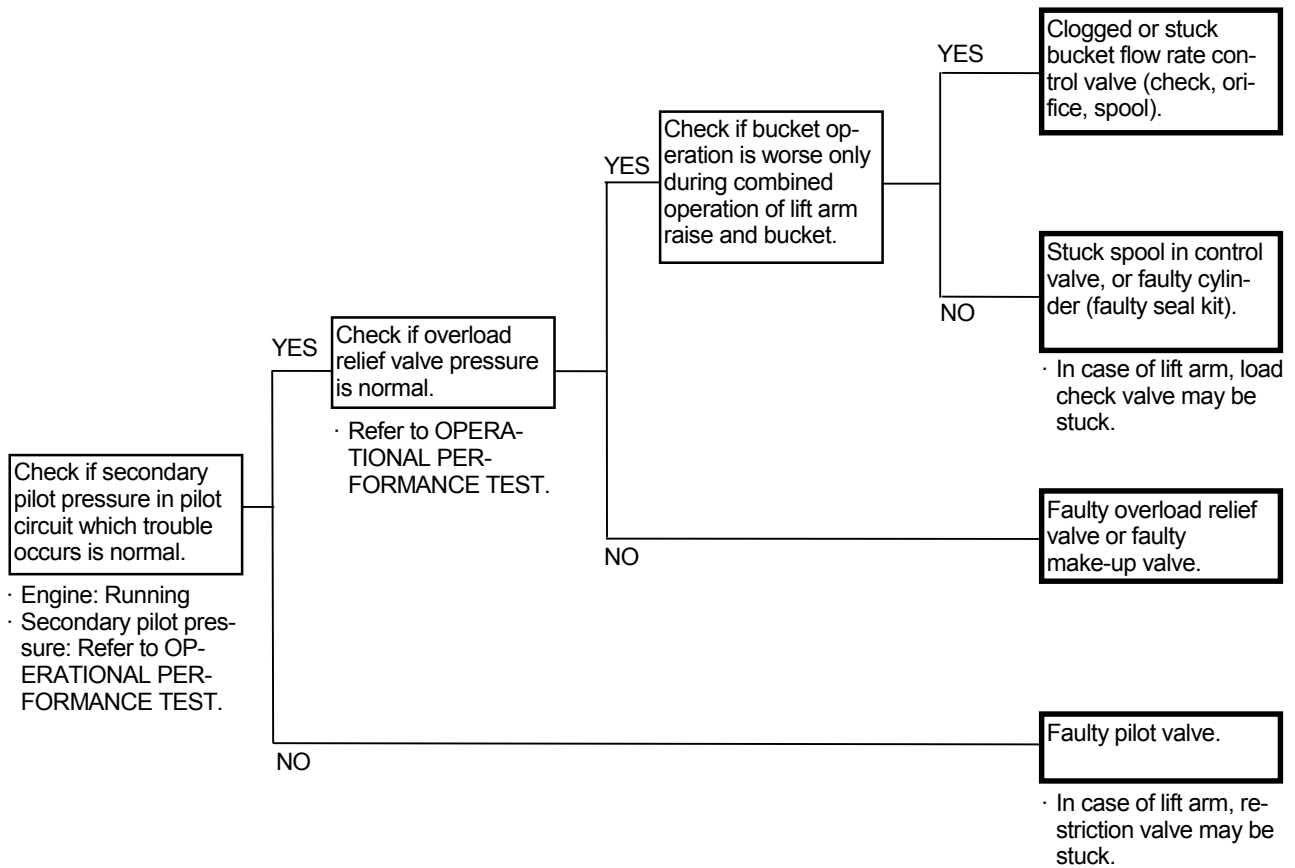
## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B



## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

### F-3 Certain front attachment is slow / weak.

- If the lift arm or the bucket is normal, the pilot pump (primary pilot pressure) should be normal.
- If there is malfunction in the pilot poppet valve in main relief valve, operating speed with light load may be normal.

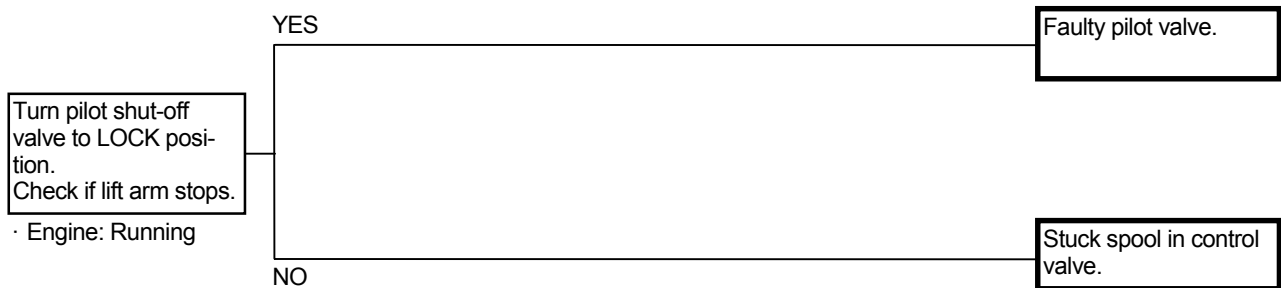


## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

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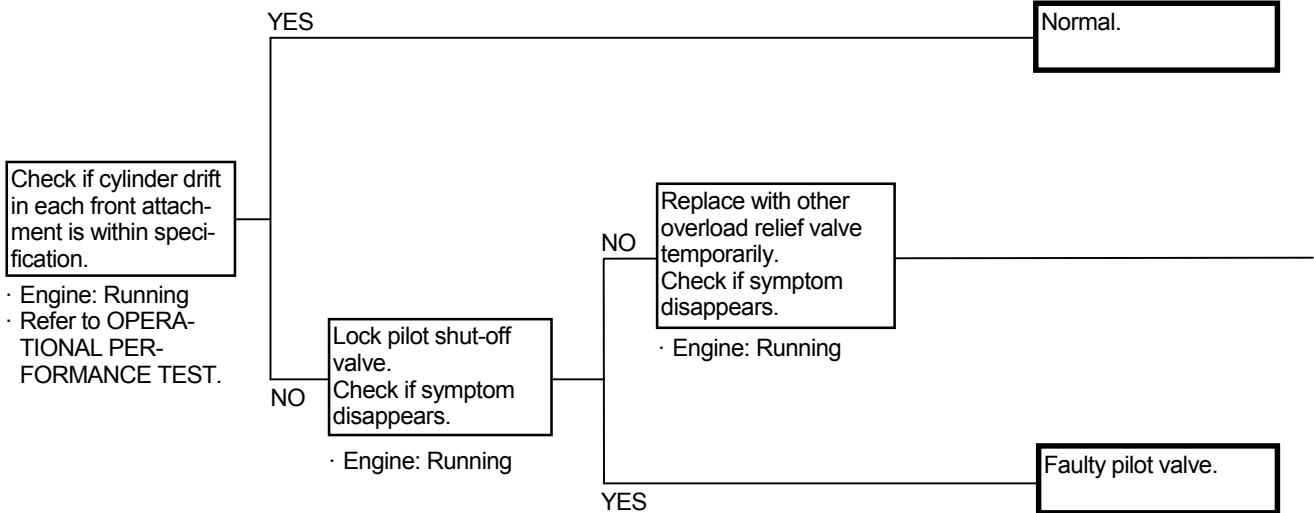
### F-4 Front attachment moves with lever in neutral.

- Although the lever is released just after the lift arm is operated, the lift arm is kept moving. In this case, the restriction valve may be clogged.



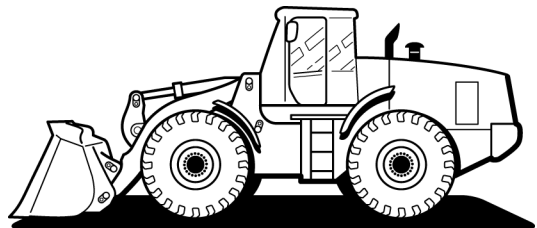
## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

### F-5 Front attachment drifts remarkably.



#### • Lift Arm Cylinder Internal Leakage Check

1. With the bucket cylinder slightly extended from the fully retracted position, lower the bucket tooth tips onto the ground.
2. Disconnect the hoses from the lift arm cylinder rod side. Drain oil from the hoses and cylinders. (Plug the disconnect hose ends.)
3. Retract the bucket cylinder rod and lift the bucket off the ground. If oil flows out of the hose disconnected piping ends and the lift arm cylinders are retracted at this time, oil leaks in the lift arm cylinders. In case no oil flows out of the hose the hose disconnected piping ends but the lift arm cylinders are retracted, oil leaks in the control valve.

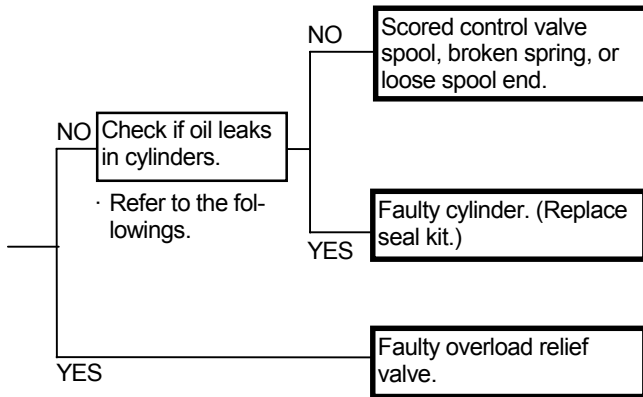


T4GB-05-04-001



## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

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## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

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### F-6 Bucket is slow during combined operation.

Check if each cylinder speed in front attachment is normal.

- Engine: Running
- Refer to OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE TEST.

YES

Refer to "F-3 Certain front attachment is slow/weak" in T5-6.

NO

Faulty bucket flow rate control valve in control valve.

## **TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B**

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## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

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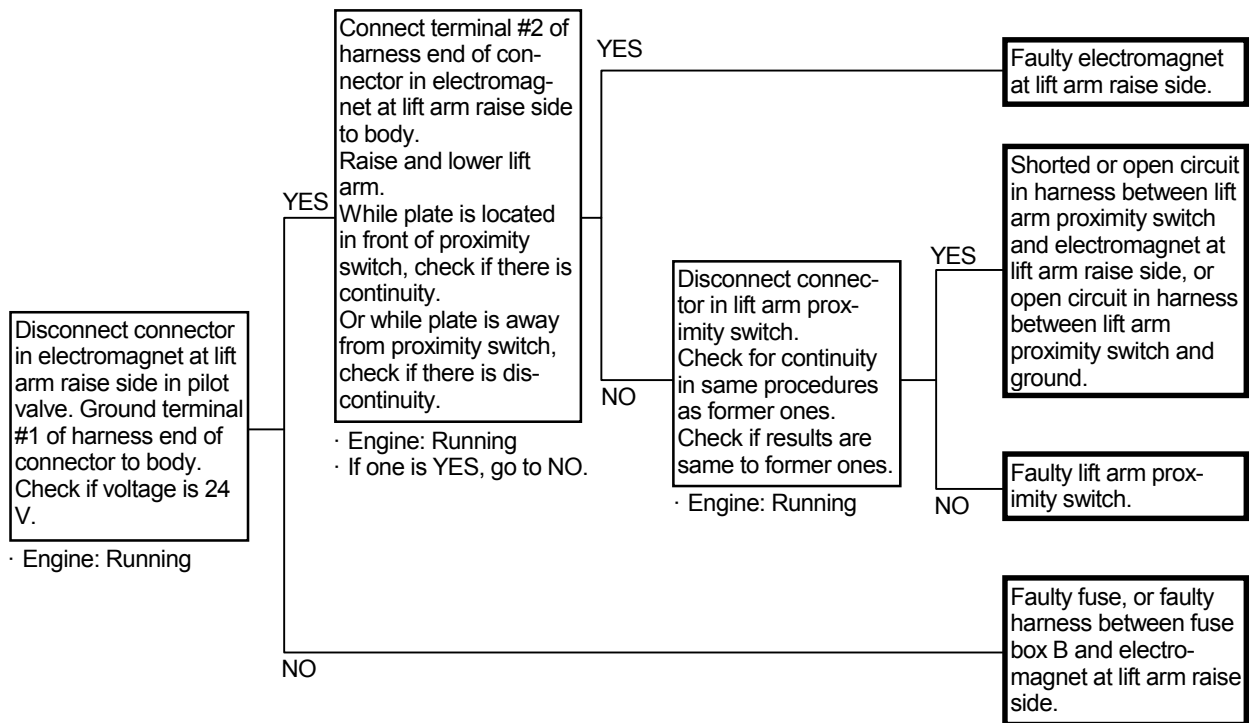
### F-7 Work mode is not effective.

- Check the corresponding wiring and connectors in electrical parts.
- When the work mode switch malfunctions, the remarkable trouble does not occur. As fuel consumption becomes bad, this trouble may come out.
- When the work mode selector switch is shifted, engine torque control (refer to SYSTEM / Control System group.) is executed. If the parts corresponding to this control malfunction, the fault code is displayed. Execute the remedy according to troubleshooting A.
- Although the fault code is not displayed and fuel consumption becomes bad, refer to Engine Troubleshooting Manual and inspect the engine.

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

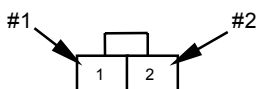
### F-8 Lift arm height kickout is not operated.

- Check the wiring connections first.



Connector (Harness end of connector viewed from the open end side)

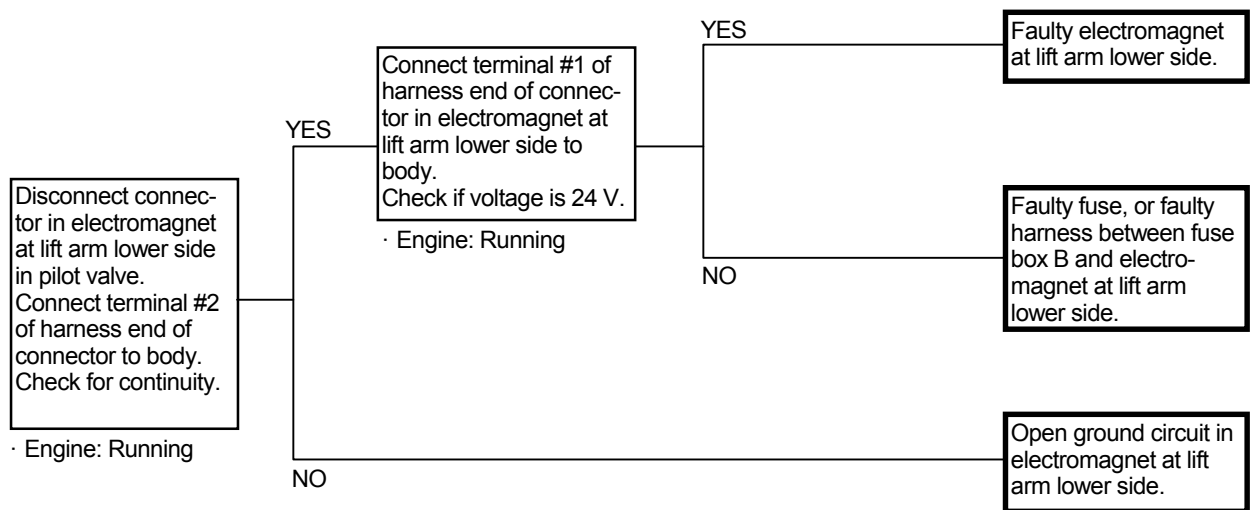
Electromagnet Connector at Lift Arm Raise Side



## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

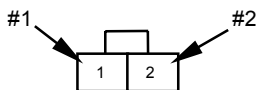
### F-9 Lift arm float is not operated.

- Check the wiring connections first.



Connector (Harness end of connector viewed from the open end side)

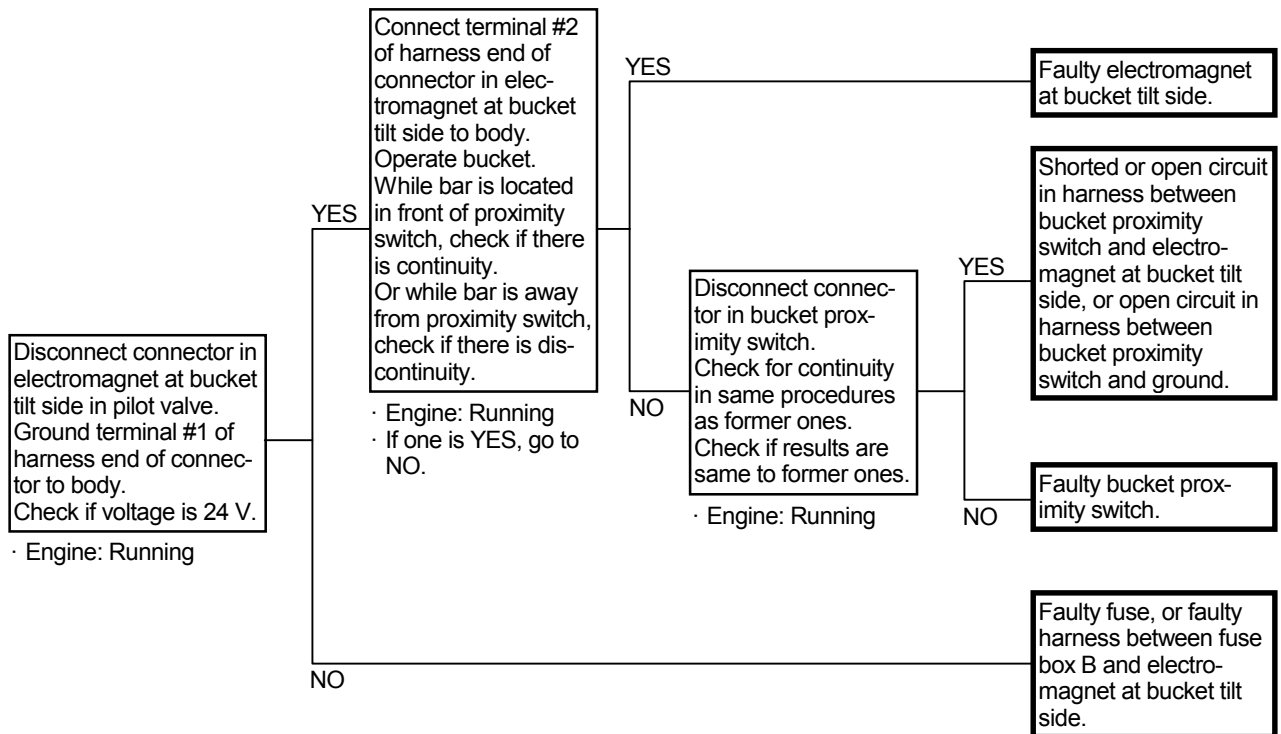
Electromagnet Connector at Lift Arm Lower Side



## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

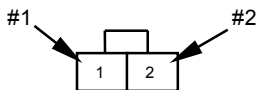
### F-10 Bucket auto leveler is not operated.

- Check the wiring connections first.



Connector (Harness end of connector viewed from the open end side)

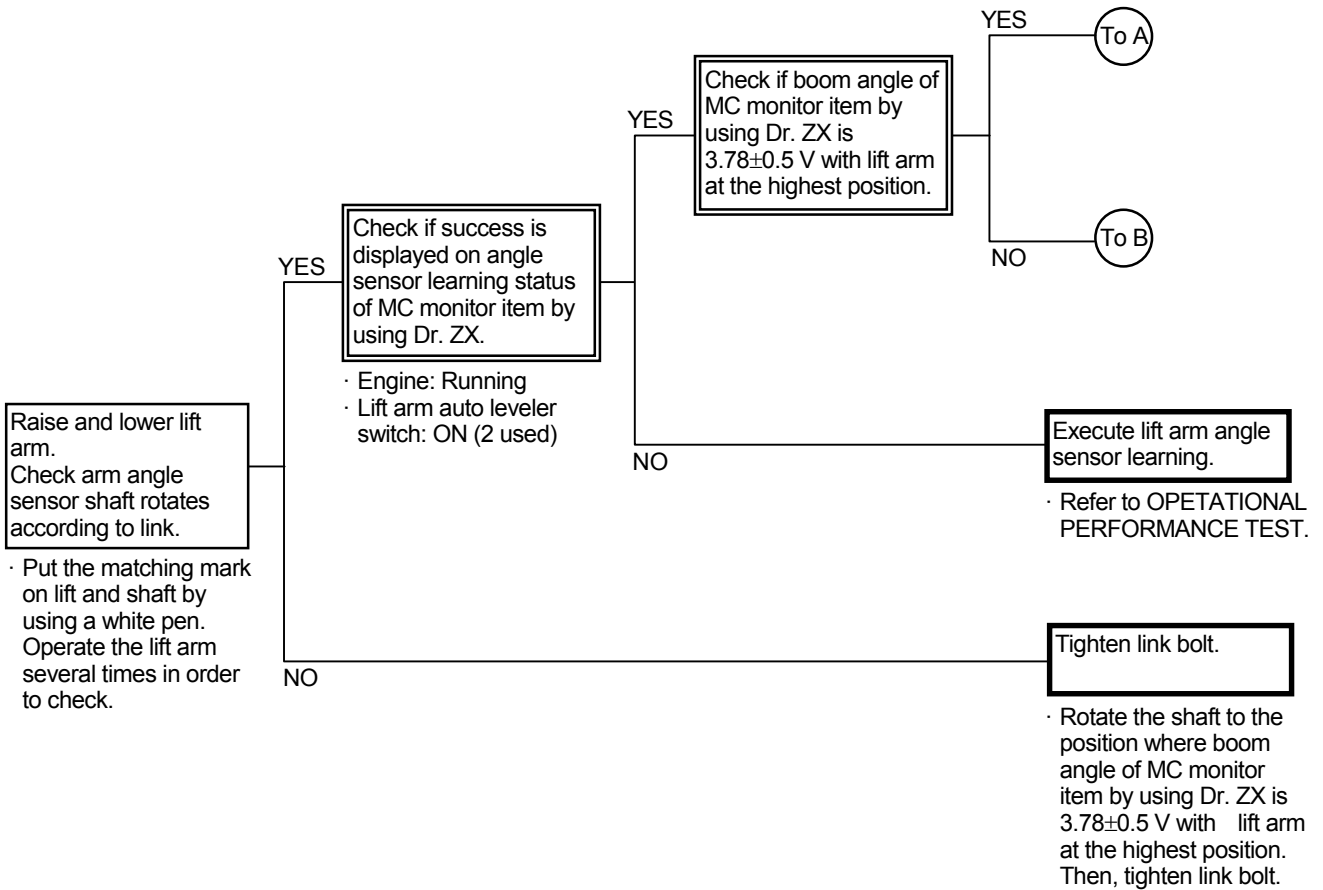
Electromagnet Connector at Bucket Tilt Side



# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

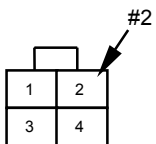
## F-11 Lift arm auto leveler is not operated. (Optional)

- Check the wiring connections first.

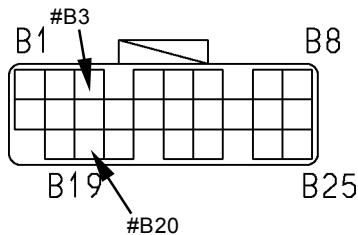


Connector (Harness end of connector viewed from the open end side)

Lift Arm Auto Leveler Switch Connector

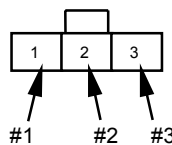


MC Connector B

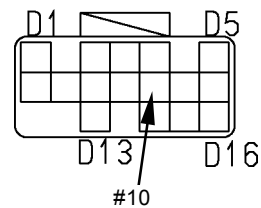


T183-05-04-021

Lift Arm Angle Sensor Connector

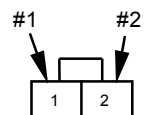


MC Connector D



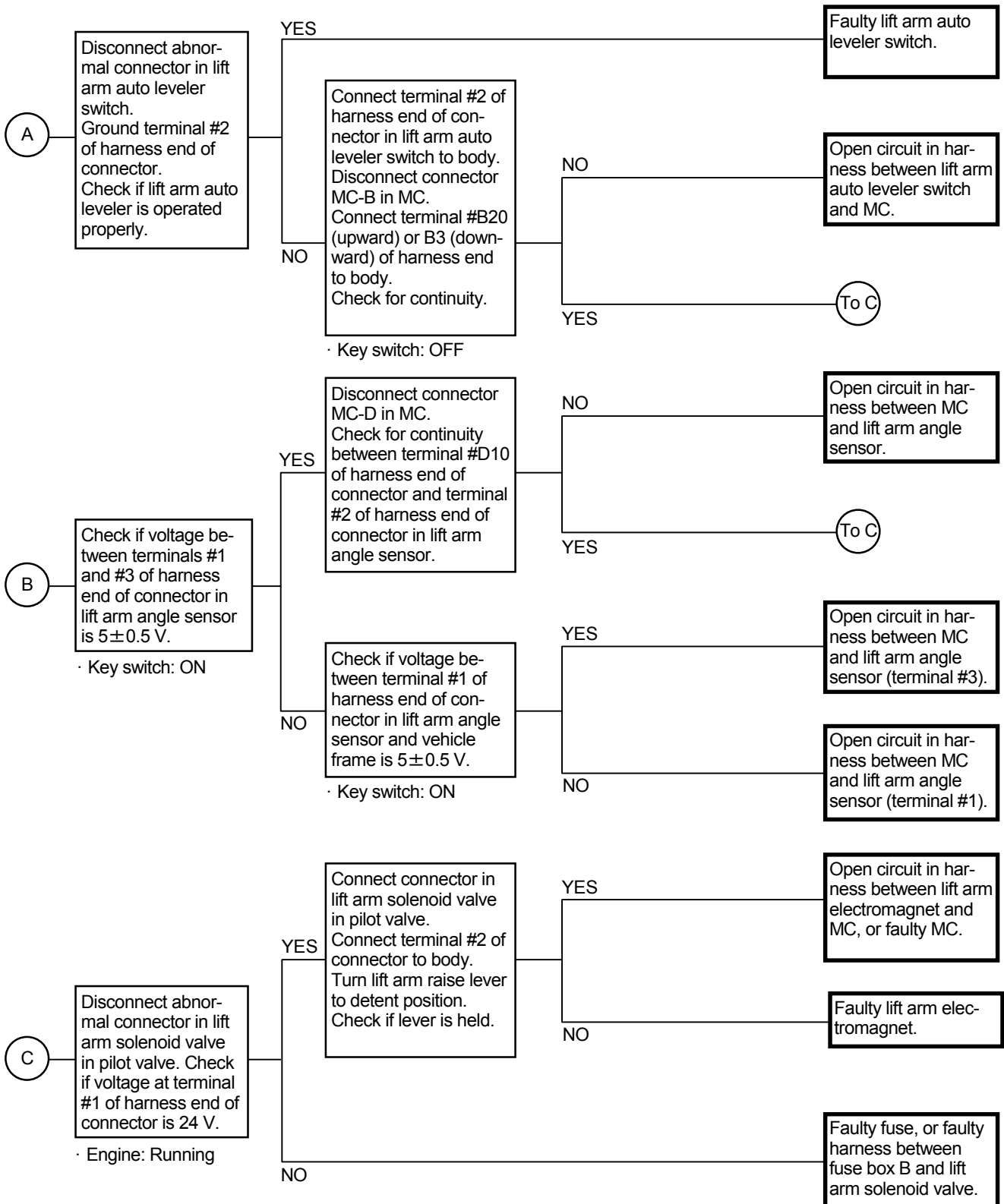
T183-05-04-009

Lift Arm Solenoid Valve Connector





## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B



## **TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B**

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### **F-12 Lift arm auto leveler stop position cannot be set. (Optional)**

- If the lift arm auto leveler stop position cannot be set as for both upward and downward, lift arm angle sensor learning has not been completed or lift arm angle sensor, MC or harness may malfunction.
- If the lift arm auto leveler stop position cannot be set as for either upward or downward, lift arm auto leveler set switch, MC or harness may malfunction.
- Refer to “F-11 Lift arm auto leveler is not operated” and execute the remedy.

## **TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B**

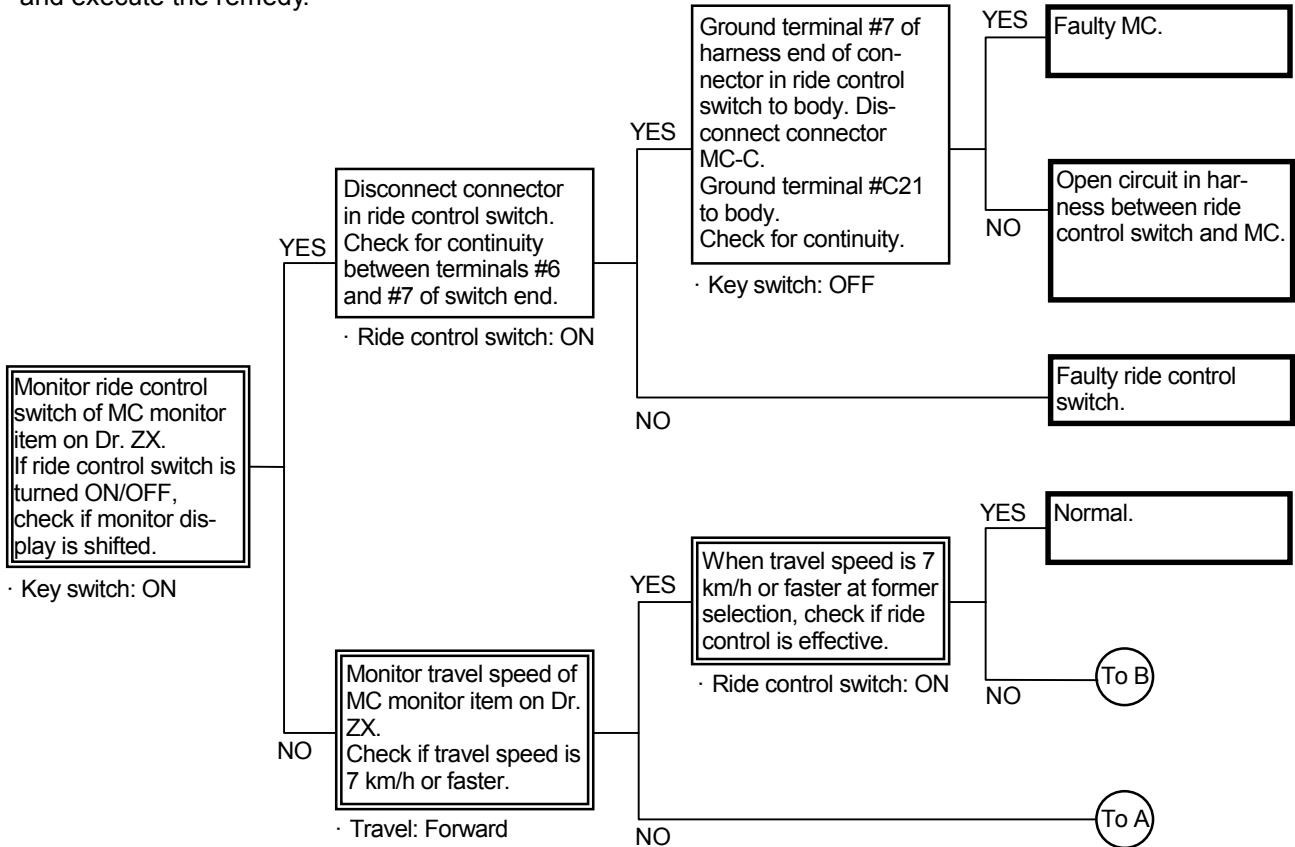
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# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

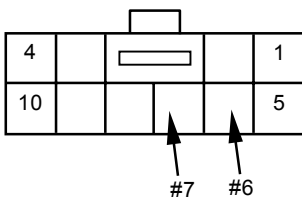
## F-13 Ride control is not effective.

- Check the wiring connections first.
- When trouble occurs in main circuit system and pilot oil system in the lift arm cylinder, this trouble may occur. As the front attachment operation malfunction together, refer to the related pages and execute the remedy.

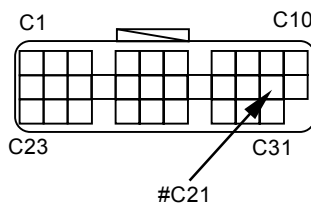


Connector (Harness end of connector viewed from the open end side)

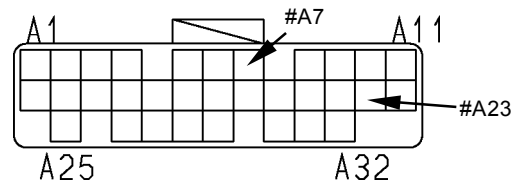
Ride Control Switch Connector



Connector MC-C

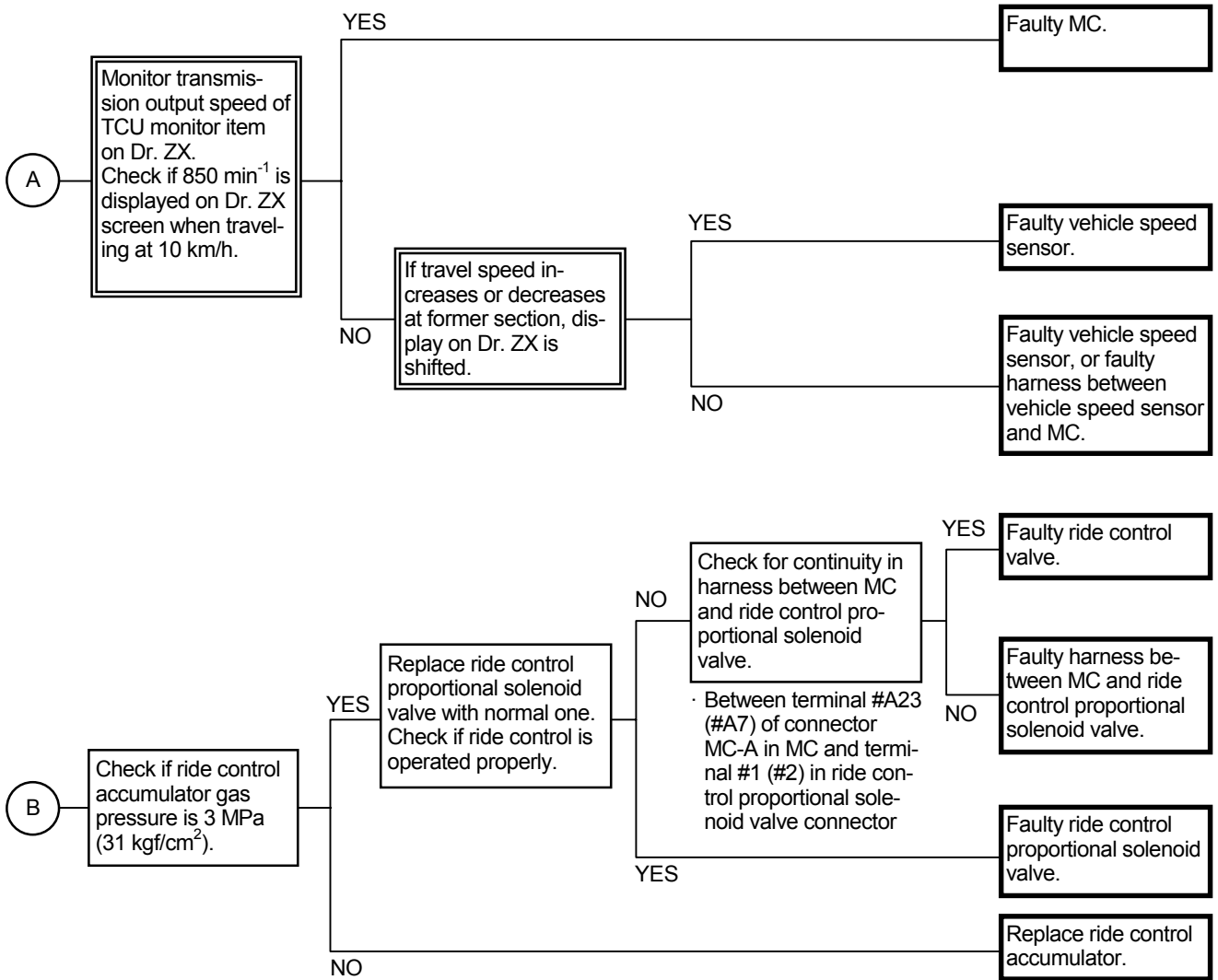


Connector MC-A

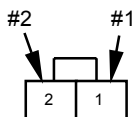


T183-05-04-008

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B



Proportional Solenoid Valve Connector



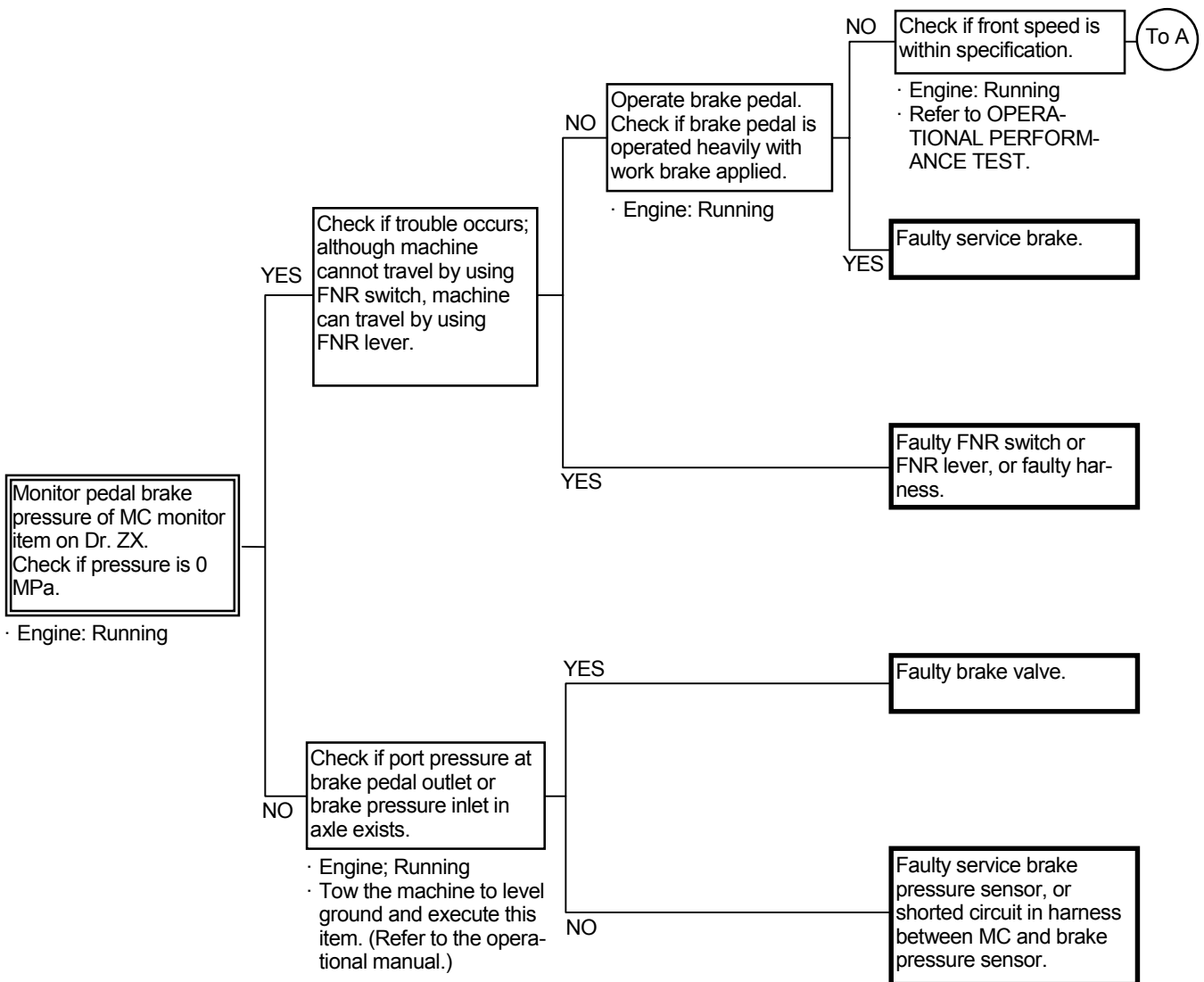
# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

## TRAVEL SYSTEM TROUBLESHOOTING

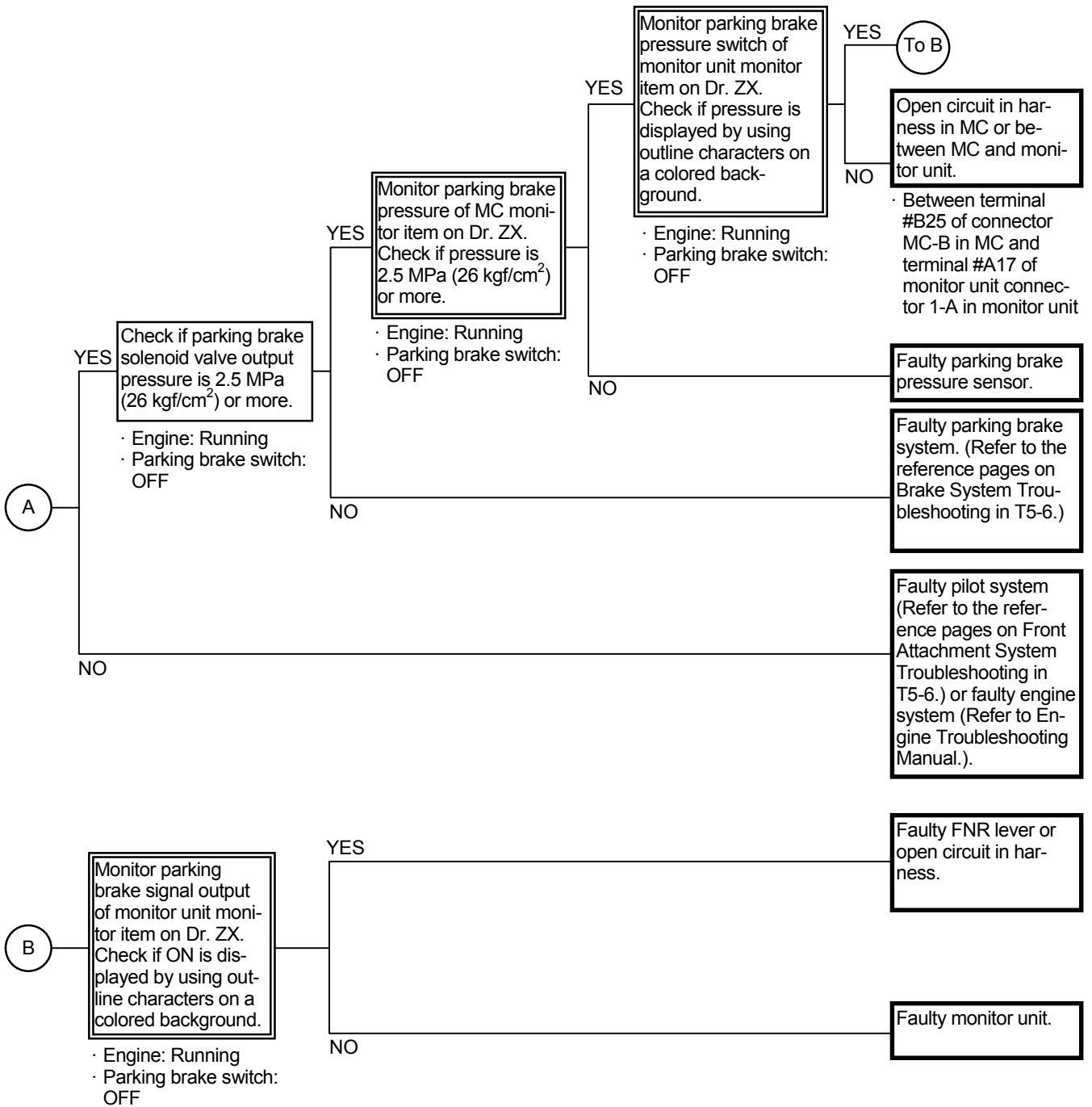
### T-1 Machine does not travel forward/reverse.

- Machine can travel only when the following conditions are present.  
FNR Lever: F or R  
Parking Brake Switch: OFF
- If the front attachment operation is normal, the engine system and the pilot oil supply system may be normal.

- Check the wiring connections first.
- If the followings are normal, the transmission and axles (front, rear) may be faulty. Check for abnormal sound at each part.



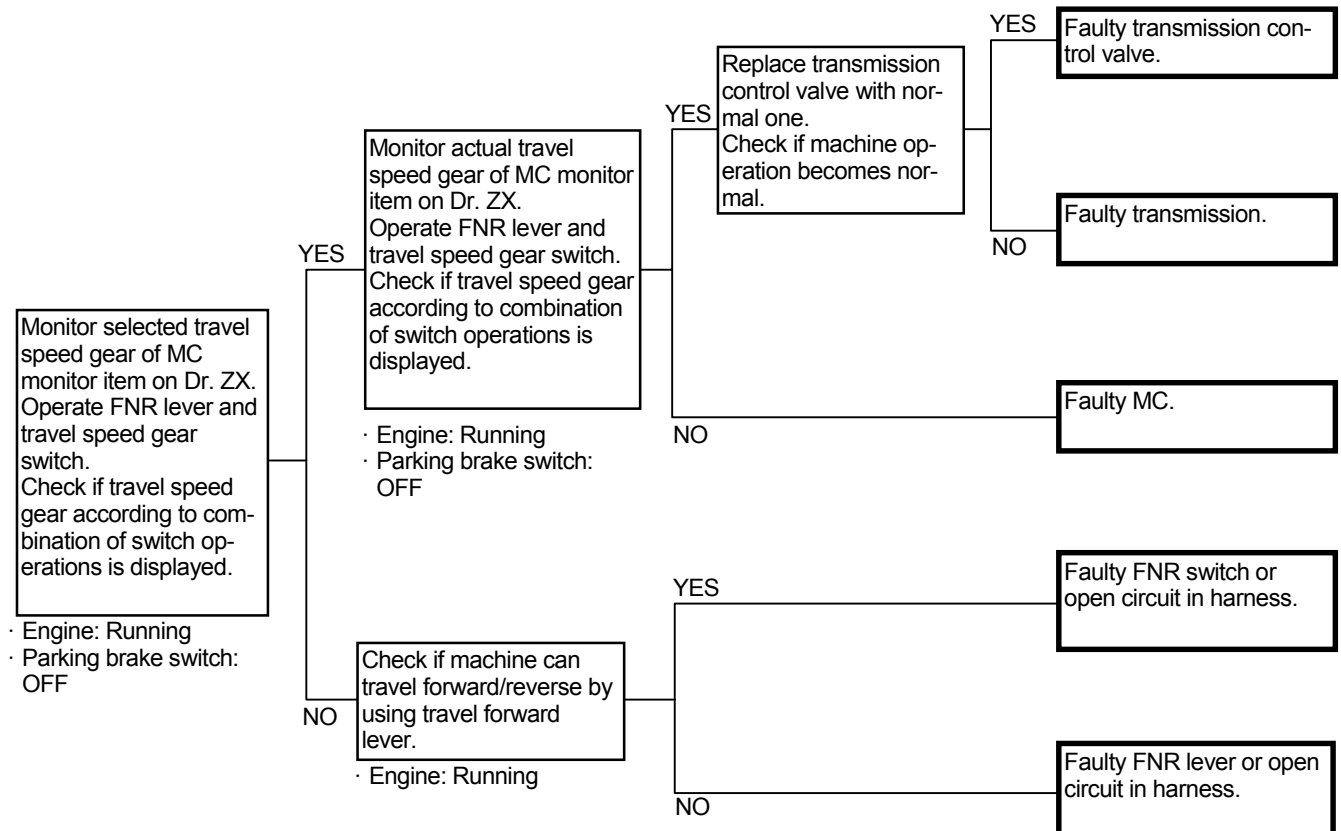
## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B



## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

### T-2 Machine does not travel forward or reverse.

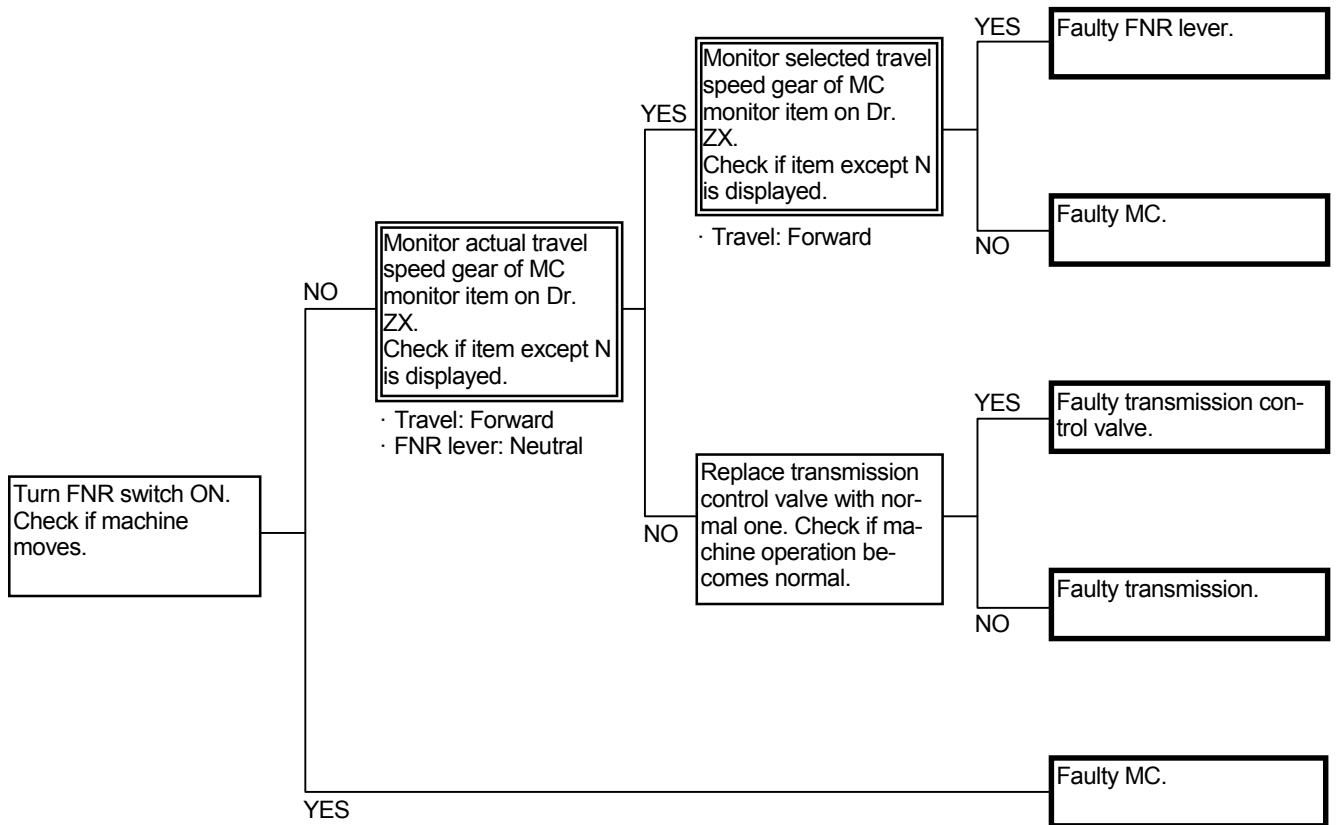
- The transmission and axles (front, rear) may be faulty. Check for abnormal sound at each part.
- If other operations of front attachment are normal, the pilot pump, pilot filter and pilot relief valve may be normal.
- Check the wiring connections first.





# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

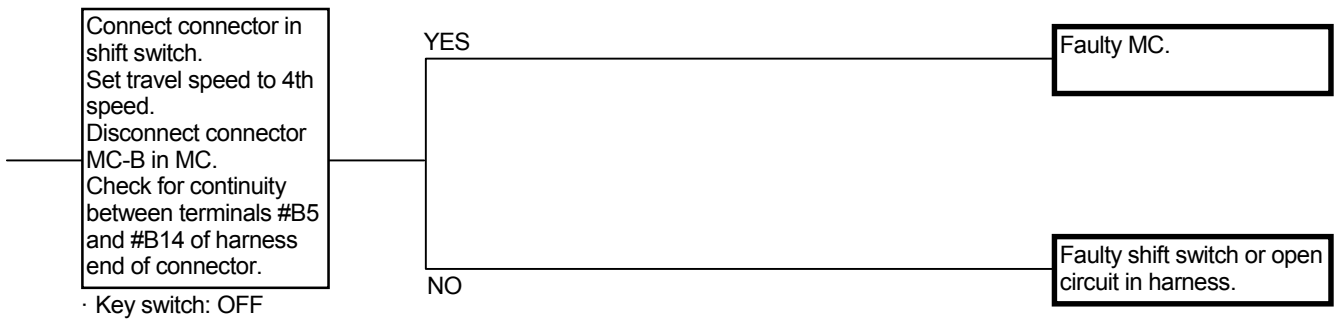
## T-3 Machine moves with lever in neutral.





## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

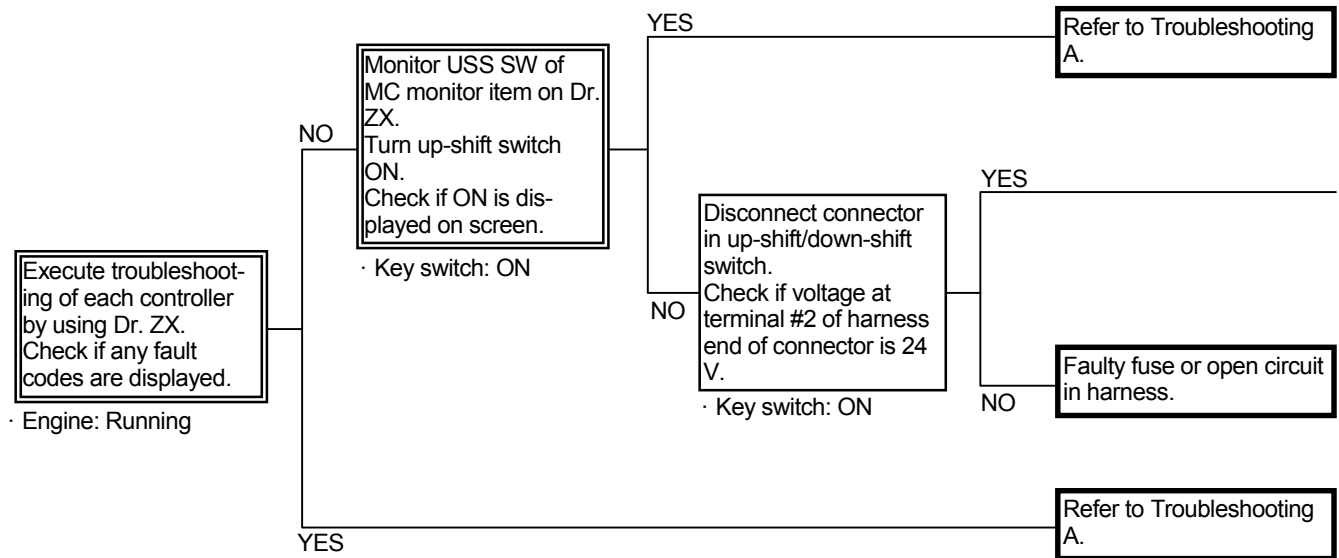
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## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

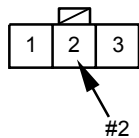
### T-5 Even if up-shift switch is pushed, travel speed gear is not turned up.

- Refer to T2-1-34 to 35 in SYSTEM / Control System.
- When auto 1-4L, 2-4N or 1-4H in the travel mode selector switch is selected, if the hold switch is pushed, up-shift control is not operated.
- Travel speed gear cannot be turned up by the up-shift switch beyond travel speed gear selected by the shift switch.
- Check the wiring connections first.

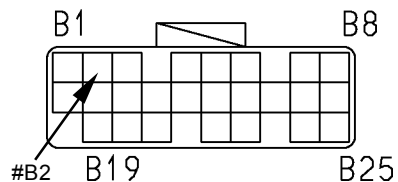


Connector (Harness end of connector viewed from the open end side)

Up-Shift/Down-Shift Switch Connector



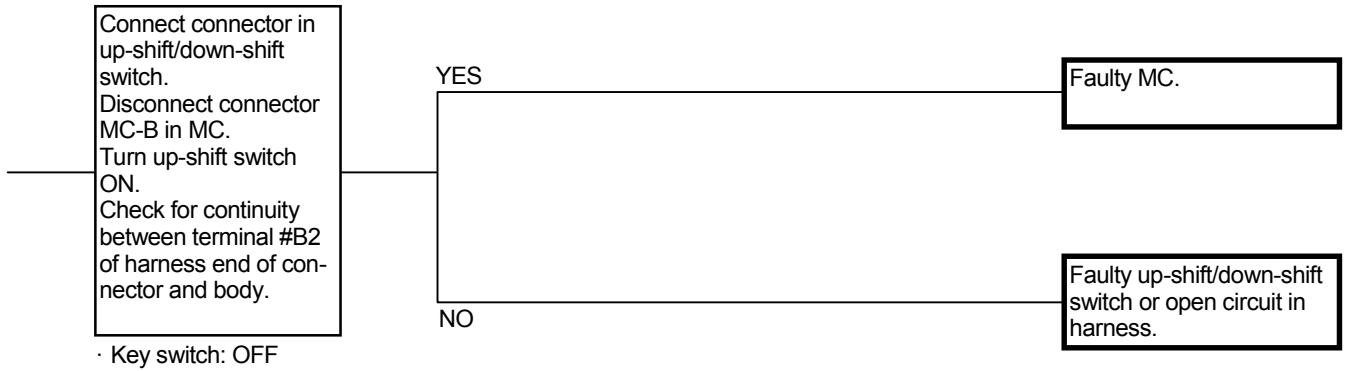
Connector MC-B



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## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

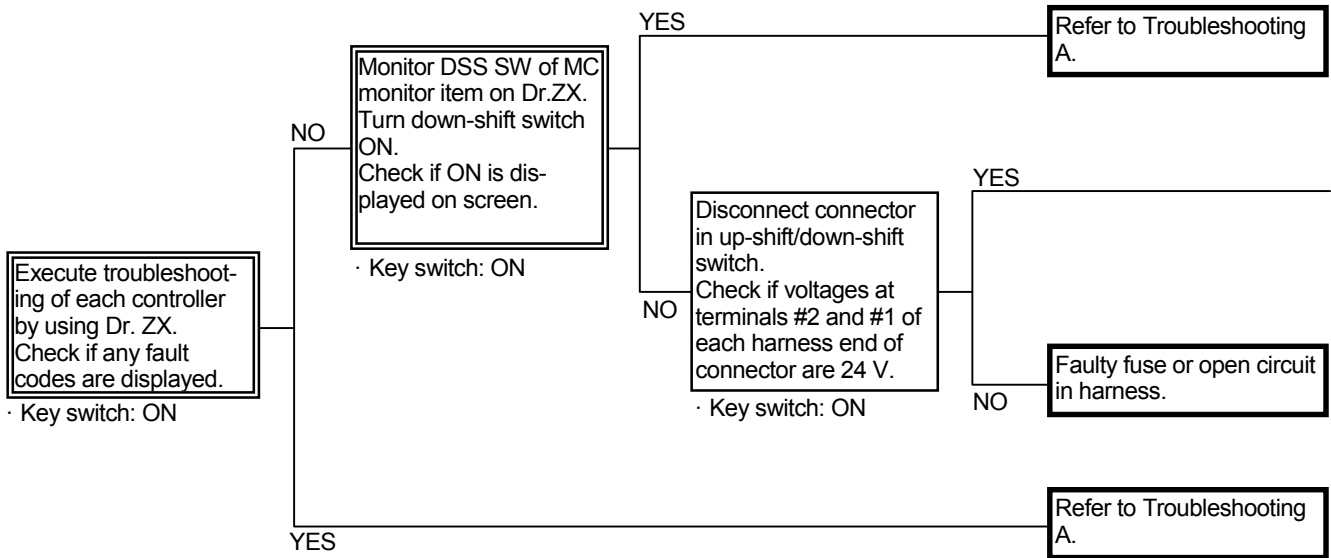
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## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

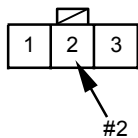
### T-6 Even if down-shift switch is pushed, travel speed gear is not turned down.

- Refer to T2-1-32 to 33 in SYSTEM / Control System.
- When machine travels at faster than travel speed gear, which can decrease, although the down-shift switch is pushed, travel speed gear cannot be turned down.
- When auto 1-4L, 2-4N or 1-4H in the travel mode selector switch is selected, if the hold switch is pushed, down-shift control is not operated.
- Check the wiring connections first.

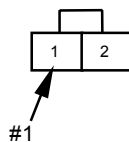


Connector (Harness end of connector viewed from the open end side)

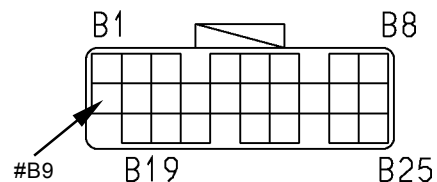
Up-Shift/Down-Shift Switch Connector



Down-Shift Connector



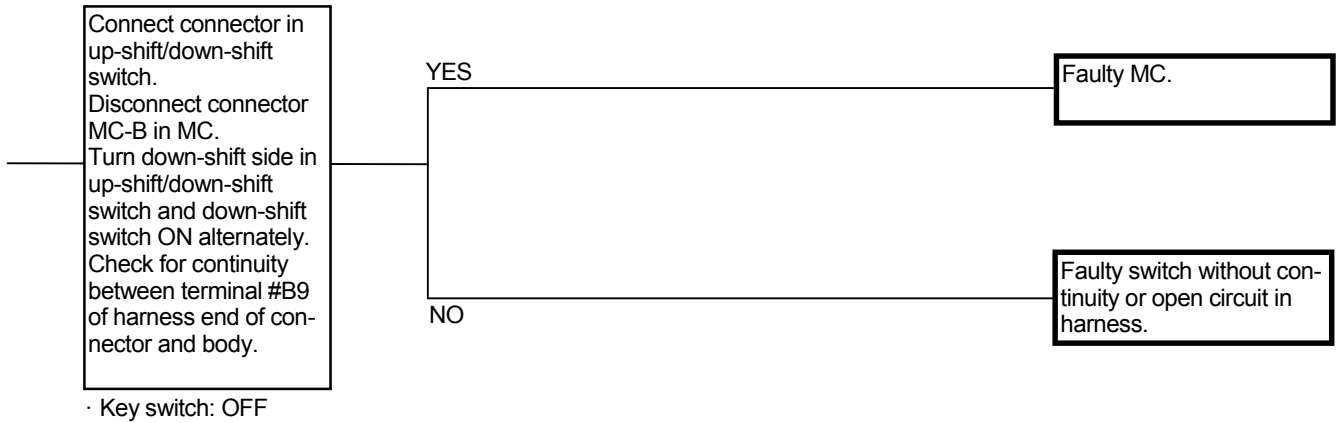
Connector MC-B



T183-05-04-021

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

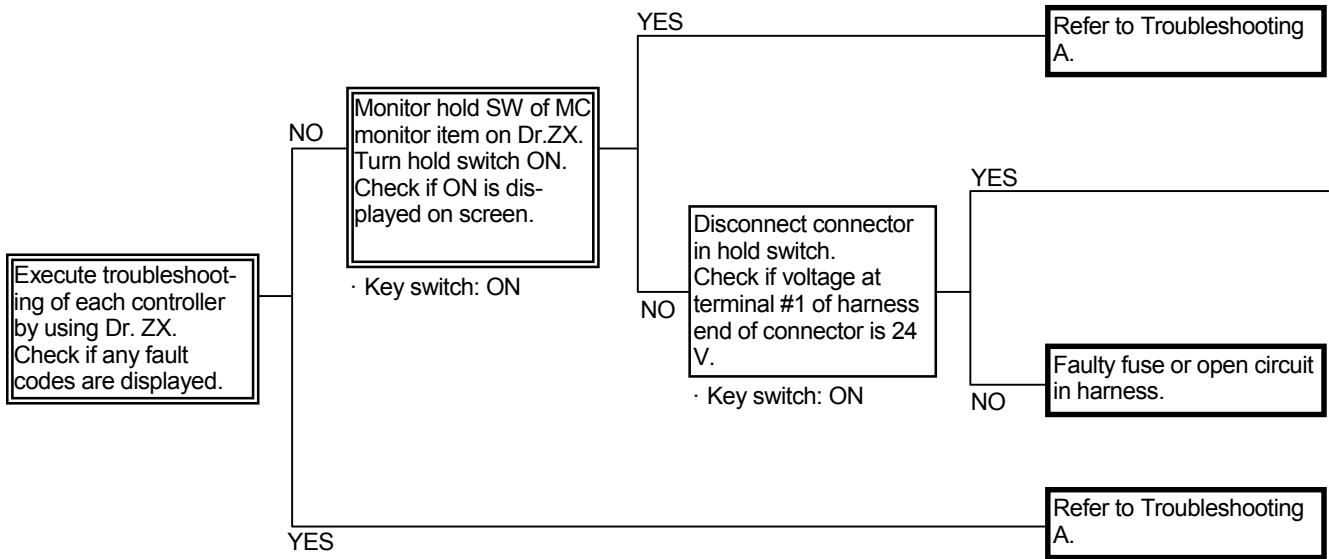
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# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

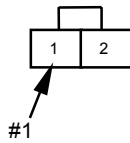
## T-7 Even if hold switch is pushed, travel speed gear is not fixed.

- Refer to T2-1-38 to 39 in SYSTEM / Control System.
- When auto 1-4L, 2-4N or 1-4H in the travel mode selector switch is selected, hold control is not operated.
- Check the wiring connections first.

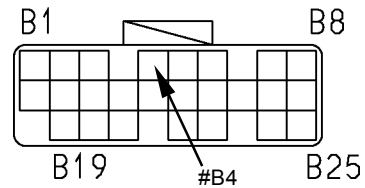


Connector (Harness end of connector viewed from the open end side)

Hold Switch Connector



Connector MC-B



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## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

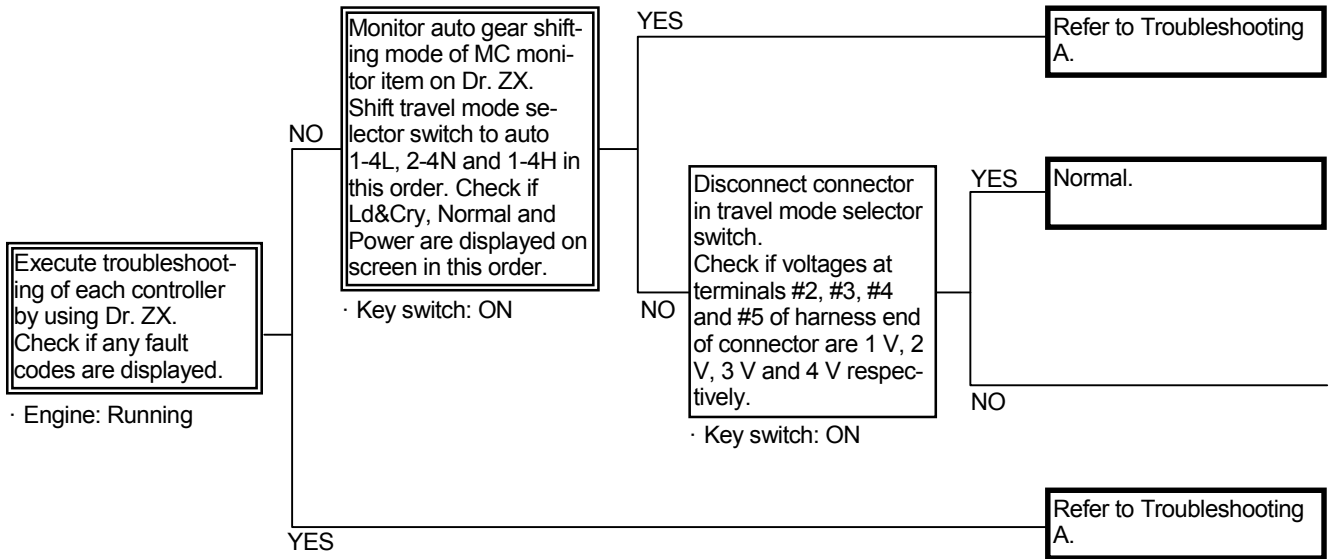
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# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

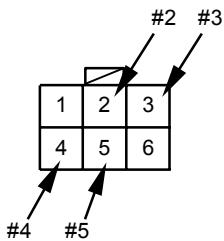
## T-8 Travel mode is not shifted.

- Check the wiring connections first.
- Refer to T2-1-30 to 31 in SYSTEM / Control System.

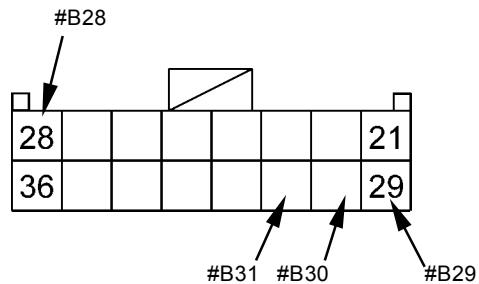


Connector (Harness end of connector viewed from the open end side)

Travel Mode Selector Switch Connector

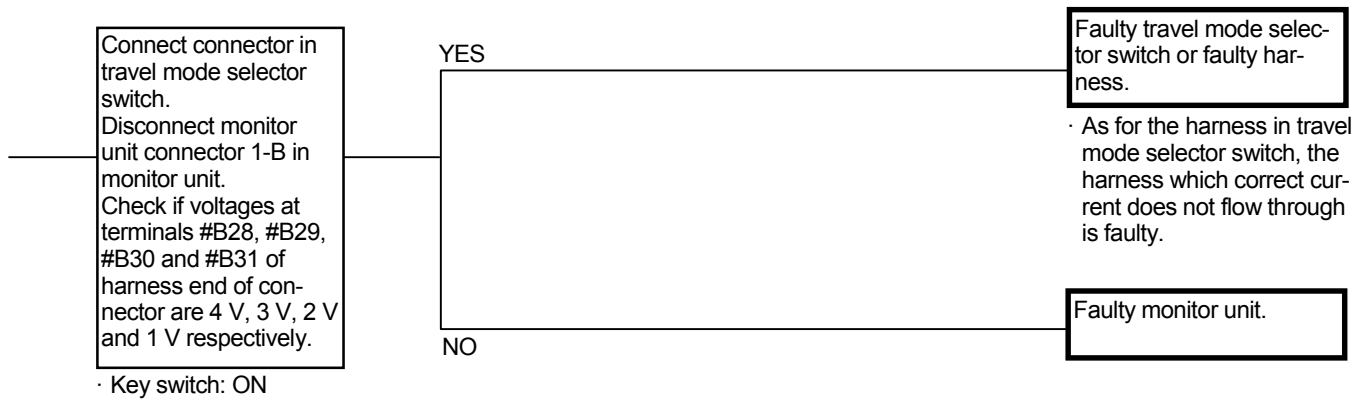


Monitor Unit Connector 1-B



## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

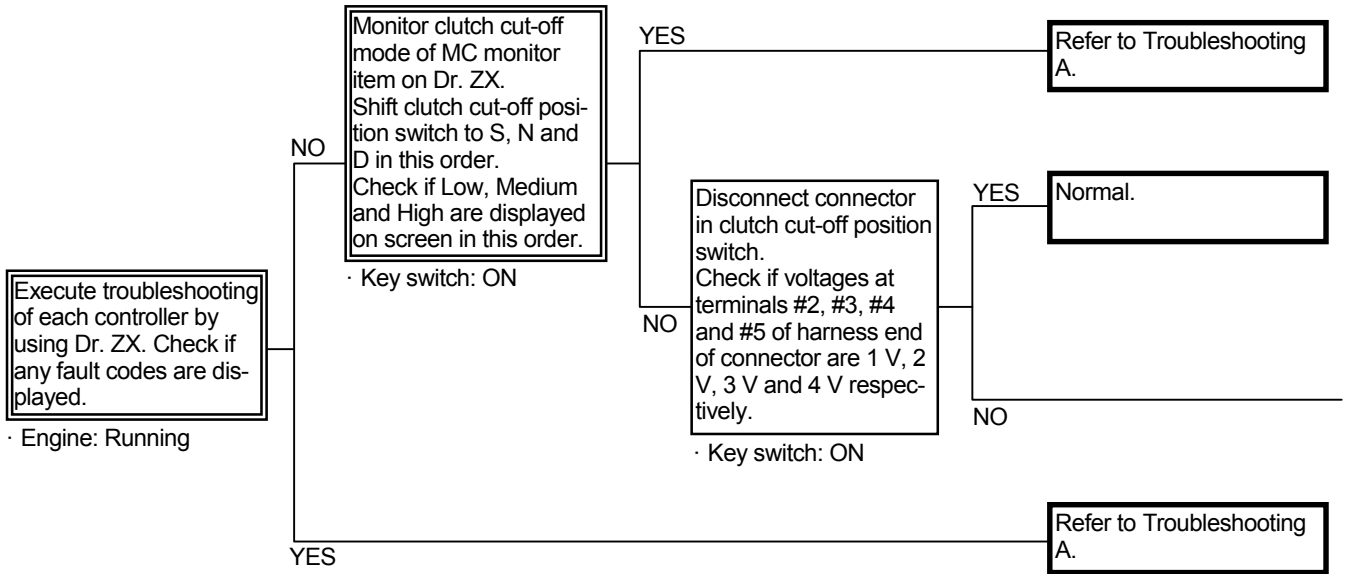
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# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

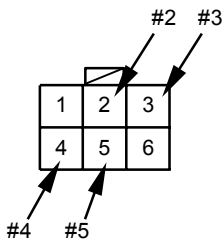
## T-9 Clutch cut-off is not operated.

- Check the wiring connections first.
- Refer to T2-1-36 to 37 in SYSTEM / Control System.

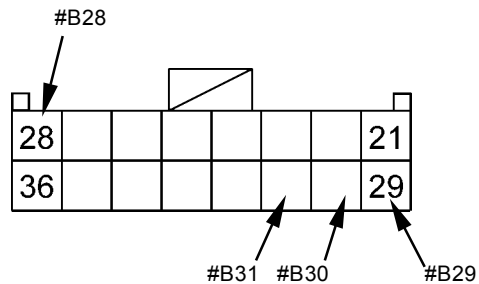


Connector (Harness end of connector viewed from the open end side)

Clutch Cut-Off Position Switch Connector



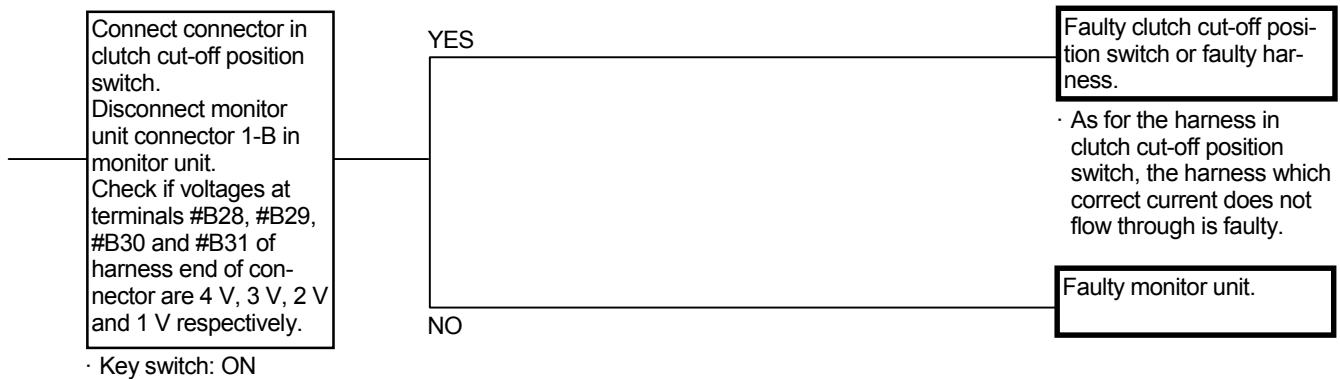
Monitor Unit Connector 1-B



T4GB-05-05-002

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

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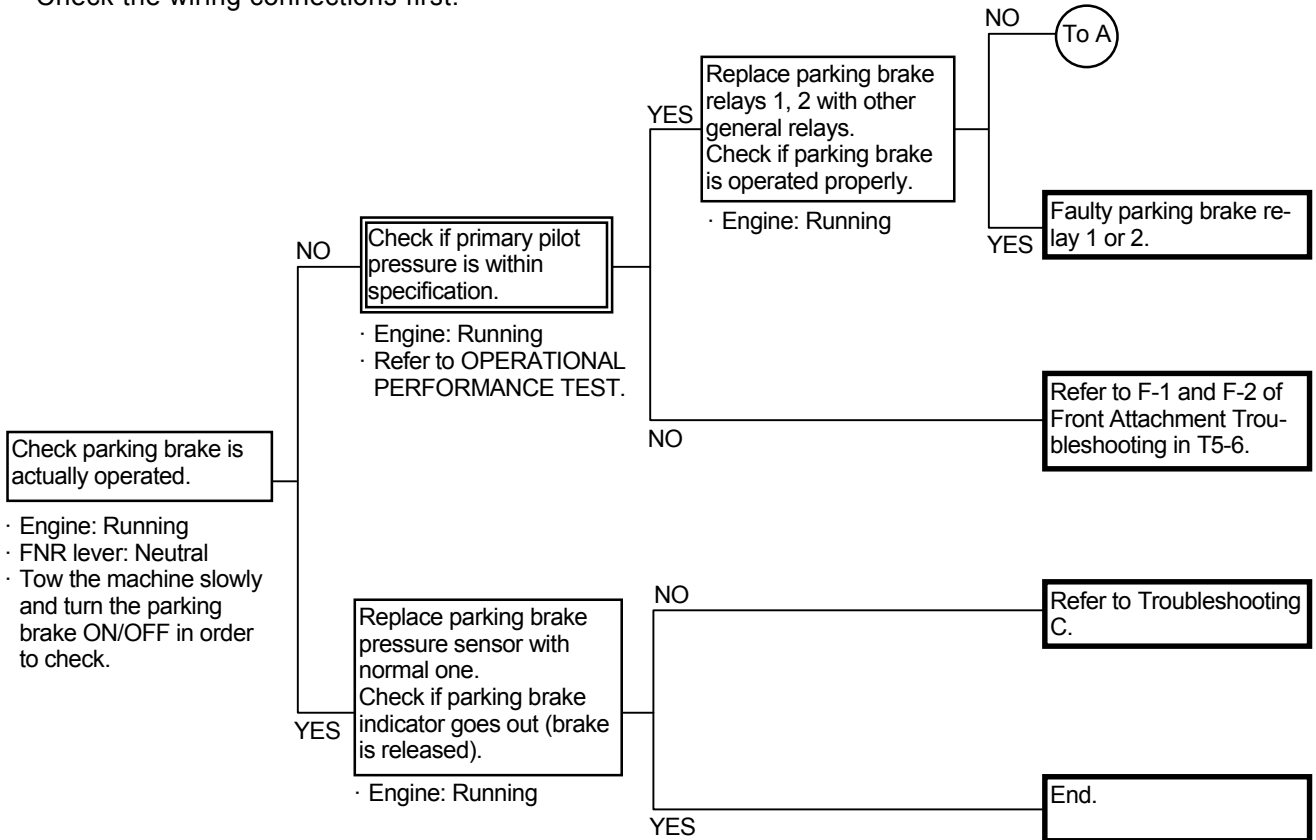


# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

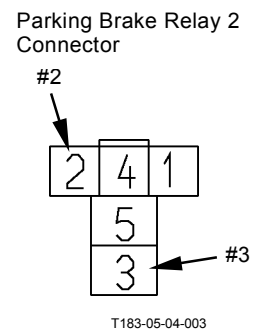
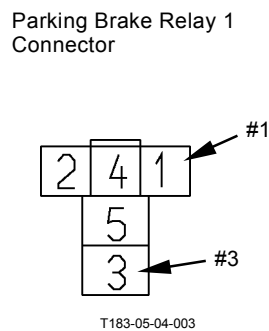
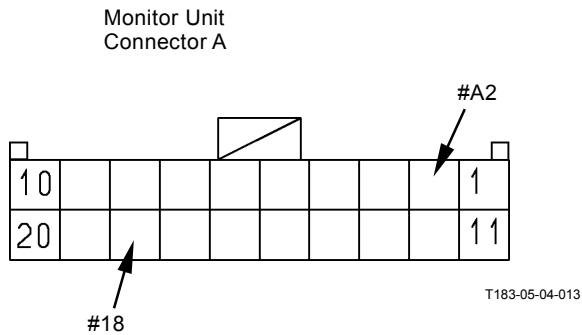
## BRAKE SYSTEM TROUBLESHOOTING

### B-1 Parking brake is not released.

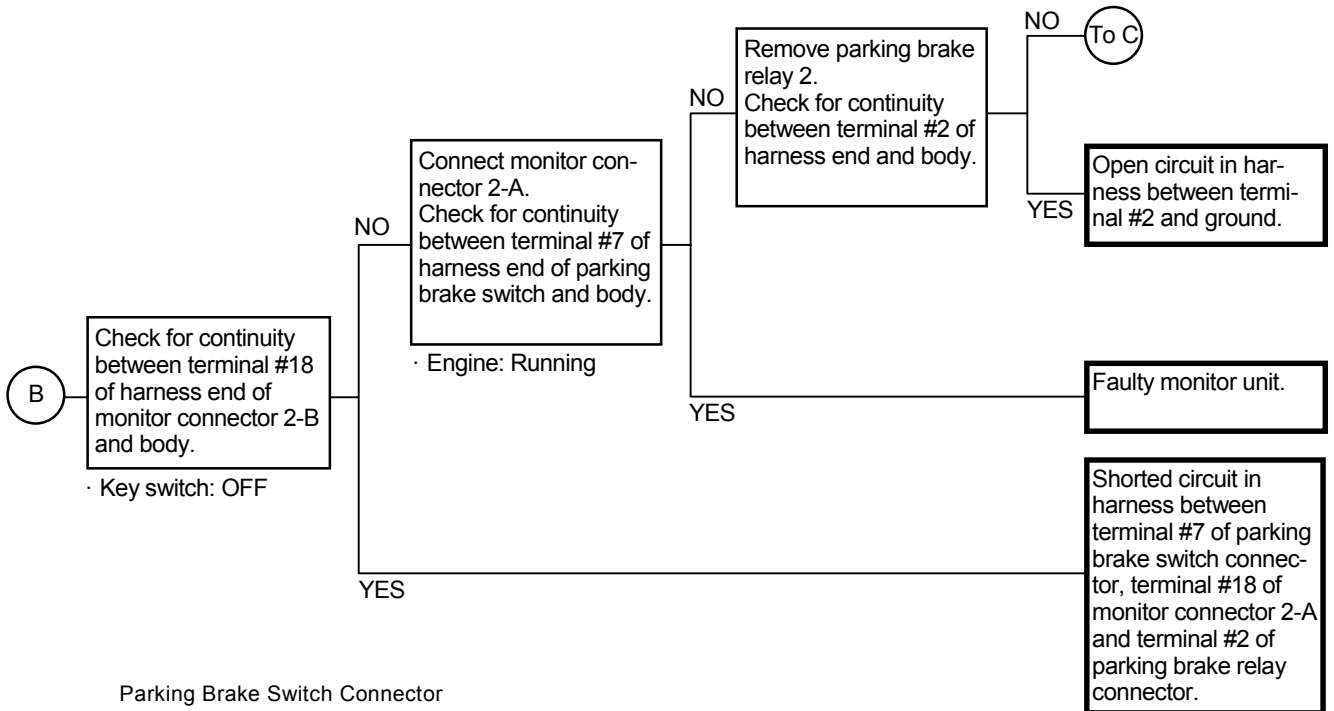
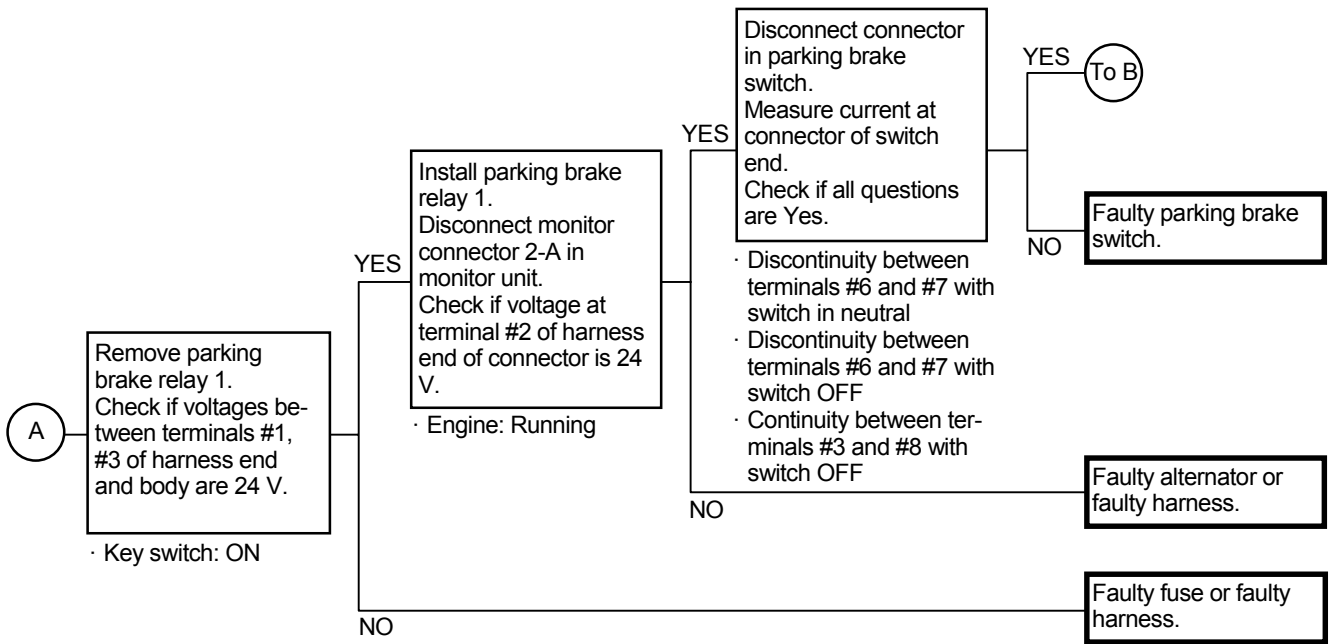
- Check the wiring connections first.



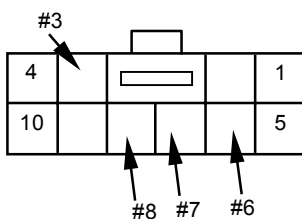
Connector (Harness end of connector viewed from the open end side)



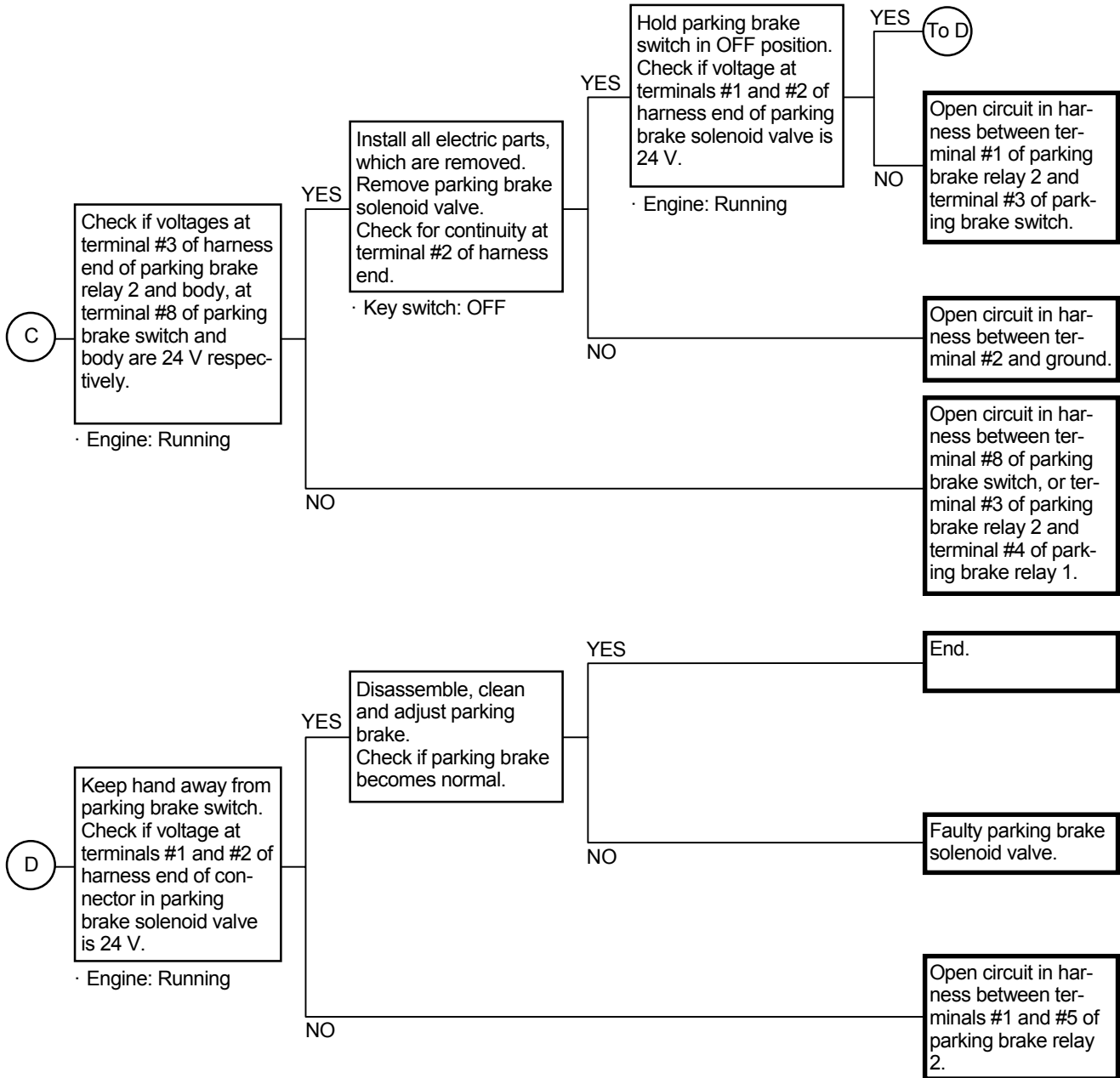
# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B



Parking Brake Switch Connector

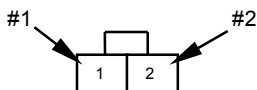


# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B



Connector (Harness end of connector viewed from the open end side)

Parking Brake Solenoid Valve Connector





## **TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B**

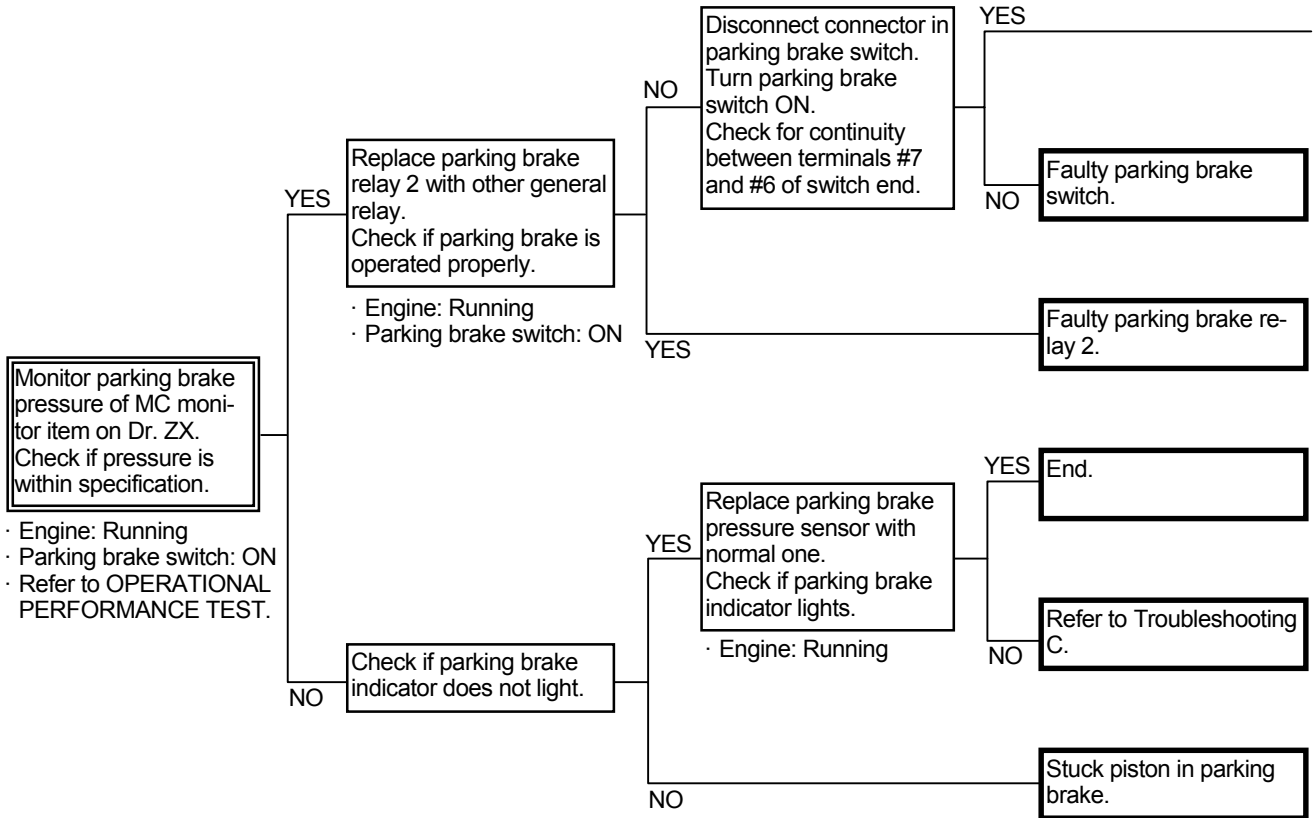
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# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

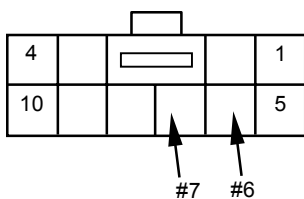
## B-2 Parking brake is not locked.

- Check the wiring connections first.

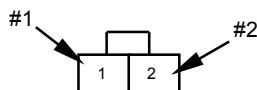


Connector (Harness end of connector viewed from the open end side)

Parking Brake Switch Connector

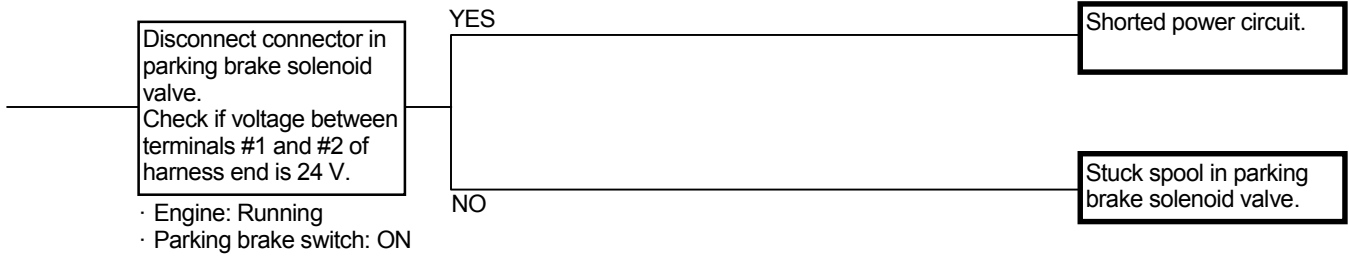


Parking Brake Solenoid Valve Connector



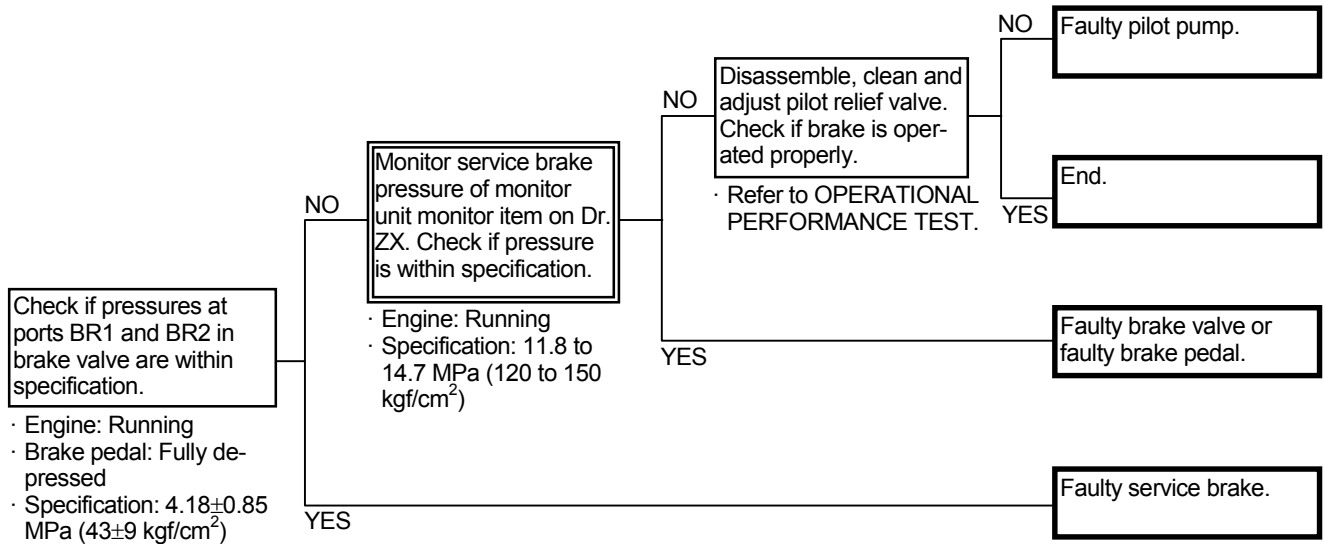
## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

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## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

### B-3 Service brake efficiency is bad or low.



## **TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B**

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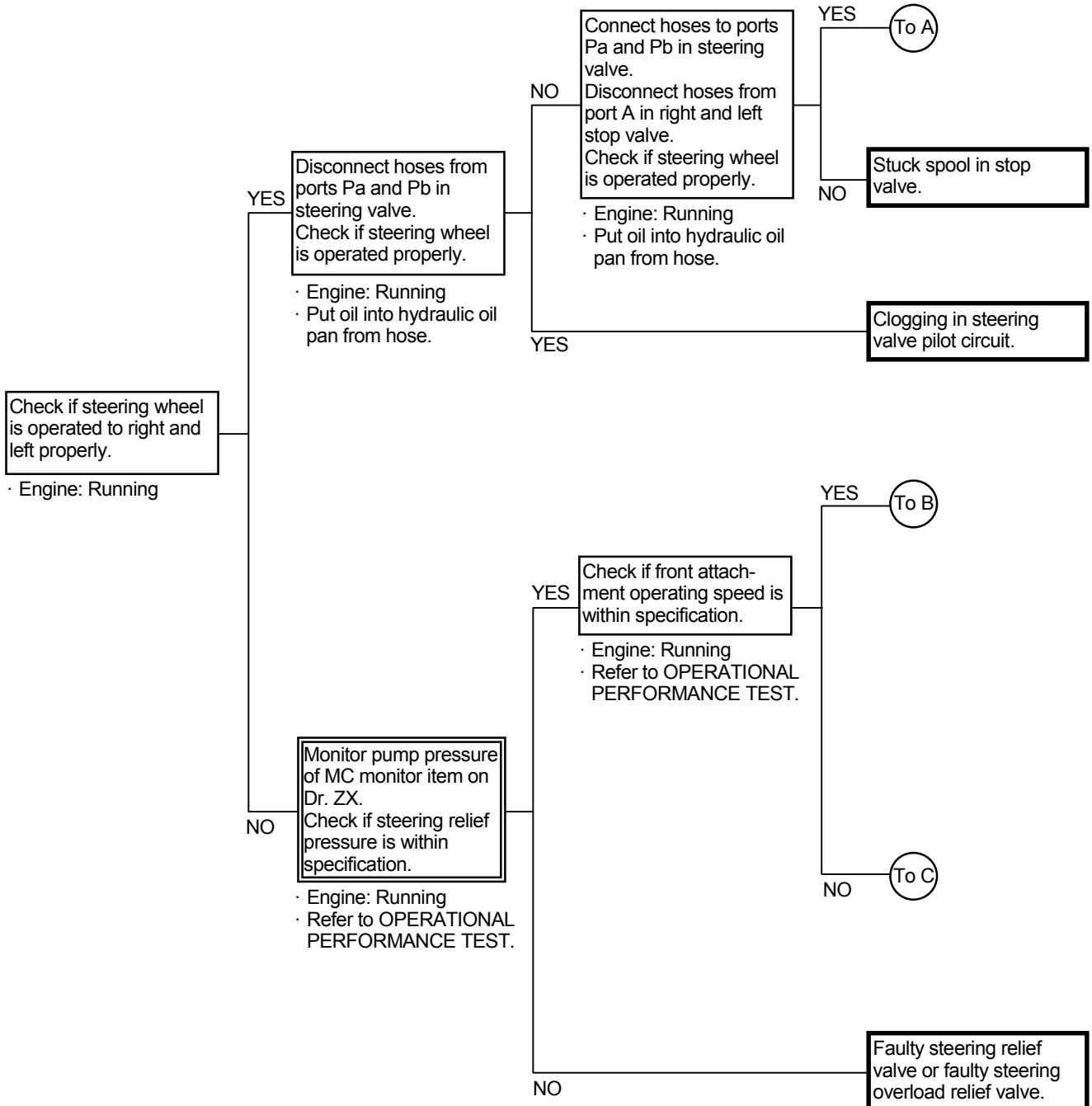
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# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

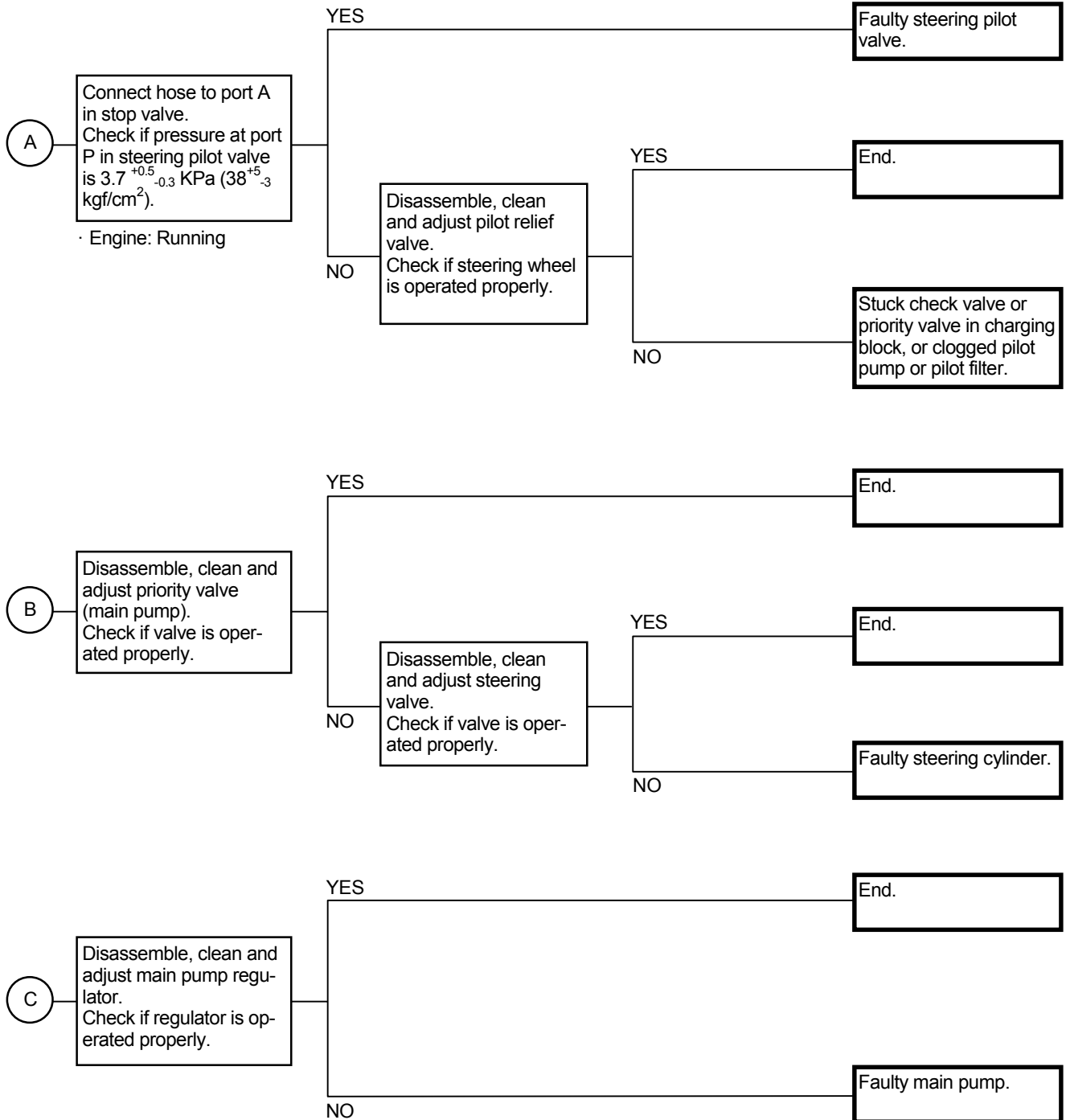
## STEERING SYSTEM TROUBLESHOOTING

### H-1 Steering cylinder operation is slow or does not move.

- Check if the steering shaft is deformed or stuck.



## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B



## **TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B**

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# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

## OTHER SYSTEM TROUBLESHOOTING

### O-1 Air conditioner is faulty


The air conditioner has a self-diagnosis function.

The self-diagnosis functions to:


- 1) Display Fault Codes
- 2) Change Displayed Fault Codes
- 3) Delete Fault Code
- 4) End Fault Code Display

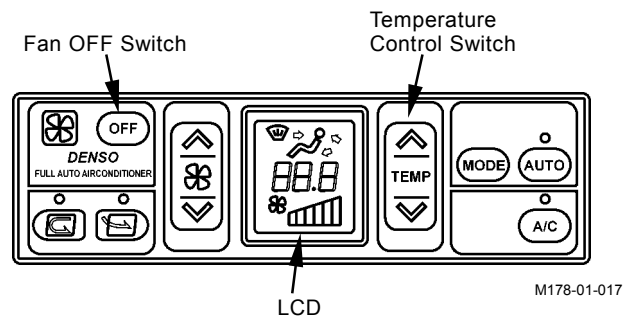
- Display Fault Code

1. Push the fan OFF switch and turn the fan OFF.
2. Push and hold both upper and lower sides of the temperature control switch on the air conditioner control panel at the same time for more than 3 seconds with the key switch ON.

 **NOTE:** After connect operation has been performed, the buzzer will sound.

3. If any fault codes are found, the LCD displays the fault codes as 「E00」.

 **NOTE:** If more than one fault code is found, the lower number fault code will be displayed first.




### Fault Code List

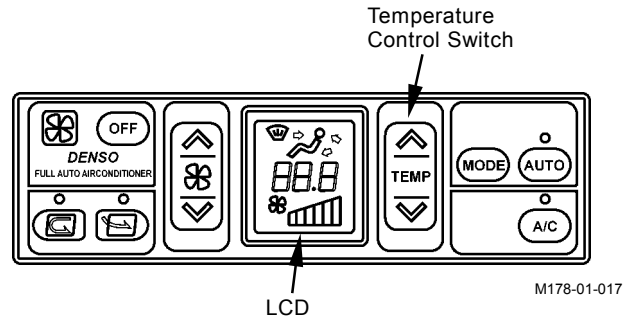
Item	Fault Code	Cause	Symptom
Abnormal circulation air sensor	E11	Open circuit in air circulation sensor	Value Y (air flow-in temperature) in response to the set temperature is fixed.
	E12	Shorted circuit in air circulation sensor	
Abnormal fresh air sensor	E13	Open circuit in fresh air sensor	Operation is controlled under such circumstance as no fresh air sensor is provided.
	E14	Shorted circuit in fresh air sensor	
Abnormal coolant temperature sensor	E15	Open circuit in coolant temperature sensor	Operation is controlled under such circumstance as the water temperature is set to 60 °C (140 °F). (Warm-up control is not performed.)
	E16	Shorted circuit in coolant temperature sensor	
Abnormal air vent sensor	E21	Open circuit in air vent sensor	Operation is controlled under such circumstance as air flow-in temperature 0 °C (32 °F).
	E22	Shorted circuit in air vent sensor	
Abnormal damper	E43	Abnormal air vent damper	Corresponding damper servo becomes inoperable.
	E44	Abnormal air mix damper	
Abnormal refrigerant	E51	Abnormal high/low refrigerant pressure	The compressor clutch is disengaged. (The compressor stops.)

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

- Change Displayed Fault Code


1. When displaying more than one fault code, push either upper or lower side of the temperature control switch. The following fault code is displayed.

 **NOTE:** When the displayed fault code is changed, the buzzer sounds. In case only one fault code exists, the displayed fault code remains unchanged.

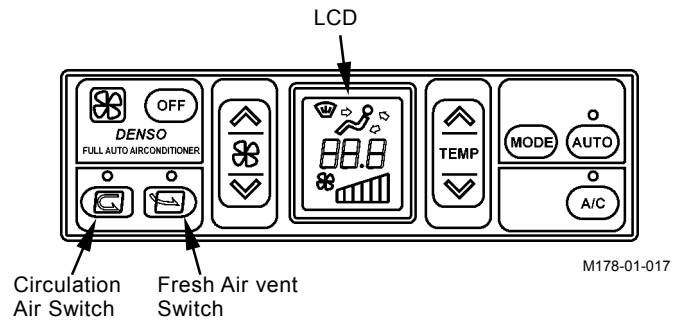


- Delete Fault Code

1. Push and hold both the circulation air switch and the fresh air vent switch for more than 3 seconds at the same time. Then, the fault code is deleted.

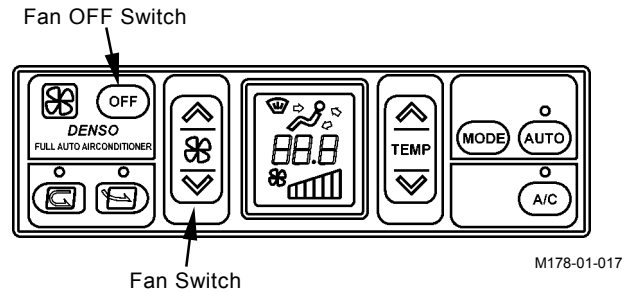
 **NOTE:** After the fault code is deleted, the buzzer sounds.

2. After the fault code has been deleted, the LCD displays 「E00」.



- End Fault Code Display

1. Push the fan OFF switch and turn the fan ON. The self-diagnostic mode is completed.



# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

\* Please fill in all sections and return this AIR CONDITIONER TROUBLE REPORT to Hitachi Tsuchiura Works Quality Assurance Dept. after experiencing a problem with your machine's air conditioning system.

< Air Conditioner Trouble Report >

File No.

(1) What

Model	(Serial No. _____)		
Operation Type	Manual	Semi-Auto	Full-Auto
Delivery Date	Year	Month	

Checked by:

(2) When

Date	Year	Month	Day	Operating Hour ( _____ h)
Time	Morning	Daytime	Evening	Night
Frequency	Every Day	Once a Week	Once a Month	Times per

(3) Where

Job Site Address	State	County	Town
Access Road Condition	Paved	Not Paved (Gravel	Sand Soil)

(4) How (Operating Conditions)

Weather	Fine	Cloudy	Rain	Snow	
Atmospheric Temperature	Very Hot	Hot	Cold	Very Cold	
Operating Conditions	Parking	Traveling	Working		
Control Panel	Temperature Control	Paint blanks equal to red indicators. / Fill in set-temperature when full-auto operation			
	A/C	ON	OFF		
	Air Induction	Re-Circulation	Fresh Air Circulation		
	AUTO	ON	OFF	Not Available	
	Fill following items when operated in manual mode or when manual control type unit is used.				
	Vent Position	Front	Front / Rear	Foot	Front / Rear and Foot
Fan	First	Second	Third	Fourth Fifth Sixth	

(5) How (Problem Symptom)

Abnormal Compressor Operation	
Symptom	Not turned ON
	Not turned OFF
	Others
Uncontrollable air temperature	
Symptom	No cool air
	No warm air
	Others
Uncontrollable air volume	
Symptom	Air flows in Hi mode only
	No air flows
	Small air volume
	Others
Uncontrollable vent hole	
Symptom	Vent hole isn't selected
	Others
Abnormal panel indication	
Faulty Indicator	Vent Hole
	A/C
	AUTO
	Fresh Air Circulation
	Fan OFF
	Fan (Lo • •• Hi)
	Temperature Control
Symptom	Stays OFF
	Stays ON
	Blinks
	Others

<Check Result>

(1) Is problem reproducible ?

Reproducible
Not reproducible

(2) Pressure (To be measured at gauge manifold)

Low Pressure
High Pressure

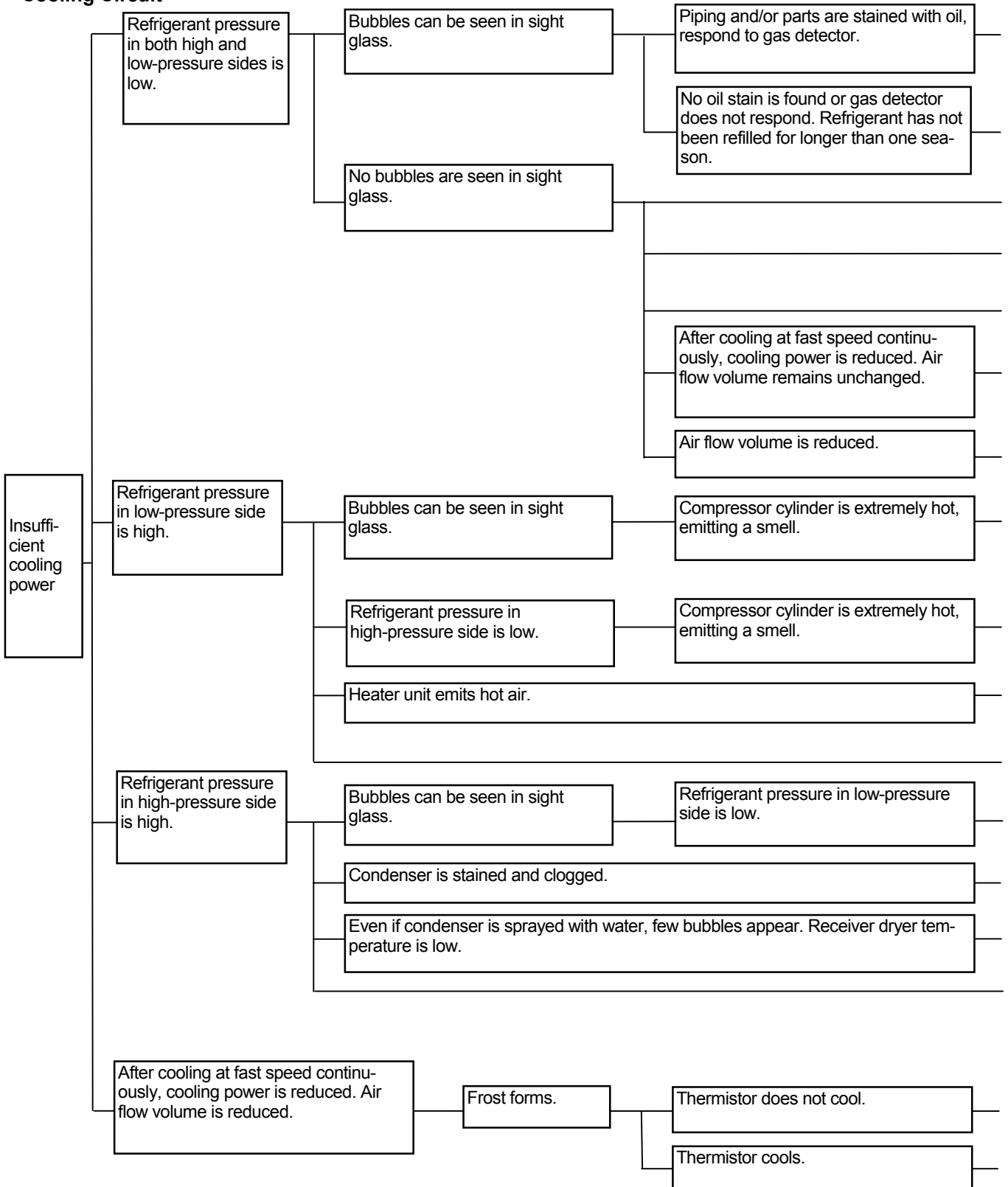
(3) Which parts have been replaced ?

1	
2	

\* Before replacing the control amplifier, be sure to check that the connectors are correctly connected while repeatedly disconnecting and reconnecting connectors.

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

## Cooling Circuit

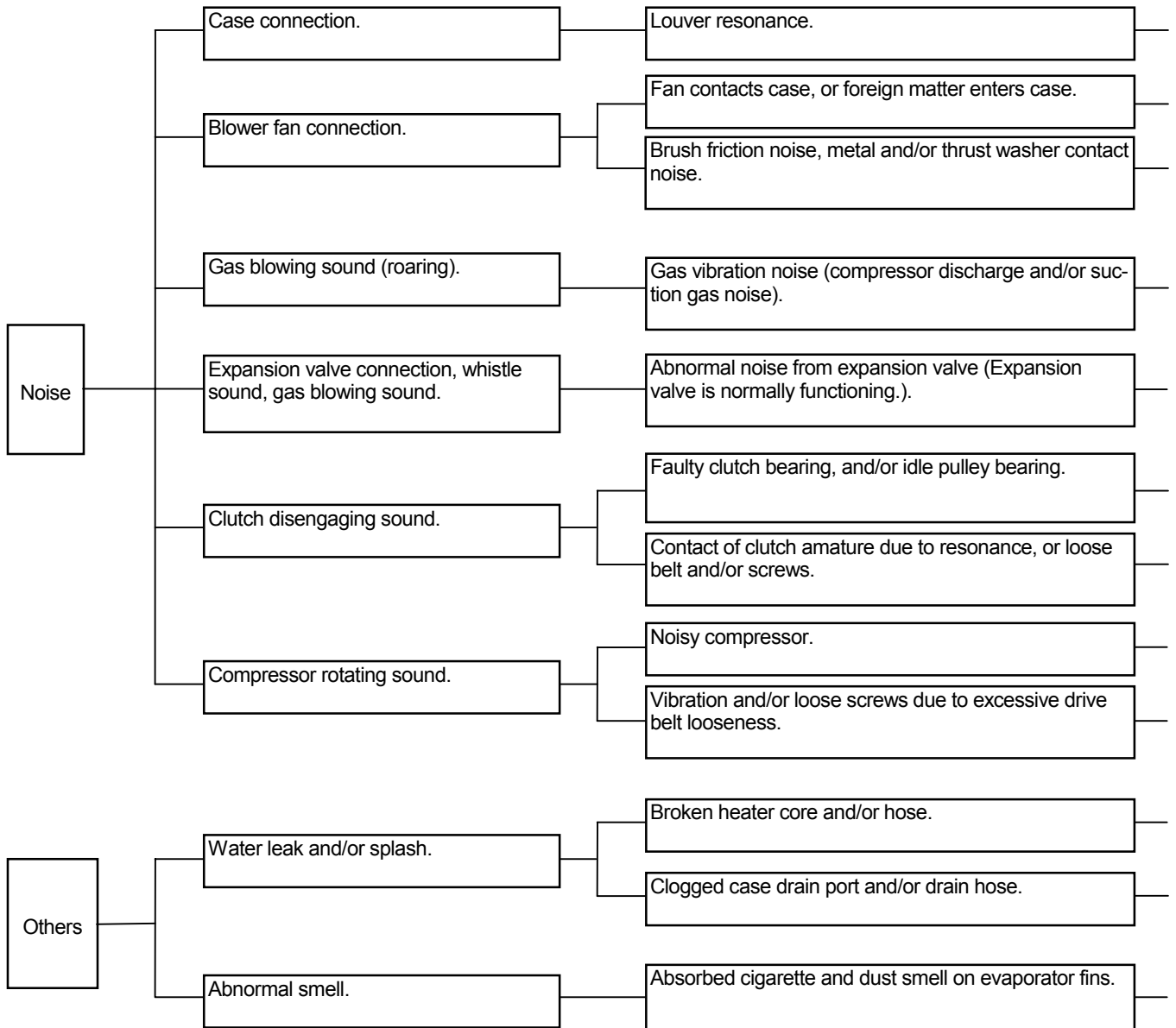


## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

Gas leaks from piping joints and/or parts.	Re tighten or replace parts.
Normal leakage of refrigerant from hoses.	Refill refrigerant.
Improper adjustment (excessive restriction) of expansion valve.	Readjust or replace expansion valve.
Clogged expansion valve.	Remove clog, or replace receiver and/or expansion valve.
Clogged low-pressure circuit and/or evaporator.	Remove clog, or replace parts.
Frozen expansion valve or water in circuit.	After evacuation, refill refrigerant and/or replace receiver dryer.
Gas leaks from case.	Seal gaps by using vinyl tape or packing compound.
Poor contact of expansion valve temperature sensing cylinder.	Make good contact. Replace temperature sensing stay.
Improper adjustment (excessive open) of expansion valve.	Readjust or replace.
Insufficient compressor discharge (faulty gasket and/or valve).	Replace.
Improper water stop valve wire adjustment and/or faulty stop valve.	Check and readjust or replace.
Poor airtight fitting of outside air damper (fresh air induction type).	Repair.
Clogged high-pressure circuit before receiver dryer.	Remove clog, or replace parts.
	Clean Condenser.
Excessive refrigerant.	Remove excessive refrigerant to proper level.
Air is mixed in system.	After evacuation, refill refrigerant and/or replace receiver dryer.
Incorrect thermistor location.	Correct thermistor location.
Gas leaks from case.	Seal gaps by using vinyl tape or packing compound.
Faulty thermistor (stays ON).	Disconnected thermistor cord.
Even if function and performance are normal, when air conditioner is kept operated for a long time with thermistor in max. cooling position and air flow in M or L mode, frost may form.	Instruct user on correct air conditioner operation. (Reset thermistor to either minimum or middle cooling position or increase air flow.)

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

## Cooling Circuit



## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

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Repair or replace.

Remove foreign matter. Readjust fan motor location.

Slight noise is unavoidable.  
Replace if loud.

No functional problem exists.  
Provide silencer if intolerable.

Replace expansion valve if whistle sound is heard. Gas flow noise can be slightly heard.

Replace.

Repair or replace clutch. Re tighten screws.

Repair or replace.

Re-adjust drive belt.

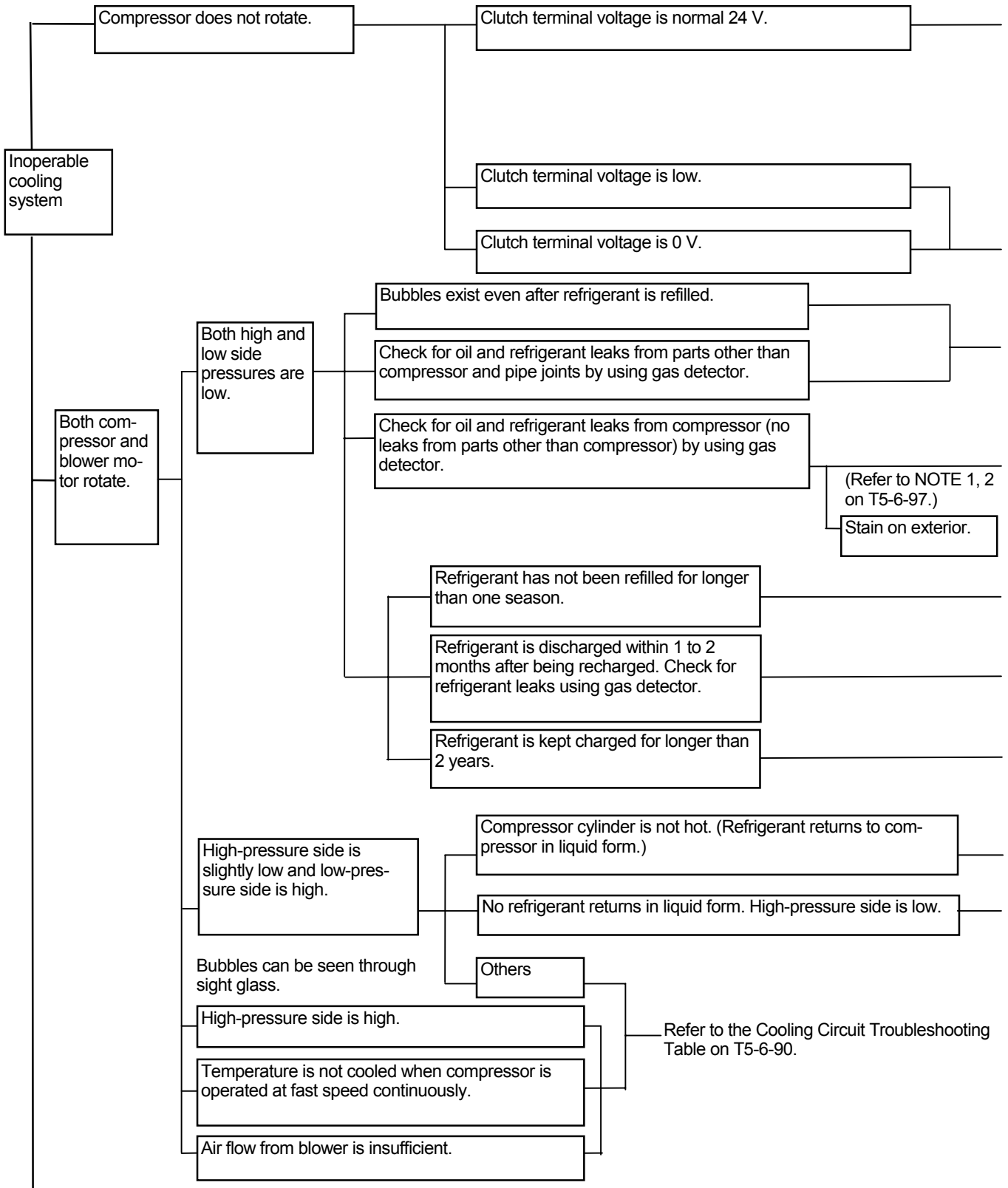
Replace.

Clean.

Clean evaporator. When humidity is high, open door. While rotating fan at approx.  $1500 \text{ min}^{-1}$  in L mode for more than 10 minutes, flush smell out by condensed water.

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

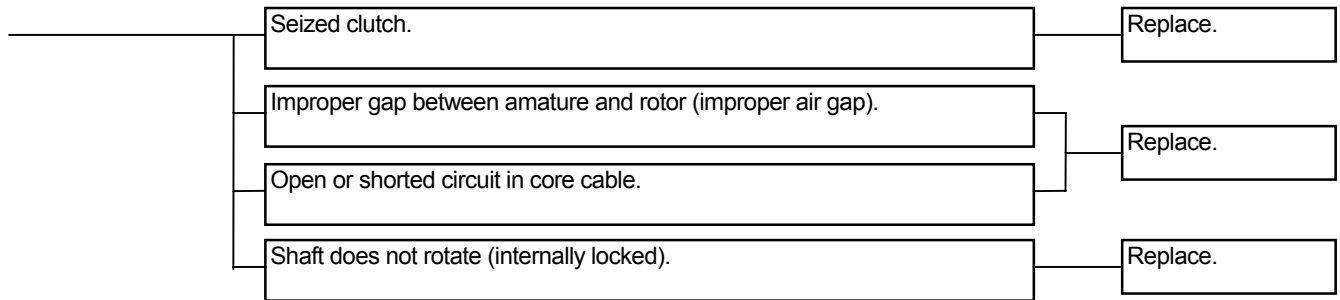
## Compressor





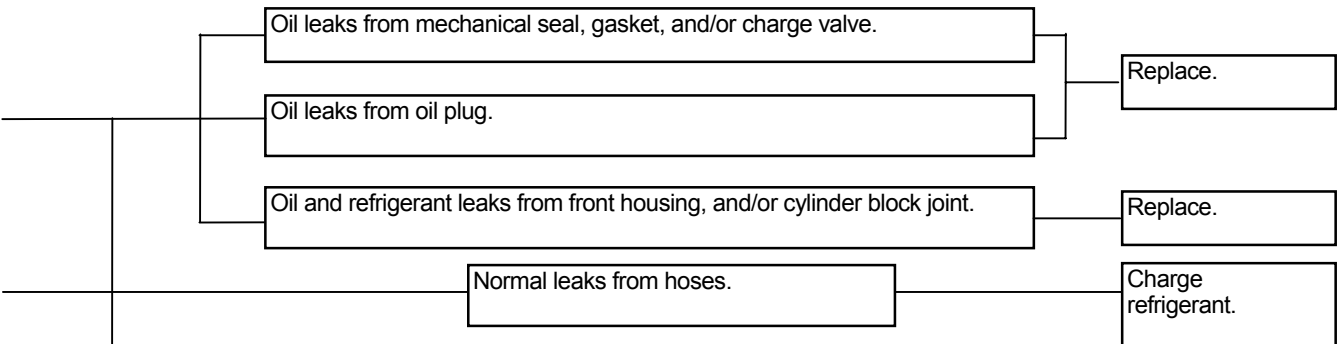
## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

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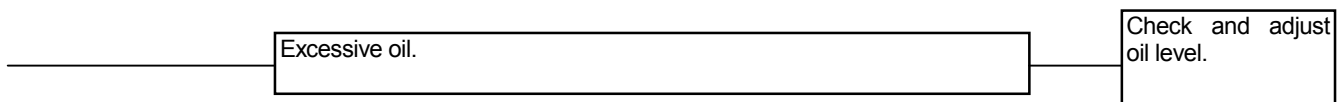
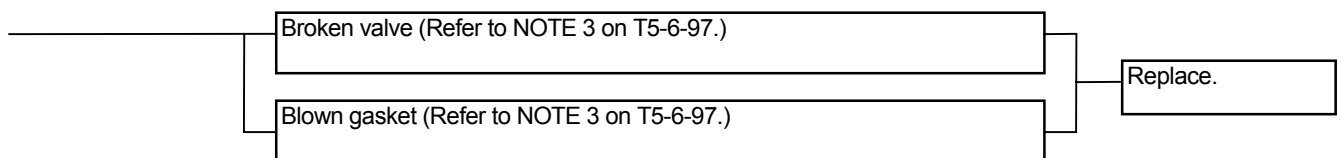
Faulty Electrical System.

Faulty Electrical System.



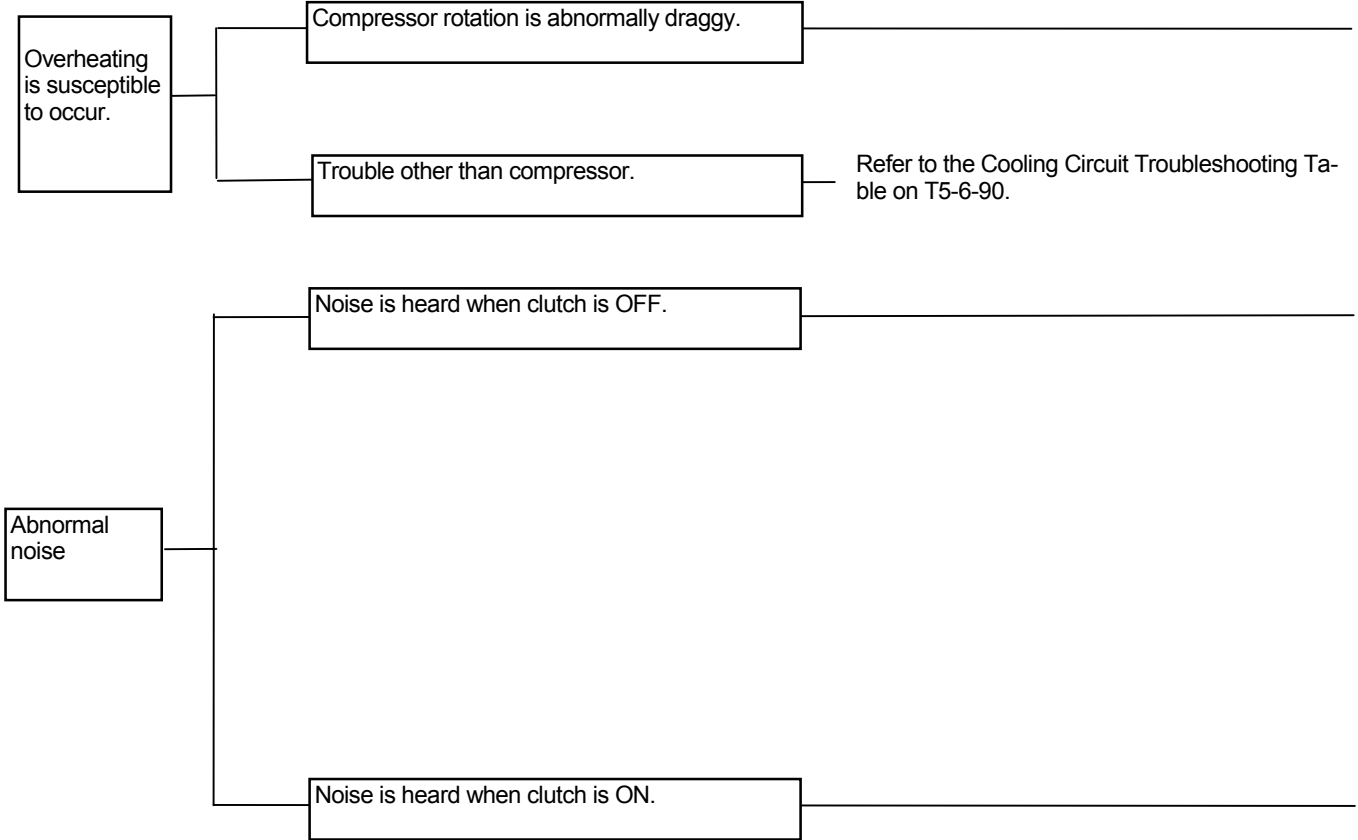
No leaks (normal).

Refer to the Cooling Circuit Troubleshooting Table on T5-6-90.

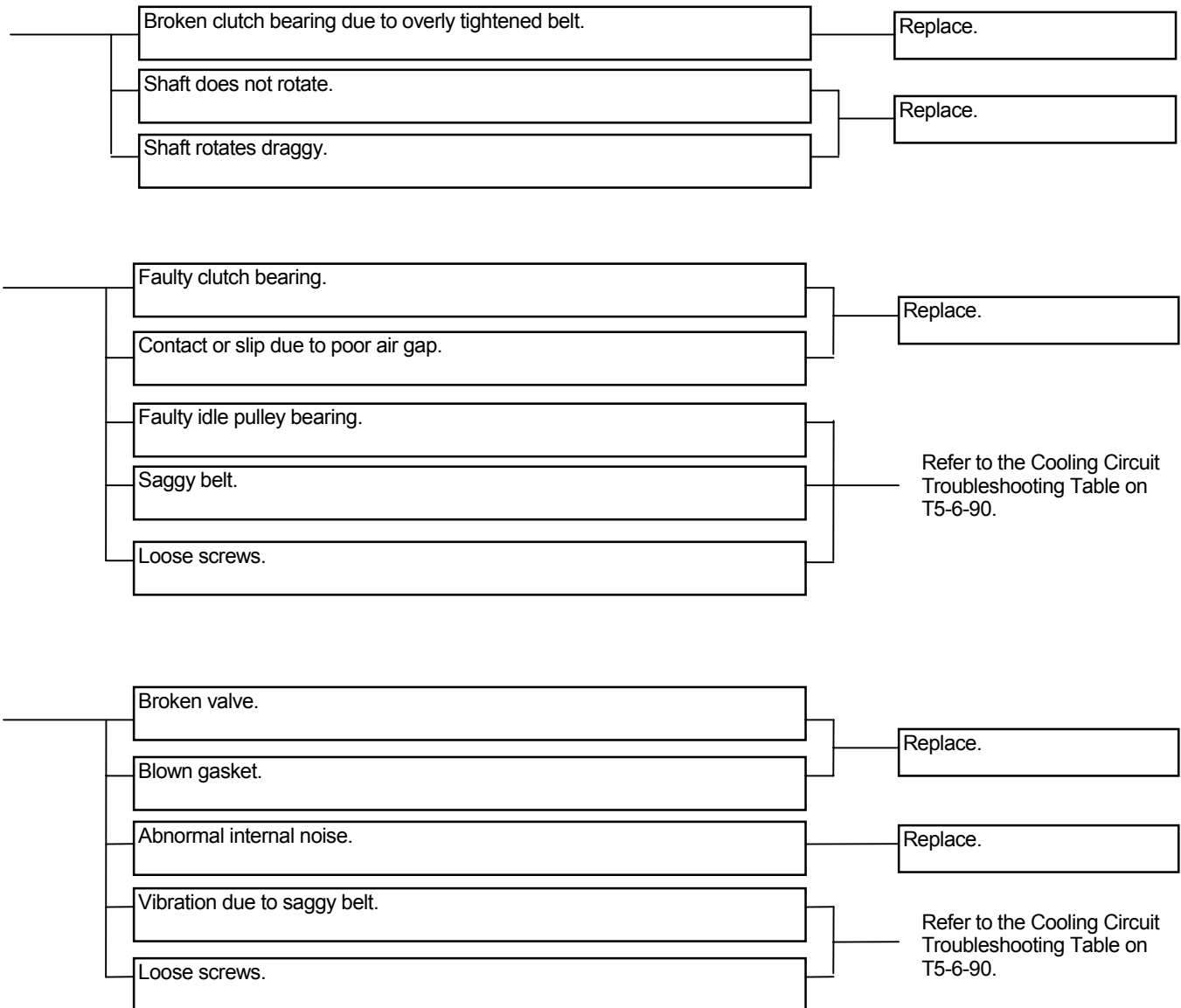


# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

## Compressor



## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B



 **NOTE:**

1. Do not quickly decide that oil is leaking when a stain around the clutch and/or gasket is found. A slight oil seepage will appear due to the seal construction. However, this oil seepage will not cause malfunction. Accurately check whether oil is leaking or seeping only.
2. When gas detector is used in the high sensitivity range, normal gas leaks from rubber hose surface may be detected. As long as the specified rubber hoses are used, the problem should not occur. (In case a large leak is detected, the hose may be broken.)
3. After allowing the compressor to idle for 10 to 15 minutes, normal pressure difference between high-pressure side and low-pressure side is 0.5 MPa (5 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>) or less. When the clutch is turned OFF, the pressure difference between high-pressure side and low-pressure side will disappear within about 10 seconds.

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

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### WORK AFTER REPLACING COMPONENTS

The following work is required after replacing compressor, high-pressure hose, low-pressure hose, condenser, receiver tank, liquid hose and air conditioner unit.

The same work is required when gas leakage is found.

1. Add compressor oil  
Oil amount: 160 cm<sup>3</sup> (0.17 qt)
2. Charge air conditioner with refrigerant
  - Purging
  - Charge air conditioner with refrigerant
  - Warm-up operation
  - Inspection

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

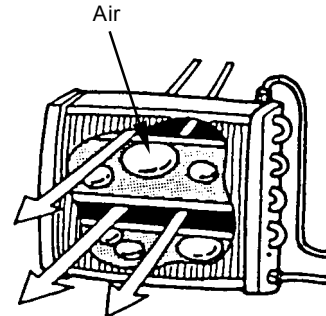
## CHARGE AIR CONDITIONER WITH REFRIGERANT

### Necessity of Purging

Make sure to purge the air conditioner circuit with a vacuum before charging with refrigerant (R134a) because the following problems can arise if air or other gases remain in the A/C circuit.

#### 1. Pressure rise in the high pressure side:

If air remains in the air conditioner circuit, this disturbs the heat exchange between refrigerant and air in the condenser, causing pressure to rise in the high pressure side (compressor side). Usually, refrigerant gas is easily liquefied, however, air cannot be liquefied and remains as a gas in the condenser because the temperature at which air liquefies is extremely low. That is, liquidation of the refrigerant gas in the condenser decreases by the amount of air in the circuit, and the gas pressure in the high pressure side increases accordingly.



Pressure increases if air remains in the air conditioner circuit.

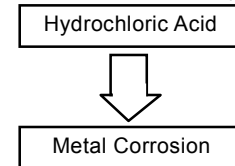
W115-02-10-001

#### 2. Metal corrosion:

If air remains in the air conditioner circuit, a chemical reaction between refrigerant and moisture in the air takes place, and as a result, hydrochloric acid, that corrodes metals such as aluminum, copper and iron, is produced.



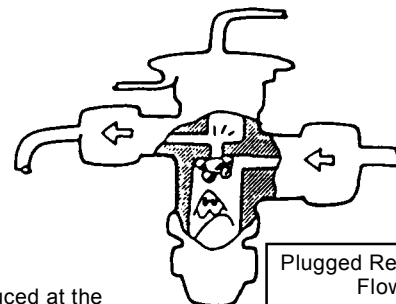
Hydrochloric acid corrodes metals if moisture exists.



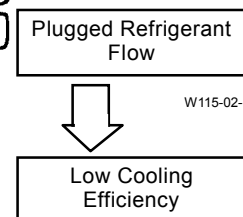
W115-02-10-002

#### 3. Plugging of the expansion valve by moisture:

When high pressure refrigerant gas passes through the expansion valve, gas pressure decreases and temperature drops. Moisture included in high pressure refrigerant gas in the air conditioner circuit freezes at the expansion valve orifice, plugging refrigerant flow. Operation of the air conditioner becomes unstable and cooling efficiency lowers.



Ice produced at the expansion valve disturbs refrigerant flow, lowering cooling efficiency.




W115-02-10-003

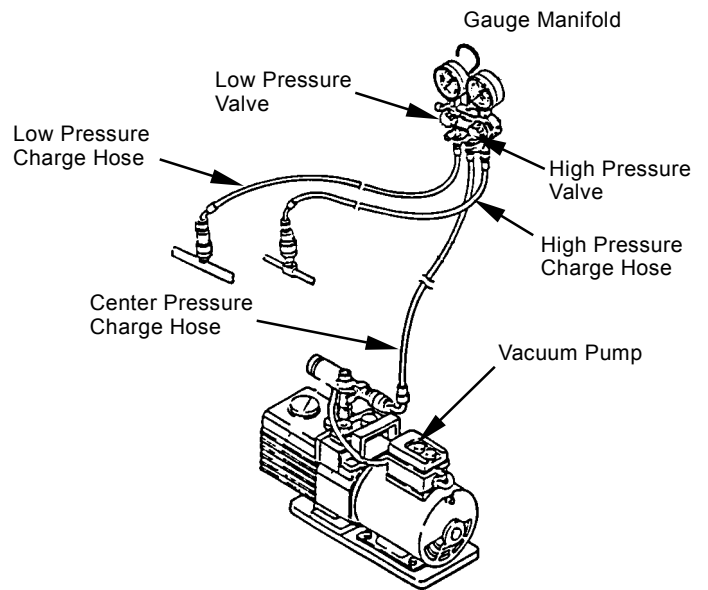
## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

### Purging Procedure

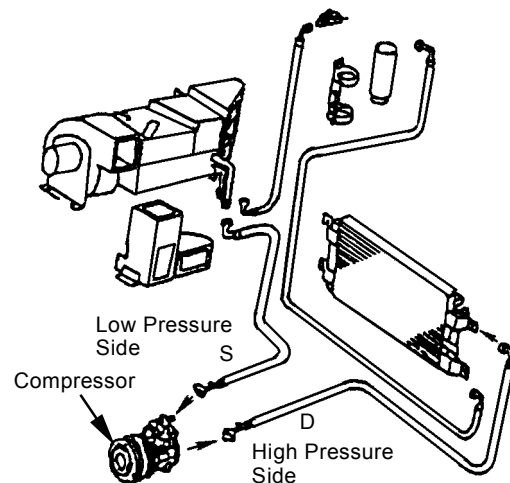
**IMPORTANT: Never mistake the charge hose connections.**

1. Close the high and low pressure valves on the gauge manifold (Parts Number 4360564). Connect the high-pressure-side charge hose and the low-pressure-side charge hoses to the high-pressure-side charge valve ("D" marked) and to the low-pressure-side charge valve ("S" marked) located on the compressor, respectively. Connect the charge hose located on the center of the manifold bottom to the vacuum pump (Parts Number 4360565).

 **NOTE:** Vacuum Pump Joint Adapter (Parts Number 4360566).

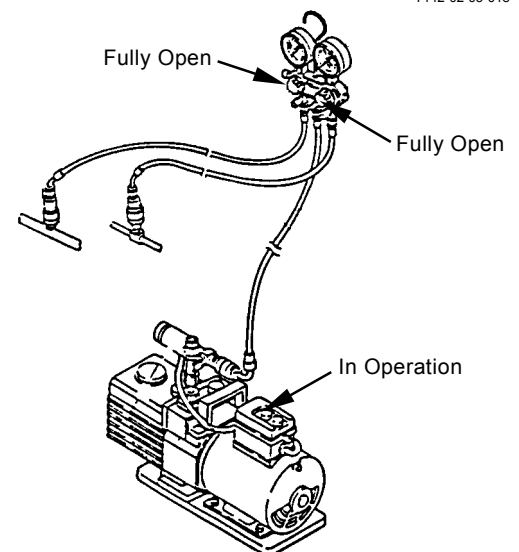


W115-02-10-005



T142-02-05-018

2. Fully open the high pressure and low pressure valves in the gauge manifold. Perform purging for 10 minutes or more by operating the vacuum pump.

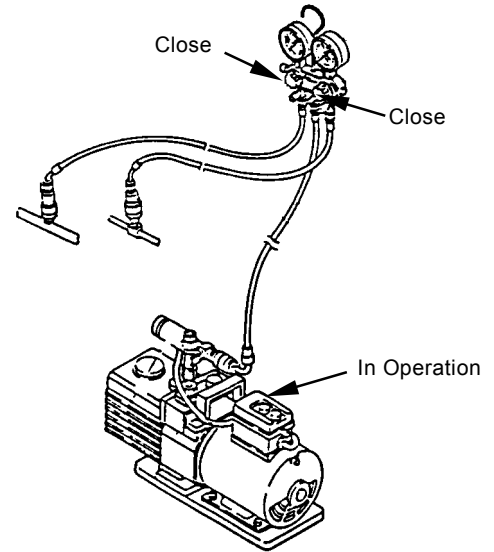


W115-02-10-005

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

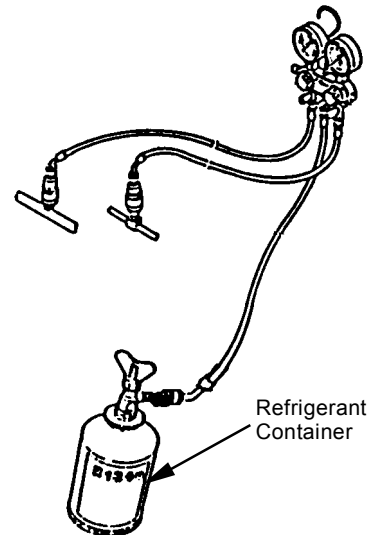
**IMPORTANT:** If the pointer returns to 0, retighten the line connections and perform purging again.

- When the low pressure gauge reading falls below -100 kPa (-755 mmHg), stop the vacuum pump and close the high and low pressure valves. Wait for approximately five minutes and confirm that the pointer does not return to 0.



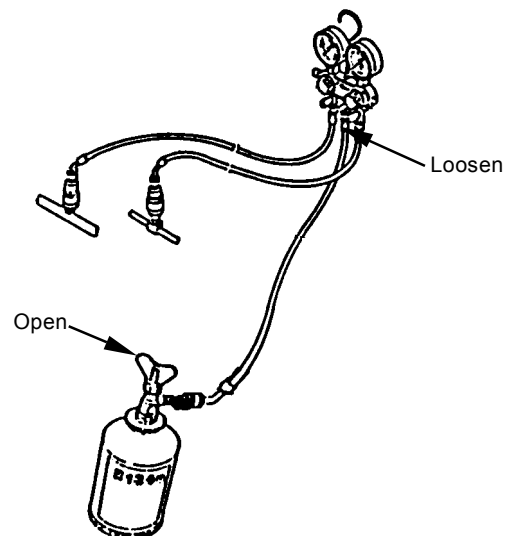
W115-02-10-005

- With the high pressure and low pressure valves of the gauge manifold closed, connect the charge hose to the refrigerant container (Parts Number 4347644).



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- Loosen the charge hose connection to the gauge manifold and open the refrigerant container valve to purge air in the charge hose with the refrigerant pressure.




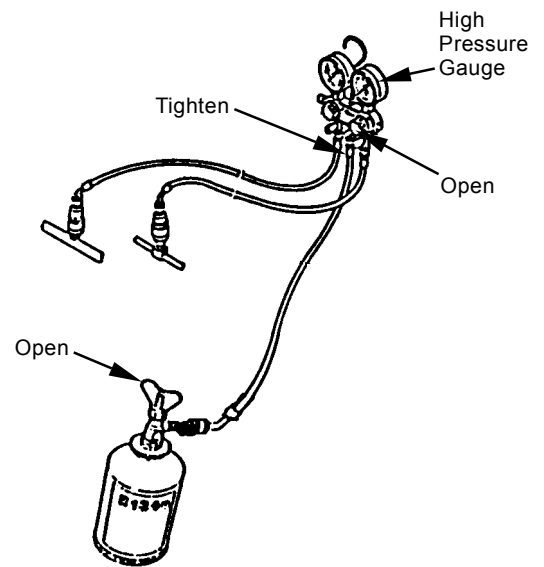
W115-02-10-007

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

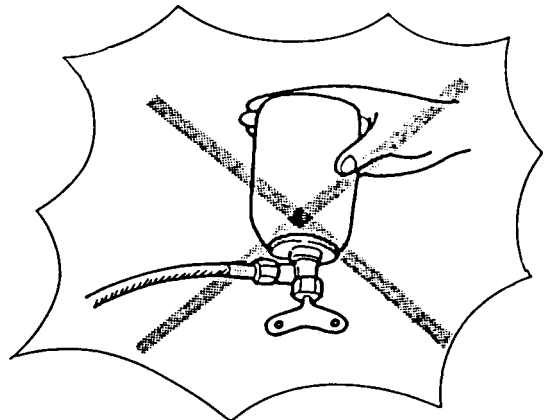
**IMPORTANT:** Always stop the engine when charging the air conditioner with refrigerant. Do not position the refrigerant container upside down during charging operation. When changing the refrigerant container during charging operation, purge air from the charge hose, as shown in step 10. Charge the low pressure side hose first.

6. Fully tighten the charge hose connection to the gauge manifold. Open the high pressure valve and refrigerant container valve to charge with refrigerant (R134a). Close the high pressure valve and refrigerant container valve when the high pressure gauge reading reaches 98 kPa (1 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>, 14 psi).

 **NOTE:** Use warm water of 40 °C (104 °F) or less to warm the refrigerant container to aid in charging operation.



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**IMPORTANT:** Use the leak tester for R134a.

7. After charging, check the line connections for gas leaks by using leak tester (Parts Number 4360567).



## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B


- Confirm that the high pressure and low pressure valves in the gauge manifold and the refrigerant container valve are closed.  
Start the engine and operate the air conditioner.

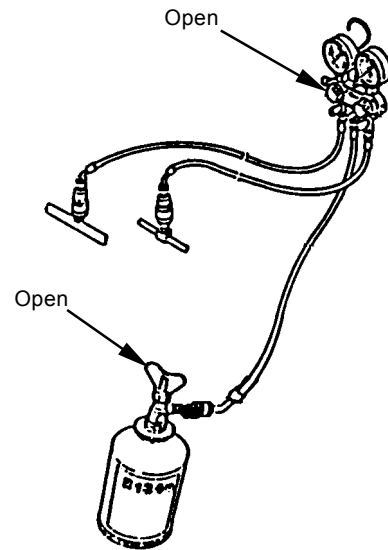
Operating Conditions of the Air Conditioner:

Engine Speed : Slow Idle  
Cab Window : Fully Open  
Cooler Switch : ON  
Airflow Volume : Maximum  
Thermo Switch : Maximum

**IMPORTANT: Do not open the high pressure valve in the gauge manifold.**

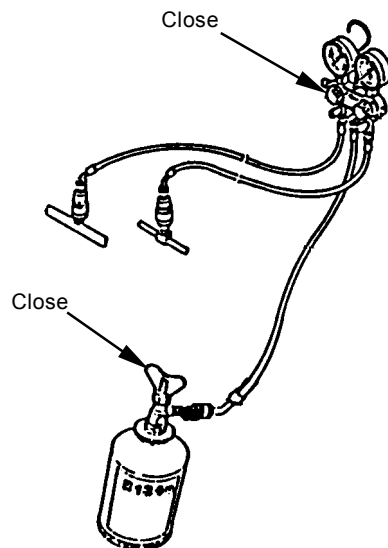
- Open the low pressure valve in the gauge manifold and the refrigerant container valve to charge with refrigerant until the bubbles seen in the receiver tank sight glass disappear.

 **NOTE:** The required refrigerant quantity is 1050 g (2.31 lb).



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- If the refrigerant container becomes empty during the charging work, replace it with a new refrigerant container as follows:
  - Close the high pressure and low pressure valves on the manifold gauge.
  - Replace the empty container with a new one.
  - Tighten, then slightly loosen the refrigerant container joint.
  - Slightly open the low pressure valve on the manifold gauge.
  - When the refrigerant container joint starts to leak, immediately tighten the refrigerant container joint and close the low pressure valve on the manifold gauge.
- After charging, close the low pressure valve in the gauge manifold and the refrigerant container valve.  
Stop the engine.



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## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

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**IMPORTANT:** If the air conditioner is operated with very low refrigerant, a bad load will be exerted on the compressor. If the air conditioner is overcharged with refrigerant, cooling efficiency will lower and abnormal high pressure will arise in the air conditioner circuit, causing danger.

12. Start the engine and operate the air-conditioner again.

Observe the sight glass of the receiver tank and check refrigerant quantity.

Operating Conditions of the Air Conditioner:


Engine Speed : Slow Idle

Cab Window : Fully Open

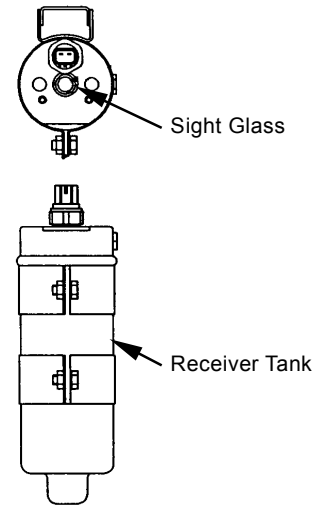
Cooler Switch : ON

Airflow Volume : Maximum

Thermo Switch : Maximum

 **NOTE:** As the bubbles in the sight glass vary depending on the ambient temperature, check refrigerant quantity confirming the changes in pressure .










*Checking procedures: Stop the air conditioner and wait until refrigerant returns to the balanced pressure. Then, start the air conditioner again.*



W115-02-10-009

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

Relation between Refrigerant Quantity and Refrigerant Flow in Sight Glass:

Refrigerant Quantity	Refrigerant Flow in Sight Glass (approx. 1 min. after air conditioner switch is turned ON)	Explanation for Refrigerant Flow in Sight Glass
Adequate	(immediately after)  →  → (approx. 1 min after)  <small>W115-02-10-016</small>	Immediately after the air conditioner is turned ON, few bubbles are seen. Then the flow becomes transparent and shows thin milk white color.
Overcharged	 →  →  <small>W115-02-10-017</small>	No bubbles are seen after the air conditioner is turned ON.
Not Enough	 →  →  <small>W115-02-10-018</small>	Bubbles are seen continuously after the air conditioner is turned ON.



W115-02-10-019

**Bubbles exist:** Bubbles are seen in refrigerant flow as both liquid refrigerant and refrigerant gas exist, being mixed.



W115-02-10-020

**Transparent:** Refrigerant flow is transparent as only liquid refrigerant exists.



115-02-10-021

**Milk white:** Refrigerant flow shows thin milk white as oil and refrigerant are separated.



**CAUTION:** Wait until the high-pressure-side pressure drops to less than 980 kPa (10 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>, 142 psi) before attempting to disconnect the high-pressure-side charge hose. Otherwise, refrigerant and compressor oil may spout.

13. After checking refrigerant quantity, disconnect the low-pressure-side charge hose first. Wait for the high-pressure-side pressure to drop to less than 980 kPa (10 kgf/cm<sup>2</sup>, 142 psi). Disconnect the high-pressure-side charge hose.

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

### Warm-Up Operation

After charging the air conditioner, carry out warm-up operation five minute to lubricate system with compressor oil.

Operating Conditions of the Air Conditioner:

Engine Speed : Slow Idle

Cab Window : Fully Open

Cooler Switch : ON

Airflow Volume : Maximum

Thermo Switch : Maximum

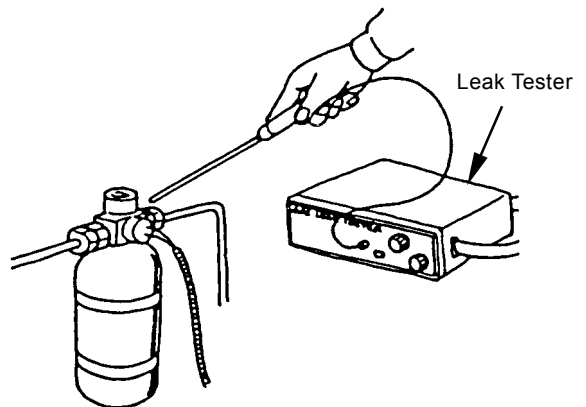
### Inspection

After warm-up operation, carry out gas leak check and performance check.

**⚠ CAUTION: Refrigerant will produce poisonous material if exposed to heat of 1000 °C (1800 °F) or more. Never bring refrigerant close to a fire.**

1. Check the air conditioner for gas leaks by using a leak tester.

- (1) Perform checking under well-ventilated conditions.
- (2) Thoroughly wipe off dust from the charge hose connections of the compressor.
- (3) Pay special attention to check the line connections.
- (4) If any gas leaks are found, retighten the line connections.

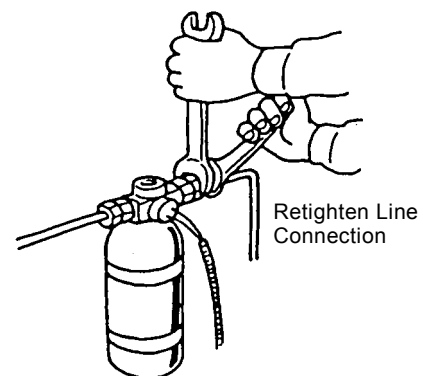


W115-02-10-013

2. Performance Check

Carry out performance check of the air conditioner after checking each air conditioner component.

- (1) Check each component for abnormalities.
- (2) Carry out ON-OFF check of the compressor clutch.
- (3) Check compressor fan belt tension.
- (4) Check coolant level in the radiator.
- (5) Operate the air conditioner and check the performance.



W115-02-10-014

## **TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B**

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3. The checklist before the summer season is as follows:

- (1) Check each air conditioner component for abnormalities.
- (2) Check the line connections for oil leaks.
- (3) Check refrigerant quantity.
- (4) Check the engine cooling circuit.
- (5) Check V-belts for wear. Replace if necessary.

4. Off-Season Maintenance

- (1) During off-season, operate the idler pulley and compressor at least once a month for a short time in order to check for any abnormal sounds.
- (2) Do not remove the compressor belts during off-season. Operate the compressor occasionally at slow speed for 5 to 10 minutes with the belt slightly loosened in order to lubricate the machine parts.

## **TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B**

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## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

### EXCHANGE INSPECTION

Exchange inspection method is a troubleshooting method to find the trouble location by exchanging the suspected part / component with another part /component having identical characteristics.

Many sensors and solenoid valves used on this machine are identical. Therefore, by using this switch-check method, faulty part /component, and/or harness can be easily found.

Example: Abnormal pump delivery pressure sensor high voltage (MC fault code: 11204-3)

Check Method:

1. Stop the engine. Release remained pressure in the hydraulic oil tank. (Purge the hydraulic oil tank if possible.)
2. Replace two pressure sensors as illustrated.

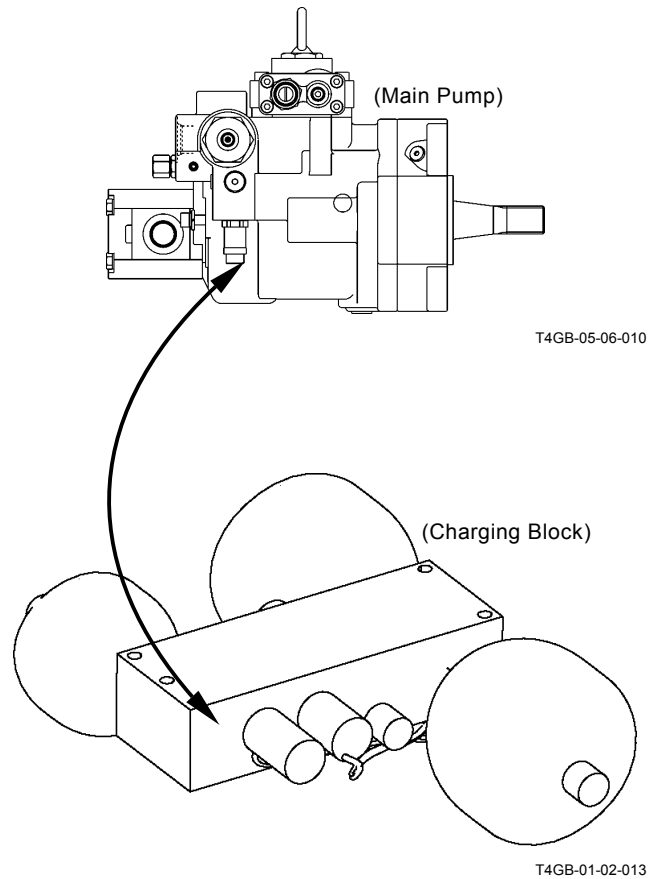
**CAUTION:** If the sensors are removed, hydraulic oil may gush out. Take a good care and use the oil pan.

3. Start the engine. Retry troubleshooting.

Result:

In case abnormal parking brake pressure sensor high voltage is displayed (MC fault code 11313-3), the pressure sensor is considered to be faulty.

In case abnormal pump delivery pressure sensor high voltage is displayed (MC fault code 11204-3), the pump delivery pressure sensor harness is considered to be faulty.



## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

### Applicability of Switch-Check Method


Fault Code	Trouble	Applicability
11204-3	Abnormal Pump Delivery Pressure Sensor High Voltage	Applicable (Sensor only)
11204-4	Abnormal Pump Delivery Pressure Sensor Low Voltage	Applicable (Sensor only)
13312-3	Service Brake Pressure Sensor High Voltage	Applicable (Sensor only)
13312-4	Service Brake Pressure Sensor Low Voltage	Applicable (Sensor only)
11313-3	Abnormal Parking Brake Pressure Sensor High Voltage	Applicable (Sensor only)
11313-4	Abnormal Parking Brake Pressure Sensor Low Voltage	Applicable (Sensor only)
11414-2	Abnormal Operation of Transmission Clutch 1st speed Proportional Solenoid Valve Feedback	Applicable (Sensor only)
11414-3	High Current of Transmission Clutch 1st speed Proportional Solenoid Valve Feedback	Applicable (Sensor only)
11414-4	Low Current of Transmission Clutch 1st speed Proportional Solenoid Valve Feedback	Applicable (Sensor only)
11415-2	Abnormal Operation of Transmission Clutch 2nd speed Proportional Solenoid Valve Feedback	Applicable (Sensor only)
11415-3	High Current of Transmission Clutch 2nd speed Proportional Solenoid Valve Feedback	Applicable (Sensor only)
11415-4	Low Current of Transmission Clutch 2nd speed Proportional Solenoid Valve Feedback	Applicable (Sensor only)
11416-2	Abnormal Operation of Transmission Clutch 3rd speed Proportional Solenoid Valve Feedback	Applicable (Sensor only)
11416-3	High Current of Transmission Clutch 3rd speed Proportional Solenoid Valve Feedback	Applicable (Sensor only)
11416-4	Low Current of Transmission Clutch 3rd speed Proportional Solenoid Valve Feedback	Applicable (Sensor only)
11417-2	Abnormal Operation of Transmission Clutch 4th speed Proportional Solenoid Valve Feedback	Applicable (Sensor only)
11417-3	High Current of Transmission Clutch 4th speed Proportional Solenoid Valve Feedback	Applicable (Sensor only)
11417-4	Low Current of Transmission Clutch 4th speed Proportional Solenoid Valve Feedback	Applicable (Sensor only)
11418-2	Abnormal Operation of Transmission Clutch Forward Proportional Solenoid Valve Feedback	Applicable (Sensor only)
11418-3	High Current of Transmission Clutch Forward Proportional Solenoid Valve Feedback	Applicable (Sensor only)
11418-4	Low Current of Transmission Clutch Forward Proportional Solenoid Valve Feedback	Applicable (Sensor only)
11419-2	Abnormal Operation of Transmission Clutch Reverse Proportional Solenoid Valve Feedback	Applicable (Sensor only)
11419-3	High Current of Transmission Clutch Reverse Proportional Solenoid Valve Feedback	Applicable (Sensor only)
11419-4	Low Current of Transmission Clutch Reverse Proportional Solenoid Valve Feedback	Applicable (Sensor only)




## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

### BLEEDING AIR FROM BRAKE (AXLE)

**IMPORTANT:** If air is contained in the brake, brake efficiency is low so that the serious accident may occur. When the brake pipe is installed/ removed or hydraulic oil is replaced, bleed air from in the brake. Until hydraulic oil (0.5 L) comes out from each wheel (4 places) after bubbles stops, continue to bleed air.

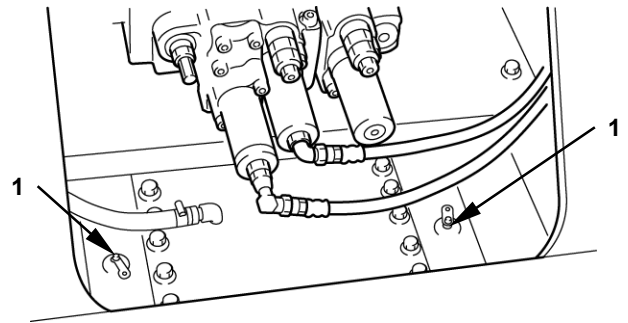
 **NOTE:** Two or more workers should do this work at each wheel (4 places). Air bleed plug (1) is located near the center of front/ rear axle upper.

1. Turn the parking brake switch in front console to P. Start the engine. Increase service brake oil pressure.
2. Attach clear vinyl tube (2) onto end of air bleed plug (1). Insert other of clear vinyl tube (2) into clear container (3) filled with hydraulic oil.
3. Depress brake pedal (4) several times. Then, depress and hold brake pedal (4) to the stroke end.
4. Loosen air bleed plug (1) under condition in step 3 and drain hydraulic oil and air for several seconds.
5. Tighten air bleed plug (1).
6. Drain hydraulic oil after bubbles stops in steps 3 to 5 repeatedly.

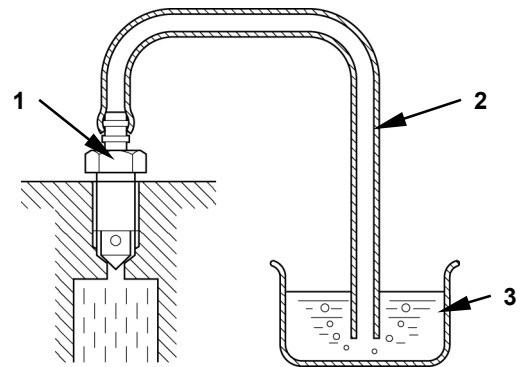
 **NOTE:** When hydraulic oil (0.5 L) comes out, air may be remained. In this case, repeat steps 3 to 5.

7. Release any pressure at other 3 places in the same procedures as steps 3 to 5.

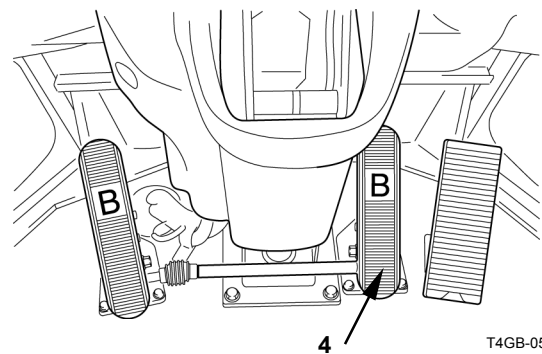
**IMPORTANT:** After air bleeding work is completed at 4 places, release any pressure at 4 places again. Bleed air in the same way as steps 3 to 5 twice and check if no air is remained inside.



T4GB-05-04-004



T4GB-05-04-005



T4GB-05-04-006

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

### ONE PART OF DATA, “DAILY REPORT DATA”, “DISTRIBUTION DATA”, “TOTAL OPERATING HOURS” AND “ALARM” IS NOT RECORDED

- The required signal for data may not be sent to ICF. As each signal is used for some data, check the corresponding signal system according to the table below.

#### Daily Report Data

	Data	Input Signal
1	Date	Date of daily report data (Year/ Month/ Day)
2	Fuel level	Fuel level when the engine stops at last in one day
3	Fuel used amount	Fuel used amount in one day
4	Machine hour meter	Total hours of hour meter
5	Engine operating hours	Engine operating hours in one day
6	Travel operating distance	Traveling distance in one day
7	Manual gear shifting operating hours	Manual gear shifting operating hours in one day
8	Automatic gear shifting operating hours	Automatic gear shifting operating hours in one day
9	L mode operating hours	L mode in work mode selector switch operating hours in one day
10	N mode operating hours	N mode in work mode selector switch operating hours in one day
11	P mode operating hours	P mode in work mode selector switch operating hours in one day
12	Radiator coolant temperature	Highest radiator coolant temperature in one day
13	Hydraulic oil temperature	Highest hydraulic oil temperature in one day
14	Temperature	Highest temperature in one day
15	Fuel temperature	Highest fuel temperature in one day
16	Torque converter oil temperature	Highest torque converter oil temperature in one day
17	Engine operating hours distribution	Engine operating hours distribution in one day (Data is recorded only when alternator output signal is received for 10 minutes or longer.)

**IMPORTANT:** If the trouble occurs between each controller and sensor, the data corresponding to this trouble is not recorded in ICF.

Although the machine is normal (The fault code is not displayed as for all controllers, the monitor display and the machine operation are normal) and the required data is not

recorded in ICF, execute this inspection.

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

Generated/Detected Data Position	Controller sending data on CAN	Inspected Position
Internal clock circuit in MC	ICF	-
Fuel level sensor	Monitor unit	Communication line between monitor unit and ICF (CAN line)
Circuit calculating fuel used amount in ECM	ECM	Communication line between ECM and ICF (CAN line)
Hour meter circuit in monitor unit	Monitor unit	Communication line between monitor unit and ICF (CAN line)
Alternator	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Alternator</li> <li>• ECM</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Wiring between alternator and ICF</li> <li>• Communication line between ECM and ICF (CAN line)</li> </ul>
Vehicle speed sensor	MC	Communication line between MC and ICF (CAN line)
M mode in travel mode selector switch	MC	Communication line between MC and ICF (CAN line)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• L mode in travel mode selector switch</li> <li>• N mode in travel mode selector switch</li> <li>• H mode in travel mode selector switch</li> </ul>	MC	Communication line between MC and ICF (CAN line)
L mode in work mode selector switch	MC	Communication line between MC and ICF (CAN line)
N mode in work mode selector switch	MC	Communication line between MC and ICF (CAN line)
P mode in work mode selector switch	MC	Communication line between MC and ICF (CAN line)
Coolant temperature sensor	Monitor unit	Communication line between monitor unit and ICF (CAN line)
Hydraulic oil temperature sensor	MC	Communication line between MC and ICF (CAN line)
Intake-air temperature sensor	ECM	Communication line between ECM and ICF (CAN line)
Fuel temperature sensor	ECM	Communication line between ECM and ICF (CAN line)
Torque converter oil temperature sensor	Monitor unit	Communication line between monitor unit and ICF (CAN line)
Alternator	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Alternator</li> <li>• ECM</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Wiring between alternator and ICF</li> <li>• Communication line between ECM and ICF (CAN line)</li> </ul>

As for inspection method of the CAN line, refer to TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A.

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

### Daily Report Data

	Data	Input Signal
1	Date	Replace ICF
2	Fuel level	Check terminals #C5, #C11 of connector ICF-C in ICF, terminals #33, #34 of connector monitor-2 in monitor unit
3	Fuel used amount	Check terminals #C5, #C11 of connector ICF-C in ICF, terminals #46, #47 of connector in ECM
4	Machine hour meter	Check terminals #C5, #C11 of connector ICF-C in ICF, terminals #33, #34 of connector monitor-2 in monitor unit
5	Engine operating hours	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check terminal #8 of connector ICF-C in ICF, terminal L in alternator</li> <li>• Check terminals #C5, #C11 of connector ICF-C in ICF, terminals #46, #47 of connector in ECM</li> </ul>
6	Travel operating distance	Check terminals #C5, #C11 of connector ICF-C in ICF, terminals #4, #15 of connector MC-C in MC
7	Manual gear shifting operating hours	Check terminals #C5, #C11 of connector ICF-C in ICF, terminals #4, #15 of connector MC-C in MC
8	Automatic gear shifting operating hours	Check terminals #C5, #C11 of connector ICF-C in ICF, terminals #4, #15 of connector MC-C in MC
9	L mode operating hours	Check terminals #C5, #C11 of connector ICF-C in ICF, terminals #4, #15 of connector MC-C in MC
10	N mode operating hours	Check terminals #C5, #C11 of connector ICF-C in ICF, terminals #4, #15 of connector MC-C in MC
11	P mode operating hours	Check terminals #C5, #C11 of connector ICF-C in ICF, terminals #4, #15 of connector MC-C in MC
12	Radiator coolant temperature	Check terminals #C5, #C11 of connector ICF-C in ICF, terminals #33, #34 of connector monitor-2 in monitor unit
13	Hydraulic oil temperature	Check terminals #C5, #C11 of connector ICF-C in ICF, terminals #4, #15 of connector MC-C in MC
14	Intake-air temperature	Check terminals #C5, #C11 of connector ICF-C in ICF, terminals #46, #47 of connector in ECM
15	Fuel temperature	Check terminals #C5, #C11 of connector ICF-C in ICF, terminals #46, #47 of connector in ECM
16	Torque converter oil temperature	Check terminals #C5, #C11 of connector ICF-C in ICF, terminals #33, #34 of connector monitor-2 in monitor unit
17	Engine operating hours distribution	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check terminal #8 of connector ICF-C in ICF, terminal L in alternator</li> <li>• Check terminals #C5, #C11 of connector ICF-C in ICF, terminals #46, #47 of connector in ECM</li> </ul>

As for inspection method of the CAN line, refer to TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A.

## **TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B**

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## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

### Frequency Distribution Data

	Data	Description
1	Output Shaft Speed Distribution	Frequency distribution of output shaft speed
2	Pump Load Distribution	Frequency distribution of main pump delivery pressure
3	Axle Oil Temperature Distribution	Frequency distribution of axle oil temperature
4	Travel Load Distribution	Frequency distribution of travel torque
5	Radiator Coolant Temperature Distribution	Frequency distribution of coolant temperature
6	Hydraulic Oil Temperature Distribution	Frequency distribution of hydraulic oil temperature
7	Radiator Coolant Temperature - Outside Temperature Distribution	Frequency distribution on temperature in which fresh air temperature is pulled from coolant temperature
8	Engine Speed Distribution	Frequency distribution of engine speed
9	Brake Pressure Distribution	Frequency distribution of secondary brake pressure
10	Torque Converter Oil Temperature Distribution	Frequency distribution of torque converter oil temperature
11	Torque Converter Speed Ratio Distribution	Frequency distribution of ratio of torque converter speed
12	Manual Transmission Speed Distribution	Frequency distribution of speed in manual transmission
13	Automatic Transmission Speed Distribution	Frequency distribution of speed in automatic transmission
14	Outside Temperature/Engine Torque Distribution	Frequency distribution of fresh air temperature and engine torque
15	Radiator Coolant Temperature/Torque Converter Oil Temperature Distribution	Frequency distribution of coolant temperature and torque converter oil temperature
16	Brake Pressure/Output Shaft Speed Distribution	Frequency distribution of brake pressure and output shaft speed
17	Travel Load/Output Shaft Speed Distribution	Frequency distribution of travel torque and output shaft speed

**IMPORTANT:** Even there is a fault between each controller and the sensor, no data regarding such fault are recorded in ICF.  
When no alarm code is output at the controller, monitor indication is proper, and body performance is

normal, the body is deemed normal. If necessary data are not recorded in ICF with the body in a normal condition, conduct the following inspection.

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

Generated/Detected Data Position	Controller sending data on CAN	Inspected Position
Output shaft sensor in torque converter	MC	Communication line between MC and ICF (CAN line)
Pump delivery pressure sensor	MC	Communication line between MC and ICF (CAN line)
Axle oil temperature sensor	MC	Communication line between MC and ICF (CAN line)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Torque converter input shaft sensor</li> <li>• Torque converter output shaft sensor</li> </ul>	MC	Communication line between MC and ICF (CAN line)
Coolant temperature sensor	Monitor unit	Communication line between monitor unit and ICF (CAN line)
Hydraulic oil temperature sensor	MC	Communication line between MC and ICF (CAN line)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Coolant temperature sensor</li> <li>• Intake air temperature sensor</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Monitor unit</li> <li>• ECM</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Communication line between monitor unit and ICF (CAN line)</li> <li>• Communication line between ECM and ICF (CAN line)</li> </ul>
Engine speed sensor	ECM	Communication line between ECM and ICF (CAN line)
Service brake pressure sensor	MC	Communication line between MC and ICF (CAN line)
Torque converter oil temperature sensor	Monitor unit	Communication line between monitor unit and ICF (CAN line)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Torque converter input shaft sensor</li> <li>• Torque converter output shaft sensor</li> </ul>	MC	Communication line between MC and ICF (CAN line)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• M Mode in travel mode selector switch</li> <li>• Shift switch</li> </ul>	MC	Communication line between MC and ICF (CAN line)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• L mode in travel mode selector switch</li> <li>• N mode in travel mode selector switch</li> <li>• H mode in travel mode selector switch</li> <li>• Shift switch</li> </ul>	MC	Communication line between MC and ICF (CAN line)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Intake air temperature sensor</li> <li>• Engine torque curve control circuit in ECM</li> </ul>	ECM	Communication line between ECM and ICF (CAN line)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Coolant temperature sensor</li> <li>• Torque converter oil temperature sensor</li> </ul>	Monitor unit	Communication line between monitor unit and ICF (CAN line)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Service brake pressure sensor</li> <li>• Torque converter output shaft sensor</li> </ul>	MC	Communication line between mc and ICF (CAN line)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Torque converter input shaft sensor</li> <li>• Torque converter output shaft sensor</li> </ul>	MC	Communication line between MC and ICF (CAN line)

As for inspection method of the CAN line, refer to TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

### Frequency Distribution Data

	Data	Discription
1	Output Shaft Speed Distribution	Inspect #C5 and #C11 terminals of connector ICF-C in ICF and #4 and #15 terminals of connector MC-C in MC
2	Pump Load Distribution	Inspect #C5 and #C11 terminals of connector ICF-C in ICF and #4 and #15 terminals of connector MC-C in MC
3	Axle Oil Temperature Distribution	Inspect #C5 and #C11 terminals of connector ICF-C in ICF and #4 and #15 terminals of connector MC-C in MC
4	Travel Load Distribution	Inspect #C5 and #C11 terminals of connector ICF-C in ICF and #4 and #15 terminals of connector MC-C in MC
5	Radiator Coolant Temperature Distribution	Inspect #C5 and #C11 terminals of connector ICF-C in ICF and #33 and #34 terminals of monitor-2 connector in monitor unit
6	Hydraulic Oil Temperature Distribution	Inspect #C5 and #C11 terminals of connector ICF-C in ICF and #4 and #15 terminals of connector MC-C in MC
7	Radiator Coolant Temperature - Outside Temperature Distribution	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Inspect #C5 and #C11 terminals of connector ICF-C in ICF and #33 and #34 terminals of monitor-2 connector in monitor unit</li> <li>• Inspect #C5 and #C11 terminals of connector ICF-C in ICF and #46 and #47 terminals of connector in ECM</li> </ul>
8	Engine Speed Distribution	Inspect #C5 and #C11 terminals of connector ICF-C in ICF and #46 and #47 terminals of connector in ECM
9	Brake Pressure Distribution	Inspect #C5 and #C11 terminals of connector ICF-C in ICF and #33 and #34 terminals of monitor-2 connector in monitor unit.
10	Torque Converter Oil Temperature Distribution	Inspect #C5 and #C11 terminals of connector ICF-C in ICF and #33 and #34 terminals of monitor-2 connector in monitor unit
11	Torque Converter Speed Ratio Distribution	Inspect #C5 and #C11 terminals of connector ICF-C in ICF and #4 and #15 terminals of connector MC-C in MC
12	Manual Transmission Speed Distribution	Inspect #C5 and #C11 terminals of connector ICF-C in ICF and #4 and #15 terminals of connector MC-C in MC.
13	Automatic Transmission Speed Distribution	Inspect #C5 and #C11 terminals of connector ICF-C in ICF and #4 and #15 terminals of connector MC-C in MC
14	Outside Temperature/Engine Torque Distribution	Inspect #C5 and #C11 terminals of connector ICF-C in ICF and #46 and #47 terminals of connector in ECM
15	Radiator Coolant Temperature/Torque Converter Oil Temperature Distribution	Inspect #C5 and #C11 terminals of connector ICF-C in ICF and #33 and #34 terminals of monitor-2 connector in monitor unit
16	Brake Pressure/Output Shaft Speed Distribution	Inspect #C5 and #C11 terminals of connector ICF-C in ICF and #4 and #15 terminals of connector MC-C in MC
17	Travel Load/Output Shaft Speed Distribution	Inspect #C5 and #C11 terminals of connector ICF-C in ICF and #4 and #15 terminals of connector MC-C in MC

As for inspection method of the CAN line, refer to TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A.



## **TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B**

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## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

### Total Operating Hours Data

	Data	Description
1	Hour Meter (ICF)	Hour meter's value accumulated inside ICF
2	Hour Meter (Monitor Unit)	Hour meter's value accumulated in monitor unit
3	Engine Operating Hour	Total engine operating hours
4	Traveling Distance	Total traveling distance
5	Manual Transmission Operating Hours	Total manual transmission operating hours
6	Automatic Transmission Operating Hours	Total automatic transmission operating hours
7	L Mode Operating Hours	Total hours operating L mode of work mode selection switch
8	N Mode Operating Hours	Total hours operating N mode of work mode selection switch
9	P Mode Operating Hours	Total hours operating P mode of work mode selection switch
10	MC Abnormal Communication Hours	Total abnormal communication hours with MC during engine operating
11	Monitor Unit Abnormal Communication Hours	Total abnormal communication hours with monitor unit during engine operating
12	ECM Communication Time-Out Hours	Total abnormal communication hours with ECM during engine operating

**IMPORTANT:** If the trouble occurs between each controller and sensor, the data corresponding to this trouble is not recorded in ICF.

Although the machine is normal (The fault code is not displayed as for all controllers, the monitor display and the machine operation are normal) and the required data is not recorded in ICX, execute this inspection.

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

Generated/Detected Data Position	Controller sending data on CAN	Inspected Position
Hour meter circuit in ICF	ICF	-
Hour meter circuit in monitor unit	Monitor unit	Communication line between monitor unit and ICF (CAN line)
Alternator	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Alternator</li> <li>• ECM</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Wiring between alternator and ICF</li> <li>• Communication line between ECM and ICF (CAN line)</li> </ul>
Vehicle speed sensor	MC	Communication line between MC and ICF (CAN line)
M mode in travel mode selector switch	MC	Communication line between MC and ICF (CAN line)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• L mode in travel mode selector switch</li> <li>• N mode in travel mode selector switch</li> <li>• H mode in travel mode selector switch</li> </ul>	MC	Communication line between MC and ICF (CAN line)
L mode in work mode selector switch	MC	Communication line between MC and ICF (CAN line)
N mode in work mode selector switch	MC	Communication line between MC and ICF (CAN line)
P mode in work mode selector switch	MC	Communication line between MC and ICF (CAN line)
MC	IFC	Communication line between MC and ICF (CAN line)
Monitor unit	IFC	Communication line between monitor unit and ICF (CAN line)
ECM	IFC	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Communication line between ECM and ICF (CAN line)</li> </ul>

As for inspection method of the CAN line, refer to TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A.

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

### Total Operating Hours Data

	Data	Description
1	Hour Meter (ICF)	Replace ICF
2	Hour Meter (Monitor Unit)	Check terminals #C5, #C11 of connector ICF-C in ICF, terminals #33, #34 of connector monitor-2 in monitor unit
3	Engine Operating Hour	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Check terminal #8 of connector ICF-C in ICF, terminal L in alternator</li> <li>• Check terminals #C5, #C11 of connector ICF-C in ICF, terminals #46, #47 of connector in ECM</li> </ul>
4	Traveling Distance	Check terminals #C5, #C11 of connector ICF-C in ICF, terminals #4, #15 of connector MC-C in MC
5	Manual Transmission Operating Hours	Check terminals #C5, #C11 of connector ICF-C in ICF, terminals #4, #15 of connector MC-C in MC
6	Automatic Transmission Operating Hours	Check terminals #C5, #C11 of connector ICF-C in ICF, terminals #4, #15 of connector MC-C in MC
7	L Mode Operating Hours	Check terminals #C5, #C11 of connector ICF-C in ICF, terminals #4, #15 of connector MC-C in MC
8	N Mode Operating Hours	Check terminals #C5, #C11 of connector ICF-C in ICF, terminals #4, #15 of connector MC-C in MC
9	P Mode Operating Hours	Check terminals #C5, #C11 of connector ICF-C in ICF, terminals #4, #15 of connector MC-C in MC
10	MC Abnormal Communication Hours	Check terminals #C5, #C11 of connector ICF-C in ICF, terminals #4, #15 of connector MC-C in MC
11	Monitor Unit Abnormal Communication Hours	Check terminals #C5, #C11 of connector ICF-C in ICF, terminals #33, #34 of connector monitor-2 in monitor unit
12	ECM Communication Time-Out Hours	Check terminals #C5, #C11 of connector ICF-C in ICF, terminals #46, #47 of connector in ECM

As for inspection method of the CAN line, refer to TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A.

## **TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B**

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## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

### Alarm Data

	Data	Description
1	Overheat Alarm	Date when the overheat indicator lights
2	Engine Warning Alarm	Date when the engine warning indicator lights
3	Engine Oil Pressure Alarm	Date when the engine oil pressure indicator lights
4	Alternator Indicator Alarm	Date when the alternator indicator lights
5	Air Filter Restriction Alarm	Date when the air filter restriction indicator lights
6	Service Brake Oil Level Alarm	Date when the service brake oil level indicator lights
7	Service Brake Oil Pressure Alarm	Date when the service brake oil pressure indicator lights
8	Emergency Steering Operation Alarm	Date when the emergency steering operation indicator lights
9	Steering Oil Pressure Alarm	Date when the steering oil pressure indicator lights
10	Transmission Oil Temperature Alarm	Date when the transmission oil temperature indicator lights
11	Hydraulic Oil Temperature Alarm	Date when the hydraulic oil temperature indicator lights
12	Transmission Failure Alarm	Date when the transmission failure indicator lights
13	Axle Oil Temperature Alarm	Date when the axle oil temperature indicator lights
14	Transmission Alarm Overrun	Date when the overrun alarm buzzer sounds

**IMPORTANT:** If the trouble occurs between each controller and sensor, the data corresponding to this trouble is not recorded in ICF.

Although the machine is normal (The fault code is not displayed as for all controllers, the monitor display and the machine operation are normal) and the required data is not recorded in ICX, execute this inspection.

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

Generated/Detected Data Position	Controller sending data on CAN	Inspected Position
ECM	Monitor unit	Communication line between monitor unit and ICF (CAN line)
ECM	Monitor unit	Communication line between monitor unit and ICF (CAN line)
ECM	Monitor unit	Communication line between monitor unit and ICF (CAN line)
Alternator	Monitor unit	Communication line between monitor unit and ICF (CAN line)
Air filter restriction switch	Monitor unit	Communication line between monitor unit and ICF (CAN line)
Hydraulic oil level switch	Monitor unit	Communication line between monitor unit and ICF (CAN line)
Brake pressure sensor	Monitor unit	Communication line between monitor unit and ICF (CAN line)
Emergency steering sensor	Monitor unit	Communication line between monitor unit and ICF (CAN line)
Main pump delivery pressure sensor	Monitor unit	Communication line between monitor unit and ICF (CAN line)
Transmission oil temperature sensor	Monitor unit	Communication line between monitor unit and ICF (CAN line)
Hydraulic oil temperature sensor	Monitor unit	Communication line between monitor unit and ICF (CAN line)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Torque converter input speed sensor</li> <li>• Torque converter output speed sensor</li> <li>• Transmission middle shaft sensor</li> <li>• Vehicle speed sensor</li> <li>• FNR lever</li> <li>• FNR switch</li> <li>• Brake pressure sensor</li> </ul>	Monitor unit	Communication line between monitor unit and ICF (CAN line)
Axle oil temperature sensor	Monitor unit	Communication line between monitor unit and ICF (CAN line)
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Parking brake pressure sensor</li> <li>• Neutral relay</li> </ul>	Monitor unit	Communication line between monitor unit and ICF (CAN line)

As for inspection method of the CAN line, refer to TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A.

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting B

### Alarm Data

	Data	Description
1	Overheat Alarm	Inspect #C5 and #C11 terminals of connector ICF-C in ICF and #33 and #34 terminals of monitor-2 connector in monitor unit
2	Engine Warning Alarm	Inspect #C5 and #C11 terminals of connector ICF-C in ICF and #33 and #34 terminals of monitor-2 connector in monitor unit
3	Engine Oil Pressure Alarm	Inspect #C5 and #C11 terminals of connector ICF-C in ICF and #33 and #34 terminals of monitor-2 connector in monitor unit
4	Alternator Indicator Alarm	Inspect #C5 and #C11 terminals of connector ICF-C in ICF and #33 and #34 terminals of monitor-2 connector in monitor unit
5	Air Filter Restriction Alarm	Inspect #C5 and #C11 terminals of connector ICF-C in ICF and #33 and #34 terminals of monitor-2 connector in monitor unit
6	Service Brake Oil Level Alarm	Inspect #C5 and #C11 terminals of connector ICF-C in ICF and #33 and #34 terminals of monitor-2 connector in monitor unit
7	Service Brake Oil Pressure Alarm	Inspect #C5 and #C11 terminals of connector ICF-C in ICF and #33 and #34 terminals of monitor-2 connector in monitor unit
8	Emergency Steering Operation Alarm	Inspect #C5 and #C11 terminals of connector ICF-C in ICF and #33 and #34 terminals of monitor-2 connector in monitor unit
9	Steering Oil Pressure Alarm	Inspect #C5 and #C11 terminals of connector ICF-C in ICF and #33 and #34 terminals of monitor-2 connector in monitor unit
10	Transmission Oil Temperature Alarm	Inspect #C5 and #C11 terminals of connector ICF-C in ICF and #33 and #34 terminals of monitor-2 connector in monitor unit
11	Hydraulic Oil Temperature Alarm	Inspect #C5 and #C11 terminals of connector ICF-C in ICF and #33 and #34 terminals of monitor-2 connector in monitor unit
12	Transmission Failure Alarm	Inspect #C5 and #C11 terminals of connector ICF-C in ICF and #33 and #34 terminals of monitor-2 connector in monitor unit
13	Axle Oil Temperature Alarm	Inspect #C5 and #C11 terminals of connector ICF-C in ICF and #33 and #34 terminals of monitor-2 connector in monitor unit
14	Transmission Alarm Overrun	Inspect #C5 and #C11 terminals of connector ICF-C in ICF and #33 and #34 terminals of monitor-2 connector in monitor unit

As for inspection method of the CAN line, refer to TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting A.

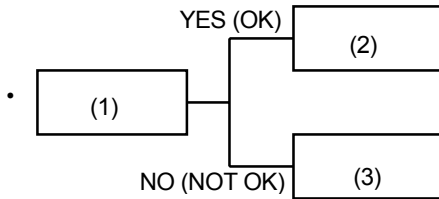


## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting C

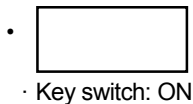
### TROUBLESHOOTING C (TROUBLESHOOTING FOR MONITOR) PROCEDURE

Use troubleshooting C when any monitors, such as gauges or indicators malfunction.

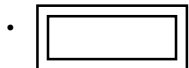
- How to Read Troubleshooting Flow Charts



After completing the checking and/or measuring procedures in box (1), select YES (OK) or NO (NOT OK) and proceed to box (2) or (3).




Instructions, reference, and/or instruction methods on inspection and/or measurements are occasionally described under the box. If incorrectly checked or measured, not only will troubleshooting be unsuccessful but also damage to components may result.

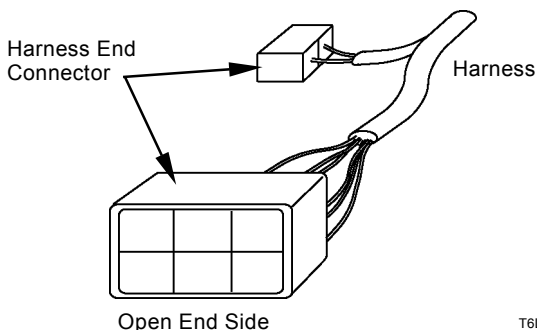


Use the service mode in monitor and the diagnosing system / controller diagnosing system in Dr. ZX.



Causes of machine problems are stated in the thick-line box. Scanning quickly through the thick-line boxes, allows you to estimate the possible causes before actually following the flow chart.

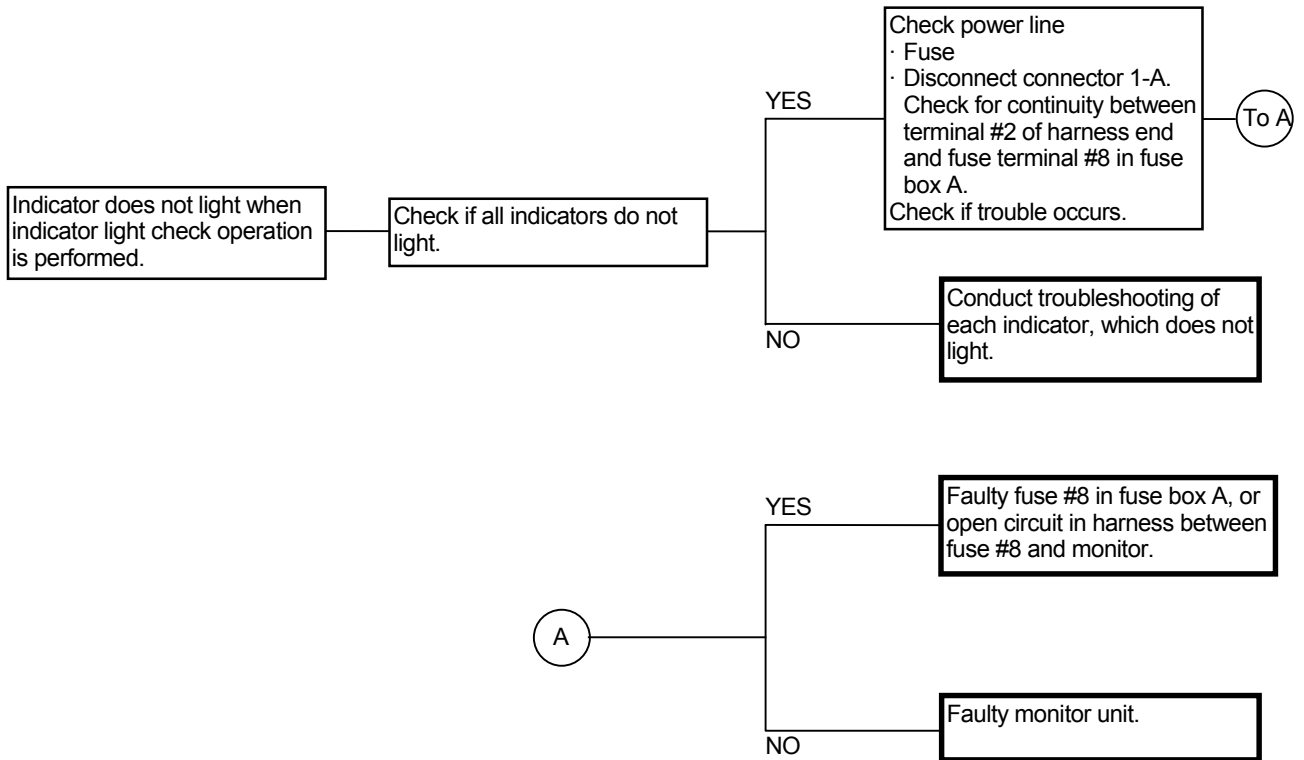
 **NOTE:** *Harness end connector viewed from the open end side by the all connectors image shown in this section.*



## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting C

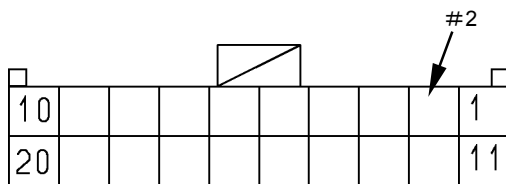
### MALFUNCTION OF INDICATOR LIGHT CHECK SYSTEM

- Check the wiring connections first.



Connector (Harness end of connector viewed from the open end side)

Monitor Unit  
Connector 1-A



T183-05-04-013

## **TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting C**


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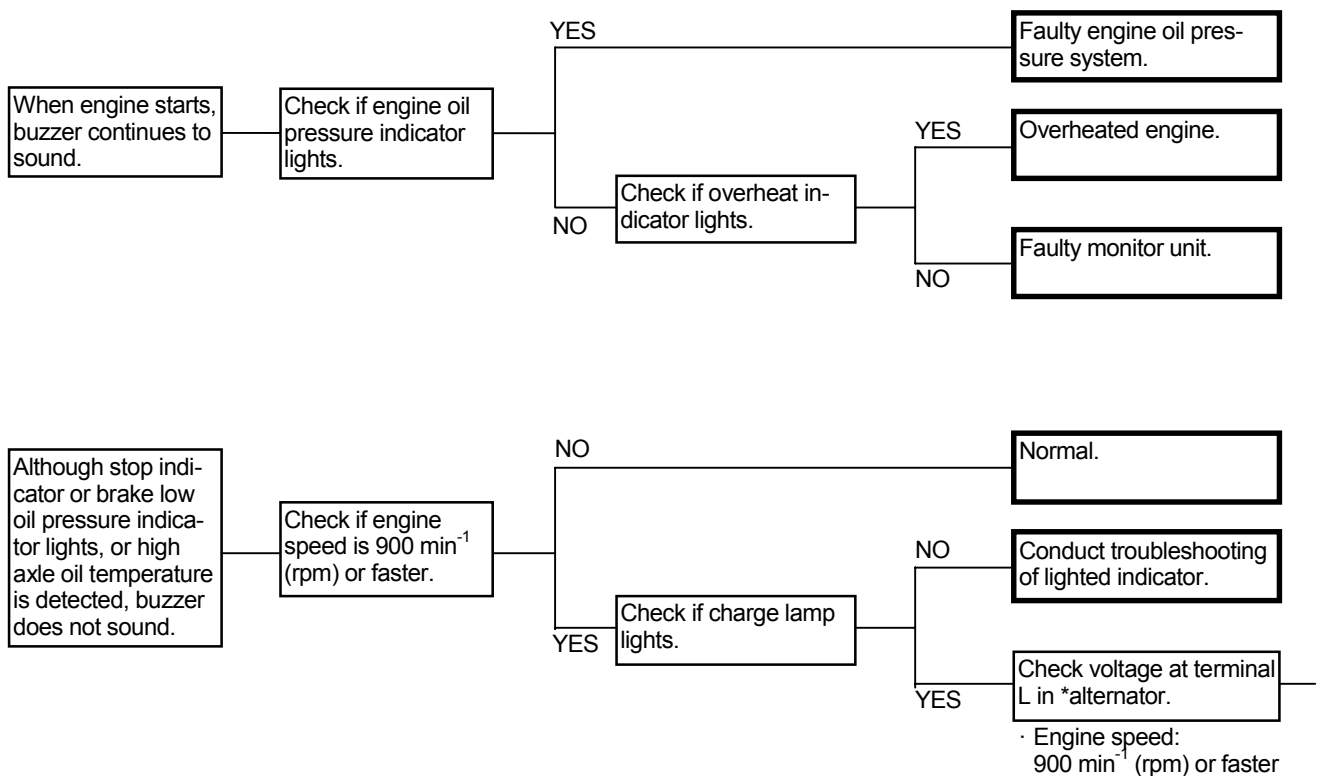
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## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting C

### MALFUNCTION OF BUZZER IN MONITOR

- Check the wiring connections first.

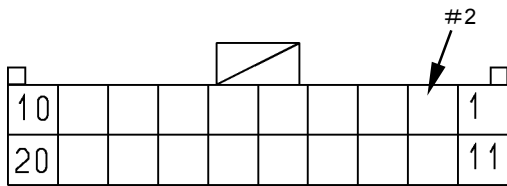
 **NOTE:** \* Terminals L in the alternator are water-resistant type connectors so that it is not practical to measure voltage at these terminals. Measure voltage at terminal R in starter relay. Check for continuity between terminal R in starter relay and terminal L in the alternator first.



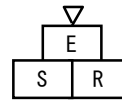
# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting C

Connector (Harness end of connector viewed from the open end side)

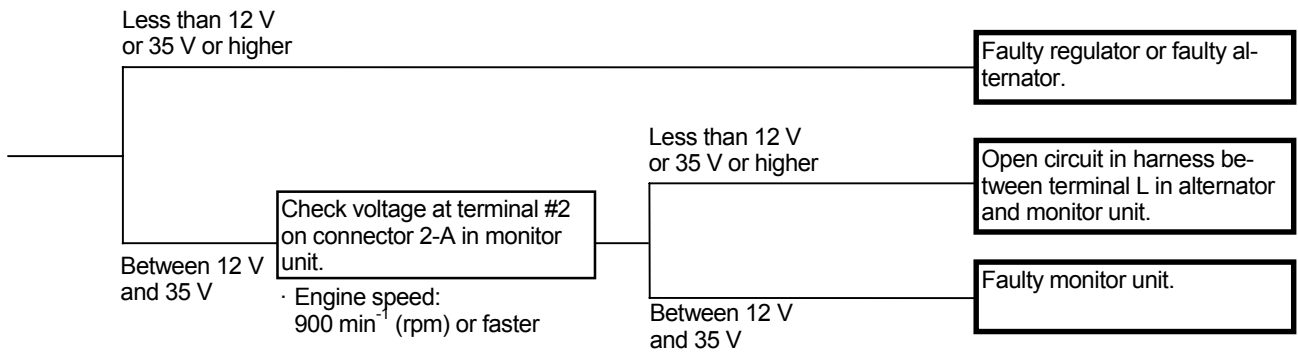
Monitor Unit  
Connector 2-A



Starter Relay  
Connector A



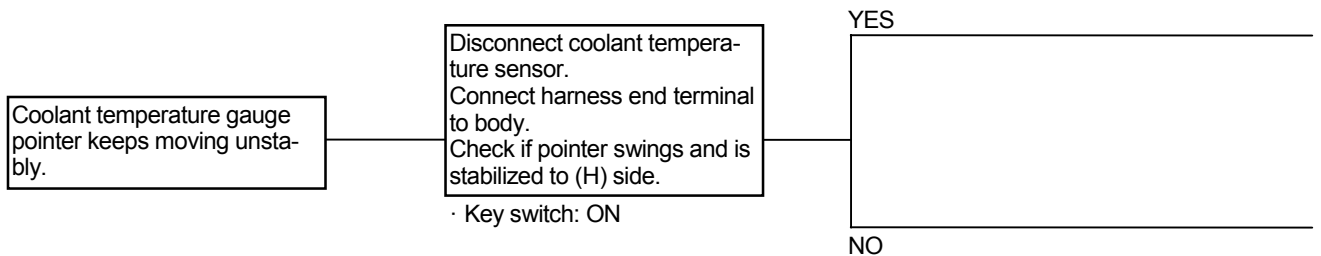
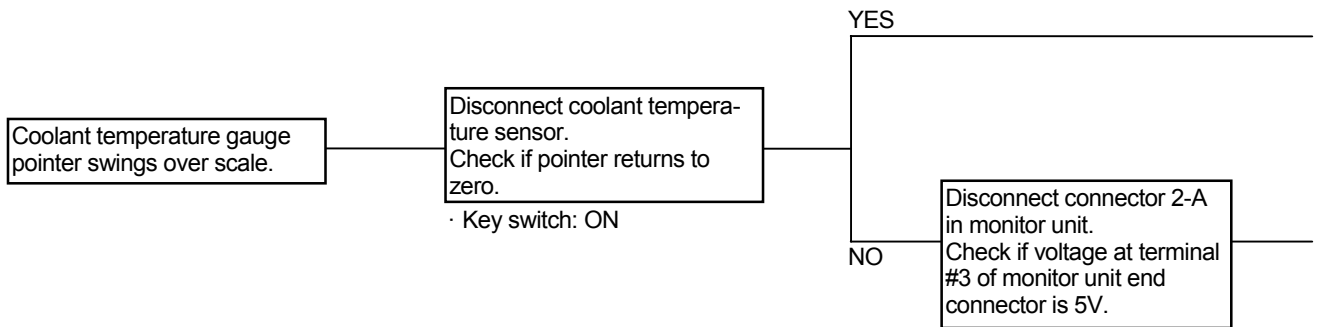
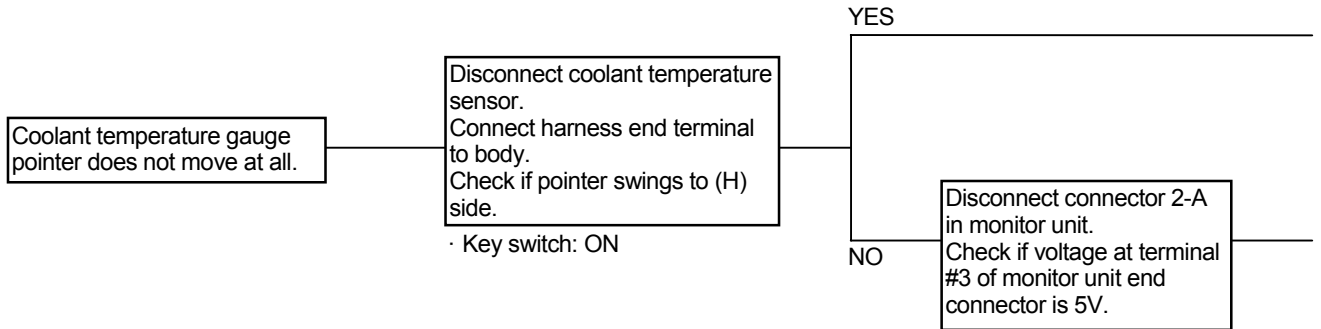
T183-05-04-013



## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting C

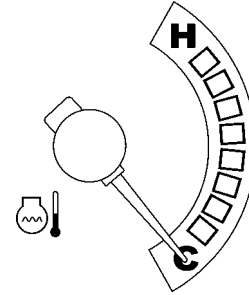
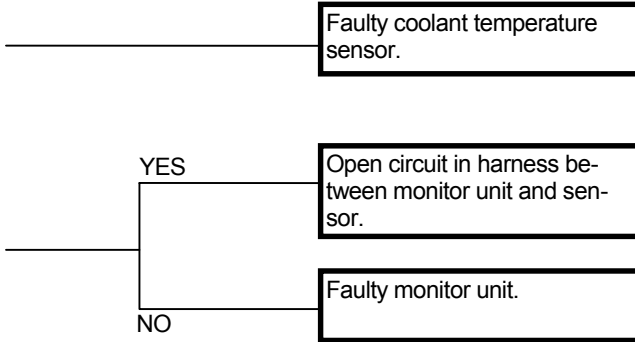
### MALFUNCTION OF COOLANT TEMPERATURE GAUGE

- Check the wiring connections first.



# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting C

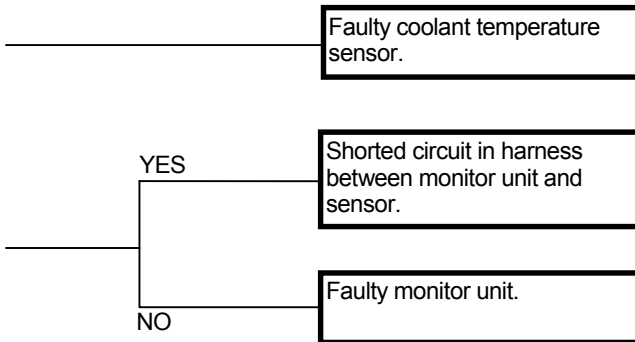
## Coolant Temperature Gauge



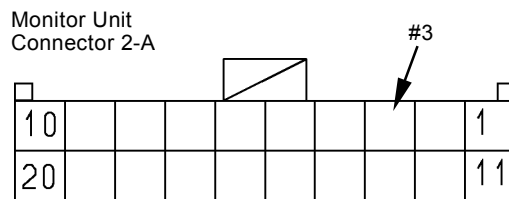
T4GB-05-07-005

## Coolant Temperature Sensor

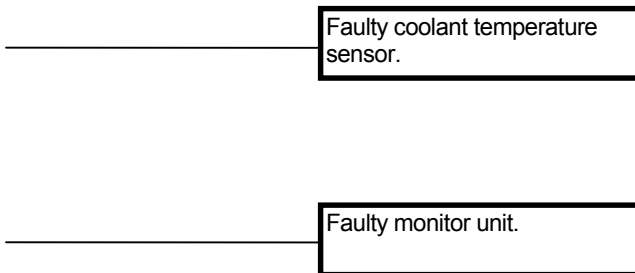
Coolant Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance (kΩ)
25 (77)	7.6±0.76
40 (104)	4.0±0.35
50 (122)	2.7±0.22
80 (176)	0.92±0.07
95 (203)	0.56±0.04
105 (221)	0.42±0.03
120 (248)	0.28±0.01



Connector (Harness end of connector viewed from the open end side)



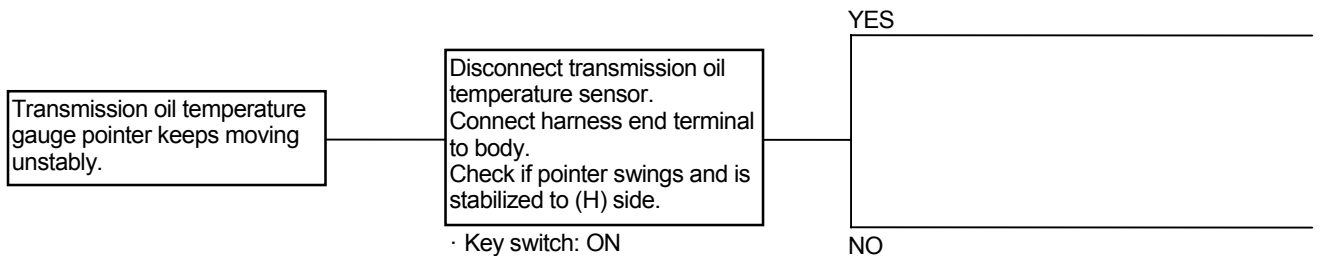
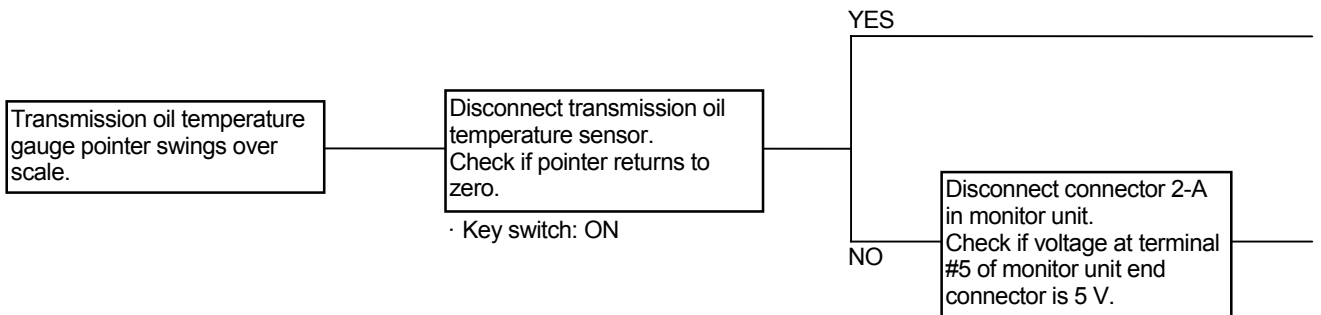
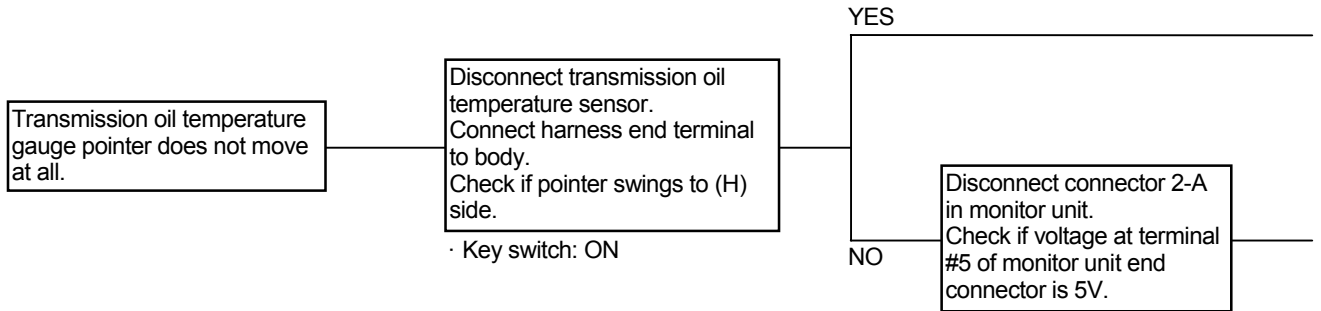
T183-05-04-013



## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting C

### MALFUNCTION OF TRANSMISSION OIL TEMPERATURE GAUGE

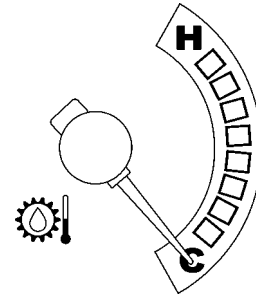
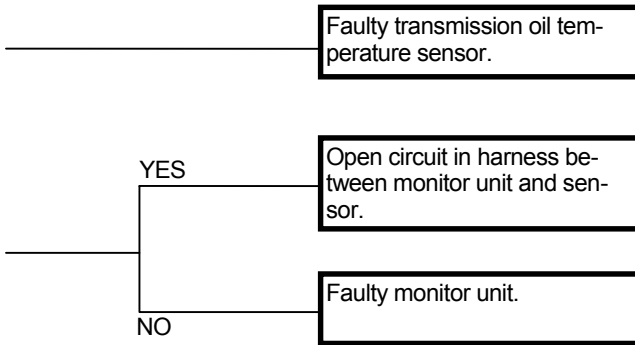
- Check the wiring connections first.





# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting C

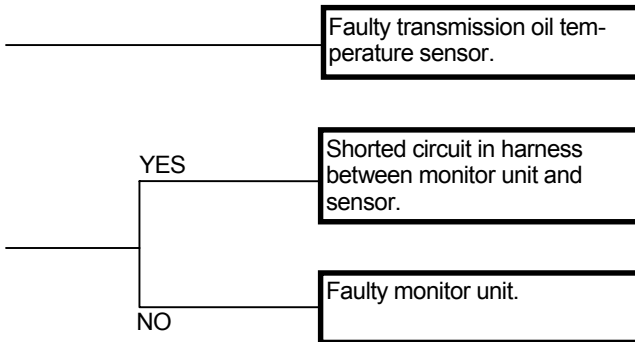
## Transmission Oil Temperature Gauge



T4GB-05-07-006

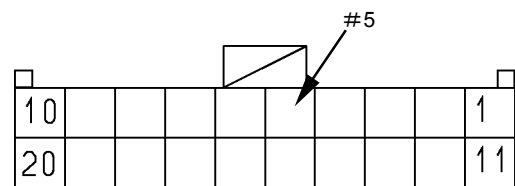
## Transmission Oil Temperature Sensor

Oil Temperature °C (°F)	Resistance (kΩ)
25 (77)	7.6±0.76
40 (104)	4.0±0.35
50 (122)	2.7±0.22
80 (176)	0.92±0.07
95 (203)	0.56±0.04
105 (221)	0.42±0.03
120 (248)	0.28±0.01

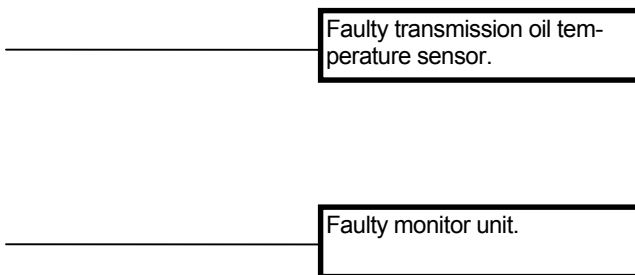


Connector (Harness end of connector viewed from the open end side)

Monitor Unit  
Connector 2-A



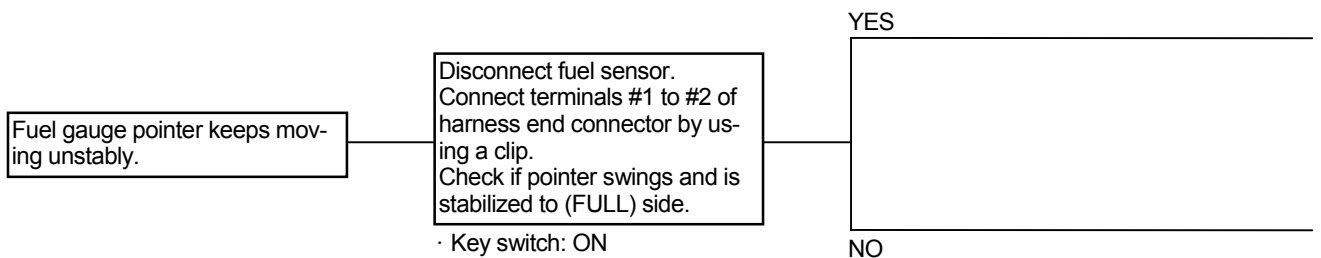
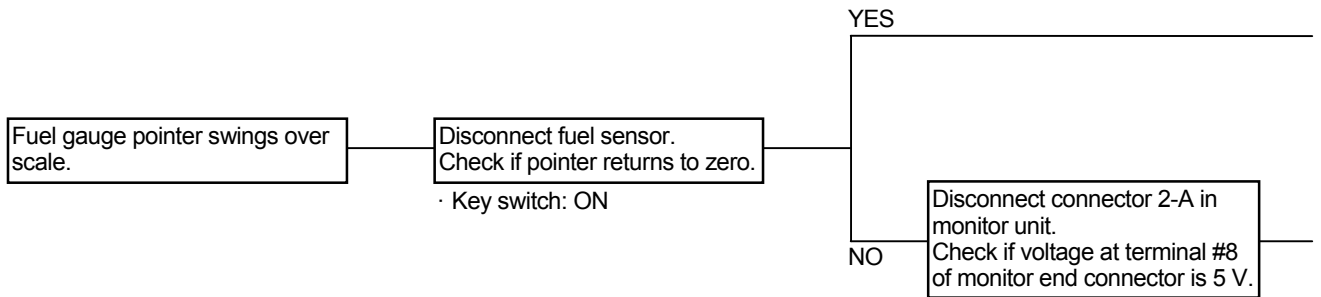
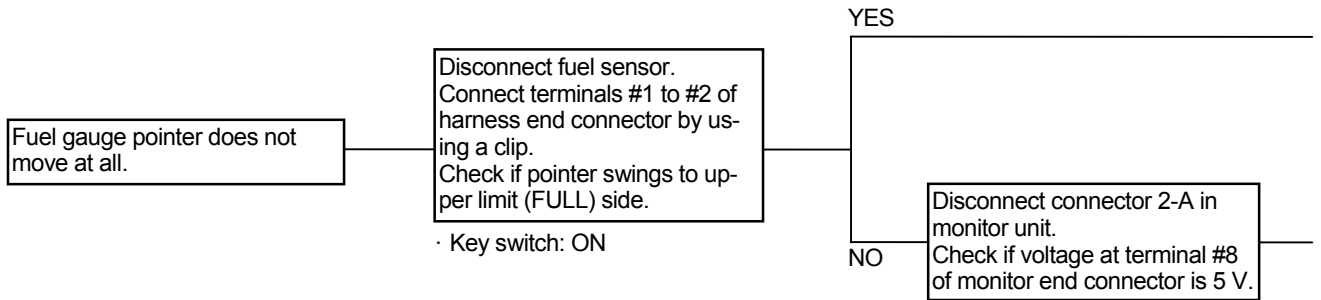
T183-05-04-013



# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting C

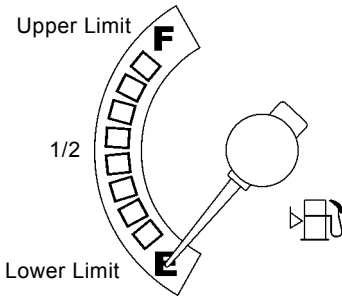
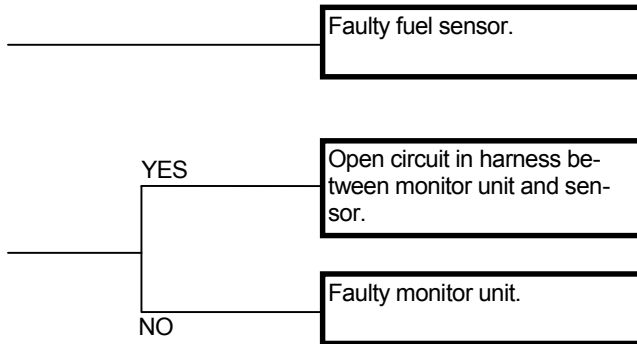
## MALFUNCTION OF FUEL GAUGE

- Check the wiring connections first.



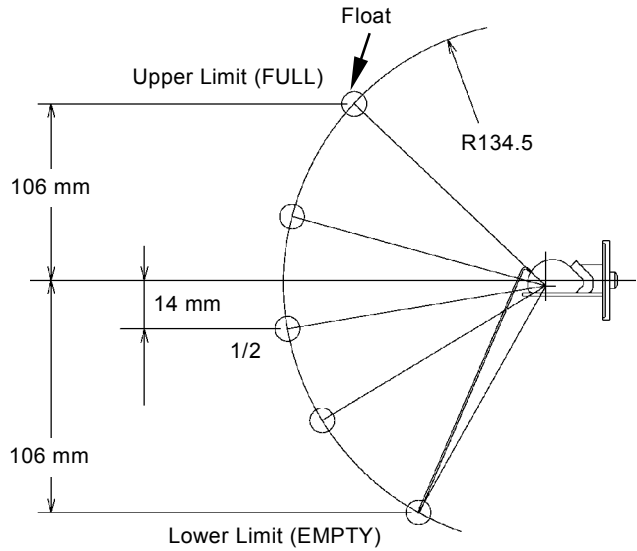
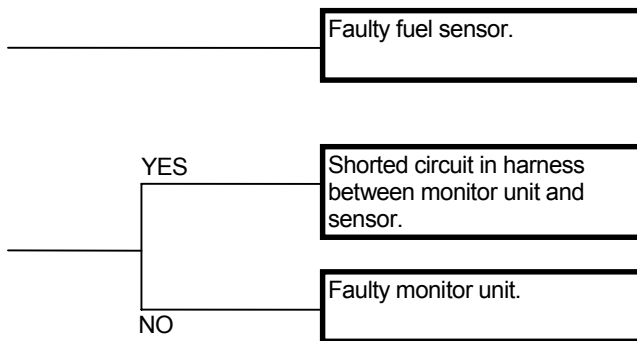
# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting C

## Fuel Gauge



T4GB-05-07-007

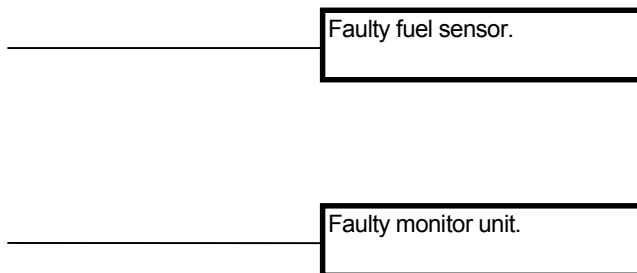
## Fuel Sensor



T4GB-05-07-008

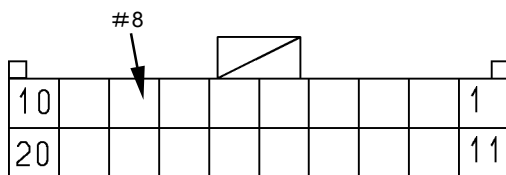
NOTE: 1 mm = 0.03937 in

Float Position	Resistance ( $\Omega$ )
Upper Limit (FULL)	$10^{+0}_{-4}$
1/2	$38 \pm 5$
Warning Level	$77 \pm 3$
Lower Limit (EMPTY)	$90^{+10}_{-0}$



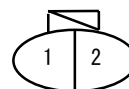
Connector (Harness end of connector viewed from the open end side)

Monitor Unit  
Connector 2-A



T183-05-04-013

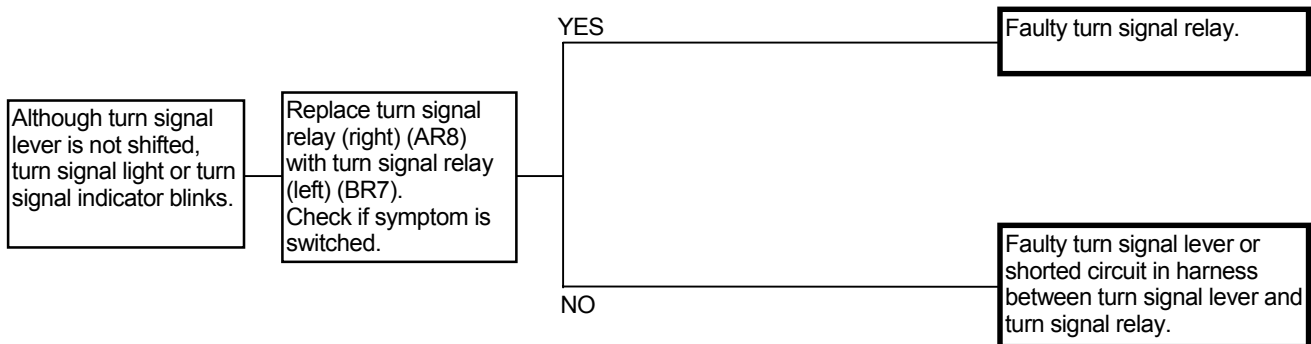
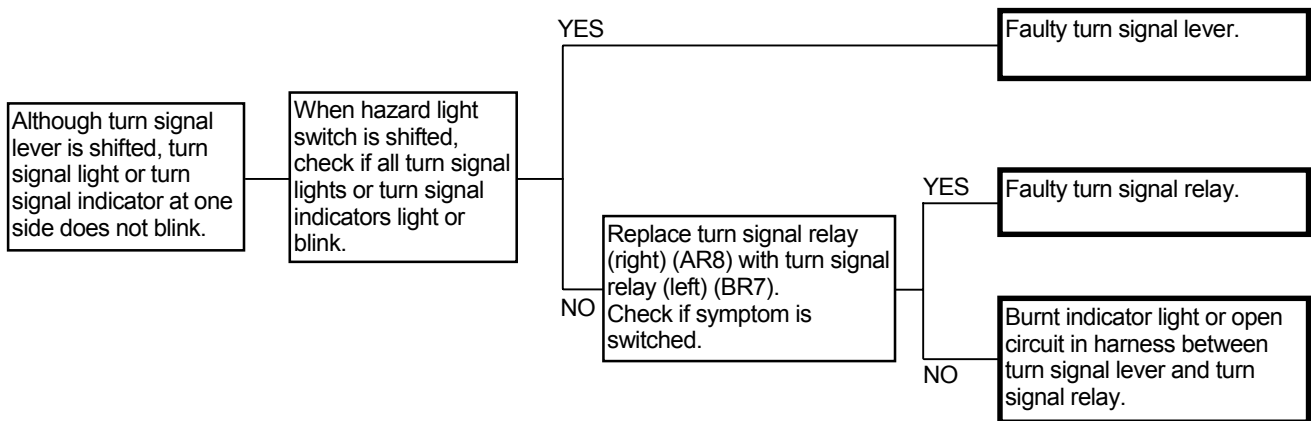
## Fuel Sensor



## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting C

### MALFUNCTION OF TURN SIGNAL INDICATORS (LEFT AND RIGHT)

- Check the wiring connections first.
- If the turn signal indicators (left and right) do not blink, the flasher relay may be faulty.



## **TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting C**

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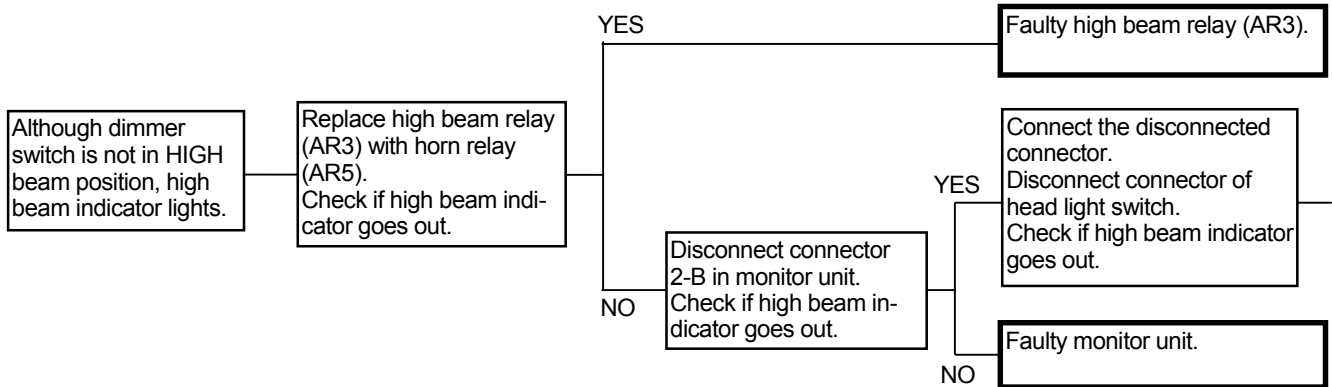
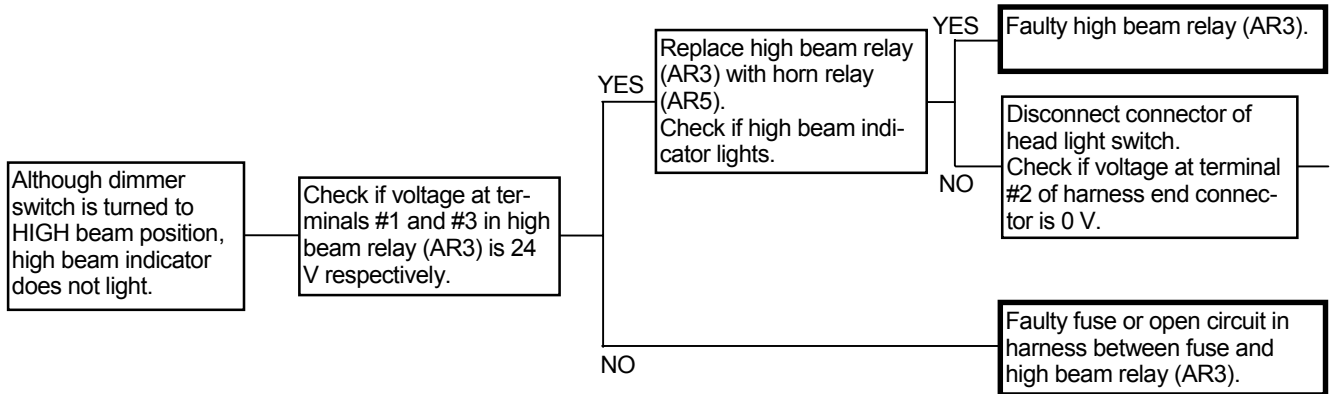
### **MALFUNCTION OF HAZARD LIGHT INDICATOR**

- The hazard light indicator lights when the excited signal of turn signal relay in left and right enters into the hazard light switch. Therefore, although both turn signal indicator light or blink and if the hazard light indicator does not light, the harness between turn signal relay and monitor unit may be faulty or the monitor unit may be faulty. If the turn signal indicator at one side does not light or blink, refer to troubleshooting that harness between turn signal relay and hazard light switch may be faulty or the turn signals (left and right) may be faulty in order to conduct the remedy.
- Check the wiring connections first.

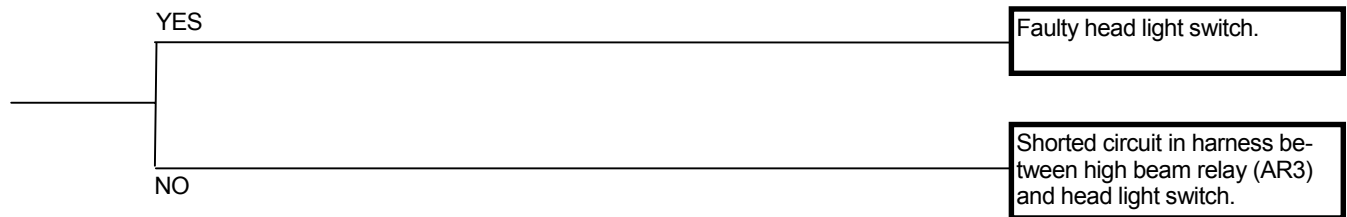
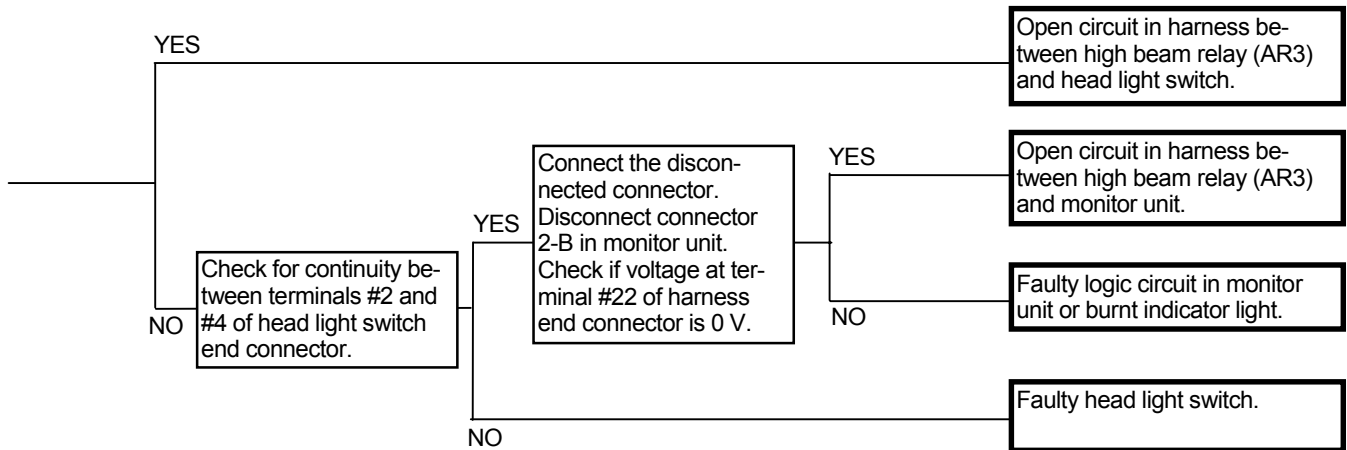
## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting C

### MALFUNCTION OF HIGH BEAM INDICATOR

- Check the wiring connections first.

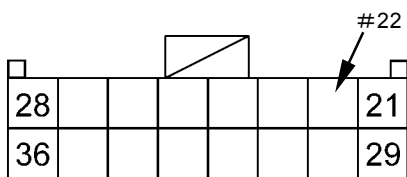


# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting C



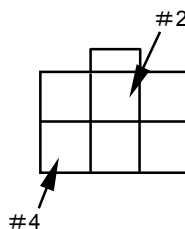
Connector (Harness end of connector viewed from the open end side)

Monitor Unit  
Connector 2-B

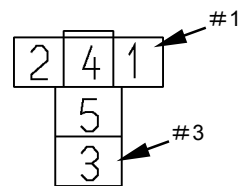


T4GB-05-05-002

Head Light Switch Connector



High Beam Relay Connector

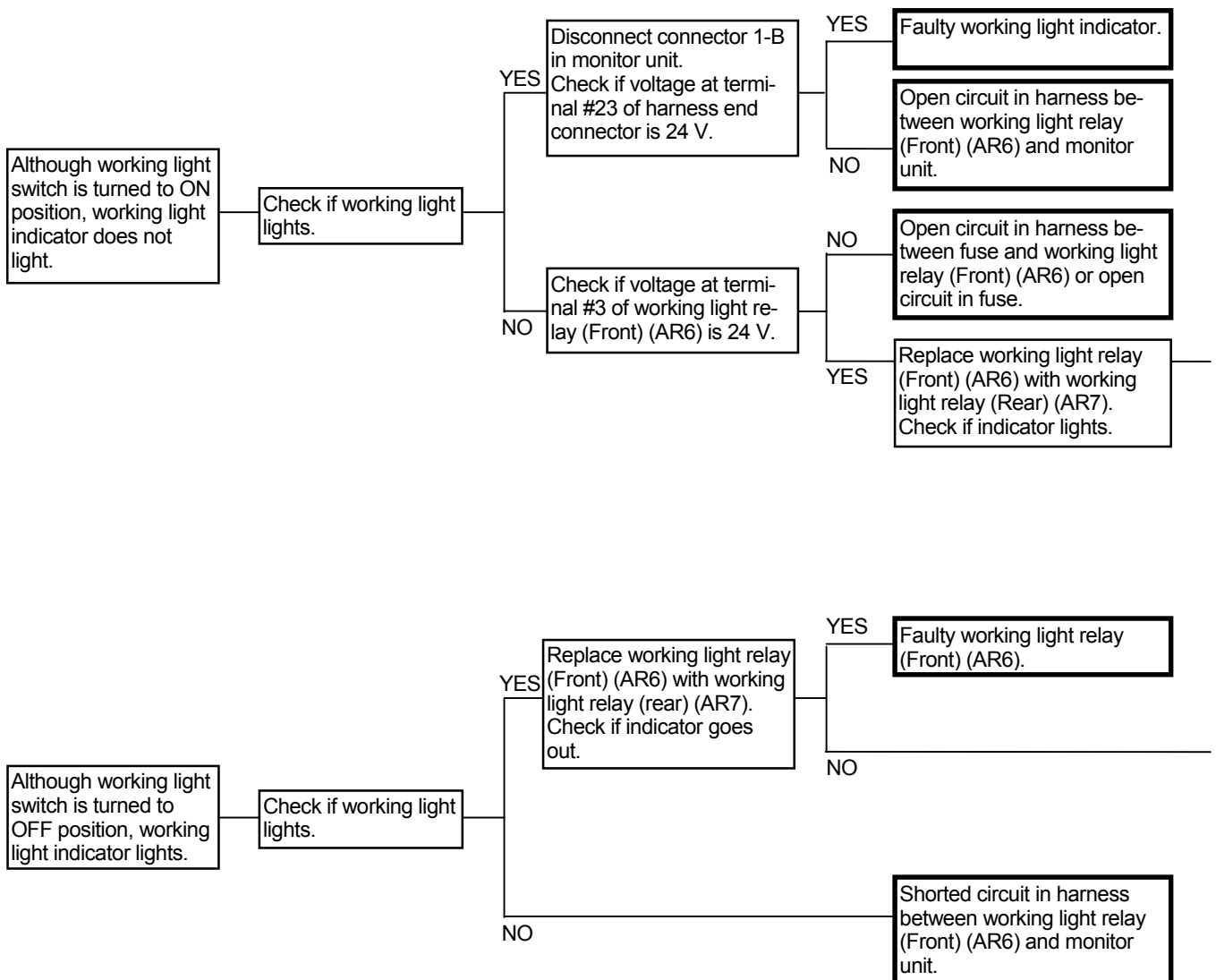


T183-05-04-003

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting C

### MALFUNCTION OF WORKING LIGHT INDICATOR

- Check if the working light switch and head light switch are in the ON position.
- If the clearance light indicator also does not light, the common circuit for clearance light indicator and working light indicator may be faulty. Refer to MALFUNCTION OF CLEARANCE LIGHT INDICATOR section.
- Check the wiring connections first.





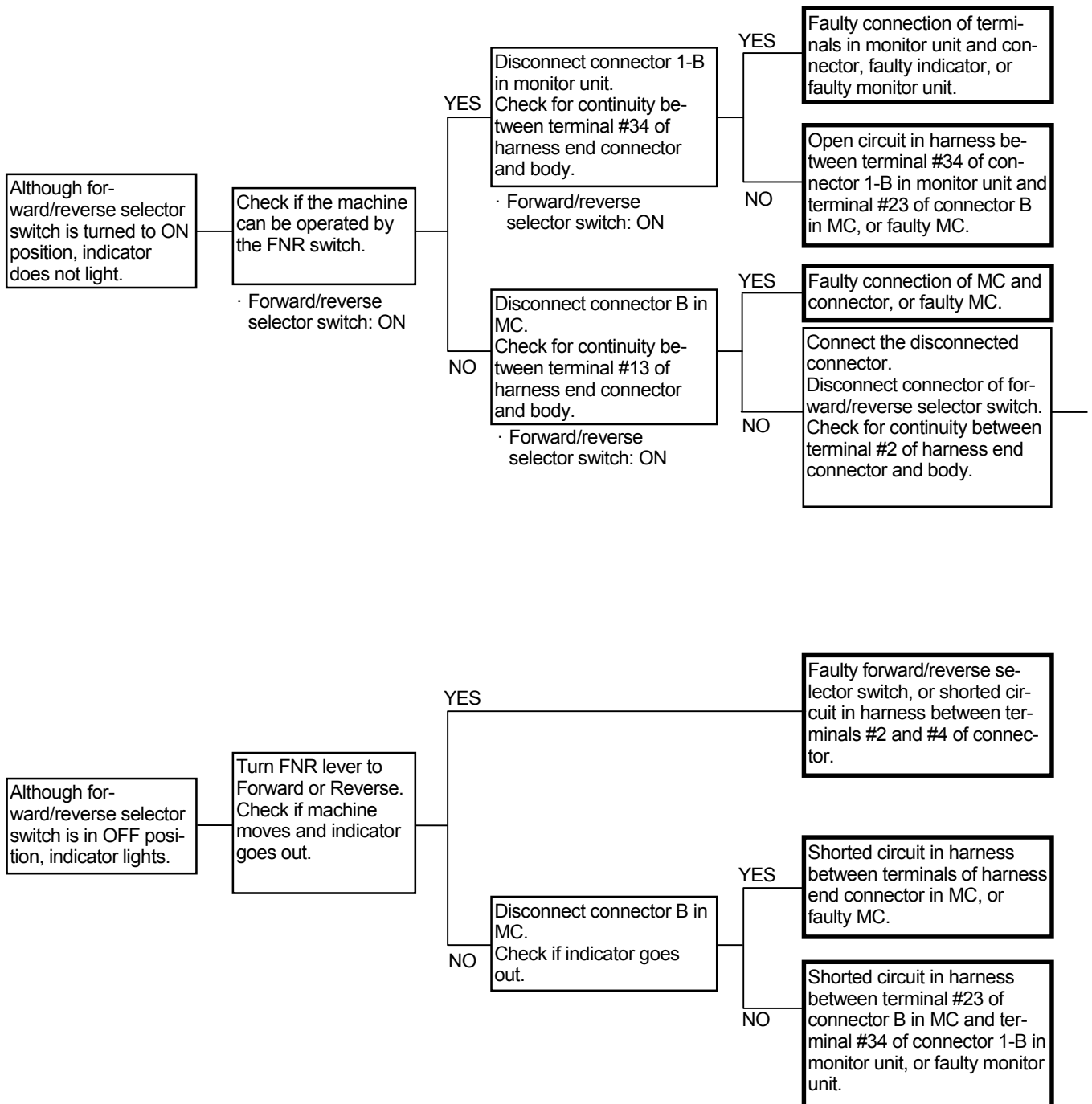


## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting C

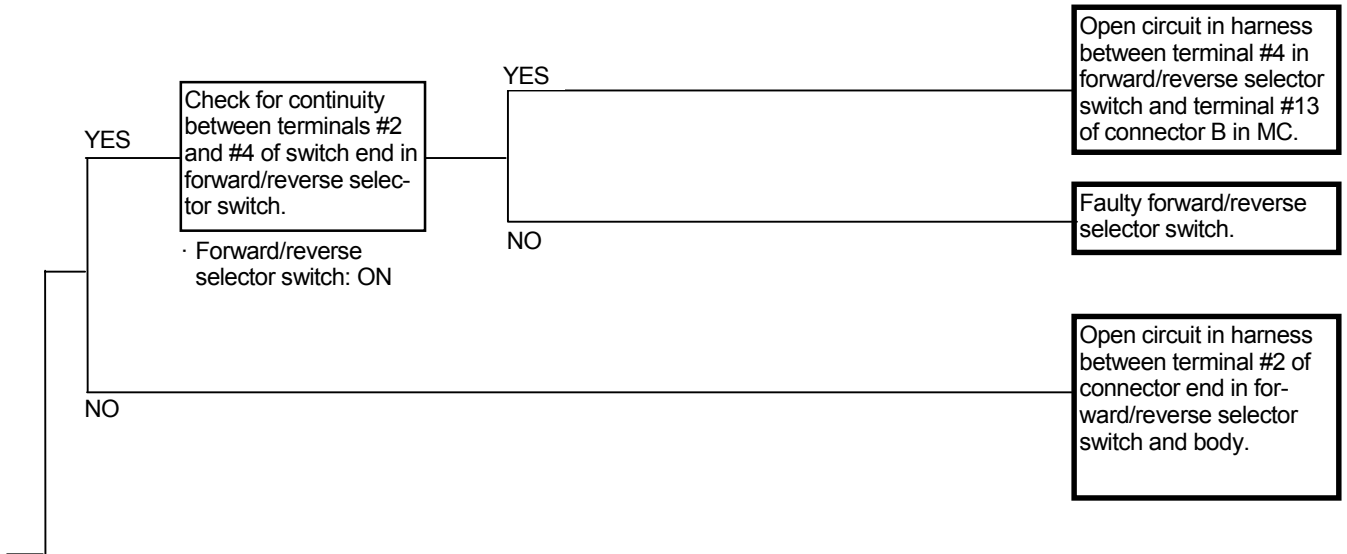
### MALFUNCTION OF FNR SWITCH INDICATOR



**CAUTION:** Turn the FNR lever and the FNR switch to neutral and turn the forward/reverse selector switch to the ON position. If not, the indicator does not light and the machine cannot be operated by the FNR switch.

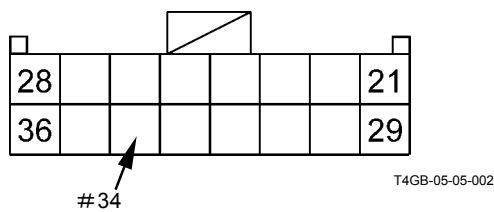


# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting C

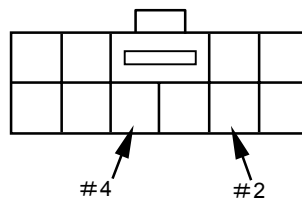


Connector (Harness end of connector viewed from the open end side)

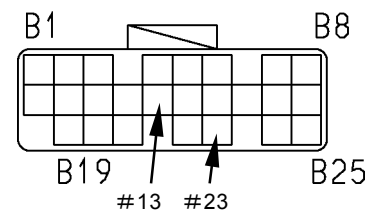
Monitor Unit  
Connector 1-B



Forward/Reverse Selector Switch Connector



MC  
Connector B



T183-05-04-021

## **TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting C**

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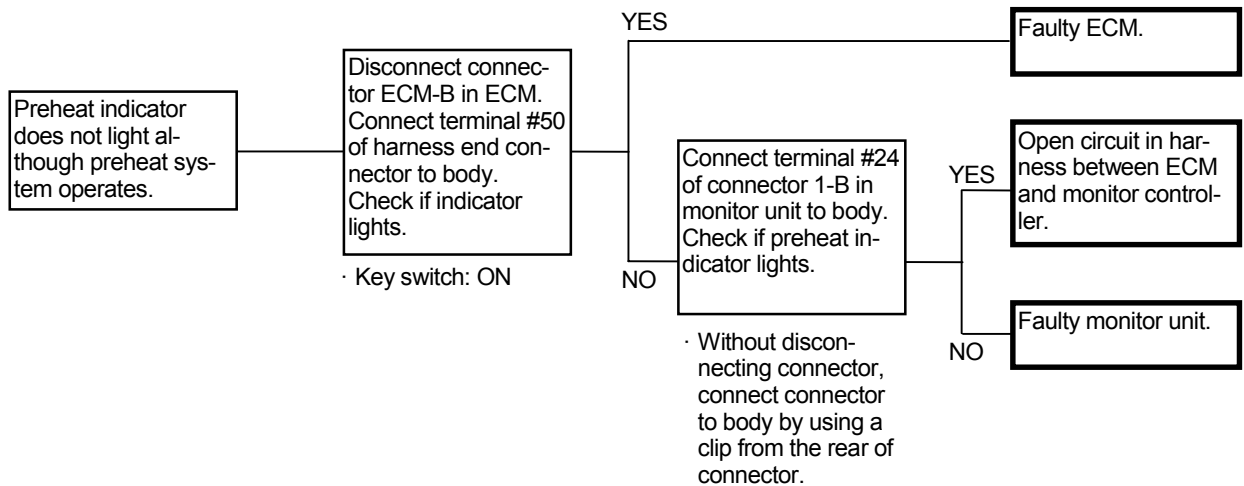
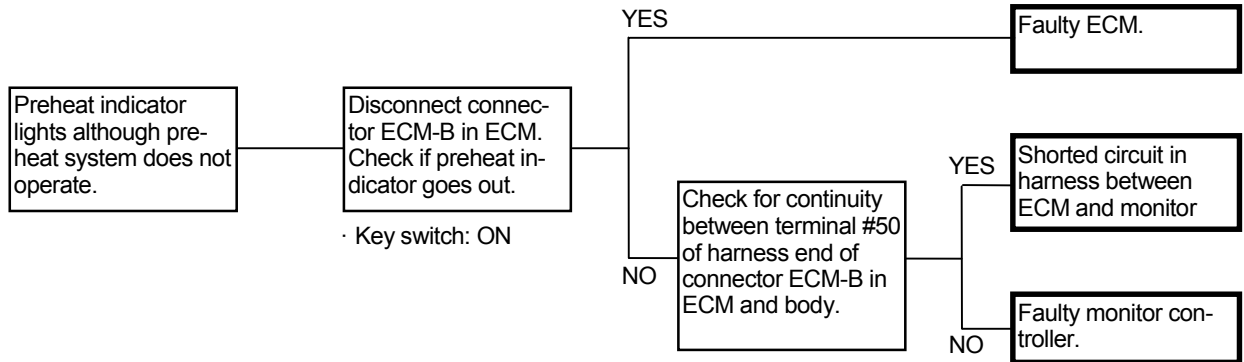
### **MALFUNCTION OF MAINTENANCE INDICATOR**

- The maintenance indicator lights when the hour meter reaches the set replacement interval for lubrication system and filter. (Refer to the Operation Manual.) The maintenance indicator lighting is controlled in the logic circuit of monitor unit. If the maintenance indicator lights during the time when the maintenance indicator must go out, the monitor unit may be faulty. If the maintenance indicator does not light during the time when the maintenance indicator must light, the light or the monitor unit may be faulty.

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting C

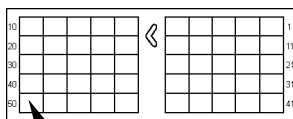
## MALFUNCTION OF PREHEAT INDICATOR

- The preheat system is controlled by ECM. (Refer to SYSTEM / Electrical Circuit.)
- In case the preheat system malfunctions, refer to Troubleshooting B.
- Check the wiring connections first.



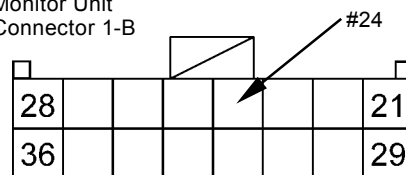
Connector (Harness end of connector viewed from the open end side)

ECM-B Connector



T4GD-05-05-001

Monitor Unit Connector 1-B

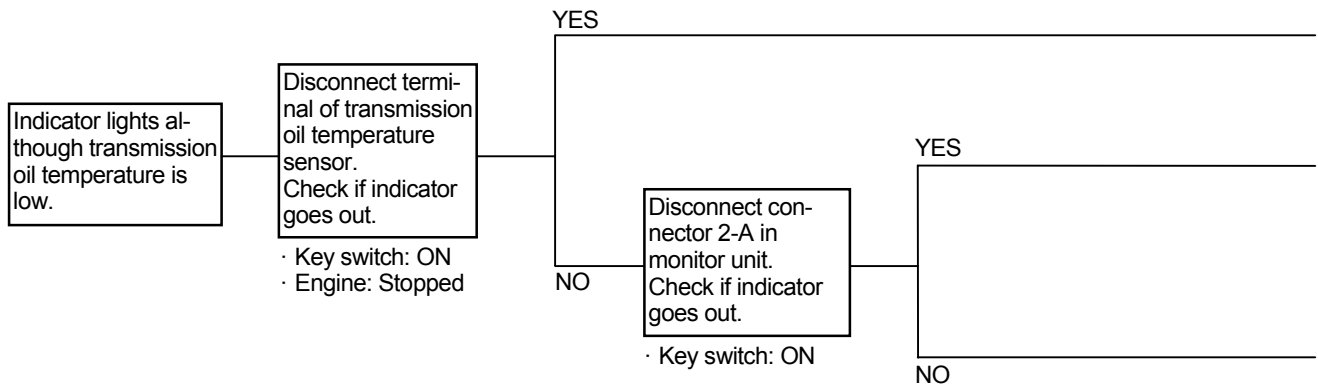
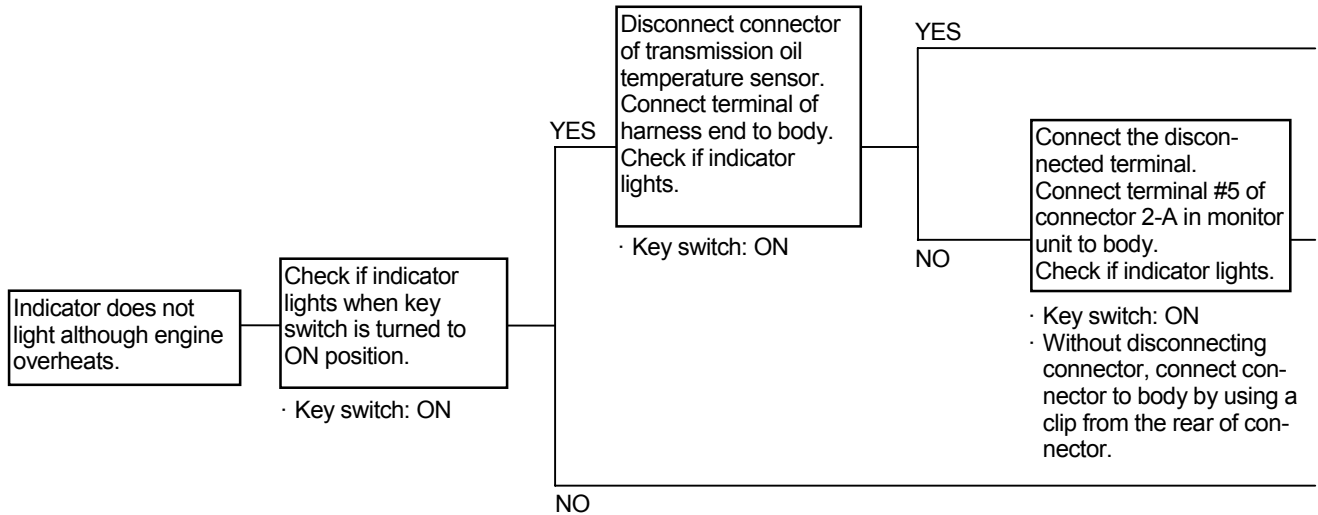


T4GB-05-05-002

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting C

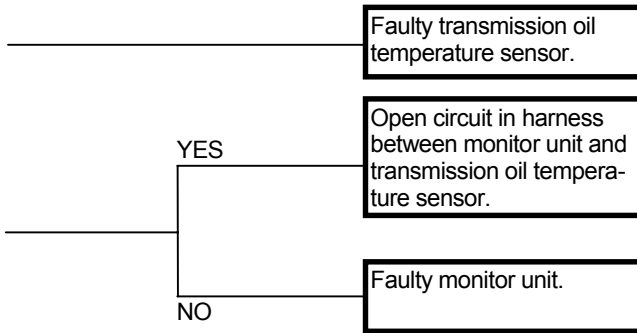
### MALFUNCTION OF TRANSMISSION OIL TEMPERATURE INDICATOR

- Check the wiring connections first.



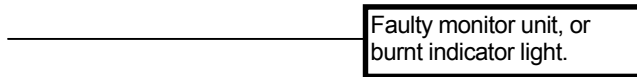
# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting C

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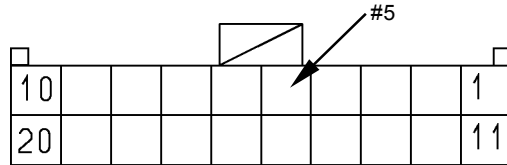
Transmission Oil Temperature Indicator

Oil Temperature	Operation
Less than 110 °C (230 °F)	OFF
120 °C (248 °F) or higher	ON

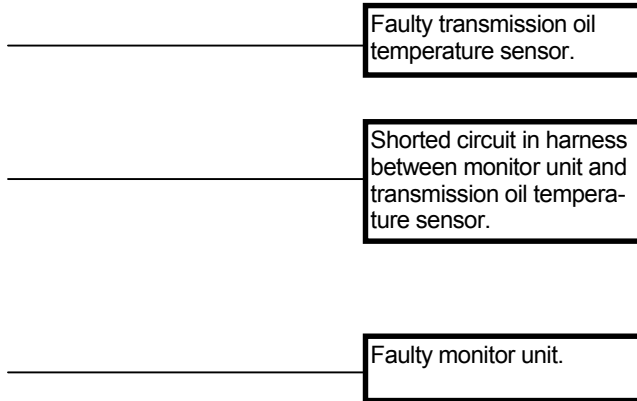


Connector (Harness end of connector viewed from the open end side)

Monitor Unit  
Connector 2-A



T183-05-04-013



## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting C

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### MALFUNCTION OF HYDRAULIC OIL TEMPERATURE INDICATOR

- The hydraulic oil temperature indicator is not turned on by the signal directly input from the sensors. The signal data which inputs to other controllers from the sensors once is input to the monitor unit by using CAN and is proceeded in the logic circuit of monitor unit.
- When this trouble occurs, refer to Troubleshooting A and remedy the trouble on fault code.
- Although the fault code is not displayed and if the trouble occurs after re-trial, the connection between monitor unit and terminal #33 or #34 of connector 2-B in monitor unit may be faulty, or the monitor unit may be faulty.

#### Hydraulic Oil Temperature Indicator

Oil Temperature	Operation
Less than 95 °C (203 °F)	OFF
105 °C (221 °F) or higher	ON



## **TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting C**

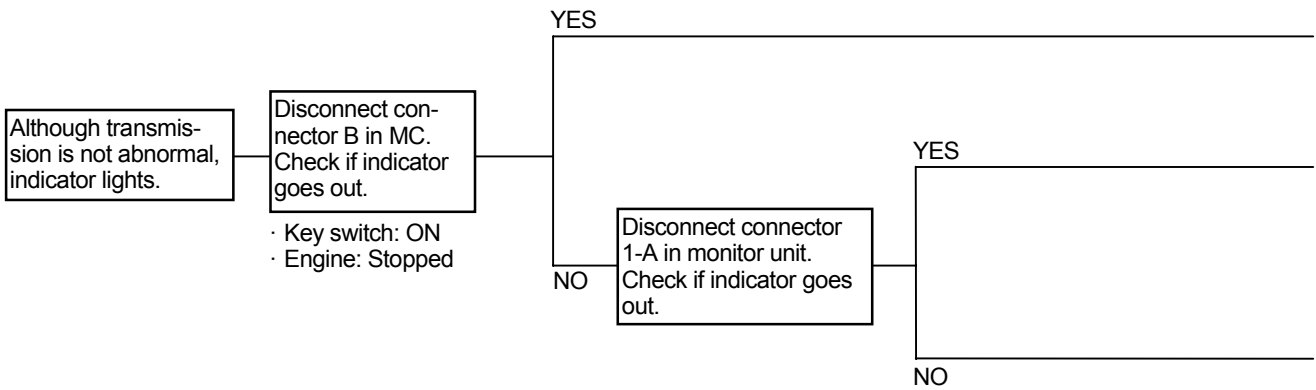
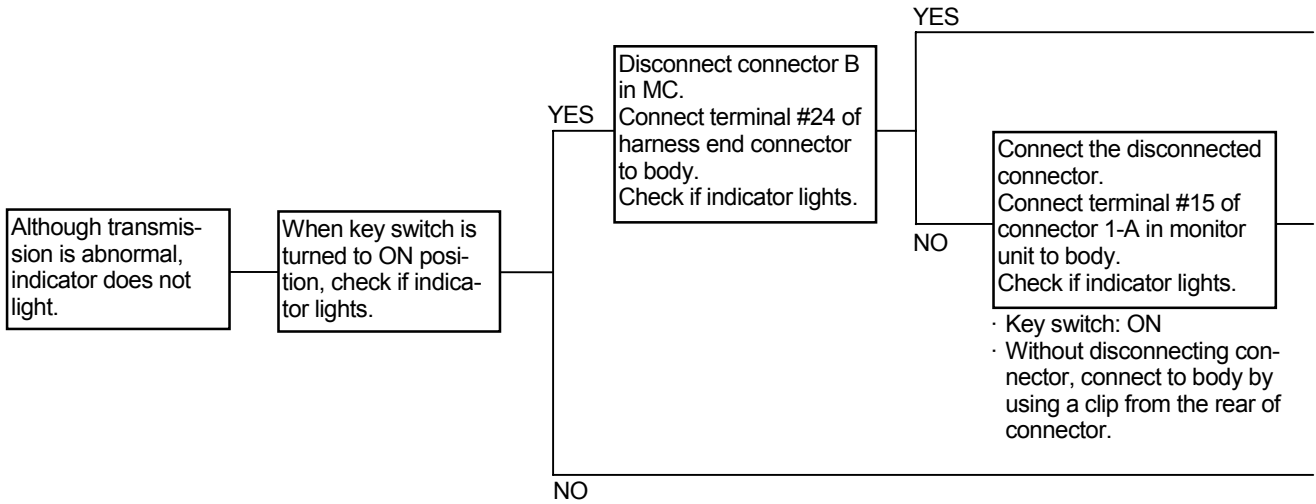
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## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting C

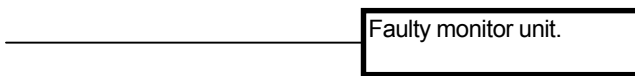
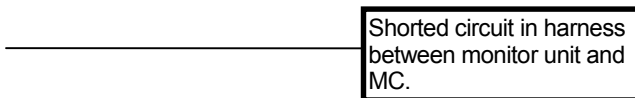
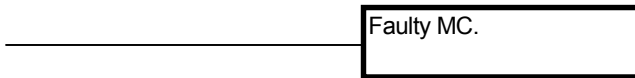
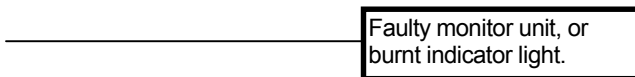
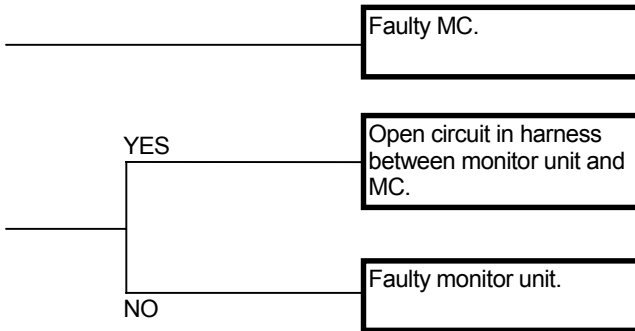
### MALFUNCTION OF TRANSMISSION WARNING INDICATOR

- Although the fault code is not displayed in MC and if the trouble occurs, conduct this remedy.
- Check the wiring connections first.



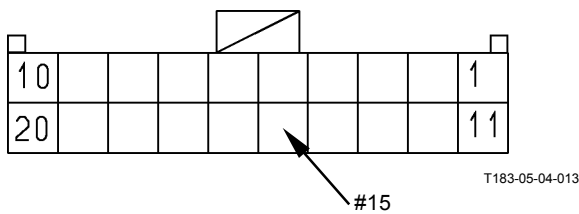
# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting C

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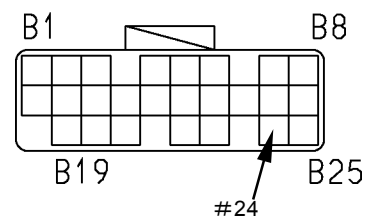


Connector (Harness end of connector viewed from the open end side)

Monitor Unit  
Connector 1-A



MC  
Connector B

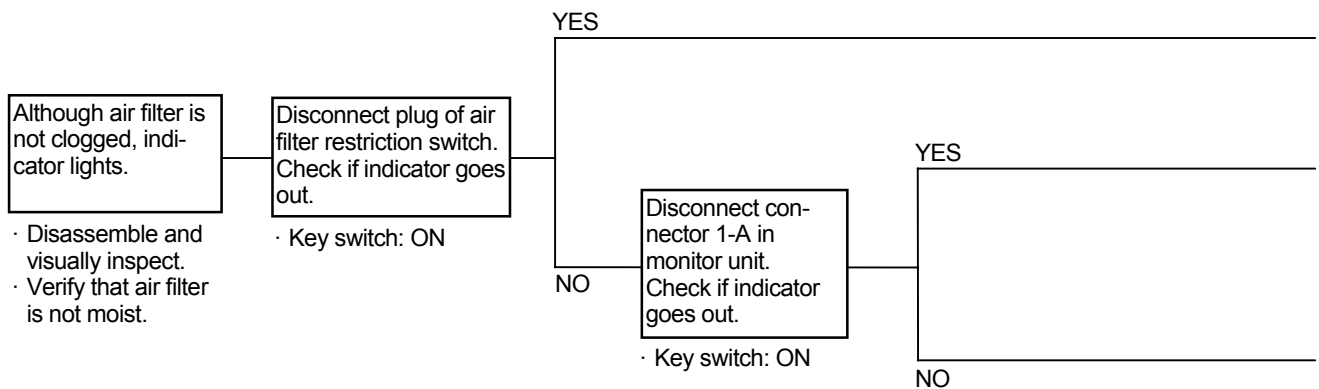
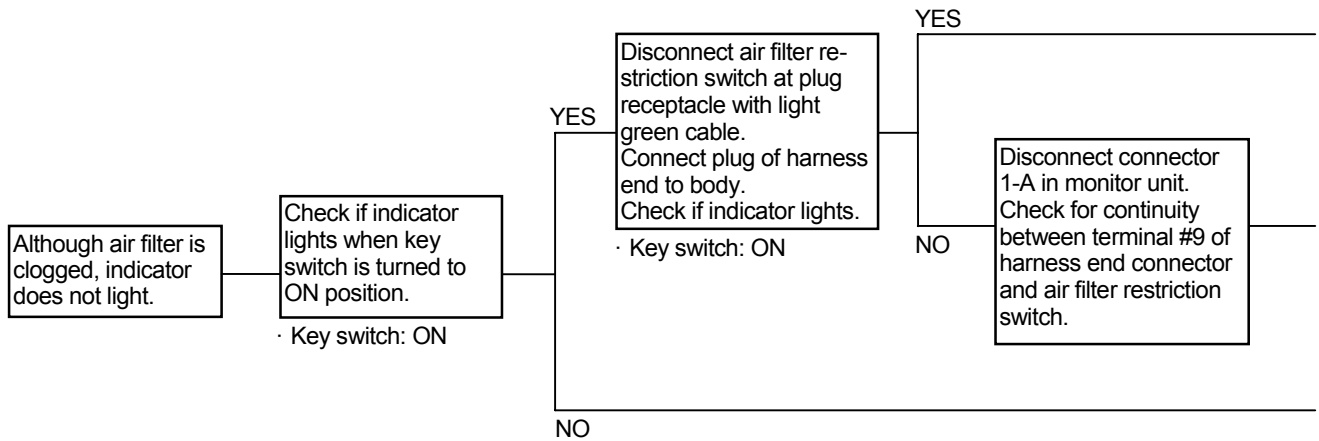


T183-05-04-021

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting C

### MALFUNCTION OF AIR FILTER RESTRICTION INDICATOR

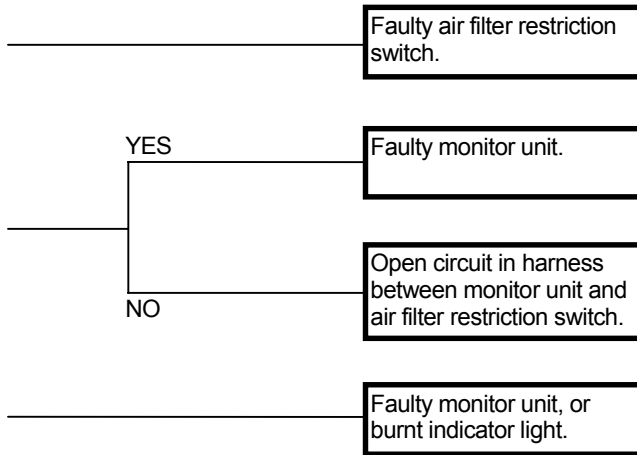
- Check the wiring connections first.



# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting C

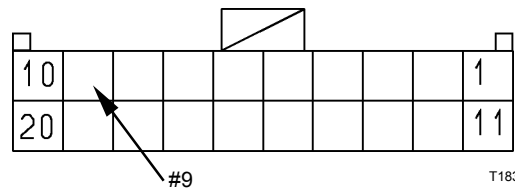
---

Air Filter Restriction Switch Operational Resistance:  
6.2±0.6 kPa (635±58 mmH<sub>2</sub>O)

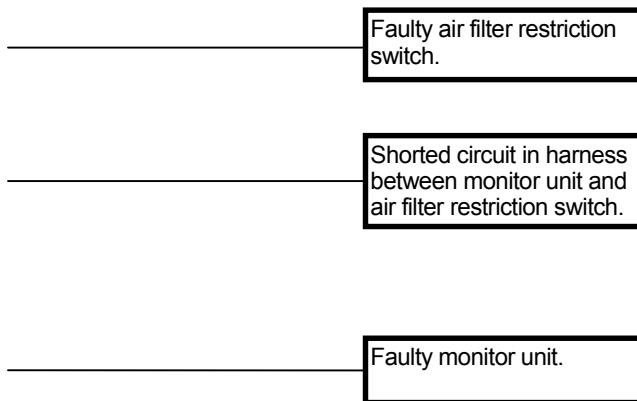


Connector (Harness end of connector viewed from the open end side)

Monitor Unit  
Connector 1-A




T183-05-04-013

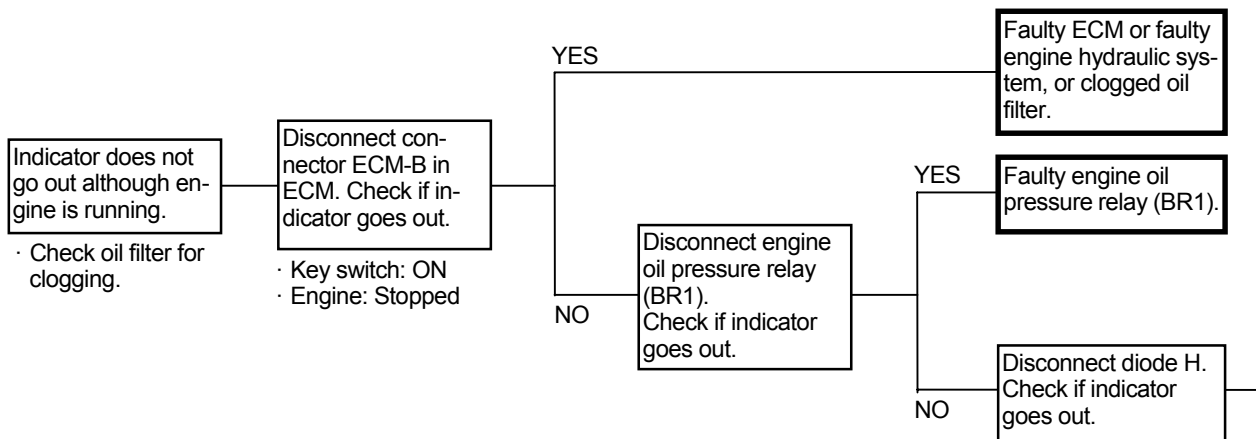
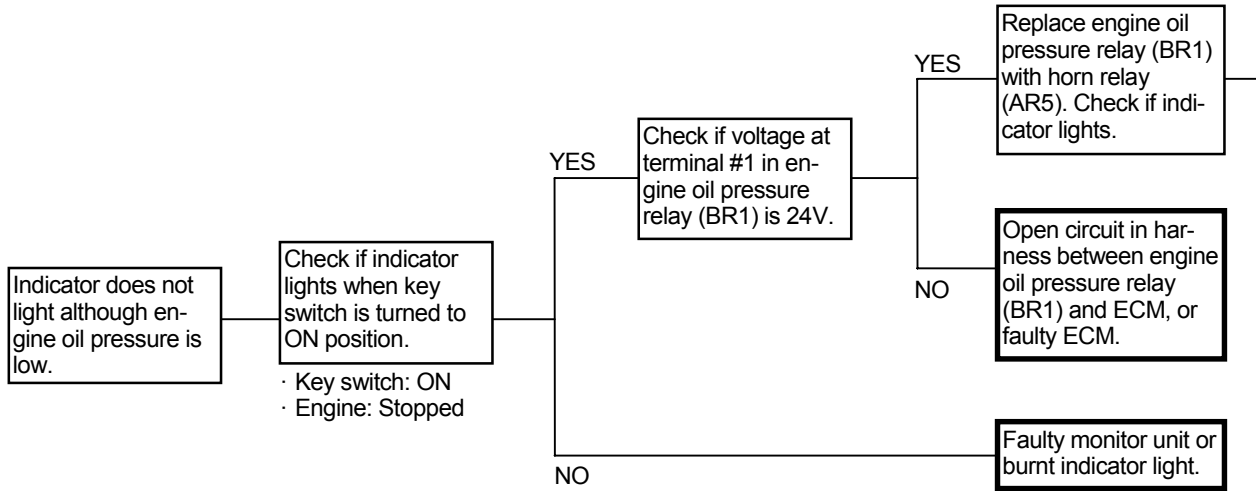


## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting C

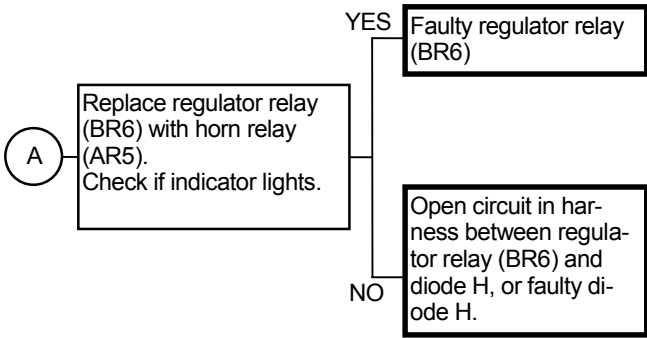
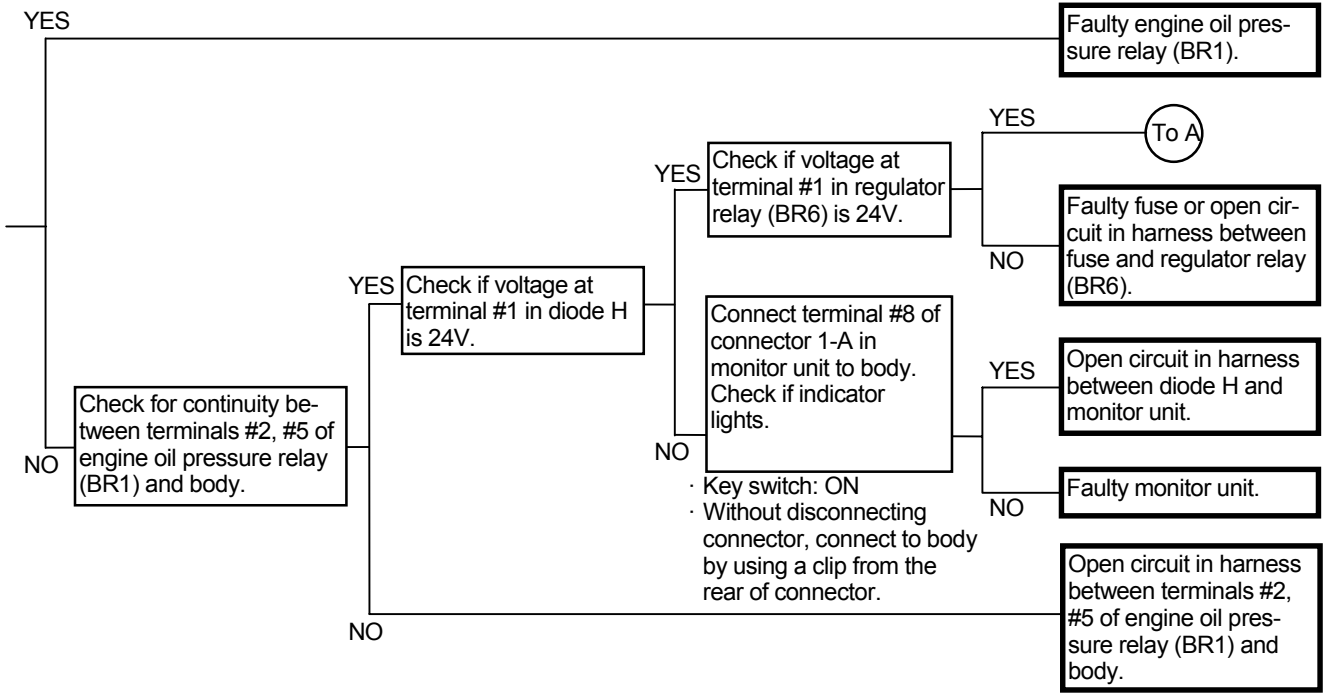
### MALFUNCTION OF ENGINE OIL PRES- SURE INDICATOR

- Although the fault code is not displayed in ECM and if the trouble occurs, conduct this remedy.

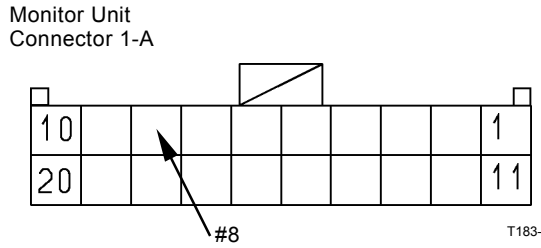
 **NOTE:** Pressure may remain in the circuit for one to two minutes after the engine stops. If the engine starts in this condition, the indicators may not light.



# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting C

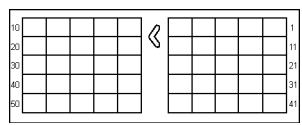


Connector (Harness end of connector viewed from the open end side)

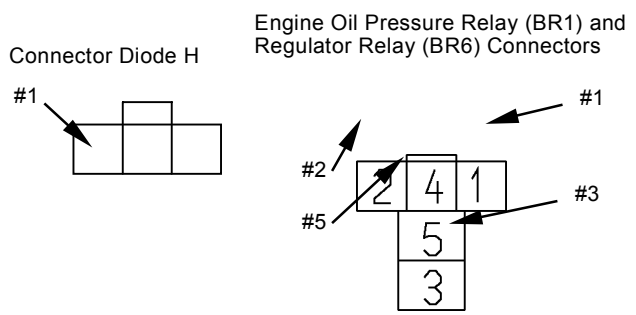
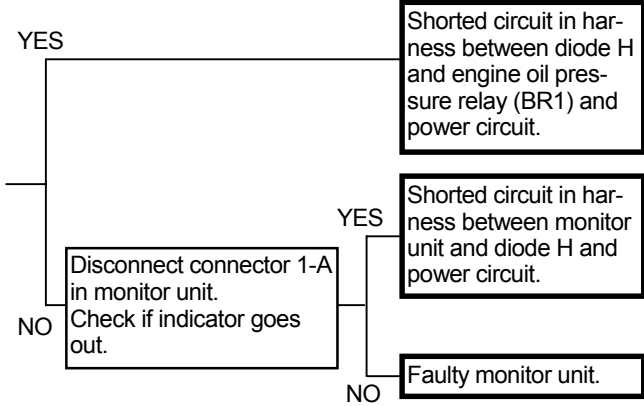


T183-05-04-013

Connector ECM-B



T4GD-05-05-001

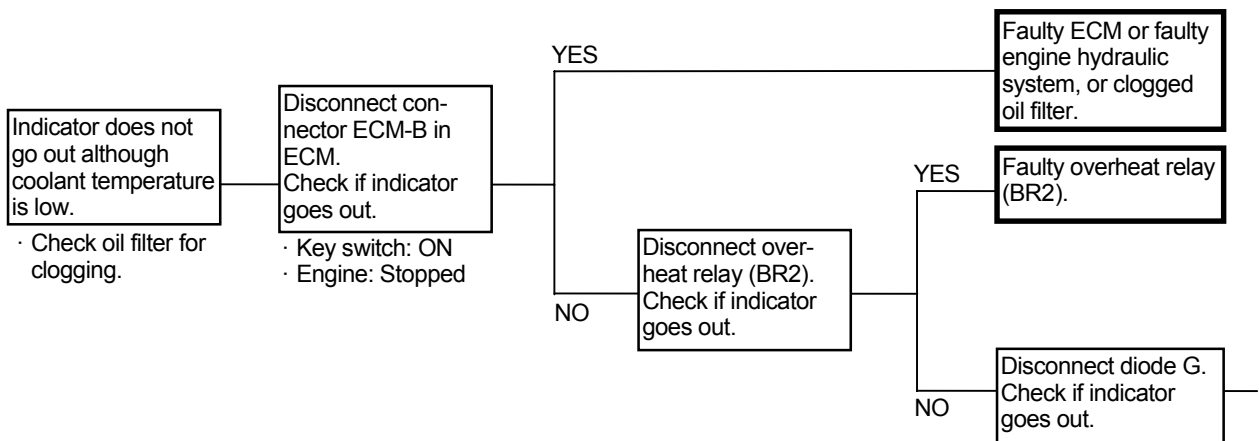
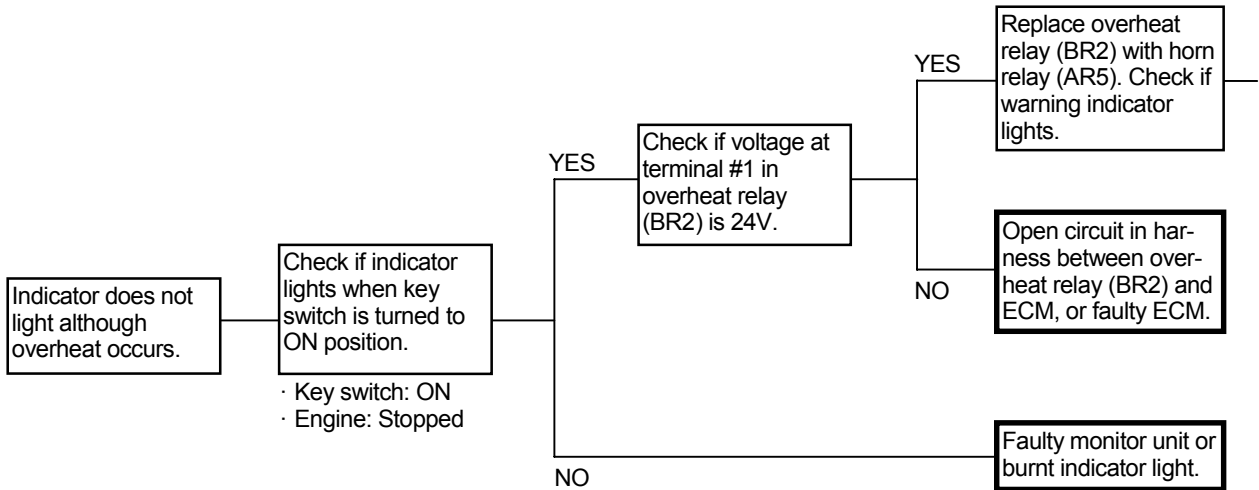


183-05-04-003

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting C

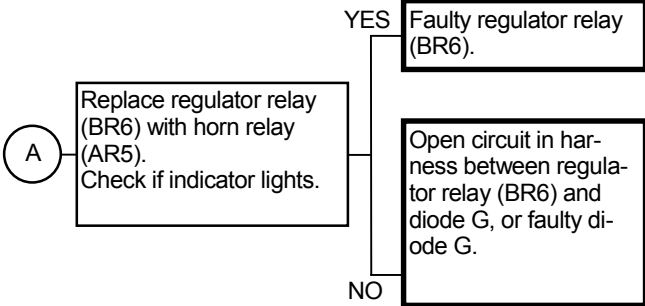
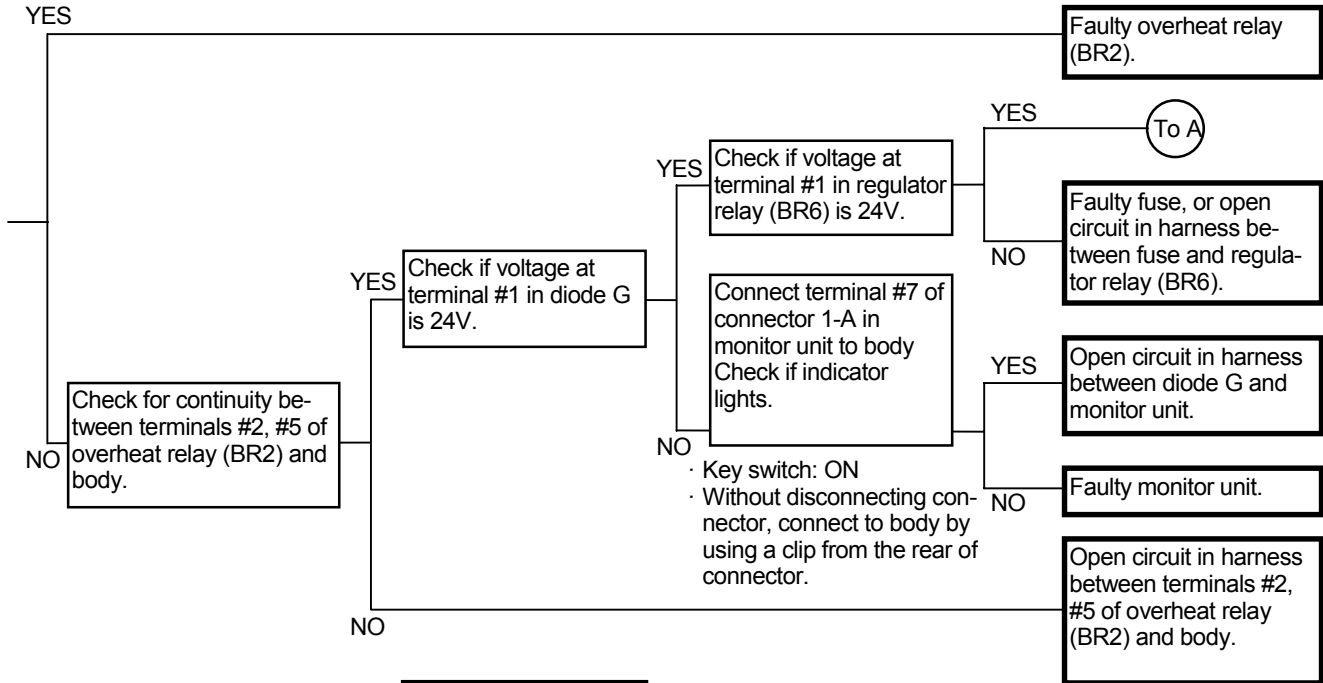
## FAULTY OVERHEAT INDICATOR

- Only when the fault code is not displayed in ECM and this trouble occurs, conduct this remedy.



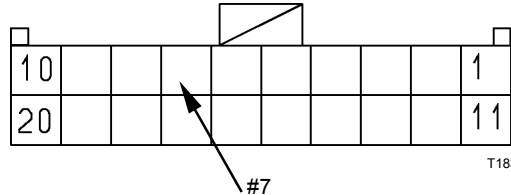


# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting C



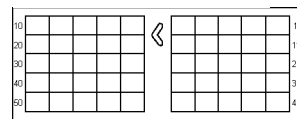
Connector (Harness end of connector viewed from the open side)

Monitor Unit Connector 1-A

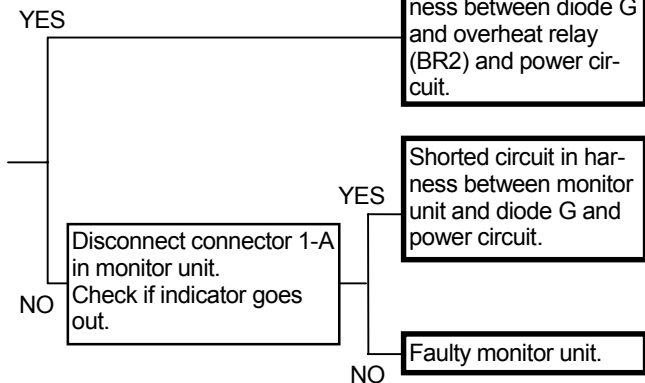


T183-05-04-013

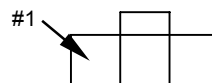
Connector ECM-B



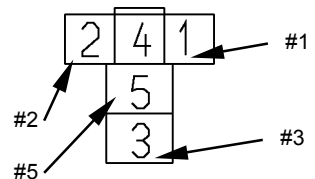
T4GD-05-05-001



Connector Diode G



Overheat Relay (BR2) and Regulator Relay (BR6) Connectors

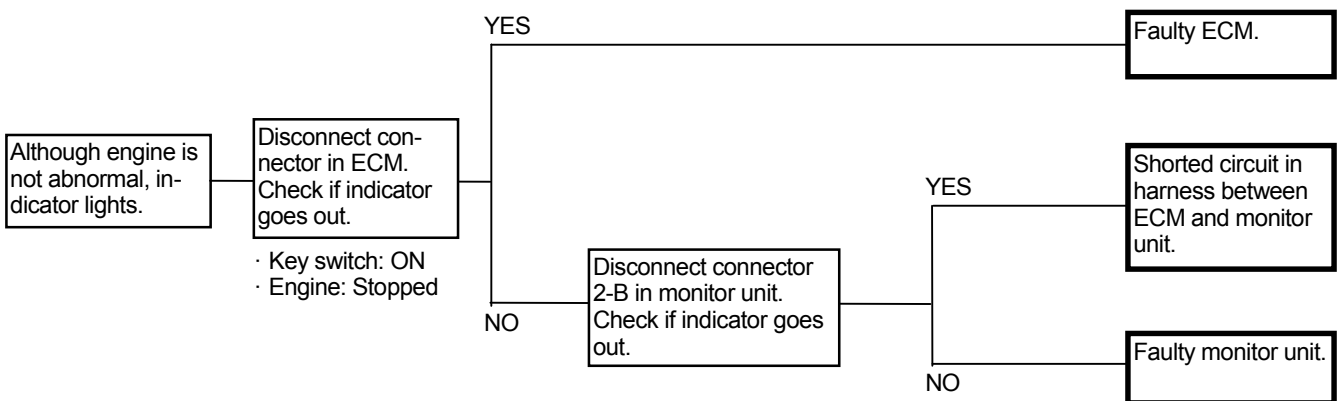
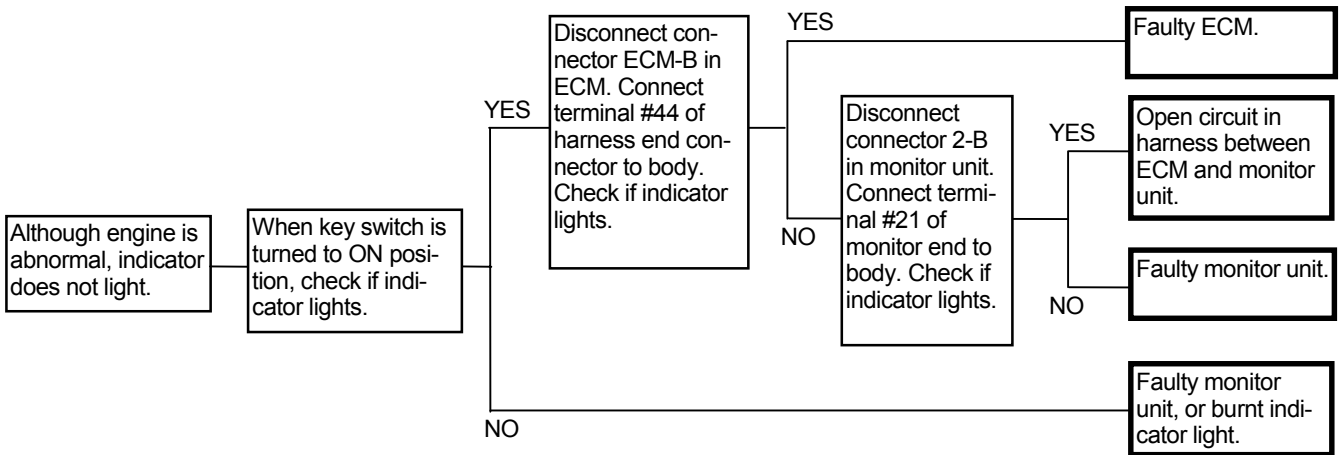


183-05-04-003

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting C

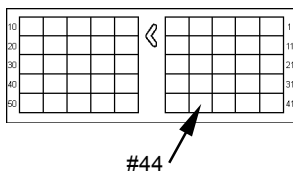
## MALFUNCTION OF ENGINE WARNING INDICATOR

Although the fault code is not displayed in ECM and if the trouble occurs, conduct this remedy.



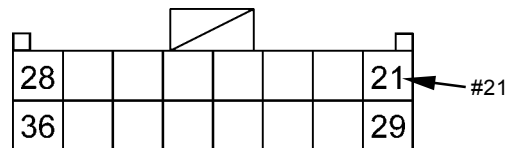
Connector (Harness end of connector viewed from the open end side)

Connector ECM-B



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Monitor Unit  
Connector 2-B



T4GB-05-05-002

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting C

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### MALFUNCTION OF STOP INDICATOR

- When the following troubles occur, the stop indicator lights in order to announce the trouble to the operator, stop the machine and repair the machine.
- Although the machine is repaired and if the stop indicator does not go out, other indicator on monitor must light. Refer to the pages corresponding to the indicator in this group or conduct the remedy according to Troubleshooting A.
- Although there is no trouble and if the stop indicator does not go out, the logic circuit in monitor unit may be faulty.

(When the abnormal value is detected, the stop indicator lights;)

- Low engine oil pressure
- Overheat of the engine (high temperature of engine coolant)
- Low level of service brake oil (low level of hydraulic oil tank)
- Low service brake oil pressure
- High temperature of transmission oil
- Low steering oil pressure
- High temperature of hydraulic oil

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting C

---

### MALFUNCTION OF SERVICE INDICATOR

- When the following troubles occur, the service indicator lights in order to announce the trouble to the operator, stop the machine and maintain the machine.
- Although the machine is maintained and if the service indicator does not go out, other indicator on monitor must light. Refer to the pages corresponding to the indicator in this group or conduct the remedy according to Troubleshooting A.
- Although there is no trouble and if the service indicator does not go out, the logic circuit in monitor unit may be faulty.

(When the abnormal value is detected, the service indicator lights;)

- Faulty generation of the alternator
- Clogged air filter
- Emergency steering operation
- Lighting the engine warning indicator
- Lighting the transmission warning indicator
- Lighting the maintenance indicator
- High temperature of axle oil

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting C

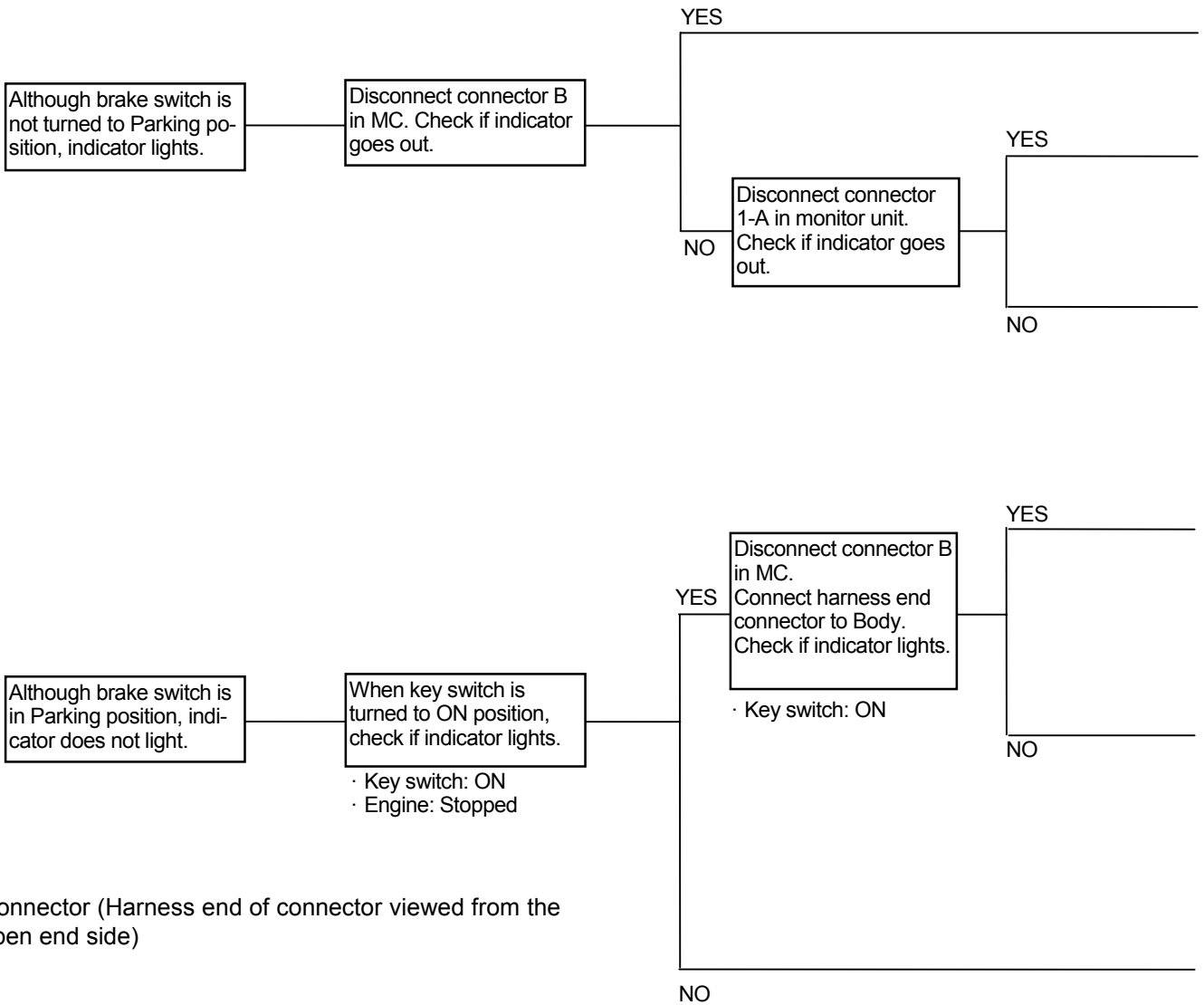
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# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting C

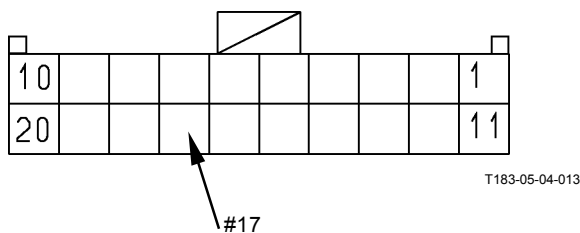
## MALFUNCTION OF PARKING BRAKE INDICATOR

- Although the fault code is not displayed in MC and if the trouble occurs, conduct this remedy.

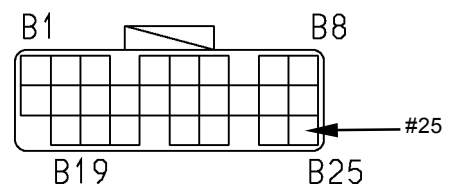


Connector (Harness end of connector viewed from the open end side)

Monitor Unit  
Connector 1-A



MC  
Connector B



## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting C

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Faulty MC.

Shorted circuit in harness between monitor unit and MC.

Faulty monitor unit.

Faulty MC.

Connect the disconnected connector.  
Connect terminal #17 of connector 1-A in monitor unit to body. Check if indicator lights.

- Key switch: ON
- Without disconnecting connector, connect to body by using a clip from the rear of connector.

YES

Open circuit in harness between monitor unit and MC.

NO

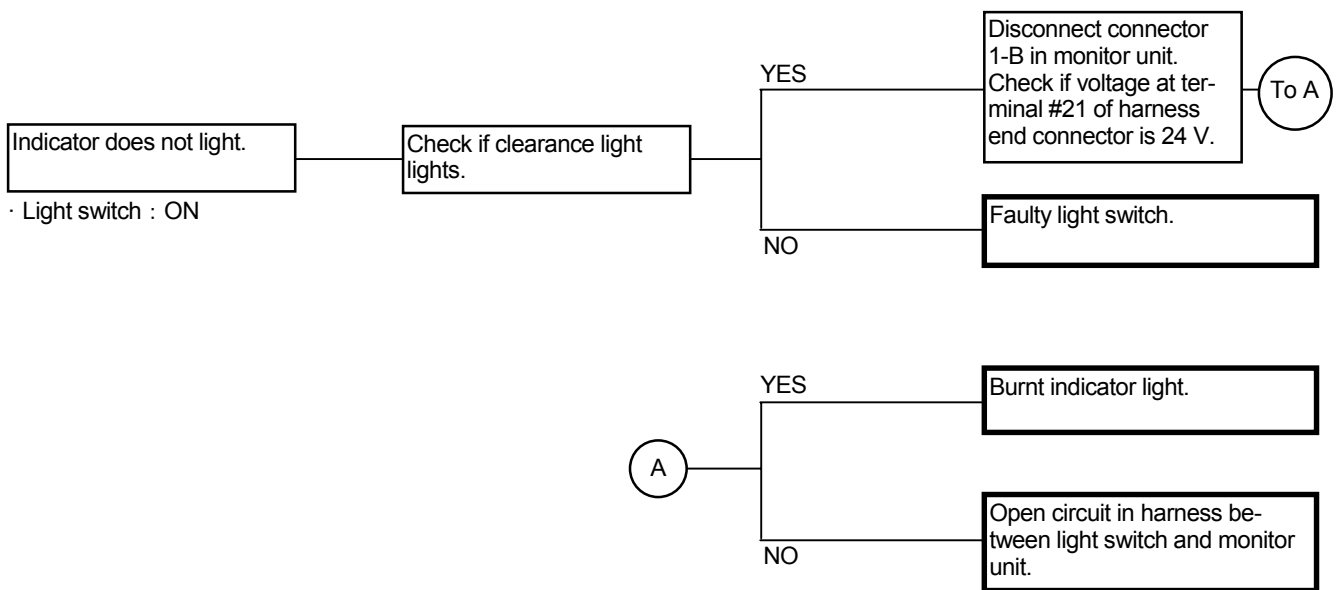
Faulty monitor unit.

Faulty monitor unit, or burnt indicator light.

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting C

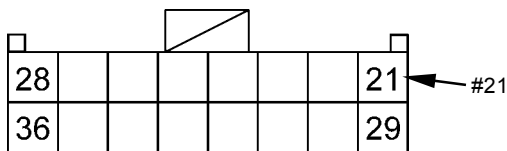
### MALFUNCTION OF CLEARANCE LIGHT INDICATOR

- If the light switch is OFF and the clearance light and indicator light, the light switch may be faulty or the harness between light switch and clearance light or monitor unit may be shorted.
- Check the wiring connections first.



Connector (Harness end of connector viewed from the open end side)

Monitor Unit  
Connector 1-B



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## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting C

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### MALFUNCTION OF BRAKE LOW OIL PRESSURE INDICATOR

- When this trouble occurs, the fault code corresponding to the service brake pressure switch in monitor unit must be displayed. Refer to Troubleshooting A and conduct the remedy for this trouble.
- Although the fault code is not displayed and if the trouble occurs, the monitor unit may be faulty.

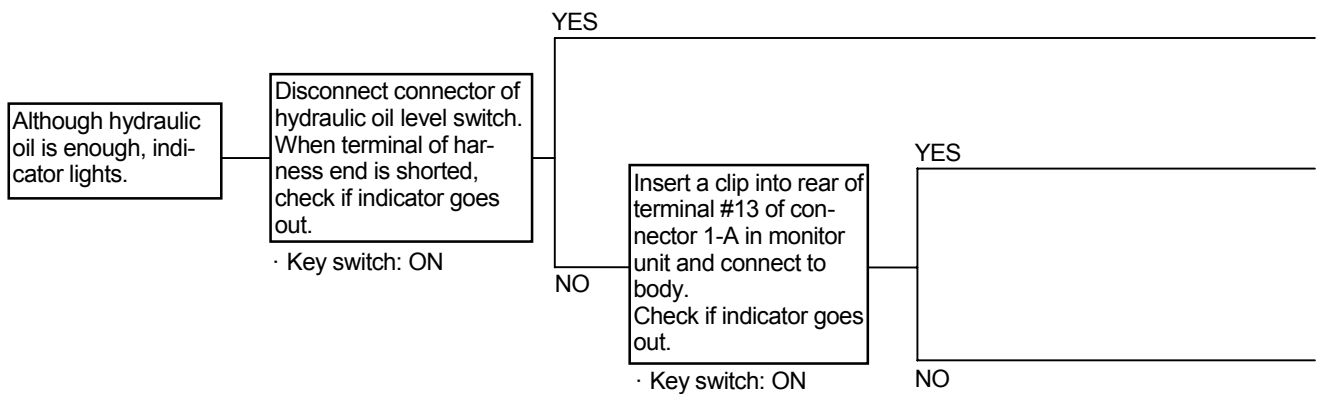
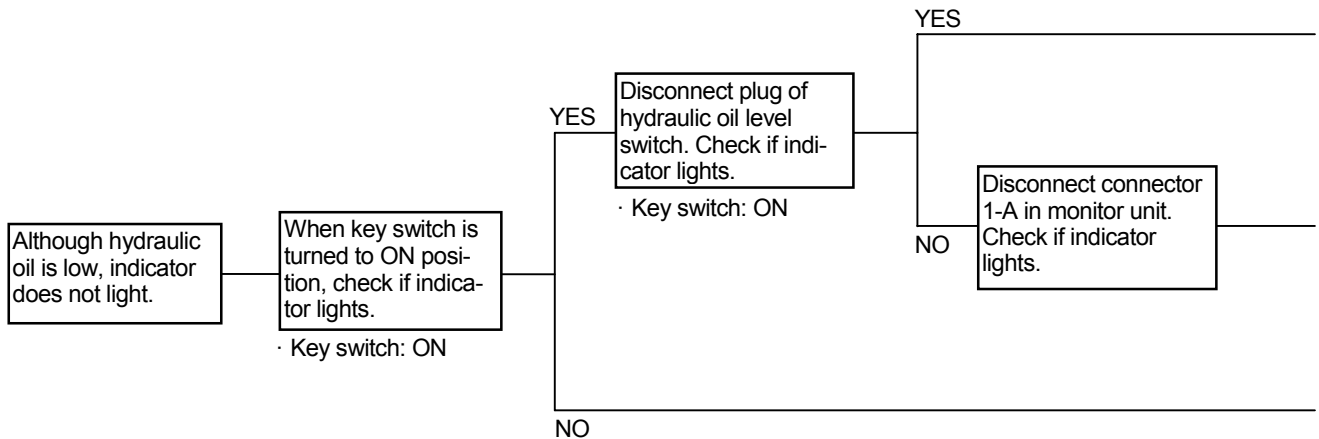
#### Service Brake Pressure Switch

Pressure	Voltage	Operation
10 MPa (82 kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> ) or higher	1.32 V or higher	OFF
Less than 8 MPa (102 kgf/cm <sup>2</sup> )	Less than 1.15 V	ON

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting C

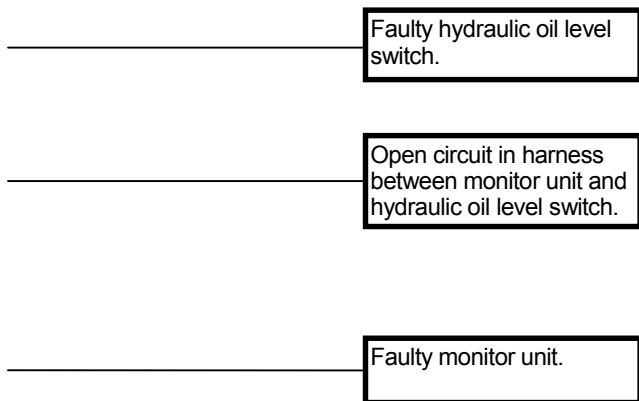
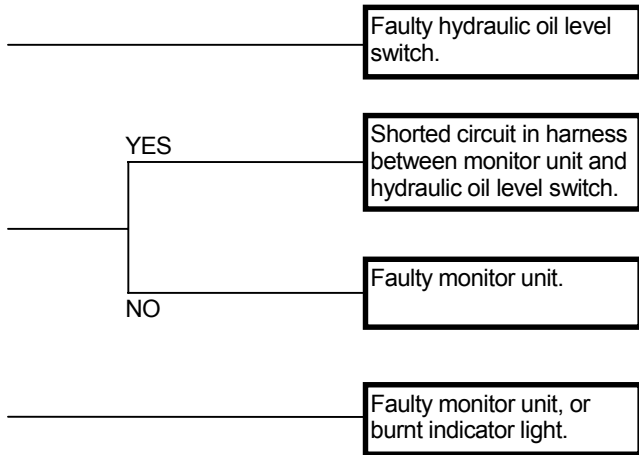
### MALFUNCTION OF BRAKE LOW OIL LEVEL INDICATOR

- Check the wiring connections first.



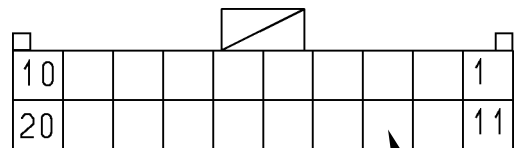
# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting C

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Connector (Harness end of connector viewed from the open end side)

Monitor Unit  
Connector 1-A

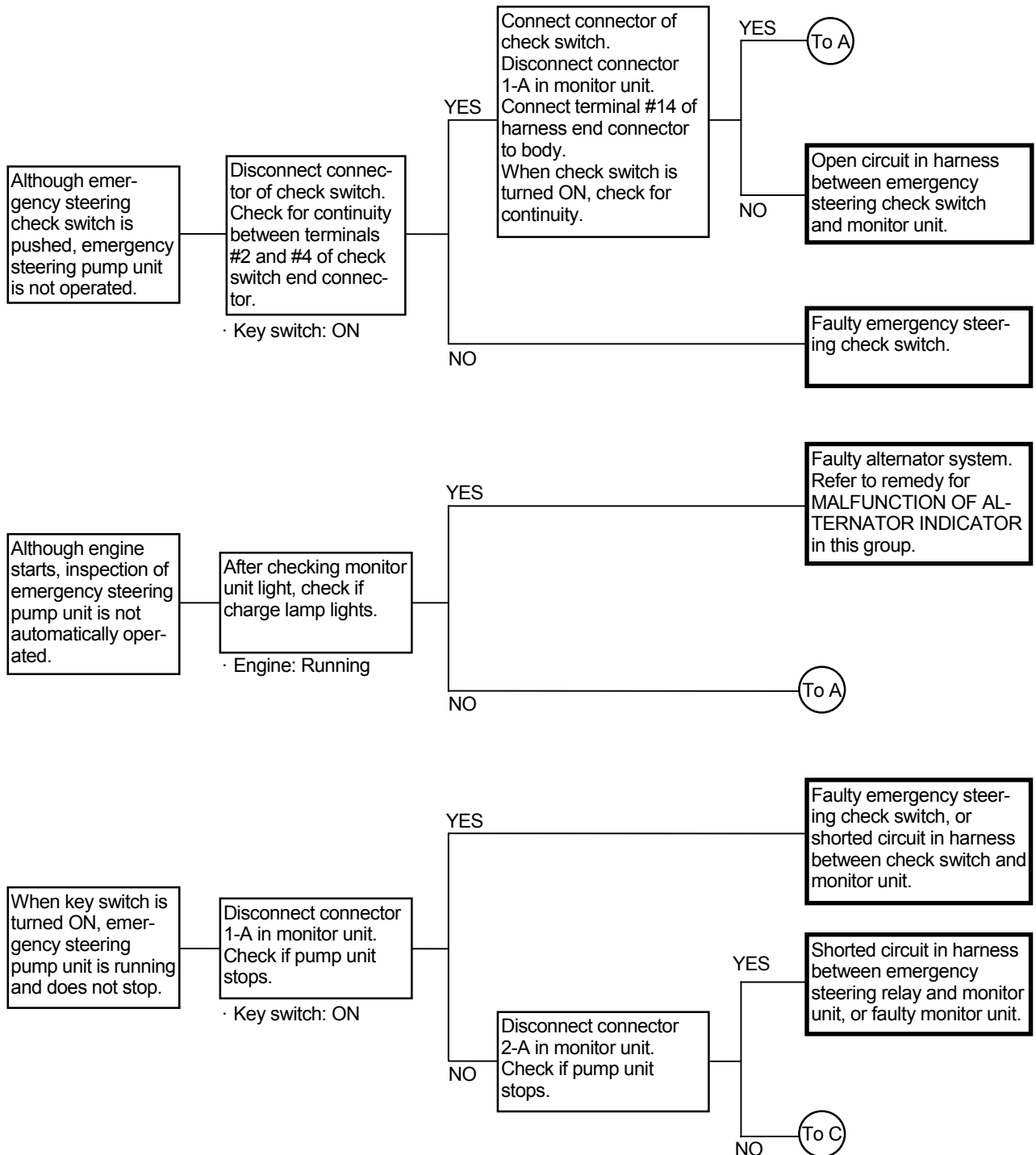


T183-05-04-013

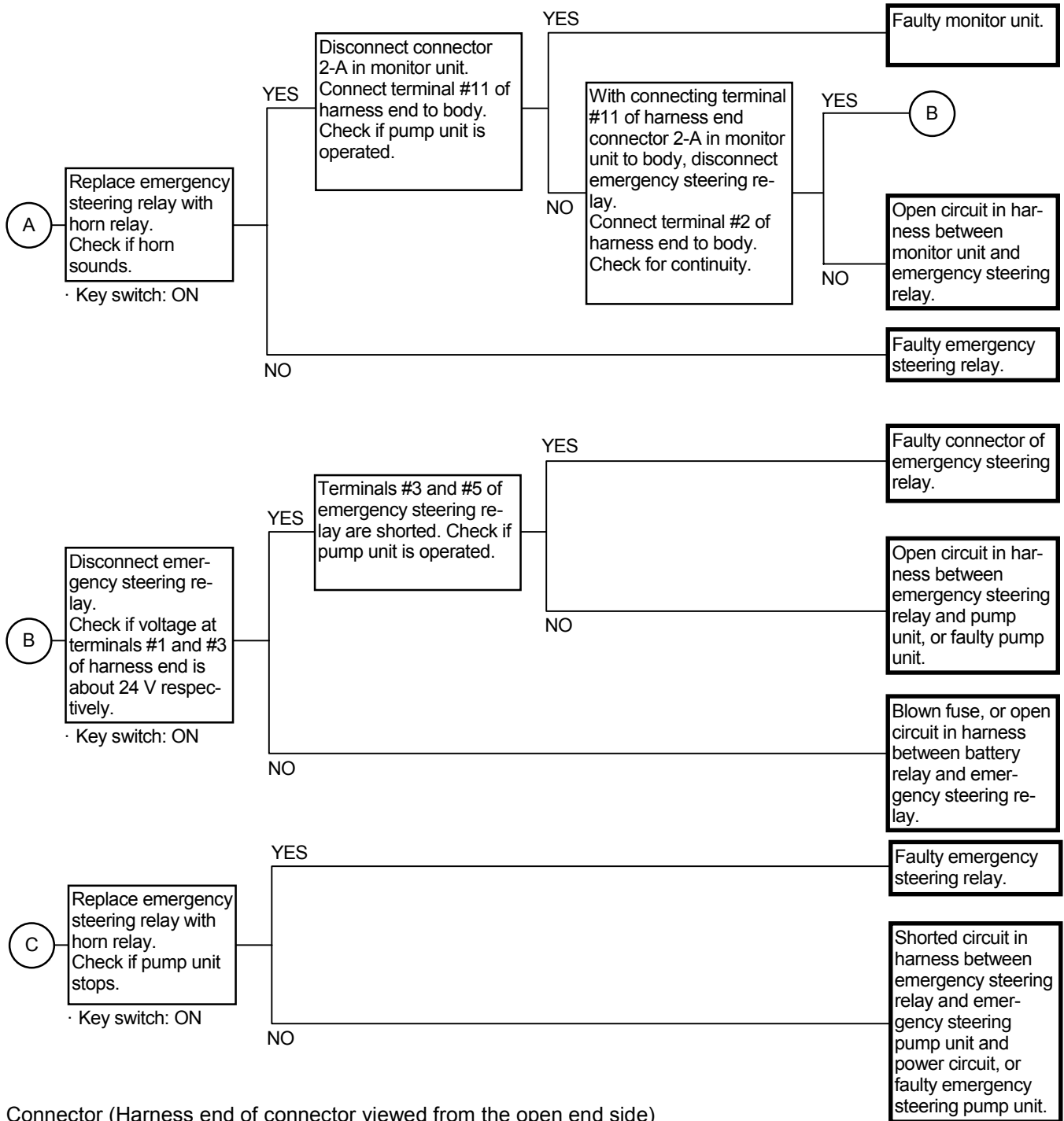
## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting C

### MALFUNCTION OF EMERGENCY STEERING INDICATOR (OPTIONAL)

- After checking if the fault code is not displayed on Troubleshooting by Dr. ZX, conduct this remedy.

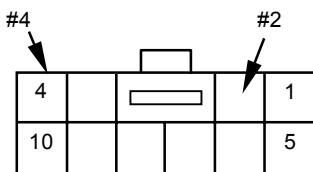


# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting C

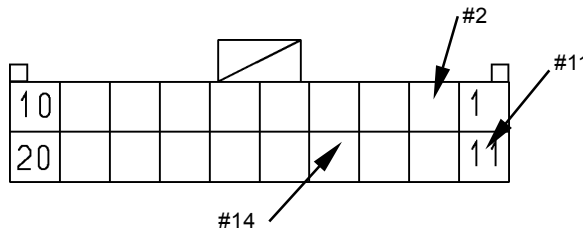


Connector (Harness end of connector viewed from the open end side)

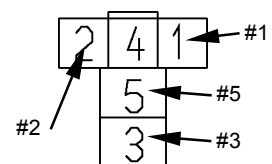
Emergency Steering Check Switch Connector



Monitor Unit Connector 1-A  
Connector 2-A



Emergency Steering Relay Connector



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T183-05-04-003

## **TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting C**

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### **MALFUNCTION OF LOW STEERING OIL PRESSURE INDICATOR (Optional)**

- When this trouble occurs, the fault code corresponding to the emergency steering pressure switch in monitor unit must be displayed. Refer to Troubleshooting A and conduct the remedy.
- Although the fault code is not displayed and if the trouble occurs, the monitor unit may be faulty.

## **TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting C**


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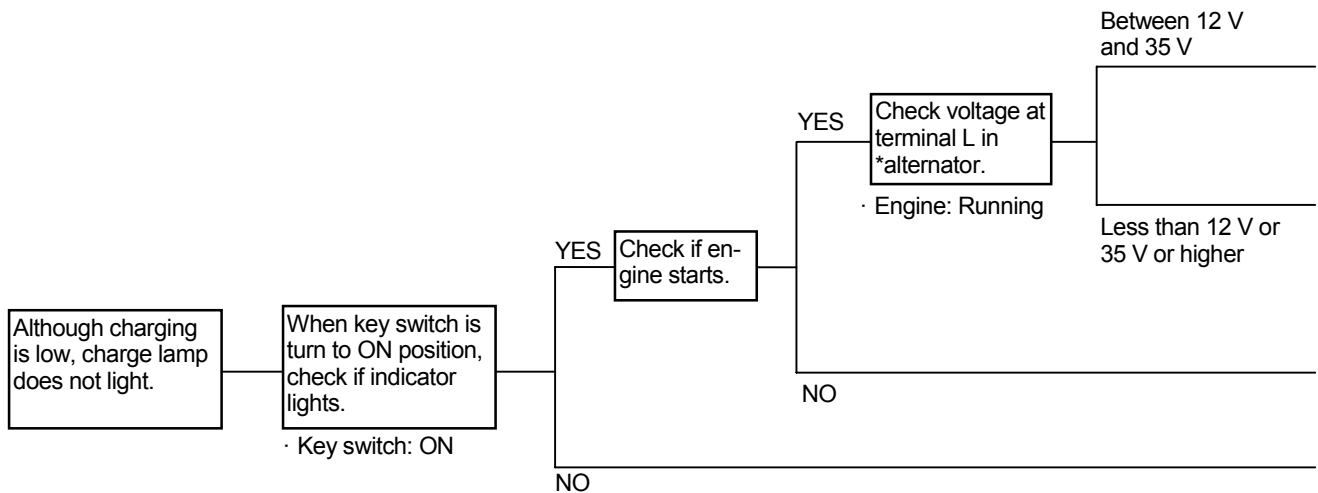
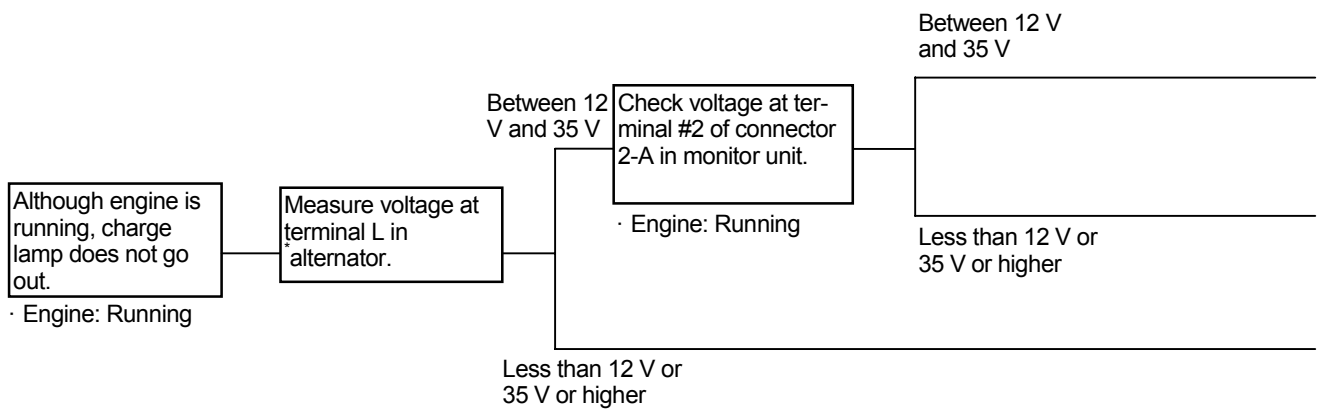
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## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting C

### MALFUNCTION OF DISCHARGE WARNING INDICATOR

- Check the wiring connections first.

 **NOTE:** \*Terminals L in the alternator are water-resistant type connectors so that it is not practical to measure voltage at these terminals. Measure voltage at terminal R in starter relay. Check for continuity between terminal R in starter relay and terminal L in the alternator first.

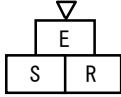




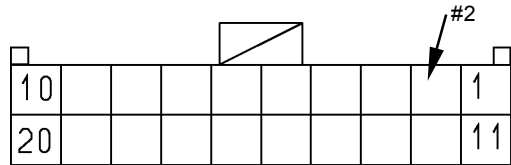
# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting C

Connector (Harness end of connector viewed from the open end side)

Starter Relay  
Connector A



Monitor Unit  
Connector 2-A



T183-05-04-013

\_\_\_\_\_ Faulty monitor unit.

\_\_\_\_\_ Faulty harness between terminal L in alternator and monitor unit.

\_\_\_\_\_ Faulty regulator, or faulty alternator.

Check voltage at terminal #2 of connector 2-A in monitor unit.  
· Engine: Running

Between 12 V and 35 V	Faulty monitor unit.
Less than 12 V or 35 V or higher	Faulty harness between terminal L in alternator and monitor unit.
	Faulty alternator.

\_\_\_\_\_ Refer to Engine System Troubleshooting in Troubleshooting B.

\_\_\_\_\_ Faulty monitor unit, or faulty charge lamp.

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting C

### MALFUNCTION OF MONITOR DISPLAY

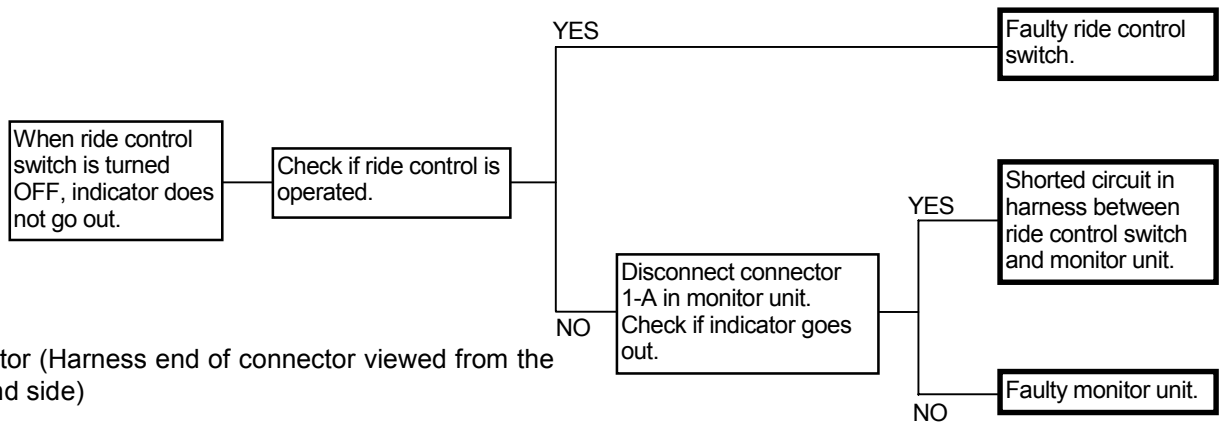
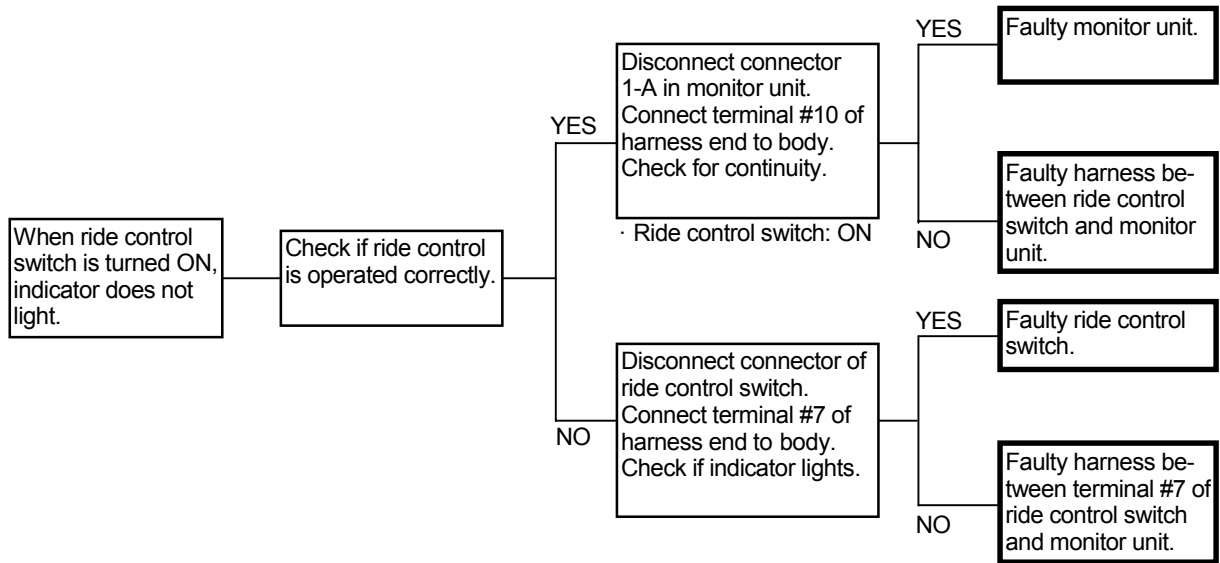
- The data on monitor display is not displayed by the signal directly input from the sensors except one part. The signal data which inputs to other controllers from the sensors once is input to the monitor unit by using CAN and is proceeded in the logic circuit of monitor unit. Therefore, check if the CAN communication is normal first and check if the sensors corresponding to the trouble are normal.

Description		Cause of Trouble	
Data on liquid crystal display	Neutral indicator	If the data of monitoring function can be displayed on Dr. ZX, CAN communication between monitor unit and other controllers is faulty. If the data cannot be displayed on Dr. ZX, the sensor system detecting the related signal is faulty. (As for the machine, some trouble must occur. Refer to Troubleshooting A and conduct the remedy.)	
	FNR indicator		
	Driving mode indicator		
	Hold indicator		
	Speedometer		
	Automatic mode indicator		
	Clutch cut-off indicator		
	Ride control indicator	Refer to T5-7-51.	
Data on data display	Model	Displayed only when starting on service mode	If the data of monitoring function can be displayed on Dr. ZX, CAN communication between monitor unit and other controllers is faulty. If the data cannot be displayed on Dr. ZX, the sensor system detecting the related signal is faulty. (As for the machine, some trouble must occur. Refer to Troubleshooting A and conduct the remedy.)
	Clock (24 hours)		
	Fuel consumption amount		
	Average fuel consumption amount		
	Odometer	Displayed only when starting on service mode	
	Engine speed	Displayed only when starting on service mode	
	Hydraulic oil temperature	Displayed only when starting on service mode	
	Fault code	Displayed only when starting on service mode	
	Transmission oil temperature	Displayed only when starting on service mode	
	Other data	Displayed only when starting on normal mode	
	• Remainder time that hydraulic oil can be used		As for these troubles, the liquid crystal display in monitor unit may be faulty or the logic circuit may be faulty.
	• Remainder time that hydraulic oil filter can be used		
	• Remainder time that transmission oil can be used		
	• Remainder time that transmission oil filter can be used		
	Remainder time that engine oil can be used		
	Remainder time that engine oil filter can be used		
Remainder time that fuel filter can be used			
Hour meter			
		The alternator is faulty, the harness between terminal L in the alternator and terminal #2 of connector 2-A in monitor unit is faulty, or the clock circuit in monitor unit may be faulty.	
Coolant temperature	Displayed only when starting on service mode	Refer to T5-7-52.	

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting C

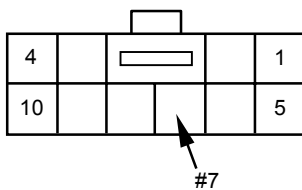
## MALFUNCTION OF RIDE CONTROL INDICATOR

- Check the wiring connections first.

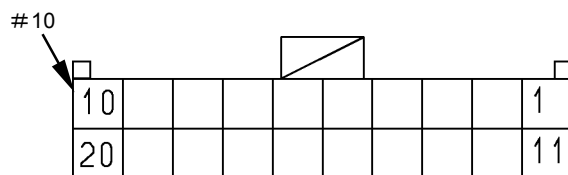


Connector (Harness end of connector viewed from the open end side)

Ride Control Switch Connector



Monitor Unit Connector 1-A



T183-05-04-013

## **TROUBLESHOOTING / Troubleshooting C**

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### **MALFUNCTION OF ENGINE COOLANT TEMPERATURE DISPLAY**

- This trouble on coolant temperature operation and data on monitor display is displayed according to the signal from the same coolant temperature sensors. Therefore, when this trouble occurs, the coolant temperature operation must be faulty. Refer to the remedy for MALFUNCTION OF COOLANT TEMPERATURE in this group and remedy this trouble first. Although the coolant temperature operation is not faulty and if this trouble occurs, the monitor unit is faulty.

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Electrical System Inspection

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### PRECAUTIONS FOR INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE

1. Disconnect the power source.

Disconnect the harness from the negative terminal side in battery first when taking wire harnesses and connectors off for repair or replacement work.


Failure to do so can result in damage to the wire harnesses, fuses and fusible links and, in some cases, cause fire due to short circuiting.

2. Color coding of wire harnesses.

As for the color codes of wire harnesses in the electrical system, refer to the table below.

In cases on the design sheet where two colors are indicated for one wire, the left initial stands for base color, while the right initial stands for marking color.

Code	Color	Code	Color
R	Red	W	White
L	Blue	G	Green
Or	Orange	Lg	Light green
Y	Yellow	B	Black
Br	Brown	P	Pink
Gr	Gray	V	Violet

-  **NOTE:** 1) Code BW indicates a black base wire with white fine-line marking.
- 2) Initials "O" and "Or" both stand for the color orange.
- 3) Wires with longitudinal stripes printed on them are not color coded. Do not confuse them with color coded wires.

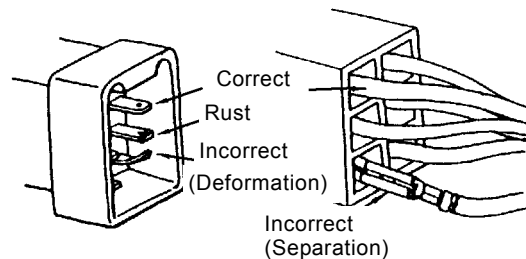
## TROUBLESHOOTING / Electrical System Inspection

### 3. Precautions for connecting and disconnecting terminal connectors.

- 1) When disconnecting the harnesses, grasp them by their connectors. Do not pull on the wire itself. Release the lock first before attempting to separate the connectors, if a lock is provided. (Refer to Instructions for Disconnecting Connector on T5-8-3.)
- 2) The water-resistant connectors keep water out. If water enters them, water will not easily drain from them. When checking the water-resistant connectors, take extra care not to allow water to enter the connectors. In case water should enter the connectors, reconnect only after the connectors are thoroughly dried.
- 3) Before connecting the terminal connectors, check that no terminals are bent or coming off. In addition, as most connectors are made of brass, check that no terminals are rusting.
- 4) When connecting terminal connectors provided with a lock, insert them together until the lock "clicks."
- 5) Pull the harness near the connector in order to check if it is correctly connected.



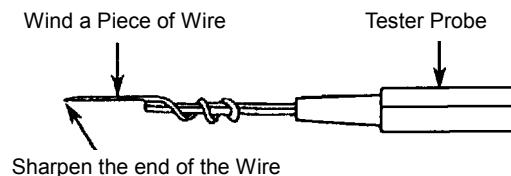
T107-07-06-001



T107-07-06-002

### 4. Precaution for using a circuit tester.

- 1) Before using a circuit tester, refer to the instructions in the circuit tester manual. Then, set the circuit tester to meet the object to be measured, voltage range and current polarity.
- 2) Before starting the connector test, always check the connector terminal numbers, referring to the circuit diagram. When the connector size is very small, and the standard probe size is too large to be used for testing, wind a fine piece of sharpened wire or a pin around the probe to make the test easier.
- 3) When checking the connector by using a tester, insert a tester probe from the harness end of the connector in order not to damage the terminal inside the connector.




T107-07-06-003

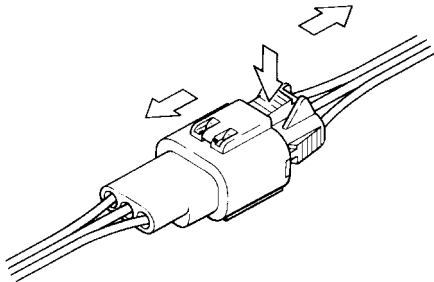
## TROUBLESHOOTING / Electrical System Inspection

### INSTRUCTIONS FOR DISCONNECTING CONNECTORS

- Push, Unlock and Separate Type

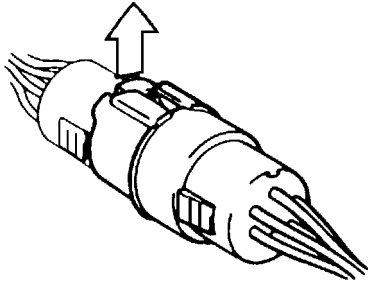
 **NOTE:** The connectors will not be easily separated although the lock is pushed while being pulled. Push the lock first before pulling the connectors.

The lock is located on the female side connector (harness end side).

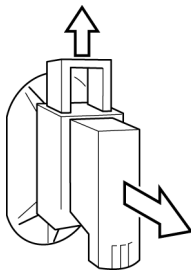


T107-04-05-002

- Raise Lock, Pull and Separate Type

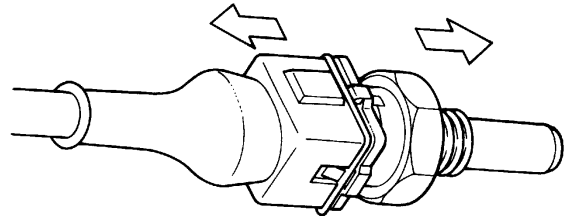


T107-04-05-003



T4GB-05-06-003

- Pull and Separate Type




T107-04-05-004

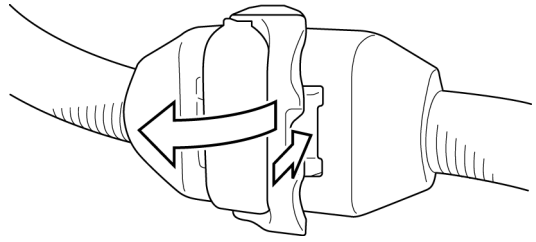
**IMPORTANT:** Before pulling and separating, release the lock of the connector in the solenoid valve by using a pair of pincers.

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Electrical System Inspection

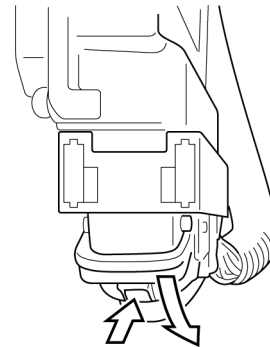
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- Unlock, Move the Lever and Pull Type

 **NOTE:** When unlocking, release the lock by one hand, slowly pull the lever by another hand, and separate the connector.




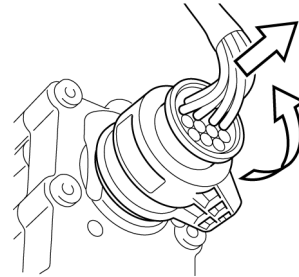
T4GB-05-06-001



T4GB-05-06-002

- Rotate the Lock and Pull Type

 **NOTE:** Pinch the harness end connector, rotate the projection part counterclockwise while pushing, and separate the connector.



T4GB-05-06-007



## **TROUBLESHOOTING / Electrical System Inspection**

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## TROUBLESHOOTING / Electrical System Inspection

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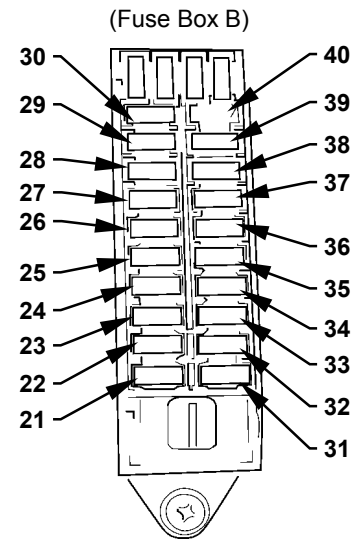
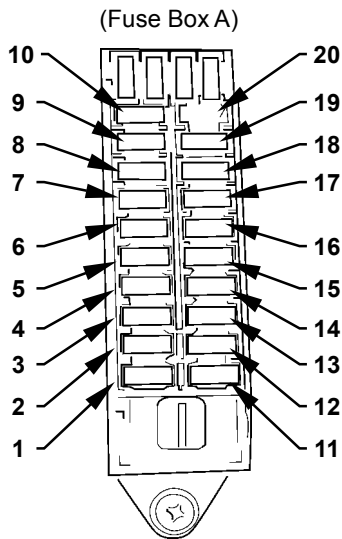
### FUSE INSPECTION

Cracks in a fuse are so fine that it is very difficult or impossible to find by visual inspection. Use a tester in order to correctly inspect fuse continuity. Inspect the fuse by following the instructions described below.

1. Turn the key switch ON.  
When the key switch is turned ON, current from terminal M of key switch activates the battery relay so that electric power is supplied to all circuits except the air intake relay. (Refer to the circuit diagram.)
2. Remove the fuse box cover. Set the tester voltage in order to meet the circuit specification to be measured.  
(Measurement Range: 0 to 30 V)
3. Ground the negative probe of the tester to the machine. Touch the terminals located away from the center of the fuse box with the positive probe of tester one at a time. When normal continuity of a fuse is intact, the tester will indicate 20 to 25 V (battery voltage).

 **NOTE:** *All terminals located along the lengthwise centerline of the fuse box are connected to the power source, while terminals located away from the center of the fuse box are connected to loads (accessories). Therefore, test all fuses in the same method.*

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Electrical System Inspection



M178-07-034

M178-07-034

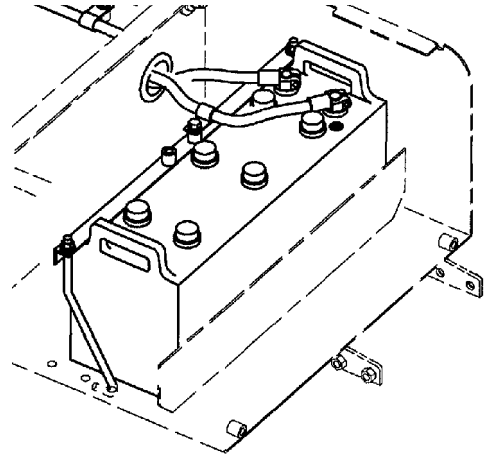
Fuse NO.	Capacity	Connected to
1	20 A	Option (Seat Heater)
2	10 A	12V Converter
3	10 A	Option 1
4	15 A	Wiper (Front)
5	5 A	Head Light (Right)
6	10 A	Cigar Lighter
7	5 A	ECM
8	10 A	Controller Power Source
9	20 A	Working Light (Rear)
10	5 A	Air Conditioner 1
11	5 A	Reverse Light / Reverse Buzzer
12	10 A	Brake Lamp
13	20 A	Working Light (Front)
14	10 A	Horn
15	5 A	Head Light (Left)
16	15 A	Option (Side Wiper 1)
17	15 A	Option (Side Wiper 2)
18	15 A	Option (Window Heater (Front))
19	20 A	Option (Window Heater (Side))
20	15 A	Option (Window Heater (Rear))
21	10A	Option (Fog Lamp)
22	5A	Parking Brake Relay
23	10A	Option 2
24	20A	Air Conditioner 2
25	10A	Wiper (Rear)
26	10A	Emergency Steering Pump Unit
27	20A	Ignition
28	15A	Flusher
29	5A	Load Damp Relay
30	5A	Radio
31	10A	Option (Beacon Light)
32	10A	High Beam
33	10A	Option 3
34	10A	Controller
35	30A	ECM Power Source
36	5A	Clearance Lamp 1
37	5A	Clearance Lamp 2
38	10A	MC
39	10A	Option (Control Unit Power Source)
40	5A	Monitor Unit

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Electrical System Inspection

### FUSIBLE LINK INSPECTION

#### Inspection

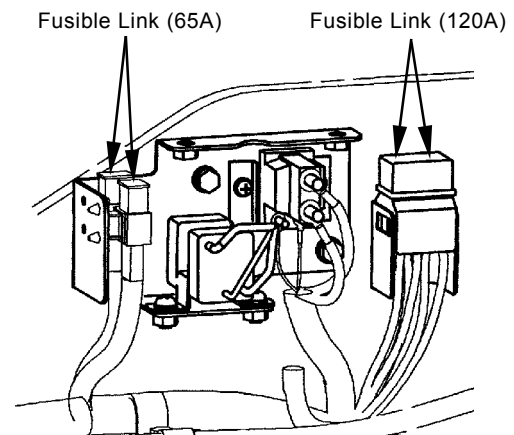
1. Open either battery box cover from right of the machine. Disconnect the negative cable from the battery.
2. Open the engine cover on left side of the machine with the front attachment side facing forward.
3. Remove bolts (M10) (2 used) from the L type cover. Remove the cover. There are fusible links (65A) (2 used).
4. Open the black box. There are fusible links (50A) (2 used).
5. Visually inspect the fusible link.
6. Connect the negative cable to the battery.



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#### Replacement

1. Check if the negative cable is disconnected from either battery box from right of the machine.
2. Open the engine cover on left side of the machine with the front attachment side facing forward.
3. Remove bolts (M10) (2 used) from the L type cover. Remove the cover. There are fusible links (65A) (2 used).
4. Open the black box. There are fusible links (50A) (2 used).
5. Pull out and replace the fusible link.
6. Connect the negative cable to the battery.



T4GD-05-08-001


## TROUBLESHOOTING / Electrical System Inspection

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### BATTERY VOLTAGE CHECK


1. Turn the key switch OFF.
2. Open the battery box cover on left side of the machine with the front attachment side facing forward.
3. Check voltage between the battery positive terminal and the vehicle frame (ground).

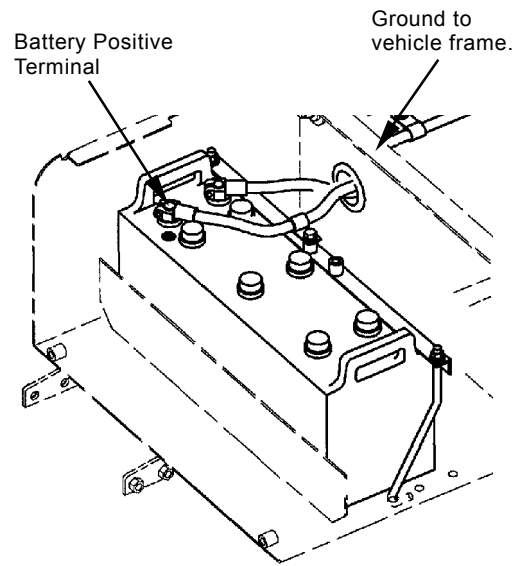
Normal Voltage: 24 V

 *NOTE: If voltage is abnormal, recharge or replace the battery.*

4. Start the engine. Check voltage between the battery positive terminal and the vehicle frame (ground).

Normal Voltage: 26 to 28 V

 *NOTE: If voltage is abnormal, check the charging system.*



T4GD-05-08-002

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Electrical System Inspection

### ALTERNATOR CHECK

In general, the alternator indicator remains off when the alternator is generating power.

If the alternator indicator comes on while the engine is running, the alternator may be faulty.

#### How to Check Alternator

1. Turn the key switch to the ON position. Confirm that the alternator indicator comes on.
2. Measure voltage between terminals B and G of the alternator.

If the measured voltage is around 24 V, the alternator circuit can be considered normal.

If the measured voltage is low, a shortage in battery capacity or looseness of the wire connectors of alternator circuit might be cause of the malfunction.

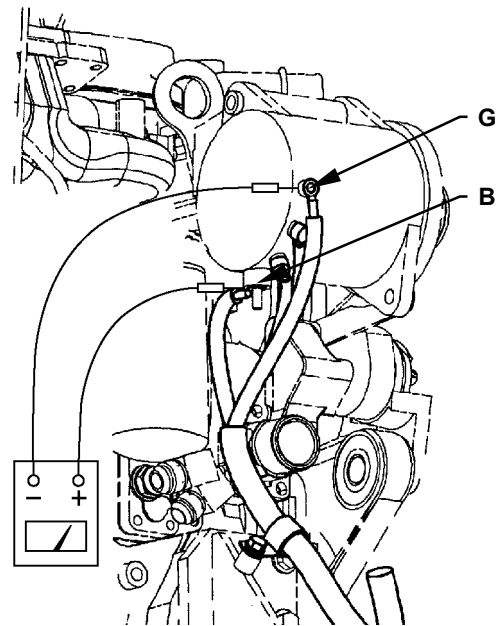
When voltage is 0 V, the wiring between fuse box and alternator or the ground line to the alternator might be open circuit.

3. Next, start the engine and measure voltage generated while as the alternator rotates.

As described above, measure voltage between terminals B and G on the end of the alternator.

If voltage is around 28 V, the alternator is operating normally.

If the measured voltage is equal to battery voltage (around 24V), there is some trouble with the alternator or the regulator.



T4GD-05-08-003

## **TROUBLESHOOTING / Electrical System Inspection**

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# TROUBLESHOOTING / Electrical System Inspection


## CONTINUITY CHECK

### Single-line continuity check

Disconnect both end connectors of the harness and check continuity between both ends:

If the ohm-meter reading is:  $0 \Omega$  = Continuity

$\infty \Omega$  = Discontinuity

 **NOTE:** When the one end connector is far apart from the other, connect one end of connector (A) to the machine chassis by using a clip. Then, check continuity of the harness through the vehicle frame as illustrated.

If the ohm-meter reading is:  $0 \Omega$  = Continuity

$\infty \Omega$  = Discontinuity

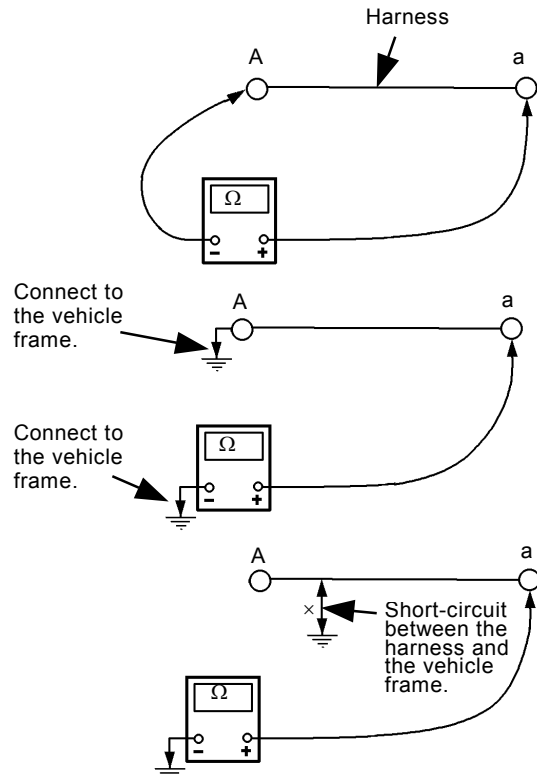
### Single-line short-circuit check

Disconnect both end connectors of the harness and check continuity between one end connector of the harness and the vehicle frame:

If the ohm-meter reading is:

$0 \Omega$  = Short circuit is present.

$\infty \Omega$  = No short circuit is present.




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## TROUBLESHOOTING / Electrical System Inspection

### Multi-line continuity check

Disconnect both end connectors of the harness, and short-circuit two terminals, (A) and (B), at one end connector, as illustrated. Then, check continuity between terminals (a) and (b) at the other connector. If the ohm-meter reading is  $\infty \Omega$ , either line (A) - (a), or (B) - (b) is in discontinuity. To find out which line is discontinued, conduct the single line continuity check on both the lines individually, or, after changing the short-circuit terminals from (A) - (B) to (A) - (C), check continuity once more between terminals (a) and (c).

 **NOTE:** By conducting the multi-line continuity check twice, it is possible to find out which line is discontinued. With terminals (A) and (C) short-circuited, check continuity between terminals (a) and (c).

If the ohm-meter reading is:

$0 \Omega$  = Line (B) - (b) has discontinuity.

$\infty \Omega$  = Line (A) - (a) has discontinuity.

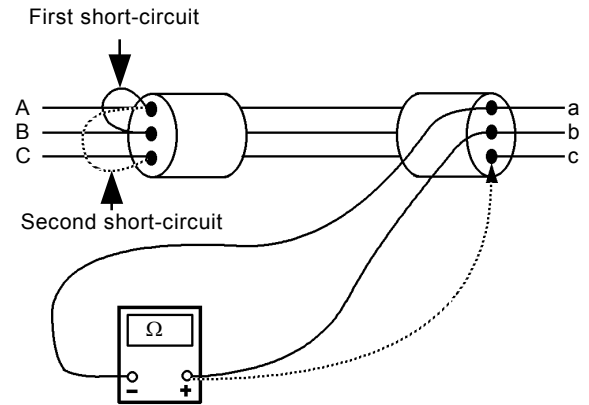
### Multi-line short-circuit check

Disconnect both end connectors of the harness, and check continuity between terminals (A) and (B) or (C).

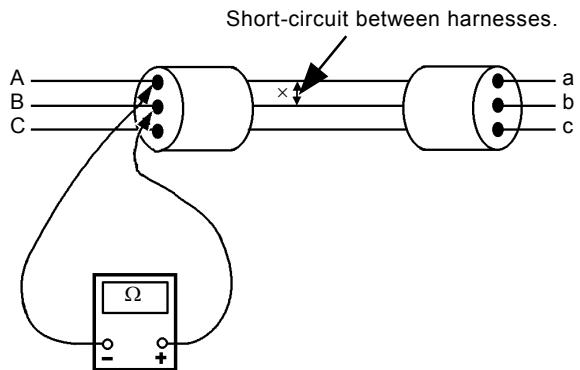
If the ohm-meter reading is:

$0 \Omega$  = Short-circuit exists between the lines.

$\infty \Omega$  = No short-circuit exists between the lines.



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T107-07-05-005

## TROUBLESHOOTING / Electrical System Inspection

### VOLTAGE AND CURRENT MEASUREMENT

Turn each switch ON so that the specified voltage (current) is supplied to the location to be measured. Judge if the circuit is normal by evaluating whether the measured voltage (current) matches the specification.

#### 24-Volt Circuit

**Start checking the circuit in order up to the location to be measured from either power source or actuator side. Thereby, the faulty location in the circuit will be found.**


Black Probe (Negative) of Tester:

To ground to the vehicle frame

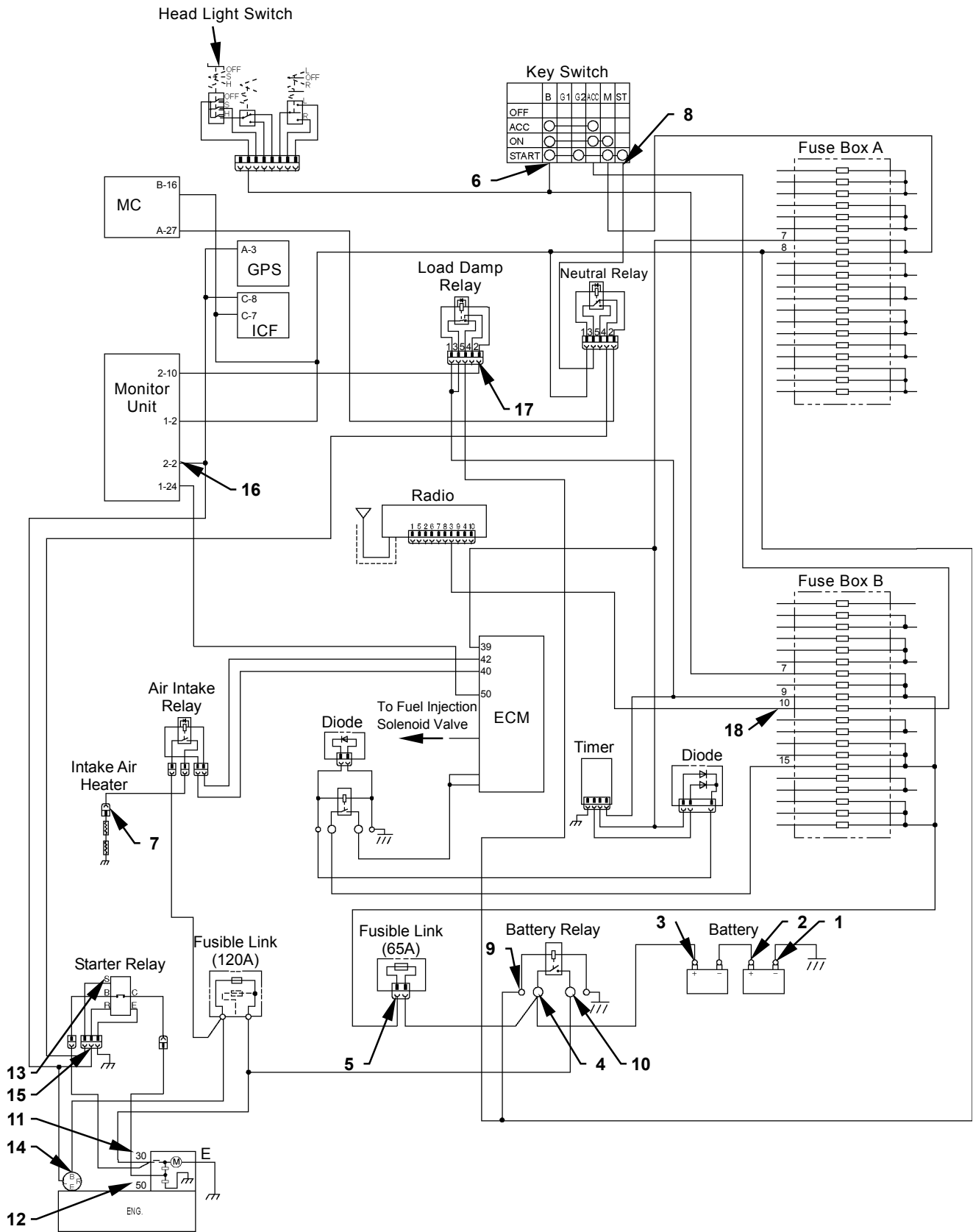
Red Probe (Positive) of Tester:

To touch the location to be measured

Engine	Key Switch	Location to be Measured	Specification
<b>Power Source Circuit</b>			
Stopped	OFF	Between (2) and (1): One Battery	10 to 12.5 V
Stopped	OFF	Between (3) and (2): One Battery	10 to 12.5 V
Stopped	OFF	Between (3) and (1): Two Batteries	20 to 25 V
Stopped	OFF	Between (4) and Ground: Battery / Power Source	20 to 25 V
Stopped	OFF	Between (5) and Ground: Fusible Link	20 to 25 V
Stopped	OFF	Between (1) and Ground: Backup Current*	6 mA
<b>Preheat Circuit</b>			
Started	START	Between (6) and Ground: Key Switch	20 to 25 V
Started	START	Between (7) and Ground: Intake Air Heater	20 to 25 V
<b>Starting Circuit</b>			
Started	START	Between (8) and Ground: Key Switch	20 to 25 V
Started	START	Between (9) and Ground: Battery Relay (Coil)	20 to 25 V
Started	START	Between (10) and Ground: Battery Relay (Switch)	20 to 25 V
Started	START	Between (11) and Ground: Starter (B)	20 to 25 V
Started	START	Between (12) and Ground: Starter (S)	20 to 25 V
Started	START	Between (13) and Ground: Starter Relay (S)	20 to 25 V
<b>Charging Circuit</b>			
Fast Speed	ON	Between (14) and Ground: Alternator (B) / Generating Voltage	26 to 30 V
Fast Speed	ON	Between (10) and Ground: Battery Relay / Generating Voltage	26 to 30 V
Fast Speed	ON	Between (15) and Ground: Generating Voltage	13 to 30 V
Fast Speed	ON	Between (16) and Ground: Monitor	13 to 30 V
<b>Surge Voltage Prevention Circuit</b>			
Idle Speed	ON→OFF	Between (14) and Ground: Alternator (B)	26 to 30 V
Idle Speed	ON→OFF	Between (15) and Ground: Starter Relay (R)	13 to 30 V
Idle Speed	ON→OFF	Between (17) and Ground: Load Damp Relay	26 to 30 V
Idle Speed	ON→OFF	Between (10) and Ground: Battery Relay	26 to 30 V
<b>Accessory Circuit</b>			
Stopped	ON	Between (18) and Ground: Radio	20 to 25 V

 **NOTE:** \*Measure after disconnecting the negative cable from the battery.

# TROUBLESHOOTING / Electrical System Inspection



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## TROUBLESHOOTING / Electrical System Inspection

### 5V Circuit

- **Voltage between terminal #1 and the vehicle frame**

With the key switch turned OFF, disconnect the connector.

Measure voltage between the terminal of 5V power source on the machine harness end connector and the vehicle frame (ground).

- Key switch: ON
- Tester black probe (negative):  
Vehicle frame (ground)
- Tester red probe (positive):  
Terminal of 5V power source

Evaluation:

If the measured voltage is within  $5\pm 0.5$  V, the circuit up to the terminal of 5V power source is normal.

**IMPORTANT:** Although terminal #1 is the terminal of 5V power source on the illustration, all the terminals are not terminals of 5V power source. Before measurement, check the electrical circuit diagram for the connector to be measured.

- **Voltage between terminal #1 and the ground terminal**

With the key switch turned OFF, disconnect the sensor connector.

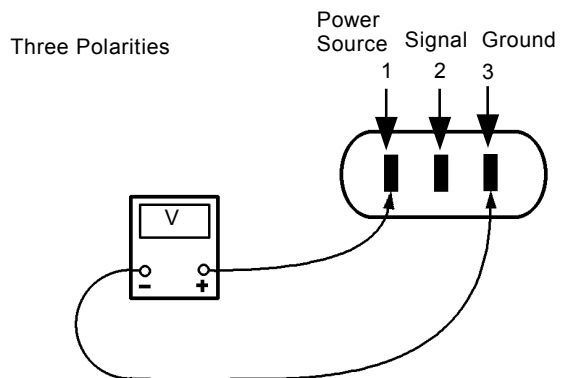
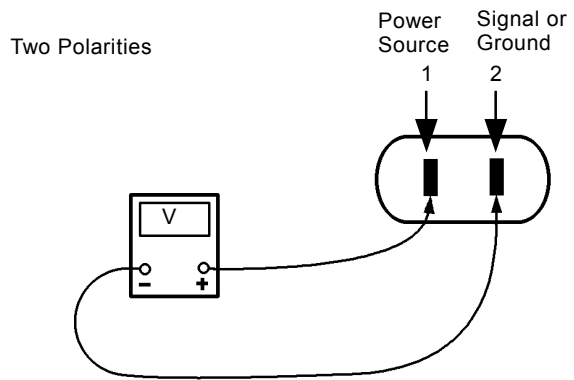
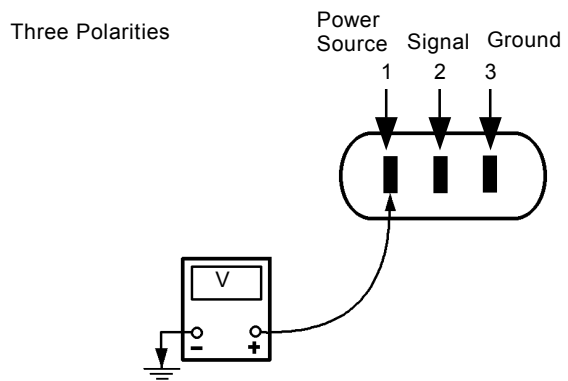
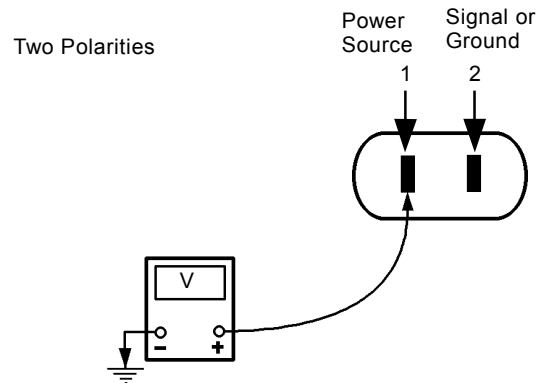
Measure voltage between the terminal of 5V power source on the machine harness end connector and the ground terminal.

- Key switch: ON
- Tester black probe:  
Ground terminal  
(terminal #2 or #3)
- Tester red probe:  
Terminal of 5V power source

Evaluation:

If the measured voltage is within  $5\pm 0.5$  V, the circuits up to the terminal of 5V power source and the ground terminal are normal.

**IMPORTANT:** Although terminal #1 is the terminal of 5V power source, terminal #2 is the signal and #3 is the ground terminal respectively on the illustration, all the connectors are not arranged similarly. Before measurement, check the electrical circuit diagram for the connector to be measured.



## TROUBLESHOOTING / Electrical System Inspection


### CHECK BY FALSE SIGNAL

Turn the key switch OFF and disconnect the sensor connector. Turn the key switch ON. Connect the terminal of power source and the signal terminal on the machine harness end connector. (Power voltage is used as a false signal.)

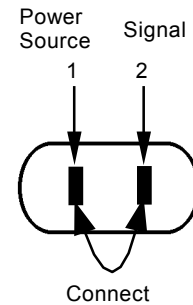
Check this state by using the monitor function of Dr. ZX. If the displayed value is the maximum value, the circuits up to MC and the machine harness end connector are normal. If "ON" is displayed, the pressure switch circuits are normal.

**IMPORTANT:** Although terminal #1 is the terminal of power source, terminal #2 is the signal and #3 is the ground terminal respectively on the illustration, all the connectors are not arranged similarly. Before measurement, check the electrical circuit diagram for the connector to be measured.

**IMPORTANT:** Do not connect the terminal of power source and the signal terminal to the ground terminal or to the vehicle frame (ground) when checking a three-polarity connector.

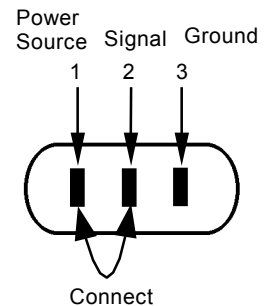
 **NOTE:** Some kinds of sensors can be monitored by using the service mode of monitor. (Refer to the TROUBLESHOOTING / Diagnosing Procedure group.)

#### Two Polarities



#### Three Polarities

T107-07-05-010



T107-07-05-011

## **TROUBLESHOOTING / Electrical System Inspection**

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## SERVICE MANUAL REVISION REQUEST FORM

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NAME OF COMPANY:

MODEL:

YOUR NAME:

PUBLICATION NO.:

(Located at the right top corner in the cover page)

DATE:

PAGE NO.:

(Located at the bottom center in the page. If two or more revisions are requested, use the comment column)

FAX:

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YOUR COMMENTS / SUGGESTIONS:

Attach photo or sketch if required.

If your need more space, please use another sheet.

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REPLY:

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(Copy this form for usage)

## THE ATTACHED DIAGRAM LIST

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(The following diagrams are attached to this manual.)

1. ZW180 ELECTRIC CIRCUIT DIAGRAM 1  
ZW180 ELECTRIC CIRCUIT DIAGRAM 2
  2. ZW180 LIFT ARM PROXIMITY SWITCH HARNESS  
ZW180 LIFT ARM ANGLE SENSOR HARNESS (OPTIONAL)
  3. ZW180 FRONT LIGHT HARNESS  
ZW180 FRONT HARNESS
  4. ZW180 FRONT CONSOLE HARNESS 1
  5. ZW180 FRONT CONSOLE HARNESS 2  
ZW180 LIFT ARM AUTO LEVELER HARNESS (OPTIONAL)
  6. ZW180 SIDE CONSOLE HARNESS 1  
ZW180 SIDE CONSOLE HARNESS 2 (FOR STANDARD TWO LEVER PILOT VALVE)
  7. ZW180 SIDE CONSOLE HARNESS 3 (FOR OPTIONAL JOY STICK LEVER PILOT VALVE)  
ZW180 TRANSMISSION HARNESS
  8. ZW180 REAR CONSOLE HARNESS
  9. ZW180 REAR FRAME HARNESS 1  
ZW180 REAR FRAME HARNESS 2
  10. ZW180 STARTER HARNESS  
ZW180 WATER TEMPERATURE SENSOR HARNESS
  11. ZW180 BACK BUZZER HARNESS
  12. ZW180 HYDRAULIC CIRCUIT DIAGRAM
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